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BUREAU OF AIR REGULATION

CF Industries, Inc. (CFII)
Plant City Phosphate Complex
Title V Permit No. 0570005-007-AV
Construction Permit Application
A & B Phosphoric Acid Units
Attachment 1

Compliance tests (Not actual Application)



July 2, 1999

Mr. Jerry Kissel Florida Department of Environmental Protection 3804 Coconut Palm Drive Tampa, FL 33619-8318

SUBJECT:

COMPLIANCE TEST - "A" PAP Permit No. 0570005-007-AV Emission Unit 004

Dear Mr. Kissel:

Enclosed are duplicate copies of the two recent compliance tests conducted at CF Industries, Inc., Plant City Phosphate Complex, on "A" Phosphoric Acid Plant. The tests were performed at the rates specified in FDEP's letter dated May 26, 1999, and otherwise in accordance with the conditions of Air Permit No. 0570005-007-AV. The approved elevated operating rates and the extra testing were in support of a permit application submitted to the FDEP on June 11, 1999.

If there are any questions concerning the results, please give Michael Messina a call at 813-782-1591, ext. 290.

Sincerely,

T.A. Edwards,

Superintendent, Environmental Affairs

TAE/JHF/gm u:\envrpt\225960.doc Enclosures

cc: J.M. Messina

T.V. Ortoski

Sterlin Woodard/HCEPC

PERMIT NO. 0570005-007-AV

EMISSION UNIT 004

CF INDUSTRIES, INC.

PLANT CITY PHOSPHATE COMPLEX

"A" PHOSPHORIC ACID PRODUCTION

PLANT CITY, FLORIDA

June 22 & 23, 1999

TEST CONDUCTED BY:

Laboratory
CF INDUSTRIES, INC.
Plant City Phosphate Complex
Plant City, Florida 33564

INTRODUCTION:

The Environmental Control Laboratory of CF Industries, Inc., Plant City Phosphate Complex, conducted emission tests at "A" Phosphoric Acid Production Facility in Plant City, Florida on June 22 and 23, 1999. Six sixty minute (60) test runs were performed. The purpose of the tests was to obtain emission data demonstrating compliance with the State of Florida DEP performance standards at operating rates applied for in a permit aplication submitted on June 11, 1999. All results were within the permitted limits.

The measurements were made for fluoride, opacity and moisture at the stack outlet to the atmosphere.

Complete results are givenin APPENDIX "A".

PROCESS DESCRIPTION

Phosphoric Acid is made by reacting sulfuric acid with phosphate rock along with a given amount of water to make an acid slurry. The mixing of sulfuric acid, rock and water takes place in a continuous reactor.

The principal reaction takes place as follows:

$$Ca_3(PO_4)_2 + 3H_2SO_4 + 2 H_2O -----> 3 CaSO_4 \cdot 2H_2O + 2H_3 PO_4$$

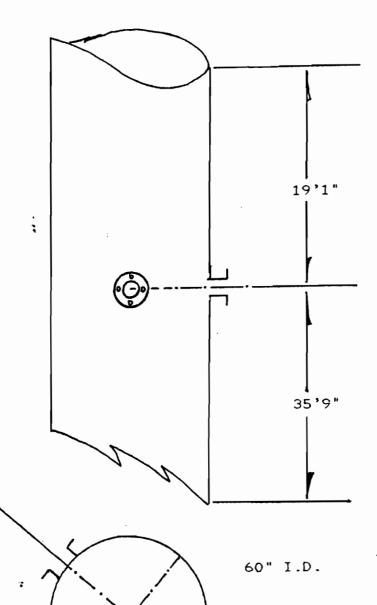
Other Reactions as follows:

$$CaF_2 + H_2SO_4 + 2H_2O$$
 ----> $CaSO_4 \cdot 2 H_2O + 2 HF$
 $4HF + SiO_2$ ----> $SiF_4 + 2H_2O$

The resulting Phosphoric Acid will be 28 to 30% P_2O_5 content. This 28 to 30% P_2O_5 Phosphoric Acid solution will be further concentrated by evaporators until the acid strength reaches 52 to 54% P_2O_5 .

LOCATION OF SAMPLING POINTS

The sampling sites and number of traverse points were selected as per Figure 1-2 EPA Method 1 specified in 40 CFR 60, Appendix A.



Traverse	Distance
Point	from
Number	inside wall
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	1.56 4.92 8.76 13.56 20.52 39.48 46.44 51.24 55.08 58.44

FIGURE 1
SAMPLE POINT DESCRIPTION
"A" PHOSPHORIC ACID STACK

SAMPLING AND ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES

The methods described in EPA Methods 1, 2, 3, 4, 9 and 13B contained in 40 CFR 60, Appendix A and adopted by reference in Chapter 62-297.401 F.A.C. are used when testing during compliance by CF Industries, Inc.

APPENDIX "A"

EMISSION CALCULATIONS AND RESULTS

CF INDUSTRIES, INC. PLANT CITY PHOSPHATE COMPLEX

SOURCE SAMPLING NOMENCLATURE SHEET

Pb	= Barometric pressure, in Hg
Ps	= Stack pressure, in Hg
As	= Stack area, sq. ft.
As'	= Effective area of positive stack gas flow, sq. ft.
Ts	= Stack temperature 'R'
Tm	= Meter temperature "R
🛕 Pavg	= Average square root of velocity head in. II20
Сþ	= S-typye pitot tube correction factor
Кр	$= 85.48 \text{ ft/sec (1b mole - }^{\circ}\text{R)} 1/2$
Ms	= Molecular weight of gas at stack conditions
Md	= Molecular weight of gas at dry conditions
Bwo	= Proportion by volume of water vapor in gas stream
Vwstd	= Volume of water vapor in gas sample
Vic	= Total volume of liquid collected in impinger &
	silica jel
PII20	= Density of water 1 gm/ml
MH20	= Molecular weight of water 18 lb/lb mole
R	= Ideal gas constant, 28.83 in. Hg-cu ft/lb-mole OR
Tstd	= Absolute temp. at standard conditions, 528 OR
Pstd	= Absolute pressure at standard conditions, 29.92
	in. Hg.
Vmstd	= Volume of gas sample through dry gas meter
	(standard condtions) cu. ft.
mV	= Volume of gas sample through the dry gas meter
	(meter condition) cu. ft.
۵II	= Orifice pressure of sampling meter
S.T.P.	= Standard condition, dry, 528 ^O R, 29.92 in. Hg
An	= Sampling nozzle area, square feet :
٧s	= Velocity of stack gas, feet per second
Qs	= Volumetric flow rate, dry basis, standard
	conditions, CFM
Cs	= Concentration of particulate matter in stack
	gas, gr/SCF
Cf	= Concentration of fluoride in stack gas gr/SCF
ME	= Total amount of fluoride collected, mg
Mn	= Total amount of particulate matter collected, mg
I	= Percent isokinetic volume sampled
0	= Sampling time

$$Vwstd = 0.04707 \text{ cuft/ml } (V_1)$$

$$Vmstd = Vm \left(\frac{Tstd}{Tm} \right) \left(\frac{Pbar}{Pstd} + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6} \right)$$

$$Ewo = \frac{Vwstd}{Vwstd} + Vmstd$$

$$Ms = Md (1 - Ewo) + 18 (Ewo)$$

$$Vs(avg) = Kp Cp \sqrt{P(avg)} \sqrt{\frac{460 + Ts}{Ms Ps}}$$

$$Qs = 60 (1 - Ewo) Vs As \left(\frac{Tstd}{Ts} \right) \left(\frac{Ps}{Pstd} \right)$$

PERCENT ISOKINETIC

$$I = \frac{Ts \quad (1.667) \left[(0.00267) \quad V_1 + \frac{\Delta H}{Tm} \right] Pbar + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6}}{\theta \quad \forall s \quad Ps \quad An}$$

$$Cs = \frac{Mf \quad or \quad Mn}{Vmstd}$$

$$lbs/hr = (Cs \times Qs \times 60) / 7000$$

$$lbs/day = lbs/hr \times 24 \quad hrs/day$$

J. H. Falls 3/15/93

A PAP

Permit No. 0570005-007-AV **Emission Unit 004**

RUN NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6
DATE	22-Jun-99	22-Jun-99	22-Jun-99	23-Jun-99	23-Jun-99	23-Jun-99
TIME START	10:30 AM	12:15 PM	1:45 PM	10:20 AM	1:55 PM	3:25 PM
TIME END	11:45 AM	1:25 PM	3:00 PM	11:30 AM	3:05 PM	4:40 PM
BP, INCHES Hg	30.05	30.05	30.05	30.01	30.01	30.01
STACK PRESSURE, INCHES Hg	30.10	30.09	30.07	30.08	30.03	30.00
AVG.SQ.ROOT(VEL. HEAD) IN Hg	0.846	0.809	0.788	0.839	0.811	0.797
ORIFICE PRESS. OF METER, IN WATER	3.71	3.45	3.34	3.34	3.45	3.35
AVG STACK ,F	118.2	121.4	122.2	117.9	122.0	123.7
STACK, DRY BULB	118.2	121.4	122.2	117.9	122.0	123.7
METER TEMPERATURE, F	100.7	112.7	116.9	97.2	112.4	116.9
VOL. OF GAS, DM CONDITIONS, FT3	51.974	50.509	49.740	49.461	51.067	50.506
VOL. GAS, STP, DRY COND. FT3	49.602	47.164	46.095	47.395	47.647	46.745
STACK GAS MOISTURE, % VOLUME	7.89	8.38	8.33	7.39	8.26	8.66
MW OF STACK GAS, DRY COND.	28.85	28.85	28.85	28.85	28.85	28.85
MW OF STACK GAS, STACK COND.	27.99	27.94	27.95	28.05	27.95	27.91
PITOT CORRECTION FACTOR	0.84	0.84	0.84	0.84	0.84	0.84
STACK GAS VELOCITY, STACK COND. FT3/SEC	50.32	48.31	47.10	49.86	48.49	47.78
STACK AREA, FT2	19.63	19.63	19.63	19.63	19.63	19.63
EFFECTIVE STACK AREA, FT2	19.63	19.63	19.63	19.63	19.63	19.63
STACK GAS FLOW-RATE AT STP, SCFMD	50149	47610	46345	49952	47706	46624
NET TIME OF TEST, MINUTES	60	60	60	60	60	60
SAMPLE NOZZLE AREA, FT2	0.000324	0.000324	0.000324	0.000324 .	0.000324	0.000324
PERCENT ISOKINETIC	99.9	100.1	100.5	95.8	100.9	101.3
FLUORIDE, MG.	2.92	2.92	2.99	2.44	2.83	3.01
FLUORIDE, LB/HR	0.39	0.39	0.40	0.34	0.37	0.40
FLUORIDE, LB/DAY	9.35	9.34	9.52	8.15	8.98	9.51
(LOOKIDE, LB/DA1	3.55	3.54	3.52	0.10	0.30	3.51
FLUORIDE, LB/HR/LIMIT	1.18	1.18	1.18	1.18	1.18	1.18
FLUORIDE, LB/DAY/LIMIT	28.3	28.3	28.3	28.3	28.3	28.3
- · · · - · · · - · · ·						
PRODUCTION RATE, TPH P2O5 (INPUT)	64.2	64.1	65.3	65.3	65.4	65.8
PRODUCTION RATE, TPH/TARGET	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0
PRODUCTION RATE, TPD P2O5 (INPUT)	1541	1538	1567	1567	1570	1579
PRODUCTION RATE, TPD/TARGET	1560	1560	1560	1560	1560	1560
PHOSPHATE ROCK SLURRY,TPH	340.33	339.38	337.51	337.30	339.30	340.44
100% SULFURIC ACID, TPH	158.24	163.16	170.85	159.31	175.21	208.84
WATER, TPH	12.63	12.61	12.85	12.85	12.88	12.94
LBS F/TON OF P2O5 (INPUT)	0.006	0.006	0.006	0.005	0.006	0.006
LBS F/TON OF P2O5/LIMIT	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020
	5.020	0.020	U.UEU	0.020	0.020	0.020
VISIBLE EMISSIONS	0%					
VISIBLE EMISSIONS LIMIT	20%					

EMISSION CALCULATIONS

Date: June 22, 1999

Unit: A PAP

Run no. 1

Bwo =
$$\frac{\text{Vwstd}}{\text{Vwstd} + \text{Vmstd}}$$
$$\frac{4.250}{4.250 + 49.602} \times 100$$

7.89 %

Vs (avg) = Kp Cp
$$\sqrt{P(avg)}$$
 $\sqrt{(460 + Ts) / (Ms Ps)}$
= 85.48 x .84 x 0.8460 $\sqrt{(460 + 118.2) / (27.99 \times 30.10)}$
= 50.32 ft/sec

Cs = 0.0154 grs/mg x (total mg of sample) / Vmstd

= 0.0154 grs/mg x 2.92 mg / 49.602 cuft

= **0.0009** grs/cuft

 $lbs/hr = (Cs \times Qs \times 60 min/hr) / 7000 grs/lb$

= (0.0009 x 50149 x 60) / 7000

= 0.39 lbs/hr Fluoride

 $lbs/day = lbs/hr \times 24 hrs/day$

 $= 0.39 \times 24$

= 9.35 lbs/day Fluoride

Percent Isokinetic:

99.9 %

EMISSION CALCULATIONS

Date: June 23, 1999

Unit: A PAP

Run no. 4

$$Vmstd = Vm [Tstd] [Pbar + (^{h} H / 13.6)] Yi [Tm + 460] [Pstd]$$

$$= 49.461 Cuft \times [528] \times [(30.01 + (3.34/13.6))] \times 1.00 [460 + 97.2] [29.92]$$

Bwo =
$$\frac{\text{Vwstd}}{\text{Vwstd} + \text{Vmstd}}$$

 $\frac{3.784}{3.784 + 47.395} \times 100$
7.39 %

Vs (avg) = Kp Cp
$$\sqrt{P(avg)} \sqrt{(460 + Ts) / (Ms Ps)}$$

= 85.48 x .84 x 0.8390 x $\sqrt{(460 + 117.9) / (28.05 \times 30.08)}$
= 49.86 ft/sec

Cs = 0.0154 grs/mg x (total mg of sample) / Vmstd

= 0.0154 grs/mg x 2.44 mg / 47.395 cuft

= 0.0008 grs/cuft

 $lbs/hr = (Cs \times Qs \times 60 min/hr) / 7000 grs/lb$

= (0.0008 x 49952 x 60) / 7000

= 0.34 lbs/hr Fluoride

lbs/day = lbs/hr x 24 hrs/day

 $= 0.34 \times 24$

8.15 lbs/day Fluoride

Percent Isokinetic:

$$I = \frac{Ts (1.667) ((0.00267) V1) + (Vm / Tm) ((Pbar + (^H / 13.6)))}{0 Vs Ps An}$$

95.8 %

DATE 6	5-22-97 SAMPLING T	IME:	FROM	10:30AM	то	3:00 PM
STATEMENT	OF PROCESS WEIGHT:					
COMPANY NA MAILING ADD SOURCE IDEI	RESS P.O. DRAWE	RL, PLANT C	PRODUCTION	N FACILITY	IPLEX	
SOURCE LOC	CATION	APAP	PRODUCTION	N STACK		-
	ERATING CYCLE TIME:		Run # 1	Run # 2	Run # 3	
	PERATION, TIME		10:30AM	12:15 PM	1:45PM	
ELAPSED TIM	RATION, TIME		75-MIN.	1:25 PM 3	7501	
	JRING CYCLE		73 174.	0	0	<u>'</u>
Type of Scrub	ber Liquid <u> </u>	WATER	<u>o</u>			
Liquid flow rat	e, gpm	Average	1870	1876	1868	
•	. 3,	High	1876	1876	1863	
		Low	1864	1376	1863	
Liquid water p	ressure, psig	Average	52	52	分乙	
		High	52	52	52	
		Low	52	52	52	
Total gas pres	ssure drop, "w.g.	Average	11.25	11.5	11.5	
		High	11.5	11.5	11.5	
		Low	11.0	11.5	11.5	
DESIGN PRO	OCESS RATING;					
PROCESS W	EIGHT RATE (INPUT)	1416	T/D	_PRODUCT(O	UTPUT)	T/D
	TUAL PROCESS RATE Diffications on fossil fuels)	URING OPERA	ATION CYCLE	<u>::</u>		
MATERIAL	PHOS ROCK SLURRY	RATE*,TPH	340.33	339.38	337.5	
MATERIAL	100% SULFURIC	_RATE*,TPH	158,24	163.16	170:85	
MATERIAL	WATER	RATE*,TPH	12.63	12.61	12.35	
PRODUCT	TOTAL PROCESS WEIGH	HT RATE* RATE*,T##	511.20	515.15	521.2	,
1100001			311.00			
INPUT RATE	TPH P205		1540.5	1538.5	1567.	
		TPD	1540.5	,,,,,,,	1361	•
For fossil fue	ate process expressed as a il steam generators express acid plants expressed as	sed as btu/hou	r heat input.	of P2O5/hour.		
I certify that t belief:	the above statement is true	to the best of	my knowledge	and		
	Signature 72 ×	June	pipe		_	
	Title Prod	Ja Eng	, ,		_	
			13.		06-16-94(jl	nf)
			- •			

DATE 6-23-99 SAMPLING	TIME:	FROM	10:20 AM	то	4: 40 PM							
			,	10	7.70.07							
STATEMENT OF PROCESS WEIGHT:												
	RIES, INC., PL ER L, PLANT (APLEX								
SOURCE IDENTIFICATION	A PAR	PRODUCTION										
SOURCE LOCATION	APAP	PRODUCTION		-	-							
				_	-							
DATA ON OPERATING CYCLE TIME:		Run # 1	Run # 2	Run # 3								
START OF OPERATION, TIME		10:2017	1.55 PM	3:25PM								
END OF OPERATION, TIME	_	11: 30 AM	3105 PM	4:40 PM								
ELAPSED TIME IDLE TIME DURING CYCLE		78 MW.	70 M/N.	75MIN.	-							
IDEE TIME BOTTING OT GEE			<u> </u>									
Type of Scrubber Liquid Pent)	WATER											
Liquid flow rate, gpm	Average	1872.5	1833	1833								
2.4	High	1875	1833	1833								
	Low	1810	1833	1833								
Liquid water pressure, psig	Average	52	52	<i>5</i> Z.								
Eldere Mater Process, polg	High	52	92	<i>5</i> 2								
	Low	52	ダス	52.								
Total gas pressure drop, "w.g.	Average	11.0	(1.0	11.0								
	High	11.0	11.0	11.0								
	Low	11.0	11.0	11.0								
DESIGN PROCESS RATING;												
PROCESS WEIGHT RATE (INPUT)	1416	T/D	_PRODUCT(C	OUTPUT)	T/D							
DATA ON ACTUAL PROCESS RATE D (Include specifications on fossil fuels)	OURING OPER	ATION CYCLE	<u>:</u>									
MATERIAL PILOS ROCK GLUMBEY	RATE*.TPH	337.30	339.30	340.4	4							
MATERIAL 100% SUCFURIC	RATE*,TPH	159.31			4							
MATERIAL WATER	RATE*,TPH	12.89	12.85	12.9	4							
TOTAL PROCESS WEIG	HT RATE											
PRODUCT PHOSPHORIC ACID Sum		509.46	527.39	562.2	Z							
	- /											
INPUT RATE, TPH P2O5		65,79		•	7							
	TPD	1567	1570.5	1579								
*For phosphate process expressed as a For fossil fuel steam generators expres **For sulfuric acid plants expressed as	sed as btu/hou	ır heat input.	of P2O5/hour.									
I certify that the above statement is true belief:	e to the best of	my knowledge	and									
Signature 78	Sum	pym		_								
Title fro	d = 91	rg.		_								
	Sum d^{2} En	14.		06-16-94(ji	nf)							

VISIBLE EMISSION C	DRZEH	IVATIO	IN FOR	₹M		No. /	
CF Industries Inc. Plant City Complex		6/22			START T	тме 35	END TIME
CF Industries, Inc. Plant City Complex street ADDRESS 10608 Paul Buchman Highway	SEC	0	15	30	45		COMMENTS
10 - iles with of Plant City	1	0	0	0	0		
CITY STATE ZIP	2	0	0	0	0		
Plant City FL 33564	3	0	0	0	O		
10 miles north of Plant City STATE ZIP 33564 Plant City FL 33564 PHONE (KEY CONTACT) SOURCE ID NUMBER (813) 782-1591 (Ext. 290) 057000004	4	0	0	0	0		
PROCESS EQUIPMENT A Phosphoric Acid OPERATING MODE	5	0	0	0	0		
PROCESS EQUIPMENT A Phosphoric Acid OPERATING MODE Production Facility Normal CONTROL EQUIPMENT Packed bed OPERATING MODE	6	0	0	0	0	•	
scrubber with Kin Ray packing Normal	7	0	0	0	0		
DESCRIBE EMISSION POINT	8	0	0	0	0		
Circular stack opening Steet in	9	0	0	0	0		
diameter	10	0	0	0	0		
HEIGHT ABOVE GROUND LEVEL HEIGHT RELATIVE TO OBSERVER Start 85' End 85'	11	0	0	0	0		
DISTANCE FROM OBSERVER DIRECTION FROM OBSERVER	12	0	0	0	0		
Start ~ 200' End ~ 200' Start W End W	13	0	0	0	0		
DESCRIBE EMISSIONS Start None End None	14	0	0	0	0		
EMISSION COLOR IF WATER DROPLET PLUME	15	0	0	0	0		
Start NA End NA Attached D Detached D POINT IN THE PLUME AT WHICH OPACITY WAS DETERMINED	16	0	0	0	0		
Sian ~ 5' From stack End ~ 5' From stack	17	0	0	0	0		
DESCRIBE PLUME BACKGROUND	18	0	0	0	0		
Stan Scattered sky End Scattered sky BACKGROUND COLOR Blue, gray, SKY CONDITIONS	19	0	0	0	0		
Stan white End white Stan Scattered End Scattered	20	0	0	0	0		
WIND SPEED WIND DIRECTION	21	0	0	0	0		
Start 4-8 m ph End 8-12 m ph Start N End NW AMBIENT TEMP WET BULB TEMP RH, percent	22	0	0	0	0		
Start 87°F End 88°F 72] 	0	0	0	0		
Stack SOURCE LAYOUT SKETCH Draw North Arrow	24	+	0	0	0	<u> </u>	
Plume Sun +	25	0	0	0	0		· · ·
Wind	26	0	0	0	0		
X Emission Point	27	0	0	0	0		
1	28	0	+ -	0	0		
	29	- - -	0	<u> </u>	+		
	30	0	0	0	0		
		1				<u> </u>	
Observer's Position	OBS		NAME (_	amp		
	ОВЗ	SERVER	SIGNAT	URE			DATE 6/22/99
140°	ORG	GANIZATI	ÓN ,		amp		
Sun Location Line	CF	Ind	ustri	es, I	nc. f	Plant C	ity Comple
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION				hica	1 Ass	ociates	
The same	⊣戸		ON VEO			•	2
L'Chey Chemist							<u> </u>
/	5.						· 41

VISIBLE EMISSION (DBSER	VATIO	N FOF	M		No. 2	
CF Industries Inc. Plant City Complex		6/12		· ·	START T	IME 05	END TIME
CF Industries, Inc. Plant City Complex STREET ADDRESS 10608 Paul Buchman Highway	SEC	0	15	30	45	С	OMMENTS
10 miles hout of Plant City	1	0	0	0	0		
10 miles north of Plant City CITY Plant City PHONE (KEY CONTACT) (813) 782-1591 (Ext. 290) SOURCE ID NUMBER 057000 004	2	0	0	0	0		
PHONE (KEY CONTACT), SOURCE ID NUMBER	3	0	0	0	0		
(813)782-1591 (Ext. 290) 057000 004	4	0	0	0	0		
PROCESS EQUIPMENT A Phosphoric Acid OPERATING MODE Production Facility CONTROL EQUIPMENT Packed bed OPERATING MODE scrubber with Kin Ray packing Normal	5	0	0	0	0	·	
CONTROL EQUIPMENT Packed bed OPERATING MODE	6	0	0	0	0	·	
scrubber with Kin Ray packing Normal	7	0	0	0	0		
Circular stack opening 5 Feet in	8	0	0	0	0		
	9	0	0	0	0		
diameter HEIGHT ABOVE GROUND LEVEL HEIGHT RELATIVE TO OBSERVER	10	0	0	0	0		
85' Star ~ 85' End ~ 85'	11	0	0	0	0		
DISTANCE FROM OBSERVER Start 200' End 200' Start W End W	12	0	0	0	0		
DESCRIBE EMISSIONS	13	0	0	0	0		
Stan None End None	14	0	0	0	0		
EMISSION COLOR IF WATER DROPLET PLUME Star NA End NA Attached □ Detached □	15	0	0_	0	0		
POINT IN THE PLUME AT WHICH OPACITY WAS DETERMINED	16	0	0	0	0		
Stan ~ 5' From stack End ~ 5' From stack	17	0	0	0	0		
DESCRIBE PLUME BACKGROUND Start Scotton of Sky Ford Scotton of Sky	18	0	0	0	0		
BACKGROUND COLOR Blue, gray, SKY CONDITIONS Start White End white StartScattered End Scattered	19	0	0	0	0		
Stan Stan Scattered End Scattered WIND SPEED WIND DIRECTION	20	0	0	0	0		
Start 8-12 mph End 10-14 mph Start NW End NW	21	0	0	0	0		
AMBIENT TEMP Start 88° F End 89° F WET BULB TEMP RH, percent 66	22	0	0	0	0		·
Stack SOURCE LAYOUT SKETCH Draw North Arrow	23	0	0	0	0		
with Plume	24	0	0	0	0	<u> </u>	
Sun +	25	0	0	0	0		
	26	0	0	0	0		
X Emission Point	27	0	0	0	0		
	28	0	0	0	0		
	29	0	0	0	0		
	30	0	0	0	0		
2000000	OBS	ERVER'S	NAME (F		amp		
Observer's Position	OBS	ERVERS	SIGNAT	JRE _			DATE
140°	ORG	ANIZATI	od de				6/22/99
Sun Location Line	CF	Ind	ustrie	$S_{\mu}I_{\mu}$	c. Pl	ent City	Complex
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION Lalls	Eas	terh	Tech	hica	1 As	rociates	DATE 2/24/99
Ches Comint	┨┌──	ITINUED					
The state of the s							

APPENDIX "B"

FIELD DATA

Plant Site: Plant City, FL Sampling Location: A PAP Date: 06/22/1999 Stack ID (in): 60.00

°F °F
67.16 6.70 56.23 6.54 54.51 6.81 58.03
5.67 62.49 5.43 62.18 4.76 58.43
5.72 59.83 5.26 60.76
5.49 61.10 0.62 60.88
7.18 54.47 8.71 55.58 5.81 58.06
1.44 61.72 5.89 60.50
1.70 58.70 5.20 59.48 5.67 60.04 1.75 60.78

Rul 2
Plant Site: Plant City, FL
Sampling Location: A PAP

Date: 06/22/1999 Stack ID (in): 60.00

Pt	Time min	Volume ft3	System Vacuum inHg	Delta P inH2O	Delta H inH2O	Ti °F	To °F	Ts °F	Tf °F	Timp °F
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	3.0 6.0 9.0 12.0 15.0 18.0 21.0 24.0 27.0 30.0 36.0 36.0 42.0 45.0	2.501 5.112 7.655 9.647 10.832 13.606 16.606 19.438 22.148 24.522 26.833 29.376 32.028 34.269 36.018 38.454	2.07 2.28 2.23 1.53 0.82 2.65 2.92 2.62 2.42 1.95 1.88 2.21 2.37 1.86 1.38 2.13	0.652 0.694 0.654 0.393 0.139 0.893 0.914 0.805 0.739 0.562 0.572 0.646 0.702 0.502 0.391 0.580	3.27011 3.48711 3.34311 2.40911 1.60411 4.06011 4.41511 3.97211 3.69111 2.98111 2.91411 3.35611 3.54111 2.73411 2.31511 3.10711	1.05 1.15 1.44 1.59 1.44 1.40 2.22 2.93 3.81 4.32 2.54 13.20 14.25 14.25	110.91 110.67 110.53 110.42 110.37 110.32 110.49 110.77 111.37 111.97 111.99 112.25 112.67 112.82 113.09	120.95 121.28 121.33 121.02 121.03 120.98 120.73 120.87 120.70 119.17 121.48 121.97 122.39 122.35 121.79	240.91 246.80 244.74 244.84 245.76 245.37 245.46 245.49 245.54 245.48 239.90 247.26 244.54 244.86 244.88	68.03 57.74 56.96 60.83 64.99 63.04 62.98 63.36 62.69 64.62 59.46 64.66 59.98
17 18 19 20	51.0 54.0 57.0 60.0	41.394 44.431 47.559 50.509	2.87 3.00 3.17 2.88	0.885 0.928 0.979 0.874	4.4711: 4.7071:	L5.87 L6.89	113.33 113.66 114.21 114.77	123.14 122.96	244.28 246.04 244.33 244.52	55.33 54.77 55.34 56.22

Plant Site: Plant City, FL Sampling Location: A PAP

Date: 06/22/1999 Stack ID (in): 60.00

Pt	Time		System Vacuum	Delta P	Delta H	Ti	То	Ts	Tf	Timp
	min	ft3	inHg	inH2O	inH2O	۰F	°F	°F	٥F	°F
1	3.0	2.451	2.10	0.614			115.20		241.58	68.96
2	6.0	5.103	2.49	0.702		_	115.10		246.68	59.34
3	9.0	7.508	2.16	0.574			115.27		244.62	61.89
4 5	12.0 15.0	9.619	1.80	0.458			115.30 115.12		246.03 245.16	64.42
6	18.0	10.860 13.591	0.91 2.70	0.146 0.837			115.12		245.16	62.12 59.38
7	21.0	16.547	2.70	0.837			114.92		246.02	59.36
8	24.0	19.326	2.66	0.872			114.33		244.71	61.86
9	27.0	21.900	2.37	0.658			115.75		245.24	60.50
10	30.0	24.136	1.88	0.493			116.07		245.26	59.68
11	33.0	26.476	1.98	0.561			115.95		242.43	60.77
12	36.0	29.031	2.31	0.656			116.15		248.80	51.85
13	39.0	31.707	2.51	0.706			116.34		243.80	50.92
14	42.0	33.934	1.93	0.493			116.48		245.68	50.86
15	45.0	35.518	1.24	0.243			116.80		245.52	53.10
16	48.0	37.968	2.27	0.628			116.88		245.81	52.80
17	51.0	40.986	3.14	0.910			117.02		244.93	53.18
18	54.0	44.025	3.16	0.912			117.50		241.84	53.53
19	57.0	47.101	3.24	0.939			118.06		248.68	53.12
20	60.0	49.740	2.50	0.684			118.57	122.31	245.08	54.42

Run4

Plant Site: Plant City, FL Sampling Location: A PAP Date: 06/23/1999 Stack ID (in): 60.00

Pt	Time min	Volume ft3	System Vacuum inHg	Delta P inH2O	Delta H inH2O	Ti °F	To °F	Ts °F	Tf °F	Timp °F
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	3.0 6.0 9.0 12.0 15.0 18.0 21.0 24.0 27.0 30.0 36.0 39.0 42.0 45.0	2.541 5.227 7.864 10.092 11.586 14.413 17.517 20.402 23.074 25.502 28.024 30.718 33.359 35.561 37.100 39.643	2.42 2.78 2.69 2.03 1.14 3.10 3.57 3.06 2.65 2.23 2.34 2.66 2.60 1.96 1.20 2.49	0.732 0.789 0.748 0.527 0.231 0.921 1.028 0.875 0.753 0.609 0.695 0.752 0.726 0.498 0.239 0.711	3.450 3.739 3.586 2.747 1.909 4.187 4.769 4.182 3.675 3.117 3.334 3.6661 3.5491 2.6941	85.51 87.03 88.70 90.30 91.32 92.51 94.69 96.65 98.17 99.10 98.57 100.11 101.55 102.51	85.92 86.57 87.61 88.90 90.00 90.94 92.15 93.51 94.92 96.00 97.85 98.35 99.25 100.17	114.72 117.77 118.44 118.55 118.19 117.81 118.19 118.37 118.24 117.64 117.76 117.90 118.17 118.28	239.36 246.12 244.34 243.35 245.32 244.89 245.49 244.98 245.03 245.05 239.52 246.41 244.59 245.36 245.73 245.63	65.53 58.67 59.47 62.27 64.46 61.35 57.69 54.25 59.66 54.35 59.66 54.35 59.66 54.35
17 18 19	51.0 54.0 57.0	42.682 44.378 46.792	3.33 1.24 2.52	0.960 1.008 0.987	4.5371 1.5251	L04.80 L06.41		118.02 118.11	245.31 245.42 245.49	55.65 57.65 57.43
20	60.0	49.461	2.66	0.715	3.6363	L10.92	106.87	118.16	245.17	56.21

Plant Site: Plant City, FL Sampling Location: A PAP

Date: 06/23/1999 Stack ID (in): 60.00

Plant Site: Plant City, Fl Sampling Location: A PAP Date: 06/23/1999 Stack ID (in): 60.00

Pt	Time	Volume	System Vacuum	Delta P	Delta H	Ti	To	Ts	Tf	Timp
	min	ft3	inHg	inH2O	inH2O	°F	٥F	°F	°F	°F
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	3.0 6.0 9.0 12.0 15.0 18.0 21.0 24.0 27.0 30.0 33.0 36.0 39.0 42.0 45.0	2.633 5.283 7.937 10.057 11.773 14.617 17.670 20.535 23.214 25.549 28.152 30.830 33.458 35.683 37.074	2.33 2.41 2.49 1.76 1.40 2.78 3.10 2.76 2.47 1.99 2.32 2.46 2.42 1.90 1.08	0.706 0.691 0.695 0.433 0.351 0.797 0.923 0.806 0.703 0.535 0.696 0.710 0.682 0.482 0.183	3.48211 3.50711 3.52311 2.54111 2.24611 3.95811 4.45311 3.97811 3.55311 2.86411 3.42011 3.54211 3.42311 2.65811 1.78211	6.48 6.91 7.37 7.54 7.50 7.50 8.14 8.88 9.26 9.24 7.00 7.33 7.59 7.85	115.94 115.86 115.91 115.91 115.88 115.93 116.09 116.37 116.56 116.67 116.11 116.07 115.91 116.09 115.88	121.87 122.03 122.49 122.54 122.57 123.31 123.77 123.87 123.62 123.70 124.65 124.63 124.77 124.54	244.39 245.43 245.51 245.85 245.78 245.89 245.95 244.30 246.51 245.25 238.16 248.47 242.14 247.52 243.03	64.48 55.93 57.30 61.24 66.25 57.39 54.63 56.03 56.58 56.67 56.82 50.97 53.44 57.04 62.07
16 17 18 19 20	48.0 51.0 54.0 57.0 60.0	39.214 41.924 44.841 47.919 50.506	1.85 2.61 2.95 3.20 2.42	0.471 0.736 0.840 0.937 0.650	4.10311	L7.09 L7.65 L8.20	115.74 115.85 115.98	124.75 124.52 124.27	247.10 245.06 246.00 244.66 245.05	60.69 56.45 55.91 57.07 59.04

METHOD 5 LEAK TEST DATA

Plant Site: Plant City, FL Sampling Location: A PAP

Date: 06/22/1999 Stack ID: 004

Test	Leak Rate ft3/min	Sys Vac Pressure inHg	Initial Vol ft3	Final Vol ft3
2 1 iv: 2041	m EA 0.01190	16.22	0.07200	0.08800
#1 (2 /1:55A	MER 0.01190	6.64	52.00700	52.04200
W , 3 12:051	0.01190 مايرس	6.41	52.06100	52.08100
w <3 12:051 ≠2 < 4 1:25f	0.01190 2.01190	6.64	50.54200	50.56600
W _ 5 1:40P	0.01190 مريد	5.77	50.58500	50.60200
43 < 51:40p	n . 0.01190	6.61	49.77100	49.78800
7	0.00000	0.00	0.00000	0.00000
8	0.0000	0.00	0.00000	0.00000

METHOD 5 LEAK TEST DATA

Plant Site: Plant City, FL Sampling Location: A PAP

Date: 06/23/1999 Stack ID: 004

Test	Leak Rate ft3/min	Sys Vac Pressure inHg	Initial Vol ft3	Final Vol ft3
RW , 1 10:5A	0.01190 26 0.01190	16.28	0.07600	0.08400
#4 - 2 11:40m	26-0.01190	6.73	49.49300	49.50800
RW 3 1:50 PM	0.01190	5.81	49.52700	49.57400
#5 4 3:15PM	1 2k 0.01190	6.69	51.10100	51.11600
		5.90	51.13600	51.20900
#6664:45	4 EL 0.01330 4 EL 0.01190	6.68	50.53700	50.70400
7	0.00000	0.00	0.00000	0.0000
8	0.00000	0.00	0.0000	0.00000

PLANT CITY PHOSPHATE COMPLEX LABORATORY ANALYSIS RECORD

			DATE TIME STACK RUN	22-Jun-99 10:30 - 11:45 A PAP #1
MOISTURE CONTENTS				
IMPINGER	#1	#2	#3	#4
WEIGHT AFTER RUN, GRAMS WEIGHT BEFORE RUN, GRAMS WEIGHT GAIN/LOSS, GRAMS	727.7 670.4 57.3	676.3 658.6 17.7	582.1 578.1 4.0	891.7 880.4 11.3
TOTAL WEIGHT GAIN, GRAMS	90.3			
SAMPLE SOLUTIONS ANALYSIS	F			
VOLUME OF SAMPLE, ML CONCENTRATION, UG/ML TOTAL WEIGHT POLLUTANT, MGS	1000 2.92 2.92			
ANALYST Though De Camp				

PLANT CITY PHOSPHATE COMPLEX LABORATORY ANALYSIS RECORD

			DATE TIME STACK RUN	22-Jun-99 12:15 - 13:25 A PAP #2
MOISTURE CONTENTS				
IMPINGER	#1	#2	#3	#4
WEIGHT AFTER RUN, GRAMS WEIGHT BEFORE RUN, GRAMS WEIGHT GAIN/LOSS, GRAMS TOTAL WEIGHT GAIN, GRAMS	750.3 685.0 65.3 91.6	675.3 659.4 15.9	570.3 568.7 1.6	865.2 856.4 8.8
SAMPLE SOLUTIONS ANALYSIS	F			
VOLUME OF SAMPLE, ML CONCENTRATION, UG/ML TOTAL WEIGHT POLLUTANT, MGS	1000 2.92 2.92			

PLANT CITY PHOSPHATE COMPLEX LABORATORY ANALYSIS RECORD

			DATE TIME STACK RUN	22-Jun-99 13:45 - 15:00 A PAP #3
MOISTURE CONTENTS				
IMPINGER	#1	#2	#3	#4 ,
WEIGHT AFTER RUN, GRAMS	737.6	694.2	578.8	859.3
WEIGHT BEFORE RUN, GRAMS	675.5	678.2	575.5	851.7
WEIGHT GAIN/LOSS, GRAMS	62.1	16.0	3.3	7.6
TOTAL WEIGHT GAIN, GRAMS	89.0	-		
SAMPLE SOLUTIONS ANALYSIS	F			
VOLUME OF SAMPLE, ML	1000			
CONCENTRATION, UG/ML	2.99	-		
TOTAL WEIGHT POLLUTANT, MGS	2.99	_		
ANALYST Thyd D. Cany		-		

PLANT CITY PHOSPHATE COMPLEX LABORATORY ANALYSIS RECORD

,			DATE TIME STACK RUN	23-Jun-99 10:20 - 11:30 A PAP #4
MOISTURE CONTENTS				
IMPINGER	#1	#2	#3	#4
WEIGHT AFTER RUN, GRAMS	735.1	673.5	575.7	865.5
WEIGHT BEFORE RUN, GRAMS	678.6	659.6	572.1	859.1
WEIGHT GAIN/LOSS, GRAMS	56.5	13.9	3.6	6.4
TOTAL WEIGHT GAIN, GRAMS	80.4			
SAMPLE SOLUTIONS ANALYSIS	F			
VOLUME OF SAMPLE, ML	1000			
CONCENTRATION, UG/ML	2.44			
TOTAL WEIGHT POLLUTANT, MGS	2.44			
ANALYST Hoyd D. Carry				

PLANT CITY PHOSPHATE COMPLEX LABORATORY ANALYSIS RECORD

			DATE TIME STACK RUN	23-Jun-99 13:55 - 15:05 A PAP #5
MOISTURE CONTENTS				
IMPINGER	#1	#2	#3	#4
WEIGHT AFTER RUN, GRAMS WEIGHT BEFORE RUN, GRAMS	738.3 668.7	673.7 659.3	587.7 586.3	878.0 872.3
WEIGHT GAIN/LOSS, GRAMS	69.6	14.4	1.4	5.7
TOTAL WEIGHT GAIN, GRAMS	91.1			
SAMPLE SOLUTIONS ANALYSIS	F			
VOLUME OF SAMPLE, ML CONCENTRATION, UG/ML TOTAL WEIGHT POLLUTANT, MGS	1000 2.83 2.83			
ANALYST House S. Camp				

PLANT CITY PHOSPHATE COMPLEX LABORATORY ANALYSIS RECORD

			DATE TIME STACK RUN	23-Jun-99 15:25 - 16:40 A PAP #6
MOISTURE CONTENTS				
IMPINGER	#1	#2	#3	#4
WEIGHT AFTER RUN, GRAMS	741.4	694.4	580.0	860.0
WEIGHT BEFORE RUN, GRAMS	675.2	677.8	576.3	852.4
WEIGHT GAIN/LOSS, GRAMS	66.2	16.6	3.7	7.6
TOTAL WEIGHT GAIN, GRAMS	94.1			
SAMPLE SOLUTIONS ANALYSIS	F			
VOLUME OF SAMPLE, ML	1000			
CONCENTRATION, UG/ML	3.01			
TOTAL WEIGHT POLLUTANT, MGS	3.01			
ANALYST Hondb. James				

SAMPLE CHAIN OF CUSTODY

Plant Name	CF INDUSTR	IES, INC. PLANT CITY P	PHOSPHATE COMPL	.EX	
Source Identifica	ation _	"A" PHOSPHORIC ACIE	PRODUCTION FAC	ILITY	
	•				
Date Sampled:	JUNE 22, 1	999 \$	Sampling Time:	10:30 AM	to 3:00 PM
Test for	MOISTURE,	FLUORIDE AND VISIBLE	EMISSION		
	-	SAMPLE RECOVE	RY	-	
Sample Run				Descriptio	on
1	_			#1 COLD BOX	ASSEMBLY
2				#2 COLD BOX	ASSEMBLY
3	=			#3 COLD BOX	ASSEMBLY
Person engaged	in sample rec	overies:			
Signature	tul I be	mar-			
Title	ANALYST II		* .		
Location at w	hich recovery	<u>"A" PHO</u>	SPHORIC ACID STA	ACK	<u>. </u>
Laboratory person	on receiving s	amples:			
Signature	Tho	od D. Jana			
Title	"A" CLASS 1	ECHNICIAN			
	 -	ANAL	YSIS	_	
Constituen	it	Method	Date	Time	Signature(s)
MOISTURE		EPA METHOD 4	6/22/99	12:15 - 15:30	Hart De Jange
FLUORIDE		EPA METHOD 13 B	6/22/99	12:35 - 15:54	Hart D. lang
VISIBLE EMISSI	ON	EPA METHOD 9	6/22/99	10:35 - 11:35	And blams
					()
<u> </u>					

SAMPLE CHAIN OF CUSTODY

Plant Name	CF INDUSTR	CF INDUSTRIES, INC. PLANT CITY PHOSPHATE COMPLEX				
Source Identifica	ation _	"A" PHOSPHORIC ACID PRODUCTION FACILITY				
Date Sampled:	_JUNE 23, 1	<u>999</u>	Sampling Time:	10:20 AM	to 4:40 PM	
Test for	MOISTURE A	AND FLUORIDE				
	-	SAMPLE RECO	VERY	_		
Sample Run	_	•		Description	on	
1	-			#1 COLD BOX	ASSEMBLY	
2	_			#2 COLD BOX	ASSEMBLY	
3	_			#3 COLD BOX	ASSEMBLY	
Person engaged	in sample re	coveries:				
Signature	Frut y	Katal				
Title	ANALYST II					
Location at w	hich recovery	<u>"A" P</u>	HOSPHORIC ACID S	TACK		
Laboratory pers	on receiving	samples:				
Signature	_Iloy	L. B. Carry			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Title	"A" CLASS	TECHNICIAN		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	<u> </u>	
		ANA	LYSIS	_		
Constituen	<u>ıt</u>	Method	Date	Time	Signature(s)	
MOISTURE		EPA METHOD 4	6/23/99	12:00 - 17:10	Though B. Carp	
FLUORIDE		EPA METHOD 13B	6/23/99	13:02 - 17:40	Hoyd D. Jamp	
•	_					



DATE 7-14-98

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

THIS CERTIFIES THAT S-TYPE PITOT TUBES CONSTRUCTED AND CALIBRATED BY ANDERSEN INSTRUMENTS INC. COMPLY WITH PROCEDURES PROVIDED IN THE U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REFERENCE METHOD 2-DETERMINATION OF STACK GAS VELOCITY AND VOLUMETRIC FLOW RATE, VOL. 42, NO. 160 THURSDAY, AUGUST 18, 1977. ANDERSEN INSTRUMENTS INC. CERTIFIES THAT AT TIME OF SHIPMENT BASELINE COEFFICIENT VALUES OF 0.84 MAY BE ASSIGNED TO THE PITOT TUBES.

NÄTHAN D. CANUP / SERVICE MANAGER

ANDERSEN INSTRUMENTS INC.

A Subsidiary of Thermo Instruments Systems Inc. 500 TECHNOLOGY COURT, SMYRNA, GA 30082-5211, USA TEL: 770 319 9999 - 800 241 6898 FAX: 770 319 0336

CF INDUSTRIES

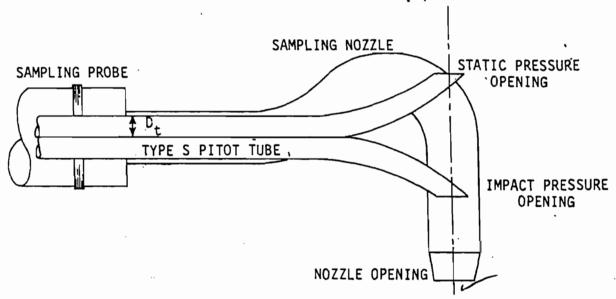
TYPE S PITOT TUBE INSPECTION DATA FORM

PROBE SS_GO-| MANUFACTOR_ANDREAN ENSTRUMENTS

PROBE LENGTH_G' DETACHABLE END PIECE SS_N-O2

G[16]99 $3 \mu'' \qquad \times \geq 1.90 \text{ cm } (3/4 \text{ in.}) \text{ for } D_n = 1.3 \text{ cm } (1/2 \text{ in.})$ SAMPLING NOZZLE

(a) BOTTOM VIEW: SHOWING MINIMUM PITOT-NOZZLE SEPARATION.



(b) SIDE VIEW: TO PREVENT PITOT TUBE FROM INTERFERING WITH GAS FLOW STREAMLINES APPROACHING THE NOZZLE, THE IMPACT PRESSURE OPENING PLANE OF THE PITOT TUBE SHALL BE EVEN WITH OR DOWNSTREAM FROM THE NOZZLE ENTRY PLANE

Figure 2.1 Required pitot tube-sampling nozzle configuration to prevent aerodynamic interference; buttonhook-type nozzle; centers of nozzle and pitot opening aligned; in respect to flow direction, D₊ between 0.48 and 0.95 cm (3/16 and 3/8 in.).

CF INDUSTRIES

TYPE S PITOT TUBE INSPECTION DATA FORM

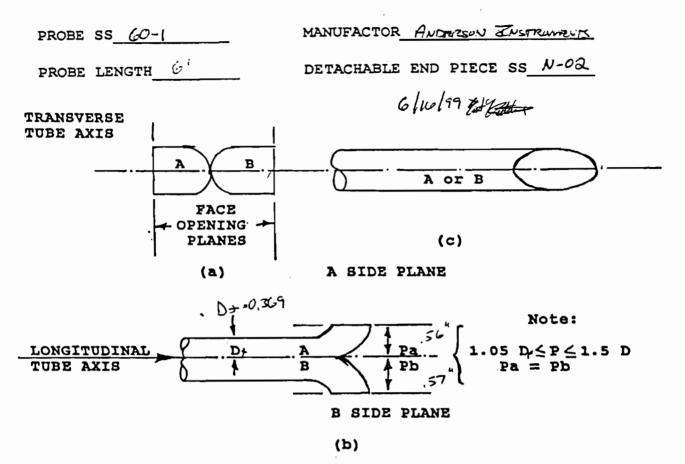
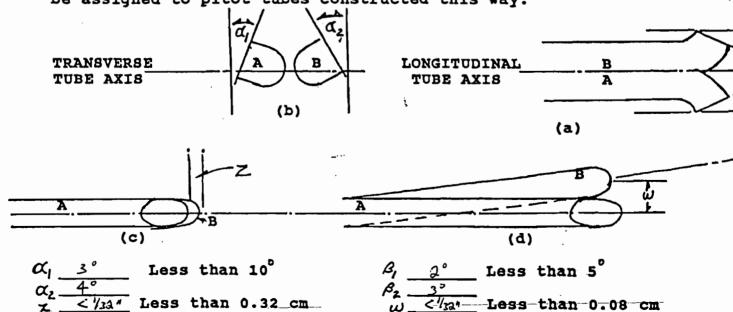


Figure 2.2 Properly constructed Type 8 pitot tube shown in: (a) end view: face opening planes perpendicular to transverse axis: (b) top view: face opening planes parallel to to longitudinal axis: (c) side view: both legs of equal length and centerlines coincident, when viewed from both sides. Baseline coefficient values of 0.84 may be assigned to pitot tubes constructed this way.



(1/32")

(1/8 ")

CF INDUSTRIES

TYPE S PITOT TUBE INSPECTION DATA FORM

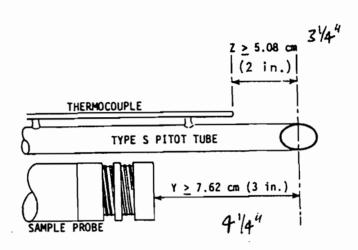
PROBE SS 60-1

PROBE LENGTH 6'

MANUFACTOR ANGESSON ENSTRUMENTS

DETACHABLE END PIECE SS N-02

6/16/29 Gat Gat



Required thermocouple and probe placement to prevent interference: D_{t} between 0.48 and 0.95 cm (3/16 and 3/8 in.).

CF INDUSTRIES, INC. Plant City Phosphate Complex LABORATORY ANALYSIS RECORD

"A" PAP Production Plant June 22, 1999

CF Industries, Inc., Plant City Phosphate Complex, uses a Fischer Accumet Model 50 pH meter with selective ion concentration capacity. The instrument has micro-processor function which calculates efficiency of the Orion Model 96-09 fluoride electrode being used and alerts the user in case of electrode malfunction.

STANDARDS EFFICIENCY

(See Technical Information Section)

 $0.1 \, \mu \text{g/ml}$ 0.9315

 $1.0 \, \mu \text{g/ml}$ 0.9922

 $2.0 \mu g/ml$

Quality Assurance Sample #1 - 0.38 μ g/ml. Analysis was 0.38 μ g/ml.

Quality Assurance Sample #2 - 0.76 μ g/ml. Analysis was 0.77 μ g/ml.

Quality Assurance Sample #3 - 1.90 μ g/ml. Analysis was 1.95 μ g/ml.

J. Harold Falls

Chief Chemist, Laboratory

JHF/gm 9/89

CF INDUSTRIES, INC. Plant City Phosphate Complex LABORATORY ANALYSIS RECORD

"A" PAP Production Plant June 23, 1999

CF Industries, Inc., Plant City Phosphate Complex, uses a Fischer Accumet Model 50 pH meter with selective ion concentration capacity. The instrument has micro-processor function which calculates efficiency of the Orion Model 96-09 fluoride electrode being used and alerts the user in case of electrode malfunction.

ELECTRODE

STANDARDS

EFFICIENCY

(See Technical Information Section)

0.1 μ g/ml

0.9308

1.0 μ g/ml

0.9827

 $2.0 \mu g/ml$

Quality Assurance Sample #1 - 0.38 μ g/ml. Analysis was 0.39 μ g/ml.

Quality Assurance Sample #2 - 0.76 μ g/ml. Analysis was 0.75 μ g/ml.

Quality Assurance Sample #3 - 1.90 μ g/ml. Analysis was 1.94 μ g/ml.

∕J. Harold Falls

Chief Chemist, Laboratory

JHF/gm 9/89

Overview

The Model 50 is a state-of-the-art, microprocessor based meter. It features uniquely simple operation with an extensive range of capabilities. The sealed keypad incorporates both numeric and function keys, including a convenient Help function. The large liquid crystal display offers a simultaneous display of a variety of information, including measurement results, time/date, standardization data and status icons. The large display size permits user information to be conveyed in simple, complete sentences—not the cryptic prompts more typical for laboratory meters.

The Model 50 includes dual input channels. A novel split-screen option allows the display to simultaneous track both inputs when desired. In addition to pH and millivolt measurement, this model also performs analyses with ion selective electrodes by direct potentiometry. Additionally, the Model 50 offers four incremental methods: known addition and subtraction and analate addition and subtraction.

In pH operation, the meter may be set up to automatically recognize both Fisher color-coded buffers and NIST buffers, for maximum user convenience. Auto-recognized buffers are both identified and corrected by the meter for the temperature dependence of the buffer.

The Model 50 performs conductivity measurements in Siemens (mhos) or salinity units. Probes with a variety of cell constants may be accommodated through software setup. Alternatively, the Model 50 may be set up to measure resistivity (ohms).

It is recommended that the user first complete the <u>Installation</u> instructions, then become familiar with <u>Controls and Connectors</u>, and finally consult the <u>Operation</u> sections for procedures of interest.

Performance Characteristics

Model 50

Ranges

-2 to 20 pH/pX -1800 to 1800 mV

-5 to 105 °C 10-9 to 109 Conc

0 to 40 ppt practical salinity 0 to 70 ppt NaCl equivalents

3 x 10⁴ μ-Siemens/cm

33 to $\infty \Omega$ -cm

Resolution

0.1/0.01/0.001 pH

0.1 mV 0.1 °C

1, 2 or 3 significant figures ion

1, 2 or 3 significant figures conductivity

Relative

+/-0.002 pH

Accuracy

+/-0.1 mV @ 25 °C

+/-0.2 °C

lon Operation

The Model 50 nllows ion concentrations to be determined conveniently in any desired units of concentration, such as molarity, ppm or mg/L, and using any one of several techniques. Prior to analyzing samples by any of the ion methods, the operator should consult the following sections on Method Selection, Low-Level Correction, Ionic Strength Adjustors and Temperature Compensation.

Method Selection

The Model 50 features a variety of methods for measuring ion concentrations in samples using ion selective electrodes (ISE's). Direct reading potentiometric methods offer speed and convenience, are applicable to wide ranges of sample concentrations and require no volumetric measurements. Conversely, sample-lo-sample variations in ionic strength frequently require the use of an ionic strength adjusting buffer (ISA) with direct reading potentiometry.

Incremental methods offer a tolerance for samples of varying ionic strength and the ability to analyze samples containing complexing agents. One incremental method, analate subtraction, can even permit analyzing concentrations of ions to which no ion selective electrode directly responds. Conversely, volumetric measurements of both the sample and a standard increment are required by these methods. Additionally, the incremental methods are generally unworkable if sample concentrations are expected to vary over more than one or, at most two, orders of magnitude.

As a general rule, it is usually simplest to select direct reading unless prior knowledge about the sample indicates that incremental methods are to be preferred.

Low-Level Correction

With samples containing very low levels of the ion of interest (often referred to as the "mud zone"), electrode response fails to conform to the Nernstian model. In the mud zone, changes in electrode output (slope) successively decrease as the sample concentration is further reduced. A plot of electrode output in millivolts versus logarithm of the sample concentration then becomes increasingly non-linear at very low concentrations.

The Model 50 offers two approaches to correcting for non-Nemstian response with low-level samples. In the first, the actual non-linear response curve of the electrode is approximated by a series of linear segments. Up to five different standards may be used, spanning the entire range of concentrations anticipated for samples. The meter then stores in memory a series of slope values corresponding to each successive pair of standards. These slopes, and the corresponding standard values, may be viewed individually by means of the slope key.

In linear segment measurements, the meter first identifies the general concentration range of the current sample, then computes its exact concentration by applying the nearest or bracketing standards. Use of the *Linear Segments* option can increase accuracy with dilute samples near the limits of the electrode's operating range.

The Blank feature provides an alternative means for measuring low-level samples. With this approach, the non-linear response curve of the electrode is fit by a mathematical model which assumes that all samples and standards have a constant background level of the species of interest. This situation may occur, for example, if the electrode can "self-sense" due to the finite solubility of the solid state sensing element. Standardization is performed with two standards from the electrode's linear region, as well as a blank sample. Measuring with the Blank option substantially enhances accuracy with dilute samples when the assumption of a constant background is true and a stable blank can be prepared.

Ionic Strength Adjustors

Used directly, all selective ion electrodes respond to the activity of the ion of interest. The activity of an ion may be thought of as its effective concentration—a hybrid quantity derived from both the actual concentration of the ion as well as its mobility in the given solution.

In relatively dilute samples (typically less than 0.01 M), ions in the sample are relatively far removed from the influence of neighboring ions and act independently. In this event, ion activity and ion concentration are essentially identical. With more concentrated solutions, however, the presence of near neighbors acts to limit the mobility and effect of individual ions.

With increasing total lonic concentrations (ionic strength), ion activity becomes progressively diminished from actual ion concentration. This trend generally continues throughout the usable range of the electrode, although at extremely high concentrations, other effects may actually reverse it. In any event, in solutions of total ionic strength greater than perhaps 0.01 M, selective ion electrodes respond to an ion activity which may differ substantially from the ion concentration.

Slope

The slope S of an electrode is defined as the change in its output voltage resulting from a decade change in the activity of the ion to which it responds. From the Nernst equation, the slope at any temperature T is given by

$$S_{\tau} = \xi (2.303 \, \text{RT/F})$$

The quantity in the parentheses represents the slope for an ideal, monovalent, catton-sensing ISE (e.g., a pH or Na* ion electrode), and has a value of 59.16 mV at 25 °C.

Because of their temperature dependence, the raw slope values do not provide a convenient measure of an electrode's performance. Consequently, slope values are usually mathematically corrected ("referenced") to a temperature of 25 °C:

$$S_{11} = S_{11}(298.16/1)$$

The value of its temperature referenced slope reflects the condition of an ISE since it may be compared simply and directly with the theoretical value of 59.16 at 25 °C. The Model 50 reports slope values temperature referenced to 25 °C.

Efficiency Factor

Efficiency factor ξ is the actual slope value for an electrode, divided by its theoretical value. The efficiency factor for an electrode is thus easily interpretable in terms of its performance. For example, a pH electrode functioning ideally would exhibit an efficiency factor of exactly 1. Properly functioning, real pH electrodes typically will produce efficiency factors in the range of 0.90 to 1.05.

Efficiency factors for cation-sensing electrodes are positive, while those for anion-sensing electrodes are negative. Mathematically, the efficiency factor for an ideal electrode is always the reciprocal of the number of electrons exchanged in its electrode reaction, with the appropriate algebraic sign. Several examples appear in the table below:

H ₁ O' (pH) + 1 - 1	ISE Type	Ideal Efficiency Factor
Cl - 1 Ca ² + 0.5 S ² - 0.5	Cl · Ca·²	- 1 - 1 + 0.5

The efficiency factor for a real electrode, like its slope, may be determined experimentally from two-point (or more) standardization data.

Efficiency

A related quantity, frequently used instead of efficiency factor, is electrode efficiency. The efficiency of an electrode is simply its efficiency factor expressed as a percent by multiplying by 100 and ignoring algebraic sign.

On this scale, properly functioning pH electrodes typically exhibit efficiencies between 90 and 105%. The Model 50 automatically compute and display electrode efficiencies, as well slopes temperature referenced to 25 °C, when the slope/eff key is pressed.

pH Measurements

The pH of a solution is defined as

$$pii = -\log a_{ii}$$

where a_{ii} is the activity of the hydrogen ion in the solution. For hydrogen ions, the distinction between activity and concentration can usually be ignored.

Substituting the definitions of pH and slope into the Nernst equation, yields a working equation for computing sample pH:

$$E = E_0 + S_T pH$$

In practice, E_o and S_T may be determined through standardization with buffers of known pH. The pH value of a sample then may be calculated from this equation and the measured output E of the electrode when placed in the sample.

ion Measurements

Ion measurements are complicated somewhat by the dependence of activity on the total ionic strength of the solution. For relatively dilute solutions, ion concentration and activity are essentially equivalent. However, to measure samples more concentrated than roughly 0.01 M, a special procedure is required to measure sample concentration directly.

Section 17 Page 19 Pag

1.1 Principle of Operation

The AST® Sampler is designed to sample gas stream effluents isokinetically in accordance with the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) standards as outlined in the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 40, Part 60 (40CFR60), Appendix A. Stack gases are extracted through a nozzle and a heated probe into a heated filter chamber where the particulate is removed. The hot gases are then passed through a series of cold impingers where condensibles are removed and the gases are cooled before going to the pump, dry gas meter, and orifice.

The AST® Sampler is manufactured with all the mechanical hardware specified in 40CFR60 for EPA Methods 1, 2, 4 and 5. The AST® Sampler can be used with Andersen hardware to sample additional EPA Methods including methods 6, 8, 12, 13A, 13B, 17, 23, 26A, 29, 101, 101A, 103, 104, 108, 202, 315. Consult the Graseby Technical Sales Department or your local sales representative for application notes.

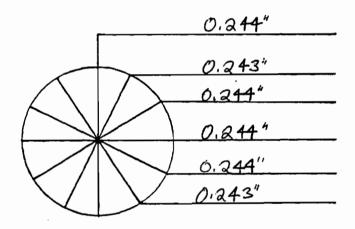


PROBE NOZZLE CALIBRATION DATA

Nozzle	Identification	Number:	250-1

Calibrated by: ERMENT KROSSCHMON

Date: 6/21/99



Instructions:

Measure to nearest 0.001"

Tolerance:

0.001" for mean of at least three readings. Maximum deviation between readings \leq 0.004".

Nozzle diameter, D_n : 0.244 In.

Nozzle area An: 0.000 3 2 4 ft2

$$^{\mathbf{A_{\mathbf{n}}}} = \frac{7\Gamma}{144} \left(\frac{\mathbf{D_{\mathbf{n}}}}{2}\right)^{\mathbf{2}}$$

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Exhibit N

ANNUAL GRASEBY STACKBOX THERMOCOUPLE CALIBRATIONS

-UNIT #1200

DATE 7/13/98

FOR TEMPERATURES 0 TO 110 DEGREES C FOR TEMPERATURES 110 TO 200 DEGREES C

NIST Traceable Thermometer # J96-258

NIST Traceable Thermometer # 90B-2024

Time: 1100-1530

Thermocouple		Ice Water Point			Ambient Point			Hot Water Point		_	Hot Oil Point		
		Thermocouple Reading (Degrees F)	NIST F Actual	Reading Con- version to	Thermocouple Reading (Degrees F)		eading Con- version to	Thermocouple Reading (Degrees F)	NIST R Actual	cading Con- version to	Thermocouple Reading (Degrees F)	NIST R Actual	Con- version to
			De C	grees F		Deg C	rees F		Deg C	rees F		Deg C	rees F
[1] Stack	Probe 4.5 ft. #45-1	32.6	0.6	33.1	78.1	26.6	79.8	184.4	86.3	187.4	N/A	N/A	N/A
	Probe 6.0ft. #60-1	32.1	0.6	33.1	81.3	29.2	84.6				N/A	N/A	N/A
	Probe 10.5ft. #105-1	32.6	0.8	33.4	71.8	22.4	72.3	188.2	87.2	189.0	N/A	N/A	N/A
	Probe 11.0ft. #110-1	32.1	0.6	33.1	80.7	28.4	83.1	183.3	86.0	186.8	N/A	N/A	N/A
[2] Probe (Probe Liner	Probe 4.5 ft. #45-1	31.8	8.0	33.1	82.6	29.0	84.2	N/A	N/A	N/A	234.6	113.4	236.1
Heater)	Probe 6.0ft. #60-1	32.8	8.0	33.4	82.2	29.2	84.6	N/A	N/A	N/A	234.8	113.2	235.8
	Probe 10.5ft. #105-1	32.4	1.0	33.8	71.4	22.2	72.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	238.6	115.6	240.1
į	Probe 11.0ft. #110-1	32.6	0.8	33.4	81.9	28.4	83.1	N/A	N/A	N/A	235.1	114.6	
[3] Hot Box	Box	32.4	1.0	33.8	82.2	28.6	83.5	N/A	N/A	N/A	237.1	115.2	239.4
	Filter Exit	32.2	1.0	33.8	82.3	28.6	83.5	N/A	N/A	N/A	238.2	115.0	239.0
[4] Umbilical	Coldbox Exit	33.6	1.0	33.8	82.8	28.4	83.1	185.1	85.6	186.1	N/A	N/A	N/A
[5] DGM Inlet	Control Box	33.2	1.0	33.8	81.9	28.6	83.5	185.1	85.4	185.7	N/A	N/A	N/A
[6] DGM Exit	Control Box	33.2	1.0	33.8	82.5	28.6	83.5	185.1	85.4	185.7	N/A	N/A	N/A
[7] Spare	Ambient	32.8	0.2	33.8	82.1	28.6	83.5	185.1	85.2	185.4	N/A	N/A	N/A

NOTE:

ELK

DRY GAS METER CALIBRATON

Anderson AST Meter Box

Meter Box Number:

1200

Barometric Pressure:

30.03

Date:

12/16/98

Dry Gas Test Meter#:

Rockwell 631105

Initial full trulita

Dry Gas AST Box Meter#: Schlumberger 1102

	Gas Volu	me	Temper	ature					
Flowrate Setting (CFM)	DGM Test Meter (Vw) ft.^3	AST Box Meter (Vd) ft.^3	DGM Test Meter (Tw) Deg F	AST Box Meter (Td) Deg F	AST Box Meter Delta H (" H2O)	Time (Theta) min.	Actual Flowrate (CFM)	Yi (Software) (Setpoint)	Delta H@ in. H2O
0.40	11.660	11.697	69.6	71.8	0.736	28.85	0.404	1.0000	2.512
0.50	7.500	7.556	69.6	74.2	1.152	14.83	0.506	1.0000	2.498
0.60	10.358	10.470	70.2	76.7	1.625	17.20	0.602	1.0000	2.477
0.70	31.644	32.310	70.2	82.3	2.232	45.40	0.697	1.0000	2.512
0.80	19.097	19.557	70.2	84.6	2.658	24.25	0.788	1.0000	2.333
0.90	14.301	14.684	70.7	86.1	3.237	16.18	0.884	1.0000	2.255
1.00	16.701	17.123	73.0	87.8	3.937	17.15	0.974	1.0000	2.271
1.10	7.302	7.491	73.0	88.3	4.722	6.87	1.063	1.0000	2.282
1.20	32.996	34.085	73.0	92.2	5.472	28.7	1.150	1.0000	2.247
							Average	1.0000	2.376
		Yi =	Vw Pb (td	+ 460)			Max. Diff.	0	0.136

Vd (Pb + Delta H/13.6) (Tw + 460)

Delta H0 =
$$0.0317 \text{ (Delta H)} [(tw + 460) (theta)/Vw]^2$$

Pb (td + 460)

Where:

Vw = Gas Volume passing through the std test meter, ft.^3.

Vd = Gas Volume passing through the dry gas meter, ft.^3.

Tw = Temperature of the gas in the std test meter, deg. F.

Td = Average temperature of the gas in the dry gas meter, deg.F.

Delta H = Pressure differential across orifice. in, H2O.

Yi = Ratio of accuracy of std test meter to dry gas meter for each run.

Y = Average ratio of accuracy of std test meter to dry gas meter.

Pb = Barometric pressure, in. Hg.

Theta = Time of calibration run, min.

SOUTHERN ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES, INC.

WET TEST METER CALIBRATION CHECK

Wet Test Meter No. P-576

Date: 3/29/98

Checked by: B. Nelson

Checked by: b. Nelson								
	Gas V	olume	Tempe	Temperature				
TEST NO.	Liquid Displacement (Ft²)	Wet Test Meter (Ff)	Liquid Displacement (°F)	Wet Test Meter (°F)	Gal. Factor			
1	1.115	1.10	78	78	1.020			
2	1.090	1.10	78	78	.991			
3	1.088	1.10	78	78	.989			
				Avg.	1.000			

Standard Dry Gas Meter Calibration

GAS METER MANUF	ROCKWELL	PERFORMED FOR	C.I	. INDUSTRI	ES
MODEL#	175-S	DATE		2/12/99	
SERIAL #	JA 631105	BAROMETRIC PRES.		30.22	
WET TEST METER #	P - 576	LEAK CHECK	0.00	CFM at	15" Hg

	Gas	Volume	Тегпр	erature					
Approximate Flowrate (CFM)	Wet Test Meter (Vw) (ft.^3)	Dry Gas Meter (Vd) (ft.^3)	Wet Test Meter (Tw) (Deg F)	Dry Gas Meter (Td) (Deg F)	Dry Gas Meter Delta P (" H2O)	Time (Theta) (min)	Flowrate (CFM)	DRY GAS METER COEFF. (Yds)	AVG. GAS METER COEFF. (Yds)
0.40	5.000	4.931	71.0	72.0	0.06	14.05	0.357	1.016	
0.40	5.000	4.921	71.0	72.0	0.06	14.02	0.358	1.014	1.016
0.40	5.000	4.905	71.0	72.0	0.06	14.04	0.358	1.017	
0.60	5.000	4.944	71.0	72.0	0.1	8.25	0.608	1.009	
0.60	5.000	4.949	71.0	73.0	0.1	8.21	0.611	1.006	1.008
0.60	5.000	4.931	71.0	73.0	0.1	8.18	0.614	1.010]
0.80	5.000	4.945	72.0	73.5	0.12	5.91	0.848	1.008	
0.80	5.000	4.936	72.0	73.5	0.12	5.96	0.841	1.010	1.009
0.80	5.000	4.942	72.0	73.5	0.12	5.97	0.839	1.009	
1.00	5.000	4.962	72.0	73.5	0.17	4.90	1.022	1.004	
1.00	5.000	4.957	72.0	73.5	0.17	4.86	1.031	1.005	1.005
1.00	5.000	4.962	72.0	73.5	0.17	4.86	1.031	1.004	
1.20	5.000	4.955	72.0	73.5	0.20	4.08	1.228	1.006	
1.20	5.000	4.955	72.0	73.5	0.20	4.09	1.225	1.006	1.006
1.20	5.000	4.953	72.0	73.5	0.20	4.09	1.225	1.006	

Q = Pb x Vw x 528 (Tw + 460) x Theta x 29.92

(Td + 460)[Pb +(delta P/13.6)] (Tw +460)

where:

Vw = Gas Volume passing through the std test meter, ft.^3.

Vd = Gas Volume passing through the dry gas meter, ft^3

Tw = Temperature of the gas in the std test meter, deg. F.
Td = Average temperature of the gas in the dry gas meter, Deg F.

Delta H = Pressure differential across orifice, in. H20.

Yds = Dry gas meter coefficient. Pb = Barometric pressure, in. Hg.

Theta = Time of calibration run, min.

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STANDARD METER CALIBRATION CURVE

GAS METER MANUF. ROCKWELL	PERFORMED FOR C.F. INDUSTRIES
MODEL # 175-S	DATE 2/12/99
SERIAL # JA 631105	

Flowrate (CFM)	DRY GAS METER COEFF. (Yds)
0.358	1.016
0.611	1.008
0.843	1.009
1.028	1.005
1.226	1.006

Regression Output:

Constant	72.47
Std Err of Y Est	0.18
R Squared	0.78
No. of Observations	5.00
Degrees of Freedom	3.00

X Coefficient(s)	-71.04
Std Err of Coef.	21.53

CALIBRATION CURVE

F	CORRECTION
(CFM)	FACTOR
0.42	1.014
0.45	1.014
0.50	1.013
0.55	1.012
0.60	1.012
0.65	1.011
0.70	1.010
0.75	1.010
0.80	1.009
0.85	1.008
0.90	1.007
0.95	1.007
1.00	1.006
1.05	1.005
1.10	1.005
1.15	1.004
1.20	1.003

POSTTEST DRY GAS METER CALIBRATION DATA FORM (English units)

			Date <u>6/24/39</u> Meter box number 						-	Plant A PAD Pretest Y <i>Looo</i>		
Orifice manometer setting, (\Delta II), in. H ₂ O	Gas vo	Dry gas meter (V _d), ft ³	Dry test meter	emperat D Inlet (t _d), i °F	ry gas m Outlet	eter Average (t _d),	Time (Θ), min	Vacuum setting, in. Hg	Yi	$ \frac{V_{a}}{V_{d}} = \frac{V_{b}}{V_{d}} = \frac{V_{b}}{$		
3.08 3.08 3.08 3.08	12,739 13,847 13,706	13.0462 14.1061 14.0385	75.2° 75.2° 75.2°	37.7° 50.3° 92.9°	87.7° 70.3° 92.9°	87.7° 50.3° 92.9°	15.53 16.80 16.70		0,9917 1,0017 1,0029 Y = 0,9	(12,735)(30,02)(547.7) (13,0462)(30,246)(535,2) (13,847)(30,02)(550,3) (4,1061)(30,246)(535,2) (13,706)(30,02)(552,9) (14,0385)(30,246)(535,2)		

If there is only one thermometer on the dry gas meter, record the temperature under t_{d} .

Within E0.057 6/24/94, 11:15AM

 V_{w} = Gas volume passing through the wet test meter, ft³.

 v_d^{π} = Gas volume passing through the dry gas meter, ft³.

 t_{ij} = Temperature of the gas in the wet test meter, °F.

 $t_{d.}$ = Temperature of the inlet gas of the dry gas meter, °F.

 t_{0}^{-} = Temperature of the outlet gas of the dry gas meter, °F.

 t_d = Average temperature of the gas in the dry gas meter, obtained by the average of t_d and t_d , °F.

 ΔH = Pressure differential across orifice, in H_2O .

Y = Ratio of accuracy of wet test meter to dry gas meter for each run.

Y = Average ratio of accuracy of wet test meter to dry gas meter for all three runs; tolerance = pretest Y +0.05Y

 P_h = Barometric pressure, in. Hg.

 θ = Time of calibration run, min.

Dry test meter number Rockwell-3A631105 Quality Assurance Handbook M5-2.4A

APPENDIX "C"

PROJECT PARTICIPANTS

PROJECT PARTICIPANTS

CF INDUSTRIES, INC.

PLANT CITY PHOSPHATE COMPLEX

H.E. Morris	General Manager
R.C. May	Manager of Engineering
T.A. Edwards	Supt., Environmental Affairs
J.M. Messina	Chief of Environmental Affairs
J.H. Falls	Chief Chemist, Laboratory
J.I. Longest	Staff Chemist
T. Ortoski	Environmental Supervisor
E. Kretschmar	Analyst II
S. Willoughby	"A" Class Technician
L. Camp	"A" Class Technician
W. Cherry	"A" Class Technician



Jeb Bush Governor DEPT. OF ENVIR. PROTECT.

Department of Environmental Protection

Southwest District 3804 Coconut Palm Drive Tampa, Florida 33619

David B. Strubs Secretary

May 26, 1999

Mr. Thomas A. Edwards
Superintendent, Environmental Affairs
CF Industries, Inc.
P.O. Drawer L
Plant City, FL 33564-9007

Re: Compliance tests for A & B Phosphoric Acid Units, 0570005-007-AV

Dear Mr. Edwards:

This letter authorizes CF Industries, Inc., to temporarily operate A & B Phosphoric Acid Units at process rates approximately 10% beyond their current, maximum-permitted rates in order to conduct the annual compliance tests. Each unit's test must take no longer than 15 days (your letter indicates that each unit's test will take no longer than one week to complete), and each unit's production rate must be returned to the permitted range that existed before the test. Your estimates of the increases in emissions of fluoride indicate that existing limits will not be exceeded, even at the higher process rates. Test results at the temporary, higher rates will be used to support a subsequent application to modify the permit.

Notify the Hillsborough County Environmental Protection Commission of your schedule. If you have any questions, please contact Mr. Henry Gotsch, in our permitting division, at (813) 744-6100, ext. 113.

Sincerely,

FOR W.C. Thomas, P.E.,

District Air Administrator

Southwest District

cc: Mr. Rick Kirby, HCEPC



JAN 2 1 2000

BUREAU OF AIR REGULATION

CF Industries, Inc. (CFII)
Plant City Phosphate Complex
Title V Permit No. 0570005-007-AV
Construction Permit Application
A & B Phosphoric Acid Units
Attachment 2



June 21, 1999

Mr. Jerry Kissel
Florida Department of
 Environmental Protection
3804 Coconut Palm Drive
Tampa, FL 33619-8318

SUBJECT:

COMPLIANCE TEST - "B" PAP Permit No. 0570005-007-AV Emission Unit 009

Dear Mr. Kissel:

Enclosed are duplicate copies of the two recent compliance tests conducted at CF Industries, Inc., Plant City Phosphate Complex, on "B" Phosphoric Acid Plant. The tests were performed in accordance with "Specific Conditions 12 through 17" of Air Permit No. 0570005-007-AV, and at the rates specified in FDEP's letter dated May 26, 1999 (see Attachment 1).

In addition to the two compliance tests, CFII staff has enclosed copies of two preliminary test runs conducted on June 3, 1999, at 10% above the permitted rate, and June 4, 1999, at the permitted rate (see Attachment 2).

If there are any questions concerning the results, please give Michael Messina a call at 813-782-1591, ext. 290.

Sincerely,

T.A. Edwards,

Superintendent, Environmental Affairs

TAE/JHF/gm u:\envrpc\225960.doc Enclosures

cc: *J.M. Messina T.V. Ortoski

Sterlin Woodard/HCEPC

PERMIT NO. 0570005-007-Av

EMISSION UNIT 009

CF INDUSTRIES, INC.

PLANT CITY PHOSPHATE COMPLEX

"B" PHOSPHORIC ACID PRODUCTION

PLANT CITY, FLORIDA

June 7 & 8, 1999

TEST CONDUCTED BY:

Laboratory
CF INDUSTRIES, INC.
Plant City Phosphate Complex
Plant City, Florida 33564

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PROCESS DESCRIPTION					
LOCATION OF SA	MPLING	POINT	TS	2	
DESCRIPTION OF SAMPLE POINTS					
SAMPLING AND A	ROCEDURES	4			
APPENDIX:				PAGES	
APP	ENDIX	"A"	Emmission Calculation and Results	5 - 16	
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INTRODUCTION:

The Environmental Control Laboratory of CF Industries, Inc., Plant City Phosphate Complex, conducted an emission test at "B" Phosphoric Acid Production Facility in Plant City, Florida on June 7 and 8, 1999. Six (6) 60-minute test runs were performed. The purpose of the test was to obtain emission data demonstrating compliance with the State of Florida DEP performance standards.

The measurements were made for fluoride and moisture at the stack outlet to the atmosphere. The measurements were within the permitted limits on all tests.

Complete results are give in APPENDIX "A".

PROCESS DESCRIPTION

Phosphoric Acid is made by reacting sulfuric acid with phosphate rock along with a given amount of water to make an acid slurry. The mixing of sulfuric acid, rock and water takes place in a continuous reactor.

The principal reaction takes place as follows:

Ca3(PO4)2 + 3H2SO4 + 2H2O ----> 3CaSO4 · 2H2O + 2H3PO4

Other reactions as follows:

CaF2 + H2SO4 + 2H2O ----> CaSO4 · 2H2O + 2HF

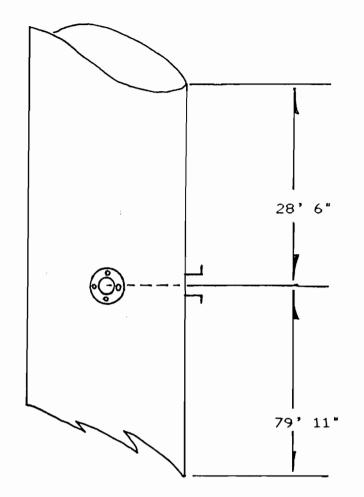
4HF + SiO2 ----> SiF4 + 2H2O

The resulting Phosphoric Acid will be 28 to 30% P205 content. This 28 to 30% P205 Phosphoric Acid solution will be further concentrated by evaporators until the acid strength reaches 52 to 54% P205.

LOCATION OF SAMPLING POINTS

The sampling sites and number of traverse points were selected as per Figure 1-2 EPA Method 1 specified in 40 CFR 60, Appendix A.

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Traverse Point Number	Distance from inside wall
1	2.1"
2	7.0"
3	14.2"
4	33.8"
5	41.0"
6	45.9"

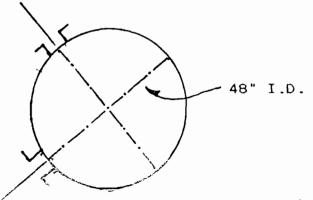


FIGURE 1

AMPLE POINT DESCRIPTION

"B" PAP PRODUCTION

SAMPLING AND ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES

The methods described in EPA Methods 1, 2, 3, 4, 9 and 13B contained in 40 CFR 60, Appendix A and adopted by reference in Chapter 62-297.401 F.A.C. are used when testing during compliance by CF Industries, Inc.

APPENDIX "A"

EMISSION CALCULATIONS AND RESULTS

CF INDUSTRIES, INC. PLANT CITY PHOSPHATE COMPLEX

SOURCE SAMPLING NOMENCLATURE SHEET

РЬ	= Barometric pressure, in Hg
Ps	= Stack pressure, in Hg
As	= Stack area, sq. ft.
As'	= Effective area of positive stack gas flow, sq. ft.
Τs	= Stack temperature 'R'
Tin	= Meter temperature "R
🛕 Pavg	= Average square root of velocity head in. N20
Ср	= S-typye pitot tube correction factor
Кр	$= 85.48 \text{ ft/sec (1b mole - }^{\circ}\text{R)} 1/2$
Ms	= Molecular weight of gas at stack conditions
Md	= Molecular weight of gas at dry conditions
Bwo	= Proportion by volume of water vapor in gas stream
Vwstd	= Volume of water vapor in gas sample
${ t v}_{ t ic}$	= Total volume of liquid collected in impinger &
	silica jel
PII20	= Density of water 1 gm/ml
MI120	= Molecular weight of water 18 lb/lb mole
R	= Ideal gas constant, 28.83 in. Ng-cu ft/1b-mole OR
Tstd	= Absolute temp. at standard conditions, 528 OR
Pstd	= Absolute pressure at standard conditions, 29.92
	in. Hg.
Vmstd	= Volume of gas sample through dry gas meter
	(standard condtions) cu. ft.
Vın	= Volume of gas sample through the dry gas meter
	(meter condition) cu. ft.
Δ 11	<pre>= Orifice pressure of sampling meter</pre>
S.T.P.	
An	<pre>= Sampling nozzle area, square feet ;</pre>
٧s	= Velocity of stack gas, feet per second
Qs	= Volumetric flow rate, dry basis, standard
	conditions, CFM
Cs	= Concentration of particulate matter in stack
	gas, gr/SCF
CE	= Concentration of fluoride in stack gas gr/SCF
ME	= Total amount of fluoride collected, mg.
Mn	= Total amount of particulate matter collected, mg
I	= Percent isokinetic volume sampled
0	= Sampling time

$$Vwstd = 0.04707 \text{ cuft/ml } (V_1)$$

$$Vmstd = Vm \left(\frac{Tstd}{Tm} \right) \left(\frac{Pbar}{Pstd} + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6} \right)$$

$$Ewo = \frac{Vwstd}{Vwstd} + Vmstd$$

$$Ms = Md (1 - Ewo) + 18 (Ewo)$$

$$Vs(avg) = Kp Cp \sqrt{P(avg)} - \sqrt{\frac{460 + Ts}{Ms Ps}}$$

$$Qs = 60 (1 - Ewo) Vs As \left(\frac{Tstd}{Ts} \right) \left(\frac{Ps}{Pstd} \right)$$

PERCENT ISOKINETIC

$$I = \frac{Ts \quad (1.667) \left[(0.00267) \quad V_1 + \frac{Tstd}{Tm} \right] \quad \Delta H}{\theta \quad Vs \quad Ps \quad An}$$

$$Cs = \frac{Mf \quad or \quad Mn}{Vmstd}$$

$$lbs/hr = (Cs \times Qs \times 60) / 7000$$

$$lbs/day = lbs/hr \times 24 \quad hrs/day$$

J. H. Falls 3/15/93

BEST AVAILABLE COPY

B PAP

Permit No. 0570005-007-AV Emission Unit 009

RUN NUMBER	1	2	3	4	÷	¢
DATE	07-Jun-99	07-Jun-99	07-Jun-99	08-Jun-99	085⊪.	7° (2.65).
TIME START	11:05 AM	3:12 PM	4:51 PM	10:40 AM	12: 20	2 3 mg
TIME END	12:17 PM	4:23 PM	6:00 PM	11:51 AM	1:35 PM	3:10 PM
BP, INCHES Hg	30.02	30.02	30.02	29.96	2 9.30	29.96
STACK PRESSURE, INCHES Hg	30.09	30.05	30.03	30.04	30.0.	29.36
AVG.SQ.ROOT(VEL. HEAD) IN Hg	0.7040	0.6590	0.6470	0.6860	0. 655	7.88Cc.
ORIFICE PRESS. OF METER, IN WATER	2.6200	2.3700	2.3400	2.6200	2. 4600	1.3400
AVG STACK`,F	112.1	112.8	112.3	112.1	112.8	111.6
STACK, DRY BULB	112.1	112.8	112.3	112.1	112	113
METER TEMPERATURE, F	90.3	98.9	100.9	91.3	100	v 1.6
VOL. OF GAS, DM CONDITIONS, FT3	42.476	40.183	39.824	42.175	40 %	13,007
VOL. GAS, STP, DRY COND. FT3	41.153	38.309	37.829	40.707	38 .833	37.435
STACK GAS MOISTURE, % VOLUME	6.46	6.97	7.04	7.08	7.2 5	7.05
MW OF STACK GAS, DRY COND.	28.85	28.85	28.85	28.85	28 .8	28.85
MW OF STACK GAS, STACK COND.	28.15	28.09	28.09	28.08	2 8.63	93.09
PITOT CORRECTION FACTOR	0.84	0.84	0.84	0.84	48.0	0.84
STACK GAS VELOCITY, STACK COND. FT3/SEC	41.54	38.98	38.27	40.56	38.77	37.27
STACK AREA, FT2	12.566	12.566	12.566	12.566	12. 566	13.566
EFFECTIVE STACK AREA, FT2	12.566	12.566	12.566	12.566	12. 566	:2.560
STACK GAS FLOW-RATE AT STP, SCFMD	27194	25309	24835	26333	25 086	24181
NET TIME OF TEST, MINUTES	60	60	60	60	60	<u></u> 60
SAMPLE NOZZLE AREA, FT2	0.000325	0.000325	0.000325	0.000325	0.000325	0.000325
PERCENT ISOKINETIC	97.5	97.6	98.2	99.6	99.8	99.8
FLUORIDE, MG.	2.81	2.88	2.71	2.86	3.01	2.70
FLUORIDE, LB/HR	0.25	0.25	0.23	0.24	0 .26	0. 2 3
FLUORIDE, LB/DAY	5.88	6.03	5.64	5.86	6.16	5,5
FLUORIDE, LB/HR. LIMIT	1.04	1.04	1.04	1.04	1.04	:.04
FLUORIDE, LB/DAY LIMIT	24.9	24.9	24.9	24.9	24.9	24.9
PRODUCTION RATE, TPH P205 INPUT	96.5	96.5	96.5	96.5	9 6.4	96.4
PRODUCTION RATE, TPH LIMIT	97.0	97.0	97.0	97.0	97 .2	97.0
PRODUCTION RATE, TPD P205 INPUT	2316	2316	2316	2316	2314	2314
PRODUCTION RATE, TPD LIMIT	2328	2328	2328	2328	23 28	2328
PHOSPHATE ROCK SLURRY, TPH	476.37	476.37	476.37	469.62	46 7.97	467 .8 3
100 % SULFURIC ACID, TPH	247,16	245.88	248.09	241.28	241.57	242.68
WATER, TPH	18.99	18.99	18.99	18.99	18.96	18.97
LBS F/TON OF P2O5 (INPUT)	0.003	0.003	0.002	0.002	0.003	0.002
LBS F/TON OF P2O5 LIMIT	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02

EMISSION CALCULATIONS

Date: June 7, 1999

Unit: B PAP

Run no. 1

$$Bwo = \frac{Vwstd}{Vwstd + Vmstd}$$

$$\frac{2.843}{2.843 + 41.153} \times 100$$

6.46 %

41.54 ft/sec

Vs (avg) = Kp Cp
$$\sqrt{P(avg)}\sqrt{(460 + Ts) / (Ms Ps)}$$

= 85.48 x .84 x 0.7040 $x\sqrt{(460 + 112.1) / (28.15 x 30.09)}$

Cs = 0.0154 grs/mg x (total mg of sample) / Vmstd

= 0.0154 grs/mg x 2.81 mg / 41.153 cuft

= 0.0011 grs/cuft

 $lbs/hr = (Cs \times Qs \times 60 \text{ min/hr}) / 7000 \text{ grs/lb}$

 $= (0.0011 \times 27194 \times 60) / 7000$

= 0.25 lbs/hr Fluoride

ibs.day = lbs/hr x 24 hrs/day

 $= 0.25 \times 24$

= 5.88 lbs/day Fluoride

Percent Isokinetic:

97.5 %

EMISSION CALCULATIONS

Date: June 8, 1999

Unit: B PAP

Run no. 4

Vmstd = Vm [Tstd] [Pbar + (^ H / 13.6)] Yi
[Tm + 460] [Pstd]
= 42.175 Cuft x [
$$528$$
] x [($29.96 + (2.62/13.6)$)] x 1.00
[$460 + 91.3$] [29.92]
= 40.707 Cuft.

Bwo =
$$\frac{\text{Vwstd}}{\text{Vwstd} + \text{Vmstd}}$$
$$\frac{3.102}{3.102 + 40.707} \times 100$$

7.08 %

Vs (avg) = Kp Cp
$$\sqrt{P(avg)}\sqrt{(460 + Ts) / (Ms Ps)}$$

= 85.48 x .84 x 0.6860 $\sqrt[3]{(460 + 112.1) / (28.08 x 30.04)}$
= 40.56 ft/sec

Cs = 0.0154 grs/mg x (total mg of sample) / Vmstd

= 0.0154 grs/mg x 2.86 mg / 40.707 cuft

= 0.0011 grs/cuft

 $lbs/hr = (Cs \times Qs \times 60 min/hr) / 7000 grs/lb$

= (0.0011 x 26333 x 60) / 7000

= 0.24 lbs/hr Fluoride

lbs/day = lbs/hr x 24 hrs/day

 $= 0.24 \times 24$

5.86 lbs/day Fluoride

Percent Isokinetic:

99.6 %

Production Rate

Title:

i roddotion ita						
DATE: <u>07-Jun-99</u>	SAMPLING	TIME FROM:		11:05 AM	то	6:00.75
STATEMENT OF PROCESS WEIGHT:						
COMPANY NAME: MAILING ADDRESS: SOURCE IDENTIFICATION: SOURCE LOCATION:	P.O. DRAW "B" PAP PR		CITY, FL 335 ACILITY	HOSPHATE C 64	COMPLEX	
PERMIT SOURCE: 0570005-007-AV Emission Unit 009						
DATA ON OPERATING CYCLE TIME:						
			RUN #1	RUN #2	RUN #3	STANNING STA
START OF OPERATION, TIME	ļ		11:05 AM	3:12 PM	4:51 PM	PARTITION AT
END OF OPERATION, TIME	-		12:17 PM	4:23 PM	6:00 PM	
ELAPSED TIME IDLE TIME DURING CYCLE	ŀ		72 MIN 0	71 MIN 0	69 MIN 0	
DESIGN PROCESS RATING: PROCESS WEIGHT RATE (INPUT)	B	TPH P2O5		PRODUCT (0	OUTPUT)	ТРН
DATA ON ACTUAL PROCESS RATE DURING	G OPERATION	I CYCLE:				
MATERIAL: PHOSPHATE ROCK, TPH P205			RUN #1	RUN #2	RUN #3	
MATERIAL: 100 % SULFURIC ACID, TPH			247.16	245,33	243.09	
MATERIAL: WATER, TPH			13.99	18.99	18.99	
TOTAL PROCESS WEIGHT RATE			RUN #1	RUN #2	RUN #3	
PRODUCT: PHOSPHORIC ACID SLURRY, TI INPUT RATE: P205, TPH	PH		742.52	741.24	743.45	
I certify that the above statement is true to the		wledge and b	pelief:		,,,,,,,,,	
Signature:	1-6 %/	uchun1	war.			

bpaprate.xis

Scrubber's Operating Parameters

DATE: <u>07-Jun-99</u>		SAMPLING T	SAMPLING TIME FROM: 11:05 AM TO 6:00 PM						
COMPANY NAME: MAILING ADDRESS: SOURCE IDENTIFICATION: SOURCE LOCATION:		P.O. DRAWE "B" PAP PRO	RIES, INC. PLA R L PLANT C DUCTION FA DUCTION ST	ITY, FL 33564 CILITY	OSPHATE CON	ИPLEX			
PERMIT SOURCE: 0570005-007-	·AV								
TYPE OF SCRUBBER LIQUID:		Pon	d Wa	ter			-		
		RUN #1	RUN #2	RUN #3					
PACKED BED SCRUBBER	START	11:05 AM	3:12 PM	4:51 PM	,	COMMENT	s		
TAGRED BED GONGBBEN	END	12:17 PM	4:23 PM	6:00 PM		JOWNILLY			
OUTLET	AVERAGE		102"	100					
TEMPERATURES F	HIGH	100	102	100°			<u> </u>		
	LOW	1000	102	100					
			513140	0.00.00					
DACKED BED CONTINUED	CTART	RUN #1	RUN #2	RUN #3		201414517	•		
PACKED BED SCRUBBER	START END	11:05 AM 12:17 PM	3:12 PM	4:51 PM 6:00 PM	<u> </u>	COMMENT	5		
FAN	AVERAGE		4:23 PM	131					
AMPS	HIGH	171	177	151		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 		
AWITO	LOW	191	177	131					
I certify that the above statement is				-					
Signature	 :	76.	ficon	reals					
5.0.0.0		1 2	/						
Title:		_/rec	12 8-	19.					
				/					

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Production Rate

DATE: 08-Jun-99	SAMPLIN	NG TIME FROM	1:	10:40 AM	то .	3:10 PM
STATEMENT OF PROCESS WEIGHT:						
COMPANY NAME: MAILING ADDRESS: SOURCE IDENTIFICATION: SOURCE LOCATION:	P.O. DRA "B" PAP	STRIES, INC. F AWER L PLANT PRODUCTION PRODUCTION	CITY, FL 335 FACILITY		COMPLEX	
PERMIT SOURCE: 0570005-007-AV Emission Unit 009						
DATA ON OPERATING CYCLE TIME:						
			RUN #1	RUN #2	RUN #3 .	
START OF OPERATION, TIME			10:40 AM	12:23 PM	2:00 PM	
END OF OPERATION, TIME			11:51 AM	1:35 PM	3:10 PM	
ELAPSED TIME			71 MIN	72 MIN	70 MIN	
IDLE TIME DURING CYCLE			0	0	0	
DESIGN PROCESS RATING: PROCESS WEIGHT RATE (INPUT)	37.8	TPH P205		PRODUCT (C	OUTPUT)	ТРН
DATA ON ACTUAL PROCESS RATE D	JRING OPERATI	ON CYCLE:		·		
MATERIAL: PHOSPHATE ROCK, TPH F MATERIAL: 100 % SULFURIC ACID, TF MATERIAL: WATER, TPH			RUN #1 469.62 247.29 13.99	RUN #2 467,91 241.57 19.96	RUN#3 467.83 242.68 13.97	
TOTAL PROCESS WEIGHT PRODUCT: PHOSPHORIC ACID SLURI INPUT RATE: P2O5, TPH			RUN#1 729,89 96.52	RUN #2 728,50 96,38	RUN #3 729.43 96,42	

I certify that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief:

Signature:

Title:

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Scrubber's Operating Parameters

DATE: 08-Jun-99	-	SAMPLING T	IME FROM:		10:40 AM	то	3:10 PM		
COMPANY NAME: MAILING ADDRESS: SOURCE IDENTIFICATION: SOURCE LOCATION:		CF INDUSTRIES, INC. PLANT CITY PHOSPHATE COMPLEX P.O. DRAWER L PLANT CITY, FL 33564 "B" PAP PRODUCTION FACILITY "B" PAP PRODUCTION STACK							
PERMIT SOURCE: 0570005-007-	AV								
TYPE OF SCRUBBER LIQUID:		Fou	O WA	TER					
		RUN #1	RUN #2	RUN #3					
PACKED BED SCRUBBER	START	10:40 AM	12:23 PM	2:00 PM		COMMENT	rs		
	END	11:51 AM	1:35 PM	3:10 PM	·				
OUTLET	AVERAGE	100	/c/°	1020					
TEMPERATURES F	HIGH	166	1025	102°	,				
	LOW	14C	106	102.					
		RUN #1	RUN #2	RUN #3					
PACKED BED SCRUBBER	START	10:40 AM	12:23 PM	2:00 PM	1 0	COMMENT	rs		
	END	11:51 AM	1:35 PM	3:10 PM					
FAN	AVERAGE	170	179.5	179					
AMPS	HIGH	180	130	179					
	LOW	18C	179	179					
I certify that the above statement is Signature:		7	redge and be						

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APPENDIX "B"

FIELD DATA

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METHOD 5 FIELD DATA

Run!
Plant Site: Plant City, Fl.
Sampling Location: B Pap Date: 06/07/1999 Stack ID (in): 48.00

Pt	Time	Volume	System Vacuum	Delta P	Delta H	Ti	То	Ts	Tf	Time
	min	ft3	inHg	inH2O	inH2O	٥F	۰F	°F	۰F	3.E
1	5.0	2.958	1.28	0.353	2.093	81.44	81.82	106.14	240.75	S3 30
2	10.0	6.779	1.94	0.600	2.901	83.00	82.73	112.14	242.33	59.24
3	15.0	10.793	2.10	0.649	3.123	85.10	84.26	113.33	242.27	61.90
4	20.0	14.518	1.86	0.558	2.780	87.19	85.98	113.22	241.01	51 5E
5	25.0	18.067	1.69	0.498	2.584	89.04	87.66	113.41	244.46	35.8£
6	30.0	21.171	1.38	0.383	2.237	90.48	89.16	112.53	242.49	58 43
7	35.0	24.405	1.45	0.414	2.302	92.29	92.17	109.06	239.05	59.74
8	40.0	28.162	1.84	0.551	2.779	93.61	92.83	112.46	240.17	55.74
9	45.0	32.093	1.98	0.603	2.981	95.12	93.87	113.61	243.29	55 14
10	50.0	35.872	1.86	0.553	2.801	96.49	94.93	113.49	244.29	58 56
11	55.0	39.651	1.87	0.555	2.811	97.57	95.94	113.39	242.06	57 09
12	60.0	42.476	1.21	0.305	2.055	98.34	96.92	112.95	243.21	58.73

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METHOD 5 FIELD DATA

Runl
Plant Site: Plant City Fla
Sampling Location: B Pap Date: 06/07/1999 Stack ID (in): 48.00

Pt	Time	Volume	System Vacuum	Delta P	Delta H	Ti	То	Ts	Tf	
	min	ft3	inHg	inH2O	inH2O	°F	۰F	۰F	°F	०क्
1	5.0	2.810	1.20	0.350	1.961	96.91	97.31	108.77	242.64	1
2	10.0	6.471	1.87	0.517	2.586	96.89	97.39	114.19	243.20	61.42
3	15.0	10.331	2.07	0.575	2.822	97.61	97.64	114.78	243.47	61.78
4	20.0	13.978	1.89	0.511	2.599	98.55	98.13	114.51	240.82	57 OC
5	25.0	17.292	1.62	0.420	2.317	99.25	98.60	114.20	242.33	50 Tg
6	30.0	20.231	1.36	0.331	2.072	99.60	98.90	113.63	244.13	
7	35.0	22.976	1.19	0.287	1.930	99.15	99.08	107.05	242.43	64.10
8	40.0	26.466	1.76	0.468	2.436	99.20	99.01	112.57	244.40	59,62
9	45.0	30.228	2.00	0.543	2.699	99.72	99.17	113.54	242.52	61 30
10	50.0	33.821	1.86	0.492	2.5263	100.30	99.46	113.50	243.66	62 58
11	55.0	37.389	1.85	0.486	2.5103	100.92	99.89	113.79	244.10	53.54
12	60.0	40.183	1.29	0.294	1.972	101.41	100.47	113.42	244.55	65.21

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METHOD 5 FIELD DATA

Run3
Plant Site: Plant City Fla
Sampling Location: BPap Date: 06/07/1999 Stack ID (in): 48.00

Pt	Time	Volume	System Vacuum	Delta P	Delta H	Ti	То	Ts	Tf	i irig
	min	ft3	inHg	inH2O	inH2O	٥F	°F	°F	°F	٥£
1	5.0	3.022	1.29	0.349	2.09510	00.70	100.47	106.97	236.42	\$6.44
2	10.0	6.633	1.73	0.499	2.55910	00.89	100.33	113.04	243.18	61.26
3	15.0	10.481	1.93	0.563	2.80610	1.54	100.57	113.95	242.01	62.21
4	20.0	14.077	1.74	0.491	2.54410	02.04	100.84	113.82	241.00	61.79
5	25.0	17.378	1.52	0.416	2.29110	02.18	101.01	113.72	243.97	60.40
6	30.0	20.270	1.25	0.316	2.01610	02.11	101.08	113.23	242.56	59.43
7	35.0	22.756	1.02	0.233	1.77210	00.89	100.72	108.47	241.69	66.94
8	40.0	26.244	1.66	0.465	2.41810	00.61	100.39	112.40	241.66	60.84
9	45.0	29.982	1.87	0.534	2.6571	00.75	100.18	113.15	244.01	60.97
10	50.0	33.534	1.74	0.479	2.47210	01.04	100.16	113.00	243.04	61.46
11	55.0	37.103	1.76	0.485	2.49810	01.19	100.24	113.33	242.96	61.29
12	60.0	39.824	1.21	0.279	1.9121	01.17	100.31	112.66	242.79	63.28

METHOD 5 FIELD DATA

Rw4

Plant Site: Plant City, FL Sampling Location: B PAP Date: 06/08/1999 Stack ID (in): 48.00

Pt	Time	Volume	System Vacuum	Delta P	Delta H	Ti	То	Ts	Tf	Timp
	min	ft3	inHg	inH2O	inH2O	۰F	°F	٥F	٥F	°F
1	5.0	3.135	1.53	0.385	2.224	82.63	82.92	107.24	238.47	60.49
2	10.0	7.045	2.25	0.600	3.015	84.35	83.94	112.30	243.22	55.13
3	15.0	11.138	2.42	0.649	3.236	86.55	85.45	113.27	240.75	58.03
4	20.0	14.940	2.12	0.556	2.862	88.74	87.18	113.23	243.17	58.87
5	25.0	18.464	1.86	0.476	2.573	90.54	88.85	113.29	243.38	56.54
6	30.0	21.618	1.56	0.377	2.270	91.97	90.41	112.79	244.05	56.62
7	35.0	24.478	1.31	0.318	2.052	93.20	93.00	107.80	241.49	62.20
8	40.0	28.219	2.03	0.529	2.761	94.36	93.54	112.38	242.04	56.84
9	45.0	32.143	2.21	0.578	2.977	95.79	94.48	113.46	243.32	57.94
10	50.0	35.906	2.06	0.529	2.783	97.09	95.47	113.14	243.11	58.64
11	55.0	39.676	2.07	0.526	2.787	98.16	96.45	113.36	242.88	58.87
12	60.0	42.175	1.14	0.230	1.870	98.73	97.32	112.68	245.22	61.33

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METHOD 5 FIELD DATA

Plant Site: Plant City, FL Sampling Location: B PAP Date: 06/08/1999 Stack ID (in): 48.00

Pt	Time	Volume	System Vacuum	Delta P	Delta H	Ti	То	Ts	Tf	T TES
	min	ft3	inHg	inH2O	inH2O	°F	°F	°F	°F	°F
1	5.0	2.993	1.28	0.331	2.112		98.91		240.24	S+ 40
2	10.0	6.733	1.90	0.520	2.732	99.20	98.90	113.02	244.42	59 12
3	15.0	10.708	2.14	0.586	3.010	99.86	99.06	114.01	243.00	59.58
4	20.0	14.390	1.88	0.498	2.6671	.00.87	99.64	113.78	242.44	
5	25.0	17.748	1.61	0.415	2.3821	.01.38	100.14	113.66	243.61	5. 22
6	30.0	20.704	1.32	0.319	2.1061	.01.56	100.47	113.29	243.53	
7	35.0	23.377	1.10	0.275	1.9211	.00.85	100.64	108.84	244.28	52.30
8	40.0	26.962	1.78	0.474	2.5481	.00.93	100.55	113.30	243.64	56.10
9	45.0	30.799	2.02	0.544	2.8171	.01.52	100.75	114.07	241.96	51 75
10	50.0	34.445	1.86	0.487	2.6181	.02.29	101.23	114.08	245.37	59 42
11	55.0	38.063	1.84	0.477	2.5881	.02.85	101.69	114.39	241.79	60.29
12	60.0	40.941	1.31	0.301	2.0511	.03.27	102.17	113.95	245.50	61.95

\$C011⊚

METHOD 5 FIELD DATA

Plant Site: Plant City, FL Sampling Location: B PAP Date: 06/08/1999 Stack ID (in): 48.00

Pt	Time	Volume	System Vacuum	Delta P	Delta H	Ti	То	Ts	Τf	Survey
	min	ft3	inHg	inH2O	inH2O	۰F	۰F	۰F	°F	.) Ž4.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	5.0 10.0 15.0 20.0 25.0 30.0 35.0 40.0 45.0	2.749 6.330 10.193 13.768 17.039 19.895 22.754 26.345 30.086 33.652	1.08 1.65 1.87 1.66 1.45 1.21 1.20 1.70	0.273 0.468 0.546 0.467 0.391 0.298 0.302 0.473 0.510 0.462	2.55910 2.82810 2.53510 2.27810 2.01710 2.00310 2.53710 2.67910	01.16 01.50 01.98 02.11 02.14 01.43 01.53	100.89 101.04 101.13 101.25	111.49 113.44 113.34 113.01 112.73 108.61 111.85 112.74	239.51 242.71 243.83 242.95 242.95 243.80 239.57 242.37 242.01 244.72	65.62 58.67 59.36 69.33 69.33 89.33 89.68
11 12	55.0 60.0	37.112 39.537	1.62 1.03	0.436 0.214			101.54 101.67		242.89 242.82	61 09 62.87

\$C011©

METHOD 5 LEAK TEST DATA

Plant Site: Plant City, FL Sampling Location: B PAP

Date: 06/07/1999 Stack ID: 009

Test	Leak Rate ft3/min	Sys Vac Pressure inHg	Initial Vol ft3	Final Vol ft3
6/79 66 W. 504/4 - 1 W. 504-2 261	0.01250	16.10	0.07200	0.08100
12:35 pm - 2 86c	_ 0.01390	5.48	42.49800	42.51200
2:00PM 3 = 4	0.01200	4.75	42.52300	42.54700
4: 30 PML4 EL	0.01200	5.45	40.20200	40.21700
4: 15PM.5 ZE	0.01200	14.13	40.27100	41.54900
6:10 pm 6 24	0.01200	5.47	39.84400	39.85800
7	0.00000	0.00	0.00000	0.0000
8	0.0000	0.00	0.0000	0.0000

METHOD 5 LEAK TEST DATA

Plant Site: Plant City, FL Sampling Location: B PAP

Date: 06/08/1999 Stack ID: 009

Test	Leak Rate ft3/min	Sys Vac Pressure inHg	Initial Vol ft3	Final Vol ft3
0/3/33 pm 1 - 50c	0.01200	16.00	0.08000	0.09400
11 53 AM 2 EG	0.01200	5.40	42.19400	42.20900
12:15PM 3 29	0.01200	4.80	42.22100	42.23400
1:45 pm 4 29	0.01200	5.33	40.96100	40.98900
1:55PM 52K	0.01200	4.83	41.00000	41.02700
3:20PM 62k	0.01200	6.82	39.59300	39.61900
7	0.00000	0.00	0.00000	0.00000
8	0.00000	0.00	0.0000	0.00000

CF INDUSTRIES, INC.

PLANT CITY PHOSPHATE COMPLEX LABORATORY ANALYSIS RECORD

			DATE TIME STACK RUN	07-Jun-99 11:05 - 12:17 B PAP #1
MOISTURE CONTENTS				
IMPINGER	#1	#2	#3	#4
WEIGHT AFTER RUN, GRAMS WEIGHT BEFORE RUN, GRAMS WEIGHT GAIN/LOSS, GRAMS	707.7 676.0 31.7	700.3 678.8 21.5	583.3 580.9 2.4	884.0 879.2 4.8
TOTAL WEIGHT GAIN, GRAMS SAMPLE SOLUTIONS ANALYSIS	60.4 F			
VOLUME OF SAMPLE, ML CONCENTRATION, UG/ML TOTAL WEIGHT POLLUTANT, MGS	1000 2.81 2.81			
ANALYST Loyd & Jamp				

CF INDUSTRIES, INC.

PLANT CITY PHOSPHATE COMPLEX LABORATORY ANALYSIS RECORD

			DATE TIME STACK RUN	07-Jun-99 15:12 - 16:23 B PAP #2
MOISTURE CONTENTS				
IMPINGER	#1	#2	#3	#4
WEIGHT AFTER RUN, GRAMS WEIGHT BEFORE RUN, GRAMS WEIGHT GAIN/LOSS, GRAMS	717.1 672.1 45.0	669.9 660.8 9.1	580.7 579.4 1.3	876.0 870.4 5.6
TOTAL WEIGHT GAIN, GRAMS	61.0			
SAMPLE SOLUTIONS ANALYSIS	F			
VOLUME OF SAMPLE, ML CONCENTRATION, UG/ML TOTAL WEIGHT POLLUTANT, MGS	1000 2.88 2.88			
ANALYST Hoyd & Camp				

CF INDUSTRIES, INC.

PLANT CITY PHOSPHATE COMPLEX LABORATORY ANALYSIS RECORD

			DATE TIME STACK RUN	07-344-99 16:51 - 18:00 3 PAP 33
MOISTURE CONTENTS		·		
IMPINGER	#1	#2	#3	#4
WEIGHT AFTER RUN, GRAMS	712.5	667.9	588.7	384.5
WEIGHT BEFORE RUN, GRAMS	669.2	659.0	586.5	385.1
WEIGHT GAIN/LOSS, GRAMS	43.3	_ 8.9	2.2	6.5
TOTAL WEIGHT GAIN, GRAMS	60.9			
SAMPLE SOLUTIONS ANALYSIS	F		·	
VOLUME OF SAMPLE, ML	1000			
CONCENTRATION, UG/ML	2.71			
TOTAL WEIGHT POLLUTANT, MGS	2.71			

padcomp.xls

Though & Camp

ANALYST

CF INDUSTRIES, INC.

PLANT CITY PHOSPHATE COMPLEX LABORATORY ANALYSIS RECORD

			DATE TIME STACK RUN	08-Jun-99 10:40 - 11 51 8 PAP #4
MOISTURE CONTENTS				
IMPINGER	#1	#2	#3	#4
WEIGHT AFTER RUN, GRAMS WEIGHT BEFORE RUN, GRAMS WEIGHT GAIN/LOSS, GRAMS	721.7 676.0 45.7	688.3 677.8 10.5	578.1 576.0 2.1	835.0 827.4 7.6
TOTAL WEIGHT GAIN, GRAMS SAMPLE SOLUTIONS ANALYSIS	65.9 F			
VOLUME OF SAMPLE, ML CONCENTRATION, UG/ML TOTAL WEIGHT POLLUTANT, MGS	1000 2.86 2.86			
ANALYST Though D. Camp				

CF INDUSTRIES, INC.

PLANT CITY PHOSPHATE COMPLEX LABORATORY ANALYSIS RECORD

			DATE TIME STACK RUN	08-Jun-99 12:23 - 13:35 B PAP #5
MOISTURE CONTENTS				
IMPINGER	#1	#2	#3	#4
WEIGHT AFTER RUN, GRAMS WEIGHT BEFORE RUN, GRAMS WEIGHT GAIN/LOSS, GRAMS	715.7 670.8 44.9	668.5 658.7 9.8	580.8 579.0 1.8	880.2 872.2 8.0
TOTAL WEIGHT GAIN, GRAMS	64.5			
SAMPLE SOLUTIONS ANALYSIS	F			
VOLUME OF SAMPLE, ML CONCENTRATION, UG/ML TOTAL WEIGHT POLLUTANT, MGS	1000 3.01 3.01			
ANALYST Zhyd & Camp				

CF INDUSTRIES, INC.

PLANT CITY PHOSPHATE COMPLEX LABORATORY ANALYSIS RECORD

			DATE TIME STACK RUN	08-Jun-99 14:00 - 15:10 B PAP #6
MOISTURE CONTENTS				
IMPINGER	#1	#2	#3	#4
WEIGHT AFTER RUN, GRAMS WEIGHT BEFORE RUN, GRAMS WEIGHT GAIN/LOSS, GRAMS	713.4 668.9 44.5	667.8 658.7 9.1	587.3 586.5 0.8	870.1 864.2 5.9
TOTAL WEIGHT GAIN, GRAMS	60.3			
SAMPLE SOLUTIONS ANALYSIS	F			
VOLUME OF SAMPLE, ML CONCENTRATION, UG/ML TOTAL WEIGHT POLLUTANT, MGS	2.70 2.70			
ANALYST Lloyd D. (ang				

BEST AVAILABLE COPY VISIBLE EMISSION OBSERVATION FORM

[COMONY NAME	-	=:=						
CF Industries Inc. Plant City Complex STREET ADDRESS		6/3/			START T	IME 350		
10608 Paul Buchman Highway	SEC	0	15	30	45			
	1	0	0	0	0			
10 miles north of Plant City CITY STATE ZIP	2	C.	0	0	0			
Plant City FL 33564 PHONE (KEY CONTACT) SOURCE ID NUMBER	3	С	C	0	U			
(813) 782-1591 (Ext. 290) 057 0005 009	4	0	C	0	0			
PROCESS EQUIPMENT B Phosphoric OPERATING MODE Acid Production Facility Normal	5	0	С	0	0			
CONTROL EQUIPMENT N. C. A. TRICON TOWN OPERATING MODE	6	0	0	0	0			
CONTROL EQUIPMENT North American steel OPERATING MODE Pucked bed scrubber with Kimre Cocking or equipment Normal	7	0	0	0	0			
DESCRIBE EMISSION POINT	8	0	0	0	0			
Circular stack opening 4 Feet in	9	0	C	٥	0			
diameter	10	0	0	0	0			
HEIGHT ABOVE GROUND LEVEL HEIGHT RELATIVE TO OBSERVER \$\times 108.5' \text{Start} \times 108.5' \text{End} \times 108.5'	11	C	0	0	0			
DISTANCE FROM CESERVER Start ~ 275 End ~ 275 Start NE End NE	12	0	0	0	0			
	13	0	0	10	0			
Star None End None	14	0	0	0	0			
EMISSION COLOR IF WATER DROPLET PLUME Start N/A End /V/A Attached II Detached II	15	0	0	: 0	0			
POINT IN THE PLUME AT WHICH OPACITY WAS DETERMINED	16	0	0	[0	0		~~	
sian ~ 4' from stack End ~ 4' from stack	17	0	0	Ċ	0		71.67	
DESCRIBE PLUME BACKGROUND	18	0	0		0			
STAR Scattered SKY End Scattered SKY BACKGROUND COLOR BILL STAIN SKY CONDITIONS	19	0	0	0	0			
BACKGROUND COLOR BILE 3 FU, SKY CONDITIONS Stan White gray End we to stan Scattered End Scattered WIND SPEED WIND DIRECTION	20	C	0	0	0			
Stan 1 - 6 mph Ero 4 - 3 m ch Stan E End JE	21	ن [: 0	. 0	0			
AMBIENT TEMP WET BULB TEMP RH. percent	22	<i>C</i>	0	C	0	·		
	23	0	0	0	0			
Stack SCURCE LAYOUT SKETCH Draw North Arrow with Plume	24	C	0	0	0			
Sun +	25	0	0	0	0			
Wind	26	0	0	0	0			
X · Emission Point	27	0	0	0	0			
	28	0	0	0	O			
	29	٥	0	0	0			
	30	0	0	10	0	<u> </u>		
	ОВ		S NAME	_				_
Observer's Position	OB		s SIGNA		mp		.: :	
1400		L	syd,	,	amp		• •	3/
Aun Location Line	OR	GANIZAT The	lustr	125 1	-nc.f	Plant Cor	٠.	~. <i>~</i>
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION	115	RTIFIED	BY /	<u>,-</u>	A	Clartes	1 3/1	ر الما
() garaced salle	Ea	sleth	lech	nical	A SSO	c1a/es	1 2/2	-7/
Chief Read	co	NTINUE	ON VE	O FORM	NUMBER	٠.	2	

VISIBLE EMISSION OBSERVATION FORM

								1NO. 2	
CF Industrie	S, Inc. P	lent City Complex	OBSER	6/3	•		START T	ME 720	1450
STREET ADDRESS	Ruch	en Highway	SEC	0	15	30	45		0.4. st
•		•	1	0	С	0	0		
10 miles no	orth ct	Plant City STATE (ZIP	2	С	C	0	0		· ·
PHONE (KEY CONTACT)	- •	FL 33564 SOURCE ID NUMBER	3	0	C	0	0		
PHONE (KEY CONTACT)	(Ext. 290)	SOURCE 10 NUMBER 057005 009	4	0	0	0	0		
PROCESS EQUIPMENT			5		0	0	0	*********	
Acid Yradue	tica For	Warmal Normal	6	0	0	0	0		
STEEL PACKED B	North Ame	rican OPERATING MODE 2r with Normal	7	c	. 0 :	С	0		
DESCRIBE EMISSION P		(A) . (VOI /// ~)	1 8	0	· c	C	0		··
		Quening 4 Feet	9	c	· C	0	0		
in diame	,	, ,,	10	0	0	0	0		COLUMN 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
HEIGHT ABOVE GROUN	ND LEVEL	HEIGHT RELATIVE TO OBSERVER	1	0	O	0	0		
~ 108.5'	ERVER	Stan ~ /08.5 ' End ~ /08.5 '	12	0	0	0	0		
Start ~ 275 Enc		Start NE End NE]	0	. 0	Ū	0		
DESCRIBE EMISSIONS		. /] 14	6	٠.	c	0		
SIAN NONE		End None.	15	5	<u>۔۔۔۔</u>	C	Ü		
	o NA	Attached Detached Detached	15	0	- 	0	0		
POINT IN THE PLUME Stan - 4 + From		end~4'from stack	17	0			0		
DESCRIBE PLUME BAC		- Trom Start	18	0	0	. <i>U</i>	0		
sianscattered	sky	End Scattered sky	19	c	0	<u> </u>	0		
Stan White	Blue gray,	StarScattered End Scattered		C	, 0	<u>. υ</u> . ε	0		
WIND SPEED		WIND DIRECTION	2.	0			. 0		
Start - Smon En	166-10moh	Start 32 End E	22				0	 	
Stan 890 = 5	o 90-7	24	1	-			-	 	
Stack	SCURCE LA	YOUT SKETCH Draw North Arrov		0	: 0	0	0	 	
Plume			24	10	0	0	0	 	*****
Sun - P Wind>		\bigcirc	25	0	0	0	10	 -	
			26	0	0	10	0		
		X Emission Point	27	10	10	0	10	-	
			28	10	0	0	0	<u> </u>	
			29	0	0	10	0	-	
			30	0	0	10	0	1	
			OBS	SERVER'S	S NAME (PRINT)	h C		The second secon
		Observer's Position	OB	SERVER:	S SIGNAT		/		DATE,
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		cation Line	1		7 :	25.I	nc.Pl	ent Cit	- Comole
ADDITIONAL INFORM	MA	4 7 11	CE	ATIFIED !	3Y	,	1 1	-1-+	DATE 2/24
\ \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	Janse	Jalle	La	s/ern	iech	hical	MSS	ciales	
/ 7			1 co	NTINUED	ON VEO	FORM	NUMBER	• •	

SAMPLE CHAIN OF CUSTODY

Plant Name	CF INDUSTR	IES, INC. PLANT CITY	PHOSPHATE COMP	LEX	
Source Identifica	ation _	"B" PHOSPHORIC AC	ID PRODUCTION FAC	CILITY	
Date Sampled:	_JUNE 7. 19	99	Sampling Time:	11:05 AM	to 6:00 PM
Test for	MOISTURE A	AND FLUORIDE			
	-	SAMPLE RECOV	ERY	-	
Sample Run	_			Description	on .
1	_			#1 COLD BOX	ASSEMBLY
2	_			#2 COLD BOX	ASSEMBLY
3	_		,	#3 COLD BOX	ASSEMBLY
Person engaged	l in sample rec	coveries:			
Signature	But file	wat at the			
Title	ANALYST II				
Location at w	hich recovery	<u>"B" PH</u>	OSPHORIC ACID ST	ACK	
Laboratory pers	on receiving s	amples:			
Signature	- They	d D. Camp			
Title	"A" CLASS	TECHNICIAN			
		ANAI	LYSIS	_	
Constituer	nt	Method	Date	Time	Signature(s)
MOISTURE		EPA METHOD 4	6/7/99	12:47 - 18:30	Hoyd B. Jamp
FLUORIDE	-	EPA METHOD 13 B	6/7/99	13:10 - 19:15	Though D. Camp

SAMPLE CHAIN OF CUSTODY

Plant Name CF INDUSTRIES, INC. PLANT CITY PHOSPHATE COMPLEX							
Source Identific	ation <u>'</u>	'B" PHOSPHORIC AC	CID PRODUCTION	FAC	CILITY		
Date Sampled:	JUNE 8, 199	99	Sampling Time:	:	10:40 AM	to 3:10 PM	
Test for	MOISTURE A	ND FLUORIDE					
	-	SAMPLE RECOV	/ERY		-		
Sample Run	_				Descriptio	n	
11	_				#1 COLD BOX	ASSEMBLY	
2	_				#2 COLD BOX	ASSEMBLY	
3	_				#3 COLD BOX	ASSEMBLY	
Person engaged	l in sample rec	overies:					
Signature	Em L. L	athe (
Title	ANALYST II						
Location at w	hich recovery	<u>"B" Pl</u>	HOSPHORIC ACI	STA	ACK		
Laboratory pers	on receiving s	amples:					
Signature		layd D. (anp				
Title	"A" CLASS T	,	<i>,</i>				
		ANA	LYSIS				
Constituer	- nt	Method	Date		- Time	Signature(s)	
MOISTURE		EPA METHOD 4	6/8/9	_	12:21 - 15:40	Though to	James
FLUORIDE		EPA METHOD 13 B	6/8/9	9	12:40 - 16:06	Though D.	amp
							,
					 		



DATE 7-14-98

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

THIS CERTIFIES THAT S-TYPE PITOT TUBES CONSTRUCTED AND CALIBRATED BY ANDERSEN INSTRUMENTS INC. COMPLY WITH PROCEDURES PROVIDED IN THE U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REFERENCE METHOD 2-DETERMINATION OF STACK GAS VELOCITY AND VOLUMETRIC FLOW RATE, VOL. 42, NO. 160 THURSDAY, AUGUST 18, 1977. ANDERSEN INSTRUMENTS INC. CERTIFIES THAT AT TIME OF SHIPMENT BASELINE COEFFICIENT VALUES OF 0.84 MAY BE ASSIGNED TO THE PITOT TUBES.

NÄTHAN D. CANUP / SERVICE MANAGER

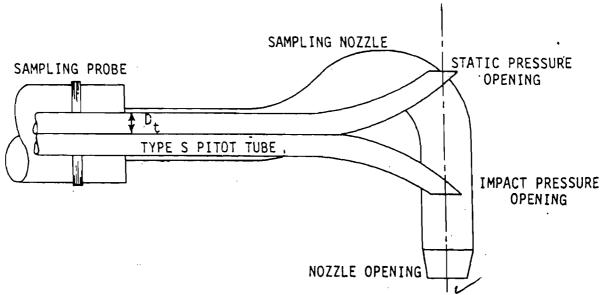
ANDERSEN INSTRUMENTS INC.

A Subsidiary of Thermo Instruments Systems Inc. 500 TECHNOLOGY COURT, SMYRNA, GA 30082-5211, USA TEL: 770 319 9999 - 800 241 6898 FAX: 770 319 0336

CF INDUSTRIES

TYPE S PITOT TUBE INSPECTION DATA FORM

(a) BOTTOM VIEW: SHOWING MINIMUM PITOT-NOZZLE SEPARATION.



(b) SIDE VIEW: TO PREVENT PITOT TUBE FROM INTERFERING WITH GAS FLOW STREAMLINES APPROACHING THE NOZZLE, THE IMPACT PRESSURE OPENING PLANE OF THE PITOT TUBE SHALL BE EVEN WITH OR DOWNSTREAM FROM THE NOZZLE ENTRY PLANE

Figure 2.1 Required pitot tube-sampling nozzle configuration to prevent aerodynamic interference; buttonhook-type nozzle; centers of nozzle and pitot opening aligned; in respect to flow direction, D_t between 0.48 and 0.95 cm (3/16 and 3/8 in.).

BEST AVAILABLE COPY CF INDUSTRIES

TYPE S PITOT TUBE INSPECTION DATA FORM

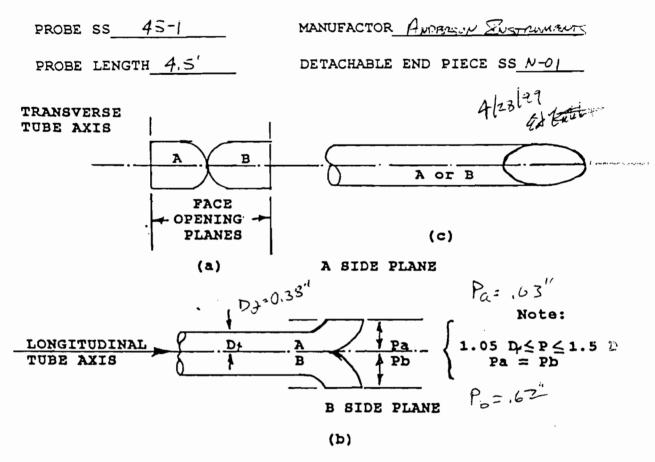
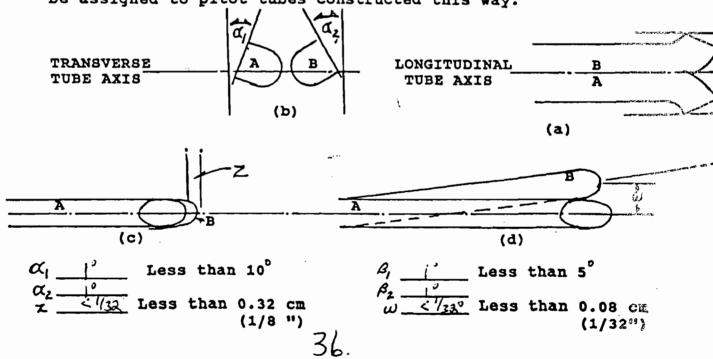


Figure 2.2 Properly constructed Type 8 pitot tube shown in: (a) end view: face opening planes perpendicular to transverse axis: (b) top view: face opening planes parallel to to longitudinal axis: (c) side view: both legs of equal length and centerlines coincident, when viewed from both sides. Baseline coefficient values of 0.84 may be assigned to pitot tubes constructed this way.



CF INDUSTRIES

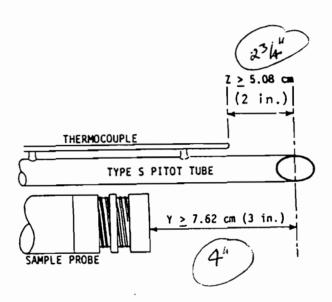
TYPE S PITOT TUBE INSPECTION DATA FORM

PROBE LENGTH 4.5'

MANUFACTOR ANDRESON ZUSTRUMBUSZ

DETACHABLE END PIECE SS N-01

4/23/95. 4, 4 illiant



Required thermocouple and probe placement to prevent interference: D_t between 0.48 and 0.95 cm (3/16 and 3/8 in.).

CF INDUSTRIES, INC. Plant City Phosphate Complex LABORATORY ANALYSIS RECORD

"B" PAP Production Plant June 7, 1999

CF Industries, Inc., Plant City Phosphate Complex, uses a Fischer Accumet Model 50 pH meter with selective ion concentration capacity. The instrument has microprocessor function which calculates efficiency of the Orion Model 96-09 fluoride electrode being used and alerts the user in case of electrode malfunction.

STANDARDS

ELECTRODE EFFICIENCY

(See Technical Information Section)

0.1 μ g/ml

0.8981

 $1.0 \mu g/ml$

0.9864

2.0 μ g/ml

Quality Assurance Sample #1 - 0.38 μ g/ml. Analysis was 0.37 μ g/ml.

Quality Assurance Sample #2 - 0.76 μ g/ml. Analysis was 0.76 μ g/ml.

Quality Assurance Sample #3 - 1.90 μ g/ml. Analysis was 1.90 μ g/ml.

/ Harold Falls

Chief Chemist, Laboratory

JHF/gm 9/89

CF INDUSTRIES, INC. Plant City Phosphate Complex LABORATORY ANALYSIS RECORD

"B" PAP Production Plant June 8, 1999

CF Industries, Inc., Plant City Phosphate Complex, uses a Fischer Accumet Model 50 pH meter with selective ion concentration capacity. The instrument has microprocessor function which calculates efficiency of the Orion Model 96-09 fluoride electrode being used and alerts the user in case of electrode malfunction.

STANDARDS EFFICIENCY

(See Technical Information Section)

 $0.1 \, \mu \text{g/ml}$ 0.8998

1.0 μ g/ml 0.9780

 $2.0 \mu g/ml$

Quality Assurance Sample #1 - 0.38 μ g/ml. Analysis was 0.37 μ g/ml.

Quality Assurance Sample #2 - 0.76 μ g/ml. Analysis was 0.75 μ g/ml.

Quality Assurance Sample #3 - 1.90 $\mu g/ml$. Analysis was 1.90 $\mu g/ml$.

. Harold Falls

Chief Chemist, Laboratory

JHF/gm 9/89 Accumet 50

Payor

Overview

The Model 50 is a state-of-the-art, microprocessor based metric and function with an extensive range of capabilities and sealed keypad incorporates both numeric and function keys, hadron and convenient Help function. The large liquid crystal display often and requirement results, neous display of a variety of information, including measurement results, time/date, standardization data and status icons. The large display size permits user information to be conveyed in simple, complete sentences—not the cryptic prompts more typical for laboratory meters.

The Model 50 includes dual input channels. A novel split-screen action allows the display to simultaneous track both inputs when deadly addition to pH and millivolt measurement, this model also personal analyses with ion selective electrodes by direct potentiometry. Additionally, the Model 50 offers four incremental methods: known addition and subtraction and analate addition and subtraction.

In pH operation, the meter may be set up to automatically recognize both Fisher color-coded buffers and NIST buffers, for maximum user convenience. Auto-recognized buffers are both identified and corrected by the meter for the temperature dependence of the buffer.

The Model 50 performs conductivity measurements in Siemens (mhos) or salinity units. Probes with a variety of cell constants may be accommodated through software setup. Alternatively, the Model 50 may be set up to measure resistivity (ohms).

It is recommended that the user first complete the <u>Installation instructions</u>, then become familiar with <u>Controls and Connectors</u>, and finally and the <u>Operation</u> sections for procedures of interest.

Performance Characteristics

Model 50

Ranges

-2 to 20 pH/pX -1800 to 1800 mV -5 to 105 °C

10.9 to 109 Conc 0 to 40 ppt practi

0 to 40 ppt practical salinity 0 to 70 ppt NaCl equivalents 3 x 10^4 μ -Siemens/cm

33 to $\infty \Omega$ -cm

Resolution

0.1/0.01/0.001 pH

0.1 mV 0.1 °C

1, 2 or 3 significant figures ion

1, 2 or 3 significant figures conductivity

Relative Accuracy +/-0.002 pH

+/-0.1 mV @ 25 °C

+/-0.2 °C

lon Operation

The Model 50 allows for concentrations to be determined conveniently in any desired units of concentration, such as molarity, ppm or mg/L, and using any one of several techniques. Prior to analyzing samples by any of the ion methods, the operator should consult the following sections on Method Selection, Low-Level Correction, Ionic Strength Adjustors and Temperature Compensation.

Method Selection

The Model 50 features a variety of methods for measuring ion concentrations in samples using ion selective electrodes (ISE's). Direct reading potentiometric methods offer speed and convenience, are applicable to wide ranges of sample concentrations and require no volumetric measurements. Conversely, sample-to-sample variations in ionic strength frequently require the use of an ionic strength adjusting buffer (ISA) with direct reading potentiometry.

Incremental methods offer a tolerance for samples of varying ionic strength and the ability to analyze samples containing complexing agents. One incremental method, analate subtraction, can even permit analyzing concentrations of ions to which no ion selective electrode directly responds. Conversely, volumetric measurements of both the sample and a standard increment are required by these methods. Additionally, the incremental methods are generally unworkable if sample concentrations are expected to vary over more than one or, at most two, orders of magnitude.

As a general rule, it is usually simplest to select direct reading unless prior knowledge about the sample indicates that incremental methods are to be preferred.

Low-Level Correction

With samples containing very low levels of the ion of interest (often referred to as the "mud zone"), electrode response fails to conform to the Nernstian model. In the mud zone, changes in electrode output (slope) successively decrease as the sample concentration is further reduced. A plot of electrode output in millivolts versus logarithm of the sample concentration then becomes increasingly non-linear at very low concentrations.

The Model 50 offers two approaches to correcting for non-Nemstian response with low-level samples. In the first, the actual non-linear response curve of the electrode is approximated by a series of linear segments. Up to five different standards may be used, spanning the entire range of concentrations anticipated for samples. The meter then stores in memory a series of slope values corresponding to each successive pair of standards. These slopes, and the corresponding standard values, may be viewed individually by means of the slope key.

In linear segment measurements, the meter first identifies the general concentration range of the current sample, then computes its exact concentration by applying the nearest or bracketing standards. Use of the *Linear Segments* option can increase accuracy with dilute samples near the limits of the electrode's operating range.

The Blank feature provides an alternative means for measuring low-level samples. With this approach, the non-linear response curve of the electrode is fit by a mathematical model which assumes that all samples and standards have a constant background level of the species of interest. This situation may occur, for example, if the electrode can "self-sense" due to the finite solubility of the solid state sensing element. Standardization is performed with two standards from the electrode's linear region, as well as a blank sample. Measuring with the Blank option substantially enhances accuracy with dilute samples when the assumption of a constant background is true and a stable blank can be prepared.

lonic Strength Adjustors

Used directly, all selective ion electrodes respond to the activity of the ion of interest. The activity of an ion may be thought of as its effective concentration—a hybrid quantity derived from both the actual concentration of the ion as well as its mobility in the given solution.

In relatively dilute samples (typically less than 0.01 M), ions in the sample are relatively far removed from the influence of neighboring ions and act independently. In this event, ion activity and ion concentration are essentially identical. With more concentrated solutions, however, the presence of near neighbors acts to limit the mobility and effect of individual ions.

With increasing total ionic concentrations (ionic strength), ion activity becomes progressively diminished from actual ion concentration. This trend generally continues throughout the usable range of the electrode, although at extremely high concentrations, other effects may actually reverse it. In any event, in solutions of total ionic strength greater than perhaps 0.01 M, selective ion electrodes respond to an ion activity which may differ substantially from the ion concentration.

Slope

The slope S of an electrode is defined as the change in its output voltage resulting from a decade change in the activity of the ion to which it responses From the Nernst equation, the slope at any temperature T is given by

$$S_r = \xi (2.303 \text{ RT/F})$$

The quantity in the parentheses represents the slope for an ideal, monovalent cation-sensing ISE (e.g., a pl1 or Na* ion electrode), and has a value of 59.16 mV at 25 °C.

Because of their temperature dependence, the raw slope values do not provide a convenient measure of an electrode's performance. Consequently, slope values are usually mathematically corrected ("referenced") to a temperature of 25 °C:

$$S_{11} = S_{11} (298.16/1)$$

The value of its temperature referenced slope reflects the condition of an ISE since it may be compared simply and directly with the theoretical value of 59.16 at 25 °C. The Model 50 reports slope values temperature referenced to 25 °C.

Efficiency Factor

Efficiency factor ξ is the actual slope value for an electrode, divided by its theoretical value. The efficiency factor for an electrode is thus easily interpretable in terms of its performance. For example, a pH electrode functioning ideally would exhibit an efficiency factor of exactly 1. Properly functioning, real pH electrodes typically will produce efficiency factors in the range of 0.90 to 1.05.

Efficiency factors for cation-sensing electrodes are positive, while those for anion-sensing electrodes are negative. Mathematically, the efficiency factor for an ideal electrode is always the reciprocal of the number of electrons exchanged in its electrode reaction, with the appropriate algebraic sign. Several examples appear in the table below:

ISE Type	Ideal Efficiency Factor
ե. H³O, (հլլ)	+1
F:	- I
CI -	- 1
Ca+2	+ 0.5
S-1	- 0.5

The efficiency factor for a real electrode, like its slope, may be determined experimentally from two-point (or more) standardization data.

Efficiency

A related quantity, frequently used instead of efficiency factor, is electrode efficiency. The efficiency of an electrode is simply its efficiency factor expressed as a percent by multiplying by 100 and ignoring algebraic sign.

On this scale, properly functioning pH electrodes typically exhibit efficiencies between 90 and 105%. The Model 50 automatically compute and display electrode efficiencies, as well slopes temperature referenced to 25 °C, when the slope/eff key is pressed.

pH Measurements

The pH of a solution is defined as

$$pII = -\log a_{tt}$$

where a_{ij} is the activity of the hydrogen ion in the solution. For hydrogen ions, the distinction between activity and concentration can usually be ignored.

Substituting the definitions of pH and slope into the Nernst equation, yields a working equation for computing sample pH:

$$E = E_o + S_\tau pH$$

In practice, E_a and S_T may be determined through standardization with buffers of known pH. The pH value of a sample then may be calculated from this equation and the measured output E of the electrode when placed in the sample.

ion Measurements

Ion measurements are complicated somewhat by the dependence of activity on the total ionic strength of the solution. For relatively dilute solutions, ion concentration and activity are essentially equivalent. However, to measure samples more concentrated than roughly 0.01 M, a special procedure is required to measure sample concentration directly.

Section 11 Marie 12 M

1.1 Principle of Operation

The AST® Sampler is designed to sample gas stream effluents isokinetically in accordance with the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) standards as outlined in the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 40, Part 60 (40CFR60), Appendix A. Stack gases are extracted through a nozzle and a heated probe into a heated filter chamber where the particulate is removed. The hot gases are then passed through a series of cold impingers where condensibles are removed and the gases are cooled before going to the pump, dry gas meter, and orifice.

The AST® Sampler is manufactured with all the mechanical hardware specified in 40CFR60 for EPA Methods 1, 2, 4 and 5. The AST® Sampler can be used with Andersen hardware to sample additional EPA Methods including methods 6, 8, 12, 13A, 13B, 17, 23, 26A, 29, 101, 101A, 103, 104, 108, 202, 315. Consult the Graseby Technical Sales Department or your local sales representative for application notes.

P.O. Drawer L. Plant City, Florida 3356 9-9007 Telephone: 813/782-1597

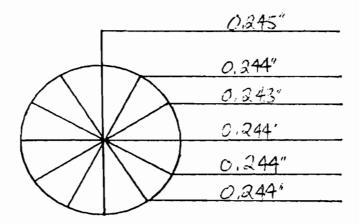


PROBE NOZZLE CALIBRATION DATA

Nozzle Identification Number: 350-1

Calibrated by: Proper Lengthman

Date: 5/23/99



Instructions:

Measure to nearest 0.001"

Tolerance:

0.001" for mean of at least three readings. Maximum deviation between readings \leq 0.004".

Nozzle diameter, Dn: 0.244 In.

Nozzle area An: 0.000 3 2 5 ft2

$$A_n = \frac{77}{144} \left(\frac{D_n}{2}\right)^2$$

Exhibit N

ANNUAL GRASEBY STACKBOX THERMOCOUPLE CALIBRATIONS

-UNIT #1200

DATE 7/13/98

FOR TEMPERATURES 0 TO 110 DEGREES C FOR TEMPERATURES 110 TO 200 DEGREES C

NIST Traceable Thermometer # J96-258

NIST Traceable Thermometer # 90B-2024

Time: 1100-1530

Thermocouple		Ice Water Point			Ambient Point			Hot Water Point			Hot Oil Point		
		Thermocouple: Reading (Degrees F)	Actual	Reading Con- version to grees	Thermocouple Reading (Degrees F)			Thermocouple Reading (Degrees F)			Thermocouple Reading (Degrees F)		eading Con- version to
			С	F		C	F		c	F		C	F
[1] Stack	Probe 4.5 ft. #45-1	32.6	0.6	33.1	78.1	26.6	79.8	184.4	86.3	187.4	N/A	N/A	N/A
	Probe 6.0ft. #60-1	32.1	0.6	33.1	81.3	29.2	84.6	184.6	86.3	187.4	N/A	N/A	N/A
	Probe 10.5ft. #105-1	32.6	0.8	33.4	71.8	22.4	72.3	188.2	87.2	189.0	N/A	N/A	N/A
	Probe 11.0ft. #110-1	32.1	0.6	33.1	80.7	28.4	83.1	183.3	86.0	186.8	N/A	N/A	N/A
[2] Probe (Probe Liner	Probe 4.5 ft. #45-1	31.8	0.8	33.1	82.6	29.0	84.2	N/A	N/A	N/A	234.6	113.4	236.1
Heater)	Probe 6.0ft. #60-1	32.8	0.8	33.4	82.2	29.2	84.6	N/A	N/A	N/A	234.8	113.2	235.8
	Probe 10.5ft. #105-1	32.4	1.0	33.8	71.4	22.2	72.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	238.6	115.6	240.1
	Probe 11.0ft. #110-1	32.6	8.0	33.4	81.9	28.4	83.1	N/A	N/A	N/A	235.1	114.6	238.3
[3] Hot Box	Вох	32.4	1.0	33.8	82.2	28.6	83.5	N/A	N/A	N/A	237.1	115.2	239.4
	Filter Exit	32.2	1.0	33.8	82.3	28.6	83.5	N/A	N/A	N/A	238.2	115.0	239.0
[4] Umbilical	Coldbox Exit	33.6	1.0	33.8	82.8	28.4	83.1	185.1	85.6	186.1	N/A	N/A	N/A
[5] DGM Inlet	Control Box	33.2	1.0	33.8	81.9	28.6	83.5	185.1	85.4	185.7	N/A	N/A	N/A
[6] DGM Exit	Control Box	33.2	1.0	33.8	82.5	28.6	83.5	185.1	85.4	185.7	N/A	N/A	N/A
[7] Spare	Ambient	32.8	0.2	33.8	82.1	28.6	83.5	185.1	85.2	185.4	N/A	N/A	N/A

NOTE:

DRY GAS METER CALIBRATON

Anderson AST Meter Box

Meter Box Number:

1200

Barometric Pressure:

30.03

Date:

12/16/98

Dry Gas Test Meter#:

Rockwell 631105

Initial Cal Y Hotole

Dry Gas AST Box Meter#: Schlumberger 1102

	Gas Volu	me	Temper	ature					
Flowrate Setting (CFM)	DGM Test Meter (Vw) ft.^3	AST Box Meter (Vd) ft.^3	DGM Test Meter (Tw) Deg F	AST Box Meter (Td) Deg F	AST Box Meter Delta H (" H2O)	Time (Theta) min.	Actual Flowrate (CFM)	Yi (Software) (Setpoint)	Delta H@ in. H2O
0.40	11.660	11.697	69.6	71.8	0.736	28.85	0.404	1.0000	2.512
0.50	7.500	7.556	69.6	74.2	1.152	14.83	0.506	1.0000	2.498
0.60	10.358	10.470	70.2	76.7	1.625	17.20	0.602	1.0000	2.477
0.70	31.644	32.310	70.2	82.3	2.232	45.40	0.697	1.0000	2.512
0.80	19.097	19.557	70.2	84.6	2.658	24.25	0.788	1.0000	2.333
0.90	14.301	14.684	70.7	86.1	3.237	16.18	0.884	1.0000	2.255
1.00	16.701	17.123	73.0	87.8	3.937	17.15	0.974	1.0000	2.271
1.10	7.302	7.491	73.0	88.3	4.722	6.87	1.063	1.0000	2.282
1.20	32.996	34.085	73.0	92.2	5.472	28.7	1.150	1.0000	2.247
			-				Average	1.0000	2.376
		Yi =	Vw Pb (td	+ 460)			Max. Diff.	0	0.136

Vd (Pb + Delta H/13.6) (Tw + 460)

Delta H@ = .0317 (Delta H) [(tw + 460)(theta)/Vw]^2 Pb (td + 460)

Where:

 $Vw = Gas\ Volume\ passing\ through\ the\ std\ test\ meter,\ ft.^3.$

Vd = Gas Volume passing through the dry gas meter, ft.^3.

Tw = Temperature of the gas in the std test meter, deg. F.

Td = Average temperature of the gas in the dry gas meter, deg.F.

Delta H = Pressure differential across orifice. in, H2O.

Yi = Ratio of accuracy of std test meter to dry gas meter for each run.

Y = Average ratio of accuracy of std test meter to dry gas meter.

Pb = Barometric pressure, in. Hg.

Theta = Time of calibration run, min.

SOUTHERN ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES, INC.

WET TEST METER CALIBRATION CHECK

Wet Test Meter No. P-576

Date: 3/29/98

Checked by: B. Nelson

	Gas Ve	olume	Tempe	Temperature				
TEST NO.	Liquid Displacement (Ft)	Wet Test Mater (FP)	Liquid Displacement (°F)	Wet Test Meter (°F)	Cu _l . Factor			
1	1.115	1.10	78	78	1.020			
2	1.090	1.10	78	78	.991			
3	1.088	1.10	78	78	.989			
	•		•	Avg.	1.000			

Standard Dry Gas Meter Calibration

GAS METER MANUF.	ROCKWELL	PERFORMED FOR	C.F. INDUSTRIES
MODEL #	175-S	DATE	2/12/99
SERIAL #	JA 631105	BAROMETRIC PRES.	30.22
WET TEST METER #	P - 576	LEAK CHECK	0.00 CFM at 15° F

	Gas	Gas Volume		erature		X			
Approximate Flowrate (CFM)	Wet Test Meter (Vw) (ft,^3)	Gas Meter (Vd)	Wet Test Meter (Tw) (Deg F)	Gas Meter (Td)	Dry Gas Meter Delta P (* H2O)	Time (Theta) (min)	Flowrate (CFM)	METER COEFF.	Cor
0.40	5.000	4.931	71.0	72.0	0.06	14.05	0.357	1.016	
0.40	5.000 4.921		71.0	72.0	0.06	14.02	0.358	1.014	1.016
0.40	5.000	4.905	71.0	72.0	0.06	14.04	0.358	1.017]
0.60	5.000	4.944	71.0	72.0	0.1	8.25	0.608	1.009	
0.60	5.000	4.949	71.0	73.0	0.1	8.21	0.611	1.006	1.003
0.60	5.000	4.931	71.0	<i>7</i> 3.0	0.1	8.18	0.614	1.010	
0.80	5.000	4.945	72.0	<i>7</i> 3.5	0.12	5.91	0.848	1.008	
0.80	5.000	4.936	72.0	<i>7</i> 3.5	0.12	5.96	0.841	1.010	1.000
0.80	5.000	4.942	72.0	<i>7</i> 3.5	0.12	5.97	0.839	1.009	
1.00	5.000	4.962	72.0	<i>7</i> 3.5	0.17	4.90	1.022	1.004	
1.00	5.000	4.957	72.0	73.5	0.17	4.86	1.031	1.005	1.005
1.00	5.000	4.962	72.0	<i>7</i> 3.5	0.17	4.86	1.031	1.004	
1.20	5.000	4.955	72.0	<i>7</i> 3.5	0.20	4.08	1.228	1.006	
1.20	5.000	4.955	72.0	73.5	0.20	4.09	1.225	1.006	1.006
1.20	5.000	4.953	72.0	73.5	0.20	4.09	1.225	1.006	

Q = $\frac{\text{Pb x Vw x 528}}{(\text{Tw + 460}) \text{ x Theta x 29.92}}$

Yds = $\frac{Vw}{Vd}$ x $\frac{(Td + 460)}{(Tw + 460)}$ x $\frac{Pb}{[Pb + (delta P/13.6)]}$

where: Vw =

Vw = Gas Volume passing through the std test meter, ft.^3.
Vd = Gas Volume passing through the dry gas meter, ft.^3
Tw = Temperature of the gas in the std test meter, deg. F.

Td = Average temperature of the gas in the dry gas meter, Deg F.

Delta H = Pressure differential across orifice, in. H20.

Yds = Dry gas meter coefficient.
Pb = Barometric pressure, in. Hg.
Theta = Time of calibration run, min.

STANDARD METER CALIBRATION CURVE

GAS METER MANUE. ROCKWELL	PERFORMED FOR C.F. INDUSTRIES
MODEL # 175-S	DATE 2/12/99
SERIAL # JA 631105	

Regression Output:

Flowrate (CFM)	DRY GAS METER COEFF. (Yds)
0.358	1.016
0.611	1.008
0.843	1.009
1.028	1.005
1.226	1.006

Constant	72.47
Std Err of Y Est	0.18
R Squared	0.78
No. of Observations	5.00
Degrees of Freedom	3.00

X Coefficient(s)	-71.04
Std Err of Coef.	21.53

CALIBRATION CURVE

FLOW	CORRECTION
(CFM)	FACTOR
0.42	1.014
0.45	1.014
0.50	1.013
0.55	1.012
0.60	1.012
0.65	1.011
0.70	1.010
0.75	1.010
0.80	1.009
0.85	1.008
0.90	1.007
0.95	1.007
1.00	1.006
1.05	1.005
1.10	1.005
1.15	1.004
1.20	1.003

POSTTEST DRY GAS METER CALIBRATION DATA FORM (English units)

Tes	t numbers	D	ate 6/10/	99	Meter 1	oox number	1200)	Plant	BPAD
Bare	Barometric pressure, $P_b = 30.00$ in. Hg Dry gas meter number 1102 Pretest Y									1 Y 1,000
Orifice manometer setting, (\Delta II), in. II ₂ 0	Dry test meter (Vw), ft3	Dry gas meter (V _d), ft ³	Dry test meter (t _w), or		ry gas m Outlet	1 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Time (\Theta), min	Vacuum setting, in. Hg	Yi	$ \frac{V_{a} P_{b}}{V_{d} P_{b} + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6} + \frac{t_{w} + 460}{4}} $
(.681cm) 2.73	6.763	6.3035	734"	73.31	73.3	78.8	10.00	2.4	0.9967	(6.763)(30,00)(538,8) (6.8085)(30,20)(533,4)
Q.73	6.772	6.8051	71.6	77.93	79.9-	74.90	10.02.	2.4	1.0040	(6.772 X 30.00 X534,4) (6.8051)(30,24)(531,6)
Q.73	6.700	6.8090	71.20	8 1.0°	81.0	81.00	10.00	24	0.9985	(6.720) 30.00 (.541.0) (6.301) 20.201 (531.2)
									Y = 0.4	9997

 $^{\rm a}$ If there is only one thermometer on the dry gas meter, record the temperature under t $_{\rm d}$.

 V_{ω} = Gas volume passing through the wet test meter, ft³.

 $v_d^* = Gas$ volume passing through the dry gas meter, ft³.

t. = Temperature of the gas in the wet test meter, of.

 $t_{
m d}$ = Temperature of the inlet gas of the dry gas meter, °F.

 t_{0}^{\dagger} = Temperature of the outlet gas of the dry gas meter, °F.

 t_d = Average temperature of the gas in the dry gas meter, obtained by the average of t_d and t_d , °F.

 ΔH = Pressure differential across orifice, in H_2O .

 Y_{i} = Ratio of accuracy of wet test meter to dry gas meter for each run.

Y = Average ratio of accuracy of wet test meter to dry gas meter for all three runs; tolerance = pretest Y ±0.05Y

 P_b = Barometric pressure, in. Hg.

 θ = Time of calibration run, min.

Dry test meter number Rockwell-3n631105 Quality Assurance Handbook M5-2.4A

6/10/97 3132.PM

Within # 0.054

APPENDIX "C"

PROJECT PARTICIPANTS

PROJECT PARTICIPANTS

CF INDUSTRIES, INC.

PLANT CITY PHOSPHATE COMPLEX

H.E. Morris	General Manager
R.C. May	Manager of Engineering
T.A. Edwards	Supt., Environmental Affairs
J.M. Messina	Chief of Environmental Affairs
J.H. Falls	Chief Chemist, Laboratory
J.I. Longest	Staff Chemist
T. Ortoski	Environmental Supervisor
E. Kretschmar	Analyst II
S. Willoughby	"A" Class Technician
L. Camp	"A" Class Technician
W. Cherry	"A" Class Technician

CF INDUSTRIES, INC.
PLANT CITY PHOSPHATE COMPLEX
COMPLIANCE TEST - B PAP
PERMIT No. 0570005-007-AV
EMISSION UNIT 009
ATTACHMENT 1

Department of **Environmental Protection**





Southwest District 3804 Coconut Palm Drive Tampa, Florida 33619

May 26, 1999

Mr. Thomas A. Edwards Superintendent, Environmental Affairs CF Industries, Inc. P.O. Drawer L Plant City, FL 33564-9007

Re: Compliance tests for A & B Phosphoric Acid Units, 0570005-007-AV

Dear Mr. Edwards:

This letter authorizes CF Industries, Inc., to temporarily operate A & B Phosphoric Acid Units at process rates approximately 10% beyond their current, maximum-permitted rates in order to conduct the annual compliance tests. Each unit's test must take no longer than 15 days (your letter indicates that each unit's test will take no longer than one week to complete), and each unit's production rate must be returned to the permitted range that existed before the test. Your estimates of the increases in emissions of fluoride indicate that existing limits will not be exceeded, even at the higher process rates. Test results at the temporary, higher rates will be used to support a subsequent application to modify the permit.

Notify the Hillsborough County Environmental Protection Commission of your schedule. If you have any questions, please contact Mr. Heary Gotsch, in our permitting division, at (813) 744-5100, ext. 113.

Sincerely,

FOR W.C. Thomas, P.E.,

District Air Administrator

Southwest District

cc: Mr. Rick Kirby, HCEPC

CF INDUSTRIES, INC.

PLANT CITY PHOSPHATE COMPLEX

COMPLIANCE TEST - B PAP

PERMIT No. 0570005-007-AV

EMISSION UNIT 009

ATTACHMENT 2

PERMIT NO. 0570005-007-Av

EMISSION UNIT 009

CF INDUSTRIES, INC.

PLANT CITY PHOSPHATE COMPLEX

"B" PHOSPHORIC ACID PRODUCTION

PLANT CITY, FLORIDA

June 3 & 4, 1999

TEST CONDUCTED BY:

Laboratory
CF INDUSTRIES, INC.
Plant City Phosphate Complex
Plant City, Florida 33564

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SAMPLING AND ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES						
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INTRODUCTION:

The Environmental Control Laboratory of CF Industries, Inc., Plant City Phosphate Complex, conducted an emission test at "B" Phosphoric Acid Production Facility in Plant City, Florida on June 3 and 4, 1999. Two (2) 60-minute test runs were performed. The purpose of the test was to obtain emission data demonstrating compliance with the State of Florida DEP performance standards.

The measurements were made for fluoride and moisture at the stack outlet to the atmosphere. The measurements were within the permitted limits on all tests.

Complete results are give in APPENDIX "A".

PROCESS DESCRIPTION

Phosphoric Acid is made by reacting sulfuric acid with phosphate rock along with a given amount of water to make an acid slurry. The mixing of sulfuric acid, rock and water takes place in a continuous reactor.

The principal reaction takes place as follows:

Ca3(PO4)2 + 3H2SO4 + 2H2O ----> 3CaSO4 · 2H2O + 2H3PO4

Other reactions as follows:

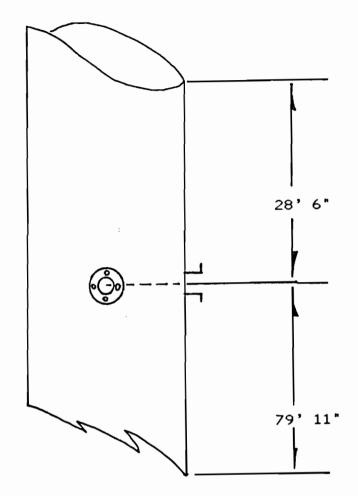
CaF2 + H2SO4 + 2H2O ----> CaSO4 · 2H2O + 2HF

4HF + SiO2 ----> SiF4 + 2H2O

The resulting Phosphoric Acid will be 28 to 30% P205 content. This 28 to 30% P205 Phosphoric Acid solution will be further concentrated by evaporators until the acid strength reaches 52 to 54% P205.

LOCATION OF SAMPLING POINTS

The sampling sites and number of traverse points were selected as per Figure 1-2 EPA Method 1 specified in 40 CFR 60, Appendix A.



Traverse Point Number	Distance from inside wall
1	2.1"
2	7.0"
3	14.2"
4	33.8"
5	41.0"
6	45.9"

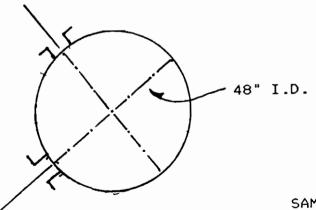


FIGURE 1 SAMPLE POINT DESCRIPTION

"B" PAP PRODUCTION

SAMPLING AND ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES

The methods described in EPA Methods 1, 2, 3, 4, 9 and 13B contained in 40 CFR 60, Appendix A and adopted by reference in Chapter 62-297.401 F.A.C. are used when testing during compliance by CF Industries, Inc.

APPENDIX "A"

EMISSION CALCULATIONS AND RESULTS

B PAP

Permit No. 0570005-007-AV Emission Unit 009

RUN NUMBER	1	1
DATE	03-Jun-99	04-Jun-99
TIME START	1:45 PM	10:33 AM
TIME END	2:55 PM	11:45 AM
BP, INCHES Hg	30.05	30.03
STACK PRESSURE, INCHES Hg	30.10	30.09
AVG.SQ.ROOT(VEL. HEAD) IN Hg	0.6650	0.6550
ORIFICE PRESS. OF METER, IN WATER	2.5400	2.4400
AVG STACK ,F	126.5	120.5
STACK, DRY BULB	126.5	120.5
METER TEMPERATURE, F	101.5	97.8
VOL. OF GAS, DM CONDITIONS, FT3	40.714	39.777
VOL. GAS, STP, DRY COND. FT3	38.690	38.016
STACK GAS MOISTURE, % VOLUME	10.23	8.81
MW OF STACK GAS, DRY COND.	28.85	28.85
MW OF STACK GAS, STACK COND.	27.74	27.89
PITOT CORRECTION FACTOR	0.84	0.84
STACK GAS VELOCITY, STACK COND. FT3/SEC	40.02	39.11
STACK AREA, FT2	12.566	12.566
EFFECTIVE STACK AREA, FT2	12.566	12.566
STACK GAS FLOW-RATE AT STP, SCFMD	24530	24599
NET TIME OF TEST, MINUTES	60	60
SAMPLE NOZZLE AREA, FT2	0.000325	0.000325
PERCENT ISOKINETIC	101.7	99.6
TEROERI IOORINETIO	101.1	55.5
FLUORIDE, MG.	6.44	4.40
FLUORIDE, LB/HR	0.54	0.38
FLUORIDE, LB/DAY	12.94	9.02
FLUORIDE, LB/HR. LIMIT	1.04	1.04
FLUORIDE, LB/DAY LIMIT	24.9	24.9
	_	_
PRODUCTION RATE, TPH P2O5 INPUT	96.8	86.3
PRODUCTION RATE, TPH LIMIT	97.0	87.8
PRODUCTION RATE, TPD P2O5 INPUT	2323	2071
PRODUCTION RATE, TPD F203 INFOT	2328	2107
PRODUCTION RATE, IPD LIMIT	2320	2107
PHOSPHATE ROCK SLURRY, TPH	478.74	437.02
100 % SULFURIC ACID, TPH	258.02	232.64
WATER, TPH	19.04	16.97
LBS F/TON OF P2O5 (INPUT)	0.006	0.004
LBS F/TON OF P2O5 LIMIT	0.02	0.02
VISIBLE EMISSIONS	0%	
VISIBLE EMISSIONS LIMIT	20%	
	6	

EMISSION CALCULATIONS

Date: June 3, 1999

Unit: B PAP

Run no. 1

Vmstd = Vm [Tstd] [Pbar + (^ H / 13.6)] Yi
[Tm + 460] [Pstd]
$$= 40.714 \text{ Cuft } \times \underbrace{ [528] \times [(30.05 + (2.54/13.6))] \times 1.00}_{[460 + 101.5]}$$
= 38.690 Cuft.

Bwo =
$$\frac{\text{Vwstd}}{\text{Vwstd} + \text{Vmstd}}$$
$$\frac{4.410}{4.410 + 38.690} \times 100$$

10.23 %

Vs (avg) = Kp Cp
$$\sqrt{P(avg)}\sqrt{(460 + Ts) / (Ms Ps)}$$

= 85.48 x .84 x 0.6650 $\sqrt{(460 + 126.5) / (27.74 \times 30.10)}$
= 40.02 ft/sec

Cs = 0.0154 grs/mg x (total mg of sample) / Vmstd

= 0.0154 grs/mg x 6.44 mg / 38.690 cuft

= 0.0026 grs/cuft

 $lbs/hr = (Cs \times Qs \times 60 min/hr) / 7000 grs/lb$

 $= (0.0026 \times 24530 \times 60) / 7000$

= 0.54 lbs/hr Fluoride

lbs/day = lbs/hr x 24 hrs/day

 $= 0.54 \times 24$

12.94 lbs/day Fluoride

Percent Isokinetic:

101.7 %

EMISSION CALCULATIONS

Date: June 4, 1999

Unit: B PAP

Run no. 1

Vwstd = 0.04707 Cuft/ml x (v1)

= 0.04707 Cuft/ml x 78.0 ml

= **3.671** Cuft.

= **38.016** Cuft.

Bwo =
$$\frac{\text{Vwstd}}{\text{Vwstd} + \text{Vmstd}}$$
$$\frac{3.671}{3.671 + 38.016} \times 100$$

8.81 %

Vs (avg) = Kp Cp
$$\sqrt{P(avg)} \sqrt{(460 + Ts) / (Ms Ps)}$$

= 85.48 x .84 x 0.6550 $\sqrt[3]{(460 + 120.5) / (27.89 x 30.09)}$

= 39.11 ft/sec

Cs = 0.0154 grs/mg x (total mg of sample) / Vmstd

= 0.0154 grs/mg x 4.40 mg / 38.016 cuft

0.0018 grs/cuft

 $lbs/hr = (Cs \times Qs \times 60 min/hr) / 7000 grs/lb$

= (0.0018 x 24599 x 60) / 7000

0.38 lbs/hr Fluoride

lbs/day = ibs/hr x 24 hrs/day

 $= 0.38 \times 24$

9.02 lbs/day Fluoride

Percent Isokinetic:

$$I = \frac{\text{Ts} (1.667) ((0.00267) V1) + (Vm / Tm) ((Pbar + (^H / 13.6)))}{0. Ve Ps An}$$

99.6 %

Production Rate

DATE: <u>03-Jun-99</u>	SAMPLING TIME FROM:	1:45 PM	TO <u>2:55 PM</u>				
STATEMENT OF PROCESS WEIGHT:	`						
COMPANY NAME: MAILING ADDRESS: SOURCE IDENTIFICATION: SOURCE LOCATION:	CATION: "B" PAP PRODUCTION FACILITY						
PERMIT SOURCE: 0570005-007-AV Emission Unit 009							
DATA ON OPERATING CYCLE TIME:							
	RUN #1						
START OF OPERATION, TIME END OF OPERATION, TIME	1:45 PM 2:55 PM						
ELAPSED TIME	70 MIN	1					
IDLE TIME DURING CYCLE	0						
PROCESS WEIGHT RATE (INPUT) 87. DATA ON ACTUAL PROCESS RATE DURING		PRODUCT (OUT	PUT) TPH				
MATERIAL: PHOSPHATE ROCK, TPH P2O5 MATERIAL: 100 % SULFURIC ACID, TPH MATERIAL: WATER, TPH	RUN#1 473.74 258.02 19.04						
TOTAL PROCESS WEIGHT RATE: PRODUCT: PHOSPHORIC ACID SLURRY, TP INPUT RATE: P2O5, TPH							
I certify that the above statement is true to the b	est of my knowledge and belief:						
Signature:	Frank Sure my	m_					
Title:	Inoda Eng.						

Scrubber's Operating Parameters

DATE: 03-Jun-99	_	SAMPLING ⁻	TIME FROM:	1:45 PM	то	2:55 PM	
COMPANY NAME: MAILING ADDRESS: SOURCE IDENTIFICATION: SOURCE LOCATION: CF INDUSTRIES, INC. PLANT CITY PHOSPHATE COMPLEX P.O. DRAWER L PLANT CITY, FL 33564 "B" PAP PRODUCTION FACILITY "B" PAP PRODUCTION STACK							
PERMIT SOURCE: 0570005-00)7-AV						
TYPE OF SCRUBBER LIQUID:		Pond	Water				
PACKED BED SCRUBBER OUTLET TEMPERATURES F	START END AVERAGE HIGH LOW	RUN #1 1:45 PM 2:55 PM /06" /06"				COMMENTS	- S
PACKED BED SCRUBBER FAN AMPS	START END AVERAGE HIGH LOW	RUN #1 1:45 PM 2:55 PM / 63 / 63				COMMENTS	5
I certify that the above statemen		est of my know	wledge and be	elief:			
Title:		1 noch	10 6-	rg.			

Production Rate

DATE: 04-Jun-99	SAMPLING TIME FROM:	<u>10:33 AM</u> TO	11:45 AM					
STATEMENT OF PROCESS WEIGHT:								
COMPANY NAME: MAILING ADDRESS: SOURCE IDENTIFICATION: SOURCE LOCATION:	CF INDUSTRIES, INC. PLANT CITY PHOSPHATE COMPLEX P.O. DRAWER L PLANT CITY, FL 33564 "B" PAP PRODUCTION FACILITY "B" PAP PRODUCTION STACK							
PERMIT SOURCE: 0570005-007-AV Emission Unit 009								
DATA ON OPERATING CYCLE TIME:								
	RUN #1							
START OF OPERATION, TIME	10:33 AM							
END OF OPERATION, TIME	11:45 AM							
ELAPSED TIME	72 MIN							
IDLE TIME DURING CYCLE	0							
DESIGN PROCESS RATING: PROCESS WEIGHT RATE (INPUT) 37.	8TPH P205	PRODUCT (OUTPUT)	ТРН					
DATA ON ACTUAL PROCESS RATE DURING			_					
MATERIAL: PHOSPHATE ROCK, TPH P2O5 MATERIAL: 100 % SULFURIC ACID, TPH MATERIAL: WATER, TPH	RUN #1 437,02 232.64 16.97							
TOTAL PROCESS WEIGHT RATE: PRODUCT: PHOSPHORIC ACID SLURRY, TP INPUT RATE: P2O5, TPH		3						
I certify that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief:								
Signature:	Frank Siers	isals						
Oignature.	1) (a	7						
Title:	Inod = Eng.							

Scrubber's Operating Parameters

DATE: 04-Jun-99	9	SAMPLING TI	ME FROM:	10:33 AM	то	11:45 AM		
COMPANY NAME: MAILING ADDRESS: SOURCE IDENTIFICAT SOURCE LOCATION:	ΓΙΟΝ:	CF INDUSTRIE P.O. DRAWER "B" PAP PROD "B" PAP PROD	PLEX					
PERMIT SOURCE: 05	70005-007-AV							
TYPE OF SCRUBBER	LIQUID:	POND	WATER	2				
PACKED BED SCRUB OUTLET TEMPERATURES F	BER START END AVERAGE HIGH LOW	RUN #1 10:33 AM 11:45 AM 96 100 92			CO	OMMENTS	6	
PACKED BED SCRUB FAN AMPS	BER START END AVERAGE HIGH LOW	RUN #1 10:33 AM 11:45 AM /68.5 /69 /68			C	OMMENTS	5	
I certify that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief:								
	Signature:	Park	During 21 Gr	15°				

	VISIBLE EMISSION C	DOEN	VATIO	IN FOR	IIVI		No.	1	
CF Industries, Inc. 1 STREET ADDRESS	Plant City Complex		6/3/			START T	TIME S 50	END T	IME 1420
10608 Paul Buch	man Highway	SEC	0	15	30	45		COMMEN	NTS
	<i>y</i> ,	1	0	0	0	0			
10 miles north of Plant City	STATE ZIP	2	0	0	0	0			
		3	0	0	0	0			
PHONE (KEY CONTACT) (813) 782-1591 (Ext. 290)	0570005 009	4	0	0	0	0			
PROCESS EQUIPMENT & Phospho	FIC OPERATING MODE	5	0	0	0	0			
Acid Production Fac	ility Normal	6	0	0	0	0			
PROCESS EQUIPMENT B Phospho Acid Production Fac CONTROL EQUIPMENT North Americ Pucked bed scrubber with Kim packing or equivalent	Normal	7	0	0	0	0			
DESCRIBE EMISSION POINT		8	0	0	0	0			
Circular stack ope	ining 4 feet in	9	0	0	٥	0			
diameter HEIGHT ABOVE GROUND LEVEL		10	0	0	0	0			
HEIGHT ABOVE GROUND LEVEL ~ 108,5	HEIGHT RELATIVE TO OBSERVER Start ~ 108,5' End ~ 108,5'	11	0	0	0	0			
DISTANCE FROM OBSERVER	DIRECTION FROM OBSERVER	12	0	0	0	0			<u> </u>
Star ~ 275 End ~ 275	Start NE End NE	13	0	0	0	0			
DESCRIBE EMISSIONS Start None	End None	14	0	0	0	0		-	
EMISSION COLOR	IF WATER DROPLET PLUME	15	0	0	0	0			
Start NA End NA POINT IN THE PLUME AT WHICH OPACIT	Attached Detached Detached Detached	16	0	0	0	0			
stan ~ 4 From stack	End~4' From stack	17	0	0	0	0			
DESCRIBE PLUME BACKGROUND		18	0	0	0	0			<u> </u>
Stan Scattered sky BACKGROUND COLOR Blue gray, Stan white White	end Scattered sky sky conditions	19	0	0	0	0			
Start white End white	Stan Scattered End Scattered	20	0	0	0	0			
Start 2-6 mph End 4-8 mph	WIND DIRECTION Start E End SE	21	0	0	0	0	1		
AMBIENT TEMP	WET BULB TEMP RH, percent	22	0	0	0	0			
Start 88°F End 89°F	65%	23	0	0	0	0	 -		
Stack SOURCE LAYO	OUT SKETCH Draw North Arrow	24	0	0	0	0	 		
Plume Sun +		25	0	0	0	0	 -		
Wind		26	0	0	0	0	1,		
<u> </u>	Emission Point	27	0	0	0	0	_		
ĺ	•	28	0	0	0	0	1		
		29	0	0	0	0			
		30	0	0	0	0	 		
		ОВ	ERVER'S	NAME (PRINT)				
	Observer's Position		Lloy	d 6	, Ca	mp			
		OBS	. 10	SIGNAT	ø	amp	_	DATE	/3/99
<u> </u>	1000	ORC	ANIZATI	5NI					_
ADDITIONAL HISTORIA TON	tion Line	CEF	エnd	.45/+/ Y	es, 1	hc. P	Plant Ci	DATI	mplex
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ALBERT	Solle	+Ea	stern.	Techr	ical	Assoc	iates	2	124/99
Chief M	envil	cor	NTINUED	ON VEO	FORM	NUMBER		2	
	15	-							

CF Industries, Inc. Plant City Complex STREET ADDRESS	OBSE	RVATION 6/3		_	START	TIME 420	END TIM		
10608 Paul Buchman Highway	SEC	0	15	30	45		COMMENT	s	
	1	0	0	0	0				_
10 miles north of Plant City CITY STATE ZIP	2	0	0	0	0				_
Plant City FL 33564	3	0	0	0	0				
Plant City FL 33564 PHONE (KEY CONTACT) SOURCE ID NUMBER (813) 782-1591 (Ext.290) 0570005 009	4	0	0	0	0		·		_
	5	0	0	0	0				_
PROCESS EQUIPMENT B Phosphoric OPERATING MODE Acid Production Facility Normal	6	0	0	0	0				_
control equipment North American Operating Mode steel packed bed scrubber with Normal Kimre packing or equivalent	7	0	0	c	0				
DESCRIBE EMISSION POINT	8	0	0	0	0				
Circular stack opening 4 Feet	9	0	0	0	0				
in diameter	10	0	0	0	0				_
HEIGHT ABOVE GROUND LEVEL 108.5' Start ~ /08.5' HEIGHT RELATIVE TO OBSERVER Start ~ /08.5' End ~ /08.5'	11	0	0	0	0				
DISTANCE FROM OBSERVER DIRECTION FROM OBSERVER	12	0	0	0	0				
Start ~ 275 End ~ 275 Start NE End NE	13	0	0	0	0				_
DESCRIBE EMISSIONS Stan None End None	14	0	0	0	0				
EMISSION COLOR IF WATER DROPLET PLUME	15	0	0	0	0				
Start NA End NA Attached Detached POINT IN THE PLUME AT WHICH OPACITY WAS DETERMINED	16	0	0	0	0				
stan - 4 From stack End - 4 From stack	17	0	0	0	0	1			
DESCRIBE PLUME BACKGROUND	7 18	0	0	0	0	1		_	-
Stan Scattered sky End Scattered sky	19	0	0	0	0	-			_
BACKGROUND COLOR Blue, gray, SKY CONDITIONS Stan White Stan Scattered End Scattered		0	0	0	0	l l			_
WIND SPEED WIND DIRECTION	21	0	0	0	0		-		
Stan 4-8mph End 6-10mph Stant SE End E AMBIENT TEMP WET BULB TEMP RH, percent	┧┝╼╼				-	+			_
Start 89°F End 90°F 64	22	0	0	0	0	 			
Stack SOURCE LAYOUT SKETCH Draw North Arrov		0	0	0	0	 			
with Plume	24	0	0	0	0	<u> </u>			
Sun + Wind - Vind - Vin	25	0	0	0	0				
	26	0	0	0	0	ļ			
X Emission Point	27	0	0	0	0	ļ			_
	28	0	0	0	D				
	29	0	0	0	0				
	30	0	0	0	0				
	ОВS	ERVER'S	NAME (• ~					
Observer's Position	OBS	ERVER'S	S SIGNAT		cmp		DATE,		_
140°		Lloy	rd E	2. (amp	<u> </u>	6/=	1/99	
Sun Location Line	ORC	EANIZATI	on usti	os T	ne Pl	at C	tu Con	dov	ı
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION	11.			مدرد.		ant Cit	DATE	م ارد	_ o
Harret Jalle	<u>Ea</u>	slern	Tech	hical	Ass	<u>ociates</u>	1 2/	24/9	<u>/</u>
They thenut	COI	NTINUED	ON VEO	FORM	NUM B ER				

SAMPLE CHAIN OF CUSTODY

Plant Name	CF INDUSTRIES, INC. PLANT CITY PHOSPHATE COMPLEX								
Source Identific	fication "B" PHOSPHORIC ACID PRODUCTION FACILITY								
Date Sampled:	JUNE 3, 199	99	Sampling Time:	1:45 PM	to 2:55 PM				
Test for	MOISTURE, F	LUORIDE, AND VISIBL	E EMISSION						
	-	SAMPLE RECOVE	RY	_					
Sample Run	_			Description	on				
11	_			#1 COLD BOX	ASSEMBLY				
2	_			#2 COLD BOX	ASSEMBLY				
3	_			#3 COLD BOX	ASSEMBLY				
Person engaged	t in sample rec	overies:							
Signature	IN SK	the W							
Title	ANALYST II								
Location at v	which recovery	<u>"B" PHC</u>	OSPHORIC ACID ST	ACK					
Laboratory pers	on receiving s	amples:							
Signature		and D. Can	<i>a</i> .						
Title	"A" CLASS T	· . /							
			•						
	-	ANAL	YSIS	_					
Constituer	<u>nt</u>	Method	Date	Time	Signature(s)				
MOISTURE		EPA METHOD 4	6/3/99	15:15 - 15:25	Though D. Camp				
FLUORIDE		EPA METHOD 13 B	6/3/99	16:20 - 16:30	Though De lamp				
VISIBLE EMISS	ION	EPA METHOD 9	6/3/99	13:50 - 14:50	Though D. Camp				
	-								

SAMPLE CHAIN OF CUSTODY

Plant Name CF INDUSTRIES, INC. PLANT CITY PHOSPHATE COMPLEX							
Source Identification "B" PHOSPHORIC ACID PRODUCTION FACILITY							
Date Sampled:	_ JUNE 4, 19	99	Sampling Time:	10:33 AM	to 11:45 AM		
Test for	MOISTURE A	AND FLUORIDE					
		SAMPLE RECOVI	ERY	_			
Sample Run	_			Description	on		
1	_			#1 COLD BOX	ASSEMBLY		
2	_			#2 COLD BOX	ASSEMBLY		
3	_	•		#3 COLD BOX	ASSEMBLY		
Person engaged	in sample red	coveries:					
Signature	firt L. Va	Substantial Property of the Control					
Title	ANALYST II						
Location at w	hich recovery	"B" PH	OSPHORIC ACID STA	ACK			
Laboratory pers	on receiving s	samples:					
Signature	ZL	and D. Camp					
Title	"A" CLASS	TECHNICIAN		-			
			\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\				
		ANAL		-			
Constituen	ıt .	Method	Date	Time	Signature(s	<u>s)</u>	
MOISTURE		EPA METHOD 4	6/4/99	12:05 - 12:15	Though B	. Camp	
FLUORIDE		EPA METHOD 13 B	6/4/99	12:20 - 12:30	Flogd D.	lamp	

custody.xis

CF INDUSTRIES, INC. Plant City Phosphate Complex LABORATORY ANALYSIS RECORD

"B" PAP Production Plant June 3, 1999

CF Industries, Inc., Plant City Phosphate Complex, uses a Fischer Accumet Model 50 pH meter with selective ion concentration capacity. The instrument has microprocessor function which calculates efficiency of the Orion Model 96-09 fluoride electrode being used and alerts the user in case of electrode malfunction.

STANDARDS

ELECTRODE EFFICIENCY

(See Technical Information Section)

 $0.1 \mu g/ml$

0.9083

1.0 μ g/ml

0.9739

2.0 μ g/ml

Quality Assurance Sample #1 - 0.38 μ g/ml. Analysis was 0.39 μ g/ml.

Quality Assurance Sample #2 - 0.76 μ g/ml. Analysis was 0.77 μ g/ml.

Quality Assurance Sample #3 - 1.90 μ g/ml. Analysis was 1.88 μ g/ml.

. Harold Falls

Chief Chemist, Laboratory

JHF/gm 9/89

CF INDUSTRIES, INC. Plant City Phosphate Complex LABORATORY ANALYSIS RECORD

"B" PAP Production Plant June 4, 1999

CF Industries, Inc., Plant City Phosphate Complex, uses a Fischer Accumet Model 50 pH meter with selective ion concentration capacity. The instrument has microprocessor function which calculates efficiency of the Orion Model 96-09 fluoride electrode being used and alerts the user in case of electrode malfunction.

STANDARDS

ELECTRODE EFFICIENCY

(See Technical Information Section)

 $0.1 \, \mu g/ml$

0.8964

1.0 μ g/ml

0.9729

 $2.0 \mu g/ml$

Quality Assurance Sample #1 - 0.38 μ g/ml. Analysis was 0.40 μ g/ml.

Quality Assurance Sample #2 - 0.76 μ g/ml. Analysis was 0.77 μ g/ml.

Quality Assurance Sample #3 - 1.90 $\mu g/ml$. Analysis was 1.89 $\mu g/ml$.

. Harold Falls

Chief Chemist, Laboratory

JHF/gm 9/89 APPENDIX "C"

PROJECT PARTICIPANTS

PROJECT PARTICIPANTS

CF INDUSTRIES, INC.

PLANT CITY PHOSPHATE COMPLEX

H.E. Morris	General Manager
R.C. May	Manager of Engineering
T.A. Edwards	Supt., Environmental Affairs
J.M. Messina	Chief of Environmental Affairs
J.H. Falls	Chief Chemist, Laboratory
J.I. Longest	Staff Chemist
T. Ortoski	Environmental Supervisor
E. Kretschmar	Analyst II
S. Willoughby	"A" Class Technician
L. Camp	"A" Class Technician
W. Cherry	"A" Class Technician

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