

Florida Department of Environmental Protection

Memorandum

TO: Joseph Kahn, Division of Air Resource Management
THROUGH: Trina Vielhauer, Bureau of Air Regulation
Jon Holtom, Title V Section *JH*
FROM: Tom Cascio *Tom*
DATE: 1/05/09
SUBJECT: Title V Air Operation Permit No. 0990042-004-AV

Florida Power and Light Company
Riviera Plant
Final Title V Air Operation Permit Renewal

The final permit for this project is attached for your approval and signature.

The attached Final Determination identifies issuance of the draft Title V air operation permit, the proposed Title V air operation permit, and summarizes the publication process. There were no comments received from EPA in response to the proposed permit.

I recommend your approval of the attached final permit for this project.

Attachments

NOTICE OF FINAL PERMIT

*In the Matter of an
Application for Permit by:*

Florida Power and Light Company
200-300 Broadway
Riviera Beach, Florida 33404

Permit No. 0990042-004-AV
Riviera Plant
Title V Air Operation Permit Renewal
Palm Beach County

Responsible Official:
Mr. Jeff Smith, Plant General Manager

Enclosed is the final permit package to renew the Title V air operation permit for the Riviera Plant. The existing facility is located in Palm Beach County, at 200-300 Broadway, in Riviera Beach, Florida. This permit is issued pursuant to Chapter 403, Florida Statutes.

Any party to this order has the right to seek judicial review of it under Section 120.68 of the Florida Statutes by filing a notice of appeal under Rule 9.110 of the Florida Rules of Appellate Procedure with the clerk of the Department of Environmental Protection in the Office of General Counsel (Mail Station #35, 3900 Commonwealth Boulevard, Tallahassee, Florida, 32399-3000) and by filing a copy of the notice of appeal accompanied by the applicable filing fees with the appropriate District Court of Appeal. The notice must be filed within 30 days after this order is filed with the clerk of the Department.

Executed in Tallahassee, Florida.

Jonathan Wilton
for Trina L. Vielhauer, Chief
Bureau of Air Regulation

TLV/jkh/tbc

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

The undersigned duly designated deputy agency clerk hereby certifies that this Notice of Final Permit (including the Final Permit and Final Determination), or a link to these documents available electronically on a publicly accessible server, was sent by electronic mail with received receipt requested to the persons listed below:

- Mr. Jeff Smith, Florida Power and Light Company: jeff_smith@fpl.com
- Mr. Kennard Kosky, P.E., Golder Associates: kkosky@golder.com
- Ms. Sheila M. Wilkinson, Florida Power and Light Company: Sheila_Wilkinson@fpl.com
- Mr. James Stormer, Palm Beach County Health Department: james_stormer@doh.state.fl.us
- Ms. Katy Forney, US EPA Region 4: forney.kathleen@epa.gov
- Ms. Ana Oquendo, US EPA Region 4: oquendo.ana@epa.gov
- Ms. Barbara Friday, DEP BAR: Barbara.Friday@dep.state.fl.us (for posting with U.S. EPA, Region 4)
- Ms. Victoria Gibson, DEP BAR: victoria.gibson@dep.state.fl.us (for reading file)

Clerk Stamp

FILING AND ACKNOWLEDGMENT FILED, on this date,
pursuant to Section 120.52(7), Florida Statutes, with the
designated agency clerk, receipt of which is hereby
acknowledged

Barbara Friday 1/5/09
(Clerk) (Date)

FINAL DETERMINATION

PERMITTEE

Florida Power and Light Company
200-300 Broadway
Riviera Beach, Florida 33404

PERMITTING AUTHORITY

Florida Department of Environmental Protection (Department)
Division of Air Resource Management
Bureau of Air Regulation, Title V Section
2600 Blair Stone Road, MS #5505
Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400

PROJECT

Permit No. 0990042-004-AV
Riviera Plant

The purpose of this project is to renew the Title V air operation permit for the Riviera Plant.

NOTICE AND PUBLICATION

The Department distributed an Intent to Issue a Title V Air Operation Permit Renewal package on November 18, 2008. The applicant published the Public Notice of Intent to Issue a Title V Air Operation Permit Renewal in the Palm Beach Post on December 2, 2008. The Department received the proof of publication on December 8, 2008.

COMMENTS

No comments on the proposed permit were received from the EPA Region 4 Office.

CONCLUSION

The final action of the Department is to issue the permit with no changes.

STATEMENT OF BASIS

Title V Air Operation Permit Renewal Permit No. 0990042-004-AV

APPLICANT

The applicant for this project is Florida Power and Light Company. The applicant's responsible official and mailing address are: Mr. Jeff Smith, Plant General Manager, Florida Power and Light Company, Riviera Plant, 200-300 Broadway, Riviera Beach, Florida 33404.

FACILITY DESCRIPTION

The applicant operates the Riviera Plant, which is located at 200-300 Broadway, Riviera Beach, Florida.

This existing facility consists of two fossil fuel steam generators, Unit 3 and Unit 4, each rated at 300 megawatts (MW) (315 MW gross capacity) output. The steam generators each burn a variable combination of No. 6 fuel oil, No. 2 fuel oil, natural gas, propane, used oil from Florida Power and Light Company operations, and expired fuel oil samples from the company's central laboratory, discharging pollutants through a stack 298 feet above ground level. Each unit is a Foster-Wheeler outdoor type boiler, equipped with low nitrogen oxides (NO_x) burners and Research-Cottrell multiple cyclones with ash re-injection, with a General Electric Company steam turbine that drives an oil and hydrogen-cooled 300 MW class generator with capability of 315 MW.

The facility had at one time operated a 75 MW steam generating unit, Unit 2, which is no longer in service. This unit was last operated for power production in 1985. Its operating permit was surrendered by letter dated July 7, 1997. The unit is permanently retired under the federal Acid Rain Program.

Also included in this permit are miscellaneous unregulated/insignificant emissions units and/or activities.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The purpose of this permitting project is to renew the existing Title V permit for the above referenced facility.

PRIMARY REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

Title III: The facility is identified as a major source of hazardous air pollutants (HAP).

Title IV: The facility operates units subject to the acid rain provisions of the Clean Air Act.

Title V: The facility is a Title V major source of air pollution in accordance with Chapter 62-213, Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.).

PSD: The facility is a Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD)-major source of air pollution in accordance with Rule 62-212.400, F.A.C.

CAM: Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) does not apply to any of the units at the facility for the following reasons. There are no add-on pollution control devices for nitrogen oxides and sulfur dioxide. Compliance with the emission limits is demonstrated using continuous emissions monitoring systems (CEMS). Regarding particulate matter, the mechanical dust collectors are excluded from CAM, because they are (a) inherent process equipment contained entirely within the flue ductwork, (b) use a passive method of particulate matter separation from the flue gas stream, (c) recover unburned carbon and ash from the flue gas system, and (d) have no moving parts, no control inputs, nor any controllable parameters.

PROJECT REVIEW

Minor changes were made to the facility's existing Title V Air Operation Permit. These included reformatting of specific conditions, replacement of TV-4 with new Appendix TV, and streamlining of emissions unit sections by moving common conditions to the new appendices. Based on a review of the application and subsequent ambient modeling by personnel at the Palm Beach County Health Department, violations of the sulfur dioxide ambient air quality standards were predicted. Pursuant to Rule 62-204.220(2), F.A.C., the Department shall not issue an air

STATEMENT OF BASIS

permit to any source that causes or contributes to a violation of an ambient air quality standard established under Rule 62-204.240, F.A.C. As required by the modeling results and upon agreement by the applicant, the SO₂ limit for units 3 and 4 has been reduced from 2.75 pounds per million British thermal unit (lbs/MMBtu) to 1.3 lbs/MMBtu heat input for the 24-hour average and 1.9 lb/MMBtu heat input for the 3-hour average. Specific conditions in the Title V air operation permit were changed as follows:

A.9. Sulfur Dioxide. To avoid modeled violations of the ambient air quality standards established under Rule 62-204.240, F.A.C., sulfur dioxide emissions shall not exceed ~~2.75~~ 1.3 pounds per million Btu (lb/MMBtu) heat input for the 24-hour average and 1.9 lb/MMBtu heat input for the 3-hour average, as measured by applicable compliance methods. Compliance shall be based on the total heat input from all liquid and gaseous fuels burned. The sulfur dioxide emission limitation shall apply at all times including startup, shutdown, and load change. [Rules 62-213.440 and ~~62-296.405(1)(e)1-j,~~ 62-204.220, F.A.C.]

A.14. Sulfur Dioxide. The owner or operator of the emission units shall demonstrate compliance with the sulfur dioxide limit of this permit by the following:

- Through the use of a continuous emission monitoring system (CEMS) installed, calibrated, operated and maintained in accordance with the quality assurance requirements of 40 CFR 75, adopted and incorporated by reference in Rule 62-204.800, F.A.C. A Relative Accuracy Test Audit (RATA) of the SO₂ CEMS shall be conducted no less than annually. Compliance shall be demonstrated based on a 3-hour rolling average.
- In the event the CEMS becomes temporarily inoperable or interrupted, the fuels and the maximum fuel oil to natural gas firing ratio that shall be used is limited to that which was last used to demonstrate compliance prior to the loss of the CEMS, or the emissions units shall fuel switch and be fired with a fuel oil containing a maximum sulfur content of ~~2.5~~ 1.18 %, by weight, or less.
- When burning 100% fuel oil, the emissions units shall be fired with a fuel oil containing a maximum sulfur content of ~~2.5~~ 1.18 %, by weight, or less.

[Rules 62-213.440, 62-204.800 and 62-296.405(1)(c)3., F.A.C.]

A.24. Operating Conditions During Testing - PM and VE. Compliance testing during soot blowing and steady-state operation for particulate matter and visible emissions shall be conducted at least once annually, if liquid fuel is fired for more than 400 hours. A visible emissions test shall be conducted during one run of each particulate matter test. ~~Testing shall be conducted as follows:~~

- ~~When Burning Fuel Oil Up To 2.5% Sulfur.~~ When only fuel oil containing less than or equal to 2.5% sulfur, by weight, is fired (or co-fired with natural gas) in an emissions unit, ~~particulate matter and visible emissions tests during soot blowing and steady-state operation shall be performed on such emissions unit while firing solely fuel oil containing at least 90% of the average sulfur content of the fuel oils fired in the previous 12 month period, except that such test shall not be required to be performed during any year that testing is performed in accordance with specific condition A.24.b.~~
- ~~When Burning Fuel Oil Greater Than 2.5% Sulfur.~~ If fuel oil containing greater than 2.5% sulfur, by weight, is co-fired with natural gas in an emissions unit, ~~particulate matter and visible emissions tests during soot blowing and steady-state operation shall be performed as soon as practicable, but in no event more than 60 days after firing such fuel oil, while co-firing such oil with the appropriate proportion of natural gas required to maintain SO₂ emissions between 90 to 100% of the SO₂ emission limit (corresponding to 2.475 and 2.75 lb/MMBtu heat input). Following successful completion of such PM and VE testing, further PM and VE testing shall not be required during the next 12 months unless fuel oil is fired that contains greater than 0.20% sulfur above the percentage sulfur concentration fired during the most recent co-firing test. If fuel oil is co-fired containing greater than 0.20% sulfur above the percentage sulfur concentration fired during the most recent co-firing test, additional PM and VE tests shall be performed as described above as soon as practicable, but in no event more than 60 days after firing such higher sulfur fuel oil.~~

[Rules 62-4.070(3), 62-213.440, 62-296.405(1)(c)3. and 62-297.310(7)(a), F.A.C.]

STATEMENT OF BASIS

CONCLUSION

This project renews Title V air operation permit No. 0990042-003-AV, which was issued on January 1, 2004. This Title V air operation permit renewal is issued under the provisions of Chapter 403, Florida Statutes (F.S.), and Chapters 62-4, 62-210 and 62-213, F.A.C. In accordance with the terms and conditions of this permit, the above named permittee is hereby authorized to operate the facility as shown on the application and approved drawings, plans, and other documents, on file with the permitting authority.

**Florida Power and Light Company
Riviera Plant
Facility ID No. 0990042
Palm Beach County**

Title V Air Operation Permit Renewal

Final Permit No. 0990042-004-AV
(Renewal of Title V Air Operation Permit No. 0990042-003-AV)

Permitting Authority

State of Florida
Department of Environmental Protection
Division of Air Resource Management
Bureau of Air Regulation
Title V Section

Mail Station #5505
2600 Blair Stone Road
Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400

Telephone: 850/488-0114
Fax: 850/921-9533

Compliance Authority

State of Florida
Palm Beach County Health Department

Air Section
901 Evernia Street
Post Office Box 29
West Palm Beach, FL 33401

Telephone: 561/355-3070
Fax: 561/355-2442

Title V Air Operation Permit Renewal

Permit No. 0990042-004-AV

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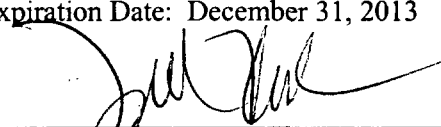
Florida Power and Light Company
200-300 Broadway
Riviera Beach, Florida 33404

Permit No. 0990042-004-AV
Riviera Plant
Facility ID No. 0990042
Title V Air Operation Permit Renewal

The purpose of this permit is to renew the Title V air operation permit for the above referenced facility. The existing Riviera Plant is located at 200-300 Broadway, Riviera Beach, in Palm Beach County. UTM coordinates are: Zone 17, 594.249 km East and 2960.632 km North. Latitude is: 26° 45' 55" North; and, Longitude is: 80° 03' 09" West.

The Title V air operation permit is issued under the provisions of Chapter 403, Florida Statutes (F.S.), and Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.) Chapters 62-4, 62-210, 62-213 and 62-214. The above named permittee is hereby authorized to operate the facility shown on the application and approved drawings, plans, and other documents, attached hereto or on file with the permitting authority, in accordance with the terms and conditions of this permit.

Effective Date: January 1, 2009
Renewal Application Due Date: May 20, 2013
Expiration Date: December 31, 2013



Joseph Kahn, Director
Division of Air Resource Management

JK/tlv/jkh/tbc

SECTION I. FACILITY INFORMATION.

Subsection A. Facility Description.

This facility consists of two fossil fuel steam generators, Unit 3 and Unit 4, each rated at 300 megawatts (MW) (315 MW gross capacity) output. The steam generators each burn a variable combination of No. 6 fuel oil, No. 2 fuel oil, natural gas, propane, used oil from Florida Power and Light Company operations, and expired fuel oil samples from the company's central laboratory, discharging pollutants through a stack 298 feet above ground level. Each unit is a Foster-Wheeler outdoor type boiler, equipped with low nitrogen oxides (NO_x) burners and Research-Cottrell multiple cyclones with ash re-injection, with a General Electric Company steam turbine that drives an oil and hydrogen-cooled 300 MW class generator with capability of 315 MW. The facility had at one time operated a 75 MW steam generating unit, Unit 2, which is no longer in service. This unit was last operated for power production in 1985. Its operating permit was surrendered by letter dated July 7, 1997. The unit is permanently retired under the federal Acid Rain Program.

Subsection B. Summary of Emissions Units.

EU No.	Brief Description
<i>Regulated Emissions Units</i>	
003	Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 3
004	Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 4
<i>Unregulated Emissions Units and Activities</i>	
005	Painting and solvent cleaning
006	Emergency diesel generator, and mobile equipment and engines

Subsection C. Applicable Regulations.

Based on the Title V air operation permit renewal application received June 26, 2008, this facility is a major source of hazardous air pollutants (HAP). This facility is classified as a Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) major facility. A summary of applicable regulations is shown in the following table.

Regulation	EU No(s).
40 CFR 75 Acid Rain Monitoring Provisions	003 and 004
State Rule Citations	
Rule 62-4, Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.) (Permitting Requirements)	
Rule 62-204, F.A.C. (Ambient Air Quality Requirements, PSD Increments, and Federal Regulations Adopted by Reference)	
Rule 62-210, F.A.C. (Permits Required, Public Notice, Reports, Stack Height Policy, Circumvention, Excess Emissions, and Forms)	
Rule 62-212, F.A.C. (Preconstruction Review, PSD Review and Best Available Control Technology (BACT))	
Rule 62-213, F.A.C. (Title V Air Operation Permits for Major Sources of Air Pollution)	
Rule 62-214, F.A.C. (Requirements For Sources Subject To The Federal Acid Rain Program)	
Rule 62-296, F.A.C. (Emission Limiting Standards)	
Rule 62-297, F.A.C. (Test Methods and Procedures, Continuous Monitoring Specifications, and Alternate Sampling Procedures)	

SECTION II. FACILITY-WIDE CONDITIONS.

The following conditions apply facility-wide to all emission units and activities:

FW1. Appendices. The permittee shall comply with all documents identified in Section V, Appendices; listed in the Table of Contents. Each document is an enforceable part of this permit unless otherwise indicated. [Rule 62-213.440, F.A.C.]

Emissions and Controls

FW2. Objectionable Odor Prohibited. No person shall cause, suffer, allow or permit the discharge of air pollutants, which cause or contribute to an objectionable odor. An "objectionable odor" means any odor present in the outdoor atmosphere which by itself or in combination with other odors, is or may be harmful or injurious to human health or welfare, which unreasonably interferes with the comfortable use and enjoyment of life or property, or which creates a nuisance. [Rule 62-296.320(2) and 62-210.200 (Definitions), F.A.C.]

FW3. General Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) Emissions or Organic Solvents (OS) Emissions. The permittee shall allow no person to store, pump, handle, process, load, unload or use in any process or installation, volatile organic compounds or organic solvents without applying known and existing vapor emission control devices or systems deemed necessary and ordered by the Department. Nothing is deemed necessary and ordered at this time. [Rule 62-296.320(1)(a), F.A.C.]

FW4. General Visible Emissions. No person shall cause, let, permit, suffer or allow to be discharged into the atmosphere the emissions of air pollutants from any activity equal to or greater than 20% opacity. EPA Method 9 is the method of compliance pursuant to Chapter 62-297, F.A.C. This regulation does not impose a specific testing requirement. [Rule 62-296.320(4)(b)1, F.A.C.]

FW5. Unconfined Particulate Matter. Reasonable precautions to prevent emissions of unconfined particulate matter at this facility include:

- a. Paving of roads, parking areas, and equipment yards;
- b. Landscaping and planting vegetation;
- c. Use of thick poly flaps over the doorways to prevent any sandblasting material from leaving the sandblasting facility. The facility also constructs temporary sandblasting enclosures when necessary, in order to perform sandblasting on fixed plant equipment;
- d. Maintenance of paved roads as needed;
- e. Regular mowing of grass and care of vegetation;
- f. Limiting access to plant property by unnecessary vehicles;
- g. Bagged chemical products are stored in weather-tight buildings until they are used. Spills of any powered chemical products are cleaned up as soon as practicable; and,
- h. Vehicles are restricted to slow speeds on the plant site.

[Rule 62-296.320(4)(c)2., F.A.C.; and provided by the applicant in Title V air operation permit renewal application received June 26, 2008.]

Annual Reports and Fees

See Appendix RR, Facility-wide Reporting Requirements for additional details.

FW6. Annual Operating Report. The permittee shall submit an annual report that summarizes the actual operating rates and emissions from this facility. Annual operating reports shall be submitted to the Compliance Authority by May 1st for 2009 and April 1st for each year thereafter. [Rule 62-210.370(3), F.A.C.]

FW7. Annual Emissions Fee Form and Fee. The annual Title V emissions fees are due by March 1st of each year. The completed form and calculated fee shall be submitted to: Major Air Pollution Source Annual Emissions Fee, P.O. Box 3070, Tallahassee, Florida 32315-3070. The forms are available for download by accessing the Title V Annual Emissions Fee On-line Information Center at the following Internet web site: <http://www.dep.state.fl.us/Air/permitting/tvfee.htm>. [Rule 62-213.205, F.A.C.]

SECTION II. FACILITY-WIDE CONDITIONS.

FW8. Annual Statement of Compliance. The permittee shall submit an annual statement of compliance to the compliance authority at the address shown on the cover of this permit within 60 days after the end of each calendar year during which the Title V air operation permit was effective. [Rules 62-213.440(3)(a)2. & 3. and (b), F.A.C.]

FW9. Prevention of Accidental Releases (Section 112(r) of CAA).

- a. As required by Section 112(r)(7)(B)(iii) of the CAA and 40 CFR 68, the owner or operator shall submit an updated Risk Management Plan (RMP) to the Chemical Emergency Preparedness and Prevention Office (CEPPO) RMP Reporting Center.
- b. As required under Section 252.941(1)(c), F.S., the owner or operator shall report to the appropriate representative of the Department of Community Affairs (DCA), as established by department rule, within one working day of discovery of an accidental release of a regulated substance from the stationary source, if the owner or operator is required to report the release to the United States Environmental Protection Agency under Section 112(r)(6) of the CAA.
- c. The owner or operator shall submit the required annual registration fee to the DCA on or before April 1, in accordance with Part IV, Chapter 252, F.S., and Rule 9G-21, F.A.C.
- d. Any required written reports, notifications, certifications, and data required to be sent to the DCA, should be sent to: Department of Community Affairs, Division of Emergency Management, 2555 Shumard Oak Boulevard, Tallahassee, FL 32399-2100, Telephone: (850) 413-9921, Fax: (850) 488-1739.
- e. Any Risk Management Plans, original submittals, revisions, or updates to submittals, should be sent to: RMP Reporting Center, Post Office Box 1515, Lanham-Seabrook, MD 20703-1515, Telephone: (301) 429-5018.

Any required reports to be sent to the National Response Center, should be sent to: National Response Center, EPA Office of Solid Waste and Emergency Response, USEPA (5305 W), 401 M Street SW, Washington, D.C. 20460, Telephone: (800) 424-8802.

Send the required annual registration fee using approved forms made payable to: Cashier, Department of Community Affairs, State Emergency Response Commission, 2555 Shumard Oak Boulevard, Tallahassee, FL 32399-2149

[Part IV, Chapter 252, F.S.; and, Rule 9G-21, F.A.C.]

FW10. Clean Air Interstate Rule (CAIR) Applicable Units. This facility contains emissions units that are subject to CAIR. On July 11, 2008, the U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia recommended vacatur of the Clean Air Interstate Rule. Because of this decision, the applicable CAIR requirements that were identified in the renewal application are not being included in the permit at this time. If, and at such time that, CAIR is ultimately upheld, you must begin complying with the CAIR program requirements contained in the renewal application and the Title V air operation permit must be revised accordingly. [Rules 62-213.440 and 62-296.470, F.A.C.]

SECTION III. EMISSIONS UNITS AND CONDITIONS.
FOSSIL FUEL STEAM GENERATORS, UNIT 3 AND UNIT 4.

The specific conditions in this section apply to the following emissions units:

EU No.	Brief Description
003	Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 3
004	Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 4

Fossil fuel fired steam generators Unit 3 and Unit 4 are each nominal 300 megawatts (315 MW gross capacity) (electric) steam generators. Each emissions unit consists of a boiler which drives a turbine generator. Emissions are controlled with low NO_x burners and multiple cyclones with ash re-injection. Each unit is equipped with a 298 foot stack with an exit diameter of 16 feet. Unit 3 flow rate is 1,063,401 actual cubic feet per minute (acfm), exit velocity is 88.2 feet per second (fps) and exit temperature is 263 °F. Unit 4 flow rate is 1,052,646 acfm, exit velocity is 87.3 fps and exit temperature is 263 °F.

Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) does not apply to these units for the following reasons. There are no add-on pollution control devices for nitrogen oxides and sulfur dioxide. Compliance with the emission limits is demonstrated using continuous emissions monitoring systems (CEMS). Regarding particulate matter, the mechanical dust collectors are excluded from CAM, because they are (a) inherent process equipment contained entirely within the flue ductwork, (b) use a passive method of particulate matter separation from the flue gas stream, (c) recover unburned carbon and ash from the flue gas system, and (d) have no moving parts, no control inputs, nor any controllable parameters.

{Permitting note(s): These emissions units are regulated under Acid Rain, Phase II; and Rule 62-296.405, F.A.C., Fossil Fuel Steam Generators with More than 250 million Btu per Hour Heat Input. Fossil fuel fired steam generator Unit 3 began commercial operation in 1962 and fossil fuel fired steam generator Unit 4 began commercial operation in 1963. These emissions units may inject additives such as magnesium oxide, magnesium hydroxide and related compounds into each boiler.}

Essential Potential to Emit (PTE) Parameters

A.1. Permitted Capacity. The maximum operation heat input rate is as follows:

Unit No.	Million British Thermal Units per Hour (MMBtu/hr) Heat Input*	Fuel Type
003	3260	Natural Gas
	3050	No. 2 or 6 Fuel Oil
004	3260	Natural Gas
	3050	No. 2 or 6 Fuel Oil

*When a blend of fuel oil and natural gas are burned, the heat input is prorated based upon the percent heat input of each fuel.

[Rules 62-4.160(2), 62-204.800, 62-210.200(PTE) and 62-296.405, F.A.C., Revised Operation Permits AO 50-206721 and AO 50-206722, issued August 2, 1993]

{Permitting note: An estimated "real time" heat input value can be calculated for agency compliance inspectors upon request. The averaging time for the estimated heat input will be a 3-hour block that may utilize fuel flow or tank drop data to determine the fuel usage which will be multiplied by the last available heating value of the fuel. If sampling is needed to determine the current heat input value, the adjusted heat input value will be provided to the inspector after test results are received for the heat value of the fuel and a corrected fuel heat input is calculated.}

SECTION III. EMISSIONS UNITS AND CONDITIONS.
FOSSIL FUEL STEAM GENERATORS, UNIT 3 AND UNIT 4.

- A.2. Emissions Unit Operating Rate Limitation After Testing.** See the related testing provisions in Appendix TR, Facility-wide Testing Requirements. [Rule 62-297.310(2), F.A.C.]
- A.3. Methods of Operation. Fuels.**
- a. Startup: The only fuels allowed to be burned are any combination of natural gas or fuel oil, except propane may be utilized for ignition of the main fuel.
 - b. Normal: The only fuels allowed to be burned are any combination of No. 6 fuel oil, No. 2 fuel oil, natural gas, propane, on-specification used oil from Florida Power and Light Company (FPL) operations, and expired fuel oil samples from FPL's Central Laboratory.
- [Rule 62-213.410, F.A.C.; Applicant's request in Title V air operation permit renewal application received June 26, 2008; AO 50-206721, Specific Conditions 1 and 3; and, AO 50-206721, Specific Conditions 1 and 3]
- A.4. Hours of Operation.** These emissions units may operate continuously (8760 hours/year). [Rule 62-210.200(PTE), F.A.C.]

Emission Limitations and Standards

{Permitting Note: The attached Table 1, Summary of Air Pollutant Standards, summarizes information for convenience purposes only. This table does not supersede any of the terms or conditions of this permit.}

Unless otherwise specified, the averaging times for Specific Conditions **A.5.-A.10.** are based on the specified averaging time of the applicable test method.

- A.5. Visible Emissions.** Visible emissions shall not exceed 40 percent opacity. Emissions units governed by this visible emissions standard shall compliance test for particulate matter emissions annually. [Rule 62-296.405(1)(a), F.A.C.; and OGC Case No. 83-0587 & 83-0588, Order dated April 24, 1984]
- A.6. Visible Emissions - Soot Blowing and Load Change.** Visible emissions shall not exceed 60 percent opacity during the 3-hours in any 24 hour period of excess emissions allowed for boiler cleaning (soot blowing) and load change.
- A load change occurs when the operational capacity of a unit is in the 10 percent to 100 percent capacity range, other than startup or shutdown, which exceeds 10 percent of the unit's rated capacity and which occurs at a rate of 0.5 percent per minute or more.
- Visible emissions above 60 percent opacity shall be allowed for not more than 4, six (6)-minute periods, during the 3-hour period of excess emissions allowed by this condition.
- [Rule 62-210.700(3), F.A.C., Note: these units have operational continuous opacity monitors.]
- A.7. Particulate Matter.** Particulate matter emissions shall not exceed 0.1 pound per million Btu heat input, as measured by applicable compliance methods. [Rule 62-296.405(1)(b), F.A.C.]
- A.8. Particulate Matter - Soot Blowing and Load Change.** Particulate matter emissions shall not exceed an average of 0.3 pound per million Btu heat input during the 3-hours in any 24-hour period of excess emissions allowed for boiler cleaning (soot blowing) and load change. [Rule 62-210.700(3), F.A.C.]
- A.9. Sulfur Dioxide.** To avoid modeled violations of the ambient air quality standards established under Rule 62-204.240, F.A.C., sulfur dioxide emissions shall not exceed 1.3 pounds per million Btu (lb/MMBtu) heat input for the 24-hour average and 1.9 lb/MMBtu heat input for the 3-hour average, as measured by applicable compliance methods. Compliance shall be based on the total heat input from all liquid and gaseous fuels burned. The sulfur dioxide emission limitation shall apply at all times including startup, shutdown, and load change. [Rules 62-213.440 and 62-204.220, F.A.C.]

SECTION III. EMISSIONS UNITS AND CONDITIONS.
FOSSIL FUEL STEAM GENERATORS, UNIT 3 AND UNIT 4.

- A.10. Nitrogen Oxides.** Nitrogen oxides emissions shall not exceed 0.50 pounds per million Btu while firing natural gas, and 0.62 pounds per million Btu while firing oil. Compliance shall be demonstrated based on a 30-day rolling average as measured by a CEMS. The CEMS must meet the performance specifications contained in 40 CFR 60, Appendix B, or 40 CFR 75.
[Rules 62-296.570(4)(a)4. and (4)(b)3., F.A.C.; and, Revised Operation Permits AO 50-206721 and AO 50-206722, Issued August 2, 1993]

Excess Emissions

Rule 62-210.700 (Excess Emissions), F.A.C., cannot vary any requirement of an NSPS, NESHAP or Acid Rain program provision.

- A.11. Excess Emissions from Malfunction.** Excess emissions resulting from malfunction shall be permitted provided that best operational practices to minimize emissions are adhered to and the duration of excess emissions shall be minimized but in no case exceed two hours in any 24 hour period unless specifically authorized by the Department for longer duration. [Rule 62-210.700(1), F.A.C.]
- A.12. Excess Emissions Permitted.** Excess emissions resulting from startup or shutdown shall be permitted provided that best operational practices to minimize emissions are adhered to and the duration of excess emissions shall be minimized. (Note: This condition does not apply to Specific Condition A.9.) [Rule 62-210.700(2), F.A.C.]
- A.13. Excess Emissions Prohibited.** Excess emissions which are caused entirely or in part by poor maintenance, poor operation, or any other equipment or process failure which may reasonably be prevented during startup, shutdown or malfunction shall be prohibited. [Rule 62-210.700(4), F.A.C.]

Continuous Monitoring Requirements

- A.14. Sulfur Dioxide.** The owner or operator of the emission units shall demonstrate compliance with the sulfur dioxide limit of this permit by the following:
- a. Through the use of a continuous emission monitoring system (CEMS) installed, calibrated, operated and maintained in accordance with the quality assurance requirements of 40 CFR 75, adopted and incorporated by reference in Rule 62-204.800, F.A.C. A Relative Accuracy Test Audit (RATA) of the SO₂ CEMS shall be conducted no less than annually. Compliance shall be demonstrated based on a 3-hour rolling average.
 - b. In the event the CEMS becomes temporarily inoperable or interrupted, the fuels and the maximum fuel oil to natural gas firing ratio that shall be used is limited to that which was last used to demonstrate compliance prior to the loss of the CEMS, or the emissions units shall fuel switch and be fired with a fuel oil containing a maximum sulfur content of 1.18 %, by weight, or less.
 - c. When burning 100% fuel oil, the emissions units shall be fired with a fuel oil containing a maximum sulfur content of 1.18 %, by weight, or less.
- [Rules 62-213.440, 62-204.800 and 62-296.405(1)(c)3., F.A.C.]
- A.15. COMS for Periodic Monitoring.** The owner or operator has installed continuous opacity monitoring systems (COMS) pursuant to 40 CFR Part 75. The owner or operator shall maintain and operate COMS and shall make and maintain records of opacity measured by the COMS, for purposes of periodic monitoring.
[Rule 62-213.440, F.A.C.; and applicant agreement with EPA on March 3, 1998]

Test Methods and Procedures

{Permitting Note: The attached Table 2, Summary of Compliance Requirements, summarizes information for convenience purposes only. This table does not supersede any of the terms or conditions of this permit.}

SECTION III. EMISSIONS UNITS AND CONDITIONS.
FOSSIL FUEL STEAM GENERATORS, UNIT 3 AND UNIT 4.

A.16. Test Methods. Required tests shall be performed in accordance with the following reference methods.

Method	Description of Method and Comments
1-4	Traverse Points, Velocity and Flow Rate, Gas Analysis, and Moisture Content
3A	Determination of Oxygen and Carbon Dioxide Concentrations in Emissions from Stationary Sources
5, 5B	Method for Determining Particulate Matter Emissions (All PM is assumed to be PM ₁₀ .)
6C	Determination of Sulfur Dioxide Emissions from Stationary Sources
7E	Determination of Nitrogen Oxide Emissions from Stationary Sources
9	Visual Determination of the Opacity of Emissions from Stationary Sources
17	Determination of Particulate Matter Emissions from Stationary Sources
18	Measurement of Gaseous Organic Compound Emissions by Gas Chromatography
19	Determination of Sulfur Dioxide Removal Efficiency and Particulate Matter, Sulfur Dioxide, and Nitrogen Oxides Emission Rates (Optional F-factor method may be used to determine flow rate and gas analysis to calculate mass emissions in lieu of Methods 1-4.)
20	Determination of Nitrogen Oxides, Sulfur Dioxide and Diluent Emissions from Stationary Gas Turbines
25A	Method for Determining Gaseous Organic Concentrations (Flame Ionization)

The above methods are described in 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, and adopted by reference in Rule 62-204.800, F.A.C. No other methods may be used unless prior written approval is received from the Department. [Rules 62-296.405, 62-297.401 and 62-213.440, F.A.C.]

A.17. Annual Tests Required. Except as provided in specific conditions **A.21** through **A.23**, emission testing for particulate matter emissions and visible emissions shall be performed annually, each federal fiscal year, except for units that are not operating because of scheduled maintenance outages and emergency repairs, which will be tested within thirty days of returning to service. [Rules 62-4.070(3) and 62-213.440, F.A.C.]

A.18. Compliance Tests Prior To Renewal. Prior to permit renewal, compliance tests shall be performed for the following pollutants: VE, PM, NO_x and SO₂. [Rule 62-297.310(7)(a)3., F.A.C.]

A.19. DEP Method 9. See Specific Condition **A.16**. The provisions of EPA Method 9 (40 CFR 60, Appendix A) are adopted by reference with the following exceptions:

- a. EPA Method 9, Section 2.4, Recording Observations. Opacity observations shall be made and recorded by a certified observer at sequential fifteen second intervals during the required period of observation.
- b. EPA Method 9, Section 2.5, Data Reduction. For a set of observations to be acceptable, the observer shall have made and recorded, or verified the recording of, at least 90 percent of the possible individual observations during the required observation period. For single-valued opacity standards (e.g., 20 percent opacity), the test result shall be the highest valid six-minute average for the set of observations taken. For multiple-valued opacity standards (e.g., 20 percent opacity, except that an opacity of 40 percent is permissible for not more than two minutes per hour) opacity shall be computed as follows:
 - (1) For the basic part of the standard (i.e., 20 percent opacity) the opacity shall be determined as specified above for a single-valued opacity standard.
 - (2) For the short-term average part of the standard, opacity shall be the highest valid short-term average (i.e., two-minute, three-minute average) for the set of observations taken.

In order to be valid, any required average (i.e., a six-minute or two-minute average) shall be based on all of the valid observations in the sequential subset of observations selected, and the selected subset shall contain at

SECTION III. EMISSIONS UNITS AND CONDITIONS.
FOSSIL FUEL STEAM GENERATORS, UNIT 3 AND UNIT 4.

least 90 percent of the observations possible for the required averaging time. Each required average shall be calculated by summing the opacity value of each of the valid observations in the appropriate subset, dividing this sum by the number of valid observations in the subset, and rounding the result to the nearest whole number. The number of missing observations in the subset shall be indicated in parenthesis after the subset average value. [Rule 62-297.401, F.A.C.]

- A.20. Particulate Matter.** See Specific Condition **A.16**. The test methods for particulate emissions shall be EPA Methods 17, 5, 5B, or 5F, incorporated by reference in Chapter 62-297, F.A.C. The minimum sample volume shall be 30 dry standard cubic feet. EPA Method 5 may be used with filter temperature no more than 320 degrees Fahrenheit. For EPA Method 17, stack temperature shall be less than 375 degrees Fahrenheit. The owner or operator may use EPA Method 5 to demonstrate compliance. EPA Method 3 or 3A shall be used when the oxygen based F-factor, computed according to EPA Method 19, is used in lieu of heat input. Acetone wash shall be used with EPA Method 5 or 17. Particulate testing shall be conducted in accordance with the requirements of specific condition **A.23** of this permit. [Rules 62-213.440, 62-296.405(1)(e)2. and 62-297.401, F.A.C.]
- A.21. Sulfur Dioxide.** See Specific Condition **A.16**. The test methods for sulfur dioxide emissions shall be EPA Methods 6, 6A, 6B, or 6C, incorporated by reference in Chapter 62-297, F.A.C. If the emissions unit obtains an alternate procedure under the provisions of Rule 62-297.620, F.A.C., the procedure shall become a condition of the emissions unit's permit. The Department will retain the authority to require EPA Method 6 or 6C if it has reason to believe that exceedences of the sulfur dioxide emissions limiting standard are occurring. The permittee may use the EPA test methods, referenced above, to **demonstrate compliance using CEMS for sulfur dioxide**. See specific condition **A.14** of this permit. [Rules 62-213.440 and 62-296.405(1)(e)3. & (1)(e)3., F.A.C.]
- A.22. When VE Tests Not Required.** By this permit, annual emissions compliance testing for visible emissions is not required for these emissions units while burning:
- a. only gaseous fuel(s); or
 - b. gaseous fuel(s) in combination with any amount of liquid fuel(s) for less than 400 hours per year; or
 - c. only liquid fuel(s) for less than 400 hours per year.
- [Rule 62-297.310(7)(a)4., F.A.C.]
- A.23. When PM Tests Not Required.** Annual and permit renewal compliance testing for particulate matter emissions is not required for these emissions units while burning:
- a. only gaseous fuel(s); or
 - b. gaseous fuel(s) in combination with any amount of liquid fuel(s) for less than 400 hours per year; or
 - c. only liquid fuel(s) for less than 400 hours per year.
- [Rules 62-297.310(7)(a)3. & 5., F.A.C.; and ASP Number 97-B-01]
- A.24. Operating Conditions During Testing - PM and VE.** Compliance testing during soot blowing and steady-state operation for particulate matter and visible emissions shall be conducted at least once annually, if liquid fuel is fired for more than 400 hours. A visible emissions test shall be conducted during one run of each particulate matter test. Particulate matter and visible emissions tests during soot blowing and steady-state operation shall be performed on such emissions unit while firing solely fuel oil containing at least 90% of the average sulfur content of the fuel oils fired in the previous 12 month period.
[Rules 62-4.070(3), 62-213.440, 62-296.405(1)(c)3. and 62-297.310(7)(a), F.A.C.]
- A.25. Testing While Injecting Additives.** The owner or operator shall conduct emission tests while injecting additives consistent with normal operating practices. [Rule 62-213.440, F.A.C.; and applicant agreement with EPA on March 3, 1998]

SECTION III. EMISSIONS UNITS AND CONDITIONS.
FOSSIL FUEL STEAM GENERATORS, UNIT 3 AND UNIT 4.

A.26. Common Testing Requirements. Unless otherwise specified, tests shall be conducted in accordance with the requirements and procedures specified in Appendix TR, Facility-Wide Testing Requirements, of this permit. [Rule 62-297.310(7), F.A.C.]

Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements

{Permitting Note: See Appendix RR, Facility-Wide Reporting Requirements, for additional reporting requirements.}

A.27. Reporting Schedule. The following reports and notifications shall be submitted to the Compliance Authority:

Report	Reporting Deadline	Related Condition(s)
Fuel Analysis Report	Monthly.	A.29.
Excess Emissions - Malfunctions	Quarterly.	A.30.

A.28. Fuel Records. The owner or operator shall create and maintain for each emission unit hourly records of the amount of each fuel fired, the ratio of fuel oil to natural gas if co-fired, and the heating value and sulfur content of each fuel fired. These records must be of sufficient detail to identify the testing requirements of specific condition A.24, and, when applicable, demonstrate compliance with the requirements of condition A.14, paragraphs b and c, of this permit. Fuel oil heating value and sulfur content shall be determined by taking a daily sample of the fuel fired, combining those samples into a monthly composite, and analyzing a representative sample of the composite. Analysis for sulfur content shall be performed using one of ASTM D2622-94, ASTM D4294-90(95), ASTM D1552-95, ASTM D1266-91, both ASTM D4057-88 and ASTM D129-95, or the latest edition(s). Comparison of the as-fired fuel oil sulfur content shall be made and recorded monthly upon receipt of each monthly composite analysis. [Rules 62-4.070(3), 62-213.410, 62-213.440 and 62-296.405(1)(c)3., F.A.C.]

A.29. Fuel Analyses Report. The owner or operator shall, by the fifteenth day of each month, submit to the Palm Beach County Health Department, Air Section, a report of fuel analyses that are representative of each fuel fired in the preceding month. The report shall document the heating value, the density or specific gravity, and the percent sulfur content by weight of each fuel fired. [Rule 62-4.070(3) and 62-213.440, F.A.C.; AO 50-206721 Specific Condition 3; and AO 50-206722 Specific Condition 3]

A.30. Excess Emissions - Reports. The permittee shall submit to the Palm Beach County Health Department, Air Section, a written report of emissions in excess of emission limiting standards as set forth in Rule 62-296.405(1), F.A.C., for each calendar quarter. The nature and cause of the excess emissions shall be explained. This report does not relieve the owner or operator of the legal liability for violations. All recorded data shall be maintained on file at the facility by the permittee for a period of five years. [Rules 62-213.440 and 62-296.405(1)(g), F.A.C.]

Other Requirements

A.31. Used Oil. Burning of on-specification used oil is allowed at this facility in accordance with all other conditions of this permit and the following additional conditions:

- a. *On-specification Used Oil Allowed as Fuel.* This permit allows the burning of used oil fuel meeting EPA "on-specification" used oil specifications, with a polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB) concentration of less than 50 ppm, originating from Florida Power and Light Company operations. Used oil that does not meet the specifications for on-specification used oil shall not be burned at this facility.

On-specification used oil shall meet the following specifications:

Arsenic shall not exceed 5.0 ppm;

SECTION III. EMISSIONS UNITS AND CONDITIONS.
FOSSIL FUEL STEAM GENERATORS, UNIT 3 AND UNIT 4.

Cadmium shall not exceed 2.0 ppm;
Chromium shall not exceed 10.0 ppm;
Lead shall not exceed 100.0 ppm;
Total halogens shall not exceed 1000 ppm;
Flash point shall not be less than 100 degrees F.

[40 CFR 279, Subpart B.]

- b. *Quantity Limited.* The maximum total quantity of used oil that may be burned in both emissions units is 1.5 million gallons in any consecutive 12-month period.
- c. *Used Oil Containing PCBs Not Allowed.* Used oil containing a PCB concentration of 50 or more ppm shall not be burned at this facility. Used oil shall not be blended to meet this requirement.
- d. *PCB Concentration of 2 to less than 50 ppm.* On-specification used oil with a PCB concentration of 2 to less than 50 ppm shall be burned only at normal source operating temperatures. On-specification used oil with a PCB concentration of 2 to less than 50 ppm shall not be burned during periods of startup or shutdown.
- e. *Testing Required.* The owner or operator shall sample and analyze each batch of used oil to be burned for the following parameters:

Arsenic, cadmium, chromium, lead, total halogens, flash point, and PCB.

Testing (sampling, extraction and analysis) shall be performed using approved methods specified in EPA Publication SW-846 (Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods), or latest edition.
- f. *Record Keeping Required.* The owner or operator shall obtain, make and keep the following records related to the use of used oil in a form suitable for inspection at the facility by the Department: [40 CFR 279.61 and 761.20(e)]
 - (1) The gallons of on-specification used oil received and burned each month. (This record shall be completed no later than the fifteenth day of the succeeding month.)
 - (2) The total gallons of on-specification used oil burned in the preceding consecutive 12-month period. (This record shall be completed no later than the fifteenth day of the succeeding month.)
 - (3) Results of the analyses required above.
- g. *Reporting Required.* The owner or operator shall submit, with the Annual Operation Report form, the analytical results and the total amount of on-specification used oil burned during the previous calendar year.

[Rules 62-4.070(3) and 62-213.440, F.A.C.; and, 40 CFR 279 and 40 CFR 761, unless otherwise noted]

A.32. Burning of Expired Fuel Oil Samples. The burning of bottles made from high density polyethylene (HDPE) containing expired fuel oil samples from FPL facilities that were retained after analysis by FPL's Central Laboratory shall be permitted under the following conditions:

- a. The total annual amount of expired fuel oil samples burned shall not exceed 2.0 barrels of fuel oil.
- b. The total annual amount of HDPE shall not exceed 80 pounds.
- c. The owner or operator shall submit, with the Annual Operation Report form, the total amount of expired fuel oil samples and HDPE burned during the previous calendar year.

[Rule 62-4.070(3), F.A.C.; AO 50-206721; AO 50-206722; and applicant request in Title V air operation permit application received June 12, 1996]

SECTION IV. ACID RAIN PART.

ACID RAIN, PHASE II.

Subsection A. This subsection addresses Acid Rain, Phase II.

Operated by: Florida Power and Light Company
ORIS Code: 0619

The emissions units listed below are regulated under Acid Rain, Phase II.

E.U.

<u>ID No.</u>	<u>Brief Description</u>
003	Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 3
004	Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 4

A.1. Application. The Phase II Acid Rain Part application submitted for this facility, as approved by the Department, is a part of this permit. The owners and operators of these Phase II acid rain units must comply with the standard requirements and special provisions set forth in the application listed below:

- a. DEP Form No. 62-210.900(1)(a), dated 06/10/08, received 06/26/08.
[Chapter 62-213, F.A.C. and Rule 62-214.320, F.A.C.]

A.2. Allowance Allocations. Sulfur dioxide (SO₂) allowance allocations for each Acid Rain unit are as follows:

E.U. ID No.	EPA ID	Year	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
003	PRV3	SO ₂ allowances, under Table 2 of 40 CFR 73	3573*	3580*	3580*	3580*	3580*
004	PRV4	SO ₂ allowances, under Table 2 of 40 CFR 73	3545*	3551*	3551*	3551*	3551*

* The number of allowances held by an Acid Rain source in a unit account may differ from the number allocated by the USEPA under Table 2 of 40 CFR 73.

A.3. Emission Allowances. Emissions from sources subject to the Federal Acid Rain Program (Title IV) shall not exceed any allowances that the source lawfully holds under the Federal Acid Rain Program. Allowances shall not be used to demonstrate compliance with a non-Title IV applicable requirement of the Act.

- a. No permit revision shall be required for increases in emissions that are authorized by allowances acquired pursuant to the Federal Acid Rain Program, provided that such increases do not require a permit revision pursuant to Rule 62-213.400(3), F.A.C.
- b. No limit shall be placed on the number of allowances held by the source under the Federal Acid Rain Program.
- c. Allowances shall be accounted for under the Federal Acid Rain Program.
[Rule 62-213.440(1)(c)1., 2. & 3., F.A.C.]

A.4. Other Considerations. Comments, notes, and justifications: None.

**SECTION IV. ACID RAIN PART.
ACID RAIN, PHASE II.**

Acid Rain Part Application

For more information, see instructions and refer to 40 CFR 72.30, 72.31, and 74; and Chapter 62-214, F.A.C.

This submission is: New Revised Renewal

STEP 1

Identify the source by plant name, state, and ORIS or plant code.

Plant name Riviera	State Florida	0619 ORIS/Plant Code
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STEP 2

Enter the unit ID# for every Acid Rain unit at the Acid Rain source in column "a."

If unit a SO₂ Opt-in unit, enter "yes" in column "b".

For new units or SO₂ Opt-in units, enter the requested information in columns "d" and "e."

a	b	c	d	e
Unit ID#	SO ₂ Opt-in Unit? (Yes or No)	Unit will hold allowances in accordance with 40 CFR 72.9(c)(1)	New or SO ₂ Opt-in Units Commence Operation Date	New or SO ₂ Opt-in Units Monitor Certification Deadline
PRV2	NO	Yes	N/A	N/A
PRV3	NO	Yes	N/A	N/A
PRV4	NO	Yes	N/A	N/A
		Yes		
		Yes		
		Yes		
		Yes		
		Yes		
		Yes		
		Yes		
		Yes		
		Yes		

SECTION IV. ACID RAIN PART.
ACID RAIN, PHASE II.

Plant Name (from STEP 1) Riviera

STEP 3

**Read the
standard
requirements.**

Acid Rain Part Requirements.

- (1) The designated representative of each Acid Rain source and each Acid Rain unit at the source shall:
 - (i) Submit a complete Acid Rain Part application (including a compliance plan) under 40 CFR Part 72 and Rules 62-214 320 and 330, F.A.C., in accordance with the deadlines specified in Rule 62-214 320, F.A.C., and
 - (ii) Submit in a timely manner any supplemental information that the DEP determines is necessary in order to review an Acid Rain Part application and issue or deny an Acid Rain Part.
- (2) The owners and operators of each Acid Rain source and each Acid Rain unit at the source shall:
 - (i) Operate the unit in compliance with a complete Acid Rain Part application or a superseding Acid Rain Part issued by the DEP; and
 - (ii) Have an Acid Rain Part.

Monitoring Requirements.

- (1) The owners and operators and, to the extent applicable, designated representative of each Acid Rain source and each Acid Rain unit at the source shall comply with the monitoring requirements as provided in 40 CFR Part 75, and Rule 62-214 420, F.A.C.
- (2) The emissions measurements recorded and reported in accordance with 40 CFR Part 75 shall be used to determine compliance by the unit with the Acid Rain emissions limitations and emissions reduction requirements for sulfur dioxide and nitrogen oxides under the Acid Rain Program.
- (3) The requirements of 40 CFR Part 75 shall not affect the responsibility of the owners and operators to monitor emissions of other pollutants or other emissions characteristics at the unit under other applicable requirements of the Act and other provisions of the operating permit for the source.
- (4) For applications including a SO₂ Opt-In unit, a monitoring plan for each SO₂ Opt-In unit must be submitted with this application pursuant to 40 CFR 74.14(a). For renewal applications for SO₂ Opt-In units include an updated monitoring plan if applicable under 40 CFR 75.53(b).

Sulfur Dioxide Requirements.

- (1) The owners and operators of each source and each Acid Rain unit at the source shall:
 - (i) Hold allowances, as of the allowance transfer deadline, in the unit's compliance subaccount (after deductions under 40 CFR 73.34(c)), or in the compliance subaccount of another Acid Rain unit at the same source to the extent provided in 40 CFR 73.35(b)(3), not less than the total annual emissions of sulfur dioxide for the previous calendar year from the unit; and
 - (ii) Comply with the applicable Acid Rain emissions limitations for sulfur dioxide.
- (2) Each ton of sulfur dioxide emitted in excess of the Acid Rain emissions limitations for sulfur dioxide shall constitute a separate violation of the Act.
- (3) An Acid Rain unit shall be subject to the requirements under paragraph (1) of the sulfur dioxide requirements as follows:
 - (i) Starting January 1, 2000, an Acid Rain unit under 40 CFR 72.6(a)(2); or
 - (ii) Starting on the later of January 1, 2000, or the deadline for monitor certification under 40 CFR Part 75, an Acid Rain unit under 40 CFR 72.6(a)(3).
- (4) Allowances shall be held in, deducted from, or transferred among Allowance Tracking System accounts in accordance with the Acid Rain Program.
- (5) An allowance shall not be deducted in order to comply with the requirements under paragraph (1) of the sulfur dioxide requirements prior to the calendar year for which the allowance was allocated.
- (6) An allowance allocated by the Administrator under the Acid Rain Program is a limited authorization to emit sulfur dioxide in accordance with the Acid Rain Program. No provision of the Acid Rain Program, the Acid Rain Part application, the Acid Rain Part, or an exemption under 40 CFR 72.7 or 72.8 and no provision of law shall be construed to limit the authority of the United States to terminate or limit such authorization.
- (7) An allowance allocated by the Administrator under the Acid Rain Program does not constitute a property right.

Nitrogen Oxides Requirements. The owners and operators of the source and each Acid Rain unit at the source shall comply with the applicable Acid Rain emissions limitation for nitrogen oxides.

Excess Emissions Requirements.

- (1) The designated representative of an Acid Rain unit that has excess emissions in any calendar year shall submit a proposed offset plan, as required under 40 CFR Part 77.
- (2) The owners and operators of an Acid Rain unit that has excess emissions in any calendar year shall:
 - (i) Pay without demand the penalty required, and pay upon demand the interest on that penalty, as required by 40 CFR Part 77; and
 - (ii) Comply with the terms of an approved offset plan, as required by 40 CFR Part 77.

Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements.

- (1) Unless otherwise provided, the owners and operators of the source and each Acid Rain unit at the source shall keep on site at the source each of the following documents for a period of 5 years from the date the document is created. This period may be extended for cause, at any time prior to the end of 5 years, in writing by the EPA or the DEP:
 - (i) The certificate of representation for the designated representative for the source and each Acid Rain unit at the source and all documents that demonstrate the truth of the statements in the certificate of representation, in accordance with Rule 62-214 350, F.A.C.; provided that the certificate and documents shall be retained on site at the source beyond such 5-year period until such documents are superseded because of the submission of a new certificate of representation changing the designated representative;
 - (ii) All emissions monitoring information, in accordance with 40 CFR Part 75, provided that to the extent that 40 CFR Part 75 provides for a 3-year period for recordkeeping, the 3-year period shall apply;
 - (iii) Copies of all reports, compliance certifications, and other submissions and all records made or required under the Acid Rain Program; and,

**SECTION IV. ACID RAIN PART.
ACID RAIN, PHASE II.**

Plant Name (from STEP 1): Riviera

**STEP 3,
Continued.**

Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements (cont)

- (iv) Copies of all documents used to complete an Acid Rain Part application and any other submission under the Acid Rain Program or to demonstrate compliance with the requirements of the Acid Rain Program.
- (7) The designated representative of an Acid Rain source and each Acid Rain unit at the source shall submit the reports and compliance certifications required under the Acid Rain Program, including those under 40 CFR Part 72, Subpart I, and 40 CFR Part 75.

Liability

- (1) Any person who knowingly violates any requirement or prohibition of the Acid Rain Program, a complete Acid Rain Part application, an Acid Rain Part, or an exemption under 40 CFR 72.7 or 72.8, including any requirement for the payment of any penalty owed to the United States, shall be subject to enforcement pursuant to section 113(c) of the Act.
- (2) Any person who knowingly makes a false, material statement in any record, submission, or report under the Acid Rain Program shall be subject to criminal enforcement pursuant to section 113(c) of the Act and 18 U.S.C. 1001.
- (3) No permit revision shall excuse any violation of the requirements of the Acid Rain Program that occurs prior to the date that the revision takes effect.
- (4) Each Acid Rain source and each Acid Rain unit shall meet the requirements of the Acid Rain Program.
- (5) Any provision of the Acid Rain Program that applies to an Acid Rain source (including a provision applicable to the designated representative of an Acid Rain source) shall also apply to the owners and operators of such source and of the Acid Rain units at the source.
- (6) Any provision of the Acid Rain Program that applies to an Acid Rain unit (including a provision applicable to the designated representative of an Acid Rain unit) shall also apply to the owners and operators of such unit. Except as provided under 40 CFR 72.44 (Phase II repowering extension plans) and 40 CFR 76.11 (NO_x averaging plans), and except with regard to the requirements applicable to units with a common stack under 40 CFR Part 75 (including 40 CFR 75.16, 75.17, and 75.18), the owners and operators and the designated representative of one Acid Rain unit shall not be liable for any violation by any other Acid Rain unit of which they are not owners or operators or the designated representative and that is located at a source of which they are not owners or operators or the designated representative.
- (7) Each violation of a provision of 40 CFR Parts 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, and 78 by an Acid Rain source or Acid Rain unit, or by an owner or operator or designated representative of such source or unit, shall be a separate violation of the Act.

Effect on Other Authorities

No provision of the Acid Rain Program, an Acid Rain Part application, an Acid Rain Part, or an exemption under 40 CFR 72.7 or 72.8 shall be construed as:

- (1) Except as expressly provided in title IV of the Act, exempting or excluding the owners and operators and, to the extent applicable, the designated representative of an Acid Rain source or Acid Rain unit from compliance with any other provision of the Act, including the provisions of title I of the Act relating to applicable National Ambient Air Quality Standards or State Implementation Plans;
- (2) Limiting the number of allowances a unit can hold; provided, that the number of allowances held by the unit shall not effect the source's obligation to comply with any other provisions of the Act;
- (3) Requiring a change of any kind in any state law regulating electric utility rates and charges, affecting any state law regarding such state regulation, or limiting such state regulation, including any prudence review requirements under such state law;
- (4) Modifying the Federal Power Act or affecting the authority of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission under the Federal Power Act; or
- (5) Interfering with or impairing any program for competitive bidding for power supply in a state in which such program is established.

STEP 4
For SO₂ Opt-in units only.

In column "f" enter the unit ID# for every SO₂ Opt-in unit identified in column "a" of STEP 2.

For column "g" describe the combustion unit and attach information and diagrams on the combustion unit's configuration.

In column "h" enter the hours.

f	g	h (not required for renewal application)
Unit ID#	Description of the combustion unit	Number of hours unit operated in the six months preceding initial application

**SECTION IV. ACID RAIN PART.
ACID RAIN, PHASE II.**

Plant Name (from STEP 1) Riviera

STEP 5

For SO₂ Opt-in units only. (Not required for SO₂ Opt-in renewal applications.)

In column "i" enter the unit ID# for every SO₂ Opt-in unit identified in column "a" (and in column "f").

For columns "j" through "n," enter the information required under 40 CFR 74.20-74.25 and attach all supporting documentation required by 40 CFR 74.20-74.25.

i	j	k	l	m	n
Unit ID#	Baseline or Alternative Baseline under 40 CFR 74.20 (mmBtu)	Actual SO ₂ Emissions Rate under 40 CFR 74.22 (lbs/mmBtu)	Allowable 1985 SO ₂ Emissions Rate under 40 CFR 74.23 (lbs/mmBtu)	Current Allowable SO ₂ Emissions Rate under 40 CFR 74.24 (lbs/mmBtu)	Current Promulgated SO ₂ Emissions Rate under 40 CFR 74.25 (lbs/mmBtu)

STEP 6

For SO₂ Opt-in units only.

Attach additional requirements, certify and sign.

- A. If the combustion source seeks to qualify for a transfer of allowances from the replacement of thermal energy, a thermal energy plan as provided in 40 CFR 74.47 for combustion sources must be attached
- B. A statement whether the combustion unit was previously an affected unit under 40 CFR 74.
- C. A statement that the combustion unit is not an affected unit under 40 CFR 72.6 and does not have an exemption under 40 CFR 72.7, 72.8, or 72.14.
- D. Attach a complete compliance plan for SO₂ under 40 CFR 72.40.
- E. The designated representative of the combustion unit shall submit a monitoring plan in accordance with 40 CFR 74.61. For renewal application, submit an updated monitoring plan if applicable under 40 CFR 75.53(b).
- F. The following statement must be signed by the designated representative or alternate designated representative of the combustion source: "I certify that the data submitted under 40 CFR Part 74, Subpart C, reflects actual operations of the combustion source and has not been adjusted in any way."

Signature *Sheila M Wilkinson* Date 6/10/08

STEP 7

Read the certification statement; provide name, title, owner company name, phone, and e-mail address; sign, and date.

Certification (for designated representative or alternate designated representative only)

I am authorized to make this submission on behalf of the owners and operators of the Acid Rain source or Acid Rain units for which the submission is made. I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined, and am familiar with, the statements and information submitted in this document and all its attachments. Based on my inquiry of those individuals with primary responsibility for obtaining the information, I certify that the statements and information are to the best of my knowledge and belief true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false statements and information or omitting required statements and information, including the possibility of fine or imprisonment.

Name Sheila M Wilkinson Title PGD Technical Services General Manager

Owner Company Name Florida Power & Light

Phone 561-691-2287 E-mail address Sheila.M.Wilkinson@fpl.com

Signature *Sheila M Wilkinson* Date 6/10/08

DEP Form No. 52-210 900(1)(a) - Form Effective: 3/16/08

SECTION IV. ACID RAIN PART.

ACID RAIN, PHASE II.

Subsection B. This Subsection addresses Acid Rain, Phase II, Retired Unit Exemption.

The emissions unit listed below is regulated under Phase II of the federal Acid Rain Program.

E.U. ID No.	Description
002	Fossil Fuel Fired Steam Generator, Unit 2 - PERMANENTLY RETIRED

B.1. The Retired Unit Exemption form submitted for this facility constitutes the Acid Rain Part application pursuant to 40 CFR 72.8 and is a part of this permit. The owners and operators of this acid rain unit shall comply with the standard requirements and special provisions set forth in DEP Form No. 62- 210.900(1)(d), effective March 16, 2008, signed by the Designated Representative on June 16, 2008, and received by the Department on August 8, 2008. This unit is subject to the following: 40 CFR 72.1 which requires the unit to have an Acid Rain Part as part of its Title V air operation permit; 40 CFR 72.2 which provides associated definitions; 40 CFR 72.3 which provides measurements, abbreviations, and acronyms; 40 CFR 72.4 which provides the federal authority of the Administrator; 40 CFR 72.5 which provides the authority of the states; 40 CFR 72.6 which makes the boiler a Phase II unit; 40 CFR 72.10 which gives the public access to information about this unit; and, 40 CFR 72.13 which incorporates certain ASTM methods into 40 CFR Part 72. [Chapter 62-213, F.A.C. and Rule 62-214.340, F.A.C.]

B.2. Sulfur dioxide (SO₂) allowance allocations for the Acid Rain unit are as follows:

E.U. ID No.	EPA ID	Year	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
002	PRV2	SO ₂ allowances, under Table 2 of 40 CFR 73	94*	94*	94*	94*	94*

*The number of allowances held by an Acid Rain source in a unit account may differ from the number allocated by the U.S. EPA under Table 2 of 40 CFR 73.

B.3. Emission Allowances. Emissions from sources subject to the Federal Acid Rain Program (Title IV) shall not exceed any allowances that the source lawfully holds under the Federal Acid Rain Program. Allowances shall not be used to demonstrate compliance with a non-Title IV applicable requirement of the Act.

- a. No permit revision shall be required for increases in emissions that are authorized by allowances acquired pursuant to the Federal Acid Rain Program, provided that such increases do not require a permit revision pursuant to Rule 62-213.440(3), F.A.C.
- b. No limit shall be placed on the number of allowances held by the source under the Federal Acid Rain program.
- c. Allowances shall be accounted for under the Federal Acid Rain Program.
[Rule 62-213.440(1)(c)1., 2., & 3., F.A.C.]

B.4. The designated representative of this acid rain unit applied for an exemption from the requirements of the Federal Acid Rain Program by submitting a completed and signed "Retired Unit Exemption" form (DEP Form No. 62-210.900(1)(d), F.A.C., attached) to the Department. The date of permanent retirement is January 1, 1992. [Rule 62-214.340(2), F.A.C.; and, 40 CFR 72.8.]

B.5. Statement of Compliance. The annual statement of compliance pursuant to Rule 62-213.440(3), F.A.C., shall be submitted within 60 (sixty) days after the end of the calendar year. {See Appendix TV, Title V Conditions.} [Rule 62-214.420(11), F.A.C.]

SECTION IV. ACID RAIN PART.
ACID RAIN, PHASE II.

- B.6.** Where an applicable requirement of the Act is more stringent than applicable regulations promulgated under Title IV of the Act, both provisions shall be incorporated into the permit and shall be enforceable by the Administrator. [40 CFR 70.6(a)(1)(ii); and, Rule 62-210.200, F.A.C., Definitions – Applicable Requirements.]
- B.7.** Comments, notes, and justifications: None.

SECTION IV. ACID RAIN PART.

ACID RAIN, PHASE II.

Acid Rain, CAIR, and Hg Budget Retired Unit Exemption

For more information, see instructions and refer to 40 CFR 72.B. 96.105, 96.205, 96.305, and 60.4105; and Rules 62-214.340(2), 62-296.470, and 62-296.480, F.A.C.

This submission is: New Revised

STEP 1

Identify the unit by plant name, State, ORIS code and unit ID#.

Plant Name Riviera	Florida State	612 ORIS/Plant Code	PRV2 Unit ID#
-----------------------	------------------	------------------------	------------------

Applicable Program(s): ~ Acid Rain ~ CAIR NO_x Annual ~ CAIR SO₂ ~ CAIR NO_x Ozone Season
~ Mercury (Hg) Budget Trading

STEP 2

Identify the date on which the unit was (or will be) permanently retired.

12/31/1991

STEP 3

If an acid rain affected unit, identify the first full calendar year in which the unit meets (or will meet) the requirements of 40 CFR 72.8(d).

January 1, 1992

STEP 4

Read the special provisions.

Acid Rain Special Provisions

- (1) A unit exempt under Rule 62-214.340(2), F.A.C., shall not emit any sulfur dioxide and nitrogen oxides starting on the date that the exemption takes effect. The owners and operators of the unit will be allocated allowances in accordance with 40 CFR Part 73, Subpart B. If the unit is a Phase I unit, for each calendar year in Phase I, the designated representative of the unit shall submit a Phase I permit application in accordance with 40 CFR Part 72, Subparts C and D, and an annual certification report in accordance with 40 CFR 72.90 through 72.92 and is subject to 40 CFR 72.95 and 72.96.
- (2) A unit exempt under Rule 62-214.340(2), F.A.C., shall not resume operation unless the designated representative of the source that includes the unit submits a complete Acid Rain Part application under Rule 62-214.320, F.A.C., for the unit not less than 24 months prior to the date on which the unit is first to resume operation.
- (3) The owners and operators and, to the extent applicable, the designated representative of a unit exempt under Rule 62-214.340(2), F.A.C., shall comply with the requirements of Chapter 62-214, F.A.C., and the Acid Rain Program concerning all periods for which the exemption is not in effect, even if such requirements arise, or must be complied with, after the exemption takes effect.
- (4) For any period for which a unit is exempt under paragraph (2), F.A.C., the unit is not an Acid Rain unit and is not eligible to be an opt-in source under 40 CFR Part 74. As a non-Acid Rain Unit, the unit shall continue to be subject to any other applicable requirements under Chapter 62-213, F.A.C.
- (5) For a period of 5 years from the date the records are created, the owners and operators of a unit exempt under Rule 62-214.340(2), F.A.C., shall retain at the source that includes the unit records demonstrating that the unit is permanently retired. The 5-year period for keeping records may be extended for cause, at any time prior to the end of the period, in writing by the EPA or the DEP. The owners and operators bear the burden of proof that the unit is permanently retired.
- (6) On the earlier of the following dates, a unit exempt under Rule 62-214.340(2), F.A.C., shall lose its exemption and become an Acid Rain Unit: (i) the date on which the designated representative submits an Acid Rain Part application under paragraph (2); or (ii) the date on which the designated representative is required under paragraph (2) to submit an Acid Rain Part application. For the purpose of applying monitoring requirements under 40 CFR Part 75, a unit that loses its exemption under Rule 62-214.340(2), F.A.C., shall be treated as a new unit that commenced commercial operation on the first date on which the unit resumes operation.

DEP Form No. 62-210.900(1)(d) - Form
Effective: 01/06/98

SECTION IV. ACID RAIN PART.
ACID RAIN, PHASE II.

Plant Name (from STEP 1): Riviera

STEP 4
(continued)

CAIR Special Provisions

- (1) A unit exempt under 40 CFR 96.105(a), 96.205(a), or 96.305(a), shall not emit any sulfur dioxide or nitrogen oxides starting on the date that the exemption takes effect. The DEP will allocate CAIR NO_x allowances in accordance with Rule 62-296.470, F.A.C.
- (2) For a period of 5 years from the date the records are created, the owners and operators of a unit exempt under Rule 62-296.470, F.A.C., shall retain at the source that includes the unit, records demonstrating that the unit is permanently retired. The 5-year period for keeping records may be extended for cause, at any time prior to the end of the period, in writing by the EPA or the DEP. The owners and operators bear the burden of proof that the unit is permanently retired.
- (3) The owners and operators and, to the extent applicable, the CAIR designated representative of a unit exempt under 40 CFR 96.105(a), 96.205(a), or 96.305(a), shall comply with the applicable requirements of the CAIR NO_x Annual Trading Program, the CAIR SO₂ Trading Program, and the CAIR NO_x Ozone Season Trading Program concerning all periods for which the exemption is not in effect, even if such requirements arise, or must be complied with, after the exemption takes effect.
- (4) A unit exempt under 40 CFR 96.105(a), 96.205(a), or 96.305(a), and located at a source that is required, or but for this exemption would be required, to have a title V operating permit shall not resume operation unless the CAIR designated representative of the source submits a complete CAIR Part application under Rule 62-213.420, F.A.C., for the unit before the date on which the unit resumes operation.
- (5) On the earlier of the following dates, a unit exempt under 40 CFR 96.105(a), 96.205(a), or 96.305(a) shall lose its exemption:
 - (i) the date on which the CAIR designated representative submits a CAIR Part application under Special Provision (4) above;
 - (ii) the date on which the CAIR designated representative is required under Special Provision (4) to submit a CAIR Part application for the unit, or
 - (iii) the date on which the unit resumes operation, if the CAIR designated representative is not required to submit a CAIR Part application for the unit.
- (6) For the purpose of applying monitoring, reporting and recordkeeping requirements under 40 CFR Part 96, Subparts HH, HHH, and/or HHHH, a unit that loses its exemption under 40 CFR 96.105(a), 96.205(a), or 96.305(a), shall be treated as a unit that commences commercial operation on the first date on which the unit resumes operation.

Mercury (Hg) Budget Trading Special Provisions

- (1) A unit exempt under 40 CFR 60.4105(a) shall not emit any mercury starting on the date that the exemption takes effect.
- (2) The DEP will allocate Hg allowances under Rule 62-296.460, F.A.C.
- (3) For a period of 5 years from the date the records are created, the owners and operators of a unit exempt under 40 CFR 60.4105(a) shall retain at the source that includes the unit, records demonstrating that the unit is permanently retired. The 5-year period for keeping records may be extended for cause, at any time before the end of the period, in writing by the EPA or the DEP. The owners and operators bear the burden of proof that the unit is permanently retired.
- (4) The owners and operators and, to the extent applicable, the Hg designated representative of a unit exempt under 40 CFR 60.4105(a) shall comply with the requirements of the Hg Budget Trading Program concerning all periods for which the exemption is not in effect, even if such requirements arise, or must be complied with, after the exemption takes effect.
- (5) A unit exempt under 40 CFR 60.4105(a) and located at a source that is required, or but for this exemption would be required, to have a title V operating permit shall not resume operation unless the Hg designated representative of the source submits a complete Hg Budget Part application under 40 CFR 60.4122 and Rule 62-213.420, F.A.C., for the unit before the date on which the unit resumes operation.
- (6) On the earlier of the following dates, a unit exempt under 40 CFR 60.4105(a) shall lose its exemption:
 - (i) the date on which the Hg designated representative submits a Hg Budget Part application for the unit under Special Provision (5);
 - (ii) the date on which the Hg designated representative is required under Special Provision (5) to submit a Hg Budget Part application for the unit, or
 - (iii) the date on which the unit resumes operation, if the Hg designated representative is not required to submit a Hg Budget Part application for the unit.
- (7) For the purpose of applying monitoring, reporting and recordkeeping requirements under 40 CFR 60.4170 through 60.4175, a unit that loses its exemption under 40 CFR 60.4105(a) shall be treated as a unit that commences operation and commercial operation on the first date on which the unit resumes operation.

EPA Form No. 62-210-6001 (rev.) - Form
Effective 3/16/05

**SECTION IV. ACID RAIN PART.
ACID RAIN, PHASE II.**

Plant Name (from STEP 1) Riviera

STEP 5
Make Statement of Compliance.

Statement of Compliance

I state that the unit identified above in STEP 1 was (or will be) permanently retired on the date identified in STEP 2 and will comply with the Special Provisions listed in STEP 4.

STEP 6
Read the certification and sign and date.

Certification (for designated representatives or alternate designated representatives only)

I am authorized to make this submission on behalf of the owners and operators of the affected source and affected unit for which the submission is made. I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined, and am familiar with, the statements and information submitted in this document and all its attachments. Based on my inquiry of those individuals with primary responsibility for obtaining the information, I certify that the statements and information are to the best of my knowledge and belief true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false statements and information or omitting required statements and information, including the possibility of fine or imprisonment.

Name Sheila M. Wilkinson	Title PGL Technical Services General Manager
Owner Company Name Florida Power & Light	
Phone 561-651-2287	Email Sheila_m_wilkinson@fpl.com
Signature <i>SM Wilkinson</i>	Date 6/18/08

SECTION V. APPENDICES.

The Following Appendices Are Enforceable As Allowed By Rule Applicability And Are Supporting Documents For The Air Operating Permit:

Appendix A, Glossary.

Appendix ASP, ASP Number 97-B-01 (With Scrivener's Order Dated July 9, 1997).

Appendix I, List of Insignificant Emissions Units and/or Activities.

Appendix O, Order Granting Petition for Reduced Frequency of Particulate Testing.

Appendix RR, Facility-wide Reporting Requirements.

Appendix TR, Facility-wide Testing Requirements.

Appendix TV, Title V General Conditions.

Appendix U, List of Unregulated Emissions Units and/or Activities.

APPENDIX A

ABBREVIATIONS, ACRONYMS, CITATIONS AND IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS

° F: degrees Fahrenheit
acfm: actual cubic feet per minute
AOR: Annual Operating Report
ARMS: Air Resource Management System (Department's database)
BACT: best available control technology
Btu: British thermal units
CAM: compliance assurance monitoring
CEMS: continuous emissions monitoring system
cfm: cubic feet per minute
CFR: Code of Federal Regulations
CO: carbon monoxide
COMS: continuous opacity monitoring system
DARM: Division of Air Resources Management
DCA: Department of Community Affairs
DEP: Department of Environmental Protection
Department: Department of Environmental Protection
dscfm: dry standard cubic feet per minute
EPA: Environmental Protection Agency
ESP: electrostatic precipitator (control system for reducing particulate matter)
EU: emissions unit
F.A.C.: Florida Administrative Code
F.D.: forced draft
F.S.: Florida Statutes
FGR: flue gas recirculation
Fl: fluoride
ft²: square feet
ft³: cubic feet
gpm: gallons per minute
gr: grains
HAP: hazardous air pollutant
Hg: mercury
I.D.: induced draft
ID: identification
ISO: International Standards Organization (refers to those conditions at 288 Kelvin, 60% relative humidity and 101.3 kilopascals pressure.)
kPa: kilopascals
LAT: Latitude
lb: pound

APPENDIX A

ABBREVIATIONS, ACRONYMS, CITATIONS AND IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS

lbs/hr: pounds per hour
LONG: Longitude
MACT: maximum achievable technology
mm: millimeter
MMBtu: million British thermal units
MSDS: material safety data sheets
MW: megawatt
NESHAP: National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants
NO_x: nitrogen oxides
NSPS: New Source Performance Standards
O&M: operation and maintenance
O₂: oxygen
ORIS: Office of Regulatory Information Systems
OS: Organic Solvent
Pb: lead
PM: particulate matter
PM₁₀: particulate matter with a mean aerodynamic diameter of 10 microns or less
PSD: prevention of significant deterioration
psi: pounds per square inch
PTE: potential to emit
RACT: reasonably available control technology
RATA: relative accuracy test audit
RMP: Risk Management Plan
RO: Responsible Official
SAM: sulfuric acid mist
scf: standard cubic feet
scfm: standard cubic feet per minute
SIC: standard industrial classification code
SNCR: selective non-catalytic reduction (control system used for reducing emissions of nitrogen oxides)
SOA: Specific Operating Agreement
SO₂: sulfur dioxide
TPH: tons per hour
lbs/hr: pounds per hour
LONG: Longitude
MACT: maximum achievable technology
mm: millimeter
MMBtu: million British thermal units
MSDS: material safety data sheets

APPENDIX A

ABBREVIATIONS, ACRONYMS, CITATIONS AND IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS

MW: megawatt
NESHAP: National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants
NO_x: nitrogen oxides
NSPS: New Source Performance Standards
O&M: operation and maintenance
O₂: oxygen
ORIS: Office of Regulatory Information Systems
OS: Organic Solvent
Pb: lead
PM: particulate matter
PM₁₀: particulate matter with a mean aerodynamic diameter of 10 microns or less
PSD: prevention of significant deterioration
psi: pounds per square inch
PTE: potential to emit
RACT: reasonably available control technology
RATA: relative accuracy test audit
RMP: Risk Management Plan
RO: Responsible Official
SAM: sulfuric acid mist
scf: standard cubic feet
scfm: standard cubic feet per minute
SIC: standard industrial classification code
SNCR: selective non-catalytic reduction (control system used for reducing emissions of nitrogen oxides)
SOA: Specific Operating Agreement
SO₂: sulfur dioxide
TPH: tons per hour
TPY: tons per year
UTM: Universal Transverse Mercator coordinate system
VE: visible emissions
VOC: volatile organic compounds
x: By or times

Citations:

The following examples illustrate the methods used in this permit to abbreviate and cite the references of rules, regulations, guidance memorandums, permit numbers and ID numbers.

Code of Federal Regulations:

APPENDIX A

ABBREVIATIONS, ACRONYMS, CITATIONS AND IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS

Example: [40 CFR 60.334]

Where:	40	refers to	Title 40
	CFR	refers to	Code of Federal Regulations
	60	refers to	Part 60
	60.334	refers to	Regulation 60.334

Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.) Rules:

Example: [Rule 62-213.205, F.A.C.]

Where:	62	refers to	Title 62
	62-213	refers to	Chapter 62-213
	62-213.205	refers to	Rule 62-213.205, F.A.C.

Identification Numbers:

Facility Identification (ID) Number:

Example: Facility ID No.: 1050221

Where:

105 =	3-digit number code identifying the facility is located in Polk County
0221 =	4-digit number assigned by state database.

Permit Numbers:

Example: 1050221-002-AV, or
1050221-001-AC

Where:

AC =	Air Construction Permit
AV =	Air Operation Permit (Title V Source)
105 =	3-digit number code identifying the facility is located in Polk County
0221 =	4-digit number assigned by permit tracking database
001 or 002 =	3-digit sequential project number assigned by permit tracking database

Example: PSD-FL-185
PA95-01
AC53-208321

Where:

PSD =	Prevention of Significant Deterioration Permit
PA =	Power Plant Siting Act Permit
AC53 =	old Air Construction Permit numbering identifying the facility is located in Polk County

STATE OF FLORIDA
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

In the matter of:)
)
Florida Electric Power Coordinating Group, Inc.,) ASP No. 97-B-01
)
Petitioner.)

ORDER ON REQUEST
FOR
ALTERNATE PROCEDURES AND REQUIREMENTS

Pursuant to Rule 62-297.620, Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.), the Florida Electric Coordinating Group, Incorporated, (FCG) petitioned for approval to: (1) Exempt fossil fuel steam generators which burn liquid and/or solid fuel for less than 400 hours during the federal fiscal year from the requirement to conduct an annual particulate matter compliance test; and, (2) Exempt fossil fuel steam generators which burn liquid and/or solid fuel for less than 400 hours during the federal fiscal year from the requirement to conduct an annual particulate matter compliance test during the year prior to renewal of an operation permit. This Order is intended to clarify particulate testing requirements for those fossil fuel steam generators which primarily burn gaseous fuels including, but not necessarily limited to natural gas.

Having considered the provisions of Rule 62-296.405(1), F.A.C., Rule 62-297.310(7), F.A.C., and all supporting documentation, the following Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Order are entered:

FINDINGS OF FACT

1. The Florida Electric Power Coordinating Group, Incorporated, petitioned the Department to exempt those fossil fuel steam generators which have a heat input of more than 250 million Btu per hour and burn solid and/or liquid fuel less than 400 hours during the year from the requirement to conduct an annual particulate matter compliance test. [Exhibit 1]
2. Rule 62-296.405(1)(a), F.A.C., applies to those fossil fuel steam generators that are not subject to the federal standards of performance for new stationary sources (NSPS) in 40 CFR 60 and which have a heat input of more than 250 million Btu per hour.
3. Rule 62-296.405(1)(a), F.A.C., limits visible emissions from affected fossil fuel steam generators to, "20 percent opacity except for either one six-minute period per hour during which

not exceed 40 percent. The option selected shall be specified in the emissions unit's construction and operation permits. Emissions units governed by this visible emission limit shall test for particulate emission compliance annually and as otherwise required by Rule 62-297, F.A.C."

4. Rule 62-296.405(1)(a), F.A.C., further states, "Emissions units electing to test for particulate matter emission compliance quarterly shall be allowed visible emissions of 40 percent opacity. The results of such tests shall be submitted to the Department. Upon demonstration that the particulate standard has been regularly complied with, the Secretary, upon petition by the applicant, shall reduce the frequency of particulate testing to no less than once annually.

5. Rule 297.310(7)(a)1, F.A.C., states, "The owner or operator of a new or modified emissions unit that is subject to an emission limiting standard shall conduct a compliance test that demonstrates compliance with the applicable emission limiting standard prior to obtaining an operation permit for such emissions unit."

6. Rule 297.310(7)(a)3, F.A.C., states, "The owner or operator of an emissions unit that is subject to any emission limiting standard shall conduct a compliance test that demonstrates compliance with the applicable emission limiting standard prior to obtaining a renewed operation permit. Emissions units that are required to conduct an annual compliance test may submit the most recent annual compliance test to satisfy the requirements of this provision.

7. Rule 297.310(7)(a)3, F.A.C., further states, "In renewing an air operation permit pursuant to Rule 62-210.300(2)(a)3.b., c., or d., F.A.C., the Department shall not require submission of emission compliance test results for any emissions unit that, during the year prior to renewal: a. Did not operate; or, b. In the case of a fuel burning emissions unit, burned liquid and/or solid fuel for a total of no more than 400 hours."

8. Rule 297.310(7)(a)4, F.A.C., states, "During each federal fiscal year (October 1 – September 30), unless otherwise specified by rule, order, or permit, the owner or operator of each emissions unit shall have a formal compliance test conducted for: a. Visible emissions, if there is an applicable standard; b. Each of the following pollutants, if there is an applicable standard, and if the emissions unit emits or has the potential to emit: 5 tons per year or more of lead or lead compounds measured as elemental lead; 30 tons per year or more of acrylonitrile; or 100 tons per year or more of any other regulated air pollutant..."

9. Rule 297.310(7)(a)5, F.A.C., states, "An annual compliance test for particulate matter emissions shall not be required for any fuel burning emissions unit that, in a federal fiscal year, does not burn liquid and/or solid fuel, other than during startup, for a total of more than 400 hours."

10. Rule 297.310(7)(a)6, F.A.C., states, "For fossil fuel steam generators on a semi-annual particulate matter emission compliance testing schedule, a compliance test shall not be

required for any six-month period in which liquid and/or solid fuel is not burned for more than 200 hours other than during startup."

11. Rule 297.310(7)(a)7., F.A.C., states, "For emissions units electing to conduct particulate matter emission compliance testing quarterly pursuant to Rule 62-296.405(2)(a), F.A.C., a compliance test shall not be required for any quarter in which liquid and/or solid fuel is not burned for more than 100 hours other than during startup." [Note: The reference should be to Rule 62-296.405(1)(a), F.A.C., rather than Rule 62-296.405(2)(a), F.A.C.]

12. The fifth edition of the U. S. Environmental Protection Agency's Compilation of Air Pollutant Emission Factors, AP-42, that emissions of filterable particulate from gas-fired fossil fuel steam generators with a heat input of more than about 10 million Btu per hour may be expected to range from 0.001 to 0.006 pound per million Btu. [Exhibit 2]

13. Rule 62-296.405(1)(b), F.A.C. and the federal standards of performance for new stationary sources in 40 CFR 60.42, Subpart D, limit particulate emissions from uncontrolled fossil fuel fired steam generators with a heat input of more than 250 million Btu to 0.1 pound per million Btu.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

1. The Department has jurisdiction to consider the matter pursuant to Section 403.061, Florida Statutes (F.S.), and Rule 62-297.620, F.A.C.

2. Pursuant to Rule 62-297.310(7), F.A.C., the Department may require Petitioner to conduct compliance tests that identify the nature and quantity of pollutant emissions, if, after investigation, it is believed that any applicable emission standard or condition of the applicable permits is being violated.

3. There is reason to believe that a fossil fuel steam generator which does not burn liquid and/or solid fuel (other than during startup) for a total of more than 400 hours in a federal fiscal year and complies with all other applicable limits and permit conditions is in compliance with the applicable particulate mass emission limiting standard.

ORDER

Having considered the requirements of Rule 62-296.405, F.A.C., Rule 62-297.310, F.A.C., and supporting documentation, it is hereby ordered that:

1. An annual compliance test for particulate matter emissions shall not be required for any fuel burning emissions unit that, in a federal fiscal year, does not burn liquid and/or solid fuel, other than during startup, for a total of more than 400 hours;

2. For fossil fuel steam generators on a semi-annual particulate matter emission compliance testing schedule, a compliance test shall not be required for any six-month period in which liquid and/or solid fuel is not burned for more than 200 hours other than during startup;

3. For emissions units electing to conduct particulate matter emission compliance testing quarterly pursuant to Rule 62-296.405(1)(a), F.A.C., a compliance test shall not be required for any quarter in which liquid and/or solid fuel is not burned for more than 100 hours other than during startup;

4. In renewing an air operation permit pursuant to Rule 62-210.300(2)(a)3.b., c., or d., F.A.C., the Department shall not require submission of particulate matter emission compliance test results for any fossil fuel steam generator emissions unit that burned liquid and/or solid fuel for a total of no more than 400 hours during the year prior to renewal.

5. Pursuant to Rule 62-297.310(7), F.A.C., owners of affected fossil fuel steam generators may be required to conduct compliance tests that identify the nature and quantity of pollutant emissions, if, after investigation, it is believed that any applicable emission standard or condition of the applicable permits is being violated.

6. Pursuant to Rule 62-297.310(8), F.A.C., owners of affected fossil fuel steam generators shall submit the compliance test report to the District Director of the Department district office having jurisdiction over the emissions unit and, where applicable, the Air Program Administrator of the appropriate Department-approved local air program within 45 days of completion of the test.

PETITION FOR ADMINISTRATIVE REVIEW

The Department will take the action described in this Order unless a timely petition for an administrative hearing is filed pursuant to sections 120.569 and 120.57 of the Florida Statutes, or a party requests mediation as an alternative remedy under section 120.573 before the deadline for filing a petition. Choosing mediation will not adversely affect the right to a hearing if mediation does not result in a settlement. The procedures for petitioning for a hearing are set forth below, followed by the procedures for requesting mediation.

A person whose substantial interests are affected by the Department's proposed decision may petition for an administrative hearing in accordance with sections 120.569 and 120.57 of the Florida Statutes. The petition must contain the information set forth below and must be filed (received) in the Office of General Counsel of the Department at 3900 Commonwealth Boulevard, Mail Station 35, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-3000. Petitions must be filed within 21 days of receipt of this Order. A petitioner must mail a copy of the petition to the applicant at the address indicated above, at the time of filing. The failure of any person to file a petition (or a request for mediation, as discussed below) within the appropriate time period shall constitute a waiver of that person's right to request an administrative determination (hearing) under sections 120.569 and 120.57 of

the Florida Statutes, or to intervene in this proceeding and participate as a party to it. Any subsequent intervention will be only at the approval of the presiding officer upon the filing of a motion in compliance with Rule 28-5.207 of the Florida Administrative Code.

A petition must contain the following information:

- (a) The name, address, and telephone number of each petitioner, the applicant's name and address, the Department File Number, and the county in which the project is proposed;
- (b) A statement of how and when each petitioner received notice of the Department's action or proposed action;
- (c) A statement of how each petitioner's substantial interests are affected by the Department's action or proposed action;
- (d) A statement of the material facts disputed by each petitioner, if any;
- (e) A statement of facts that the petitioner contends warrant reversal or modification of the Department's action or proposed action;
- (f) A statement identifying the rules or statutes each petitioner contends require reversal or modification of the Department's action or proposed action; and,
- (g) A statement of the relief sought by each petitioner, stating precisely the action each petitioner wants the Department to take with respect to the Department's action or proposed action in the notice of intent.

Because the administrative hearing process is designed to formulate final agency action, the filing of a petition means that the Department's final action may be different from the position taken by it in this Order. Persons whose substantial interests will be affected by any such final decision of the Department on the application have the right to petition to become a party to the proceeding, in accordance with the requirements set forth above.

A person whose substantial interests are affected by the Department's proposed decision, may elect to pursue mediation by asking all parties to the proceeding to agree to such mediation and by filing with the Department a request for mediation and the written agreement of all such parties to mediate the dispute. The request and agreement must be filed in (received by) the Office of General Counsel of the Department at 3900 Commonwealth Boulevard, Mail Station 35, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-3000, by the same deadline as set forth above for the filing of a petition.

A request for mediation must contain the following information:

- (a) The name, address, and telephone number of the person requesting mediation and that person's representative, if any;
- (b) A statement of the preliminary agency action;
- (c) A statement of the relief sought; and
- (d) Either an explanation of how the requester's substantial interests will be affected by the action or proposed action addressed in this notice of intent or a statement clearly identifying the petition for hearing that the requester has already filed, and incorporating it by reference.

The agreement to mediate must include the following:

- (a) The names, addresses, and telephone numbers of any persons who may attend the mediation;
- (b) The name, address, and telephone number of the mediator selected by the parties, or a provision for selecting a mediator within a specified time;
- (c) The agreed allocation of the costs and fees associated with the mediation;
- (d) The agreement of the parties on the confidentiality of discussions and documents introduced during mediation;
- (e) The date, time, and place of the first mediation session, or a deadline for holding the first session, if no mediator has yet been chosen;
- (f) The name of each party's representative who shall have authority to settle or recommend settlement; and
- (g) The signatures of all parties or their authorized representatives.

As provided in section 120.573 of the Florida Statutes, the timely agreement of all parties to mediate will toll the time limitations imposed by sections 120.569 and 120.57 for requesting and holding an administrative hearing. Unless otherwise agreed by the parties, the mediation must be concluded within sixty days of the execution of the agreement. If mediation results in settlement of the administrative dispute, the Department must enter a final order incorporating the agreement of the parties. Persons whose substantial interests will be affected by such a modified final decision of the Department have a right to petition for a hearing only in accordance with the requirements for such petitions set forth above. If mediation terminates without settlement of the dispute, the Department shall notify all parties in writing that the administrative hearing processes under sections 120.569 and 120.57 remain available for disposition of the dispute, and the notice will

specify the deadlines that then will apply for challenging the agency action and electing remedies under those two statutes.

In addition to the above, a person subject to regulation has a right to apply for a variance from or waiver of the requirements of particular rules, on certain conditions, under section 120.542 of the Florida Statutes. The relief provided by this state statute applies only to state rules, not statutes, and not to any federal regulatory requirements. Applying for a variance or waiver does not substitute or extend the time for filing a petition for an administrative hearing or exercising any other right that a person may have in relation to the action proposed in this notice of intent.

The application for a variance or waiver is made by filing a petition with the Office of General Counsel of the Department, 3900 Commonwealth Boulevard, Mail Station 35, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-3000.

The petition must specify the following information:

- (a) The name, address, and telephone number of the petitioner;
- (b) The name, address, and telephone number of the attorney or qualified representative of the petitioner, if any;
- (c) Each rule or portion of a rule from which a variance or waiver is requested;
- (d) The citation to the statute underlying (implemented by) the rule identified in (c) above;
- (e) The type of action requested;
- (f) The specific facts that would justify a variance or waiver for the petitioner;
- (g) The reason why the variance or waiver would serve the purposes of the underlying statute (implemented by the rule); and
- (h) A statement whether the variance or waiver is permanent or temporary and, if temporary, a statement of the dates showing the duration of the variance or waiver requested.

The Department will grant a variance or waiver, when the petition demonstrates both that the application of the rule would create a substantial hardship or violate principles of fairness, as each of those terms is defined in section 120.542(2) of the Florida Statutes, and that the purpose of the underlying statute will be or has been achieved by other means by the petitioner. Persons subject to regulation pursuant to any federally delegated or approved air program should be aware that Florida is specifically not authorized to issue variances or waivers from any requirements of any such federally delegated or approved program. The requirements of the program remain fully

each of those terms is defined in section 120.542(2) of the Florida Statutes, and that the purpose of the underlying statute will be or has been achieved by other means by the petitioner. Persons subject to regulation pursuant to any federally delegated or approved air program should be aware that Florida is specifically not authorized to issue variances or waivers from any requirements of any such federally delegated or approved program. The requirements of the program remain fully enforceable by the Administrator of the EPA and by any person under the Clean Air Act unless and until the Administrator separately approves any variance or waiver in accordance with the procedures of the federal program.

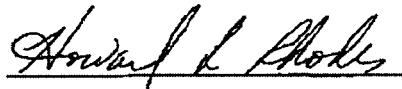
This Order constitutes final agency action unless a petition is filed in accordance with the above paragraphs. Upon timely filing of a petition, this Order will not be effective until further Order of the Department.

RIGHT TO APPEAL

Any party to this Order has the right to seek judicial review of the Order pursuant to Section 120.68, F.S., by the filing of a Notice of Appeal pursuant to Rule 9.110, Florida Rules of Appellate Procedure, with the Clerk of the Department in the Office of General Counsel, 3900 Commonwealth Boulevard, Mail Station 35, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-3000; and, by filing a copy of the Notice of Appeal accompanied by the applicable filing fees with the appropriate District Court of Appeal. The Notice of Appeal must be filed within 30 days from the date the Notice of Agency Action is filed with the Clerk of the Department.

DONE AND ORDERED this 17 day of March, 1997 in Tallahassee, Florida.

STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT
OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION



HOWARD L. RHODES, Director
Division of Air Resources Management
Twin Towers Office Building
2600 Blair Stone Road
Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400
(904) 488-0114

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

The undersigned duly designated deputy clerk hereby certifies that a copy of the foregoing was mailed to Rich Piper, Chair, Florida Power Coordinating Group, Inc., 405 Reo Street, Suite 100, Tampa, Florida 33609-1004, on this 18th day of March 1997.

Clerk Stamp

FILED AND ACKNOWLEDGMENT
FILED, on this date, pursuant to §120.52(7), Florida Statutes, with the designated Department Clerk, receipt of which is hereby acknowledged.

Martha Old Wise 3-18-97
Clerk Date

APPENDIX ASP
ASP NUMBER 97-B-01

STATE OF FLORIDA
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

In the matter of)
)
Florida Electric Power Coordinating Group, Inc.,) ASP No. 97-B-01
)
Petitioner.)

ORDER CORRECTING SCRIVENER'S ERROR

The Order which authorizes owners of natural gas fired fossil fuel steam generators to forgo particulate matter compliance testing on an annual basis and prior to renewal of an operation permit entered on the 17th day of March, 1997, is hereby corrected on page 4, paragraph number 4, by deleting the words "pursuant to Rule 62-210.300(2)(a)3.b., c., or d., F.A.C."

4. In renewing an air operation permit pursuant to ~~Rule 62-210.300(2)(a)3.b., c., or d., F.A.C.~~, the Department shall not require submission of particulate matter emission compliance test results for any fossil fuel steam generator emissions unit that burned liquid and/or solid fuel for a total of no more than 400 hours during the year prior to renewal.

DONE AND ORDERED this 2 day of July, 1997 in Tallahassee, Florida.

STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT
OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION



HOWARD L. RHODES, Director
Division of Air Resources Management
Twin Towers Office Building
2600 Blair Stone Road
Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400
(904) 488-0114

APPENDIX ASP
ASP NUMBER 97-B-01

The above two documents comprise Appendix ASP.

APPENDIX I

LIST OF INSIGNIFICANT EMISSIONS UNITS AND/OR ACTIVITIES

The facilities, emissions units, or pollutant-emitting activities listed in Rule 62-210.300(3)(a), F.A.C., Categorical Exemptions, or that meet the criteria specified in Rule 62-210.300(3)(b)1., F.A.C., Generic Emissions Unit Exemption, are exempt from the permitting requirements of Chapters 62-210, 62-212 and 62-4, F.A.C.; provided, however, that exempt emissions units shall be subject to any applicable emission limiting standards and the emissions from exempt emissions units or activities shall be considered in determining the potential emissions of the facility containing such emissions units. Emissions units and pollutant-emitting activities exempt from permitting under Rules 62-210.300(3)(a) and (b)1., F.A.C., shall not be exempt from the permitting requirements of Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., if they are contained within a Title V source; however, such emissions units and activities shall be considered insignificant for Title V purposes provided they also meet the criteria of Rule 62-213.430(6)(b), F.A.C. No emissions unit shall be entitled to an exemption from permitting under Rules 62-210.300(3)(a) and (b)1., F.A.C., if its emissions, in combination with the emissions of other units and activities at the facility, would cause the facility to emit or have the potential to emit any pollutant in such amount as to make the facility a Title V source.

The below listed emissions units and/or activities are considered insignificant pursuant to Rule 62-213.430(6), F.A.C.

Brief Description of Emissions Units and/or Activities

1. Evaporation of boiler chemical cleaning waste
2. Natural gas metering area relief valves
3. Hydrazine mixing tank
4. Fuel oil storage tanks and related systems
5. Lube oil system
6. Oil/water separators and related equipment
7. Hazardous waste building
8. Paint and lube buildings
9. Misc. mobile vehicle operation

APPENDIX O

ORDER GRANTING PETITION FOR REDUCED FREQUENCY OF PARTICULATE TESTING

DL 82 87 82:45PM FPL ENV SERVICES 561 691 7870

00093

STATE OF FLORIDA
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION

In the Matter of:)
 Petition for Reduction in Quarterly)
 Particulate Emissions Compliance) OGC Case Nos. 83-0578
 Testing:) 83-0577, 83-0576,
 FLORIDA POWER AND LIGHT COMPANY.) 83-0585, 83-0586,
) 83-0587, 83-0588
) 83-0581, 83-0580
 Petitioner.)

ORDER GRANTING PETITION FOR REDUCED FREQUENCY OF PARTICULATE TESTING

On September 16, 1983, the Petitioner, FLORIDA POWER AND LIGHT COMPANY, filed a Petition for Reduction in Quarterly Particulate Emissions Compliance Testing pursuant to Florida Administrative Code Rule 17-2.600(5)(b)1 for the following fossil fuel steam generating units:

- Port Everglades Plant Unit No. 2
- Port Everglades Plant Unit No. 3
- Port Everglades Plant Unit No. 4
- Turkey Point Plant Unit No. 1
- Turkey Point Plant Unit No. 2
- Riviera Plant Unit No. 3
- Riviera Plant Unit No. 4
- Manatee Plant Unit No. 1
- Manatee Plant Unit No. 2

Each of the units has a heat input exceeding 250 million Btu per hour.

The petition and supporting documentation submitted by the Petitioner indicate that between August 1979 and July 21, 1983, these units were afforded relief from the particulate standard contained in Florida Administrative Code Rule 17-2.600(5)(b)2 under the terms of a Department-issued variance. During the same period of time the Company elected to test quarterly as permitted under Rule 17-2.600(5)(b)1. Despite the existence of the variance, the tests results submitted during the last two years reveal that each of the above-listed units met the particulate emissions limitations contained in Rule 17-2.600(5)(b)2 of 0.1 pounds per million Btu heat input.

Florida Administrative Code Rule 17-2.600(5)(b)1 specifically provides that I may reduce the frequency of particulate testing

Postnet transmittal memo 7/27 4 of pages = 3

To: Scott Shoyak	From: RICH PIPER
Cc:	Cc:
Dist:	Project:
Date:	File:

ORDER GRANTING PETITION FOR REDUCED FREQUENCY OF PARTICULATE TESTING

FILE NO. 09-000042-004-AV SERVICES 501 661 700

00095

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that a copy of the foregoing Order Granting
Petition for Reduced Frequency of Particulate Testing and the
Order Granting Petition for Reduced Frequency of Particulate
Testing have been furnished by U.S. Mail to Peter C. Cunningham,
Esquire, Hopping Boyd Green and Sams, Post Office Box 6326,
Tallahassee, Florida 32314 this 15th day of April, 1994.

Thomas E. Whight
THOMAS E. WHIGHT
Assistant General Counsel

State of Florida Department
of Environmental Regulation
3600 Blair Stone Road
Tallahassee, Florida 32301
904/488-8730

APPENDIX RR

FACILITY-WIDE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

RR1. Reporting Schedule.

Report	Reporting Deadline(s)	Related Condition(s)
Plant Problems/Permit Deviations	Immediately upon occurrence (See RR2.d.)	RR2, RR3
Semi-Annual Monitoring Report	Every 6 months	RR4
Annual Operating Report	March 1	RR5
Annual Emissions Fee Form and Fee	March 1	RR6
Annual Statement of Compliance	Within 60 days after the end of each calendar year (or more frequently if specified by Rule 62-213.440(2), F.A.C., or by any other applicable requirement); and Within 60 days after submittal of a written agreement for transfer of responsibility, or Within 60 days after permanent shutdown.	RR7
Notification of Administrative Permit Corrections	As needed	RR8
Notification of Startup after Shutdown for More than One Year	Minimum of 60 days prior to the intended startup date or, if emergency startup, as soon as possible after the startup date is ascertained	RR9
Permit Renewal Application	225 days prior to the expiration date of permit	RR17

{Permitting Note: See permit Section III. Emissions Units and Specific Conditions, for any additional Emission Unit-specific reporting requirements.}

RR2. Reports of Problems.

- a. Plant Operation-Problems. If the permittee is temporarily unable to comply with any of the conditions of the permit due to breakdown of equipment or destruction by hazard of fire, wind or by other cause, the permittee shall immediately notify the Department. Notification shall include pertinent information as to the cause of the problem, and what steps are being taken to correct the problem and to prevent its recurrence, and where applicable, the owner's intent toward reconstruction of destroyed facilities. Such notification does not release the permittee from any liability for failure to comply with Department rules.
- b. If, for any reason, the permittee does not comply with or will be unable to comply with any condition or limitation specified in this permit, the permittee shall immediately provide the Department with the following information:
 - (1) A description of and cause of noncompliance; and
 - (2) The period of noncompliance, including dates and times; or, if not corrected, the anticipated time the noncompliance is expected to continue, and steps being taken to reduce, eliminate, and prevent recurrence of the noncompliance. The permittee shall be responsible for any and all damages which may result and may be subject to enforcement action by the Department for penalties or for revocation of this permit.
- c. When requested by the Department, the permittee shall within a reasonable time furnish any information required by law which is needed to determine compliance with the permit. If the permittee becomes aware the relevant facts were not submitted or were incorrect in the permit application or in any report to the Department, such facts or information shall be corrected promptly.
- d. "Immediately" shall mean the same day, if during a workday (i.e., 8:00 a.m. - 5:00 p.m.), or the first business day after the incident, excluding weekends and holidays; and, for purposes of Rule 62-4.160(15) and 40 CFR 70.6(a)(3)(iii)(B), "promptly" or "prompt" shall have the same meaning as "immediately".

APPENDIX RR

FACILITY-WIDE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

[Rule 62-4.130, Rule 62-4.160(8), Rule 62-4.160(15), and Rule 62-213.440(1)(b), F.A.C.; 40 CFR 70.6(a)(3)(iii)(B)]

- RR3. Reports of Deviations from Permit Requirements.** The permittee shall report in accordance with the requirements of Rule 62-210.700(6), F.A.C. (below), and Rule 62-4.130, F.A.C. (condition RR2.), deviations from permit requirements, including those attributable to upset conditions as defined in the permit. Reports shall include the probable cause of such deviations, and any corrective actions or preventive measures taken.
Rule 62-210.700(6): In case of excess emissions resulting from malfunctions, each owner or operator shall notify the Department or the appropriate Local Program in accordance with Rule 62-4.130, F.A.C. (See condition RR2.). A full written report on the malfunctions shall be submitted in a quarterly report, if requested by the Department.
[Rules 62-213.440(1)(b)3.b., and 62-210.700(6)F.A.C.]
- RR4. Semi-Annual Monitoring Reports.** The permittee shall submit reports of any required monitoring at least every six (6) months. All instances of deviations from permit requirements must be clearly identified in such reports. [Rule 62-213.440(1)(b)3.a., F.A.C.]
- RR5. Annual Operating Report.**
- a. The permittee shall submit to the Compliance Authority, each calendar year, on or before March 1, a completed DEP Form No 62-213.900(5), F.A.C., "Annual Operating Report for Air Pollutant Emitting Facility", for the preceding calendar year.
 - b. Emissions shall be computed in accordance with the provisions of Rule 62-210.370(2), F.A.C.
[Rules 62-210.370(2) & (3), and 62-213.440(3)2., F.A.C.]
- RR6. Annual Emissions Fee Form and Fee.** Each Title V source permitted to operate in Florida must pay between January 15 and March 1 of each year, upon written notice from the Department, an annual emissions fee in an amount determined as set forth in Rule 62-213.205(1), F.A.C.
- a. If the Department has not received the fee by February 15 of the year following the calendar year for which the fee is calculated, the Department will send the primary responsible official of the Title V source a written warning of the consequences for failing to pay the fee by March 1. If the fee is not postmarked by March 1 of the year due, the Department shall impose, in addition to the fee, a penalty of 50 percent of the amount of the fee unpaid plus interest on such amount computed in accordance with Section 220.807, F.S. If the Department determines that a submitted fee was inaccurately calculated, the Department shall either refund to the permittee any amount overpaid or notify the permittee of any amount underpaid. The Department shall not impose a penalty or interest on any amount underpaid, provided that the permittee has timely remitted payment of at least 90 percent of the amount determined to be due and remits full payment within 60 days after receipt of notice of the amount underpaid. The Department shall waive the collection of underpayment and shall not refund overpayment of the fee, if the amount is less than 1 percent of the fee due, up to \$50.00. The Department shall make every effort to provide a timely assessment of the adequacy of the submitted fee. Failure to pay timely any required annual emissions fee, penalty, or interest constitutes grounds for permit revocation pursuant to Rule 62-4.100, F.A.C.
 - b. Any documentation of actual hours of operation, actual material or heat input, actual production amount, or actual emissions used to calculate the annual emissions fee shall be retained by the owner for a minimum of five (5) years and shall be made available to the Department upon request.
 - c. A completed DEP Form 62-213.900(1), "Major Air Pollution Source Annual Emissions Fee Form", must be submitted by a responsible official with the annual emissions fee.
[Rules 62-213.205(1), (1)(g), (1)(i) & (1)(j), F.A.C.]
- RR7. Annual Statement of Compliance.**
- a. The permittee shall submit a Statement of Compliance with all terms and conditions of the permit that includes all the provisions of 40 CFR 70.6(c)(5)(iii), incorporated by reference at Rule 62-204.800, F.A.C., using DEP Form No. 62-213.900(7). Such statement shall be accompanied by a certification in accordance with Rule 62-213.420(4), F.A.C., for Title V requirements and with Rule 62-214.350, F.A.C.,

APPENDIX RR

FACILITY-WIDE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

for Acid Rain requirements. Such statements shall be submitted (postmarked) to the Department and EPA:

- (1) Annually, within 60 days after the end of each calendar year during which the Title V permit was effective, or more frequently if specified by Rule 62-213.440(2), F.A.C., or by any other applicable requirement; and
 - (2) Within 60 days after submittal of a written agreement for transfer of responsibility as required pursuant to 40 CFR 70.7(d)(1)(iv), adopted and incorporated by reference at Rule 62-204.800, F.A.C., or within 60 days after permanent shutdown of a facility permitted under Chapter 62-213, F.A.C.; provided that, in either such case, the reporting period shall be the portion of the calendar year the permit was effective up to the date of transfer of responsibility or permanent facility shutdown, as applicable.
- b. In lieu of individually identifying all applicable requirements and specifying times of compliance with, non-compliance with, and deviation from each, the responsible official may use DEP Form No. 62-213.900(7) as such statement of compliance so long as the responsible official identifies all reportable deviations from and all instances of non-compliance with any applicable requirements and includes all information required by the federal regulation relating to each reportable deviation and instance of non-compliance.
- c. The responsible official may treat compliance with all other applicable requirements as a surrogate for compliance with Rule 62-296.320(2), Objectionable Odor Prohibited.
[Rules 62-213.440(3)(a)2. & 3. and (b), F.A.C.]

RR8. Notification of Administrative Permit Corrections.

- a. A facility owner shall notify the Department by letter of minor corrections to information contained in a permit. Such notifications shall include:
- (1) Typographical errors noted in the permit;
 - (2) Name, address or phone number change from that in the permit;
 - (3) A change requiring more frequent monitoring or reporting by the permittee;
 - (4) A change in ownership or operational control of a facility, subject to the following provisions:
 - (a) The Department determines that no other change in the permit is necessary;
 - (b) The permittee and proposed new permittee have submitted an Application for Transfer of Air Permit, and the Department has approved the transfer pursuant to Rule 62-210.300(7), F.A.C.; and
 - (c) The new permittee has notified the Department of the effective date of sale or legal transfer.
 - (5) Changes listed at 40 CFR 72.83(a)(1), (2), (6), (9) and (10), adopted and incorporated by reference at Rule 62-204.800, F.A.C., and changes made pursuant to Rules 62-214.340(1) and (2), F.A.C., to Title V sources subject to emissions limitations or reductions pursuant to 42 USC ss. 7651-7651o;
 - (6) Changes listed at 40 CFR 72.83(a)(11) and (12), adopted and incorporated by reference at Rule 62-204.800, F.A.C., to Title V sources subject to emissions limitations or reductions pursuant to 42 USC ss. 7651-7651o, provided the notification is accompanied by a copy of any EPA determination concerning the similarity of the change to those listed at Rule 62-210.360(1)(e), F.A.C.; and
 - (7) Any other similar minor administrative change at the source.
- b. Upon receipt of any such notification, the Department shall within 60 days correct the permit and provide a corrected copy to the owner.
- c. After first notifying the owner, the Department shall correct any permit in which it discovers errors of the types listed at Rules 62-210.360(1)(a) and (b), F.A.C., and provide a corrected copy to the owner.
- d. For Title V source permits, other than general permits, a copy of the corrected permit shall be provided to EPA and any approved local air program in the county where the facility or any part of the facility is located.
[Rule 62-210.360, F.A.C.]

RR9. Not federally enforceable. Notification of Startup. The owners or operator of any emissions unit or facility which has a valid air operation permit which has been shut down more than one year, shall notify

APPENDIX RR

FACILITY-WIDE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

the Department in writing of the intent to start up such emissions unit or facility, a minimum of 60 days prior to the intended startup date.

- a. The notification shall include information as to the startup date, anticipated emission rates or pollutants released, changes to processes or control devices which will result in changes to emission rates, and any other conditions which may differ from the valid outstanding operation permit.
- b. If, due to an emergency, a startup date is not known 60 days prior thereto, the owner shall notify the Department as soon as possible after the date of such startup is ascertained.

[Rule 62-210.300(5), F.A.C.]

RR10. Report Submission. The permittee shall submit all compliance related notifications and reports required of this permit to the Compliance Authority. {See front of permit for address and phone number.}

RR11. EPA Report Submission. Any reports, data, notifications, certifications, and requests required to be sent to the United States Environmental Protection Agency, Region 4, should be sent to: Air, Pesticides & Toxics Management Division, United States Environmental Protection Agency, Region 4, Sam Nunn Atlanta Federal Center, 61 Forsyth Street SW, Atlanta, GA 30303-8960. Phone: 404/562-9077.

RR12. Acid Rain Report Submission. Acid Rain Program Information shall be submitted, as necessary, to: Department of Environmental Protection, 2600 Blair Stone Road, Mail Station #5510, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400. Phone: 850/488-6140. Fax: 850/922-6979.

RR13. Report Certification. All reports shall be accompanied by a certification by a responsible official, pursuant to Rule 62-213.420(4), F.A.C. [Rule 62-213.440(1)(b)3.c, F.A.C.]

RR14. Certification by Responsible Official (RO). In addition to the professional engineering certification required for applications by Rule 62-4.050(3), F.A.C., any application form, report, compliance statement, compliance plan and compliance schedule submitted pursuant to Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., shall contain a certification signed by a responsible official that, based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in the document are true, accurate, and complete. Any responsible official who fails to submit any required information or who has submitted incorrect information shall, upon becoming aware of such failure or incorrect submittal, promptly submit such supplementary information or correct information. [Rule 62-213.420(4), F.A.C.]

RR15. Confidential Information. Whenever an applicant submits information under a claim of confidentiality pursuant to Section 403.111, F.S., the applicant shall also submit a copy of all such information and claim directly to EPA. Any permittee may claim confidentiality of any data or other information by complying with this procedure. [Rules 62-213.420(2), and 62-213.440(1)(d)6., F.A.C.]

RR16. Forms and Instructions. The forms used by the Department in the Title V source operation program are adopted and incorporated by reference in Rule 62-213.900, F.A.C. The form is listed by rule number, which is also the form number, and with the subject, title, and effective date. Copies of forms may be obtained by writing to the Department of Environmental Protection, Division of Air Resource Management, 2600 Blair Stone Road, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400, by contacting the appropriate permitting authority or by accessing the Department's .

- a. Major Air Pollution Source Annual Emissions Fee Form. (Effective 01/03/2001)
- b. Statement of Compliance Form. (Effective 06/02/2002)
- c. Responsible Official Notification Form. (Effective 06/02/2002)

[Rule 62-213.900, F.A.C.: Forms (1), (7) and (8)]

RR17. Permit Renewal. For purposes of a permit renewal, a timely application is one that is submitted 225 days before the expiration of a permit that expires on or after June 1, 2009. [Rule 62-213.420(1)(a)2., F.A.C.]

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Unless otherwise specified in the permit, the following testing requirements apply to each emissions unit for which testing is required. The terms "stack" and "duct" are used interchangeably in this appendix.

- TR1.** Required Number of Test Runs. For mass emission limitations, a compliance test shall consist of three complete and separate determinations of the total air pollutant emission rate through the test section of the stack or duct and three complete and separate determinations of any applicable process variables corresponding to the three distinct time periods during which the stack emission rate was measured; provided, however, that three complete and separate determinations shall not be required if the process variables are not subject to variation during a compliance test, or if three determinations are not necessary in order to calculate the unit's emission rate. The three required test runs shall be completed within one consecutive five-day period. In the event that a sample is lost or one of the three runs must be discontinued because of circumstances beyond the control of the owner or operator, and a valid third run cannot be obtained within the five-day period allowed for the test, the Secretary or his or her designee may accept the results of two complete runs as proof of compliance, provided that the arithmetic mean of the two complete runs is at least 20% below the allowable emission limiting standard. [Rule 62-297.310(1), F.A.C.]
- TR2.** Operating Rate During Testing. Testing of emissions shall be conducted with the emissions unit operating at permitted capacity. If it is impractical to test at permitted capacity, an emissions unit may be tested at less than the maximum permitted capacity; in this case, subsequent emissions unit operation is limited to 110 percent of the test rate until a new test is conducted. Once the unit is so limited, operation at higher capacities is allowed for no more than 15 consecutive days for the purpose of additional compliance testing to regain the authority to operate at the permitted capacity. Permitted capacity is defined as 90 to 100 percent of the maximum operation rate allowed by the permit. [Rule 62-297.310(2), F.A.C.]
- TR3.** Calculation of Emission Rate. For each emissions performance test, the indicated emission rate or concentration shall be the arithmetic average of the emission rate or concentration determined by each of the three separate test runs unless otherwise specified in a particular test method or applicable rule. [Rule 62-297.310(3), F.A.C.]
- TR4.** Applicable Test Procedures.
- a. Required Sampling Time.
- (1) Unless otherwise specified in the applicable rule, the required sampling time for each test run shall be no less than one hour and no greater than four hours, and the sampling time at each sampling point shall be of equal intervals of at least two minutes.
 - (2) Opacity Compliance Tests. When either EPA Method 9 or DEP Method 9 is specified as the applicable opacity test method, the required minimum period of observation for a compliance test shall be sixty (60) minutes for emissions units which emit or have the potential to emit 100 tons per year or more of particulate matter, and thirty (30) minutes for emissions units which have potential emissions less than 100 tons per year of particulate matter and are not subject to a multiple-valued opacity standard. The opacity test observation period shall include the period during which the highest opacity emissions can reasonably be expected to occur. Exceptions to these requirements are as follows:
 - (a) For batch, cyclical processes, or other operations which are normally completed within less than the minimum observation period and do not recur within that time, the period of observation shall be equal to the duration of the batch cycle or operation completion time.
 - (b) The observation period for special opacity tests that are conducted to provide data to establish a surrogate standard pursuant to Rule 62-297.310(5)(k), F.A.C., Waiver of Compliance Test Requirements, shall be established as necessary to properly establish the relationship between a proposed surrogate standard and an existing mass emission limiting standard.
 - (c) The minimum observation period for opacity tests conducted by employees or agents of the

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Department to verify the day-to-day continuing compliance of a unit or activity with an applicable opacity standard shall be twelve minutes.

- b. *Minimum Sample Volume.* Unless otherwise specified in the applicable rule or test method, the minimum sample volume per run shall be 25 dry standard cubic feet.
- c. *Required Flow Rate Range.* For EPA Method 5 particulate sampling, acid mist/sulfur dioxide, and fluoride sampling which uses Greenburg Smith type impingers, the sampling nozzle and sampling time shall be selected such that the average sampling rate will be between 0.5 and 1.0 actual cubic feet per minute, and the required minimum sampling volume will be obtained.
- d. *Calibration of Sampling Equipment.* Calibration of the sampling train equipment shall be conducted in accordance with the schedule shown in Table 297.310-1, F.A.C.

TABLE 297.310-1 CALIBRATION SCHEDULE			
ITEM	MINIMUM CALIBRATION FREQUENCY	REFERENCE INSTRUMENT	TOLERANCE
Liquid in glass thermometer	Annually	ASTM Hg in glass ref. thermometer or equivalent or thermometric points	+/-2%
Bimetallic thermometer	Quarterly	Calib. liq. in glass	5° F
Thermocouple	Annually	ASTM Hg in glass ref. thermometer, NBS calibrated reference and potentiometer	5° F
Barometer	Monthly	Hg barometer or NOAA station	+/-1% scale
Pitot Tube	When required or when damaged	By construction or measurements in wind tunnel D greater than 16" and standard pitot tube	See EPA Method 2, Fig. 2-2 & 2-3
Probe Nozzles	Before each test or when nicked, dented, or corroded	Micrometer	+/- 0.001" mean of at least three readings; Max. deviation between readings, 0.004"
Dry Gas Meter and Orifice Meter	1. Full Scale: When received, when 5% change observed, annually	Spirometer or calibrated wet test or dry gas test meter	2%
	2. One Point: Semiannually		
	3. Check after each test series	Comparison check	5%

- e. *Allowed Modification to EPA Method 5.* When EPA Method 5 is required, the following modification is allowed: the heated filter may be separated from the impingers by a flexible tube.

[Rule 62-297.310(4), F.A.C.]

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TR5. Determination of Process Variables.

- a. *Required Equipment.* The owner or operator of an emissions unit for which compliance tests are required shall install, operate, and maintain equipment or instruments necessary to determine process variables, such as process weight input or heat input, when such data are needed in conjunction with emissions data to determine the compliance of the emissions unit with applicable emission limiting standards.
- b. *Accuracy of Equipment.* Equipment or instruments used to directly or indirectly determine process variables, including devices such as belt scales, weight hoppers, flow meters, and tank scales, shall be calibrated and adjusted to indicate the true value of the parameter being measured with sufficient accuracy to allow the applicable process variable to be determined within 10% of its true value.

[Rule 62-297.310(5), F.A.C.]

TR6. Sampling Facilities. Permittees that are required to sample mass emissions from point sources shall install stack sampling ports and provide sampling facilities that meet the requirements of this condition. Sampling facilities include sampling ports, work platforms, access to work platforms, electrical power, and sampling equipment support. All stack sampling facilities must also comply with all applicable Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) Safety and Health Standards described in 29 CFR Part 1910, Subparts D and E.

- a. *Permanent Test Facilities.* The owner or operator of an emissions unit for which a compliance test, other than a visible emissions test, is required on at least an annual basis, shall install and maintain permanent stack sampling facilities.
- b. *Temporary Test Facilities.* The owner or operator of an emissions unit that is not required to conduct a compliance test on at least an annual basis may use permanent or temporary stack sampling facilities. If the owner chooses to use temporary sampling facilities on an emissions unit, and the Department elects to test the unit, such temporary facilities shall be installed on the emissions unit within 5 days of a request by the Department and remain on the emissions unit until the test is completed.
- c. *Sampling Ports.*
 - (1) All sampling ports shall have a minimum inside diameter of 3 inches.
 - (2) The ports shall be capable of being sealed when not in use.
 - (3) The sampling ports shall be located in the stack at least 2 stack diameters or equivalent diameters downstream and at least 0.5 stack diameter or equivalent diameter upstream from any fan, bend, constriction or other flow disturbance.
 - (4) For emissions units for which a complete application to construct has been filed prior to December 1, 1980, at least two sampling ports, 90 degrees apart, shall be installed at each sampling location on all circular stacks that have an outside diameter of 15 feet or less. For stacks with a larger diameter, four sampling ports, each 90 degrees apart, shall be installed. For emissions units for which a complete application to construct is filed on or after December 1, 1980, at least two sampling ports, 90 degrees apart, shall be installed at each sampling location on all circular stacks that have an outside diameter of 10 feet or less. For stacks with larger diameters, four sampling ports, each 90 degrees apart, shall be installed. On horizontal circular ducts, the ports shall be located so that the probe can enter the stack vertically, horizontally or at a 45 degree angle.
 - (5) On rectangular ducts, the cross sectional area shall be divided into the number of equal areas in accordance with EPA Method 1. Sampling ports shall be provided which allow access to each sampling point. The ports shall be located so that the probe can be inserted perpendicular to the gas flow.
- d. *Work Platforms.*
 - (1) Minimum size of the working platform shall be 24 square feet in area. Platforms shall be at least 3 feet wide.
 - (2) On circular stacks with 2 sampling ports, the platform shall extend at least 110 degrees around the stack.
 - (3) On circular stacks with more than two sampling ports, the work platform shall extend 360 degrees

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- around the stack.
- (4) All platforms shall be equipped with an adequate safety rail (ropes are not acceptable), toe board, and hinged floor-opening cover if ladder access is used to reach the platform. The safety rail directly in line with the sampling ports shall be removable so that no obstruction exists in an area 14 inches below each sample port and 6 inches on either side of the sampling port.
- e. *Access to Work Platform.*
- (1) Ladders to the work platform exceeding 15 feet in length shall have safety cages or fall arresters with a minimum of 3 compatible safety belts available for use by sampling personnel.
- (2) Walkways over free-fall areas shall be equipped with safety rails and toe boards.
- f. *Electrical Power.*
- (1) A minimum of two 120-volt AC, 20-amp outlets shall be provided at the sampling platform within 20 feet of each sampling port.
- (2) If extension cords are used to provide the electrical power, they shall be kept on the plant's property and be available immediately upon request by sampling personnel.
- g. *Sampling Equipment Support.*
- (1) A three-quarter inch eyebolt and an angle bracket shall be attached directly above each port on vertical stacks and above each row of sampling ports on the sides of horizontal ducts.
- (a) The bracket shall be a standard 3 inch × 3 inch × one-quarter inch equal-legs bracket which is 1 and one-half inches wide. A hole that is one-half inch in diameter shall be drilled through the exact center of the horizontal portion of the bracket. The horizontal portion of the bracket shall be located 14 inches above the centerline of the sampling port.
- (b) A three-eighth inch bolt which protrudes 2 inches from the stack may be substituted for the required bracket. The bolt shall be located 15 and one-half inches above the centerline of the sampling port.
- (c) The three-quarter inch eyebolt shall be capable of supporting a 500 pound working load. For stacks that are less than 12 feet in diameter, the eyebolt shall be located 48 inches above the horizontal portion of the angle bracket. For stacks that are greater than or equal to 12 feet in diameter, the eyebolt shall be located 60 inches above the horizontal portion of the angle bracket. If the eyebolt is more than 120 inches above the platform, a length of chain shall be attached to it to bring the free end of the chain to within safe reach from the platform.
- (2) A complete monorail or dual rail arrangement may be substituted for the eyebolt and bracket.
- (3) When the sample ports are located in the top of a horizontal duct, a frame shall be provided above the port to allow the sample probe to be secured during the test.

[Rule 62-297.310(6), F.A.C.]

TR7. Frequency of Compliance Tests. The following provisions apply only to those emissions units that are subject to an emissions limiting standard for which compliance testing is required.

a. *General Compliance Testing.*

- (1) The owner or operator of a new or modified emissions unit that is subject to an emission limiting standard shall conduct a compliance test that demonstrates compliance with the applicable emission limiting standard prior to obtaining an operation permit for such emissions unit.
- (2) For excess emission limitations for particulate matter specified in Rule 62-210.700, F.A.C., a compliance test shall be conducted annually while the emissions unit is operating under soot blowing conditions in each federal fiscal year during which soot blowing is part of normal emissions unit operation, except that such test shall not be required in any federal fiscal year in which a fossil fuel steam generator does not burn liquid and/or solid fuel for more than 400 hours other than during startup.
- (3) The owner or operator of an emissions unit that is subject to any emission limiting standard shall conduct a compliance test that demonstrates compliance with the applicable emission limiting standard prior to obtaining a renewed operation permit. Emissions units that are required to conduct

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an annual compliance test may submit the most recent annual compliance test to satisfy the requirements of this provision. In renewing an air operation permit pursuant to sub-subparagraph 62-210.300(2)(a)3.b., c., or d., F.A.C., the Department shall not require submission of emission compliance test results for any emissions unit that, during the year prior to renewal:

- (a) Did not operate; or
 - (b) In the case of a fuel burning emissions unit, burned liquid and/or solid fuel for a total of no more than 400 hours.
- (4) During each federal fiscal year (October 1 – September 30), unless otherwise specified by rule, order, or permit, the owner or operator of each emissions unit shall have a formal compliance test conducted for:
- (a) Visible emissions, if there is an applicable standard;
 - (b) Each of the following pollutants, if there is an applicable standard, and if the emissions unit emits or has the potential to emit: 5 tons per year or more of lead or lead compounds measured as elemental lead; 30 tons per year or more of acrylonitrile; or 100 tons per year or more of any other regulated air pollutant; and
 - (c) Each NESHAP pollutant, if there is an applicable emission standard.
- (5) An annual compliance test for particulate matter emissions shall not be required for any fuel burning emissions unit that, in a federal fiscal year, does not burn liquid and/or solid fuel, other than during startup, for a total of more than 400 hours.
- (6) For fossil fuel steam generators on a semi-annual particulate matter emission compliance testing schedule, a compliance test shall not be required for any six-month period in which liquid and/or solid fuel is not burned for more than 200 hours other than during startup.
- (7) For emissions units electing to conduct particulate matter emission compliance testing quarterly pursuant to paragraph 62-296.405(2)(a), F.A.C., a compliance test shall not be required for any quarter in which liquid and/or solid fuel is not burned for more than 100 hours other than during startup.
- (8) Any combustion turbine that does not operate for more than 400 hours per year shall conduct a visible emissions compliance test once per each five-year period, coinciding with the term of its air operation permit.
- (9) The owner or operator shall notify the Department, at least 15 days prior to the date on which each formal compliance test is to begin, of the date, time, and place of each such test, and the test contact person who will be responsible for coordinating and having such test conducted for the owner or operator.
- (10) An annual compliance test conducted for visible emissions shall not be required for units exempted from air permitting pursuant to subsection 62-210.300(3), F.A.C.; units determined to be insignificant pursuant to subparagraph 62-213.300(2)(a)1., A.C., or paragraph 62-213.430(6)(b), F.A.C.; or units permitted under the General Permit provisions in paragraph 62-210.300(4)(a) or Rule 62-213.300, F.A.C., unless the general permit specifically requires such testing.
- b. *Special Compliance Tests.* When the Department, after investigation, has good reason (such as complaints, increased visible emissions or questionable maintenance of control equipment) to believe that any applicable emission standard contained Department rule or in a permit issued pursuant to those rules is being violated, it shall require the owner or operator of the emissions unit to conduct compliance tests which identify the nature and quantity of pollutant emissions from the emissions unit and to provide a report on the results of said tests to the Department.
- c. *Waiver of Compliance Test Requirements.* If the owner or operator of an emissions unit that is subject to a compliance test requirement demonstrates to the Department, pursuant to the procedure established in Rule 62-297.620, F.A.C., that the compliance the emissions unit with an applicable weight emission limiting standard can be adequately determined by means other than the designated test procedure, such as specifying a surrogate standard of no visible emissions for particulate matter sources equipped with a bag house or specifying a fuel analysis for sulfur dioxide emissions, the Department shall waive the

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compliance test requirements for such emissions units and order that the alternate means of determining compliance be used, provided, however, the provisions of paragraph 62-297.310(7)(b), F.A.C., shall apply.

[Rule 62-297.310(7), F.A.C.]

TR8. Test Reports.

- a. The owner or operator of an emissions unit for which a compliance test is required shall file a report with the Department on the results of each such test.
- b. The required test report shall be filed with the Department as soon as practical but no later than 45 days after the last sampling run of each test is completed.
- c. The test report shall provide sufficient detail on the emissions unit tested and the test procedures used to allow the Department to determine if the test was properly conducted and the test results properly computed. As a minimum, the test report, other than for an EPA or DEP Method 9 test, shall provide the following information.
 - (1) The type, location, and designation of the emissions unit tested.
 - (2) The facility at which the emissions unit is located.
 - (3) The owner or operator of the emissions unit.
 - (4) The normal type and amount of fuels used and materials processed, and the types and amounts of fuels used and material processed during each test run.
 - (5) The means, raw data and computations used to determine the amount of fuels used and materials processed, if necessary to determine compliance with an applicable emission limiting standard.
 - (6) The type of air pollution control devices installed on the emissions unit, their general condition, their normal operating parameters (pressure drops, total operating current and GPM scrubber water), and their operating parameters during each test run.
 - (7) A sketch of the duct within 8 stack diameters upstream and 2 stack diameters downstream of the sampling ports, including the distance to any upstream and downstream bends or other flow disturbances.
 - (8) The date, starting time and duration of each sampling run.
 - (9) The test procedures used, including any alternative procedures authorized pursuant to Rule 62-297.620, F.A.C. Where optional procedures are authorized in this chapter, indicate which option was used.
 - (10) The number of points sampled and configuration and location of the sampling plane.
 - (11) For each sampling point for each run, the dry gas meter reading, velocity head, pressure drop across the stack, temperatures, average meter temperatures and sample time per point.
 - (12) The type, manufacturer and configuration of the sampling equipment used.
 - (13) Data related to the required calibration of the test equipment.
 - (14) Data on the identification, processing and weights of all filters used.
 - (15) Data on the types and amounts of any chemical solutions used.
 - (16) Data on the amount of pollutant collected from each sampling probe, the filters, and the impingers, are reported separately for the compliance test.
 - (17) The names of individuals who furnished the process variable data, conducted the test, analyzed the samples and prepared the report.
 - (18) All measured and calculated data required to be determined by each applicable test procedure for each run.
 - (19) The detailed calculations for one run that relate the collected data to the calculated emission rate.
 - (20) The applicable emission standard and the resulting maximum allowable emission rate for the emissions unit plus the test result in the same form and unit of measure.
 - (21) A certification that, to the knowledge of the owner or his authorized agent, all data submitted are true and correct. When a compliance test is conducted for the Department or its agent, the person who conducts the test shall provide the certification with respect to the test procedures used. The owner or

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his authorized agent shall certify that all data required and provided to the person conducting the test are true and correct to his knowledge.

[Rule 62-297.310(8), F.A.C.]

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Operation

- TV1. General Prohibition.** A permitted installation may only be operated, maintained, constructed, expanded or modified in a manner that is consistent with the terms of the permit. [Rule 62-4.030, Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.)]
- TV2. Validity.** This permit is valid only for the specific processes and operations applied for and indicated in the approved drawings or exhibits. Any unauthorized deviation from the approved drawings, exhibits, specifications, or conditions of this permit may constitute grounds for revocation and enforcement action by the Department. [Rule 62-4.160(2), F.A.C.]
- TV3. Proper Operation and Maintenance.** The permittee shall properly operate and maintain the facility and systems of treatment and control (and related appurtenances) that are installed and used by the permittee to achieve compliance with the conditions of this permit, as required by Department rules. This provision includes the operation of backup or auxiliary facilities or similar systems when necessary to achieve compliance with the conditions of the permit and when required by Department rules. [Rule 62-4.160(6), F.A.C.]
- TV4. Not Federally Enforceable. Health, Safety and Welfare.** To ensure protection of public health, safety, and welfare, any construction, modification, or operation of an installation which may be a source of pollution, shall be in accordance with sound professional engineering practices pursuant to Chapter 471, F.S. [Rule 62-4.050(3), F.A.C.]
- TV5. Continued Operation.** An applicant making timely and complete application for permit, or for permit renewal, shall continue to operate the source under the authority and provisions of any existing valid permit or Florida Electrical Power Plant Siting Certification, and in accordance with applicable requirements of the Acid Rain Program, applicable requirements of the CAIR Program, and applicable requirements of the Hg Budget Trading Program, until the conclusion of proceedings associated with its permit application or until the new permit becomes effective, whichever is later, provided the applicant complies with all the provisions of subparagraphs 62-213.420(1)(b)3., F.A.C. [Rules 62-213.420(1)(b)2., F.A.C.]
- TV6. Changes Without Permit Revision.** Title V sources having a valid permit issued pursuant to Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., may make the following changes without permit revision, provided that sources shall maintain source logs or records to verify periods of operation:
- a. Permitted sources may change among those alternative methods of operation;
 - b. A permitted source may implement operating changes, as defined in Rule 62-210.200, F.A.C., after the source submits any forms required by any applicable requirement and provides the Department and EPA with at least 7 days written notice prior to implementation. The source and the Department shall attach each notice to the relevant permit;
 - (1) The written notice shall include the date on which the change will occur, and a description of the change within the permitted source, the pollutants emitted and any change in emissions, and any term or condition becoming applicable or no longer applicable as a result of the change;
 - (2) The permit shield described in Rule 62-213.460, F.A.C., shall not apply to such changes;
 - c. Permitted sources may implement changes involving modes of operation only in accordance with Rule 62-213.415, F.A.C.
- [Rule 62-213.410, F.A.C.]
- TV7. Circumvention.** No person shall circumvent any air pollution control device, or allow the emission of air pollutants without the applicable air pollution control device operating properly. [Rule 62-210.650, F.A.C.]

Compliance

- TV8. Compliance with Chapter 403, F.S., and Department Rules.** Except as provided at Rule 62-213.460, Permit Shield, F.A.C., the issuance of a permit does not relieve any person from complying with the requirements of Chapter 403, F.S., or Department rules. [Rule 62-4.070(7), F.A.C.]
- TV9. Compliance with Federal, State and Local Rules.** Except as provided at Rule 62-213.460, F.A.C., issuance of a permit does not relieve the owner or operator of a facility or an emissions unit from complying

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with any applicable requirements, any emission limiting standards or other requirements of the air pollution rules of the Department or any other such requirements under federal, state, or local law. [Rule 62-210.300, F.A.C.]

- TV10. Binding and enforceable.** The terms, conditions, requirements, limitations and restrictions set forth in this permit, are "permit conditions" and are binding and enforceable pursuant to Sections 403.141, 403.727, or 403.859 through 403.861, F.S. The permittee is placed on notice that the Department will review this permit periodically and may initiate enforcement action for any violation of these conditions. [Rule 62-4.160(1), F.A.C.]
- TV11. Timely information.** When requested by the Department, the permittee shall within a reasonable time furnish any information required by law which is needed to determine compliance with the permit. If the permittee becomes aware the relevant facts were not submitted or were incorrect in the permit application or in any report to the Department, such facts or information shall be corrected promptly. [Rule 62-4.160(15), F.A.C.]
- TV12. Halting or reduction of source activity.** It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that maintaining compliance with any permit condition would necessitate halting of or reduction of the source activity. [Rule 62-213.440(1)(d)3., F.A.C.]
- TV13. Final permit action.** Any Title V source shall comply with all the terms and conditions of the existing permit until the Department has taken final action on any permit renewal or any requested permit revision, except as provided at Rule 62-213.412(2), F.A.C. [Rule 62-213.440(1)(d)4., F.A.C.]
- TV14. Sudden and unforeseeable events beyond the control of the source.** A situation arising from sudden and unforeseeable events beyond the control of the source which causes an exceedance of a technology-based emissions limitation because of unavoidable increases in emissions attributable to the situation and which requires immediate corrective action to restore normal operation, shall be an affirmative defense to an enforcement action in accordance with the provisions and requirements of 40 CFR 70.6(g)(2) and (3), hereby adopted and incorporated by reference. [Rule 62-213.440(1)(d)5., F.A.C.]
- TV15. Permit Shield.** Except as provided in Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., compliance with the terms and conditions of a permit issued pursuant to Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., shall, as of the effective date of the permit, be deemed compliance with any applicable requirements in effect, provided that the source included such applicable requirements in the permit application. Nothing in this condition or in any permit shall alter or affect the ability of EPA or the Department to deal with an emergency, the liability of an owner or operator of a source for any violation of applicable requirements prior to or at the time of permit issuance, or the requirements of the Federal Acid Rain Program, the CAIR Program. [Rule 62-213.460, F.A.C.]

Permit Procedures

- TV16. Permit Revision Procedures.** The permittee shall revise its permit as required by Rules 62-213.400, 62-213.412, 62-213.420, 62-213.430 & 62-4.080, F.A.C.; and, in addition, the Department shall revise permits as provided in Rule 62-4.080, F.A.C. & 40 CFR 70.7(f).
- TV17. Permit Renewal.** The permittee shall renew its permit as required by Rules 62-4.090, 62.213.420(1) and 62-213.430(3), F.A.C. Permits being renewed are subject to the same requirements that apply to permit issuance at the time of application for renewal. Permit renewal applications shall contain that information identified in Rules 62-210.900(1) [Application for Air Permit - Long Form], 62-213.420(3) [Required Information], 62-213.420(6) [CAIR Part Form], F.A.C. Unless a Title V source submits a timely and complete application for permit renewal in accordance with the requirements this rule, the existing permit shall expire and the source's right to operate shall terminate. For purposes of a permit renewal, a timely application is one that is submitted 225 days before the expiration of a permit that expires on or after June 1, 2009. No Title V permit will be issued for a new term except through the renewal process. [Rules 62-213.420 & 62-213.430, F.A.C.]

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- TV18. Insignificant Emissions Units or Pollutant-Emitting Activities.** The permittee shall identify and evaluate insignificant emissions units and activities as set forth in Rule 62-213.430(6), F.A.C.
- TV19. Savings Clause.** If any portion of the final permit is invalidated, the remainder of the permit shall remain in effect. [Rule 62-213.440(1)(d)1., F.A.C.]
- TV20. Suspension and Revocation.**
- a. Permits shall be effective until suspended, revoked, surrendered, or expired and shall be subject to the provisions of Chapter 403, F.S., and rules of the Department.
 - b. Failure to comply with pollution control laws and rules shall be grounds for suspension or revocation.
 - c. A permit issued pursuant to Chapter 62-4, F.A.C., shall not become a vested property right in the permittee. The Department may revoke any permit issued by it if it finds that the permit holder or his agent:
 - (1) Submitted false or inaccurate information in his application or operational reports.
 - (2) Has violated law, Department orders, rules or permit conditions.
 - (3) Has failed to submit operational reports or other information required by Department rules.
 - (4) Has refused lawful inspection under Section 403.091, F.S.
 - d. No revocation shall become effective except after notice is served by personal services, certified mail, or newspaper notice pursuant to Section 120.60(7), F.S., upon the person or persons named therein and a hearing held if requested within the time specified in the notice. The notice shall specify the provision of the law, or rule alleged to be violated, or the permit condition or Department order alleged to be violated, and the facts alleged to constitute a violation thereof.
[Rule 62-4.100, F.A.C.]
- TV21. Not federally enforceable. Financial Responsibility.** The Department may require an applicant to submit proof of financial responsibility and may require the applicant to post an appropriate bond to guarantee compliance with the law and Department rules. [Rule 62-4.110, F.A.C.]
- TV22. Emissions Unit Reclassification.**
- a. Any emissions unit whose operation permit has been revoked as provided for in Chapter 62-4, F.A.C., shall be deemed permanently shut down for purposes of Rule 62-212.500, F.A.C. Any emissions unit whose permit to operate has expired without timely renewal or transfer may be deemed permanently shut down, provided, however, that no such emissions unit shall be deemed permanently shut down if, within 20 days after receipt of written notice from the Department, the emissions unit owner or operator demonstrates that the permit expiration resulted from inadvertent failure to comply with the requirements of Rule 62-4.090, F.A.C., and that the owner or operator intends to continue the emissions unit in operation, and either submits an application for an air operation permit or complies with permit transfer requirements, if applicable.
 - b. If the owner or operator of an emissions unit which is so permanently shut down, applies to the Department for a permit to reactivate or operate such emissions unit, the emissions unit will be reviewed and permitted as a new emissions unit.
[Rule 62-210.300(6), F.A.C.]
- TV23. Transfer of Permits.** Per Rule 62-4.160(11), F.A.C., this permit is transferable only upon Department approval in accordance with Rule 62-4.120, F.A.C., as applicable. The permittee shall be liable for any non-compliance of the permitted activity until the transfer is approved by the Department. The permittee transferring the permit shall remain liable for corrective actions that may be required as a result of any violations occurring prior to the sale or legal transfer of the facility. The permittee shall also comply with the requirements of Rule 62-210.300(7), F.A.C., and use DEP Form No. 62-210.900(7). [Rules 62-4.160(11), 62-4.120, and 62-210.300(7), F.A.C.]

Rights, Title, Liability, and Agreements

- TV24. Rights.** As provided in Subsections 403.987(6) and 403.722(5), F.S., the issuance of this permit does not convey any vested rights or any exclusive privileges. Neither does it authorize any injury to public or private property or any invasion of personal rights, nor any infringement of federal, state, or local laws or regulations.

APPENDIX TV

TITLE V GENERAL CONDITIONS

(Version dated 9/12/2008)

This permit is not a waiver of or approval of any other Department permit that may be required for other aspects of the total project which are not addressed in this permit. [Rule 62-4.160(3), F.A.C.]

TV25. Title. This permit conveys no title to land or water, does not constitute State recognition or acknowledgment of title, and does not constitute authority for the use of submerged lands unless herein provided and the necessary title or leasehold interests have been obtained from the State. Only the Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund may express State opinion as to title. [Rule 62-4.160(4), (F.A.C.)]

TV26. Liability. This permit does not relieve the permittee from liability for harm or injury to human health or welfare, animal, or plant life, or property caused by the construction or operation of this permitted source, or from penalties therefore; nor does it allow the permittee to cause pollution in contravention of F.S. and Department rules, unless specifically authorized by an order from the Department. [Rule 62-4.160(5), F.A.C.]

TV27. Agreements.

a. The permittee, by accepting this permit, specifically agrees to allow authorized Department personnel, upon presentation of credentials or other documents as may be required by law and at reasonable times, access to the premises where the permitted activity is located or conducted to:

- (1) Have access to and copy any records that must be kept under conditions of the permit;
- (2) Inspect the facility, equipment, practices, or operations regulated or required under this permit; and,
- (3) Sample or monitor any substances or parameters at any location reasonably necessary to assure compliance with this permit or Department rules. Reasonable time may depend on the nature of the concern being investigated.

b. In accepting this permit, the permittee understands and agrees that all records, notes, monitoring data and other information relating to the construction or operation of this permitted source which are submitted to the Department may be used by the Department as evidence in any enforcement case involving the permitted source arising under the Florida Statutes or Department rules, except where such use is prescribed by Sections 403.111 and 403.73, F.S. Such evidence shall only be used to the extent it is consistent with the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure and appropriate evidentiary rules.

c. The permittee agrees to comply with changes in Department rules and Florida Statutes after a reasonable time for compliance; provided, however, the permittee does not waive any other rights granted by Florida Statutes or Department rules.

[Rules 62-4.160(7), (9), and (10), F.A.C.]

Recordkeeping and Emissions Computation

TV28. Permit. The permittee shall keep this permit or a copy thereof at the work site of the permitted activity. [Rule 62-4.160(12), F.A.C.]

TV29. Recordkeeping.

a. Upon request, the permittee shall furnish all records and plans required under Department rules. During enforcement actions, the retention period for all records will be extended automatically unless otherwise stipulated by the Department.

b. The permittee shall hold at the facility or other location designated by this permit records of all monitoring information (including all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation) required by the permit, copies of all reports required by this permit, and records of all data used to complete the application for this permit. These materials shall be retained at least five (5) years from the date of the sample, measurement, report, or application unless otherwise specified by Department rule.

c. Records of monitoring information shall include:

- (1) The date, exact place, and time of sampling or measurements, and the operating conditions at the time of sampling or measurement;
- (2) The person responsible for performing the sampling or measurements;
- (3) The dates analyses were performed;
- (4) The person and company that performed the analyses;
- (5) The analytical techniques or methods used;

APPENDIX TV

TITLE V GENERAL CONDITIONS

(Version dated 9/12/2008)

(6) The results of such analyses.

[Rules 62-4.160(14) and 62-213.440(1)(b)2., F.A.C.]

TV30. Emissions Computation. Pursuant to Rule 62-210.370, F.A.C., the following required methodologies are to be used by the owner or operator of a facility for computing actual emissions, baseline actual emissions, and net emissions increase, as defined at Rule 62-210.200, F.A.C., and for computing emissions for purposes of the reporting requirements of subsection 62-210.370(3) and paragraph 62-212.300(1)(e), F.A.C., or of any permit condition that requires emissions be computed in accordance with Rule 62-210.370, F.A.C. Rule 62-210.370, F.A.C., is not intended to establish methodologies for determining compliance with the emission limitations of any air permit.

For any of the purposes specified above, the owner or operator of a facility shall compute emissions in accordance with the requirements set forth in this subsection.

- a. **Basic Approach.** The owner or operator shall employ, on a pollutant-specific basis, the most accurate of the approaches set forth below to compute the emissions of a pollutant from an emissions unit; provided, however, that nothing in this rule shall be construed to require installation and operation of any continuous emissions monitoring system (CEMS), continuous parameter monitoring system (CPMS), or predictive emissions monitoring system (PEMS) not otherwise required by rule or permit, nor shall anything in this rule be construed to require performance of any stack testing not otherwise required by rule or permit.
 - (1) If the emissions unit is equipped with a CEMS meeting the requirements of paragraph 62-210.370(2)(b), F.A.C., the owner or operator shall use such CEMS to compute the emissions of the pollutant, unless the owner or operator demonstrates to the department that an alternative approach is more accurate because the CEMS represents still-emerging technology.
 - (2) If a CEMS is not available or does not meet the requirements of paragraph 62-210.370(2)(b), F.A.C., but emissions of the pollutant can be computed pursuant to the mass balance methodology of paragraph 62-210.370(2)(c), F.A.C., the owner or operator shall use such methodology, unless the owner or operator demonstrates to the department that an alternative approach is more accurate.
 - (3) If a CEMS is not available or does not meet the requirements of paragraph 62-210.370(2)(b), F.A.C., and emissions cannot be computed pursuant to the mass balance methodology, the owner or operator shall use an emission factor meeting the requirements of paragraph 62-210.370(2)(d), F.A.C., unless the owner or operator demonstrates to the department that an alternative approach is more accurate.
- b. **Continuous Emissions Monitoring System (CEMS).**
 - (1) An owner or operator may use a CEMS to compute emissions of a pollutant for purposes of this rule provided:
 - (a) The CEMS complies with the applicable certification and quality assurance requirements of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendices B and F, or, for an acid rain unit, the certification and quality assurance requirements of 40 CFR Part 75, all adopted by reference at Rule 62-204.800, F.A.C.; or,
 - (b) The owner or operator demonstrates that the CEMS otherwise represents the most accurate means of computing emissions for purposes of this rule.
 - (2) Stack gas volumetric flow rates used with the CEMS to compute emissions shall be obtained by the most accurate of the following methods as demonstrated by the owner or operator:
 - (a) A calibrated flowmeter that records data on a continuous basis, if available; or
 - (b) The average flow rate of all valid stack tests conducted during a five-year period encompassing the period over which the emissions are being computed, provided all stack tests used shall represent the same operational and physical configuration of the unit.
 - (3) The owner or operator may use CEMS data in combination with an appropriate f-factor, heat input data, and any other necessary parameters to compute emissions if such method is demonstrated by the owner or operator to be more accurate than using a stack gas volumetric flow rate as set forth at subparagraph 62-210.370(2)(b)2., F.A.C., above.
- c. **Mass Balance Calculations.**

APPENDIX TV

TITLE V GENERAL CONDITIONS

(Version dated 9/12/2008)

- (1) An owner or operator may use mass balance calculations to compute emissions of a pollutant for purposes of this rule provided the owner or operator:
 - (a) Demonstrates a means of validating the content of the pollutant that is contained in or created by all materials or fuels used in or at the emissions unit; and,
 - (b) Assumes that the emissions unit emits all of the pollutant that is contained in or created by any material or fuel used in or at the emissions unit if it cannot otherwise be accounted for in the process or in the capture and destruction of the pollutant by the unit's air pollution control equipment.
 - (2) Where the vendor of a raw material or fuel which is used in or at the emissions unit publishes a range of pollutant content from such material or fuel, the owner or operator shall use the highest value of the range to compute the emissions, unless the owner or operator demonstrates using site-specific data that another content within the range is more accurate.
 - (3) In the case of an emissions unit using coatings or solvents, the owner or operator shall document, through purchase receipts, records and sales receipts, the beginning and ending VOC inventories, the amount of VOC purchased during the computational period, and the amount of VOC disposed of in the liquid phase during such period.
- d. Emission Factors.
- (1) An owner or operator may use an emission factor to compute emissions of a pollutant for purposes of this rule provided the emission factor is based on site-specific data such as stack test data, where available, unless the owner or operator demonstrates to the department that an alternative emission factor is more accurate. An owner or operator using site-specific data to derive an emission factor, or set of factors, shall meet the following requirements.
 - (a) If stack test data are used, the emission factor shall be based on the average emissions per unit of input, output, or gas volume, whichever is appropriate, of all valid stack tests conducted during at least a five-year period encompassing the period over which the emissions are being computed, provided all stack tests used shall represent the same operational and physical configuration of the unit.
 - (b) Multiple emission factors shall be used as necessary to account for variations in emission rate associated with variations in the emissions unit's operating rate or operating conditions during the period over which emissions are computed.
 - (c) The owner or operator shall compute emissions by multiplying the appropriate emission factor by the appropriate input, output or gas volume value for the period over which the emissions are computed. The owner or operator shall not compute emissions by converting an emission factor to pounds per hour and then multiplying by hours of operation, unless the owner or operator demonstrates that such computation is the most accurate method available.
 - (2) If site-specific data are not available to derive an emission factor, the owner or operator may use a published emission factor directly applicable to the process for which emissions are computed. If no directly-applicable emission factor is available, the owner or operator may use a factor based on a similar, but different, process.
- e. Accounting for Emissions During Periods of Missing Data from CEMS, PEMS, or CPMS. In computing the emissions of a pollutant, the owner or operator shall account for the emissions during periods of missing data from CEMS, PEMS, or CPMS using other site-specific data to generate a reasonable estimate of such emissions.
- f. Accounting for Emissions During Periods of Startup and Shutdown. In computing the emissions of a pollutant, the owner or operator shall account for the emissions during periods of startup and shutdown of the emissions unit.
- g. Fugitive Emissions. In computing the emissions of a pollutant from a facility or emissions unit, the owner or operator shall account for the fugitive emissions of the pollutant, to the extent quantifiable, associated with such facility or emissions unit.

APPENDIX TV

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(Version dated 9/12/2008)

- h. Recordkeeping. The owner or operator shall retain a copy of all records used to compute emissions pursuant to this rule for a period of five years from the date on which such emissions information is submitted to the department for any regulatory purpose.
[Rule 62-210.370(1) & (2), F.A.C.]

Responsible Official

- TV31. Designation and Update. The permittee shall designate and update a responsible official as required by Rule 62-213.202, F.A.C.

Prohibitions and Restrictions

- TV32. Asbestos. This permit does not authorize any demolition or renovation of the facility or its parts or components which involves asbestos removal. This permit does not constitute a waiver of any of the requirements of Chapter 62-257, F.A.C., and 40 CFR 61, Subpart M, National Emission Standard for Asbestos, adopted and incorporated by reference in Rule 62-204.800, F.A.C. Compliance with Chapter 62-257, F.A.C., and 40 CFR 61, Subpart M, Section 61.145, is required for any asbestos demolition or renovation at the source. [40 CFR 61; Rule 62-204.800, F.A.C.; and, Chapter 62-257, F.A.C.]
- TV33. Refrigerant Requirements. Any facility having refrigeration equipment, including air conditioning equipment, which uses a Class I or II substance (listed at 40 CFR 82, Subpart A, Appendices A and B), and any facility which maintains, services, or repairs motor vehicles using a Class I or Class II substance as refrigerant must comply with all requirements of 40 CFR 82, Subparts B and F, and with Chapter 62-281, F.A.C.
- TV34. Open Burning Prohibited. Unless otherwise authorized by Rule 62-296.320(3) or Chapter 62-256, F.A.C., open burning is prohibited.

APPENDIX U

LIST OF UNREGULATED EMISSIONS UNITS AND/OR ACTIVITIES

Unregulated Emissions Units and/or Activities. An emissions unit which emits no “emissions-limited pollutant” and which is subject to no unit-specific work practice standard, though it may be subject to regulations applied on a facility-wide basis (e.g., unconfined emissions, odor, general opacity) or to regulations that require only that it be able to prove exemption from unit-specific emissions or work practice standards.

The below listed emissions units and/or activities are neither ‘regulated emissions units’ nor ‘insignificant emissions units’.

E.U. ID

No.	<u>Brief Description of Emissions Units and/or Activity</u>
005	Painting and solvent cleaning
006	Emergency diesel generator, and mobile equipment and engines

REFERENCED ATTACHMENTS.

The Following Attachments Are Included for Applicant Convenience:

Table H, Permit History.

Table 1, Summary of Air Pollutant Standards.

Table 2, Summary of Compliance Requirements.

TABLE H
PERMIT HISTORY

E.U. ID No.	Description	Permit No.	Effective Date	Expiration Date	Project Type
003	Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 3	AO50-206721	03/06/92	03/15/97	Operating Permit
004	Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 4	AO50-206722	03/06/92	03/15/97	Operating Permit
All	Facility	0990042-001-AV	01/01/1999	12/31/2003	Renewal
All	Facility	0990042-002-AV	01/11/2002	12/31/2003	Administrative Correction
All	Facility	0990042-003-AV	01/01/2004	12/31/2008	Renewal

Table 1, Summary of Air Pollutant Standards

Florida Power and Light Company
Riviera Plant

Permit No. 0990042-004-AV
Facility ID No. 0990042

This table summarizes information for convenience purposes only. This table does not supersede any of the terms or conditions of this permit.

E.U. ID No. Brief Description

003 Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 3
004 Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 4

Pollutant Name	Fuel(s)	Hours/Year	Allowable Emissions			Equivalent Emissions*		Regulatory Citation(s)	See permit condition(s)
			Standard(s)	lbs./hour	TPY	lbs./hour	TPY		
VE	all	8760	40% Opacity	N/A	N/A			62-296.405(1)(a)	III. A.5.
VE	all	3-hr/24-hr	60% Opacity	N/A	N/A			62-210.700(3)	III. A.6.
PM	all	8760	0.1 lb/MMBtu			652	2855.8	62-296.405(1)(b)	III. A.7.
PM	all	3-hr/24-hr	0.3 lb/MMBtu			1956	1070.9	62-210.700(3)	III. A.8.
SO ₂	all	8760	2.75 1.3 lb/MMBtu			8476	37124.9	62-296.405(1)(c)1.j.	III.A.9.
NO _x	gas	8760	0.50 lb/MMBtu			3260	14278.8	62-296.570(4)(a)4.	III.A.10.
NO _x	oil	8760	0.62 lb/MMBtu			3782	16565.2	62-296.570(4)(b)3.	III.A.10.

Notes:

* The "Equivalent Emissions" listed are for informational purposes only.

Table 2, Summary of Compliance Requirements

Florida Power and Light Company
Riviera Plant

Permit No. 0990042-004-AV
Facility ID No. 0990042

This table summarizes information for convenience purposes only. This table does not supersede any of the terms or conditions of this permit.

E.U. ID No. Brief Description

003 Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 3
004 Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 4

Pollutant Name or Parameter	Fuel(s)	Compliance Method	Testing Time Frequency	Frequency Base Date *	Min. Compliance Test Duration	CMS**	See permit condition(s)
VE	all	Method 9	annual		1 hour	YES	III.A.16, A.17.
PM	all	Method 17, 5, 5B, 5F	annual		1 hour		III.A.16, A.18.
SO ₂	all	CMS Method 6, 6A, 6B, 6C			3-hr avg.	YES	III.A.16, A.19.
NOx	all	CMS				YES	III.A.16.

Notes:

* The frequency base date is established for planning purposes only; see Rule 62-297.310, F.A.C.

**CMS [=] continuous monitoring system

*** The latest edition of the ASTM methods may be used.

Friday, Barbara

To: Jeff_Smith@fpl.com
Cc: 'KKosky@Golder.com'; Sheila_Wilkinson@fpl.com; 'James_Stormer@doh.state.fl.us';
Forney.Kathleen@epamail.epa.gov; Oquendo.Ana@epamail.epa.gov; Gibson, Victoria;
Cascio, Tom; Holtom, Jonathan
Subject: FP&L / RIVIERA POWER PLANT; 0990042-004-AV
Attachments: 0990042004NoticeofFinalPermit.pdf

Dear Sir/ Madam:

Attached is the official **Notice of Final Permit** for the project referenced below. Click on the link displayed below to access the permit project documents and send a "reply" message verifying receipt of the document(s) provided in the link; this may be done by selecting "Reply" on the menu bar of your e-mail software, noting that you can view the documents, and then selecting "Send". **We must receive verification that you are able to access the documents.** Your immediate reply will preclude subsequent e-mail transmissions to verify accessibility of the document(s).

Click on the following link to access the permit project documents:

http://ARM-PERMIT2K.dep.state.fl.us/adh/prod/pdf_permit_zip_files/0990042.004.AV.F_pdf.zip

Attention: Tom Cascio

Owner/Company Name: FLORIDA POWER and LIGHT (PRV)
Facility Name: FP&L / RIVIERA POWER PLANT
Project Number: 0990042-004-AV
Permit Status: FINAL
Permit Activity: PERMIT RENEWAL
Facility County: PALM BEACH

The Bureau of Air Regulation is issuing electronic documents for permits, notices and other correspondence in lieu of hard copies through the United States Postal System, to provide greater service to the applicant and the engineering community. Access these documents by clicking on the link provided above, or search for other project documents using the "*Air Permit Documents Search*" website at <http://www.dep.state.fl.us/air/eproducts/apds/default.asp>.

Permit project documents addressed in this email may require immediate action within a specified time frame. Please open and review the document(s) as soon as possible, and verify that they are accessible. Please advise this office of any changes to your e-mail address or that of the Engineer-of-Record. If you have any problems opening the documents or would like further information, please contact the Florida Department of Environmental Protection, Bureau of Air Regulation at (850)488-0114.

Barbara Friday

Bureau of Air Regulation

Division of Air Resource Management (DARM)

(850)921-9524

Friday, Barbara

From: Exchange Administrator
Sent: Monday, January 05, 2009 2:54 PM
To: Friday, Barbara
Subject: Delivery Status Notification (Relay)
Attachments: ATT358492.txt; FP&L / RIVIERA POWER PLANT; 0990042-004-AV

This is an automatically generated Delivery Status Notification.

Your message has been successfully relayed to the following recipients, but the requested delivery status notifications may not be generated by the destination.

Jeff_Smith@fpl.com
Sheila_Wilkinson@fpl.com

Friday, Barbara

From: Smith, Jeff [Jeff.Smith@fpl.com]
To: Friday, Barbara
Sent: Monday, January 05, 2009 4:39 PM
Subject: Read: FP&L / RIVIERA POWER PLANT; 0990042-004-AV

Your message

To: Jeff.Smith@fpl.com
Subject:

was read on 1/5/2009 4:39 PM.

Friday, Barbara

From: Smith, Jeff [Jeff.Smith@fpl.com]
Sent: Monday, January 05, 2009 4:53 PM
To: Friday, Barbara
Cc: Sheila_Wilkinson@fpl.com; KKosky@Golder.com; Forney.Kathleen@epamail.epa.gov; Oquendo.Ana@epamail.epa.gov; James_Stormer@doh.state.fl.us; Gibson, Victoria; Cascio, Tom; Holtom, Jonathan; Hampp, John; Moncrief, Gary
Subject: RE: FP&L / RIVIERA POWER PLANT; 0990042-004-AV

Barbara, Thank you.
I have access to the attached files.

Jeff Smith
Plant General Manager
Riviera Plant
Port Everglades Plant
Gas Turbine Power Park

Office 954-527-3601
Mobile 561-307-7188
jeff.smith@fpl.com

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From: Friday, Barbara [mailto:Barbara.Friday@dep.state.fl.us]
Sent: Monday, January 05, 2009 1:52 PM
To: Smith, Jeff
Cc: Sheila_Wilkinson@fpl.com; KKosky@Golder.com; Forney.Kathleen@epamail.epa.gov; Oquendo.Ana@epamail.epa.gov; James_Stormer@doh.state.fl.us; Gibson, Victoria; Cascio, Tom; Holtom, Jonathan
Subject: FP&L / RIVIERA POWER PLANT; 0990042-004-AV

Dear Sir/ Madam:

Attached is the official **Proposed Permit Determination** for the project referenced below. Click on the link displayed below to access the permit project documents and send a "reply" message verifying receipt of the document(s) provided in the link; this may be done by selecting "Reply" on the menu bar of your e-mail software, noting that you can view the documents, and then selecting "Send". **We must receive verification that you are able to access the documents.** Your immediate reply will preclude subsequent e-mail transmissions to verify accessibility of the document(s).

Click on the following link to access the permit project documents:
http://ARM-PERMIT2K.dep.state.fl.us/adh/prod/pdf_permit_zip_files/0990042.004.AV.P_pdf.zip

Attention: Tom Cascio

Owner/Company Name: FLORIDA POWER and LIGHT (PRV)
Facility Name: FPandL / RIVIERA POWER PLANT
Project Number: 0990042-004-AV
Permit Status: PROPOSED
Permit Activity: PERMIT RENEWAL
Facility County: PALM BEACH

The Bureau of Air Regulation is issuing electronic documents for permits, notices and other correspondence in lieu of hard copies through the United States Postal System, to provide greater service to the applicant and the engineering community. Access these documents by clicking on the link provided above, or search for other project documents using the "*Air Permit Documents Search*" website at <http://www.dep.state.fl.us/air/eproducts/apds/default.asp> .

Permit project documents are addressed in this email may require immediate action within a specified time frame. Please open and review the document(s) as soon as possible, and verify that they are accessible. Please advise this office of any changes to your e-mail address or that of the Engineer-of-Record. If you have any problems opening the documents or would like further information, please contact the Florida Department of Environmental Protection, Bureau of Air Regulation at (850)488-0114.

Barbara Friday

Bureau of Air Regulation

Division of Air Resource Management (DARM)

(850)921-9524

The Department of Environmental Protection values your feedback as a customer. DEP Secretary Michael W. Sole is committed to continuously assessing and improving the level and quality of services provided to you. Please take a few minutes to comment on the quality of service you received. Simply click on [this link to the DEP Customer Survey](#). Thank you in advance for completing the survey.

Friday, Barbara

From: Mail Delivery System [MAILER-DAEMON@mx1.golder.com]
Sent: Monday, January 05, 2009 2:52 PM
To: Friday, Barbara
Subject: Successful Mail Delivery Report
Attachments: Delivery report; Message Headers

This is the mail system at host mx1.golder.com.

Your message was successfully delivered to the destination(s) listed below. If the message was delivered to mailbox you will receive no further notifications. Otherwise you may still receive notifications of mail delivery errors from other systems.

The mail system

<KKosky@Golder.com>: delivery via 127.0.0.1[127.0.0.1]:10025: 250 OK, sent
496264E6_31818_78043_1 E66FF1CF0B23

Friday, Barbara

From: Kosky, Ken [Ken_Kosky@golder.com]
To: Friday, Barbara
Sent: Tuesday, January 06, 2009 10:11 AM
Subject: Read: FP&L / RIVIERA POWER PLANT; 0990042-004-AV

Your message

To: Ken_Kosky@golder.com
Subject:

was read on 1/6/2009 10:11 AM.

Friday, Barbara

From: Exchange Administrator
Sent: Monday, January 05, 2009 2:52 PM
To: Friday, Barbara
Subject: Delivery Status Notification (Relay)
Attachments: ATT358327.txt; FP&L / RIVIERA POWER PLANT; 0990042-004-AV

This is an automatically generated Delivery Status Notification.

Your message has been successfully relayed to the following recipients, but the requested delivery status notifications may not be generated by the destination.

James.Stormer@doh.state.fl.us

Friday, Barbara

From: James_Stormer@doh.state.fl.us
To: Friday, Barbara
Sent: Monday, January 05, 2009 2:55 PM
Subject: Read: FP&L / RIVIERA POWER PLANT; 0990042-004-AV

Your message

To: James.Stormer@doh.state.fl.us
Subject:

was read on 1/5/2009 2:55 PM.

Friday, Barbara

From: Mail Delivery System [MAILER-DAEMON@mseive01.rtp.epa.gov]
Sent: Monday, January 05, 2009 2:53 PM
To: Friday, Barbara
Subject: Successful Mail Delivery Report
Attachments: Delivery report; Message Headers

This is the mail system at host mseive01.rtp.epa.gov.

Your message was successfully delivered to the destination(s) listed below. If the message was delivered to mailbox you will receive no further notifications. Otherwise you may still receive notifications of mail delivery errors from other systems.

The mail system

<Forney.Kathleen@epamail.epa.gov>: delivery via 127.0.0.1[127.0.0.1]:10025: 250 OK, sent 49626504_12429_331721_3 6D9F84447C

<Oquendo.Ana@epamail.epa.gov>: delivery via 127.0.0.1[127.0.0.1]:10025: 250 OK, sent 49626504_12429_331721_3 6D9F84447C

Friday, Barbara

From: Oquendo.Ana@epamail.epa.gov
Sent: Wednesday, January 07, 2009 12:11 PM
To: Friday, Barbara
Subject: Re: FP&L / RIVIERA POWER PLANT; 0990042-004-AV
Attachments: 0990042004NoticeofFinalPermit.pdf

Hi, I could access all documents.

Wishing you a great day!

Ana M. Oquendo
Air Permits Section
Air, Pesticides and Toxics Management Division U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 4
61 Forsyth Street, S.W.
Atlanta, GA 30303

email. quendo.ana@epa.gov
phone. 404-562-9781
fax. 404-562-9019

Please consider the environment before printing this email.

"Friday,
Barbara"
<Barbara.Friday@
dep.state.fl.us>

01/05/2009 02:51
PM

To

cc
<Jeff.Smith@fpl.com>
<KKosky@Golder.com>,
<Sheila.Wilkinson@fpl.com>,
<James.Stormer@doh.state.fl.us>,
Kathleen Forney/R4/USEPA/US@EPA,
Ana Oquendo/R4/USEPA/US@EPA,
"Gibson, Victoria"
<Victoria.Gibson@dep.state.fl.us>
, "Cascio, Tom"
<Tom.Cascio@dep.state.fl.us>,
"Holtom, Jonathan"
<Jonathan.Holtom@dep.state.fl.us>
Subject
FP&L / RIVIERA POWER PLANT;
0990042-004-AV

Dear Sir/ Madam:

Attached is the official Notice of Final Permit for the project referenced below. Click on the link displayed below to access the permit project documents and send a "reply" message verifying receipt of the document(s) provided in the link; this may be done by selecting "Reply" on the menu bar of your e-mail software, noting that you can view the documents, and then selecting "Send". We must receive verification that you are able to access the documents. Your immediate reply will preclude subsequent e-mail transmissions to verify accessibility of the document (s).

Click on the following link to access the permit project documents:

http://ARM-PERMIT2K.dep.state.fl.us/adh/prod/pdf_permit_zip_files/0990042.004.AV.F.pdf.zip

Attention: Tom Cascio

Owner/Company Name: FLORIDA POWER and LIGHT (PRV) Facility Name: FP&L / RIVIERA POWER PLANT
Project Number: 0990042-004-AV Permit Status: FINAL Permit Activity: PERMIT RENEWAL Facility
County: PALM BEACH The Bureau of Air Regulation is issuing electronic documents for permits, notices and other correspondence in lieu of hard copies through the United States Postal System, to provide greater service to the applicant and the engineering community. Access these documents by clicking on the link provided above, or search for other project documents using the "Air Permit Documents Search" website at

<http://www.dep.state.fl.us/air/eproducts/apds/default.asp> .

Permit project documents addressed in this email may require immediate action within a specified time frame. Please open and review the document(s) as soon as possible, and verify that they are accessible. Please advise this office of any changes to your e-mail address or that of the Engineer-of-Record. If you have any problems opening the documents or would like further information, please contact the Florida Department of Environmental Protection, Bureau of Air Regulation at (850)488-0114.

Barbara Friday

Bureau of Air Regulation

Division of Air Resource Management (DARM)
(850)921-9524

The Department of Environmental Protection values your feedback as a customer. DEP Secretary Michael W. Sole is committed to continuously assessing and improving the level and quality of services provided to you. Please take a few minutes to comment on the quality of service you

received. Simply click on this link to the DEP Customer Survey. Thank you in advance for completing the survey..(See attached file: 0990042004NoticeofFinalPermit.pdf)

Friday, Barbara

From: System Administrator
To: Cascio, Tom; Gibson, Victoria
Sent: Monday, January 05, 2009 2:52 PM
Subject: Delivered:FP&L / RIVIERA POWER PLANT; 0990042-004-AV

Your message

To: [Jeff Smith@fpl.com](mailto:Jeff.Smith@fpl.com)
Cc: 'KKosky@Golder.com'; [Sheila Wilkinson@fpl.com](mailto:Sheila.Wilkinson@fpl.com); 'James_Stormer@doh.state.fl.us';
Forney.Kathleen@epamail.epa.gov; Oquendo.Ana@epamail.epa.gov; Gibson, Victoria;
Cascio, Tom; Holtom, Jonathan
Subject: FP&L / RIVIERA POWER PLANT; 0990042-004-AV
Sent: 1/5/2009 2:52 PM

was delivered to the following recipient(s):

Cascio, Tom on 1/5/2009 2:52 PM
Gibson, Victoria on 1/5/2009 2:52 PM

Friday, Barbara

From: Gibson, Victoria
To: Friday, Barbara
Sent: Monday, January 05, 2009 2:56 PM
Subject: Read: FP&L / RIVIERA POWER PLANT; 0990042-004-AV

Your message

To: Jeff_Smith@fpl.com
Cc: 'KKosky@Golder.com'; Sheila_Wilkinson@fpl.com; 'James_Stormer@doh.state.fl.us';
Forney.Kathleen@epamail.epa.gov; Oquendo.Ana@epamail.epa.gov; Gibson, Victoria;
Casio, Tom; Holtom, Jonathan
Subject: FP&L / RIVIERA POWER PLANT; 0990042-004-AV
Sent: 1/5/2009 2:52 PM

was read on 1/5/2009 2:56 PM.

Friday, Barbara

From: Cascio, Tom
To: Friday, Barbara
Sent: Monday, January 05, 2009 2:53 PM
Subject: Read: FP&L / RIVIERA POWER PLANT; 0990042-004-AV

Your message

To: Jeff.Smith@fpl.com
Cc: 'KKosky@Golder.com'; Sheila.Wilkinson@fpl.com; 'James.Stormer@doh.state.fl.us';
Forney.Kathleen@epamail.epa.gov; Oquendo.Ana@epamail.epa.gov; Gibson, Victoria;
Cascio, Tom; Holtom, Jonathan
Subject: FP&L / RIVIERA POWER PLANT; 0990042-004-AV
Sent: 1/5/2009 2:52 PM

was read on 1/5/2009 2:53 PM.

Friday, Barbara

From: System Administrator
To: Holtom, Jonathan
Sent: Monday, January 05, 2009 2:52 PM
Subject: Delivered:FP&L / RIVIERA POWER PLANT; 0990042-004-AV

Your message

To: Jeff_Smith@fpl.com
Cc: 'KKosky@Golder.com'; Sheila_Wilkinson@fpl.com; 'James_Stormer@doh.state.fl.us';
Forney.Kathleen@epamail.epa.gov; Oquendo.Ana@epamail.epa.gov; Gibson, Victoria;
Cascio, Tom; Holtom, Jonathan
Subject: FP&L / RIVIERA POWER PLANT; 0990042-004-AV
Sent: 1/5/2009 2:52 PM

was delivered to the following recipient(s):

Holtom, Jonathan on 1/5/2009 2:52 PM

Friday, Barbara

From: Holtom, Jonathan
To: Friday, Barbara
Sent: Monday, January 05, 2009 3:04 PM
Subject: Read: FP&L / RIVIERA POWER PLANT; 0990042-004-AV

Your message

To: Jeff_Smith@fpl.com
Cc: 'KKosky@Golder.com'; Sheila_Wilkinson@fpl.com; 'James_Stormer@doh.state.fl.us';
Forney.Kathleen@epamail.epa.gov; Oquendo.Ana@epamail.epa.gov; Gibson, Victoria;
Cascio, Tom; Holtom, Jonathan
Subject: FP&L / RIVIERA POWER PLANT; 0990042-004-AV
Sent: 1/5/2009 2:52 PM

was read on 1/5/2009 3:04 PM.