Florida Department of Environmental Protection

TO:

C. H. Fancy

THRU:

Scott Sheplak

THRU:

Bruce Mitchell

FROM

Ed Svec Office

DATE:

June 17, 1999

SUBJECT:

PROPOSED Title V Permit

Attached is the PROPOSED Title V Permit 1030013-001-AV for Florida Power Corporation's Bayboro Facility for your review and approval. Eighteen comments on the DRAFT permit were received from FPC and all were addressed to their satisfaction. Their extension of time to file for hearing expires on July 1, 1998.

I recommend your approval of this PROPOSED permit.

attachments



Department of Environmental Protection

Twin Towers Office Building 2600 Blair Stone Road Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400

David B. Struhs Secretary

PROPOSED Permit Electronic Posting Courtesy Notification

Florida Power Corporation Bayboro Facility Facility ID No.: 1030013 Pinellas County

Initial Title V Air Operation Permit **PROPOSED Permit No.:** 1030013-001-AV

The electronic version of the PROPOSED permit was posted on the Division of Air Resources Management's world wide web site for the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) Region 4 office's review on July 1, 1999.

USEPA's review period ends on the 45th day after the permit posting date. Day 45 is August 15, 1999 If an objection (veto) is received from USEPA, the permitting authority will provide a copy of the objection to the applicant.

Provided an objection is not received from USEPA, the PROPOSED permit will become a FINAL permit by operation of law on the 55th day after the permit posting date. Day 55 is August 25, 1999.

The web site address is http://www2.dep.state.fl.us/air.



Department of Environmental Protection

Jeb Bush Governor Twin Towers Office Building 2600 Blair Stone Road Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400 June 30, 1999

David B. Struhs Secretary

J. Jeffery Pardue Director, Environmental Services Department Florida Power Corporation 3201 34th Street South St. Petersburg, Florida 33711

Re:

PROPOSED Title V Permit No.: 1030013-001-AV

Bayboro Facility

Dear Mr. Pardue:

One copy of the "<u>PROPOSED PERMIT DETERMINATION</u>" for the Bayboro Facility located at 13th Avenue and 2nd Street South, St. Petersburg, Pinellas County, is enclosed. This letter is only a courtesy to inform you that the DRAFT permit has become a PROPOSED permit.

An electronic version of this determination has been posted on the Division of Air Resources Management's world wide web site for the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) Region 4 office's review. The web site address is http://www2.dep.state.fl.us/air.

Pursuant to Section 403.0872(6), Florida Statutes, if no objection to the PROPOSED permit is made by the USEPA within 45 days, the PROPOSED permit will become a FINAL permit no later than 55 days after the date on which the PROPOSED permit was mailed (posted) to USEPA. If USEPA has an objection to the PROPOSED permit, the FINAL permit will not be issued until the permitting authority receives written notice that the objection is resolved or withdrawn.

If you should have any questions, please contact Edward J. Svec at 850/488-1344.

Sincerely,

C. H. Fancy, P.E.

Chief

Bureau of Air Regulation

CHF/s

Enclosures

copy furnished to:

Mr. Kennard Kosky, PE, Golder Associates, Inc.

Mr. Scott Osbourn, FPC

Mr. Peter Hessling, PCDEM

Ms. Gracy Danois, USEPA, Region 4 (INTERNET E-mail Memorandum)

Ms. Carla E. Pierce, USEPA, Region 4 (INTERNET E-mail Memorandum)

PROPOSED PERMIT DETERMINATION

PROPOSED Permit No.: 1030013-001-AV

Page 1 of 14

I. Public Notice.

An "INTENT TO ISSUE TITLE V AIR OPERATION PERMIT" to Florida Power Corporation for the Bayboro Facility located at 13th Avenue and 2nd Street South, St. Petersburg, Pinellas County was clerked on September 8, 1998. The "PUBLIC NOTICE OF INTENT TO ISSUE TITLE V AIR OPERATION PERMIT" was published in the St. Petersburg Times on October 4, 1998. The DRAFT Title V Air Operation Permit was available for public inspection at the Pinellas County Department of Environmental Management, Air Quality Division office in Clearwater and the permitting authority's office in Tallahassee. Proof of publication of the "PUBLIC NOTICE OF INTENT TO ISSUE TITLE V AIR OPERATION PERMIT" was received on October 21, 1998.

II. Public Comment(s).

Comments were received and the DRAFT Title V Operation Permit was changed. The comments were not considered significant enough to reissue the DRAFT Title V Permit and require another Public Notice. Comments were received from one respondent during the 30 (thirty) day public comment period. Listed below is each comment letter in the chronological order of receipt and a response to each comment in the order that the comment was received. The comment(s) will not be restated. Where duplicative comments exist, the original response is referenced.

A. Letter from Mr. Scott Osbourn dated October 20, 1998, and received on October 21, 1998.

General Comments

1.R: The Department acknowledges the comment.

2.R: The effective date of the permit will be determined by any action the EPA may take upon review of the PROPOSED permit. It will either be 55 days after the PROPOSED permit is forwarded to EPA if there are no objections to the permit or the date when all objections are satisfied.

Section I., Facility Information, Subsection A.

3.R: The Department agrees with the comment and will change the facility description, as follows:

From: These facility's emissions units are No. 2 fuel oil fired combustion turbines manufactured by Pratt & Whitney (model number FT4C-1LF) and are designated as Bayboro Peaking Units #1, #2, #3 and #4. Each combustion turbine has two (2) turbine engines with each engine having its own stack. The manufacturers fuel flow and heat input ratings at 30°F for each turbine is 5,609 gallons per hour of No. 2 fuel oil (corresponds to approximately 774 million Btu per hour). The actual heat input rate

Page 2 of 14

of the turbine is a function of the ambient temperature. These combustion turbines are used as peaking units during peak demand times, during emergencies, and during controls testing, to run a nominal 56.7 MW generator (each). Emissions from the combustion turbines are uncontrolled. In addition, the facility may have relocatable diesel generator(s). The generator(s) will have a maximum (combined) heat input of 25.74 MMBtu/hour while being fueled by 186.3 gallons of new No. 2 fuel oil per hour with a maximum (combined) rating of 2460 kilowatts. Emissions from the generator(s) are uncontrolled.

To: These facility's emissions units are No. 2 fuel oil fired combustion turbines manufactured by Pratt & Whitney (model number FT4C-1LF) and are designated as Bayboro Peaking Units #1, #2, #3 and #4. Each combustion turbine has two (2) turbine engines with each engine having its own stack. The manufacturers fuel flow and heat input ratings at 30°F for each turbine is 5,609 gallons per hour of No. 2 fuel oil (corresponds to approximately 774 million Btu per hour). The actual heat input rate of the turbine is a function of the ambient temperature. These combustion turbines are used as peaking units to run a nominal 56.7 MW generator (each). Emissions from the combustion turbines are uncontrolled. In addition, the facility may have relocatable diesel generator(s). The generator(s) will have a maximum (combined) heat input of 25.74 MMBtu/hour while being fueled by 186.3 gallons of new No. 2 fuel oil per hour with a maximum (combined) rating of 2460 kilowatts. Emissions from the generator(s) are uncontrolled.

Section II., Facility-wide Conditions.

4.R: The Department disagrees with the comment. Rule quotes are used for consistency in all Title V permits issued state-wide. The Department will not customize language for an individual permit.

5.R: See response **4.R.**, above.

6.R: The Department agrees with the comment and will delete condition **10.** and renumber the remaining conditions. However, Facility-wide Condition 1 incorporates APPENDIX TV-3, TITLE V CONDITIONS, which contains condition 51., the requirement for annual statements of compliance in accordance with Rule 62-213.440(3), F.A.C.

Delete: 10. Statement of Compliance. The annual statement of compliance pursuant to Rule 62-213.440(3), F.A.C., shall be submitted within 60 (sixty) days after the end of the calendar year. {See condition 52., APPENDIX TV-3, TITLE V CONDITIONS} [Rule 62-214.420(11), F.A.C.]

Page 3 of 14

Section III., Subsection A.

7.R: The Department agrees with the comment and the description of the emissions units will be changed, as follows:

From: These emissions units are No. 2 fuel oil fired combustion turbines manufactured by Pratt & Whitney (model number FT4C-1LF) and are designated as Bayboro Peaking Units #1, #2, #3 and #4. Each combustion turbine has two (2) turbine engines with each engine having its own stack. The manufacturers fuel flow and heat input ratings at 30°F for each turbine is 5,609 gallons per hour of No. 2 fuel oil (corresponds to approximately 774 million Btu per hour). The actual heat input rate of the turbine is a function of the ambient temperature. These combustion turbines are used as peaking units during peak demand times, during emergencies, and during controls testing, to run a nominal 56.7 MW generator (each). Emissions from the combustion turbines are uncontrolled.

To: These emissions units are No. 2 fuel oil fired combustion turbines manufactured by Pratt & Whitney (model number FT4C-1LF) and are designated as Bayboro Peaking Units #1, #2, #3 and #4. Each combustion turbine has two (2) turbine engines with each engine having its own stack. The manufacturers fuel flow and heat input ratings at 30°F for each turbine is 5,609 gallons per hour of No. 2 fuel oil (corresponds to approximately 774 million Btu per hour). The actual heat input rate of the turbine is a function of the ambient temperature. These combustion turbines are used as peaking units to run a nominal 56.7 MW generator (each). Emissions from the combustion turbines are uncontrolled.

8.R: The Department agrees with the comments and the following changes are made:

From: A.1. Permitted Capacity. The maximum capacity for each gas turbine is as follows:

- (a) 5,609 gallons per hour of No. 2 fuel oil (approximately 774.0 million Btu per hour) at 30° F.
- (b) The peak capacity shall be determined from the graph of Fuel Heat Input verses Ambient Temperature shown on "Appendix Bayboro Combustion Turbine", using the daily average temperature.

[Rules 62-4.160(2), 62-210.200(PTE), and 62-297.310(2)(a), F.A.C.]

To: A.1. Permitted Capacity. The maximum capacity for each gas turbine is as follows:

- (a) 774.0 million Btu per hour at 30° F.
- (b) The peak capacity shall be determined from the graph of Fuel Heat Input verses Ambient Temperature shown on "Appendix Bayboro Combustion Turbine".

[Rules 62-4.160(2), and 62-210.200(PTE), F.A.C.]

{Permitting note: The heat input limitations have been placed in each permit to identify the capacity of each unit for the purposes of confirming that emissions testing is conducted within 90 to 100 percent of the unit's rated capacity (or to limit future operation to 110 percent of the test load), to establish appropriate emission limits and to aid in determining future rule applicability. Regular record keeping is not required for heat input. Instead the owner or operator is expected to determine

Page 4 of 14

heat input whenever emission testing is required, to demonstrate at what percentage of the rated capacity that the unit was tested. Rule 62-297.310(5), F.A.C., included in the permit, requires measurement of the process variables for emission tests. Such heat input determination may be based on measurements of fuel consumption by various methods including but not limited to fuel flow metering or tank drop measurements, using the heat value of the fuel determined by the fuel vendor or the owner or operator, to calculate average hourly heat input during the test.}

9.R: The Department disagrees with the comment. PCDEM is responsible for compliance under the State Operating Agreement and as such is the authorizing authority. The condition will remain as noticed.

10.R: The Department agrees with the comment and the following change is made:

From: A.9. Not federally enforceable. The permittee shall demonstrate compliance with the liquid fuel sulfur limit by means of a fuel analysis provided by the vendor upon each fuel delivery. See specific condition A.12. [Rule 62-213.440, F.A.C.]

To: A.9. Not federally enforceable. The permittee shall demonstrate compliance with the liquid fuel sulfur limit by means of a fuel analysis provided by the vendor, or the permittee, upon each fuel delivery. See specific condition **A.13.** [Rule 62-213.440, F.A.C.]

11.R: The Department agrees with the comment and the following change is made:

From: A.10. In order to provide reasonable assurance that the fuel oil supplier's fuel oil analysis is accurate, the permittee shall perform at least one audit sample analysis from a fuel oil delivery during each calendar year period. The fuel oil shall be analyzed for the following:

Btu content
API gravity
Density
Sulfur content, percent by weight

An audit sample analysis is not required in any calendar year for which the fuel supplier certifications were not used to demonstrate compliance with the fuel oil sulfur limitation. See specific condition A.12.

[Rules 62-4.070(3) and 62-213.440, F.A.C.]

Page 5 of 14

To: A.10. Not federally enforceable. In order to provide reasonable assurance that the fuel oil supplier's fuel oil analysis is accurate, the permittee shall perform at least one audit sample analysis from a fuel oil delivery during each calendar year period. The fuel oil shall be analyzed for the following:

Btu content
API gravity
Density
Sulfur content, percent by weight

An audit sample analysis is not required in any calendar year for which the fuel supplier certifications were not used to demonstrate compliance with the fuel oil sulfur limitation. See specific condition A.9.

[Rules 62-4.070(3) and 62-213.440, F.A.C.]

12.R: In recent discussions with representatives of FPC, this comment is withdrawn.

13.R: The Department agrees with the comment and the following change is made:

From: A.16. <u>Frequency of Compliance Tests</u>. The following provisions apply only to those emissions units that are subject to an emissions limiting standard for which compliance testing is required.

- (a) General Compliance Testing.
 - 3. The owner or operator of an emissions unit that is subject to any emission limiting standard shall conduct a compliance test that demonstrates compliance with the applicable emission limiting standard prior to obtaining a renewed operation permit. Emissions units that are required to conduct an annual compliance test may submit the most recent annual compliance test to satisfy the requirements of this provision. In renewing an air operation permit pursuant to Rule 62-210.300(2)(a)3.b., c., or d., F.A.C., the Department shall not require submission of emission compliance test results for any emissions unit that, during the year prior to renewal:
 - a. Did not operate; or
 - b. In the case of a fuel burning emissions unit, burned liquid fuel for a total of no more than 400 hours.
 - 4. During each federal fiscal year (October 1 September 30), unless otherwise specified by rule, order, or permit, the owner or operator of each emissions unit shall have a formal compliance test conducted for:
 - a. Visible emissions, if there is an applicable standard;
 - b. Each of the following pollutants, if there is an applicable standard, and if the emissions unit emits or has the potential to emit: 5 tons per year or more of lead or lead compounds measured as elemental lead; 30 tons per year or more of acrylonitrile; or 100 tons per year or more of any other regulated air pollutant; and

Page 6 of 14

c. Each NESHAP pollutant, if there is an applicable emission standard.

- 5. An annual compliance test for particulate matter emissions shall not be required for any fuel burning emissions unit that, in a federal fiscal year, does not burn liquid fuel, other than during startup, for a total of more than 400 hours.
- 9. The owner or operator shall notify the PCDEM in writing, at least 15 days prior to the date on which each formal compliance test is to begin, of the date, time, and place of each such test, and the test contact person who will be responsible for coordinating and

To: A.16. <u>Frequency of Compliance Tests</u>. The following provisions apply only to those emissions units that are subject to an emissions limiting standard for which compliance testing is required.

- (a) General Compliance Testing.
 - 3. The owner or operator of an emissions unit that is subject to any emission limiting standard shall conduct a compliance test that demonstrates compliance with the applicable emission limiting standard prior to obtaining a renewed operation permit. Emissions units that are required to conduct an annual compliance test may submit the most recent annual compliance test to satisfy the requirements of this provision. In renewing an air operation permit pursuant to Rule 62-210.300(2)(a)3.b., c., or d., F.A.C., the Department shall not require submission of emission compliance test results for any emissions unit that, during the year prior to renewal:
 - a. Did not operate; or
 - b. In the case of a fuel burning emissions unit, burned liquid fuel for a total of no more than 400 hours.
 - 4. During each federal fiscal year (October 1 September 30), unless otherwise specified by rule, order, or permit, the owner or operator of each emissions unit shall have a formal compliance test conducted for:
 - a. Visible emissions, if there is an applicable standard;
 - 9. The owner or operator shall notify the PCDEM in writing, at least 15 days prior to the date on which each formal compliance test is to begin, of the date, time, and place of each such test, and the test contact person who will be responsible for coordinating and
- 14.R: Condition A.18. refers to condition A.17. The following change is made:

From: A.17. <u>Visible Emissions Testing - Annual</u>. By this permit, annual emissions compliance testing for visible emissions is not required for these emissions units while burning:

a. only liquid fuels for less than 400 hours per year.

[Rules 62-297.310(7)(a)4. & 8., F.A.C.]

To: A.17. <u>Visible Emissions Testing - Annual</u>. By this permit, annual emissions compliance testing for visible emissions is not required for these emissions units while burning:

a. only liquid fuels for less than 400 hours per year.

See specific condition A.18.

[Rules 62-297.310(7)(a)4. & 8., F.A.C.]

Page 7 of 14

15.R: The Department disagrees with the comment. However, after reviewing the condition, the Department feels that the condition should be identified as "Not federally enforceable." and will be changed as follows:

From: A.22. Operating Reports. Submit to the Southwest District office, Air Compliance Section of the Department of Environmental Protection, and the PCDEM, Air Quality Division, each calendar year, on or before March 1, completed DEP Form 62-210.900(5), "Annual Operating Report for Air Pollutant Emitting Facility", including the Emissions Report, for the preceding calendar year.

The annual operating report shall be based on the following:

To: A.22. Not federally enforceable. Operating Reports. Submit to the Southwest District office, Air Compliance Section of the Department of Environmental Protection, and the PCDEM, Air Quality Division, each calendar year, on or before March 1, completed DEP Form 62-210.900(5), "Annual Operating Report for Air Pollutant Emitting Facility", including the Emissions Report, for the preceding calendar year.

The annual operating report shall be based on the following:

Section III., Subsection B.

16.R: The Department will address this comment in response 17.R:, below.

17.R: The Department agrees with the comment and for consistency with other FPC permits, the original Section III. Subsection B. is deleted and replaced with the following:

New Section III, Subsection B:

Section III. Emissions Unit(s) and Conditions.

Subsection B. This section addresses the following emissions unit(s).

Facility	E. U.	Brief Description
ID No.	\mathbf{m}	
	No.	
7775047	-001	Relocatable diesel generator(s) will have a maximum (combined) heat input of 25.74 MMBtu/hour while being fueled by 186.3 gallons of new No. 2 fuel oil per hour with a maximum (combined) rating of 2460 kilowatts. Emissions from the generator(s) are uncontrolled.

The generators may be relocated to any of the following facilities:

Page 8 of 14

- 1. Crystal River Plant, Powerline Road, Red Level, Citrus County.
- 2. Bartow Plant, Weedon Island, St. Petersburg, Pinellas County.
- 3. Higgins Plant, Shore Drive, Oldsmar, Pinellas County.
- 4. Bayboro Plant, 13th Ave. & 2nd St. South, St. Petersburg, Pinellas County.
- 5. Wildwood Reclamation Facility, State Road 462, 1 mi. east of U.S. 301, Wildwood, Sumter County.
- 6. Hines Energy Complex, County Road 555, 1 mi. southwest of Homeland, Polk County.
- 7. Anclote Power Plant, 1729 Baileys Road, Holiday, Pasco County

{Permitting notes: These emissions units are regulated under Rule 62-210.300, F.A.C., Permits Required. Each generator has its own stack. This section of the permit is only applicable when the generator(s) is(are) located at the Bayboro Facility.}

The following specific conditions apply to the emissions units listed above regardless of location:

Essential Potential to Emit (PTE) Parameters

B.1. Permitted Capacity. The maximum (combined) heat input rate shall not exceed 25.74 million Btu per hour.

[Rules 62-4.160(2) and 62-210.200(PTE), F.A.C.]

- **B.2.** Emissions Unit Operating Rate Limitation After Testing. See specific condition **B.12**. [Rule 62-297.310(2), F.A.C.]
- **B.3.** Methods of Operation Fuels. Only new No. 2 fuel oil with a maximum sulfur content of 0.5% by weight shall be fired in the diesel generator(s). [Rule 62-213.410, F.A.C. and, AC 09-202080.]
- **B.4.** Hours of Operation. The hours of operation expressed as "engine-hours" shall not exceed 2970 hours in any consecutive 12 month period. The total hours of operation expressed as "engine-hours" shall be the summation of the individual hours of operation of each generator. [Rules 62-4.160(2) and 62-210.200(PTE), F.A.C.; and, AC 09-202080.]

Emission Limitations and Standards

{Permitting Note: The attached Table 1-1, Summary of Air Pollutant Standards and Terms, summarizes information for convenience purposes only. This table does not supersede any of the terms or conditions of this permit.}

Page 9 of 14

B.5. <u>Visible Emissions</u>. Visible emissions from each generator shall not be equal to or greater than 20 percent opacity.

[Rule 62-296.320(4)(b)1., F.A.C.; and, AC 09-202080.]

Excess Emissions

- **B.6.** Excess emissions from these emissions units resulting from startup, shutdown or malfunction shall be permitted provided that best operational practices to minimize emissions are adhered to and the duration of excess emissions shall be minimized but in no case exceed two hours in any 24 hour period unless specifically authorized by the Department for longer duration. [Rule 62-210.700(1), F.A.C.]
- **B.7.** Excess emissions which are caused entirely or in part by poor maintenance, poor operation, or any other equipment or process failure which may reasonably be prevented during startup, shutdown or malfunction shall be prohibited. [Rule 62-210.700(4), F.A.C.]

Monitoring of Operations

B.8. Fuel Sulfur Analysis. The permittee shall demonstrate compliance with the liquid fuel sulfur limit by means of a fuel analysis provided by the vendor or permittee upon each fuel delivery. See specific condition **B.3.** and **B.11.** [Rule 62-213.440, F.A.C.]

B.9. Determination of Process Variables.

- (a) Required Equipment. The owner or operator of an emissions unit for which compliance tests are required shall install, operate, and maintain equipment or instruments necessary to determine process variables, such as process weight input or heat input, when such data are needed in conjunction with emissions data to determine the compliance of the emissions unit with applicable emission limiting standards.
- (b) Accuracy of Equipment. Equipment or instruments used to directly or indirectly determine process variables, including devices such as belt scales, weight hoppers, flow meters, and tank scales, shall be calibrated and adjusted to indicate the true value of the parameter being measured with sufficient accuracy to allow the applicable process variable to be determined within 10% of its true value.

[Rule 62-297.310(5), F.A.C.]

Page 10 of 14

Test Methods and Procedures

{Permitting Note: The attached Table 2-1, Summary of Compliance Requirements, summarizes information for convenience purposes only. This table does not supersede any of the terms or conditions of this permit.}

B.10. The test method for visible emissions shall be EPA Method 9, incorporated and adopted by reference in Chapter 62-297, F.A.C.

[Rules 62-296.320(4)(b)4.a. and 62-297.401, F.A.C.]

B.11. The fuel sulfur content, percent by weight, for liquid fuels shall be evaluated using either ASTM D2622-94, ASTM D4294-90, both ASTM D4057-88 and ASTM D129-95, or the latest edition(s).

[Rules 62-213.440 and 62-297.440, F.A.C.]

B.12. Operating Rate During Testing. Testing of emissions shall be conducted with the generator(s) operating at 90 to 100 percent of the maximum fuel firing rate for each generator. If it is impracticable to test at permitted capacity, an emissions unit may be tested at less than the minimum permitted capacity (i.e., at less than 90 percent of the maximum operation rate allowed by the permit); in this case, subsequent emissions unit operations may be limited to 110 percent of the test load until a new test is conducted, provided however, operations do not exceed 100 percent of the maximum operation rate allowed by the permit. Once the emissions unit is so limited, operation at higher capacities is allowed for no more than 15 consecutive days for the purpose of additional compliance testing to regain the authority to operate at the permitted capacity. Failure to submit the actual operating rate may invalidate the test.

[Rules 62-297.310(2), F.A.C.; and, AC 09-202080.]

B.13. Applicable Test Procedures.

(a) Required Sampling Time.

- 2. Opacity Compliance Tests. When either EPA Method 9 or DEP Method 9 is specified as the applicable opacity test method, the required minimum period of observation for a compliance test shall be sixty (60) minutes for emissions units which emit or have the potential to emit 100 tons per year or more of particulate matter, and thirty (30) minutes for emissions units which have potential emissions less than 100 tons per year of particulate matter and are not subject to a multiple-valued opacity standard. The opacity test observation period shall include the period during which the highest opacity emissions can reasonably be expected to occur. Exceptions to these requirements are as follows:
 - c. The minimum observation period for opacity tests conducted by employees or agents of the Department to verify the day-to-day continuing compliance of a unit or activity with an applicable opacity standard shall be twelve minutes.

[Rule 62-297.310(4)(a)2.c., F.A.C.]

Page 11 of 14

- **B.14.** Frequency of Compliance Tests. The following provisions apply only to those emissions units that are subject to an emissions limiting standard for which compliance testing is required.
- (a) General Compliance Testing.
- 3. The owner or operator of an emissions unit that is subject to any emission limiting standard shall conduct a compliance test that demonstrates compliance with the applicable emission limiting standard prior to obtaining a renewed operation permit. Emissions units that are required to conduct an annual compliance test may submit the most recent annual compliance test to satisfy the requirements of this provision. In renewing an air operation permit pursuant to Rule 62-210.300(2)(a)3.b., c., or d., F.A.C., the Department shall not require submission of emission compliance test results for any emissions unit that, during the year prior to renewal:
 - a. Did not operate; or
- b. In the case of a fuel burning emissions unit, burned liquid fuel for a total of no more than 400 hours.
- 4. During each federal fiscal year (October 1 September 30), unless otherwise specified by rule, order, or permit, the owner or operator of each emissions unit shall have a formal compliance test conducted for:
 - a. Visible emissions, if there is an applicable standard;
- 8. Any combustion turbine that does not operate for more than 400 hours per year shall conduct a visible emissions compliance test once per each five-year period, coinciding with the term of its air operation permit.
- 9. The owner or operator shall notify the Department, at least 15 days prior to the date on which each formal compliance test is to begin, of the date, time, and place of each such test, and the test contact person who will be responsible for coordinating and having such test conducted for the owner or operator. For each generator located in Pinellas County, FPC shall provide the same notification to the Air Quality Division of the Pinellas County Department of Environmental Management.
- (b) <u>Special Compliance Tests</u>. When the Department, after investigation, has good reason (such as complaints, increased visible emissions or questionable maintenance of control equipment) to believe that any applicable emission standard contained in a Department rule or in a permit issued pursuant to those rules is being violated, it may require the owner or operator of the emissions unit to conduct compliance tests which identify the nature and quantity of pollutant emissions from the emissions unit and to provide a report on the results of said tests to the Department.
- (c) Waiver of Compliance Test Requirements. If the owner or operator of an emissions unit that is subject to a compliance test requirement demonstrates to the Department, pursuant to the procedure established in Rule 62-297.620, F.A.C., that the compliance of the emissions unit with an applicable weight emission limiting standard can be adequately determined by means other than the designated test procedure, such as specifying a surrogate standard of no visible emissions for particulate matter sources equipped with a bag house or specifying a fuel analysis for sulfur dioxide emissions, the Department shall waive the compliance test requirements for such emissions units and order that the alternate means of determining compliance be used, provided, however, the provisions of Rule 62-297.310(7)(b), F.A.C., shall apply.

[Rule 62-297.310(7), F.A.C.; SIP approved; and, AO 09-205952.]

Page 12 of 14

B.15. <u>Visible Emissions Testing - Annual</u>. By this permit, annual emissions compliance testing for visible emissions is not required for these emissions units while burning liquid fuels for less than 400 hours per year.

[Rules 62-297.310(7)(a)4. & 8., F.A.C.]

B.16. After each relocation, each generator shall be tested within 30 days of startup for opacity and the fuel shall be analyzed for the sulfur content. See specific conditions **B.3.**, **B.5.**, and **B.8.** [Rules 62-4.070(3) and 62-297.310(7)(b),F.A.C.; and, AO 09-205952.]

Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements

B.17. Malfunction Reporting. In the case of excess emissions resulting from malfunctions, the owner or operator shall notify PCDEM, if a generator is located in Pinellas County, in accordance with Rule 62-4.130, F.A.C. A full written report on the malfunctions shall be submitted in a quarterly report, if requested by the PCDEM. [Rule 62-210.700(6), F.A.C.]

B.18. Test Reports.

- (a) Each generator shall be tested on an annual basis within 30 days of the date October 25.
- (b) The owner or operator of an emissions unit for which a compliance test is required shall file a report with the Department on the results of each such test.
- (c) The required test report shall be filed with the Southwest District Office and the Air Quality Division of the Pinellas County Department of Environmental Management, if a generator is located in Pinellas County, as soon as practical but no later than 45 days after the last sampling run of each test is completed.
- (d) The test reports for a unit that has been relocated shall be submitted to the Southwest District Office and the Air Quality Division of the Pinellas County Department of Environmental Management, if a generator is located in Pinellas County, within 45 days of testing. [Rule 62-297.310(8), F.A.C.; and, AO 09-25952.]
- **B.19.** To demonstrate compliance with specific condition **B.4.**, records shall indicate the daily hours of operation for each of the generators, the daily hours of operation expressed as "engine-hours" and the cumulative total hours of operation expressed as "engine-hours" for each month. The records shall be maintained for a minimum of 5 years and made available to the Southwest District Office and the Air Quality Division of the Pinellas County Department of Environmental Management upon request.

[Rules 62-213.440 and 62-297.310(8), F.A.C.; and, AO 09-205952.]

B.20. To demonstrate compliance with specific condition **B.3.**, records of the sulfur content, in percent by weight, of all the fuel burned shall be kept based on either vendor provided as-delivered or as-received fuel sample analysis. The records shall be maintained for a minimum of 5 years and made available to the Southwest District Office and the Air Quality Division of the Pinellas County Department of Environmental Management upon request.

[Rule 62-297.310(8), F.A.C.; and, AC 09-202080.]

Page 13 of 14

Source Obligation

B.21. Specific conditions in construction permit AC 09-202080, limiting the "engine hours", were accepted by the applicant to escape Prevention of Significant Deterioration review. If Florida Power Corporation requests a relaxation of any of the federally enforceable emission limits in this permit, the relaxation of limits may be subject to the preconstruction review requirements of Rule 62-212.400(5), F.A.C., as though construction had not yet begun. [Rule 62-212.400(2)(g), F.A.C.; and, AC 09-202080.]

- **B.22.** Florida Power Corporation shall notify the Department's Southwest District Office, in writing, at least 15 days prior to the date on which any diesel generator is to be relocated. The notification shall specify the following;
 - a. which generator, by serial number, is being relocated,
 - b. which location the generator is being relocated from and which location it is being relocated to, and
 - c. the approximate startup date at the new location.

If a diesel generator is to be relocated within Pinellas County, then Florida Power Corporation shall provide the same notification to the Air Quality Division of the Pinellas County Department of Environmental Management.

[Rule 62-4.070(3), F.A.C.; and, AC 09-202080]

Appendix I-1, List of Insignificant Emissions Units and/or Activities.

18.R: The Department agrees with the request and will make the following change to the above referenced appendix:

From: 11. Six underground waste oil tanks - 168 gallons/each

To: 11. Eight underground waste oil tanks - 168 gallons/each

Page 14 of 14

The enclosed PROPOSED Title V Air Operation Permit includes the aforementioned changes to the DRAFT Title V Air Operation Permit.

B. Document(s) on file with the permitting authority:

-Letter received October 21, 1998, from Mr. Scott Osbourn.

III. Conclusion.

The permitting authority hereby issues the PROPOSED Permit No.: 1030013-001-AV, with any changes noted above.

Because of the number of changes to the DRAFT, a copy of the PROPOSED permit has been printed for the applicant.

Florida Power Corporation Bayboro Facility Facility ID No.: 1030013 Pinellas County

Initial Title V Air Operation Permit **PROPOSED Permit No.:** 1030013-001-AV

Permitting Authority:

State of Florida
Department of Environmental Protection
Division of Air Resources Management
Bureau of Air Regulation
Title V Section

Mail Station #5505 2600 Blair Stone Road Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400

Telephone: 850/488-1344 Fax: 850/922-6979

Compliance Authority:

Pinellas County Department of Environmental Management
Air Quality Division
300 South Garden Avenue
Clearwater, Florida 34616
Telephone: 813/464-4422

Fax: 813/464-4420

Initial Title V Air Operation Permit **PROPOSED Permit No.:** 1030013-001-AV

Table of Contents

<u>Section</u>	Page Number
Placard Page	1
I. Facility Information	2 - 3
II. Facility-wide Conditions	4 - 5
III. Emissions Unit(s) and Conditions A001 Bayboro Peaking Unit #1 -002 Bayboro Peaking Unit #2 -003 Bayboro Peaking Unit #3 -004 Bayboro Peaking Unit #4	6 - 12
B. Relocatable Diesel Generators	13 - 19



Department of Environmental Protection

Jeb Bush Governor Twin Towers Office Building 2600 Blair Stone Road Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400

David B. Struhs Secretary

Permittee:

Florida Power Corporation 3201 34th Street South St. Petersburg, Florida 33711

PROPOSED Permit No.: 1030013-001-AV

Facility ID No.: 1030013

SIC Nos.: 49, 4911

Project: Initial Title V Air Operation Permit

This permit is for the operation of the Bayboro Facility. This facility is located at 13th Avenue and 2nd Street South, St. Petersburg, Pinellas County; UTM Coordinates: Zone 17, 338.8 km East and 3071.3 km North; Latitude: 27° 45' 28" North and Longitude: 82° 38' 13" West.

STATEMENT OF BASIS: This Title V air operation permit is issued under the provisions of Chapter 403, Florida Statutes (F.S.), and Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.) Chapters 62-4, 62-210, and 62-213. The above named permittee is hereby authorized to perform the work or operate the facility shown on the application and approved drawing(s), plans, and other documents, attached hereto or on file with the permitting authority, in accordance with the terms and conditions of this permit.

Referenced attachments made a part of this permit:

Appendix U-1, List of Unregulated Emissions Units and/or Activities Appendix I-1, List of Insignificant Emissions Units and/or Activities APPENDIX TV-3, TITLE V CONDITIONS (version dated 04/30/99) Appendix- Bayboro Combustion Turbine Fuel Heat Input vs. Temperature

> Effective Date: Renewal Application Due Date: Expiration Date:

Howard L. Rhodes, Director Division of Air Resources Management

HLR/sms/eis

PROPOSED Permit No.: 1030013-001-AV

Section I. Facility Information.

Subsection A. Facility Description.

These facility's emissions units are No. 2 fuel oil fired combustion turbines manufactured by Pratt & Whitney (model number FT4C-1LF) and are designated as Bayboro Peaking Units #1, #2, #3 and #4. Each combustion turbine has two (2) turbine engines with each engine having its own stack. The manufacturers fuel flow and heat input ratings at 30°F for each turbine is 5,609 gallons per hour of No. 2 fuel oil (corresponds to approximately 774 million Btu per hour). The actual heat input rate of the turbine is a function of the ambient temperature. These combustion turbines are used as peaking units to run a nominal 56.7 MW generator (each). Emissions from the combustion turbines are uncontrolled. In addition, the facility may have relocatable diesel generator(s). The generator(s) will have a maximum (combined) heat input of 25.74 MMBtu/hour while being fueled by 186.3 gallons of new No. 2 fuel oil per hour with a maximum (combined) rating of 2460 kilowatts. Emissions from the generator(s) are uncontrolled.

Also included in this permit are miscellaneous unregulated/insignificant emissions units and/or activities.

Based on the initial Title V permit application received June 14, 1996, this facility is not a major source of hazardous air pollutants (HAPs).

Subsection B. Summary of Emissions Unit ID No(s). and Brief Description(s).

Facility ID No.	E. U. ID No.	Brief Description
1030013	-001 -002	Bayboro Peaking Unit #1 Gas Turbine Bayboro Peaking Unit #2 Gas Turbine
	-003 -004	Bayboro Peaking Unit #3 Gas Turbine Bayboro Peaking Unit #4 Gas Turbine
7775047	-001	Relocatable diesel generator(s) will have a maximum (combined) heat input of 25.74 MMBtu/hour while being fueled by 186.3 gallons of new No. 2 fuel oil per hour with a maximum (combined) rating of 2460 kilowatts. Emissions from the generator(s) are uncontrolled.

PROPOSED Permit No.: 1030013-001-AV

Unregulated Emissions Units and/or Activities

-XXX	Internal floating roof fuel oil tank - 1,088,304 gallons
-xxx	Internal floating roof fuel oil tank - 786,232 gallons
-XXX	Waste oil tank - 12,000 gallons
-xxx	Lube oil storage tank - 500 gallons
-xxx	Fuel filter building vents
-xxx	Overboard tanks for the peaking unit turbines
-xxx	Lube oil vents with demisters for the peaking unit turbines

Please reference the Permit No., Facility ID No., and appropriate Emissions Unit(s) ID No(s). on all correspondence, test report submittals, applications, etc.

Subsection C. Relevant Documents.

The documents listed below are not a part of this permit; however, they are specifically related to this permitting action.

These documents are provided to the permittee for information purposes only:

Table 1-1, Summary of Air Pollutant Standards and Terms

Table 2-1, Summary of Compliance Requirements

Appendix A-1, Abbreviations, Acronyms, Citations, and Identification Numbers

Appendix H-1, Permit History/ID Number Changes

These documents are on file with the permitting authority:

Initial Title V Permit Application received June 14, 1996

Letter received October 21, 1998, from Mr. Scott Osbourn.

PROPOSED Permit No.: 1030013-001-AV

Section II. Facility-wide Conditions.

The following conditions apply facility-wide:

- 1. APPENDIX TV-3, TITLE V CONDITIONS, is a part of this permit. {Permitting note: APPENDIX TV-3, TITLE V CONDITIONS, is distributed to the permittee only. Other persons requesting copies of these conditions shall be provided a copy when requested or otherwise appropriate.}
- **2.** Not federally enforceable. General Pollutant Emission Limiting Standards. Objectionable Odor Prohibited. No person shall cause, suffer, allow, or permit the discharge of air pollutants which cause or contribute to an objectionable odor.

[Rule 62-296.320(2), F.A.C.; and, Pinellas County Ordinance 97-05, Section 33, Sec. 58-178]

- 3. General Particulate Emission Limiting Standards. General Visible Emissions Standard. Except for emissions units that are subject to a particulate matter or opacity limit set forth or established by rule and reflected by conditions in this permit, no person shall cause, let, permit, suffer or allow to be discharged into the atmosphere the emissions of air pollutants from any activity, the density of which is equal to or greater than that designated as Number 1 on the Ringelmann Chart (20 percent opacity). EPA Method 9 is the method of compliance pursuant to Chapter 62-297, F.A.C. [Rules 62-296.320(4)(b)1. & 4., F.A.C.]
- 4. <u>Prevention of Accidental Releases (Section 112(r) of CAA)</u>. If required by 40 CFR 68, the permittee shall submit to the implementing agency:
 - a. a risk management plan (RMP) when, and if, such requirement becomes applicable; and
- b. certification forms and/or RMPs according to the promulgated rule schedule. [40 CFR 68]
- **5.** <u>Unregulated Emissions Units and/or Activities.</u> Appendix U-1, List of Unregulated Emissions Units and/or Activities, is a part of this permit. [Rule 62-213.440(1), F.A.C.]
- 6. <u>Insignificant Emissions Units and/or Activities.</u> Appendix I-1, List of Insignificant Emissions Units and/or Activities, is a part of this permit. [Rules 62-213.440(1), 62-213.430(6) and 62-4.040(1)(b), F.A.C.]

PROPOSED Permit No.: 1030013-001-AV

7. General Pollutant Emission Limiting Standards. Volatile Organic Compounds Emissions or Organic Solvents Emissions. The permittee shall allow no person to store, pump, handle, process, load, unload or use in any process or installation, volatile organic compounds or organic solvents without applying known and existing vapor emission control devices or systems deemed necessary and ordered by the Department.

[Rule 62-296.320(1)(a), F.A.C]

{Permitting note: There are no requirements deemed necessary and ordered by the Department, at this time.}

8. Not federally enforceable. Reasonable precautions to prevent emissions of unconfined particulate matter at this facility include: maintenance of paved areas as needed, regular grass mowing and care of vegetation, and limiting access to plant property by unnecessary vehicles. [Rule 62-296.320(4)(c)2., F.A.C.; and, proposed by applicant in the initial Title V permit application received June 14, 1996.]

{Note: This condition implements the requirements of Rules 62-296.320(4)(c)1., 3., & 4. F.A.C. (condition 58. of APPENDIX TV-3, TITLE V CONDITIONS.)"

- 9. When appropriate, any recording, monitoring, or reporting requirements that are time-specific shall be in accordance with the effective date of the permit, which defines day one. [Rule 62-213.440, F.A.C.]
- 10. The permittee shall submit all compliance related notifications and reports required of this permit to the Pinellas County Department of Environmental Management (PCDEM) office:

 Pinellas County Department of Environmental Management

Air Quality Division 300 South Garden Avenue Clearwater, Florida 34616 Telephone: 813/464-4422

Fax: 813/464-4420

11. Any reports, data, notifications, certifications, and requests required to be sent to the United States Environmental Protection Agency, Region 4, should be sent to:

United States Environmental Protection Agency
Region 4
Air, Pesticides & Toxics Management Division
Operating Permits Section
61 Forsyth Street
Atlanta, Georgia 30303
Telephone: 404/562-9099

Fax: 404/562-9095

PROPOSED Permit No.: 1030013-001-AV

Section III. Emissions Unit(s) and Conditions.

Subsection A. This section addresses the following emissions unit(s).

<u>E.U.</u>	
ID No.	Brief Description
-001	Bayboro Peaking Unit #1
-002	Bayboro Peaking Unit #2
-003	Bayboro Peaking Unit #3
-004	Bayboro Peaking Unit #4

These emissions units are No. 2 fuel oil fired combustion turbines manufactured by Pratt & Whitney (model number FT4C-1LF) and are designated as Bayboro Peaking Units #1, #2, #3 and #4. Each combustion turbine has two (2) turbine engines with each engine having its own stack. The manufacturers fuel flow and heat input ratings at 30°F for each turbine is 5,609 gallons per hour of No. 2 fuel oil (corresponds to approximately 774 million Btu per hour). The actual heat input rate of the turbine is a function of the ambient temperature. These combustion turbines are used as peaking units to run a nominal 56.7 MW generator (each). Emissions from the combustion turbines are uncontrolled.

{Permitting notes: These emissions units are regulated under Rule 62-210.300, F.A.C., Permits Required. These emissions units are not subject to 40 CFR 60, Subpart GG, Standards of Performance for New Stationary Gas Turbines. Each combustion turbine engine has its own stack. Each combustion turbine began commercial operation in 1973.}

The following specific conditions apply to the emissions units listed above:

Essential Potential to Emit (PTE) Parameters

- A.1. Permitted Capacity. The maximum capacity for each gas turbine is as follows:
- (a) 774.0 million Btu per hour at 30° F.
- (b) The peak capacity shall be determined from the graph of Fuel Heat Input verses Ambient Temperature shown on "Appendix Bayboro Combustion Turbine". [Rules 62-4.160(2), and 62-210.200(PTE), F.A.C.]

{Permitting note: The heat input limitations have been placed in each permit to identify the capacity of each unit for the purposes of confirming that emissions testing is conducted within 90 to 100 percent of the unit's rated capacity (or to limit future operation to 110 percent of the test load), to establish appropriate emission limits and to aid in determining future rule applicability. Regular record keeping is not required for heat input. Instead the owner or operator is expected to determine heat input whenever

PROPOSED Permit No.: 1030013-001-AV

emission testing is required, to demonstrate at what percentage of the rated capacity that the unit was tested. Rule 62-297.310(5), F.A.C., included in the permit, requires measurement of the process variables for emission tests. Such heat input determination may be based on measurements of fuel consumption by various methods including but not limited to fuel flow metering or tank drop measurements, using the heat value of the fuel determined by the fuel vendor or the owner or operator, to calculate average hourly heat input during the test.}

- **A.2.** Emissions Unit Operating Rate Limitation After Testing. See specific condition **A.14.** [Rule 62-297.310(2), F.A.C.]
- **A.3.** Methods of Operation Fuels. Only new No. 2 fuel oil shall be fired in the combustion turbines. New No. 2 fuel oil is defined as fuel oil that has been refined from crude oil and has not been used and which may or may not contain additives.

[Rule 62-213.410(1), F.A.C.; and, AO 52-253207A, AO 52-253209A, AO 52-253211A, and AO 52-253213A]

A.4. Hours of Operation. These emissions units may operate continuously, i.e., 8,760 hours/year [Rules 62-4.160(2) and 62-210.200(PTE), F.A.C.; and, AO 52-253207A, AO 52-253209A, AO 52-253211A, and AO 52-253213A]

Emission Limitations and Standards

{Permitting Note: The attached Table 1-1, Summary of Air Pollutant Standards and Terms, summarizes information for convenience purposes only. This table does not supersede any of the terms or conditions of this permit.}

A.5. <u>Visible Emissions</u>. Visible emissions from each turbine shall not be equal to or greater than 20 percent opacity.

[Rule 62-296.320(4)(b)1., F.A.C.; and, AO 52-253207A, AO 52-253209A, AO 52-253211A, and AO 52-253213A]

A.6. Not federally enforceable. Sulfur Dioxide - Sulfur Content. The sulfur content of the No. 2 fuel oil shall not exceed 0.5 percent, by weight.

[AO 52-253207A, AO 52-253209A, AO 52-253211A, and AO 52-253213A]

Excess Emissions

A.7. Excess emissions from these emissions units resulting from startup, shutdown or malfunction shall be permitted provided that best operational practices to minimize emissions are adhered to and the duration of excess emissions shall be minimized but in no case exceed two hours in any 24 hour period unless specifically authorized by PCDEM for longer duration.

[Rule 62-210.700(1), F.A.C.]

A.8. Excess emissions which are caused entirely or in part by poor maintenance, poor operation, or any other equipment or process failure which may reasonably be prevented during startup, shutdown or malfunction shall be prohibited.

PROPOSED Permit No.: 1030013-001-AV

[Rule 62-210.700(4), F.A.C.]

Monitoring of Operations

A.9. Not federally enforceable. The permittee shall demonstrate compliance with the liquid fuel sulfur limit by means of a fuel analysis provided by the vendor, or the permittee, upon each fuel delivery. See specific condition **A.13**.

[Rule 62-213.440, F.A.C.]

A.10. Not federally enforceable. In order to provide reasonable assurance that the fuel oil supplier's fuel oil analysis is accurate, the permittee shall perform at least one audit sample analysis from a fuel oil delivery during each calendar year period. The fuel oil shall be analyzed for the following:

Btu content API gravity Density Sulfur content, percent by weight

An audit sample analysis is not required in any calendar year for which the permittee provided fuel analysis to demonstrate compliance with the fuel oil sulfur limitation. See specific condition **A.9**. [Rules 62-4.070(3) and 62-213.440, F.A.C.]

A.11. Determination of Process Variables.

- (a) Required Equipment. The owner or operator of an emissions unit for which compliance tests are required shall install, operate, and maintain equipment or instruments necessary to determine process variables, such as process weight input or heat input, when such data are needed in conjunction with emissions data to determine the compliance of the emissions unit with applicable emission limiting standards.
- (b) Accuracy of Equipment. Equipment or instruments used to directly or indirectly determine process variables, including devices such as belt scales, weight hoppers, flow meters, and tank scales, shall be calibrated and adjusted to indicate the true value of the parameter being measured with sufficient accuracy to allow the applicable process variable to be determined within 10% of its true value. [Rule 62-297.310(5), F.A.C.]

Test Methods and Procedures

{Permitting Note: The attached Table 2-1, Summary of Compliance Requirements, summarizes information for convenience purposes only. This table does not supersede any of the terms or conditions of this permit.}

PROPOSED Permit No.: 1030013-001-AV

- **A.12.** The test method for visible emissions shall be EPA Method 9, adopted and incorporated by reference in Rule 62-204.800, F.A.C., and referenced in Chapter 62-297, F.A.C. [Rules 62-204.800, 62-296.320(4)(b)4.a. and 62-297.401, F.A.C.]
- A.13. The fuel sulfur content, percent by weight, for liquid fuels shall be evaluated using either ASTM D2622-92, ASTM D4294-90, both ASTM D4057-88 and ASTM D129-91, or latest edition. [Rules 62-213.440 and 62-297.440, F.A.C.]
- A.14. Operating Rate During Testing. Testing of emissions shall be conducted with the emissions unit operating at permitted capacity. Permitted capacity is defined as 90 to 100 percent of the peak heat input rate based on the average ambient temperature during the test. The peak heat input rate is defined by a graph of Fuel Heat Input verses Ambient Temperature for each gas turbine. If it is impracticable to test at permitted capacity, an emissions unit may be tested at less than the minimum permitted capacity (i.e., at less than 90 percent of the maximum operation rate allowed by the permit); in this case, subsequent emissions unit operation is limited to 110 percent of the test load until a new test is conducted. Once the emissions unit is so limited, operation at higher capacities is allowed for no more than 15 consecutive days for the purpose of additional compliance testing to regain the authority to operate at the permitted capacity.

[Rule 62-297.310(2), F.A.C.; and, AO 52-253207A, AO 52-253209A, AO 52-253211A, and AO 52-253213A]

A.15. Applicable Test Procedures.

(a) Required Sampling Time.

- 2. Opacity Compliance Tests. When either EPA Method 9 or DEP Method 9 is specified as the applicable opacity test method, the required minimum period of observation for a compliance test shall be sixty (60) minutes for emissions units which emit or have the potential to emit 100 tons per year or more of particulate matter, and thirty (30) minutes for emissions units which have potential emissions less than 100 tons per year of particulate matter and are not subject to a multiple-valued opacity standard. The opacity test observation period shall include the period during which the highest opacity emissions can reasonably be expected to occur. Exceptions to these requirements are as follows:
 - c. The minimum observation period for opacity tests conducted by employees or agents of the Department to verify the day-to-day continuing compliance of a unit or activity with an applicable opacity standard shall be twelve minutes.

[Rule 62-297.310(4)(a)2.c., F.A.C.]

PROPOSED Permit No.: 1030013-001-AV

- **A.16.** Frequency of Compliance Tests. The following provisions apply only to those emissions units that are subject to an emissions limiting standard for which compliance testing is required.
- (a) General Compliance Testing.
 - 3. The owner or operator of an emissions unit that is subject to any emission limiting standard shall conduct a compliance test that demonstrates compliance with the applicable emission limiting standard prior to obtaining a renewed operation permit. Emissions units that are required to conduct an annual compliance test may submit the most recent annual compliance test to satisfy the requirements of this provision. In renewing an air operation permit pursuant to Rule 62-210.300(2)(a)3.b., c., or d., F.A.C., the Department shall not require submission of emission compliance test results for any emissions unit that, during the year prior to renewal:
 - a. Did not operate; or
 - b. In the case of a fuel burning emissions unit, burned liquid fuel for a total of no more than 400 hours.
 - 4. During each federal fiscal year (October 1 September 30), unless otherwise specified by rule, order, or permit, the owner or operator of each emissions unit shall have a formal compliance test conducted for:
 - a. Visible emissions, if there is an applicable standard;
 - 9. The owner or operator shall notify the PCDEM in writing, at least 15 days prior to the date on which each formal compliance test is to begin, of the date, time, and place of each such test, and the test contact person who will be responsible for coordinating and having such test conducted for the owner or operator.
- (b) <u>Special Compliance Tests</u>. When the PCDEM, after investigation, has good reason (such as complaints, increased visible emissions or questionable maintenance of control equipment) to believe that any applicable emission standard contained in a Department rule or in a permit issued pursuant to those rules is being violated, it may require the owner or operator of the emissions unit to conduct compliance tests which identify the nature and quantity of pollutant emissions from the emissions unit and to provide a report on the results of said tests to the PCDEM.
- (c) Waiver of Compliance Test Requirements. If the owner or operator of an emissions unit that is subject to a compliance test requirement demonstrates to the Department, pursuant to the procedure established in Rule 62-297.620, F.A.C., that the compliance of the emissions unit with an applicable weight emission limiting standard can be adequately determined by means other than the designated test procedure, such as specifying a surrogate standard of no visible emissions for particulate matter sources equipped with a bag house or specifying a fuel analysis for sulfur dioxide emissions, the Department shall waive the compliance test requirements for such emissions units and order that the alternate means of determining compliance be used, provided, however, the provisions of Rule 62-297.310(7)(b), F.A.C., shall apply.

[Rule 62-297.310(7), F.A.C.; and, SIP approved]

- **A.17.** <u>Visible Emissions Testing Annual</u>. By this permit, annual emissions compliance testing for visible emissions is not required for these emissions units while burning:
 - a. only liquid fuels for less than 400 hours per year.

See specific condition A.18.

[Rules 62-297.310(7)(a)4. & 8., F.A.C.]

A.18. <u>Visible Emissions Testing - Waiver</u>. In order to request the annual visible emissions test waiver, a letter shall be sent each year, when the visible emissions test is due, to the Air Compliance Section, Southwest District Office of the Department of Environmental Protection, and to the PCDEM, Air Quality Division, stating the number of hours that fuel oil was utilized, and that the requirements for approval of the waiver have been satisfied. Regardless of fuel usage, a waiver will not be granted for the visible emissions test for the 12 month period prior to permit renewal. A visible emissions test is required and shall be conducted during the 12 month period prior to permit renewal. [Rule 62-4.070(3), F.A.C.; and, AO 52-253207A, AO 52-253209A, AO 52-253211A, and AO 52-

PROPOSED Permit No.: 1030013-001-AV

Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements

A.19. Monthly Recordkeeping. Florida Power Corporation shall maintain a monthly record of the hours of operation of the peaking units. This record shall be updated monthly and shall be completed by the end of the following month. The records shall be maintained at the facility for a minimum of the most recent five year period and shall be made available to the Department and PCDEM, Air Quality Division, upon request.

[Rules 62-4.070(3) and 62-213.440(1)(b)2.b., F.A.C.; and, AO 52-253207A, AO 52-253209A, AO 52-253211A, and AO 52-253213A]

A.20. <u>Malfunction Reporting</u>. In the case of excess emissions resulting from malfunctions, each owner or operator shall notify the PCDEM in accordance with Rule 62-4.130, F.A.C. A full written report on the malfunctions shall be submitted in a quarterly report, if requested by the Department. [Rule 62-210.700(6), F.A.C.]

A.21. Test Reports.

253213A1

- (a) The owner or operator of an emissions unit for which a compliance test is required shall file a report with PCDEM on the results of each such test.
- (b) The required test report shall be filed with PCDEM as soon as practical but no later than 45 days after the last sampling run of each test is completed.
- (c) Each test report shall include:
 - (1) A statement of the maximum turbine performance based on the turbine performance criteria defined by specific condition A.1.
 - (2) A copy of the graph of Fuel Heat Input verses Ambient Temperature for each peaking unit noting the maximum heat input and the ambient temperature during the compliance test; and
 - (3) A copy of the fuel oil analysis.

[Rule 62-297.310(8), F.A.C.; and, AO 52-253207A, AO 52-253209A, AO 52-253211A, and AO 52-253213A]

PROPOSED Permit No.: 1030013-001-AV

A.22. Not federally enforceable. Operating Reports. Submit to the Southwest District office, Air Compliance Section of the Department of Environmental Protection, and the PCDEM, Air Quality Division, each calendar year, on or before March 1, completed DEP Form 62-210.900(5), "Annual Operating Report for Air Pollutant Emitting Facility", including the Emissions Report, for the preceding calendar year.

The annual operating report shall be based on the following:

- (a) The Btu heating value, sulfur content (percent by weight), API gravity and density of the fuel being fired in the peaking units, shall be based on a weighted 12-month average (calendar year) and be calculated from the fuel delivery receipts and the vendors fuel oil analysis.
- (b) Until further notice by the PCDEM, Florida Power Corporation shall calculate annual emissions (pounds per hour and tons per year), for the Annual Operating Report, by multiplying the total million Btu from fuel usage by the following emissions factors:

Emissions Factors for No. 2 Fuel Oil

	Pound per MMBtu
Particulate Matter (PM)	0.061 (Total)
PM ₁₀	0.48 PM
Carbon Monoxide	0.048
Sulfur Dioxide	1.01(S)
Nitrogen Oxides	0.698
Hydrocarbons (TOC)	0.017

[&]quot;S" denotes sulfur content, percent by weight. The sulfur dioxide emissions shall be based on a weighted 12-month average "S" value.

[Rule 62-210.370(3), F.A.C.; and, AO 52-253207A, AO 52-253209A, AO 52-253211A, and AO 52-253213A]

Section III. Emissions Unit(s) and Conditions.

Subsection B. This section addresses the following emissions unit(s).

Facility '	E. U. ID	Brief Description
ID No.	No.	
7775047	-001	Relocatable diesel generator(s) will have a maximum (combined) heat input of 25.74 MMBtu/hour while being fueled by 186.3 gallons of new No. 2 fuel oil per hour with a maximum (combined) rating of 2460 kilowatts.
		Emissions from the generator(s) are uncontrolled.

The generators may be relocated to any of the following facilities:

- 1. Crystal River Plant, Powerline Road, Red Level, Citrus County.
- 2. Bartow Plant, Weedon Island, St. Petersburg, Pinellas County.
- 3. Higgins Plant, Shore Drive, Oldsmar, Pinellas County.
- 4. Bayboro Plant, 13th Ave. & 2nd St. South, St. Petersburg, Pinellas County.
- 5. Wildwood Reclamation Facility, State Road 462, 1 mi. east of U.S. 301, Wildwood, Sumter County.
- 6. Hines Energy Complex, County Road 555, 1 mi. southwest of Homeland, Polk County.
- 7. Anclote Power Plant, 1729 Baileys Road, Holiday, Pasco County

{Permitting notes: These emissions units are regulated under Rule 62-210.300, F.A.C., Permits Required. Each generator has its own stack. This section of the permit is only applicable when the generator(s) is(are) located at the Bayboro Facility.}

The following specific conditions apply to the emissions units listed above regardless of location:

Essential Potential to Emit (PTE) Parameters

B.1. <u>Permitted Capacity</u>. The maximum (combined) heat input rate shall not exceed 25.74 million Btu per hour.

[Rules 62-4.160(2) and 62-210.200(PTE), F.A.C.]

- **B.2.** Emissions Unit Operating Rate Limitation After Testing. See specific condition **B.12**. [Rule 62-297.310(2), F.A.C.]
- **B.3.** Methods of Operation Fuels. Only new No. 2 fuel oil with a maximum sulfur content of 0.5% by weight shall be fired in the diesel generator(s). [Rule 62-213.410, F.A.C. and, AC 09-202080.]

PROPOSED Permit No.: 1030013-001-AV

B.4. Hours of Operation. The hours of operation expressed as "engine-hours" shall not exceed 2970 hours in any consecutive 12 month period. The total hours of operation expressed as "engine-hours" shall be the summation of the individual hours of operation of each generator. [Rules 62-4.160(2) and 62-210.200(PTE), F.A.C.; and, AC 09-202080.]

Emission Limitations and Standards

{Permitting Note: The attached Table 1-1, Summary of Air Pollutant Standards and Terms, summarizes information for convenience purposes only. This table does not supersede any of the terms or conditions of this permit.}

B.5. <u>Visible Emissions</u>. Visible emissions from each generator shall not be equal to or greater than 20 percent opacity.

[Rule 62-296.320(4)(b)1., F.A.C.; and, AC 09-202080.]

Excess Emissions

- **B.6.** Excess emissions from these emissions units resulting from startup, shutdown or malfunction shall be permitted provided that best operational practices to minimize emissions are adhered to and the duration of excess emissions shall be minimized but in no case exceed two hours in any 24 hour period unless specifically authorized by the Department for longer duration. [Rule 62-210.700(1), F.A.C.]
- **B.7.** Excess emissions which are caused entirely or in part by poor maintenance, poor operation, or any other equipment or process failure which may reasonably be prevented during startup, shutdown or malfunction shall be prohibited. [Rule 62-210.700(4), F.A.C.]

Monitoring of Operations

B.8. Fuel Sulfur Analysis. The permittee shall demonstrate compliance with the liquid fuel sulfur limit by means of a fuel analysis provided by the vendor or permittee upon each fuel delivery. See specific condition **B.3.** and **B.11.**

[Rule 62-213.440, F.A.C.]

PROPOSED Permit No.: 1030013-001-AV

B.9. Determination of Process Variables.

- (a) Required Equipment. The owner or operator of an emissions unit for which compliance tests are required shall install, operate, and maintain equipment or instruments necessary to determine process variables, such as process weight input or heat input, when such data are needed in conjunction with emissions data to determine the compliance of the emissions unit with applicable emission limiting standards.
- (b) Accuracy of Equipment. Equipment or instruments used to directly or indirectly determine process variables, including devices such as belt scales, weight hoppers, flow meters, and tank scales, shall be calibrated and adjusted to indicate the true value of the parameter being measured with sufficient accuracy to allow the applicable process variable to be determined within 10% of its true value. [Rule 62-297.310(5), F.A.C.]

Test Methods and Procedures

{Permitting Note: The attached Table 2-1, Summary of Compliance Requirements, summarizes information for convenience purposes only. This table does not supersede any of the terms or conditions of this permit.}

- **B.10.** The test method for visible emissions shall be EPA Method 9, incorporated and adopted by reference in Chapter 62-297, F.A.C. [Rules 62-296.320(4)(b)4.a. and 62-297.401, F.A.C.]
- **B.11.** The fuel sulfur content, percent by weight, for liquid fuels shall be evaluated using either ASTM D2622-94, ASTM D4294-90, both ASTM D4057-88 and ASTM D129-95, or the latest edition(s). [Rules 62-213.440 and 62-297.440, F.A.C.]
- **B.12.** Operating Rate During Testing. Testing of emissions shall be conducted with the generator(s) operating at 90 to 100 percent of the maximum fuel firing rate for each generator. If it is impracticable to test at permitted capacity, an emissions unit may be tested at less than the minimum permitted capacity (i.e., at less than 90 percent of the maximum operation rate allowed by the permit); in this case, subsequent emissions unit operations may be limited to 110 percent of the test load until a new test is conducted, provided however, operations do not exceed 100 percent of the maximum operation rate allowed by the permit. Once the emissions unit is so limited, operation at higher capacities is allowed for no more than 15 consecutive days for the purpose of additional compliance testing to regain the authority to operate at the permitted capacity. Failure to submit the actual operating rate may invalidate the test.

[Rules 62-297.310(2), F.A.C.; and, AC 09-202080.]

PROPOSED Permit No.: 1030013-001-AV

B.13. Applicable Test Procedures.

- (a) Required Sampling Time.
 - 2. Opacity Compliance Tests. When either EPA Method 9 or DEP Method 9 is specified as the applicable opacity test method, the required minimum period of observation for a compliance test shall be sixty (60) minutes for emissions units which emit or have the potential to emit 100 tons per year or more of particulate matter, and thirty (30) minutes for emissions units which have potential emissions less than 100 tons per year of particulate matter and are not subject to a multiple-valued opacity standard. The opacity test observation period shall include the period during which the highest opacity emissions can reasonably be expected to occur. Exceptions to these requirements are as follows:
 - c. The minimum observation period for opacity tests conducted by employees or agents of the Department to verify the day-to-day continuing compliance of a unit or activity with an applicable opacity standard shall be twelve minutes.

[Rule 62-297.310(4)(a)2.c., F.A.C.]

- **B.14.** Frequency of Compliance Tests. The following provisions apply only to those emissions units that are subject to an emissions limiting standard for which compliance testing is required.
- (a) General Compliance Testing.
 - 3. The owner or operator of an emissions unit that is subject to any emission limiting standard shall conduct a compliance test that demonstrates compliance with the applicable emission limiting standard prior to obtaining a renewed operation permit. Emissions units that are required to conduct an annual compliance test may submit the most recent annual compliance test to satisfy the requirements of this provision. In renewing an air operation permit pursuant to Rule 62-210.300(2)(a)3.b., c., or d., F.A.C., the Department shall not require submission of emission compliance test results for any emissions unit that, during the year prior to renewal:
 - a. Did not operate; or
 - b. In the case of a fuel burning emissions unit, burned liquid fuel for a total of no more than 400 hours.
 - 4. During each federal fiscal year (October 1 September 30), unless otherwise specified by rule, order, or permit, the owner or operator of each emissions unit shall have a formal compliance test conducted for:
 - a. Visible emissions, if there is an applicable standard;
 - 8. Any combustion turbine that does not operate for more than 400 hours per year shall conduct a visible emissions compliance test once per each five-year period, coinciding with the term of its air operation permit.
 - 9. The owner or operator shall notify the Department, at least 15 days prior to the date on which each formal compliance test is to begin, of the date, time, and place of each such test, and the test contact person who will be responsible for coordinating and having such test conducted for the owner or operator. For each generator located in Pinellas County, FPC shall provide the same notification to the Air Quality Division of the Pinellas County Department of Environmental Management.

PROPOSED Permit No.: 1030013-001-AV

- (b) <u>Special Compliance Tests</u>. When the Department, after investigation, has good reason (such as complaints, increased visible emissions or questionable maintenance of control equipment) to believe that any applicable emission standard contained in a Department rule or in a permit issued pursuant to those rules is being violated, it may require the owner or operator of the emissions unit to conduct compliance tests which identify the nature and quantity of pollutant emissions from the emissions unit and to provide a report on the results of said tests to the Department.
- (c) Waiver of Compliance Test Requirements. If the owner or operator of an emissions unit that is subject to a compliance test requirement demonstrates to the Department, pursuant to the procedure established in Rule 62-297.620, F.A.C., that the compliance of the emissions unit with an applicable weight emission limiting standard can be adequately determined by means other than the designated test procedure, such as specifying a surrogate standard of no visible emissions for particulate matter sources equipped with a bag house or specifying a fuel analysis for sulfur dioxide emissions, the Department shall waive the compliance test requirements for such emissions units and order that the alternate means of determining compliance be used, provided, however, the provisions of Rule 62-297.310(7)(b), F.A.C., shall apply.

[Rule 62-297.310(7), F.A.C.; SIP approved; and, AO 09-205952.]

B.15. <u>Visible Emissions Testing - Annual</u>. By this permit, annual emissions compliance testing for visible emissions is not required for these emissions units while burning liquid fuels for less than 400 hours per year.

[Rules 62-297.310(7)(a)4. & 8., F.A.C.]

B.16. After each relocation, each generator shall be tested within 30 days of startup for opacity and the fuel shall be analyzed for the sulfur content. See specific conditions **B.3.**, **B.5.**, and **B.8.** [Rules 62-4.070(3) and 62-297.310(7)(b),F.A.C.; and, AO 09-205952.]

Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements

B.17. Malfunction Reporting. In the case of excess emissions resulting from malfunctions, the owner or operator shall notify PCDEM, if a generator is located in Pinellas County, in accordance with Rule 62-4.130, F.A.C. A full written report on the malfunctions shall be submitted in a quarterly report, if requested by the PCDEM.

[Rule 62-210.700(6), F.A.C.]

Florida Power Corporation Bayboro Facility Page 18 PROPOSED Permit No.: 1030013-001-AV

B.18. Test Reports.

- (a) Each generator shall be tested on an annual basis within 30 days of the date October 25.
- (b) The owner or operator of an emissions unit for which a compliance test is required shall file a report with the Department on the results of each such test.
- (c) The required test report shall be filed with the Southwest District Office and the Air Quality Division of the Pinellas County Department of Environmental Management, if a generator is located in Pinellas County, as soon as practical but no later than 45 days after the last sampling run of each test is completed.
- (d) The test reports for a unit that has been relocated shall be submitted to the Southwest District Office and the Air Quality Division of the Pinellas County Department of Environmental Management, if a generator is located in Pinellas County, within 45 days of testing. [Rule 62-297.310(8), F.A.C.; and, AO 09-25952.]
- **B.19.** To demonstrate compliance with specific condition **B.4.**, records shall indicate the daily hours of operation for each of the generators, the daily hours of operation expressed as "engine-hours" and the cumulative total hours of operation expressed as "engine-hours" for each month. The records shall be maintained for a minimum of 5 years and made available to the Southwest District Office and the Air Quality Division of the Pinellas County Department of Environmental Management upon request. [Rules 62-213.440 and 62-297.310(8), F.A.C.; and, AO 09-205952.]
- **B.20.** To demonstrate compliance with specific condition **B.3.**, records of the sulfur content, in percent by weight, of all the fuel burned shall be kept based on either vendor provided as-delivered or asreceived fuel sample analysis. The records shall be maintained for a minimum of 5 years and made available to the Southwest District Office and the Air Quality Division of the Pinellas County Department of Environmental Management upon request. [Rule 62-297.310(8), F.A.C.; and, AC 09-202080.]

Source Obligation

B.21. Specific conditions in construction permit AC 09-202080, limiting the "engine hours", were accepted by the applicant to escape Prevention of Significant Deterioration review. If Florida Power Corporation requests a relaxation of any of the federally enforceable emission limits in this permit, the relaxation of limits may be subject to the preconstruction review requirements of Rule 62-212.400(5), F.A.C., as though construction had not yet begun.

[Rule 62-212.400(2)(g), F.A.C.; and, AC 09-202080.]

Florida Power Corporation Bayboro Facility Page 19 PROPOSED Permit No.: 1030013-001-AV

- **B.22.** Florida Power Corporation shall notify the Department's Southwest District Office, in writing, at least 15 days prior to the date on which any diesel generator is to be relocated. The notification shall specify the following;
 - a. which generator, by serial number, is being relocated,
 - b. which location the generator is being relocated from and which location it is being relocated to, and
 - c. the approximate startup date at the new location.

If a diesel generator is to be relocated within Pinellas County, then Florida Power Corporation shall provide the same notification to the Air Quality Division of the Pinellas County Department of Environmental Management.

[Rule 62-4.070(3), F.A.C.; and, AC 09-202080]

STATEMENT OF BASIS

Florida Power Corporation Bayboro Facility Facility ID No.: 1030013 Pinellas County

Initial Title V Air Operation Permit **PROPOSED Permit No.:** 1030013-001-AV

This Title V air operation permit is issued under the provisions of Chapter 403, Florida Statutes (F.S.), and Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.) Chapters 62-4, 62-210, and 62-213. The above named permittee is hereby authorized to perform the work or operate the facility shown on the application and approved drawing(s), plans, and other documents, attached hereto or on file with the permitting authority, in accordance with the terms and conditions of this permit.

The facility's permitted emissions units are four No. 2 fuel oil fired combustion turbine peaking units. In addition, the facility may have relocatable diesel fired generator(s). There are no Acid Rain Emissions Units at this facility.

The No. 2 fuel oil fired combustion turbines are manufactured by Pratt & Whitney (model number FT4C-1LF) and are designated as Bayboro Peaking Units #1, #2, #3 and #4. The turbines are not subject to 40 CFR 60, Subpart GG, the only standards these emissions units are subject to are opacity and percent sulfur content of the fuel oil. Each combustion turbine has two (2) turbine engines with each engine having its own stack. The manufacturers fuel flow and heat input ratings at 30°F for each turbine is 5,609 gallons per hour of No. 2 fuel oil (corresponds to approximately 774 million Btu per hour). The actual heat input rate of the turbine is a function of the ambient temperature. These combustion turbines are used as peaking units to run a nominal 56.7 MW generator (each). Emissions from the combustion turbines are uncontrolled. The Department has determined that the appropriate visible emissions (VE) testing frequency for the four combustion turbines is a VE test upon exceeding 400 hours of operation on fuel oil in any federal fiscal year (October 1 through September 30). This frequency is justified by the low historical use of fuel oil for these emissions units and the previous VE tests, which documented compliance while firing fuel oil. Moreover, no Method 9 test since 1994 on these emissions units have resulted in an opacity measurement greater than 5% opacity. Regarding hours of operation, these emissions units had not significantly exceeded 400 hours per year (going back to 1994), until the summer of 1998. The highest turbine hours of operation on oil for each year are: 1998 (#4) 681 hours; 1997 (#2) 399 hours; 1996 (#1) 611 hours; 1995 (#1) 539 hours; and, 1994 (#2) 270 hours. All electric generating units, not only within FPC's system, but state-wide, operated at record levels during the summer of 1998. The owner or operator will be conducting VE compliance tests while firing fuel oil for each combustion turbine upon that combustion turbine exceeding 400 hours of operation on fuel oil in any federal fiscal year (October 1 through September 30). Regardless of the number of hours of operation

on fuel oil, at least one VE compliance test will be conducted on all four combustion turbines every five (5) years, coinciding with the term of the operation permit for these combustion turbines

The relocatable diesel generator(s) will have a maximum (combined) heat input of 25.74 MMBtu/hour while being fueled by 186.3 gallons of new No. 2 fuel oil per hour with a maximum (combined) rating of 2460 kilowatts. Emissions from the generator(s) are uncontrolled.

The generators may be relocated to any of the following facilities:

- 1. Crystal River Plant, Powerline Road, Red Level, Citrus County.
- 2. Bartow Plant, Weedon Island, St. Petersburg, Pinellas County.
- 3. Higgins Plant, Shore Drive, Oldsmar, Pinellas County.
- 4. Bayboro Plant, 13th Ave. & 2nd St. South, St. Petersburg, Pinellas County.
- 5. Wildwood Reclamation Facility, State Road 462, 1 mi. east of U.S. 301, Wildwood, Sumter County.
- 6. Hines Energy Complex, County Road 555, 1 mi. southwest of Homeland, Polk County.
- 7. Anclote Power Plant, 1729 Baileys Road, Holiday, Pasco County

Also included in this permit are miscellaneous unregulated/insignificant emissions units and/or activities.

Based on the initial Title V permit application received June 14, 1996, this facility is not a major source of hazardous air pollutants (HAPs).

Appendix U-1, List of Unregulated Emissions Units and/or Activities.

Florida Power Corporation PROPOSED Permit No.: 1030013-001-AV

Bayboro Facility Facility ID No.: 1030013

<u>Unregulated Emissions Units and/or Activities</u>. An emissions unit which emits no "emissions-limited pollutant" and which is subject to no unit-specific work practice standard, though it may be subject to regulations applied on a facility-wide basis (e.g., unconfined emissions, odor, general opacity) or to regulations that require only that it be able to prove exemption from unit-specific emissions or work practice standards.

The below listed emissions units and/or activities are neither 'regulated emissions units' nor 'insignificant emissions units'.

E.U. ID Brief Description of Emissions Units and/or Activity No. Internal floating roof fuel oil tank - 1,088,00 gallons -xxx Internal floating roof fuel oil tank - 786,00 gallons -XXX Waste oil tank - 12,000 gallons -xxx Lube oil storage tank - 500 gallons -XXX Fuel filter building vents -XXX Overboard tanks for the peaking unit turbines -xxx Lube oil vents with demisters for the peaking unit turbines -XXX

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Appendix I-1, List of Insignificant Emissions Units and/or Activities.

Florida Power Corporation PROPOSED Permit No.: 1030013-001-AV

Bayboro Facility Facility ID No.: 1030013

The facilities, emissions units, or pollutant-emitting activities listed in Rule 62-210.300(3)(a), F.A.C., Categorical Exemptions, are exempt from the permitting requirements of Chapters 62-210 and 62-4, F.A.C.; provided, however, that exempt emissions units shall be subject to any applicable emission limiting standards and the emissions from exempt emissions units or activities shall be considered in determining the potential emissions of the facility containing such emissions units. Emissions units and pollutant-emitting activities exempt from permitting under Rule 62-210.300(3)(a), F.A.C., shall not be exempt from the permitting requirements of Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., if they are contained within a Title V source; however, such emissions units and activities shall be considered insignificant for Title V purposes provided they also meet the criteria of Rule 62-213.430(6)(b), F.A.C. No emissions unit shall be entitled to an exemption from permitting under Rule 62.210.300(3)(a), F.A.C., if its emissions, in combination with the emissions of other units and activities at the facility, would cause the facility to emit or have the potential to emit any pollutant in such amount as to make the facility a Title V source.

The below listed emissions units and/or activities are considered insignificant pursuant to Rule 62-213.430(6), F.A.C.

Brief Description of Emissions Units and/or Activities

- 1. Maintenance shop/Jet repair shop sand blaster, drill press and lathes
- 2. Maintenance shop/Jet repair shop solvent/paint/lube oil cabinets
- 3. Maintenance shop/Jet repair shop mineral spirit parts washer
- 4. Maintenance shop/Jet repair shop gas cylinders
- 5. Waste solvent storage area 55 gallon drums waste oil, mineral spirits, lube oil, cleaners
- 6. Substation transformers and associated equipment
- 7. Oil Storage Area truck unloading area
- 8. Pump house with fire system
- 9. Quonset hut storage area fuel additives, biocide/fungicide, equipment storage
- 10. Barge Delivery moorings and fuel handling equipment peak: 2 barges/week
- 11. Eight underground waste oil tanks 168 gallons/each

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Table 1-1, Summary of Air Pollutant Standards and Terms

Florida Power Corporation Bayboro Facility

PROPOSED Permit No.: 1030013-001-AV Facility ID No.: 1030013

This table summarizes information for convenience purposes only. This table does not supersede any of the terms or conditions of this permit.

E.U. ID No.	Brief Description
[-001]	Gas Turbine Peaking Unit #1
[-002]	Gas Turbine Peaking Unit #2
[-003]	Gas Turbine Peaking Unit #3
[-004]	Gas Turbine Peaking Unit #4

			Altowable Emissions		Equivalent Emissions*		
Pollutant Name	Fuel(s)	Hours/Year	Standard(s)	lbs./hour	TPY Baylood YPY	手學 Regulatory Citation(s)	See permit condition(s)
SO ₂	Liquid	8,760	8,760 0.5% by weight sulfur		3909 1,7120	A052-253207A, 253209A,	A.6.
			-			253211A & 253213A	
Υ.E.	Ati	8,760	8,760 20% opacity			Rule 62-296.320(4)(b)1.	A.5.
						-	
Notes: The *Equivalent Emissions* listed are for informational purposes only.	issions" listed	are for information	anal purposes only.				

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Table 1-1, Summary of Air Pollutant Standards and Terms

Florida Power Corporation Bayboro Facility

PROPOSED Permit No.: 1030013-001-AV Facility ID No.: 1030013

This table summarizes information for convenience purposes only. This table does not supersede any of the terms or conditions of this permit.

E.U. ID No.

Brief Description
Relocatable Diesel Fired Generator(s)

	Allowable Emissions		Eguivalent Emissians		
Hours/Year	Standard(s)	lbs./hour	TPY Bayhaur Py	Regulatory Citation(s)	See permit condition(s)
2,970	0.5% by weight Sulfur		21 02	Applicant request & AC09-202080	B.3. & B.4.
2.970	20% opacity			Applicant request & A009-205952	B.5.
ad are for informa	tional purposes only.				
	Hours/Year 2,970 2,970 2,970 d are for informa	Allowabl 0 0.5% by 0 20% op	is a second seco	bs./hour TPY English Emissions * ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **	bs./hour TPY Bs./hour ?py 14-16 21:02 Applicant t Applicant t

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Table 2-1, Summary of Compliance Requirements

Bayboro Facility Florida Power Corporation

Facility ID No.: 1030013 PROPOSED Permit No.: 1030013-001-AV

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This table summarizes information for convenience purposes only. This table does not supersede any of the terms or conditions of this permit.

-001 Gas Turbine Peaking Unit #1
[-002] Gas Turbine Peaking Unit #2
[-003] Gas Turbine Peaking Unit #3
[-004] Gas Turbine Peaking Unit #4

			Testing	Frequency	Min. Compliance		
Pollutant Name		Compliance	Time	Base	Test		
or Parameter	Fuel(s)	Method	Frequency	Date *	Duration	CMS"	See permit condition(s)
VE	All	EPA Method 9	Annual	1-Feb 30 min	30 min		A.12. & A.17.
802	Liquid	ASTM Methods	each delivery				A.13.
	,						
Notes:							
* The frequency base date is established for planning purposes only; see Rule 62-297.310. F.A.C.	is established f	or planning purposes onl	v: see Rule 62-297	.310. F.A.C.			
70000 00000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000		000				

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* The frequency base date is established for planning purposes only; see Rule 62-297.310, F.A.C.

**CMS [=] continuous monitoring system

Appendix H-1, Permit History/ID Number Changes

Florida Power Corporation
Bayboro Facility

PROPOSED Permit No.: 1030013-001-AV

Facility ID No.: 1030013

Permit History (for tracking purposes):

E.U. <u>ID No</u>	Description	Permit No.	Issue Date	Expiration Date	Extended Date ^{1,2}	Revised Date(s)
-001	Gas Turbine Peaking Unit #1	AO52-253207	11/23/94	11/01/99		06/19/95
-002	Gas Turbine Peaking Unit #2	AO52-253209	11/23/94	11/01/99		06/19/95
-003	Gas Turbine Peaking Unit #3	AO52-253211	11/23/94	11/01/99		06/19/95
-004	Gas Turbine Peaking Unit #4	AO52-253213	11/23/94	11/01/99		06/19/95
-XXX	Relocatable Diesel Generator(s)	AO09-205952		03/31/97		

(if applicable) ID Number Changes (for tracking purposes):

From: Facility ID No.: 40PNL520013

To: Facility ID No.: 1030013

Notes

1 - AO permit(s) automatic extension(s) in Rule 62-210.300(2)(a)3.a., F.A.C., effective 03/21/96

2 - AC permit(s) automatic extension(s) in Rule 62-213.420(1)(a)4., F.A.C., effective 03/20/96.

{Rule 62-213.420(1)(b)2., F.A.C., effective 03/20/96, allows Title V Sources to operate under existing valid permits}

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[Note: This attachment includes "canned conditions" developed from the "Title V Core List."]

{Permitting note: APPENDIX TV-3, TITLE V CONDITIONS, is distributed to the permittee only. Other persons requesting copies of these conditions shall be provided one copy when requested or otherwise appropriate.}

Chapter 62-4, F.A.C.

1. Not federally enforceable. General Prohibition. Any stationary installation which will reasonably be expected to be a source of pollution shall not be operated, maintained, or modified without the appropriate and valid permits issued by the Department, unless the source is exempted by Department rule. The Department may issue a permit only after it receives reasonable assurance that the installation will not cause pollution in violation of any of the provisions of Chapter 403, F.S., or the rules promulgated thereunder. A permitted installation may only be operated, maintained, constructed, expanded or modified in a manner that is consistent with the terms of the permit.

[Rule 62-4.030, Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.); Section 403.087, Florida Statute (F.S.)]

- 2. Not federally enforceable. Procedure to Obtain Permits: Application.
- (1) Any person desiring to obtain a permit from the Department shall apply on forms prescribed by the Department and shall submit such additional information as the Department by law may require.
- (2) All applications and supporting documents shall be filed in quadruplicate with the Department.
- (3) To ensure protection of public health, safety, and welfare, any construction, modification, or operation of an installation which may be a source of pollution shall be in accordance with sound professional engineering practices pursuant to Chapter 471, F.S. All applications for a Department permit shall be certified by a professional engineer registered in the State of Florida except when the application is for renewal of an air pollution operation permit at a minor facility as defined in Rule 62-210.200, F.A.C., or where professional engineering is not required by Chapter 471, F.S. Where required by Chapter 471 or 492, F.S., applicable portions of permit applications and supporting documents which are submitted to the Department for public record shall be signed and sealed by the professional(s) who prepared or approved them.
- (4) Processing fees for air construction permits shall be in accordance with Rule 62-4.050(4), F.A.C.
- (5)(a) To be considered by the Department, each application must be accompanied by the proper processing fee. The fee shall be paid by check, payable to the Department of Environmental Protection. The fee is non-refundable except as provided in Section 120.60, F.S., and in this section.
 - (c) Upon receipt of the proper application fee, the permit processing time requirements of Sections 120.60(2) and 403.0876. F.S., shall begin.
 - (d) If the applicant does not submit the required fee within ten days of receipt of written notification, the Department shall either return the unprocessed application or arrange with the applicant for the pick up of the application.
 - (e) If an applicant submits an application fee in excess of the required fee, the permit processing time requirements of Sections 120.60(2) and 403.0876, F.S., shall begin upon receipt, and the Department shall refund to the applicant the amount received in excess of the required fee.
- (6) Any substantial modification to a complete application shall require an additional processing fee determined pursuant to the schedule set forth in Rule 62-4.050, F.A.C., and shall restart the time requirements of Sections 120.60 and 403.0876, F.S. For purposes of this Subsection, the term "substantial modification" shall mean a modification which is reasonably expected to lead to substantially different environmental impacts which require a detailed review.
- (7) Modifications to existing permits proposed by the permittee which require substantial changes in the existing permit or require substantial evaluation by the Department of potential impacts of the proposed modifications shall require the same fee as a new application.

[Rule 62-4.050, F.A.C.]

3. Standards for Issuing or Denving Permits. Except as provided at Rule 62-213.460, F.A.C., the issuance of a permit does not relieve any person from complying with the requirements of Chapter 403, F.S., or Department rules. [Rule 62-4.070(7), F.A.C.]

4. Modification of Permit Conditions.

- (1) For good cause and after notice and an administrative hearing, if requested, the Department may require the permittee to conform to new or additional conditions. The Department shall allow the permittee a reasonable time to conform to the new or additional conditions and on application of the permittee the Department may grant additional time. For the purpose of this section, good cause shall include, but not be limited to, any of the following: (also, see Condition No. 38)
 - (a) A showing that an improvement in effluent or emission quality or quantity can be accomplished because of technological advances without unreasonable hardship.
 - (b) A showing that a higher degree of treatment is necessary to effect the intent and purpose of Chapter 403, F.S.
 - (c) A showing of any change in the environment or surrounding conditions that requires a modification to conform to applicable air or water quality standards.
 - (e) Adoption or revision of Florida Statutes, rules, or standards which require the modification of a permit condition for compliance.
- (2) A permittee may request a modification of a permit by applying to the Department.
- (3) A permittee may request that a permit be extended as a modification of the permit. Such a request must be submitted to the Department in writing before the expiration of the permit. Upon timely submittal of a request for extension, unless the permit automatically expires by statute or rule, the permit will remain in effect until final agency action is taken on the request. For construction permits, an extension shall be granted if the applicant can demonstrate reasonable assurances that, upon completion, the extended permit will comply with the standards and conditions required by applicable regulation. For all other permits, an extension shall be granted if the applicant can demonstrate reasonable assurances that the extended permit will comply with the standards and conditions applicable to the original permit. A permit for which the permit application fee was prorated in accordance with Rule 62-4.050(4)(1), F.A.C., shall not be extended. In no event shall a permit be extended or remain in effect longer than the time limits established by statute or rule.

[Rule 62-4.080, F.A.C.]

5. Renewals. Prior to one hundred eighty (180) days before the expiration of a permit issued pursuant to Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., the permittee shall apply for a renewal of a permit using forms incorporated by reference in the specific rule chapter for that kind of permit. A renewal application shall be timely and sufficient. If the application is submitted prior to 180 days before expiration of the permit, it will be considered timely and sufficient. If the renewal application is submitted at a later date, it will not be considered timely and sufficient unless it is submitted and made complete prior to the expiration of the operation permit. When the application for renewal is timely and sufficient, the existing permit shall remain in effect until the renewal application has been finally acted upon by the Department or, if there is court review of the Department's final agency action, until a later date is required by Section 120.60, F.S., provided that, for renewal of a permit issued pursuant to Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., the applicant complies with the requirements of Rules 62-213.420(1)(b)3. and 4., F.A.C.

[Rule 62-4.090(1), F.A.C.]

6. Suspension and Revocation.

- (1) Permits shall be effective until suspended, revoked, surrendered, or expired and shall be subject to the provisions of Chapter 403, F.S., and rules of the Department.
- (2) Failure to comply with pollution control laws and rules shall be grounds for suspension or revocation.
- (3) A permit issued pursuant to Chapter 62-4, F.A.C., shall not become a vested property right in the permittee. The Department may revoke any permit issued by it if it finds that the permit holder or the permit holder's agent:
 - (a) Submitted false or inaccurate information in application or operational reports.
 - (b) Has violated law, Department orders, rules or permit conditions.
 - (c) Has failed to submit operational reports or other information required by Department rules.
 - (d) Has refused lawful inspection under Section 403.091, F.S.

[Rule 62-4.100, F.A.C.]

7. Not federally enforceable. <u>Financial Responsibility</u>. The Department may require an applicant to submit proof of financial responsibility and may require the applicant to post an appropriate bond to guarantee compliance with the law and Department rules. [Rule 62-4.110, F.A.C.]

8. Transfer of Permits.

- (1) Within 30 days after the sale or legal transfer of a permitted facility, an "Application for Transfer of Permit" (DEP Form 62-1.201(1)) must be submitted to the Department. This form must be completed with the notarized signatures of both the permittee and the proposed new permittee.
- (2) The Department shall approve the transfer of a permit unless it determines that the proposed new permittee cannot provide reasonable assurances that conditions of the permit will be met. The determination shall be limited solely to the ability of the new permittee to comply with the conditions of the existing permit, and it shall not concern the adequacy of these permit conditions. If the Department proposes to deny the transfer, it shall provide both the permittee and the proposed new permittee a written objection to such transfer together with notice of a right to request a Chapter 120, F.S., proceeding on such determination.
- (3) Within 30 days of receiving a properly completed Application for Transfer of Permit form, the Department shall issue a final determination. The Department may toll the time for making a determination on the transfer by notifying both the permittee and the proposed new permittee that additional information is required to adequately review the transfer request. Such notification shall be served within 30 days of receipt of an Application for Transfer of Permit form, completed pursuant to Rule 62-4.120(1), F.A.C. If the Department fails to take action to approve or deny the transfer within 30 days of receipt of the completed Application for Transfer of Permit form, or within 30 days of receipt of the last item of timely requested additional information, the transfer shall be deemed approved.
- (4) The permittee is encouraged to apply for a permit transfer prior to the sale or legal transfer of a permitted facility. However, the transfer shall not be effective prior to the sale or legal transfer.
- (5) Until this transfer is approved by the Department, the permittee and any other person constructing, operating, or maintaining the permitted facility shall be liable for compliance with the terms of the permit. The permittee transferring the permit shall remain liable for corrective actions that may be required as a result of any violations occurring prior to the sale or legal transfer of the facility.

[Rule 62-4.120, F.A.C.]

9. Plant Operation-Problems. If the permittee is temporarily unable to comply with any of the conditions of the permit due to breakdown of equipment or destruction by hazard of fire, wind or by other cause, the permittee shall immediately notify the Department. Notification shall include pertinent information as to the cause of the problem, and what steps are being taken to correct the problem and to prevent its recurrence, and where applicable, the owner's intent toward reconstruction of destroyed facilities. Such notification does not release the permittee from any liability for failure to comply with Department rules. (also, see Condition No. 10)

[Rule 62-4.130, F.A.C.]

- 10. For purposes of notification to the Department pursuant to Condition No. 9, Condition No. 12(8), and Rule 62-4.130, F.A.C., Plant Operation-Problems, "immediately" shall mean the same day, if during a workday (i.e., 8:00 a.m. 5:00 p.m.), or the first business day after the incident, excluding weekends and holidays; and, for purposes of 40 CFR 70.6(a)(3)(iii)(B), "prompt" shall have the same meaning as "immediately". [also, see Conditions Nos. 9 and 12(8)] [40 CFR 70.6(a)(3)(iii)(B)]
- 11. Not federally enforceable. Review. Failure to request a hearing within 14 days of receipt of notice of proposed or final agency action on a permit application or as otherwise required in Chapter 62-103, F.A.C., shall be deemed a waiver of the right to an administrative hearing.

[Rule 62-4.150, F.A.C.]

- 12. Permit Conditions. All permits issued by the Department shall include the following general conditions:
- (1) The terms, conditions, requirements, limitations and restrictions set forth in this permit, are "permit conditions" and are binding and enforceable pursuant to Sections 403.141, 403.727, or 403.859 through 403.861, F.S. The permittee is placed on notice that the Department will review this permit periodically and may initiate enforcement action for any violation of these conditions.
- (2) This permit is valid only for the specific processes and operations applied for and indicated in the approved drawings or exhibits. Any unauthorized deviation from the approved drawings, exhibits, specifications, or conditions of this permit may constitute grounds for revocation and enforcement action by the Department.
- (3) As provided in subsections 403.087(6) and 403.722(5), F.S., the issuance of this permit does not convey any vested rights or any exclusive privileges. Neither does it authorize any injury to public or private property or any invasion of personal rights, nor any infringement of federal, state, or local laws or regulations. This permit is not a waiver of or approval of any other Department permit that may be required for other aspects of the total project which are not addressed in this permit.

- (4) This permit conveys no title to land or water, does not constitute State recognition or acknowledgment of title, and does not constitute authority for the use of submerged lands unless herein provided and the necessary title or leasehold interests have been obtained from the State. Only the Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund may express State opinion as to title.
- (5) This permit does not relieve the permittee from liability for harm or injury to human health or welfare, animal, or plant life, or property caused by the construction or operation of this permitted source, or from penalties therefore; nor does it allow the permittee to cause pollution in contravention of F.S. and Department rules, unless specifically authorized by an order from the Department.
- (6) The permittee shall properly operate and maintain the facility and systems of treatment and control (and related appurtenances) that are installed and used by the permittee to achieve compliance with the conditions of this permit, as required by Department rules. This provision includes the operation of backup or auxiliary facilities or similar systems when necessary to achieve compliance with the conditions of the permit and when required by Department rules.
- (7) The permittee, by accepting this permit, specifically agrees to allow authorized Department personnel, upon presentation of credentials or other documents as may be required by law and at reasonable times, access to the premises where the permitted activity is located or conducted to:
 - (a) Have access to and copy any records that must be kept under conditions of the permit;
 - (b) Inspect the facility, equipment, practices, or operations regulated or required under this permit: and.
 - (c) Sample or monitor any substances or parameters at any location reasonable necessary to assure compliance with this permit or Department rules. Reasonable time may depend on the nature of the concern being investigated.
- (8) If, for any reason, the permittee does not comply with or will be unable to comply with any condition or limitation specified in this permit, the permittee shall immediately provide the Department with the following information: (also, see Condition No. 10)
 - (a) A description of and cause of noncompliance; and,
 - (b) The period of noncompliance, including dates and times; or, if not corrected, the anticipated time the noncompliance is expected to continue, and steps being taken to reduce, eliminate, and prevent recurrence of the noncompliance. The permittee shall be responsible for any and all damages which may result and may be subject to enforcement action by the Department for penalties or for revocation of this permit.
- (9) In accepting this permit, the permittee understands and agrees that all records, notes, monitoring data and other information relating to the construction or operation of this permitted source which are submitted to the Department may be used by the Department as evidence in any enforcement case involving the permitted source arising under the F.S. or Department rules, except where such use is prescribed by Sections 403.111 and 403.73, F.S. Such evidence shall only be used to the extent it is consistent with the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure and appropriate evidentiary rules.
- (10) The permittee agrees to comply with changes in Department rules and F.S. after a reasonable time for compliance; provided, however, the permittee does not waive any other rights granted by F.S. or Department rules.
- (11) This permit is transferable only upon Department approval in accordance with Rule 62-4.120, F.A.C., as applicable. The permittee shall be liable for any non-compliance of the permitted activity until the transfer is approved by the Department.
- (12) This permit or a copy thereof shall be kept at the work site of the permitted activity.
- (14) The permittee shall comply with the following:
 - (a) Upon request, the permittee shall furnish all records and plans required under Department rules. During enforcement actions, the retention period for all records will be extended automatically unless otherwise stipulated by the Department.
 - (b) The permittee shall hold at the facility or other location designated by this permit records of all monitoring information (including all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation) required by the permit, copies of all reports required by this permit, and records of all data used to complete the application for this permit. These materials shall be retained at least five (5) years from the date of the sample, measurement, report, or application unless otherwise specified by Department rule.
 - (c) Records of monitoring information shall include:
 - 1. the date, exact place, and time of sampling or measurements;
 - 2. the person responsible for performing the sampling or measurements;
 - 3. the dates analyses were performed;
 - 4. the person responsible for performing the analyses;
 - 5. the analytical techniques or methods used; and,
 - 6. the results of such analyses.
- (15) When requested by the Department, the permittee shall within a reasonable time furnish any information required by law which is needed to determine compliance with the permit. If the permittee becomes aware the relevant facts were not submitted or were incorrect in the permit application or in any report to the Department, such facts or information shall be corrected promptly. [Rules 62-4.160 and 62-213.440(1)(b), F.A.C.]

13. Construction Permits.

- (1) No person shall construct any installation or facility which will reasonably be expected to be a source of air or water pollution without first applying for and receiving a construction permit from the Department unless exempted by statute or Department rule. In addition to the requirements of Chapter 62-4, F.A.C., applicants for a Department Construction Permit shall submit the following as applicable:
 - (a) A completed application on forms furnished by the Department.
 - (b) An engineering report covering:
 - 1. plant description and operations,
 - 2. types and quantities of all waste material to be generated whether liquid, gaseous or solid.
 - 3. proposed waste control facilities,
 - 4. the treatment objectives,
 - 5. the design criteria on which the control facilities are based, and,
 - 6. other information deemed relevant.

Design criteria submitted pursuant to Rule 62-4.210(1)(b)5., F.A.C., shall be based on the results of laboratory and pilot-plant scale studies whenever such studies are warranted. The design efficiencies of the proposed waste treatment facilities and the quantities and types of pollutants in the treated effluents or emissions shall be indicated. Work of this nature shall be subject to the requirements of Chapter 471, F.S. Where confidential records are involved, certain information may be kept confidential pursuant to Section 403.111, F.S.

- (c) The owners' written guarantee to meet the design criteria as accepted by the Department and to abide by Chapter 403, F.S. and the rules of the Department as to the quantities and types of materials to be discharged from the installation. The owner may be required to post an appropriate bond or other equivalent evidence of financial responsibility to guarantee compliance with such conditions in instances where the owner's financial resources are inadequate or proposed control facilities are experimental in nature.
- (2) The construction permit may contain conditions and an expiration date as determined by the Secretary or the Secretary's designee.
- (3) When the Department issues a permit to construct, the permittee shall be allowed a period of time, specified in the permit, to construct, and to operate and test to determine compliance with Chapter 403, F.S., and the rules of the Department and, where applicable, to apply for and receive an operation permit. The Department may require tests and evaluations of the treatment facilities by the permittee at his/her expense.

[Rule 62-4.210, F.A.C.]

14. Not federally enforceable. Operation Permit for New Sources. To properly apply for an operation permit for new sources, the applicant shall submit certification that construction was completed noting any deviations from the conditions in the construction permit and test results where appropriate.

[Rule 62-4.220, F.A.C.]

Chapters 28-106 and 62-110, F.A.C.

- 15. <u>Public Notice. Public Participation, and Proposed Agency Action</u>. The permittee shall comply with all of the requirements for public notice, public participation, and proposed agency action pursuant to Rule 62-110.106 and Rule 62-210.350, F.A.C. [Rules 62-110.106, 62-210.350 and 62-213.430(1)(b), F.A.C.]
- 16. <u>Administrative Hearing</u>. The permittee shall comply with all of the requirements for a petition for administrative hearing or waiver of right to administrative proceeding pursuant to Rules 28-106.201, 28-106.301 and 62-110.106. F.A.C. [Rules 28-106.201, 28-106.301 and 62-110.106, F.A.C.]

Chapter 62-204, F.A.C.

17. Asbestos. This permit does not authorize any demolition or renovation of the facility or its parts or components which involves asbestos removal. This permit does not constitute a waiver of any of the requirements of Chapter 62-257, F.A.C., and 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart M, National Emission Standard for Asbestos, adopted and incorporated by reference in Rule 62-204.800, F.A.C. Compliance with Chapter 62-257, F.A.C., and 40 CFR 61, Subpart M, Section 61.145, is required for any asbestos demolition or renovation at the source.

[40 CFR 61; Rule 62-204.800, F.A.C.; and, Chapter 62-257, F.A.C.]

Chapter 62-210, F.A.C.

- 18. Permits Required. The owner or operator of any emissions unit which emits or can reasonably be expected to emit any air pollutant shall obtain an appropriate permit from the Department prior to beginning construction, modification, or initial or continued operation of the emissions unit unless exempted pursuant to Department rule or statute. All emissions limitations, controls, and other requirements imposed by such permits shall be at least as stringent as any applicable limitations and requirements contained in or enforceable under the State Implementation Plan (SIP) or that are otherwise federally enforceable. Except as provided at Rule 62-213.460, F.A.C., issuance of a permit does not relieve the owner or operator of an emissions unit from complying with any applicable requirements, any emission limiting standards or other requirements of the air pollution rules of the Department or any other such requirements under federal, state, or local law.
- (1) Air Construction Permits.
 - (a) Unless exempt from permitting pursuant to Rule 62-210.300(3)(a) or (b), F.A.C., or Rule 62-4.040, F.A.C., an air construction permit shall be obtained by the owner or operator of any proposed new or modified facility or emissions unit prior to the beginning of construction or modification, in accordance with all applicable provisions of this chapter, Chapter 62-212, F.A.C., and Chapter 62-4, F.A.C. Except as provided under Rule 62-213.415, F.A.C., the owner or operator of any facility seeking to create or change an air emissions bubble shall obtain an air construction permit in accordance with all the applicable provisions of this chapter, Chapter 62-212, F.A.C., and Chapter 62-4, F.A.C. The construction permit shall be issued for a period of time sufficient to allow construction or modification of the facility or emissions unit and operation while the new or modified facility or emissions unit is conducting tests or otherwise demonstrating initial compliance with the conditions of the construction permit.
 - (b) Notwithstanding the expiration of an air construction permit, all limitations and requirements of such permit that are applicable to the design and operation of the permitted facility or emissions unit shall remain in effect until the facility or emissions unit is permanently shut down, except for any such limitation or requirement that is obsolete by its nature (such as a requirement for initial compliance testing) or any such limitation or requirement that is changed in accordance with the provisions of Rule 62-210.300(1)(b)1., F.A.C. Either the applicant or the Department can propose that certain conditions be considered obsolete. Any conditions or language in an air construction permit that are included for informational purposes only, if they are transferred to the air operation permit, shall be transferred for informational purposes only and shall not become enforceable conditions unless voluntarily agreed to by the permittee or otherwise required under Department rules.
 - 1. Except for those limitations or requirements that are obsolete, all limitations and requirements of an air construction permit shall be included and identified in any air operation permit for the facility or emissions unit. The limitations and requirements included in the air operation permit can be changed, and thereby superseded, through the issuance of an air construction permit, federally enforceable state air operation permit, federally enforceable air general permit, or Title V air operation permit; provided, however, that:
 - a. Any change that would constitute an administrative correction may be made pursuant to Rule 62-210.360, F.A.C.;
 - b. Any change that would constitute a modification, as defined at Rule 62-210.200, F.A.C., shall be accomplished only through the issuance of an air construction permit; and
 - c. Any change in a permit limitation or requirement that originates from a permit issued pursuant to 40 CFR 52.21, Rule 62-204.800(10)(d)2., F.A.C., Rule 62-212.400, F.A.C., Rule 62-212.500, F.A.C., or any former codification of Rule 62-212.400 or 62-212.500, F.A.C., shall be accomplished only through the issuance of a new or revised air construction permit under Rule 62-204.800(10)(d)2., F.A.C., 62-212.400 or 62-212.500, F.A.C., as appropriate.
 - 2. The force and effect of any change in a permit limitation or requirement made in accordance with the provisions of Rule 62-210.300(1)(b)1. F.A.C., shall be the same as if such change were made to the original air construction permit.

 3. Nothing in Rule 62-210.300(1)(b), F.A.C., shall be construed as to allow operation of a facility or emissions unit without a valid air operation permit.
- (2) Air Operation Permits. Upon expiration of the air operation permit for any existing facility or emissions unit, subsequent to construction or modification and demonstration of initial compliance with the conditions of the construction permit for any new or modified facility or emissions unit, or as otherwise provided in Chapter 62-210 or Chapter 62-213, the owner or operator of such facility or emissions unit shall obtain a renewal air operation permit, an initial air operation permit, or an administrative correction or revision of an existing air operation permit, whichever is appropriate, in accordance with all applicable provisions of Chapter 62-210, Chapter 62-213, and Chapter 62-4, F.A.C.
 - (a) Minimum Requirements for All Air Operation Permits. At a minimum, a permit issued pursuant to this subsection shall:
 - 1. Specify the manner, nature, volume and frequency of the emissions permitted, and the applicable emission limiting standards or performance standards, if any:
 - 2. Require proper operation and maintenance of any pollution control equipment by qualified personnel, where applicable in accordance with the provisions of any operation and maintenance plan required by the air pollution rules of the Department.

- 3. Contain an effective date stated in the permit which shall not be earlier than the date final action is taken on the application and be issued for a period, beginning on the effective date, as provided below.
 - a. The operation permit for an emissions unit which is in compliance with all applicable rules and in operational condition, and which the owner or operator intends to continue operating, shall be issued or renewed for a five-year period, except that, for Title V sources subject to Rule 62-213.420(1)(a)1., F.A.C., operation permits shall be extended until 60 days after the due date for submittal of the facility's Title V permit application as specified in Rule 62-213.420(1)(a)1., F.A.C.
 - b. Except as provided in Rule 62-210.300(2)(a)3.d., F.A.C., the operation permit for an emissions unit which has been shut down for six months or more prior to the expiration date of the current operation permit, shall be renewed for a period not to exceed five years from the date of shutdown, even if the emissions unit is not maintained in operational condition, provided:
 - (i) the owner or operator of the emissions unit demonstrates to the Department that the emissions unit may need to be reactivated and used, or that it is the owner's or operator's intent to apply to the Department for a permit to construct a new emissions unit at the facility before the end of the extension period; and,
 - (ii) the owner or operator of the emissions unit agrees to and is legally prohibited from providing the allowable emission permitted by the renewed permit as an emissions offset to any other person under Rule 62-212.500, F.A.C.; and,
 - (iii) the emissions unit was operating in compliance with all applicable rules as of the time the source was shut down.
 - c. Except as provided in Rule 62-210.300(2)(a)3.d., F.A.C., the operation permit for an emissions unit which has been shut down for five years or more prior to the expiration date of the current operation permit shall be renewed for a maximum period not to exceed ten years from the date of shutdown, even if the emissions unit is not maintained in operational condition, provided the conditions given in Rule 62-210.300(2)(a)3.b., F.A.C., are met and the owner or operator demonstrates to the Department that failure to renew the permit would constitute a hardship, which may include economic hardship.
 - d. The operation permit for an electric utility generating unit on cold standby or long-term reserve shutdown shall be renewed for a five-year period, and additional five-year periods, even if the unit is not maintained in operational condition, provided the conditions given in Rules 62-210.300(2)(a)3.b.(i) through (iii), F.A.C., are met.
- 4. In the case of an emissions unit permitted pursuant to Rules 62-210.300(2)(a)3.b., c., and d., F.A.C., include reasonable notification and compliance testing requirements for reactivation of such emissions unit and provide that the owner or operator demonstrate to the Department prior to reactivation that such reactivation would not constitute reconstruction pursuant to Rule 62-204.800(7), F.A.C.

[Rules 62-210.300(1) & (2), F.A.C.]

- 19. Not federally enforceable. Notification of Startup. The owner or operator of any emissions unit or facility which has a valid air operation permit and which has been shut down more than one (1) year, shall notify the Department in writing of the intent to start up such emissions unit or facility, a minimum of sixty (60) days prior to the intended startup date.
 - (a) The notification shall include the planned startup date, anticipated emission rates or pollutants released, changes to processes or control devices which will result in changes to emission rates, and any other conditions which may differ from the valid outstanding operation permit.
 - (b) If, due to an emergency, a startup date is not known 60 days prior thereto, the owner shall notify the Department as soon as possible after the date of such startup is ascertained.

[Rule 62-210.300(5), F.A.C.]

20. Emissions Unit Reclassification.

(a) Any emissions unit whose operation permit has been revoked as provided for in Chapter 62-4, F.A.C., shall be deemed permanently shut down for purposes of Rule 62-212.500, F.A.C. Any emissions unit whose permit to operate has expired without timely renewal or transfer may be deemed permanently shut down, provided, however, that no such emissions unit shall be deemed permanently shut down if, within 20 days after receipt of written notice from the Department, the emissions unit owner or operator demonstrates that the permit expiration resulted from inadvertent failure to comply with the requirements of Rule 62-4.090, F.A.C., and that the owner or operator intends to continue the emissions unit in operation, and either submits an application for an air operation permit or complies with permit transfer requirements, if applicable.

(b) If the owner or operator of an emissions unit which is so permanently shut down, applies to the Department for a permit to reactivate or operate such emissions unit, the emissions unit will be reviewed and permitted as a new emissions unit. [Rule 62-210.300(6), F.A.C.]

21. Public Notice and Comment.

- (1) Public Notice of Proposed Agency Action.
 - (a) A notice of proposed agency action on permit application, where the proposed agency action is to issue the permit, shall be published by any applicant for:
 - 1. An air construction permit;
 - 2. An air operation permit, permit renewal or permit revision subject to Rule 62-210.300(2)(b), F.A.C., (i.e., a FESOP), except as provided in Rule 62-210.300(2)(b)1.b., F.A.C.; or
 - 3. An air operation permit, permit renewal, or permit revision subject to Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., except those permit revisions meeting the requirements of Rule 62-213.412(1), F.A.C.
 - (b) The notice required by Rule 62-210.350(1)(a), F.A.C., shall be published in accordance with all otherwise applicable provisions of Rule 62-110.106, F.A.C. A public notice under Rule 62-210.350(1)(a)1., F.A.C., for an air construction permit may be combined with any required public notice under Rule 62-210.350(1)(a)2. or 3., F.A.C., for air operation permits. If such notices are combined, the public notice must comply with the requirements for both notices.
 - (c) Except as otherwise provided at Rules 62-210.350(2) and (5), F.A.C., each notice of intent to issue an air construction permit shall provide a 14-day period for submittal of public comments.
- (2) Additional Public Notice Requirements for Emissions Units Subject to Prevention of Significant Deterioration or Nonattainment Area Preconstruction Review.
 - (a) Before taking final agency action on a construction permit application for any proposed new or modified facility or emissions unit subject to the preconstruction review requirements of Rule 62-212.400 or 62-212.500. F.A.C., the Department shall comply with all applicable provisions of Rule 62-110.106, F.A.C., and provide an opportunity for public comment which shall include as a minimum the following:
 - 1. A complete file available for public inspection in at least one location in the district affected which includes the information submitted by the owner or operator, exclusive of confidential records under Section 403.111, F.S., and the Department's analysis of the effect of the proposed construction or modification on ambient air quality, including the Department's preliminary determination of whether the permit should be approved or disapproved;
 - 2. A 30-day period for submittal of public comments; and,
 - 3. A notice, by advertisement in a newspaper of general circulation in the county affected, specifying the nature and location of the proposed facility or emissions unit, whether BACT or LAER has been determined, the degree of PSD increment consumption expected, if applicable, and the location of the information specified in paragraph 1. above; and notifying the public of the opportunity for submitting comments and requesting a public hearing.
 - (b) The notice provided for in Rule 62-210.350(2)(a)3., F.A.C., shall be prepared by the Department and published by the applicant in accordance with all applicable provisions of Rule 62-110.106, F.A.C., except that the applicant shall cause the notice to be published no later than thirty (30) days prior to final agency action.
 - (c) A copy of the notice provided for in Rule 62-210.350(2)(a)3., F.A.C., shall also be sent by the Department to the Regional Office of the U. S. Environmental Protection Agency and to all other state and local officials or agencies having cognizance over the location of such new or modified facility or emissions unit, including local air pollution control agencies, chief executives of city or county government, regional land use planning agencies, and any other state, Federal Land Manager, or Indian Governing Body whose lands may be affected by emissions from the new or modified facility or emissions unit.
 - (d) A copy of the notice provided for in Rule 62-210.350(2)(a)3., F.A.C., shall be displayed in the appropriate district, branch and local program offices.
 - (e) An opportunity for public hearing shall be provided in accordance with Chapter 120, F.S., and Rule 62-110.106, F.A.C.
 - (f) Any public comments received shall be made available for public inspection in the location where the information specified in Rule 62-210.350(2)(a)1.. F.A.C., is available and shall be considered by the Department in making a final determination to approve or deny the permit.
 - (g) The final determination shall be made available for public inspection at the same location where the information specified in Rule 62-210.350(2)(a)1., F.A.C., was made available.

- (h) For a proposed new or modified emissions unit which would be located within 100 kilometers of any Federal Class I area or whose emissions may affect any Federal Class I area, and which would be subject to the preconstruction review requirements of Rule 62-212.400, F.A.C., or Rule 62-212.500, F.A.C.:
 - 1. The Department shall mail or transmit to the Administrator a copy of the initial application for an air construction permit and notice of every action related to the consideration of the permit application.
 - 2. The Department shall mail or transmit to the Federal Land Manager of each affected Class I area a copy of any written notice of intent to apply for an air construction permit; the initial application for an air construction permit, including all required analyses and demonstrations; any subsequently submitted information related to the application; the preliminary determination and notice of proposed agency action on the permit application; and any petition for an administrative hearing regarding the application or the Department's proposed action. Each such document shall be mailed or transmitted to the Federal Land Manager within fourteen (14) days after its receipt by the Department.
- (3) Additional Public Notice Requirements for Facilities Subject to Operation Permits for Title V Sources.
 - (a) Before taking final agency action to issue a new, renewed, or revised air operation permit subject to Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., the Department shall comply with all applicable provisions of Rule 62-110.106, F.A.C., and provide an opportunity for public comment which shall include as a minimum the following:
 - 1. A complete file available for public inspection in at least one location in the district affected which includes the information submitted by the owner or operator, exclusive of confidential records under Section 403.111, F.S.; and,
 - 2. A 30-day period for submittal of public comments.
 - (b) The notice provided for in Rule 62-210.350(3)(a), F.A.C., shall be prepared by the Department and published by the applicant in accordance with all applicable provisions of Rule 62-110.106, F.A.C., except that the applicant shall cause the notice to be published no later than thirty (30) days prior to final agency action.
 - (c) The notice shall identify:
 - 1. The facility;
 - 2. The name and address of the office at which processing of the permit occurs;
 - 3. The activity or activities involved in the permit action;
 - 4. The emissions change involved in any permit revision;
 - 5. The name, address, and telephone number of a Department representative from whom interested persons may obtain additional information, including copies of the permit draft, the application, and all relevant supporting materials, including any permit application, compliance plan, permit, monitoring report, and compliance statement required pursuant to Chapter 62-213, F.A.C. (except for information entitled to confidential treatment pursuant to Section 403.111, F.S.), and all other materials available to the Department that are relevant to the permit decision;
 - 6. A brief description of the comment procedures required by Rule 62-210.350(3), F.A.C.;
 - 7. The time and place of any hearing that may be held, including a statement of procedure to request a hearing (unless a hearing has already been scheduled); and,
 - 8. The procedures by which persons may petition the Administrator to object to the issuance of the proposed permit after expiration of the Administrator's 45-day review period.

[Rule 62-210.350, F.A.C.]

22. Administrative Permit Corrections.

- (1) A facility owner shall notify the Department by letter of minor corrections to information contained in a permit. Such notifications shall include:
 - (a) Typographical errors noted in the permit;
 - (b) Name, address or phone number change from that in the permit;
 - (c) A change requiring more frequent monitoring or reporting by the permittee;
 - (d) Changes listed at 40 CFR 72.83(a)(1), (2), (6), (9) and (10), hereby adopted and incorporated by reference, to Title V sources subject to emissions limitations or reductions pursuant to 42 USC ss. 7651-76510;
 - (e) Changes listed at 40 CFR 72.83(a)(11), hereby adopted and incorporated by reference, to Title V sources subject to emissions limitations or reductions pursuant to 42 USC ss. 7651-76510, provided the notification is accompanied by a copy of any EPA determination concerning the similarity of the change to those listed at Rule 62-210.360(1)(d), F.A.C.; and
 - (f) Any other similar minor administrative change at the source.
- (2) Upon receipt of any such notification the Department shall within 60 days correct the permit and provide a corrected copy to the owner.
- (3) After first notifying the owner, the Department shall correct any permit in which it discovers errors of the types listed at Rule 62-210.360(1)(a) and (b), F.A.C., and provide a corrected copy to the owner.
- (4) For Title V source permits, other than general permits, a copy of the corrected permit shall be provided to EPA and any approved local air program in the county where the facility or any part of the facility is located.

(5) The Department shall incorporate requirements resulting from issuance of a new or revised construction permit into an existing Title V source permit, if the construction permit or permit revision incorporates requirements of federally enforceable preconstruction review, and if the applicant requests at the time of application that all of the requirements of Rule 62-213.430(1), F.A.C., be complied with in conjunction with the processing of the construction permit application.

[Rule 62-210.360, F.A.C.]

23. Reports.

- (3) Annual Operating Report for Air Pollutant Emitting Facility.
 - (a) The Annual Operating Report for Air Pollutant Emitting Facility (DEP Form No. 62-210.900(5)) shall be completed each year.
 - (c) The annual operating report shall be submitted to the appropriate Department District or Department approved local air pollution control program office by March 1 of the following year unless otherwise indicated by permit condition or Department request.

[Rule 62-210.370(3), F.A.C.]

24. <u>Circumvention</u>. No person shall circumvent any air pollution control device, or allow the emission of air pollutants without the applicable air pollution control device operating properly.

[Rule 62-210.650, F.A.C.]

- 25. Forms and Instructions. The forms used by the Department in the stationary source control program are adopted and incorporated by reference in this section. The forms are listed by rule number, which is also the form number, with the subject, title and effective date. Forms 62-210.900(1).(3),(4) and (5), F.A.C., including instructions, are available from the Department as hard-copy documents or executable files on computer diskettes. Copies of forms (hard-copy or diskette) may be obtained by writing to the Department of Environmental Protection. Division of Air Resources Management, 2600 Blair Stone Road, Tallahassee. Florida 32399-2400. Notwithstanding the requirement of Rule 62-4.050(2), F.A.C., to file application forms in quadruplicate, if an air permit application is submitted using the Department's electronic application form, only one copy of the diskette and signature pages is required to be submitted.
- (1) Application for Air Permit Title V Source, Form and Instructions (Effective 2-11-99).
 - (a) Acid Rain Part (Phase II), Form and Instructions (Effective 7-1-95).
 - 1. Repowering Extension Plan, Form and Instructions (Effective 7-1-95).
 - 2. New Unit Exemption, Form and Instructions (Effective 7-1-95).
 - 3. Retired Unit Exemption, Form and Instructions (Effective 7-1-95).
 - 4. Phase II NOx Compliance Plan, Form and Instructions (Effective 1-6-98).
 - 5. Phase II NOx Averaging Plan, Form (Effective 1-6-98).
 - (b) Reserved.
- (5) Annual Operating Report for Air Pollutant Emitting Facility, Form and Instructions (Effective 2-11-99). [Rule 62-210.900, F.A.C.]

Chapter 62-213. F.A.C.

26. Annual Emissions Fee. Each Title V source permitted to operate in Florida must pay between January 15 and March 1 of each year, upon written notice from the Department, an annual emissions fee in accordance with Rule 62-213.205, F.A.C., and the appropriate form and associated instructions.

[Rules 62-213.205 and 62-213.900(1), F.A.C.]

27. <u>Annual Emissions Fee</u>. Failure to pay timely any required annual emissions fee, penalty, or interest constitutes grounds for permit revocation pursuant to Rule 62-4.100, F.A.C.

[Rule 62-213.205(1)(g), F.A.C.]

28. <u>Annual Emissions Fee.</u> Any documentation of actual hours of operation, actual material or heat input, actual production amount, or actual emissions used to calculate the annual emissions fee shall be retained by the owner for a minimum of five (5) years and shall be made available to the Department upon request.

[Rule 62-213.205(1)(j), F.A.C.]

29. Annual Emissions Fee. A completed DEP Form 62-213.900(1), F.A.C., "Major Air Pollution Source Annual Emissions Fee Form", must be submitted by the responsible official with the annual emissions fee. [Rule 62-213.205(1)(k), F.A.C.]

- 30. <u>Air Operation Permit Fees.</u> After December 31, 1992, no permit application processing fee, renewal fee, modification fee or amendment fee is required for an operation permit for a Title V source. [Rule 62-213.205(4), F.A.C.]
- 31. Permits and Permit Revisions Required. All Title V sources are subject to the permit requirements of Chapter 62-213, F.A.C.
- (1) No Title V source may operate except in compliance with Chapter 62-213, F.A.C.
- (2) Except as provided in Rule 62-213.410, F.A.C., no source with a permit issued under the provisions of this chapter shall make any changes in its operation without first applying for and receiving a permit revision if the change meets any of the following:
 - (a) Constitutes a modification;
 - (b) Violates any applicable requirement;
 - (c) Exceeds the allowable emissions of any air pollutant from any unit within the source;
 - (d) Contravenes any permit term or condition for monitoring, testing, recordkeeping, reporting or of a compliance certification requirement;
 - (e) Requires a case-by-case determination of an emission limitation or other standard or a source specific determination of ambient impacts. or a visibility or increment analysis under the provisions of Chapters 62-212 or 62-296, F.A.C.;
 - (f) Violates a permit term or condition which the source has assumed for which there is no corresponding underlying applicable requirement to which the source would otherwise be subject;
 - (g) Results in the trading of emissions among units within a source except as specifically authorized pursuant to Rule 62-213.415, F.A.C.
 - (h) Results in the change of location of any relocatable facility identified as a Title V source pursuant to paragraph (a)-(e), (g) or (h) of the definition of "major source of air pollution" at Rule 62-210,200, F.A.C
 - (i) Constitutes a change at an Acid Rain Source under the provisions of 40 CFR 72.81(a)(1),(2),or (3),(b)(1) or (b)(3), hereby incorporated by reference;
 - (j) Constitutes a change in a repowering plan, nitrogen oxides averaging plan, or nitrogen oxides compliance deadline extension at an Acid Rain Source.
 - (k) Is a request for exemption pursuant to Rule 62-214.340, F.A.C.

[Rule 62-213.400(1) & (2), F.A.C.]

- 32. Changes Without Permit Revision. Title V sources having a valid permit issued pursuant to Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., may make the following changes without permit revision, provided that sources shall maintain source logs or records to verify periods of operation in each alternative method of operation:
- (1) Permitted sources may change among those alternative methods of operation allowed by the source's permit as provided by the terms of the permit;
- (2) Permitted sources may implement the terms or conditions of a new or revised construction permit if;
 - (a) The application for construction permit complied with the requirements of Rule 62-213.420(3) and (4), F.A.C.;
 - (b) The terms or conditions were subject to federally enforceable preconstruction review pursuant to Chapter 62-212, F.A.C.; and
 - (c) The new or revised construction permit was issued after the Department and the applicant complied with all the requirements of Rule 62-213.430(1), F.A.C.;
- (3) A permitted source may implement operating changes after the source submits any forms required by any applicable requirement and provides the Department and EPA with at least 7 days written notice prior to implementation. The source and the Department shall attach each notice to the relevant permit;
 - (a) The written notice shall include the date on which the change will occur, and a description of the change within the permitted source, the pollutants emitted and any change in emissions, and any term or condition becoming applicable or no longer applicable as a result of the change;
 - (b) The permit shield described in Rule 62-213.460, F.A.C., shall not apply to such changes;
- (4) Permitted sources may implement changes involving modes of operation only in accordance with Rule 62-213.415, F.A.C. [Rule 62-213.410, F.A.C.]
- 33. Immediate Implementation Pending Revision Process.
- (1) Those permitted Title V sources making any change that constitutes a modification pursuant to the definition of modification at Rule 62-210.200, F.A.C., but which would not constitute a modification pursuant to 42 USC 7412(a) or to 40 CFR 52.01, 60.2, or 61.15, adopted and incorporated by reference at Rule 62-204.800, F.A.C., may implement such change prior to final issuance of a permit revision in accordance with this section, provided the change:
 - (a) Does not violate any applicable requirement;
 - (b) Does not contravene any permit term or condition for monitoring, testing, recordkeeping or reporting, or any compliance certification requirement;