Florida Department of Environmental Protection

TO:

Trina Vielhauer, Bureau of Air Regulation

THROUGH:

Jon Holtom, Title V Section A. H.

FROM:

Tom Cascio / M

DATE:

August 28, 2009

SUBJECT:

Draft/Proposed Permit No. 0090006-006-AV

Florida Power and Light Company, Cape Canaveral Plant

Title V Air Operation Permit Renewal

Attached for your review are the following items:

- Written Notice of Intent to Issue Air Permit;
- Public Notice of Intent to Issue Air Permit;
- Statement of Basis;
- Draft/Proposed Permit; and,
- P.E. Certification.

The draft/proposed Title V air operation permit renews the Title V air operation permit for the Cape Canaveral Plant in Brevard County, Florida. The Statement of Basis provides a summary of the project and the rationale for issuance. The P.E. certification briefly summarizes the proposed project.

The application was received on May 19, 2009. A request for additional information (RAI) letter was issued on July 10, 2009. A response was received on August 4, 2009, and the application was deemed complete as of that date. There is no ongoing/open enforcement case for this facility, as advised by the Central District Office.

I recommend your approval of the attached draft/proposed Title V air operation permit.

Day 90 is November 2, 2009.

Attachments

P.E. CERTIFICATION STATEMENT

PERMITTEE

Florida Power and Light Company 6000 North U.S. Highway One Cocoa, Florida 33927

Permit No. 0090006-006-AV Facility ID No. 0090006 Cape Canaveral Plant Title V Air Operation Permit Renewal Brevard County, Florida

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

This project is for the renewal of Title V air operation permit No. 0090006-003-AV for the above referenced facility. The permit has been reformatted to reflect the current permit style. A new Appendix ICE, Requirements for Internal Combustion Engines, and a CAIR Part were added to the permit.

I HEREBY CERTIFY that the air pollution control engineering features described in the above referenced application and subject to the proposed permit conditions provide reasonable assurance of compliance with applicable provisions of Chapter 403, Florida Statutes, and Florida Administrative Code Chapters 62-4 and 62-204 through 62-297. However, I have not evaluated and I do not certify aspects of the proposal outside of my area of expertise (including, but not limited to, the electrical, mechanical, structural, hydrological, geological, and meteorological features).

This review was conducted by Tom Cascio under my responsible supervision.

Jonathan K. Holtom, P.E.

Registration Number: 0052664

Florida Department of Environmental Protection

Division of Air Resource Management • Bureau of Air Regulation • Title V Section 2600 Blair Stone Road, MS #5505 • Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400



Florida Department of Environmental Protection

Bob Martinez Center 2600 Blair Stone Road Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400 Charlie Crist Governor

Jeff Kottkamp Lt. Governor

Michael W. Sole Secretary

August 31, 2009

Electronic Mail - Received Receipt Requested.

Mr. David Williams, Plant General Manager Florida Power and Light Company 6000 North U.S. Highway One Cocoa, Florida 33927

Re:

Permit No. 0090006-006-AV

Cape Canaveral Plant

Title V Air Operation Permit Renewal

Dear Mr. Williams:

Enclosed is the draft/proposed permit package to renew the Title V air operation permit for the Cape Canaveral Plant. This facility is located in Brevard County on the West side of the Indian River, approximately eight miles North of Cocoa, Florida on U.S. Highway One. The permit package includes the following documents:

- The Statement of Basis, which summarizes the facility, the equipment, the primary rule applicability, and the changes since the last Title V revision.
- The draft/proposed Title V air operation permit renewal, which includes the specific permit conditions that regulate the emissions units covered by the proposed project.
- The Written Notice of Intent to Issue Air Permit provides important information regarding: the Permitting Authority's intent to issue an air permit for the proposed project; the requirements for publishing a Public Notice of the Permitting Authority's intent to issue an air permit; the procedures for submitting comments on the draft/proposed permit; the process for filing a petition for an administrative hearing; and the availability of mediation.
- The Public Notice of Intent to Issue Air Permit is the actual notice that you must have published in the legal advertisement section of a newspaper of general circulation in the area affected by this project. The Public Notice of Intent to Issue Title V Air Permit must be published as soon as possible and the proof of publication must be provided to the Department within seven days of the date of publication. Failure to publish the notice and provide proof of publication within the allotted time may result in the denial of the permit renewal pursuant to Rule 62-110.106(11), Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.).

If you have any questions, please contact the Project Engineer, Tom Cascio, by telephone at 850-921-9526 or by email at Tom.Cascio@dep.state.fl.us.

Sincerely,

Trina L. Vielhauer, Chief

Bureau of Air Regulation

Enclosures TLV/jkh/tbc

WRITTEN NOTICE OF INTENT TO ISSUE TITLE V AIR OPERATION PERMIT RENEWAL

In the Matter of an Application for Title V Air Operation Permit by:

Florida Power and Light Company 6000 North US Highway One Cocoa, Florida 33927

Responsible Official:

Mr. David Williams, Plant General Manager

Permit No. 0090006-006-AV Facility ID No. 0090006 Cape Canaveral Plant Title V Air Operation Permit Renewal Brevard County, Florida

Facility Location: Florida Power and Light Company operates the Cape Canaveral Plant, which is located in Brevard County on the West side of the Indian River, approximately eight miles North of Cocoa, Florida on U.S. Highway One.

Project: The purpose of this project is to renew Title V air operation permit No. 0090006-003-AV. Details of the project are provided in the application and the enclosed Statement of Basis.

Permitting Authority: Applications for Title V air operation permits for facilities that contain Acid Rain units are subject to review in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 403, Florida Statutes (F.S.) and Chapters 62-4, 62-210, 62-213 and 62-214 of the Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.). The proposed project is not exempt from air permitting requirements and a Title V air operation permit is required to operate the facility. The Bureau of Air Regulation is the Permitting Authority responsible for making a permit determination for this project. The Permitting Authority's physical address is: 111 South Magnolia Drive, Suite #4, Tallahassee, Florida. The Permitting Authority's mailing address is: 2600 Blair Stone Road, MS #5505, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400. The Permitting Authority's telephone number is 850/488-0114.

Project File: A complete project file is available for public inspection during the normal business hours of 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., Monday through Friday (except legal holidays), at the address indicated above for the Permitting Authority. The complete project file includes the draft/proposed permit, the Statement of Basis, the application, and the information submitted by the applicant, exclusive of confidential records under Section 403.111, F.S. Interested persons may view the draft/proposed permit by visiting the following website: http://www.dep.state.fl.us/air/emission/apds/default.asp and entering the permit number shown above. Interested persons may contact the Permitting Authority's project review engineer for additional information at the address or phone number listed above.

Notice of Intent to Issue Permit: The Permitting Authority gives notice of its intent to issue a Title V air operation permit renewal to the applicant for the project described above. The applicant has provided reasonable assurance that operation of the proposed equipment will not adversely impact air quality and that the project will comply with all appropriate provisions of Chapters 62-4, 62-204, 62-210, 62-212, 62-213, 62-214, 62-296 and 62-297, F.A.C. The Permitting Authority will issue a final permit in accordance with the conditions of the draft/proposed permit unless a response received in accordance with the following procedures results in a different decision or a significant change of terms or conditions.

Public Notice: Pursuant to Section 403.815, F.S. and Rules 62-110.106 and 62-210.350, F.A.C., you (the applicant) are required to publish at your own expense the enclosed Public Notice of Intent to Issue Air Permit (Public Notice). The Public Notice shall be published one time only as soon as possible in the legal advertisement section of a newspaper of general circulation in the area affected by this project. The newspaper used must meet the requirements of Sections 50.011 and 50.031, F.S. in the county where the activity is to take place. If you are uncertain that a newspaper meets these requirements, please contact the Permitting Authority at the above address or phone number. Pursuant to Rule 62-110.106(5) and (9), F.A.C., the applicant shall provide proof of publication to the Permitting Authority at the above address within 7 days of publication. Failure to publish the notice and provide proof of publication may result in the denial of the permit pursuant to Rule 62-110.106(11), F.A.C.

Comments: The Permitting Authority will accept written comments concerning the draft/proposed Title V air operation permit for a period of 30 days from the date of publication of the Public Notice. Written comments must be received by the close of business (5:00 p.m.), on or before the end of this 30-day period by the Permitting Authority at the above address. As part of his or her comments, any person may also request that the Permitting Authority hold a public meeting on this permitting action. If the Permitting Authority determines there is sufficient interest for a public meeting, it will publish notice of the time, date, and location in the Florida Administrative Weekly (FAW). If a public meeting is requested within the 30-day comment period and conducted by the Permitting Authority, any oral and written comments received during the public meeting will also be considered by the Permitting Authority. If timely received written comments or comments received at a public meeting result in a significant change to the draft/proposed permit, the Permitting Authority shall issue a revised draft/proposed permit and require, if applicable, another Public Notice. All comments filed will be made available for public inspection. For additional information, contact the Permitting Authority at the above address or phone number.

Petitions: A person whose substantial interests are affected by the proposed permitting decision may petition for an administrative hearing in accordance with Sections 120.569 and 120.57, F.S. The petition must contain the information set forth below and must be filed with (received by) the Department's Agency Clerk in the Office of General Counsel of the Department of Environmental Protection, 3900 Commonwealth Boulevard, Mail Station #35, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-3000. Petitions filed by the applicant or any of the parties listed below must be filed within 14 days of receipt of this Written Notice of Intent to Issue Air Permit. Petitions filed by any persons other than those entitled to written notice under Section 120.60(3), F.S., must be filed within 14 days of publication of the attached Public Notice or within 14 days of receipt of this Written Notice of Intent to Issue Air Permit, whichever occurs first. Under Section 120.60(3), F.S., however, any person who asked the Permitting Authority for notice of agency action may file a petition within 14 days of receipt of that notice, regardless of the date of publication. A petitioner shall mail a copy of the petition to the applicant at the address indicated above, at the time of filing. The failure of any person to file a petition within the appropriate time period shall constitute a waiver of that person's right to request an administrative determination (hearing) under Sections 120.569 and 120.57, F.S., or to intervene in this proceeding and participate as a party to it. Any subsequent intervention (in a proceeding initiated by another party) will be only at the approval of the presiding officer upon the filing of a motion in compliance with Rule 28-106.205, F.A.C.

A petition that disputes the material facts on which the Permitting Authority's action is based must contain the following information: (a) The name and address of each agency affected and each agency's file or identification number, if known; (b) The name, address, and telephone number of the petitioner; the name, address and telephone number of the petitioner's representative, if any, which shall be the address for service purposes during the course of the proceeding; and an explanation of how the petitioner's substantial interests will be affected by the agency determination; (c) A statement of when and how each petitioner received notice of the agency action or proposed decision; (d) A statement of all disputed issues of material fact. If there are none, the petition must so indicate; (e) A concise statement of the ultimate facts alleged, including the specific facts the petitioner contends warrant reversal or modification of the agency's proposed action; (f) A statement of the specific rules or statutes the petitioner contends require reversal or modification of the agency's proposed action including an explanation of how the alleged facts relate to the specific rules or statutes; and, (g) A statement of the relief sought by the petitioner, stating precisely the action the petitioner wishes the agency to take with respect to the agency's proposed action. A petition that does not dispute the material facts upon which the Permitting Authority's action is based shall state that no such facts are in dispute and otherwise shall contain the same information as set forth above, as required by Rule 28-106.301, F.A.C.

Because the administrative hearing process is designed to formulate final agency action, the filing of a petition means that the Permitting Authority's final action may be different from the position taken by it in this Written Notice of Intent to Issue Air Permit. Persons whose substantial interests will be affected by any such final decision of the Permitting Authority on the application have the right to petition to become a party to the

proceeding, in accordance with the requirements set forth above.

Mediation: Mediation is not available in this proceeding.

EPA Review: EPA has agreed to treat the draft/proposed Title V air operation permit as a proposed Title V air operation permit and to perform its 45-day review provided by the law and regulations concurrently with the public comment period. Although EPA's 45-day review period will be performed concurrently with the public comment period, the deadline for submitting a citizen petition to object to the EPA Administrator will be determined as if EPA's 45-day review period is performed after the public comment period has ended. The final Title V air operation permit will be issued after the conclusion of the 45-day EPA review period so long as no adverse comments are received that results in a different decision or significant change of terms or conditions. The status regarding EPA's 45-day review of this project and the deadline for submitting a citizen petition can be found at the following website address: http://www.epa.gov/region4/air/permits/Florida.htm.

Objections: Finally, pursuant to 42 United States Code (U.S.C.) Section 7661d(b)(2), any person may petition the Administrator of the EPA within 60 days of the expiration of the Administrator's 45-day review period as established at 42 U.S.C. Section 7661d(b)(1), to object to the issuance of any Title V air operation permit. Any petition shall be based only on objections to the permit that were raised with reasonable specificity during the 30day public comment period provided in the Public Notice, unless the petitioner demonstrates to the Administrator of the EPA that it was impracticable to raise such objections within the comment period or unless the grounds for such objection arose after the comment period. Filing of a petition with the Administrator of the EPA does not stay the effective date of any permit properly issued pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 62-213, F.A.C. Petitions filed with the Administrator of EPA must meet the requirements of 42 U.S.C. Section 7661d(b)(2) and must be filed with the Administrator of the EPA at: U.S. EPA, 401 M Street, S.W., Washington, D.C. 20460. For more information regarding EPA review and objections, visit EPA's Region 4 web site at http://www.epa.gov/region4/air/permits/Florida.htm.

Executed in Tallahassee, Florida.

Vichau

Trina L. Vielhauer, Chief

Bureau of Air Regulation

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

The undersigned duly designated deputy agency clerk hereby certifies that this Written Notice of Intent to Issue Title V Air Operation Permit Renewal (including the Public Notice, the Statement of Basis, and the Draft/Proposed Permit), or a link to these documents available electronically on a publicly accessible server, was sent by electronic mail with received receipt requested before the close of business on to the persons listed below.

Mr. David Williams, Florida Power and Light Company: david.williams@fpl.com

Ms. Sheila M. Wilkinson, Florida Power and Light Company: sheila.m.wilkinson@fpl.com

Mr. Kennard Kosky, P.E., Golder Associates: kkosky@golder.com

Ms. Katy Forney, EPA Region 4: forney.kathleen@epa.gov

Ms. Ana Oquendo, EPA Region 4: oquendo.ana@epamail.epa.gov

Ms. Caroline Shine, Central District Office: caroline.shine@dep.state.fl.us

Ms. Barbara Friday, DEP BAR: barbara.friday@dep.state.fl.us (for posting with U.S. EPA, Region 4)

Ms. Vickie Gibson, DEP BAR: victoria.gibson@dep.state.fl.us (read file copy)

Clerk Stamp

FILING AND ACKNOWLEDGMENT FILED, on this date, pursuant to Section 120.52(7), Florida Statutes, with the designated agency clerk, receipt of which is hereby acknowledged.

PUBLIC NOTICE OF INTENT TO ISSUE TITLE V AIR OPERATION PERMIT RENEWAL

Florida Department of Environmental Protection
Division of Air Resource Management, Bureau of Air Regulation
Draft/Proposed Permit No. 0090006-006-AV
Florida Power and Light Company, Cape Canaveral Plant
Brevard County, Florida

Applicant: The applicant for this project is Florida Power and Light Company. The applicant's responsible official and mailing address are: Mr. David Williams, Plant General Manager, Florida Power and Light Company, Cape Canaveral Plant, 6000 North U.S. Highway One, Cocoa, Florida 33927.

Facility Location: The applicant operates the existing Cape Canaveral Plant, which is located in Brevard County on the West side of the Indian River, approximately eight miles North of Cocoa, Florida on U.S. Highway One.

Project: The applicant applied on May 19, 2009, to the Department, for a Title V air operation permit renewal. This is a renewal of Title V air operation permit No. 0090006-003-AV. This facility consists of two oil and natural gas fired conventional steam electric generating stations, designated as Unit 1 and Unit 2. Each steam unit is a nominal 400 megawatt (MW) class (electric) steam generator which drives a single reheat turbine generator. Also included in this permit are miscellaneous unregulated/insignificant emissions units and/or activities.

Permitting Authority: Applications for Title V air operation permits for facilities that contain Acid Rain units are subject to review in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 403, Florida Statutes (F.S.) and Chapters 62-4, 62-210, 62-213 and 62-214, of the Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.). The proposed project is not exempt from air permitting requirements and a Title V air operation permit is required to operate the facility. The Bureau of Air Regulation is the Permitting Authority responsible for making a permit determination for this project. The Permitting Authority's physical address is: 111 South Magnolia Drive, Suite #4, Tallahassee, Florida. The Permitting Authority's mailing address is: 2600 Blair Stone Road, MS #5505, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400. The Permitting Authority's telephone number is 850/488-0114.

Project File: A complete project file is available for public inspection during the normal business hours of 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., Monday through Friday (except legal holidays), at the address indicated above for the Permitting Authority. The complete project file includes the draft/proposed permit, the statement of basis, the application, and the information submitted by the applicant, exclusive of confidential records under Section 403.111, F.S. Interested persons may view the draft/proposed permit by visiting the following website: http://www.dep.state.fl.us/air/emission/apds/default.asp and entering the permit number shown above. Interested persons may contact the Permitting Authority's project review engineer for additional information at the address or phone number listed above.

Notice of Intent to Issue Air Permit: The Permitting Authority gives notice of its intent to issue a Title V air operation permit renewal to the applicant for the project described above. The applicant has provided reasonable assurance that continued operation of existing equipment will not adversely impact air quality and that the project will comply with all appropriate provisions of Chapters 62-4, 62-204, 62-210, 62-212, 62-213, 62-214, 62-296 and 62-297, F.A.C. The Permitting Authority will issue a final Title V air operation permit in accordance with the conditions of the draft/proposed permit unless a timely petition for an administrative hearing is filed under Sections 120.569 and 120.57, F.S. or unless public comment received in accordance with this notice results in a different decision or a significant change of terms or conditions.

Comments: The Permitting Authority will accept written comments concerning the draft/proposed Title V air operation permit for a period of 30 days from the date of publication of the Public Notice. Written comments must be received by the close of business (5:00 p.m.), on or before the end of this 30-day period by the Permitting Authority at the above address. As part of his or her comments, any person may also request that the Permitting Authority hold a public meeting on this permitting action. If the Permitting Authority determines there is sufficient interest for a public meeting, it will publish notice of the time, date, and location in the

PUBLIC NOTICE OF INTENT TO ISSUE TITLE V AIR OPERATION PERMIT RENEWAL

Florida Administrative Weekly (FAW). If a public meeting is requested within the 30-day comment period and conducted by the Permitting Authority, any oral and written comments received during the public meeting will also be considered by the Permitting Authority. If timely received written comments or comments received at a public meeting result in a significant change to the draft/proposed permit, the Permitting Authority shall issue a revised draft/proposed permit and require, if applicable, another Public Notice. All comments filed will be made available for public inspection. For additional information, contact the Permitting Authority at the above address or phone number.

Petitions: A person whose substantial interests are affected by the proposed permitting decision may petition for an administrative hearing in accordance with Sections 120.569 and 120.57, F.S. The petition must contain the information set forth below and must be filed with (received by) the Department's Agency Clerk in the Office of General Counsel of the Department of Environmental Protection at 3900 Commonwealth Boulevard, Mail Station #35, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-3000. Petitions filed by any persons other than those entitled to written notice under Section 120.60(3), F.S. must be filed within 14 days of publication of the Public Notice or receipt of a written notice, whichever occurs first. Under Section 120.60(3), F.S., however, any person who asked the Permitting Authority for notice of agency action may file a petition within 14 days of receipt of that notice, regardless of the date of publication. A petitioner shall mail a copy of the petition to the applicant at the address indicated above, at the time of filing. The failure of any person to file a petition within the appropriate time period shall constitute a waiver of that person's right to request an administrative determination (hearing) under Sections 120.569 and 120.57, F.S., or to intervene in this proceeding and participate as a party to it. Any subsequent intervention (in a proceeding initiated by another party) will be only at the approval of the presiding officer upon the filing of a motion in compliance with Rule 28-106.205, F.A.C.

A petition that disputes the material facts on which the Permitting Authority's action is based must contain the following information: (a) The name and address of each agency affected and each agency's file or identification number, if known; (b) The name, address and telephone number of the petitioner; the name address and telephone number of the petitioner's representative, if any, which shall be the address for service purposes during the course of the proceeding; and an explanation of how the petitioner's substantial rights will be affected by the agency determination; (c) A statement of when and how the petitioner received notice of the agency action or proposed decision; (d) A statement of all disputed issues of material fact. If there are none, the petitioner contends warrant reversal or modification of the ultimate facts alleged, including the specific facts the petitioner contends warrant reversal or modification of the agency's proposed action; (f) A statement of the specific rules or statutes the petitioner contends require reversal or modification of the agency's proposed action including an explanation of how the alleged facts relate to the specific rules or statutes; and, (g) A statement of the relief sought by the petitioner, stating precisely the action the petitioner wishes the agency to take with respect to the agency's proposed action. A petition that does not dispute the material facts upon which the Permitting Authority's action is based shall state that no such facts are in dispute and otherwise shall contain the same information as set forth above, as required by Rule 28-106.301, F.A.C.

Because the administrative hearing process is designed to formulate final agency action, the filing of a petition means that the Permitting Authority's final action may be different from the position taken by it in this Public Notice of Intent to Issue Air Permit. Persons whose substantial interests will be affected by any such final decision of the Permitting Authority on the application have the right to petition to become a party to the proceeding, in accordance with the requirements set forth above.

Mediation: Mediation is not available for this proceeding.

EPA Review: EPA has agreed to treat the draft/proposed Title V air operation permit as a proposed Title V air operation permit and to perform its 45-day review provided by the law and regulations concurrently with the public comment period. Although EPA's 45-day review period will be performed concurrently with the public comment period, the deadline for submitting a citizen petition to object to the EPA Administrator will be determined as if EPA's 45-day review period is performed after the public comment period has ended. The final Title V air operation permit will be issued after the conclusion of the 45-day EPA review period so long as

PUBLIC NOTICE OF INTENT TO ISSUE TITLE V AIR OPERATION PERMIT RENEWAL

no adverse comments are received that results in a different decision or significant change of terms or conditions. The status regarding EPA's 45—day review of this project and the deadline for submitting a citizen petition can be found at the following website address: http://www.epa.gov/region4/air/permits/Florida.htm.

Objections: Finally, pursuant to 42 United States Code (U.S.C.) Section 7661d(b)(2), any person may petition the Administrator of the EPA within 60 days of the expiration of the Administrator's 45-day review period as established at 42 U.S.C. Section 7661d(b)(1), to object to the issuance of any Title V air operation permit. Any petition shall be based only on objections to the permit that were raised with reasonable specificity during the 30-day public comment period provided in the Public Notice, unless the petitioner demonstrates to the Administrator of the EPA that it was impracticable to raise such objections within the comment period or unless the grounds for such objection arose after the comment period. Filing of a petition with the Administrator of the EPA does not stay the effective date of any permit properly issued pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 62-213, F.A.C. Petitions filed with the Administrator of EPA must meet the requirements of 42 U.S.C. Section 7661d(b)(2) and must be filed with the Administrator of the EPA at: U.S. EPA, 401 M Street, S.W., Washington, D.C. 20460. For more information regarding EPA review and objections, visit EPA's Region 4 web site at http://www.epa.gov/region4/air/permits/Florida.htm.

Title V Air Operation Permit Renewal Permit No. 0090006-006-AV

APPLICANT

The applicant for this project is Florida Power and Light Company. The applicant's responsible official and mailing address are: Mr. David Williams, Plant General Manager, Cape Canaveral Plant, 6000 North U.S. Highway One, Cocoa, Florida 33927.

FACILITY DESCRIPTION

The applicant operates the existing Cape Canaveral Plant, which is located in Brevard County on the West side of the Indian River, approximately eight miles North of Cocoa, Florida on U.S. Highway One.

This facility consists of two oil and natural gas fired conventional steam electric generating stations, designated as Unit 1 and Unit 2. Each steam unit is a nominal 400 megawatt (MW) class (electric) steam generator which drives a single reheat turbine generator and is equipped with a 397 foot exhaust stack. Each emissions unit is fired on No. 2, No. 6 residual, or used oil, with a maximum heat input of 4,000 million British thermal units (MMBtu) per hour, or natural gas with a maximum heat input of 4,180 MMBtu per hour. Fuel additives such as, but not limited to, magnesium hydroxide are used to enhance combustion and facilitate furnace cleaning, in a manner consistent with best operational practices. The control device consists of multiple cyclones with fly ash reinjection to control particulate matter emissions. Unit 1 commenced commercial operation in April, 1965. Unit 2 commenced commercial operation in May, 1969.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The purpose of this permitting project is to renew the existing Title V permit for the above referenced facility.

PRIMARY REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

<u>Title III</u>: The facility is identified as a major source of hazardous air pollutants (HAP).

<u>Title IV</u>: The facility operates units subject to the acid rain provisions of the Clean Air Act.

<u>Title V</u>: The facility is a Title V major source of air pollution in accordance with Chapter 62-213, Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.).

<u>PSD</u>: The facility is a Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD)-major source of air pollution in accordance with Rule 62-212.400, F.A.C.

<u>CAIR</u>: The facility is subject to the Clean Air Interstate Rule (CAIR) set forth in Rule 62-296.470, F.A.C.

PROJECT REVIEW

Some changes were made to the facility's current Title V air operation permit. These included: reformatting, replacement of TV-6 with new Appendix TV and streamlining of emissions unit sections by moving common conditions to the new appendices. A new Appendix ICE (requirements for internal combustion engines) and CAIR part were added.

CONCLUSION

This project renews Title V air operation permit No. 0090006-003-AV, which was effective on January 1, 2005. This Title V air operation permit renewal is issued under the provisions of Chapter 403, Florida Statues (F.S.), and Chapters 62-4, 62-210, 62-213 and 62-214, F.A.C.

Florida Power and Light Company Cape Canaveral Plant Facility ID No. 0090006

Brevard County

Title V Air Operation Permit Renewal Draft/Proposed Permit No. 0090006-006-AV (Renewal of Title V Air Operation Permit No. 0090006-003-AV)



Permitting Authority

State of Florida
Department of Environmental Protection
Division of Air Resource Management
Bureau of Air Regulation
Title V Section

Mail Station #5505 2600 Blair Stone Road Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400

> Telephone: 850/488-0114 Fax: 850/921-9533

Compliance Authority

State of Florida
Department of Environmental Protection
Central District Office

3319 Maguire Boulevard, Suite 232 Orlando, Florida 32803-3767

> Telephone: 407/894-7555 Fax: 407/897-2966

Title V Air Operation Permit Renewal

Draft/Proposed Permit No. 0090006-006-AV

Table of Contents

<u>Sec</u>	<u>ction</u>	Page Number
Pla	acard Page.	1
I.	Facility Information. A. Facility Description. B. Summary of Emissions Unit ID Nos. and Brief Descriptions. C. Relevant Documents.	2
II.	Facility-wide Conditions.	4
III.	Emissions Units and Conditions A. Fossil Fuel Fired Steam Generators (E.U. ID Nos. 001 and 002)	6
IV.	. Acid Rain Part A. Acid Rain, Phase II.	13
V.	Clean Air Interstate Rule (CAIR) Part.	18
VI.	Appendix A, Glossary. Appendix ASP, ASP Number 97-B-01 (With Scrivener's Order Dated July 9, 1997). Appendix I, List of Insignificant Emissions Units and/or Activities. Appendix ICE, Requirements for Internal Combustion Engines. Appendix O, Order Granting Petition for Reduced Frequency of Particulate Testing. Appendix RR, Facility-wide Reporting Requirements. Appendix TR, Facility-wide Testing Requirements. Appendix TV, Title V General Conditions. Appendix U, List of Unregulated Emissions Units and/or Activities.	24
Ret	ferenced Attachments. Table H, Permit History. Table 1, Summary of Air Pollutant Standards. Table 2, Summary of Compliance Requirements.	At End

DRAFT/PROPOSED PERMIT

PERMITTEE:

Florida Power and Light Company 6000 North U.S. Highway One Cocoa, Florida 33927

Permit No. 0090006-006-AV Cape Canaveral Plant Facility ID No. 0090006 Title V Air Operation Permit Renewal

The purpose of this permit is to renew the Title V Air Operation Permit for the above referenced facility. The existing Cape Canaveral Plant is located on the West side of the Indian River, approximately eight miles north of Cocoa, Florida on U.S. Highway One, Brevard County; UTM Coordinates: Zone 17, 523.1 km East and 3149.0 km North; Latitude: 28° 28' 10" North and Longitude: 80° 45' 51" West.

This Title V air operation permit is issued under the provisions of Chapter 403, Florida Statutes (F.S.), and Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.) Chapters 62-4, 62-210, 62-213 and 62-214. The above named permittee is hereby authorized to operate the facility in accordance with the terms and conditions of this permit.

Effective Date: January 1, 2010

Renewal Application Due Date: May 20, 2014

Expiration Date: December 31, 2014

(Draft/Proposed)

Joseph Kahn, Director Division of Air Resource Management

JK/tlv/jkh/tc

Subsection A. Facility Description.

This facility consists of two oil and natural gas fired conventional steam electric generating stations, designated as Unit 1 and Unit 2. Each steam unit is a nominal 400 megawatt (MW) class (electric) steam generator which drives a single reheat turbine generator. Also included in this permit are miscellaneous unregulated/insignificant emissions units and/or activities.

Subsection B. Summary of Emissions Units.

EU No.	Brief Description	
Regulated	Emissions Units	
001	Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 1	
002	Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 2	
006 Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engine (RICE) Internal Combustion Engine		
Unregulated Emissions Units and Activities		
003	Painting and Solvent Cleaning	
004	Internal Combustion Engines which drive Compressors and Water Pumps and Similar Equipment	
007	Compression Ignition (CI) Internal Combustion Engine (ICE)	
008	CI-ICE Internal Combustion Engine	

Subsection C. Applicable Regulations.

Based on the Title V air operation permit renewal application received on May 19, 2009, this facility is a major source of hazardous air pollutants (HAP). This facility is classified as a Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) major facility. A summary of applicable regulations is shown in the following table.

Regulation	EU No(s).
Federal Rule Citations	
40 CFR 75 Acid Rain Monitoring Provisions	ļ
Clean Air Interstate Rule (CAIR) set forth in Rule 62-296.470, F.A.C.	
State Rule Citations	
Rule 62-4, Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.) (Permitting Requirements)	
Rule 62-204, F.A.C. (Ambient Air Quality Requirements, PSD Increments, and Federal Regulations Adopted by Reference)	
Rule 62-210, F.A.C. (Permits Required, Public Notice, Reports, Stack Height Policy, Circumvention, Excess Emissions, and Forms)	001 and 002
Rule 62-212, F.A.C. (Preconstruction Review, PSD Review and Best Available Control Technology (BACT))	
Rule 62-213, F.A.C. (Title V Air Operation Permits for Major Sources of Air Pollution)	
Rule 62-214, F.A.C. (Requirements For Sources Subject To The Federal Acid Rain Program)	
Rule 62-296, F.A.C. (Emission Limiting Standards)	
Rule 62-297, F.A.C. (Test Methods and Procedures, Continuous Monitoring Specifications, and Alternate Sampling Procedures)	

The following conditions apply facility-wide to all emission units and activities:

FW1. Appendices. The permittee shall comply with all documents identified in Section VI, Appendices, listed in the Table of Contents. Each document is an enforceable part of this permit unless otherwise indicated. [Rule 62-213.440, F.A.C.]

Emissions and Controls

- FW2. Objectionable Odor Prohibited. No person shall cause, suffer, allow or permit the discharge of air pollutants, which cause or contribute to an objectionable odor. An "objectionable odor" means any odor present in the outdoor atmosphere which by itself or in combination with other odors, is or may be harmful or injurious to human health or welfare, which unreasonably interferes with the comfortable use and enjoyment of life or property, or which creates a nuisance. [Rule 62-296.320(2) and 62-210.200(Definitions), F.A.C.]
- FW3. General Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) Emissions or Organic Solvents (OS) Emissions. The permittee shall allow no person to store, pump, handle, process, load, unload or use in any process or installation, volatile organic compounds or organic solvents without applying known and existing vapor emission control devices or systems deemed necessary and ordered by the Department. Nothing is deemed necessary and ordered at this time. [Rule 62-296.320(1), F.A.C.]
- FW4. General Visible Emissions. No person shall cause, let, permit, suffer or allow to be discharged into the atmosphere the emissions of air pollutants from any activity equal to or greater than 20% opacity. EPA Method 9 is the method of compliance pursuant to Chapter 62-297, F.A.C. This regulation does not impose a specific testing requirement. [Rule 62-296.320(4)(b)1, F.A.C.]
- FW5. <u>Unconfined Particulate Matter (PM)</u>. Reasonable precautions to prevent emissions of unconfined particulate matter at this facility include:
 - a. In order to perform sandblasting on fixed plant equipment, sandblasting enclosures are constructed and operated as necessary. Thick polyurethane flaps are used over the doorways to prevent any sandblasting material from leaving the sandblast facility.
 - b. Maintenance of paved areas is performed as needed.
 - c. Mowing of grass and care of vegetation are done on a regular basis.
 - d. Access to plant property by unnecessary vehicles is controlled and limited.
 - e. Bagged chemical products are stored in weather tight buildings until they are used. Spills of powdered chemical products are cleaned up as soon as practical.
 - f. Vehicles are restricted to slow speeds on the plant site.
 - [Rule 62-296.320(4)(c)2., F.A.C.; and provided by the applicant in Title V air operation permit renewal application received on May 19, 2009.]

Annual Reports and Fees

See Appendix RR, Facility-wide Reporting Requirements for additional details.

- FW6. Annual Operating Report. The permittee shall submit an annual report that summarizes the actual operating rates and emissions from this facility. Annual operating reports shall be submitted to the Compliance Authority by April 1st of each calendar year. [Rule 62-210.370(3), F.A.C.]
- FW7. Annual Emissions Fee Form and Fee. The annual Title V emissions fees must be submitted (postmarked) by March 1st of each year. The completed form and calculated fee shall be submitted to: Major Air Pollution Source Annual Emissions Fee, P.O. Box 3070, Tallahassee, Florida 32315-3070. The forms are available for download by accessing the Title V Annual Emissions Fee On-line Information Center at the following Internet web site: http://www.dep.state.fl.us/air/emission/tvfee.htm. [Rule 62-213.205, F.A.C.]

FW8. Annual Statement of Compliance. The permittee shall submit an annual statement of compliance to the compliance authority at the address shown on the cover of this permit within 60 days after the end of each calendar year during which the Title V permit was effective. [Rules 62-213.440(3)(a)2. & 3. and (b), F.A.C.]

{Permitting Note: As specified in Specific Condition RR7 of Appendix RR, the applicant shall use DEP Form No. 62-213.900(7) to comply with this requirement.}

- FW9. Prevention of Accidental Releases (Section 112(r) of CAA).
 - a. As required by Section 112(r)(7)(B)(iii) of the CAA and 40 CFR 68, the owner or operator shall submit an updated Risk Management Plan (RMP) to the Chemical Emergency Preparedness and Prevention Office (CEPPO) RMP Reporting Center.
 - b. As required under Section 252.941(1)(c), F.S., the owner or operator shall report to the appropriate representative of the Department of Community Affairs (DCA), as established by department rule, within one working day of discovery of an accidental release of a regulated substance from the stationary source, if the owner or operator is required to report the release to the United States Environmental Protection Agency under Section 112(r)(6) of the CAA.
 - c. The owner or operator shall submit the required annual registration fee to the DCA on or before April 1, in accordance with Part IV, Chapter 252, F.S., and Rule 9G-21, F.A.C.
 - d. Any required written reports, notifications, certifications, and data required to be sent to the DCA, should be sent to: Department of Community Affairs, Division of Emergency Management, 2555 Shumard Oak Boulevard, Tallahassee, FL 32399-2100, Telephone: (850) 413-9921, Fax: (850) 488-1739.
 - e. Any Risk Management Plans, original submittals, revisions, or updates to submittals, should be sent to: RMP Reporting Center, Post Office Box 1515, Lanham-Seabrook, MD 20703-1515, Telephone: (301) 429-5018.
 - f. Any required reports to be sent to the National Response Center, should be sent to: National Response Center, EPA Office of Solid Waste and Emergency Response, USEPA (5305 W), 401 M Street SW, Washington, D.C. 20460, Telephone: (800) 424-8802.
 - g. Send the required annual registration fee using approved forms made payable to: Cashier, Department of Community Affairs, State Emergency Response Commission, 2555 Shumard Oak Boulevard, Tallahassee, FL 32399-2149.

[Part IV, Chapter 252, F.S.; and, Rule 9G-21, F.A.C.]

FOSSIL FUEL STEAM GENERATORS, UNIT 1 AND UNIT 2.

The specific conditions in this section apply to the following emissions units:

E.U. ID No.	Brief Description
001	Fossil Fuel Fired Steam Generator Unit 1
002	Fossil Fuel Fired Steam Generator Unit 2

Fossil Fuel Fired Steam Generators Unit 1 and Unit 2 are nominal 400 megawatt (MW) class (electric) steam generators designated as Cape Canaveral Units 1 and 2, respectively. Each emissions unit is fired on No. 2, No. 6 residual, or used oil, with a maximum heat input of 4000 million British thermal units (MMBtu) per hour, or natural gas with a maximum heat input of 4180 MMBtu per hour. Unit 1 commenced commercial operation in April, 1965. Unit 2 commenced commercial operation in May, 1969.

Fuel additives such as, but not limited to, magnesium hydroxide are used to enhance combustion and facilitate furnace cleaning, in a manner consistent with best operational practices.

Both emissions units consist of boiler/steam generators which drive a single reheat turbine generator, and are equipped with 397 foot exhaust stacks. The control devices consist of multiple cyclones with fly ash reinjection to control particulate matter emissions.

The mechanical dust collectors are excluded from compliance assurance monitoring (CAM), because they are (a) inherent process equipment contained entirely within the flue ductwork, (b) use a passive method of particulate matter separation from the flue gas stream, (c) recover unburned carbon and ash from the flue gas system, and (d) have no moving parts, no control inputs, nor any controllable parameters.

{Permitting note: these emissions units are regulated under Acid Rain, Phase II, and Rule 62-296.405, F.A.C., Fossil Fuel Steam Generators with more than 250 million Btu per Hour Heat Input.}

Essential Potential to Emit (PTE) Parameters

A.1. Permitted Capacity. The maximum operation heat input rates are as follows:

Unit No.	MMBtu/hr Heat Input	Fuel Type	
	4180	Natural Gas	
1	4000	No. 2 Fuel Oil, No. 6 Residual Fuel Oil or Used Oil	
	4180	Natural Gas	
2	4000	No. 2 Fuel Oil, No. 6 Residual Fuel Oil or Used Oil	

Methods of heat input calculation are as determined by hourly fuel usage, and the higher heat value of the oil as determined by as-fired fuel analysis. When a blend of fuel oil and natural gas is fired, the heat input is prorated based on the percent heat input of each fuel. [Rules 62-4.160(2), 62-210.200 (PTE), and 62-296.405, F.A.C.; AO05-217321; AO05-252219]

- A.2. <u>Emissions Unit Operating Rate Limitation After Testing</u>. See the related testing provisions in Appendix TR, Facility-wide Testing Requirements. [Rule 62-297.310(2), F.A.C.]
- **A.3.** Methods of Operation Fuels.
 - a. *Startup*. The only fuels allowed to be burned are natural gas, propane gas, No. 2 fuel oil, No. 6 residual fuel oil, or on-specification used oil from Florida Power and Light Company operations.
 - b. *Normal*. The only fuels allowed to be burned are natural gas, No. 2 fuel oil, No. 6 residual fuel oil, or on-specification used oil from Florida Power and Light Company operations.

[Rule 62-213.410, F.A.C.; AO05-217321, Specific Condition No. 2; AO05-252219, Specific Condition No. 2]

FOSSIL FUEL STEAM GENERATORS, UNIT 1 AND UNIT 2.

A.4. Hours of Operation. The emissions units may operate continuously, i.e., 8,760 hours/year. [Rule 62-210.200 (PTE), F.A.C.; AO05-217321, Specific Condition No. 3; AO05-252219, Specific Condition No. 3]

Emission Limitations and Standards

{Permitting Note: The attached Table 1, Summary of Air Pollutant Standards, summarizes information for convenience purposes only. This table does not supersede any of the terms or conditions of this permit.}

Unless otherwise specified, the averaging times for Specific Conditions A.5. through A.10. are based on the specified averaging time of the applicable test method.

- A.5. <u>Visible Emissions</u>. Visible emissions shall not exceed 40 percent opacity. As long as the VE and PM emissions limits are met, emissions units governed by this visible emissions standard shall compliance test for particulate matter emissions annually (see Specific Condition A.26.). [Rule 62-296.405(1)(a), F.A.C.; and Order dated January 2, 1986.]
- A.6. Visible Emissions Soot Blowing and Load Change. Visible emissions shall not exceed 60 percent opacity during the 3-hours in any 24 hour period of excess emissions allowed for boiler cleaning (soot blowing) and load change. Visible emissions above 60 percent opacity shall be allowed for not more than 4, six (6)-minute periods, during the 3-hour period of excess emissions allowed by this subparagraph, for boiler cleaning and load changes. A load change occurs when the operational capacity of a unit is in the 10 percent to 100 percent capacity range, other than startup or shutdown, which exceeds 10 percent of the unit's rated capacity and which occurs at a rate of 0.5 percent per minute or more. [Rule 62-210.700(3), F.A.C.]
- A.7. Particulate Matter. Particulate matter emissions shall not exceed 0.1 pound per million Btu heat input, as measured by applicable compliance methods. As long as the VE and PM emissions limits are met, emissions units governed by this visible emissions standard shall compliance test for particulate matter emissions annually (see Specific Condition A.26.). [Rule 62-296.405(1) (b), F.A.C.]
- **A.8.** Particulate Matter Soot Blowing and Load Change. Particulate matter emissions shall not exceed an average of 0.3 pound per million Btu heat input during the 3-hours in any 24 hour period of excess emissions allowed for boiler cleaning (soot blowing) and load change. [Rule 62-210.700(3), F.A.C.]
- A.9. <u>Sulfur Dioxide</u>. Sulfur dioxide emissions shall not exceed 2.75 pounds per million Btu heat input, as measured by applicable compliance methods. Compliance shall be based on the total heat input from all liquid and gaseous fuels burned. The sulfur dioxide emission limitation shall apply at all times including startup, shutdown, and load change. [Rules 62-213.440 and 62-296.405(1)(c)1.j., F.A.C.]
- A.10. "On-Specification" Used Oil. Only "on-specification" used oil generated by the Florida Power and Light Company in the production and distribution of electricity shall be fired in these emissions units. The total combined quantity allowed to be fired at these emissions units shall not exceed 1,500,000 gallons per calendar year. "On-specification" used oil is defined as each used oil delivery that meets the 40 CFR 279 (Standards for the Management of Used Oil) specifications listed below. Used oil that does not meet all of the following specifications is considered "off-specification" used oil and shall not be fired.

FOSSIL FUEL STEAM GENERATORS, UNIT 1 AND UNIT 2.

CONSTITUENT/PROPERTY*	ALLOWABLE LEVEL
Arsenic	5 ppm maximum
Cadmium	2 ppm maximum
Chromium	10 ppm maximum
Lead	100 ppm maximum
Total Halogens	1000 ppm maximum
Flashpoint	100 degrees F minimum
Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB)	less than 50 ppm

^{*} As determined by approved methods specified in EPA Publication SW-846 (Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods). [40 CFR 279.11; and AO05-217321, AO05-252219]

Excess Emissions

Rule 62-210.700 (Excess Emissions), F.A.C. cannot vary any requirement of an NSPS, NESHAP or Acid Rain program provision.

- **A.11.** Excess Emissions Allowed. Excess emissions resulting from malfunction shall be permitted provided that best operational practices to minimize emissions are adhered to and the duration of excess emissions shall be minimized but in no case exceed two hours in any 24 hour period unless specifically authorized by the Department for longer duration. [Rule 62-210.700(1), F.A.C.]
- **A.12.** Startup or Shutdown. Excess emissions resulting from startup or shutdown shall be permitted provided that best operational practices to minimize emissions are adhered to and the duration of excess emissions shall be minimized. [Rule 62-210.700(2), F.A.C.]
- **A.13.** Excess Emissions Prohibited. Excess emissions which are caused entirely or in part by poor maintenance, poor operation, or any other equipment or process failure which may reasonably be prevented during startup, shutdown or malfunction shall be prohibited. [Rule 62-210.700(4), F.A.C.]

Monitoring of Operations

A.14. <u>Used Oil.</u> Compliance with the "on-specification" used oil requirements will be determined from a sample collected from each batch delivered for firing. [Rules 62-4.070 and 62-213.440; and, 40 CFR 279]

Continuous Monitoring Requirements

- **A.15.** Sulfur Dioxide. The permittee shall demonstrate compliance with the sulfur dioxide limit of Specific Condition **A.9.** of this permit by the following:
 - a. Through the use of CEMS operated and maintained in accordance with the quality assurance requirements of 40 CFR 75, adopted and incorporated by reference in rule 62-204.800, F.A.C. A relative accuracy test audit of the SO₂ CEMS shall be conducted at least annually. Compliance shall be demonstrated based on a 3-hour rolling average. The owner or operator shall make and maintain records of opacity measured by the COMS, for purposes of periodic monitoring.
 - b. In the event the CEMS becomes temporarily inoperable or interrupted, the fuel oil sulfur content and the maximum fuel oil to natural gas firing ratio is limited to that which was last used to demonstrate compliance prior to the loss of the CEMS. Alternatively, the boilers may fire 100 percent fuel oil with a maximum sulfur content of 2.5 percent, by weight, or less, or 100 percent natural gas.

[Rules 62-213.440, 62-204.800 and 62-296.405(1)(c)3., F.A.C.; and applicant agreement with DEP on August 25, 1998.]

FOSSIL FUEL STEAM GENERATORS, UNIT 1 AND UNIT 2.

A.16. Opacity Monitoring. The owner or operator shall operate, calibrate, and maintain a continuous opacity monitoring system on each unit. The continuous opacity monitoring system shall be calibrated, operated, span checked, and maintained according to the manufacturer's recommendation. Calibrations shall consist of electronic zero and span checks and include an optical lens check to ensure the monitoring system functions properly. [Rule 62-210.700, F.A.C.; AO05-217321, Specific Condition No. 9; and AO05-252219, Specific Condition No. 9]

Test Methods and Procedures

{Permitting Note: The attached Table 2, Summary of Compliance Requirements, summarizes information for convenience purposes only. This table does not supersede any of the terms or conditions of this permit.}

A.17. Test Methods. Required tests shall be performed in accordance with the following reference methods:

Method	Description of Method and Comments				
1-4	Traverse Points, Velocity and Flow Rate, Gas Analysis, and Moisture Content				
5, 5B, 5F, 17, 19	Method for Determining Particulate Matter Emissions (All PM is assumed to be PM ₁₀ .)				
6, 6A, 6B, 6C	Determination of Sulfur Dioxide Emissions from Stationary Sources				
9	Visual Determination of the Opacity of Emissions from Stationary Sources				

The above methods are described in 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, and adopted by reference in Rule 62-204.800, F.A.C. No other methods may be used unless prior written approval is received from the Department. [Rules 62-296.405 and 62-297.401, F.A.C.]

- **A.18.** Common Testing Requirements. Unless otherwise specified, tests shall be conducted in accordance with the requirements and procedures specified in Appendix TR, Facility-Wide Testing Requirements, of this permit. [Rule 62-297.310, F.A.C.]
- A.19. <u>Annual Compliance Tests Required</u>. During each federal fiscal year (October 1st to September 30th), each emission unit (EU) shall be tested to demonstrate compliance with the emissions standards for visible emissions and particulate matter. [Rule 62-297.310(7), F.A.C.]
- A.20. Compliance Tests Prior To Renewal. Compliance tests shall be performed for sulfur dioxide once every 5 years. The tests shall occur prior to obtaining a renewed operating permit to demonstrate compliance with the emission limits in Specific Conditions A.9. [Rules 62-210.300(2)(a) and 62-297.310(7)(a), F.A.C.]
- A.21. <u>Visible Emissions</u>. The test method for visible emissions shall be DEP Method 9, incorporated in Chapter 62-297, F.A.C. A transmissometer may be used and calibrated according to Rule 62-297.520, F.A.C. [Rule 62-296.405(1)(e)1., F.A.C.]
- A.22. <u>DEP Method 9</u>. The provisions of EPA Method 9 (40 CFR 60, Appendix A) are adopted by reference with the following exceptions:
 - a. *EPA Method 9, Section 2.4, Recording Observations*. Opacity observations shall be made and recorded by a certified observer at sequential fifteen second intervals during the required period of observation.
 - b. EPA Method 9, Section 2.5, Data Reduction. For a set of observations to be acceptable, the observer shall have made and recorded, or verified the recording of, at least 90 percent of the possible individual observations during the required observation period. For single-valued opacity standards (e.g., 20 percent opacity), the test result shall be the highest valid six-minute average for the set of observations taken. For multiple-valued opacity standards (e.g., 20 percent opacity, except that an opacity of 40 percent is permissible for not more than two minutes per hour) opacity shall be computed as follows:

FOSSIL FUEL STEAM GENERATORS, UNIT 1 AND UNIT 2.

- (1) For the basic part of the standard (i.e., 20 percent opacity) the opacity shall be determined as specified above for a single-valued opacity standard.
- (2) For the short-term average part of the standard, opacity shall be the highest valid short-term average (i.e., two-minute, three-minute average) for the set of observations taken.

In order to be valid, any required average (i.e., a six-minute or two-minute average) shall be based on all of the valid observations in the sequential subset of observations selected, and the selected subset shall contain at least 90 percent of the observations possible for the required averaging time. Each required average shall be calculated by summing the opacity value of each of the valid observations in the appropriate subset, dividing this sum by the number of valid observations in the subset, and rounding the result to the nearest whole number. The number of missing observations in the subset shall be indicated in parenthesis after the subset average value.

[Rule 62-297.401, F.A.C.]

- A.23. Particulate Matter. The test methods for particulate emissions shall be EPA Methods 17, 5, 5B, or 5F, incorporated by reference in Chapter 62-297, F.A.C. The minimum sample volume shall be 30 dry standard cubic feet. EPA Method 5 may be used with a filter temperature of no more than 320 degrees Fahrenheit. For EPA Method 17, stack temperature shall be less than 375 degrees Fahrenheit. The owner or operator may use EPA Method 5 to demonstrate compliance. EPA Method 3 (Orsat analysis) or 3A shall be used when the oxygen based F-factor is computed according to EPA Method 19 and is used in lieu of heat input. Acetone wash shall be used with EPA Method 5 or 17. [Rules 62-213.440, 62-296.405(1)(e)2., and 62-297.401, F.A.C.]
- A.24. Sulfur Dioxide. The test methods for sulfur dioxide emissions shall be EPA Methods 6, 6A, 6B, or 6C, incorporated by reference in Chapter 62-297, F.A.C. If the emissions unit obtains an alternate procedure under the provisions of Rule 62-297.620, F.A.C., the procedure shall become a condition of the emissions unit's permit. The Department will retain the authority to require EPA Method 6 or 6C if it has reason to believe that exceedances of the sulfur dioxide emissions limiting standard are occurring. The permittee may use the EPA test methods, referenced above, to demonstrate compliance; however, as an alternate sampling procedure authorized by permit, the permittee elected to demonstrate compliance using CEMS for sulfur dioxide. [Rules 62-213.440 and 62-296.405(1)(c)3. and (1)(e)3., F.A.C.; and proposed by applicant in Title V air permit renewal application dated 05/19/09]
- A.25. Department Order. Florida Department of Environmental Protection Order dated January 2, 1986, granted annual particulate matter testing with a 40% opacity limit. Compliance testing shall be conducted on an annual basis during every federal fiscal year. If the emissions unit(s) fails to comply with the Order conditions, then the emissions unit(s) will resume particulate matter (steady-state) testing either annually with a 20% opacity limit or quarterly with a 40% opacity limit. Visible emissions testing will be conducted annually regardless of the option selected. If a quarterly schedule is selected, the permittee shall advise the Department's Central District Office in writing of the quarterly test date schedule. [AO05-217321, Specific Condition No. 4; AO05-252219, Specific Condition No. 4; and Order dated 01/02/1986]
- **A.26.** <u>Visible Emissions</u>. By this permit, annual emissions compliance testing for visible emissions is not required for these emissions units while burning:
 - a. only gaseous fuel(s); or
 - b. gaseous fuel(s) in combination with any amount of liquid fuel(s) for less than 400 hours per year; or
 - c. only liquid fuel(s) for less than 400 hours per year.

[Rule 62-297.310(7)(a)4., F.A.C.]

- **A.27.** Particulate Matter. Annual and permit renewal compliance testing for particulate matter emissions is not required for these emissions units while burning:
 - a. only gaseous fuel(s); or
 - b. gaseous fuel(s) in combination with any amount of liquid fuel(s) for less than 400 hours per year; or

FOSSIL FUEL STEAM GENERATORS, UNIT 1 AND UNIT 2.

- c. only liquid fuel(s) for less than 400 hours per year.
 [Rules 62-297.310(7)(a)3. & 5., F.A.C.; and ASP Number 97-B-01.]
- A.28. Compliance Testing Related Requirements. Should the Florida Power and Light Company (FPL) decide to pursue routine use of a fuel additive, then all future compliance testing for particulate matter and visible emissions shall include use of the additive at an injection rate consistent with normal operation. In the event FPL exceeds the tested additive injection rate by 10 percent or more, FPL shall notify the Department's Central District Office in writing within 14 days of the date that the higher rate was initiated. The notification shall include the date the higher injection rate began, the magnitude of the higher rate, and the approximate date by which the higher rate would cease.

 [AO05-217321, Specific Condition No. 5; AO05-252219, Specific Condition No. 5]
- **A.29.** Operating Conditions During Testing Particulate Matter and Visible Emissions. Compliance testing during soot blowing and steady-state operation for particulate matter and visible emissions shall be conducted at least once annually, if liquid fuel is fired for more than 400 hours. A visible emissions test shall be conducted during one run of each particulate matter test. Testing shall be conducted as follows:
 - a. When Burning Fuel Oil Up To 2.5% Sulfur. When only fuel oil containing less than or equal to 2.5% sulfur, by weight, is fired (or co-fired with natural gas) in an emissions unit, particulate matter and visible emissions tests during soot blowing and steady-state operation shall be performed on such emissions unit while firing solely fuel oil containing at least 90% of the average sulfur content of the fuel oils fired in the previous 12 month period, except that such test shall not be required to be performed during any year that testing is performed in accordance with Specific Condition A.27.b.
 - b. When Burning Fuel Oil Greater Than 2.5% Sulfur. If fuel oil containing greater than 2.5% sulfur, by weight, is co-fired with natural gas in an emissions unit, particulate matter and visible emissions tests during soot blowing and steady-state operation shall be performed as soon as practicable, but in no event more than 60 days after firing such fuel oil, and while co-firing such oil with the appropriate proportion of natural gas required to maintain SO₂ emissions between 90 to 100% of the SO₂ emission limit (corresponding to 2.475 and 2.75 lb/MMBtu, respectively). Following successful completion of such particulate matter and visible emissions testing shall not be required during the remaining federal fiscal year unless fuel oil is fired that contains greater than 0.20% sulfur above the percentage sulfur concentration fired during the most recent co-firing test. If fuel oil is co-fired containing greater than 0.20% sulfur above the percentage sulfur concentration fired during the most recent co-firing test, additional particulate matter and visible emissions tests shall be performed as described above as soon as practicable, but in no event more than 60 days after firing such higher sulfur fuel oil. If any additional particulate matter and visible emissions tests are imposed after completion of any required annual compliance tests, then the frequency testing base date shall be reset to 12-months after the date of completion of the last tests.

[Rules 62-4.070(3), 62-213.440, 62-296.405(1)(c)3. and 62-297.310(7)(a)9., F.A.C.]

A.30. Testing While Injecting Additives. The owner or operator shall conduct emission tests while injecting additives consistent with normal operating practices. [Rule 62-213.440, F.A.C., and applicant agreement with DEP on August 25, 1998.]

Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements

A.31. Reporting Schedule. The following reports and notifications shall be submitted to the Compliance Authority:

FOSSIL FUEL STEAM GENERATORS, UNIT 1 AND UNIT 2.

Report	Reporting Deadline	Related Condition(s)
Notice of Used Oil Delivery	Upon Request	A.33.
Notice of Used Oil Use	Quarterly	A.35.

- **A.32.** Other Reporting Requirements. See Appendix RR, Facility-Wide Reporting Requirements, for additional reporting requirements.
- A.33. <u>Used Oil Delivery</u>. Records shall be kept of each delivery of "on-specification" used oil with a statement of the origin of the used oil and the quantity delivered/stored for firing. In addition, monthly records shall be kept of the quantity of "on-specification" used oil fired in these emissions units. The above records shall be maintained in a form suitable for inspection, retained for a minimum of five years, and be made available upon request. [Rule 62-213.440(1)(b)2.b., F.A.C.; and 40 CFR 279.61 and 761.20(e)]
- A.34. <u>Used Oil Analysis</u>. The permittee shall include in the "Annual Operating Report for Air Pollutant Emitting Facility" a summary of the "on-specification" used oil analyses for the calendar year and a statement of the total quantity of "on-specification" used oil fired in Fossil Fuel Fired Steam Generators Nos. 1 and 2 during the calendar year. [Rule 62-213.440(1)(b)2.b., F.A.C.]
- **A.35.** <u>Used Oil.</u> Quarterly reports containing monthly summaries of the quantities of used oil burned and the sampling and analysis results shall be submitted to the Department's Central District office. Used oil burned in one month within a calendar quarter triggers the quarterly reporting requirement. [AO05-217321, Specific Condition No. 8; AO05-252219, Specific Condition No. 8]
- A.36. <u>Malfunctions</u>. In the case of excess emissions resulting from malfunctions, each owner or operator shall notify the Department in accordance with Rule 62-4.130, F.A.C. A full written report on the malfunctions shall be submitted in a quarterly report, if requested by the Department. [Rule 62-210.700(6), F.A.C.]
- A.37. Excess Emissions. Submit to the Department a written report of emissions in excess of emission limiting standards as set forth in Rule 62-296.405(1), F.A.C., for each calendar quarter. The nature and cause of the excess emissions shall be explained. This report does not relieve the owner or operator of the legal liability for violations. All recorded data shall be maintained on file by the Source for a period of five years. [Rules 62-213.440 and 62-296.405(1)(g), F.A.C.]

ACID RAIN PHASE II PROVISIONS

Operated by: Florida Power and Light Company

ORIS code: **0609**

Subsection A. This subsection addresses Acid Rain, Phase II.

The emissions units listed below are regulated under Phase II of the federal Acid Rain Program.

E.U. ID No.	EPA ID	Brief Description	
001	PCC1	Fossil Fuel Fired Steam Generator Unit 1	
002	PCC2	Fossil Fuel Fired Steam Generator Unit 2	

- 1. <u>Application</u>. The Phase II permit application submitted for this facility, as approved by the Department, is a part of this permit. The owners and operators of these Phase II acid rain units must comply with the standard requirements and special provisions set forth in the application listed below:
 - a. DEP Form No. 62-210.900(1)(a), received on 05/21/09. [Chapter 62-213, F.A.C. and Rule 62-214.320, F.A.C.]
- 2. <u>Sulfur Dioxide Emission Allowances</u>. Emissions from sources subject to the Federal Acid Rain Program (Title IV) shall not exceed any allowances that the source lawfully holds under the Federal Acid Rain Program. Allowances shall not be used to demonstrate compliance with a non-Title IV applicable requirement of the Act.
 - 1. No permit revision shall be required for increases in emissions that are authorized by allowances acquired pursuant to the Federal Acid Rain Program, provided that such increases do not require a permit revision pursuant to Rule 62-213.400(3), F.A.C.
 - 2. No limit shall be placed on the number of allowances held by the source under the Federal Acid Rain Program.
 - 3. Allowances shall be accounted for under the Federal Acid Rain Program. [Rule 62-213.440(1)(c), F.A.C.]
- 3. <u>Fast-Track Revisions of Acid Rain Parts</u>. Those Acid Rain sources making a change described at Rule 62-214.370(4), F.A.C., may request such change as provided in Rule 62-213.413, Fast-Track Revisions of Acid Rain Parts. [Rule 62-213.413, F.A.C.]
- 4. Comments. Comments, notes, and justifications: None.

ACID RAIN PHASE II PROVISIONS

Acid Rain Part Application

This submission is: New

For more information, see instructions and refer to 40 CFR 72.30, 72.31, and 74; and Chapter 62-214, F.A.C. ☐ Revised ■ Renewal

STEP 1					I	
Identify the source by plant name,	Plant name Cape Canaveral			State Florida	0609 ORIS/Plant Code	
state, and ORIS or plant code.					The first	
STEP 2 Enter the unit ID#	а	b	С	d		77 Z.L. 2009
for every Acid Rain unit at the Acid Rain source in column "a." If unit a SO ₂ Opt-In	Unit ID#	SO ₂ Opt-in Unit? (Yes or No)	Unit will hold allowances in accordance with 40 CFR 72.9(c)(1)	New or SO ₂ Opt-in Units Commence Operation Date	New or SO ₂ Opt-in Unit Monitor Certification Deadline	15
unit, enter "yes" in column "b".	PCC1	NO	Yes	N/A	N/A	

For new units or SO₂ Opt-in units, enter the requested information in columns "d" and

L		<u> </u>			SURFACE
3	Unit ID#	SO ₂ Opt-in Unit? (Yes or No)	Unit will hold allowances in accordance with 40 CFR 72.9(c)(1)	New or SO ₂ Opt-in Units Commence Operation Date	New or SO ₂ Opt-in Units Monitor Certification Deadline
	PCC1	NO	Yes	N/A	N/A
	PCC2	NO	Yes	N/A	N/A
L			Yes		
			Yes		
L			Yes		

DEP Form No. 62-210.900(1)(a) - Form

Effective: 3/16/08

ACID RAIN PHASE II PROVISIONS

Plant Name (from STEP 1) Cape Canaveral

STEP 3

Acid Rain Part Requirements.

Read the standard requirements.

- (1) The designated representative of each Acid Rain source and each Acid Rain unit at the source shall:

 (i) Submit a complete Acid Rain Part application (including a compliance plan) under 40 CFR Part 72 and Rules 82-214,320 and 330, F.A.C., in accordance with the deadlines specified in Rule 62-214,320, F.A.C.; and
 (ii) Submit in a timely manner any supplemental information that the DEP determines is necessary in order to review an Acid Rain Part application and issue or deny an Acid Rain Part;
- sphilication and issue of derity an Acta Natin Fart,
 The owners and operators of each Acid Rain source and each Acid Rain unit at the source shalt.

 (i) Operate the unit in compliance with a complete Acid Rain Part application or a superseding Acid Rain Part issued by the DEP; and (ii) Have an Acid Rain Part

Monitoring Requirements.

- (1) The owners and operators and, to the extent applicable, designated representative of each Acid Rain source and each Acid Rain unit at the source shall comply with the monitoring requirements as provided in 40 CFR Part 75, and Rule 62-214-420, F.A.C.
 (2) The emissions measurements recorded and reported in accordance with 40 CFR Part 75 shall be used to determine compliance by the unit with the Acid Rain emissions limitations and emissions reduction requirements for sulfur dioxide and nitrogen oxides under the Acid Rain
- (3) The requirements of 40 CFR Part 75 shall not affect the responsibility of the owners and operators to monitor emissions of other pollutants or other emissions characteristics at the unit under other applicable requirements of the Act and other provisions of the operating permit for the
- (4) For applications including a SO₂ Opt-in unit, a monitoring plan for each SO₂ Opt-in unit must be submitted with this application pursuant to 40 CFR 74.14(a). For renewal applications for SO₂ Opt-in units include an updated monitoring plan if applicable under 40 CFR 75.53(b).

Sulfur Dioxide Requirements.

- (1) The owners and operators of each source and each Acid Rain unit at the source shall:
- (i) Hold allowances, as of the allowance transfer deadline, in the unit's compliance subaccount (after deductions under 40 CFR 73.34(c)), or in the compliance subaccount of another Acid Rain unit at the same source to the extent provided in 40 CFR 73.35(b)(3), not less than the total annual emissions of sulfur dioxide for the previous calendar year from the unit; and
 (ii) Comply with the applicable Acid Rain emissions limitations for sulfur dioxide.
 (2) Each ton of sulfur dioxide emitted in excess of the Acid Rain emissions limitations for sulfur dioxide shall constitute a separate violation of
- - An Acid Rain unit shall be subject to the requirements under paragraph (1) of the sulfur dioxide requirements as follows:

 (i) Starting January 1, 2000, an Acid Rain unit under 40 CFR 72.6(a)(2); or

 (ii) Starting on the later of January 1, 2000, or the deadline for monitor certification under 40 CFR Part 75, an Acid Rain unit under 40 CFR 72.6(a)(3).
- (4) Allowances shall be held in, deducted from, or transferred among Allowance Tracking System accounts in accordance with the Acid Rain
- (5) An allowance shall not be deducted in order to comply with the requirements under paragraph (1) of the sulfur dioxide requirements prior to
- (a) An allowance shall not be deducted in order to corrupy with the requirements under paragraph (1) or are similar dioxide requirements prior to the calendar year for which the allowance was allocated.
 (b) An allowance allocated by the Administrator under the Acid Rain Program is a limited authorization to emit sulfur dioxide in accordance with the Acid Rain Program. No provision of the Acid Rain Program, the Acid Rain Part application, the Acid Rain Part, or an exemption under 40 CFR 72.7 or 72.8 and no provision of law shall be construed to limit the authority of the United States to terminate or limit such authority of the United States to the reminate or limit such authorization.
 (7) An allowance allocated by the Administrator under the Acid Rain Program does not constitute a property right.

Nitrogen Oxides Requirements, The owners and operators of the source and each Acid Rain unit at the source shall comply with the applicable Acid Rain emissions limitation for nitrogen oxides.

Excess Emissions Requirements.

- (1) The designated representative of an Acid Rain unit that has excess emissions in any calendar year shall submit a proposed offset plan, as required under 40 CFR Part 77.
- (2) The owners and operators of an Acid Rain unit that has excess emissions in any calendar year shall:
 (i) Pay without demand the penalty required, and pay upon demand the interest on that penalty, as required by 40 CFR Part 77; and
 (ii) Comply with the terms of an approved offset plan, as required by 40 CFR Part 77.

Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements.

- (1) Unless otherwise provided, the owners and operators of the source and each Acid Rain unit at the source shall keep on site at the source each of the following documents for a period of 5 years from the date the document is created. This period may be extended for cause, at any time prior to the end of 5 years, in writing by the EPA or the DEP:
 - (i) The certificate of representation for the designated representative for the source and each Acid Rain unit at the source and all documents that demonstrate the truth of the statements in the certificate of representation, in accordance with Rule 62-214.350, F.A.C.; provided that the certificate and documents shall be retained on site at the source beyond such 5-year period until such documents are sup
 - because of the submission of a new certificate of representation changing the designated representative;

 (ii) All emissions monitoring information, in accordance with 40 CFR Part 75, provided that to the extent that 40 CFR Part 75 provides for a 3-year period for recordkeeping, the 3-year period shall apply;

 (iii) Copies of all reports, compliance certifications, and other submissions and all records made or required under the Acid Rain Program;

DEP Form No. 62-210.900(1)(a) - Form

Effective: 3/16/08

2

ACID RAIN PHASE II PROVISIONS

Plant Name (from STEP 1) Cape Canaveral

STEP 3. Continued.

Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements (cont)

- (iv) Copies of all documents used to complete an Acid Rain Part application and any other submission under the Acid Rain Program or to demonstrate compliance with the requirements of the Acid Rain Program.
- (2) The designated representative of an Acid Rain source and each Acid Rain unit at the source shall submit the reports at certifications required under the Acid Rain Program, including those under 40 CFR Part 72, Subpart I, and 40 CFR Part 75. entative of an Acid Rain source and each Acid Rain unit at the source shall submit the reports and compliance

Liability.

- (1) Any person who knowingly violates any requirement or prohibition of the Acid Rain Program, a complete Acid Rain Part application, an Acid Rain Part, or an exemption under 40 CFR 72.7 or 72.8, including any requirement for the payment of any penalty owed to the United States, shall be subject to enforcement pursuant to section 113(c) of the Act.
- (2) Any person who knowingly makes a false, material statement in any record, submission, or report under the Add Rain Program shall be subject to criminal enforcement pursuant to section 113(c) of the Act and 18 U.S.C. 1001.
- (3) No permit revision shall excuse any violation of the requirements of the Acid Rain Program that occurs prior to the date that the revision

- takes effect.

 (4) Each Acid Rain source and each Acid Rain unit shall meet the requirements of the Acid Rain Program.

 (5) Any provision of the Acid Rain Program that applies to an Acid Rain source (including a provision applicable to the designated representative of an Acid Rain source) shall also apply to the owners and operators of such source and of the Acid Rain units at the source.

 (6) Any provision of the Acid Rain Program that applies to an Acid Rain unit (including provision applicable to the designated representative of an Acid Rain unit) shall also apply to the owners and operators of such unit. Except as provided under 40 CFR 72.44 (Phase II repowering extension plans) and 40 CFR 76.11 (No., averaging plans), and except with regard to the requirements applicable to units with a common stack under 40 CFR Part 75 (including 40 CFR 75.15, 75.17, and 75.18), the owners and operators and the designated representative of one Acid Rain unit shall not be liable for any violation by any other Acid Rain unit of which they are not owners or operators or the designated representative and that is located at a course of which they are not owners and operators or the designated representative. that is located at a source of which they are not owners or operators or the designated representative.
 (7) Each violation of a provision of 40 CFR Parts 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, and 78 by an Acid Rain source or Acid Rain unit, or by an owner or
- operator or designated representative of such source or unit, shall be a separate violation of the Act.

Effect on Other Authorities.

No provision of the Acid Rain Program, an Acid Rain Part application, an Acid Rain Part, or an exemption under 40 CFR 72.7or 72.8 shall be

- (1) Except as expressly provided in title IV of the Act, exempting or excluding the owners and operators and, to the extent applicable, the designated representative of an Acid Rain source or Acid Rain unit from compliance with any other provision of the Act, including the provisions of title I of the Act relating to applicable National Ambient Air Quality Standards or State Implementation Plans;

 (2) Limiting the number of allowances a unit can hold; provided, that the number of allowances held by the unit shall not affect the source's
- obligation to comply with any other provisions of the Act;
- (3) Requiring a change of any kind in any state law regulating electric utility rates and charges, affecting any state law regarding such state regulation, or limiting such state regulation, including any prudence review requirements under such state law;

 (4) Modifying the Federal Power Act or affecting the authority of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission under the Federal Power Act; or,

 (5) Interfering with or impairing any program for competitive bidding for power supply in a state in which such program is established.

STEP 4 For SO₂ Opt-in units only.

In column "f" enter the unit ID# for every SO₂ Opt-in unit identified in column "a" of STEP 2.

For column "g" describe the combustion unit and attach information and diagrams on the combustion unit's configuration.

in column "h" enter the hours.

h (not required for renewal application)
mber of hours unit trated in the six nths preceding initial dication

DEP Form No. 62-210.900(1)(a) - Form

Effective: 3/16/08

3

ACID RAIN PHASE II PROVISIONS

	Plant Name (from ST	EP 1) Cape Canaveral				
	<u> </u>		**************************************			
STEP 5	ı	j	k	1	m	n
For SO ₂ Opt-in units only. (Not required for SO ₂ Opt-in renewal applications.) In column "i" enter the unit ID# for every SO ₂ Opt-in unit identified in	Unit ID#	Baseline or Alternative Baseline under 40 CFR 74.20 (mmBtu)	Actual SO ₂ Emissions Rate under 40 CFR 74.22 (lbs/mmBtu)	Allowable 1985 SO ₂ Emissions Rate under 40 CFR 74.23 (lbs/mmBtu)	Current Allowable SO ₂ Emissions Rate under 40 CFR 74.24 (lbs/mmBtu)	Current Promulgated SO ₂ Emissions Rate under 40 CFR 74.25 (lba/mmBtu)
column "a" (and in column "f").						
For columns "j" through "n," enter the information required under 40 CFR 74.20-74.25						
and attach all supporting						
documentation required by 40 CFR 74.20-74.25.						
STEP 6 For SO ₂ Opt-in units only. Attach additional requirements, certify and sign.	 A. If the combustion source seeks to qualify for a transfer of allowances from the replacement of thermal energy, a thermal energy plan as provided in 40 CFR 74.47 for combustion sources must be attached. B. A statement whether the combustion unit was previously an affected unit under 40 CFR 74. C. A statement that the combustion unit is not an affected unit under 40 CFR 72.6 and does not have an exemption under 40 CFR 72.7, 72.8, or 72.14. D. Attach a complete compliance plan for SO₂ under 40 CFR 72.40. E. The designated representative of the combustion unit shall submit a monitoring plan in accordance with 40 CFR 74.61. For renewal application, submit an updated monitoring plan if applicable under 40 CFR 75.53(b). F. The following statement must be signed by the designated representative or alternate designated representative of the combustion source: "I certify that the data submitted under 40 CFR Part 74, Subpart C, reflects actual operations of the combustion source and has not been adjusted in any way." 					
	Signature	MUUUUN		Date	<u>1 15 09 </u>	
Read the certification statement; provide name, title, owner company name,	Certification (for designated representative or alternate designated representative only) I am authorized to make this submission on behalf of the owners and operators of the Acid Rain source or Acid Rain units for which the submiss is made. I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined, and am familiar with, the statements and information submitted in this document and all its attachments. Based on my inquiry of those individuals with primary responsibility for obtaining the information, I certify that statements and information are to the best of my knowledge and belief true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penal for submitting false statements and information or omitting required statements and information, including the possibility of fine or imprisonment					ubmitted in this ution, I certify that the a significant penalties
phone, and e-mail address; sign, and date.	Name Sheila M Wilkinson Title PGD Technical Services General Manager					
	Owner Company Name Florida Power & Light					
	Phone 561-691-26		E-mail address Shei	ila.M.Wilkinson@fpl.c	om	
	Signature	MUMM	M	Date	1/15/09.	
DEP Form No. 62-210.9 Effective: 3/16/08	00(1)(a) – Form	~ .	4			

SECTION V. CAIR PART FORM

CLEAN AIR INTERSTATE RULE PROVISIONS

Operated by: Florida Power & Light Company

Plant: Cape Canaveral Plant

ORIS Code: 0609

The emissions unit below is regulated under the Clean Air Interstate Rule.

EU No.	EPA Unit ID#	Brief Description
001	PCC1	Fossil Fuel Fired Steam Generator Unit 1
002	PCC2	Fossil Fuel Fired Steam Generator Unit 2

1. <u>Clean Air Interstate Rule Application</u>. The Clean Air Interstate Rule Part Form submitted for this facility is a part of this permit. The owners and operators of these CAIR units as identified in this form must comply with the standard requirements and special provisions set forth in the CAIR Part Form (DEP Form No. 62-210.900(1)(b)) dated March 16, 2008, which is attached at the end of this section. [Chapter 62-213, F.A.C. and Rule 62-210.200, F.A.C.]

CLEAN AIR INTERSTATE RULE PROVISIONS

Clean Air Interstate Rule (CAIR) Part

For more information,	see instructions a	and refer to 40 CFR 9	6.121, 96.122, 96.2	21, 96.222, 96.32	1 and 96.322 and	Rule 62-296.470, F.A.C.
	This su	ubmission is: X Ne	ew Revise	d 🛚 Renewal	17	W 1 - 2008
STEP 1	Plant Name: C	ape Canaveral			State: Florida	ORIS or EIA Plant Code:
Identify the source by plant name and ORIS or EIA plant code						000609
			Γ			
STEP 2	а	b	C	d	•	f
in column "a" enter the unit ID# for every CAIR unit at the CAIR source. In columns "b," "c,"	Unit ID#	Unit will hold nitrogen oxides (NO _X) allowances in accordance with 40 CFR	Unit will hold sulfur dioxide (SO ₂) allowances in accordance with 40 CFR	Unit will hold NO _X Ozon Season allowances in accordance with 40 CFR 96.306(c)(1)	Expected	d Expected ce Monitor ial Certification
and "d," indicate to	PCC1	96.106(c)(1) X	96.206(c)(1) X	X	Operation a	Jale Deadmie
which CAIR program(s) each unit is subject by placing an "X" in the column(s).	PCC2	х	X	х		
For new units, enter the requested information in columns "e" and "f.						
						
					-	
					-	
					 	
			-		-	1

DEP Form No. 62-210.900(1)(b) - Form Effective: 3/16/08

SECTION V. CAIR PART FORM

CLEAN AIR INTERSTATE RULE PROVISIONS

STEP 1

Read the standard requirements.

Cape Canaveral Plant Name (from STEP 1)

CAIR NO_X ANNUAL TRADING PROGRAM

CAIR Part Requirements.

- The CAIR designated representative of each CAIR NO_X source and each CAIR NO_X unit at the source shall:
 Submit to the DEP a complete and certified CAIR Part form under 40 CFR 96.122 and Rule 62-298.470, F.A.C., in accordance with the deadlines specified in Rule 62-213.420. F.A.C.: and
- (2) The owners and operators of each CAIR NO_x source and each CAIR NO_x unit at the source shall have a CAIR Part included in the Title V operating permit issued by the DEP under 40 CFR Part 98, Subpart CC, and operate the source and the unit in compliance with such CAIR

Monitoring, Reporting, and Recordkeeping Requirements.

- (1) The owners and operators, and the CAIR designated representative, of each CAIR NO_x source and each CAIR NO_x unit at the source shall comply with the monitoring, reporting, and recordkeeping requirements of 40 CFR Part 96, Subpart HH, and Rule 62-296.470, F.A.C.

 (2) The emissions measurements recorded and reported in accordance with 40 CFR Part 96, Subpart HH, shall be used to determine
- compliance by each CAIR NO_x source with the following CAIR NO_x Emissions Requirements

NO_x Emission Requirements.

- (1) As of the allowance transfer deadline for a control period, the owners and operators of each CAIR NO_X source and each CAIR NO_X unit at the source shall hold, in the source's compliance account, CAIR NO_X allowances available for compliance deductions for the control period under 40 CFR 96.154(a) in an amount not less than the tons of total NO_X emissions for the control period from all CAIR NO_X units at the source, as
- 40 CFR 96.154(a) in an amount not less than the tons or total NO_X emissions for the control period from all CAIR NO_X units at the source, as determined in accordance with 40 CFR Part 98, Subpart HI.

 (2) A CAIR NO_X unit shall be subject to the requirements under paragraph (1) of the NO_X Requirements string on the later of January 1, 2009, or the deadline for meeting the unit's monitor certification requirements under 40 CFR 96.170(b)(1) or (2) and for each control period thereafter.

 (3) A CAIR NO_X allowance shall not be deducted, for compliance with the requirements under paragraph (1) of the NO_X Requirements, for a control period in a calendar year before the year for which the CAIR NO_X allowance was allocated.

 (4) CAIR NO_X allowances shall be held in, deducted from, or transferred into or among CAIR NO_X Allowance Tracking System accounts in
- (4) CAIR NO_x allowances shall be held in, deducted from, or transferred into or among CAIR NO_x Allowance Tracking System accounts in accordance with 40 CFR Part 98, Subparts FF and GG.

 (5) A CAIR NO_x allowance is a limited authorization to emit one ton of NO_x in accordance with the CAIR NO_x Annual Tracking Program. No provision of the CAIR NO_x Annual Tracking Program, the CAIR Part, or an exemption under 40 CFR 96.105 and no provision of law shall be construed to limit the authority of the state or the United States to terminate or limit such authorization.

 (6) A CAIR NO_x allowance does not constitute a property right.

 (7) Upon recordation by the Administrator under 40 CFR Part 98, Subpart EE, FF, or GG, every allocation, transfer, or deduction of a CAIR NO_x allowance to of the call of the council the complication is inconstrated authorities in any CAIR Post of the council the complication and council to inconstrate authorities in any CAIR Post of the council the complication is inconstrated authorities in any CAIR Post of the council the CAIR NO_x allowance the council that the CAIR NO_x allowance the council the council that the council the CAIR NO_x allowance that the council that the
- owance to or from a CAIR NO_x unit's compliance account is incorporated automatically in any CAIR Part of the source that includes the CAIR

Excess Emissions Requirements.

If a CAIR NO_x source emits NO_x during any control period in excess of the CAIR NO_x emissions limitation, then:

- (1) The owners and operators of the source and each CAIR NO_x unit at the source shall surrender the CAIR NO_x allowances required for deduction under 40 CFR 96.154(d)(1) and pay any fine, penalty, or assessment or comply with any other remedy imposed, for the same violations, under the Clean Air Act or applicable state law, and
- (2) Each ton of such excess emissions and each day of such control period shall constitute a separate violation of 40 CFR Part 96, Subpart AA, the Clean Air Act, and applicable state law.

Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements.

- (1) Unless otherwise provided, the owners and operators of the CAIR NO_x source and each CAIR NO_x unit at the source shall keep on site at the source each of the following documents for a period of 5 years from the date the document is created. This period may be extended for cause, at any time before the end of 5 years, in writing by the DEP or the Administrator.

 (i) The certificate of representation under 40 CFR 96.113 for the CAIR designated representative for the source and each CAIR NO_x unit at the source and all documents that demonstrate he takes the statements in the certificate of connectation and the take of the source and all documents that demonstrate he takes the statements in the certificate of connectations associated that the confidence of the statements in the certificate of connectations associated that the confidence of the statements in the certificate of connectations associated that the confidence of the statements in the certificate of connectations associated that the confidence of the certificate of the certificate of connectations associated that the certificate of t
- the source and all documents that demonstrate the truth of the statements in the certificate of representation; provided that the certificate and the source and a documents that demonstrate the source beyond such 5-year period until such documents shall be retained on site at the source beyond such 5-year period until such documents are superseded because of the submission of a new certificate of representation under 40 CFR 96.113 changing the CAIR designated representative.

 (ii) All emissions monitoring information, in accordance with 40 CFR Part 96, Subpart HH, of this part, provided that to the extent that 40 CFR
- Part 96, Subpart HH, provides for a 3-year period for recordkeeping, the 3-year period shall apply.

 (iii) Copies of all reports, compliance certifications, and other submissions and all records made or required under the CAIR NO_x Annual
- (iv) Copies of all documents used to complete a CAIR Part form and any other submission under the CAIR NOx Annual Trading Program or to
- demonstrate compliance with the requirements of the CAIR NO_x Annual Trading Program.

 (2) The CAIR designated representative of a CAIR NO_x source and each CAIR NO_x unit at the source shall submit the reports required under the CAIR NO_x Annual Trading Program, including those under 40 CFR Part 96, Subpart HH.

DEP Form No. 62-210.900(1)(b) - Form

Effective: 3/16/08

CLEAN AIR INTERSTATE RULE PROVISIONS

Plant Name (from STEP 1)

Cape Canaveral

STEP 3, Continued

Liability.

- (1) Each CAIR NO_x source and each CAIR NO_x unit shall meet the requirements of the CAIR NO_x Annual Trading Program.

 (2) Any provision of the CAIR NO_x Annual Trading Program that applies to a CAIR NO_x source or the CAIR designated representative of a CAIR NO_x source shall also apply to the owners and operators of such source and of the CAIR NO_x units at the source.

 (3) Any provision of the CAIR NO_x Annual Trading Program that applies to a CAIR NO_x unit or the CAIR designated representative of a CAIR NO_x that or the CAIR NO_x annual Trading Program that applies to a CAIR NO_x unit or the CAIR designated representative of a CAIR NO_x that the CAIR NO_x that the CAIR NO_x that the course of the CAIR NO_x that the course
- NO_X unit shall also apply to the owners and operators of such unit.

Effect on Other Authorities.

No provision of the CAIR NO_X Annual Trading Program, a CAIR Part, or an exemption under 40 CFR 96.105 shall be construed as exempting or excluding the owners and operators, and the CAIR designated representative, of a CAIR NO_X source or CAIR NO_X unit from compliance with any other provision of the applicable, approved State Implementation Plan, a federally enforceable permit, or the Clean Air Act.

CAIR SO₂ TRADING PROGRAM

CAIR Part Requirements.

- (1) The CAIR designated representative of each CAIR SO₂ source and each CAIR SO₂ unit at the source shall:
 (i) Submit to the DEP a complete and certified CAIR Part form under 40 CFR 96.222 and Rule 62-296.470, F.A.C., in accordance with the adlines specified in Rule 62-213.420, F.A.C.; and
- (2) The owners and operators of each CAIR SO₂ source and each CAIR SO₂ unit at the source shall have a CAIR Part included in the Title V operating permit issued by the DEP under 40 CFR Part 96, Subpart CCC, for the source and operate the source and each CAIR unit in compliance with such CAIR Part.

Monitoring, Reporting, and Recordkeeping Requirements.

(1) The owners and operators, and the CAIR designated representative, of each CAIR SO₂ source and each SO₂ CAIR unit at the source shall comply with the monitoring, reporting, and recordkeeping requirements of 40 CFR Part 96, Subpart HHH, and Rule 62-296.470, F.A.C.
(2) The emissions measurements recorded and reported in accordance with 40 CFR Part 96, Subpart HHH, shall be used to determine compliance by each CAIR SO₂ source with the following CAIR SO₂ Emission Requirements.

SO₂ Emission Requirements.

- (1) As of the allowance transfer deadline for a control period, the owners and operators of each CAIR SO₂ source and each CAIR SO₂ unit at (1) As or the allowance transfer deadline for a control period, the owners and operators or each CAIR SO₂ unite at the source's shall hold, in the source's compliance account, a tonage equivalent in CAIR SO₂ allowances available for compliance deductions for the control period, as determined in accordance with 40 CFR 96.254(a) and (b), not less than the tons of total sulfur dioxide emissions for the control period from all CAIR SO₂ units at the source, as determined in accordance with 40 CFR Peri 96. Subpart HHH.

 (2) A CAIR SO₂ unit shall be subject to the requirements under paragraph (1) of the Sulfur Dioxide Emission Requirements starting on the later of January 1, 2010 or the deadline for meeting the unit's monitor certification requirements under 40 CFR 96.270(b)(1) or (2) and for each control regular monitors.
- period th

- period thereafter.

 (3) A CAIR SO₂ allowance shall not be deducted, for compliance with the requirements under paragraph (1) of the SO₂ Emission Requirements, for a control period in a calendar year before the year for which the CAIR SO₂ allowance was allocated.

 (4) CAIR SO₂ allowances shall be held in, deducted from, or transferred into or among CAIR SO₂ Allowance Tracking System accounts in accordance with 40 CFR Part 98, Subparts FFF and GGG.

 (5) A CAIR SO₂ allowance is a limited authorization to emit sulfur dioxide in accordance with the CAIR SO₂ Trading Program. No provision of the CAIR SO₂ Trading Program, the CAIR Part, or an exemption under 40 CFR 96.205 and no provision of law shall be construed to limit the authority of the state or the United States to terminate or limit such authorization.
- (6) A CAIR SO₂ allowance does not constitute a property right.
 (7) Upon recordation by the Administrator under 40 CFR Part 96, Subpart FFF or GGG, every allocation, transfer, or deduction of a CAIR SO₂ allowance to or from a CAIR SO₂ unit's compliance account is incorporated automatically in any CAIR Part of the source that includes the CAIR

Excess Emissions Requirements.

- If a CAIR SO₂ source emits SO₂ during any control period in excess of the CAIR SO₂ emissions limitation, then:
 (1) The owners and operators of the source and each CAIR SO₂ unit at the source shall surrender the CAIR SO₂ allowances required for deduction under 40 CFR 96.254(d)(1) and pay any fine, penalty, or assessment or comply with any other remedy imposed, for the same
- violations, under the Clean Air Act or applicable state law, and
 (2) Each ton of such excess emissions and each day of such control period shall constitute a separate violation of 40 CFR Part 96, Subpart AAA, the Clean Air Act, and applicable state law.

DEP Form No. 62-210.900(1)(b) - Form

Effective: 3/16/08

3

CLEAN AIR INTERSTATE RULE PROVISIONS

Plant Name (from STEP 1)

Cape Capaveral

STEP 3. Continued

Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements.

- (1) Unless otherwise provided, the owners and operators of the CAIR SO₂ source and each CAIR SO₂ unit at the source shall keep on site at the source each of the following documents for a period of 5 years from the date the document is created. This period may be extended for cause, at any time before the end of 5 years, in writing by the Department or the Administrator.

 (i) The certificate of representation under 40 CFR 96.213 for the CAIR designated representative for the source and each CAIR SO₂ unit at
- the source and all documents that demonstrate the furth of the statements in the certificate of representation; provided that the certificate and documents shall be retained on site at the source beyond such 5-year period until such documents are superseded because of the submission of a new certificate of representation under 40 CFR 98.213 changing the CAIR designated representative.

 (ii) All emissions monitoring information, in accordance with 40 CFR Part 98, Subpart HiHH, of this part, provided that to the extent that 40
- CFR Part 96, Subpart HHH, provides for a 3-year period for recordkeeping, the 3-year period shall apply.

 (iii) Copies of all reports, compliance cartifications, and other submissions and all records made or required under the CAIR SO₂ Trading
- (iv) Copies of all documents used to complete a CAIR Part form and any other submission under the CAIR SO₂ Trading Program or to
- demonstrate compliance with the requirements of the CAIR SO₂ Trading Program.

 (2) The CAIR designated representative of a CAIR SO₂ source and each CAIR SO₂ unit at the source shall submit the reports required under the CAIR SO₂ Trading Program, including those under 40 CFR Part 96, Subpart HHH.

Liability.

- (1) Each CAIR SO₂ source and each CAIR SO₂ unit shall meet the requirements of the CAIR SO₂ Trading Program.
- (2) Any provision of the CAIR SO₂ Trading Program that applies to a CAIR SO₂ source or the CAIR designated representative of a CAIR SO₂ source shall also apply to the owners and operators of such source and of the CAIR SO₂ units at the source.
- (3) Any provision of the CAIR SO₂ Trading Program that applies to a CAIR SO₂ unit or the CAIR designated representative of a CAIR SO₂ unit shall also apply to the owners and operators of such unit.

Effect on Other Authorities.

No provision of the CAIR SO₂ Trading Program, a CAIR Part, or an exemption under 40 CFR 96.205 shall be construed as exempting or excluding the owners and operators, and the CAIR designated representative, of a CAIR SO₂ source or CAIR SO₂ unit from compliance with any other provision of the applicable, approved State Implementation Plan, a federally enforceable permit, or the Clean Air Act.

CAIR NO. OZONE SEASON TRADING PROGRAM

CAIR Part Requirements.

- (1) The CAIR designated representative of each CAIR NO_x Ozone Season source and each CAIR NO_x Ozone Season unit at the source shall:
 (i) Submit to the DEP a complete and certified CAIR Part form under 40 CFR 96.322 and Rule 62-296.470, F.A.C., in accordance with the deadlines specified in Rule 62-213.420, F.A.C.; and
- (v) Incorned,

 (2) The owners and operators of each CAIR NO_X Ozone Season source required to have a Title V operating permit or air construction permit, and each CAIR NO_X Ozone Season unit required to have a Title V operating permit or air construction permit at the source shall have a CAIR Part included in the Title V operating permit or air construction permit issued by the DEP under 40 CFR Part 96, Subpart CCCC, for the source and operate the source and the unit in compliance with such CAIR Part.

Monitoring, Reporting, and Recordkeeping Requirements.

- (1) The owners and operators, and the CAIR designated representative, of each CAIR NO_X Ozone Season source and each CAIR NO_X Ozone eason unit at the source shall comply with the monitoring, reporting, and recordkeeping requirements of 40 CFR Part 96, Subpart HHHH, and Rule 62-296.470, F.A.C.
- (2) The emissions measurements recorded and reported in accordance with 40 CFR Part 96, Subpart HHHH, shall be used to determine compliance by each CAIR NO_X Ozone Season source with the following CAIR NO_X Ozone Season Emissions Requirements.

NO_x Ozone Season Emission Requirements.

- (1) As of the allowance transfer deadline for a control period, the owners and operators of each CAIR NO_X Ozone Season source and each CAIR NO_X Ozone Season unit at the source shall hold, in the source's compliance account, CAIR NO_X Ozone Season allowances available for compliance deductions for the control period under 40 CFR 96.354(a) in an amount not less than the tons of total NO_X emissions for the control period from all CAIR NO_X Ozone Season units at the source, as determined in accordance with 40 CFR Part 96, Subpart HHHH.

 (2) A CAIR NO_X Ozone Season unit shall be subject to the requirements under paragraph (1) of the NO, Ozone Season Emission Requirements starting on the later of May 1, 2009 or the deadline for meeting the unit's monitor certification requirements under 40 CFR 96.370(b)(1),(2), or (3) and for each control period thereafter.
- (3) A CAIR NO_X Ozone Season allowance shall not be deducted, for compliance with the requirements under paragraph (1) of the NO_X Ozone Season Emission Requirements, for a control period in a calendar year before the year for which the CAIR NO_X Ozone Season allowance was
- (4) CAIR NO_x Ozone Season allowances shall be held in, deducted from, or transferred into or among CAIR NO_x Ozone Season Allowance
- (5) A CAIR NO_X Ozone Season allowance is a limited authorization to emit one ton of NO_X in accordance with 40 CFR Part 96, Slubparts FFFF and GGGG.

 (5) A CAIR NO_X Ozone Season allowance is a limited authorization to emit one ton of NO_X in accordance with the CAIR NO_X Ozone Season Trading Program. No provision of the CAIR NO_X Ozone Season Trading Program, the CAIR Part, or an exemption under 40 CFR 96.305 and no provision of law shall be construed to limit the authority of the state or the United States to terminate or limit such authorization.

DEP Form No. 62-210.900(1)(b) - Form

Effective: 3/16/08

SECTION V. CAIR PART FORM

CLEAN AIR INTERSTATE RULE PROVISIONS

(6) A CAIR NO_X Ozone Season allowance does not constitute a property right.

(7) Upon recordation by the Administrator under 40 CFR Part 96, Subpart EEEE, FFFF or GGGG, every allocation, transfer, or deduction of a CAIR NO_X Ozone Season allowance to or from a CAIR NO_X Ozone Season unit's compilance account is incorporated automatically in any CAIR Part of the source that includes the CAIR NO_x Ozone Season unit.

Plant Name (from STEP 1) Cape Canaveral

STEP 3 Continued

Excess Emissions Requirements

If a CAIR NO_X Ozone Season source emits NO_X during any control period in excess of the CAIR NO_X Ozone Season emissions limitation, then: (1) The owners and operators of the source and each CAIR NO_X Ozone Season unit at the source shall surrender the CAIR NO_X Ozone Season allowances required for deduction under 40 CFR 96.354(d)(1) and pay any fine, penalty, or assessment or comply with any other remedy imposed, for the same violations, under the Clean Air Act or applicable state law, and

(2) Each ton of such excess emissions and each day of such control period shall constitute a separate violation of 40 CFR Part 96, Subpart AAAA, the Clean Air Act, and applicable state law.

Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements

(1) Unless otherwise provided, the owners and operators of the CAIR NO_x Ozone Season source and each CAIR NO_x Ozone Season unit at the source shall keep on site at the source each of the following documents for a period of 5 years from the date the document is created. This period may be extended for cause, at any time before the end of 5 years, in writing by the DEP or the Administrator.

(i) The certificate of representation under 40 CFR 96.313 for the CAIR designated representative for the source and each CAIR NO_X Ozone

(i) All emissions monitoring information, in accordance with 40 CFR 98.13 bot me.

(ii) CFR Part 98, Subpart HHHH, provides for a 3-year period for recordiseging, the 3-year period shall apply.

(iii) Copies of all reports, compliance certifications, and other submissions and all records made or required under the CAIR NO_x Ozone

Season Trading Program.

(iv) Copies of all documents used to complete a CAIR Part form and any other submission under the CAIR NO_X Ozone Season Trading Program or to demonstrate compilance with the requirements of the CAIR NO_X Ozone Season Trading Program.

(2) The CAIR designated representative of a CAIR NO_X Ozone Season source and each CAIR NO_X Ozone Season unit at the source shall

submit the reports required under the CAIR NO_X Ozone Season Trading Program, including those under 40 CFR Part 96, Subpart HHHH.

(1) Each CAIR NO_x Ozone Season source and each CAIR NO_x Ozone Season unit shall meet the requirements of the CAIR NO_x Ozone Season

Trading Program.

(2) Any provision of the CAIR NO_X Ozone Season Trading Program that applies to a CAIR NO_X Ozone Season source or the CAIR designated representative of a CAIR NO_X Ozone Season source shall also apply to the owners and operators of such source and of the CAIR NO_X Ozone Season units at the source.

(3) Any provision of the CAIR NO_X Ozone Season Trading Program that applies to a CAIR NO_X Ozone Season unit or the CAIR designated representative of a CAIR NO_X Ozone Season unit shall also apply to the owners and operators of such unit.

Effect on Other Authorities

No provision of the CAIR NO_x Ozone Season Trading Program, a CAIR Part, or an exemption under 40 CFR 96.305 shall be construed as exempting or excluding the owners and operators, and the CAIR designated representative, of a CAIR NO_x Ozone Season source or CAIR NO_x ason unit fro m compliance with any other provision of the applicable, approved State Implementation Plan, a federally enforceable permit, or the Clean Air Act.

STEP 4

Certification (for designated representative or alternate designated representative only)

Read the certification statement; provide name, title, owner company name, phone, and e-mail address; sign, and date.

I am authorized to make this submission on behalf of the owners and operators of the CAIR source or CAIR units for which the submission is made. I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined, and am familiar with, the statements and information submitted in this document and all its attachments. Based on my inquiry of those individuals with primary responsibility for obtaining the information, I certify that the statements and information are to the best of my knowledge and belief true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false statements and information or omitting required statements and information, including the possibility of fine or imprisonment.

Name Sheila M Wilkinson		Title PGD Technical Services General Manager (DR)			
Company Owner Name: Florida Pow	er & Light				
Phone 561-691-2287	E-mail Address Shei	E-mail Address Sheila.M.Wilkinson@fpl.com			
signature OMUULUSM		Date 1 15 09			

DEP Form No. 62-210.900(1)(b) - Form

Effective: 3/16/08

SECTION VI. APPENDICES.

The Following Appendices Are Enforceable Parts of This Permit:

Appendix A, Glossary.

Appendix ASP, ASP Number 97-B-01 (With Scrivener's Order Dated July 9, 1997).

Appendix I, List of Insignificant Emissions Units and/or Activities.

Appendix ICE, Requirements for Internal Combustion Engines.

Appendix O, Order Granting Petition for Reduced Frequency of Particulate Testing.

Appendix RR, Facility-wide Reporting Requirements.

Appendix TR, Facility-wide Testing Requirements.

Appendix TV, Title V General Conditions.

Appendix U, List of Unregulated Emissions Units and/or Activities.

APPENDIX A

ABBREVIATIONS, ACRONYMS, CITATIONS AND IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS

° F: degrees Fahrenheit

acfm: actual cubic feet per minute **AOR:** Annual Operating Report

ARMS: Air Resource Management System

(Department's database)

BACT: best available control technology

Btu: British thermal units

CAM: compliance assurance monitoring

CEMS: continuous emissions monitoring system

cfm: cubic feet per minute

CFR: Code of Federal Regulations

CO: carbon monoxide

COMS: continuous opacity monitoring system **DARM:** Division of Air Resources Management

DCA: Department of Community Affairs **DEP**: Department of Environmental Protection

Department: Department of Environmental

Protection

dscfm: dry standard cubic feet per minute **EPA**: Environmental Protection Agency

ESP: electrostatic precipitator (control system for

reducing particulate matter)

EU: emissions unit

F.A.C.: Florida Administrative Code

F.D.: forced draft F.S.: Florida Statutes

FGR: flue gas recirculation

Fl: fluoride ft2: square feet ft3: cubic feet

gpm: gallons per minute

gr: grains

HAP: hazardous air pollutant

Hg: mercury I.D.: induced draft

ID: identification

ISO: International Standards Organization (refers to those conditions at 288 Kelvin, 60% relative humidity and 101.3 kilopascals pressure.)

kPa: kilopascals LAT: Latitude

lb: pound

lbs/hr: pounds per hour

LONG: Longitude

MACT: maximum achievable technology

mm: millimeter

MMBtu: million British thermal units MSDS: material safety data sheets

MW: megawatt

NESHAP: National Emissions Standards for

Hazardous Air Pollutants NO_x: nitrogen oxides

NSPS: New Source Performance Standards

O&M: operation and maintenance

O₂: oxygen

ORIS: Office of Regulatory Information Systems

Organic Solvent

Pb: lead

PM: particulate matter

PM₁₀: particulate matter with a mean aerodynamic

diameter of 10 microns or less

PSD: prevention of significant deterioration

psi: pounds per square inch PTE: potential to emit

RACT: reasonably available control technology

RATA: relative accuracy test audit RMP: Risk Management Plan Responsible Official SAM: sulfuric acid mist

scf: standard cubic feet

scfm: standard cubic feet per minute

SIC: standard industrial classification code

SNCR: selective non-catalytic reduction (control system used for reducing emissions of nitrogen

oxides)

SOA: Specific Operating Agreement

SO₂: sulfur dioxide TPH: tons per hour **TPY**: tons per year

UTM: Universal Transverse Mercator coordinate

system

VE: visible emissions

VOC: volatile organic compounds

By or times x:

ABBREVIATIONS, ACRONYMS, CITATIONS AND IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS

Citations:

The following examples illustrate the methods used in this permit to abbreviate and cite the references of rules, regulations, guidance memorandums, permit numbers and ID numbers.

Code of Federal Regulations:

Example: [40 CFR 60.334]

Where: 40 refers to Title 40

CFR refers to Code of Federal Regulations

60 refers to Part 60

60.334 refers to Regulation 60.334

Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.) Rules:

Example: [Rule 62-213.205, F.A.C.]

Where: 62 refers to Title 62

62-213 refers to Chapter 62-213

62-213.205 refers to Rule 62-213.205, F.A.C.

Identification Numbers:

Facility Identification (ID) Number:

Example: Facility ID No.: 1050221

Where:

105 = 3-digit number code identifying the facility is located in Polk County

0221 = 4-digit number assigned by state database.

Permit Numbers:

Example: 1050221-002-AV, or

1050221-001-AC

Where:

AC = Air Construction Permit

AV = Air Operation Permit (Title V Source)

105 = 3-digit number code identifying the facility is located in Polk County

0221= 4-digit number assigned by permit tracking database

001 or 002= 3-digit sequential project number assigned by permit tracking database

Example: PSD-FL-185 PA95-01

AC53-208321

Where:

PSD = Prevention of Significant Deterioration Permit

PA = Power Plant Siting Act Permit

AC53 = old Air Construction Permit numbering identifying the facility is located in Polk County

STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

In the matter of:)	**
Florida Electric Power Coordinating Group, Inc.,	}	ASP No. 97-B-0
Petitioner.)	

ORDER ON REQUEST FOR ALTERNATE PROCEDURES AND REQUIREMENTS

Pursuant to Rule 62-297.620, Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.), the Florida Electric Coordinating Group, Incorporated, (FCG) petitioned for approval to: (1) Exempt fossil fuel steam generators which burn liquid and/or solid fuel for less than 400 hours during the federal fiscal year from the requirement to conduct an annual particulate matter compliance test; and, (2) Exempt fossil fuel steam generators which burn liquid and/or solid fuel for less than 400 hours during the federal fiscal year from the requirement to conduct an annual particulate matter compliance test during the year prior to renewal of an operation permit. This Order is intended to clarify particulate testing requirements for those fossil fuel steam generators which primarily burn gaseous fuels including, but not necessarily limited to natural gas.

Having considered the provisions of Rule 62-296.405(1), F.A.C., Rule 62-297.310(7), F.A.C., and all supporting documentation, the following Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Order are entered:

FINDINGS OF FACT

- 1. The Florida Electric Power Coordinating Group, Incorporated, petitioned the Department to exempt those fossil fuel steam generators which have a heat input of more than 250 million Btu per hour and burn solid and/or liquid fuel less than 400 hours during the year from the requirement to conduct an annual particulate matter compliance test. [Exhibit 1]
- 2. Rule 62-296.405(1)(a), F.A.C., applies to those fossil fuel steam generators that are not subject to the federal standards of performance for new stationary sources (NSPS) in 40 CFR 60 and which have a heat input of more than 250 million Btu per bour.
- 3. Rule 62-296.405(1)(a), F.A.C., limits visible emissions from affected fossil fuel steam generators to, "20 percent opacity except for either one six-minute period per hour during which

not exceed 40 percent. The option selected shall be specified in the emissions unit's construction and operation permits. Emissions units governed by this visible emission limit shall test for particulate emission compliance annually and as otherwise required by Rule 62-297, F.A.C."

- 4. Rule 62-296.405(1)(a), F.A.C., further states, "Emissions units electing to test for particulate matter emission compliance quarterly shall be allowed visible emissions of 40 percent opacity. The results of such tests shall be submitted to the Department. Upon demonstration that the particulate standard has been regularly complied with, the Secretary, upon petition by the applicant, shall reduce the frequency of particulate testing to no less than once annually.
- 5. Rule 297.310(7)(a)1., F.A.C., states, "The owner or operator of a new or modified. emissions unit that is subject to an emission limiting standard shall conduct a compliance test that demonstrates compliance with the applicable emission limiting standard prior to obtaining an operation permit for such emissions unit."
- 6. Rule 297.310(7)(a)3., F.A.C., states, "The owner or operator of an emissions unit that is subject to any emission limiting standard shall conduct a compliance test that demonstrates compliance with the applicable emission limiting standard prior to obtaining a renewed operation permit. Emissions units that are required to conduct an annual compliance test may submit the most recent annual compliance test to satisfy the requirements of this provision.
- 7. Rule 297.310(7)(a)3., F.A.C., further states, "In renewing an air operation permit pursuant to Rule 62-210.300(2)(a)3.b., c., or d., F.A.C., the Department shall not require submission of emission compliance test results for any emissions unit that, during the year prior to renewal: a. Did not operate; or, b. In the case of a fuel burning emissions unit, burned liquid and/or solid fuel for a total of no more than 400 hours."
- 8. Rule 297.310(7)(a)4., F.A.C., states, "During each federal fiscal year (October 1 September 30), unless otherwise specified by rule, order, or permit, the owner or operator of each emissions unit shall have a formal compliance test conducted for: a. Visible emissions, if there is an applicable standard; b. Each of the following pollutants, if there is an applicable standard, and if the emissions unit emits or has the potential to emit: 5 tons per year or more of lead or lead compounds measured as elemental lead; 30 tons per year or more of acrylonitrile; or 100 tons per year or more of any other regulated air pollutant..."
- 9. Rule 297.310(7)(a)5., F.A.C., states, "An annual compliance test for particulate matter emissions shall not be required for any fuel burning emissions unit that, in a federal fiscal year, does not burn liquid and/or solid fuel, other than during startup, for a total of more than 400 hours."
- 10. Rule 297.310(7)(a)6., F.A.C., states, "For fossil fuel steam generators on a semi-annual particulate matter emission compliance testing schedule, a compliance test shall not be

__Page 2 of 8___

required for any six-month period in which liquid and/or solid fuel is not burned for more than 200 hours other than during startup."

- 11. Rule 297.310(7)(a)7., F.A.C., states, "For emissions units electing to conduct particulate matter emission compliance testing quarterly pursuant to Rule 62-296.405(2)(a), F.A.C., a compliance test shall not be required for any quarter in which liquid and/or solid fixel is not burned for more than 100 hours other than during startup." [Note: The reference should be to Rule 62-296.405(1)(a), F.A.C., rather than Rule 62-296.405(2)(a), F.A.C.]
- 12. The fifth edition of the U, S. Environmental Protection Agency's <u>Compilation of Air Pollutant Emission Factors</u>, AP-42, that emissions of filterable particulate from gas-fired fossil fuel steam generators with a heat input of more than about 10 million Btu per hour may be expected to range from 0.001 to 0.006 pound per million Btu. [Exhibit 2]
- 13. Rule 62-296.405(I)(b), F.A.C. and the federal standards of performance for new stationary sources in 40 CFR 60.42, Subpart D, limit particulate emissions from uncontrolled fossil fuel fired steam generators with a heat input of more than 250 million Btu to 0.1 pound per million Btu.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

- 1. The Department has jurisdiction to consider the matter pursuant to Section 403.061, Florida Statutes (F.S.), and Rule 62-297.620, F.A.C.
- 2. Pursuant to Rule 62-297.310(7), F.A.C., the Department may require Petitioner to conduct compliance tests that identify the nature and quantity of pollutant emissions, if, after investigation, it is believed that any applicable emission standard or condition of the applicable permits is being violated.
- 3. There is reason to believe that a fossil fuel steam generator which does not burn liquid and/or solid fuel (other than during startup) for a total of more than 400 hours in a federal fiscal year and complies with all other applicable limits and permit conditions is in compliance with the applicable particulate mass emission limiting standard.

ORDER

Having considered the requirements of Rule 62-296.405, F.A.C., Rule 62-297.310, F.A.C., and supporting documentation, it is hereby ordered that:

1. An annual compliance test for particulate matter emissions shall not be required for any fuel burning emissions unit that, in a federal fiscal year, does not burn liquid and/or solid fuel, other than during startup, for a total of more than 400 hours;

__Page 3 of 8__

- 2. For fossil fuel steam generators on a semi-annual particulate matter emission compliance testing schedule, a compliance test shall not be required for any six-month period in which liquid and/or solid fuel is not burned for more than 200 hours other than during startup;
- 3. For emissions units electing to conduct particulate matter emission compliance testing quarterly pursuant to Rule 62-296.405(1)(a), F.A.C., a compliance test shall not be required for any quarter in which liquid and/or solid fuel is not burned for more than 100 hours other than during startup;
- 4. In renewing an air operation permit pursuant to Rule 62-210,300(2)(a)3.b., c., or d., F.A.C., the Department shall not require submission of particulate matter emission compliance test results for any fossil fuel steam generator emissions unit that burned liquid and/or solid fuel for a total of no more than 400 hours during the year prior to renewal.
- 5. Pursuant to Rule 62-297.310(7), F.A.C., owners of affected fossil fuel steam generators may be required to conduct compliance tests that identify the nature and quantity of pollutant emissions, if, after investigation, it is believed that any applicable emission standard or condition of the applicable permits is being violated.
- 6. Pursuant to Rule 62-297.310(8), F.A.C., owners of affected fossil fuel steam generators shall submit the compliance test report to the District Director of the Department district office having jurisdiction over the emissions unit and, where applicable, the Air Program Administrator of the appropriate Department-approved local air program within 45 days of completion of the test.

PETITION FOR ADMINISTRATIVE REVIEW

The Department will take the action described in this Order unless a timely petition for an administrative hearing is filed pursuant to sections 120.569 and 120.57 of the Florida Statutes, or a party requests mediation as an alternative remedy under section 120.573 before the deadline for filing a petition. Choosing mediation will not adversely affect the right to a hearing if mediation does not result in a settlement. The procedures for petitioning for a hearing are set forth below, followed by the procedures for requesting mediation.

A person whose substantial interests are affected by the Department's proposed decision may petition for an administrative hearing in accordance with sections 120.569 and 120.57 of the Florida Statutes. The petition must contain the information set forth below and must be filed (received) in the Office of General Counsel of the Department at 3900 Commonwealth Boulevard, Mail Station 35, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-3000. Petitions must be filed within 21 days of receipt of this Order. A petitioner must mail a copy of the petition to the applicant at the address indicated above, at the time of filing. The failure of any person to file a petition (or a request for mediation, as discussed below) within the appropriate time period shall constitute a waiver of that person's right to request an administrative determination (hearing) under sections 120.569 and 120.57 of

-Page 4 of 8-

APPENDIX ASP

ASP NUMBER 97-B-01

the Florida Statutes, or to intervene in this proceeding and participate as a party to it. Any subsequent intervention will be only at the approval of the presiding officer upon the filing of a motion in compliance with Rule 28-5,207 of the Florida Administrative Code.

A petition must contain the following information:

- (a) The name, address, and telephone number of each petitioner, the applicant's name and address, the Department File Number, and the county in which the project is proposed;
- (b) A statement of how and when each petitioner received notice of the Department's action or proposed action;
- (c) A statement of how each petitioner's substantial interests are affected by the Department's action or proposed action;
 - (d) A statement of the material facts disputed by each petitioner, if any;
- (e) A statement of facts that the petitioner contends warrant reversal or modification of the Department's action or proposed action;
- (f) A statement identifying the rules or statutes each petitioner contends require reversal or modification of the Department's action or proposed action; and,
- (g) A statement of the relief sought by each petitioner, stating precisely the action each petitioner wants the Department to take with respect to the Department's action or proposed action in the notice of intent.

Because the administrative hearing process is designed to formulate final agency action, the filing of a petition means that the Department's final action may be different from the position taken by it in this Order. Persons whose substantial interests will be affected by any such final decision of the Department on the application have the right to petition to become a party to the proceeding, in accordance with the requirements set forth above.

A person whose substantial interests are affected by the Department's proposed decision, may elect to pursue mediation by asking all parties to the proceeding to agree to such mediation and by filing with the Department a request for mediation and the written agreement of all such parties to mediate the dispute. The request and agreement must be filed in (received by) the Office of General Counsel of the Department at 3900 Commonwealth Boulevard, Mail Station 35, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-3000, by the same deadline as set forth above for the filing of a petition.

A request for mediation must contain the following information:

-Page 5 of 8-

- (a) The name, address, and telephone number of the person requesting mediation and that person's representative, if any;
 - (b) A statement of the preliminary agency action;
 - (c) A statement of the relief sought; and
- (d) Either an explanation of how the requester's substantial interests will be affected by the action or proposed action addressed in this notice of intent or a statement clearly identifying the petition for hearing that the requester has already filed, and incorporating it by reference.

The agreement to mediate must include the following:

- (a) The names, addresses, and telephone numbers of any persons who may attend the mediation;
- (b) The name, address, and telephone number of the mediator selected by the parties, or a provision for selecting a mediator within a specified time;
 - (c) The agreed allocation of the costs and fees associated with the mediation;
- (d) The agreement of the parties on the confidentiality of discussions and documents introduced during mediation;
- (e) The date, time, and place of the first mediation session, or a deadline for holding the first session, if no mediator has yet been chosen;
- (f) The name of each party's representative who shall have authority to settle or recommend settlement; and
 - (g) The signatures of all parties or their authorized representatives.

As provided in section 120.573 of the Florida Statutes, the timely agreement of all parties to mediate will toll the time limitations imposed by sections 120.569 and 120.57 for requesting and holding an administrative hearing. Unless otherwise agreed by the parties, the mediation must be concluded within sixty days of the execution of the agreement. If mediation results in settlement of the administrative dispute, the Department must enter a final order incorporating the agreement of the parties. Persons whose substantial interests will be affected by such a modified final decision of the Department have a right to petition for a hearing only in accordance with the requirements for such petitions set forth above. If mediation terminates without settlement of the dispute, the Department shall notify all parties in writing that the administrative hearing processes under sections 120.569 and 120.57 remain available for disposition of the dispute, and the notice will

-Page 6 of 8-

APPENDIX ASP

ASP NUMBER 97-B-01

specify the deadlines that then will apply for challenging the agency action and electing remedies under those two statutes.

In addition to the above, a person subject to regulation has a right to apply for a variance from or waiver of the requirements of particular rules, on certain conditions, under section 120.542 of the Florida Statutes. The relief provided by this state statute applies only to state rules, not statutes, and not to any federal regulatory requirements. Applying for a variance or waiver does not substitute or extend the time for filing a petition for an administrative hearing or exercising any other right that a person may have in relation to the action proposed in this notice of intent.

The application for a variance or waiver is made by filing a petition with the Office of General Counsel of the Department, 3900 Commonwealth Boulevard, Mail Station 35, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-3000.

The petition must specify the following information:

- (a) The name, address, and telephone number of the petitioner;
- (b) The name, address, and telephone number of the attorney or qualified representative of the petitioner, if any;
 - (c) Each rule or portion of a rule from which a variance or waiver is requested;
 - (d) The citation to the statute underlying (implemented by) the rule identified in (c) above;
 - (e) The type of action requested;
 - (f) The specific facts that would justify a variance or waiver for the petitioner,
- (g) The reason why the variance or waiver would serve the purposes of the underlying statute (implemented by the rule); and
- (h) A statement whether the variance or waiver is permanent or temporary and, if temporary, a statement of the dates showing the duration of the variance or waiver requested.

The Department will grant a variance or waiver, when the petition demonstrates both that the application of the rule would create a substantial hardship or violate principles of fairness, as each of those terms is defined in section 120.542(2) of the Florida Statutes, and that the purpose of the underlying statute will be or has been achieved by other means by the petitioner. Persons subject to regulation pursuant to any federally delegated or approved air program should be aware that Florida is specifically not authorized to issue variances or waivers from any requirements of any such federally delegated or approved program. The requirements of the program remain fully

-Page 7 of 8-

each of those terms is defined in section 120.542(2) of the Florida Statutes, and that the purpose of the underlying statute will be or has been achieved by other means by the petitioner. Persons subject to regulation pursuant to any federally delegated or approved air program should be aware that Florida is specifically not authorized to issue variances or waivers from any requirements of any such federally delegated or approved program. The requirements of the program remain fully enforceable by the Administrator of the EPA and by any person under the Clean Air Act unless and until the Administrator separately approves any variance or waiver in accordance with the procedures of the federal program.

This Order constitutes final agency action unless a petition is filed in accordance with the above paragraphs. Upon timely filing of a petition, this Order will not be effective until further Order of the Department.

RIGHT TO APPEAL

Any party to this Order has the right to seek judicial review of the Order pursuant to Section 120.68, F.S., by the filing of a Notice of Appeal pursuant to Rule 9.110, Florida Rules of Appellate Procedure, with the Clerk of the Department in the Office of General Counsel, 3900 Commonwealth Boulevard, Mail Station 35, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-3000; and, by filing a copy of the Notice of Appeal accompanied by the applicable filing fees with the appropriate District Court of Appeal. The Notice of Appeal must be filed within 30 days from the date the Notice of Agency Action is filed with the Clerk of the Department.

DONE AND ORDERED this 17 day of March, 1997 in Tallahassee,

STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

HOWARD L. RHODES, Director Division of Air Resources Management Twin Towers Office Building 2600 Blair Stone Road

Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400

(904) 488-0114

-Page 8 of 8-

APPENDIX ASP

ASP NUMBER 97-B-01

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

The undersigned duly designated deputy clerk hereby certifies that a copy of the foregoing was mailed to Rich Piper, Chair, Florida Power Coordinating Group, Inc., 405 Reo Street, Suite 100, Tampa, Florida 33609-1004, on this Kerk day of March 1997.

Clerk Stamp

FILING AND ACKNOWLEDGMENT FILED, on this date, pursuant to \$120.52(7), Florida Statutes, with the designated Department Clerk, receipt of which is hereby acknowledged.

STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

In the matter of:)	
Florida Electric Power Coordinating Group, Inc.,	<u> </u>	ASP No. 97-B-0
Petitioner.)	

ORDER CORRECTING SCRIVENER'S ERROR

The Order which authorizes owners of natural gas fired fossil fuel steam generators to forgo particulate matter compliance testing on an annual basis and prior to renewal of an operation permit entered on the 17th day of March, 1997, is hereby corrected on page 4, paragraph number 4, by deleting the words "pursuant to Rule 62-210.300(2)(a)3.b., c., or d., F.A.C.":

4. In renewing an air operation permit pursuant to Rule 62 210.300(2)(a)3.b., c., or d., F.A.C., the Department shall not require submission of particulate matter emission compliance test results for any fossil fuel steam generator emissions unit that burned liquid and/or solid fuel for a total of no more than 400 hours during the year prior to renewal.

DONE AND ORDERED this 2 day of July 1997 in Tallahassee, Florida

STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

HOWARD L. RHODES, Director Division of Air Resources Management

Twin Towers Office Building 2600 Blair Stone Road

Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400

(904) 488-0114

The above two documents comprise Appendix ASP.

APPENDIX I

LIST OF INSIGNIFICANT EMISSIONS UNITS AND/OR ACTIVITIES

The facilities, emissions units, or pollutant-emitting activities listed in Rule 62-210.300(3)(a), F.A.C., Categorical Exemptions, or that meet the criteria specified in Rule 62-210.300(3)(b)1., F.A.C., Generic Emissions Unit Exemption, are exempt from the permitting requirements of Chapters 62-210, 62-212 and 62-4, F.A.C.; provided, however, that exempt emissions units shall be subject to any applicable emission limiting standards and the emissions from exempt emissions units or activities shall be considered in determining the potential emissions of the facility containing such emissions units. Emissions units and pollutant-emitting activities exempt from permitting under Rules 62-210.300(3)(a) and (b)1., F.A.C., shall not be exempt from the permitting requirements of Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., if they are contained within a Title V source; however, such emissions units and activities shall be considered insignificant for Title V purposes provided they also meet the criteria of Rule 62-213.430(6)(b), F.A.C. No emissions unit shall be entitled to an exemption from permitting under Rules 62-210.300(3)(a) and (b)1., F.A.C., if its emissions, in combination with the emissions of other units and activities at the facility, would cause the facility to emit or have the potential to emit any pollutant in such amount as to make the facility a Title V source.

The below listed emissions units and/or activities are considered insignificant pursuant to Rule 62-213.430(6), F.A.C.

Emissions Unit	Description
1	Natural Gas Metering Area Relief Valves
2	Hydrazine Mixing Tank
3	Fuel Oil Storage Tanks and Related Systems
4	Lube Oil Tanks, Vents, and Related Systems
5	Oil/Water Separation Basin and Related Equipment
6	Hazardous Waste Building
7	Paint/Lube Buildings
8	Miscellaneous Mobile Vehicle Operation
9	Evaporation of Boiler Chemical Cleaning Waste
10	Steam & Air Evacuation Systems
11	Feedwater, Condensate & Heater Drains
12	Service & Cooling Water
13	Fuels & Lube Oil System
14	Caustic Wash, Station & Instrument Air
15	Condensate System
16	Feedwater System
17	Chemical Feed System
18	Instrument Air System
19	Service Air System
20	Closed Cooling Water System
21	Service Water & Fire Protection Systems
22	Fuel Oil System
23 .	Nitrogen Purge System
24	Caustic Wash System
25	Fuel Management System
26	Steam & Air Evacuation System
27	Miscellaneous Mobile Equipment Operation
28	Miscellaneous Building Venting
29	Misc. Building Heating/Cooling

APPENDIX I

LIST OF INSIGNIFICANT EMISSIONS UNITS AND/OR ACTIVITIES

Emissions Unit	Description	
30	Fuel Oil Barge Unloading Area	
31	Gas Metering Area (Units 1 & 2)	
32	Recreation Area Pavilion	
33	Motor Fuels Area	
34	C.E.M. Building	
35	Control, Auxiliary & Miscellaneous Buildings-Portable and Sanitary	
36	"Donkey Boiler" Mobile Auxiliary Steam Unit	
37	Bulk Gas Building	
38	Hydrogen Storage Building	
39	Hydrogen Storage Tube Trailer	
40	Service Building	
41	Control Building	
42	Water Treatment	
43	Waste Water Treatment	
44	LAPIO – Low API Oil System	
45	Chlorination/Dechlorination	
46	Home heating and comfort with a gross maximum heat output of less than one million	
	BTU/hr.	
47	Internal combustion engines in boats, aircraft and vehicles used for transportation of	
	passengers or freight.	
48	Vacuum pumps used in laboratory operations.	
49	Equipment used for steam cleaning	
50	Belt or drum sanders having a total sanding surface of five square feet or less and other	
1	equipment used exclusively on wood or plastics or their products having a density of 20	
	pounds per cubic foot or more.	
51	Equipment used exclusively for space heating, other than boilers.	
52	Laboratory Equipment used exclusively for chemical or physical analysis.	
53	Brazing, soldering or welding equipment	
54	Laundry dryers, extractors, or tumblers for fabrics cleaned with only water solutions of	
	bleach or detergents	
55	Fire & Safety Equipment	
56	Surface coating facilities in ozone attainment areas (provided that 6.0 gallons of coatings per	
	day are applied)	
57	Degreasing units using heavier-than-air vapors exclusively, except any such unit using or	
	emitting any substance classified as a hazardous air pollutant.	

APPENDIX ICE

REQUIREMENTS FOR INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINES

This Title V facility contains stationary internal combustion engines that have been exempted from the requirement to obtain an air construction permit because they qualify for one of the categorical exemptions listed in Rule 62-210.300(3)(a), Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.). However, they are included in this permit as regulated emissions units because they are subject to one or more of the following federal rules:

- 40 CFR 60, Subpart IIII—Standards of Performance for Stationary Compression Ignition Internal Combustion Engines.
- 40 CFR 60, Subpart JJJJ—Standards of Performance for Stationary Spark Ignition Internal Combustion Engines.
- 40 CFR 63, Subpart ZZZZ—National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines.

The below listed engines are subject to the specified federal rules. The following table also contains equipment that is exempt from the above listed federal rules and is addressed here for clarity.

EU ID	Engine	In-service date	Cylinder	Rated hp	Rule applicability
no	description		Displacement		
006 New	RICE Caterpillar 3456 SN# C3G01223	Mfgr Date: 2006(month not labeled) Purchased 11/08 In-service will occur in mid 2009	15.8 liter	670	ZZZZ and Rule 62-210.300(3)(a)20 Notification required
007 New	CI-ICE	Manufactured Date: 8/5/05 Purchased 11/08 In-service will occur in mid 2009.	1.6 liter	40	Rule 62-210.300(3)(a)20- Federal rules not applicable Equipment included on "Unregulated List"
008 New	CI-ICE	Mfgr Date: 8/17/05 Purchased 11/07 In-service will occur in mid 2009.	1.6 liter	40	Rule 62-210.300(3)(a)20 Federal rules not applicable Equipment included on "Unregulated List"

Revised data 08/04/2009

The engines listed above are currently demonstrating compliance with the emissions limitations of the applicable federal rule through the retention of a manufacturer's certification statement. So long as that certification is able to be retained, no additional compliance demonstration is required. At such time that the manufacturer's certification is no longer valid (i.e., due to operation or maintenance practices that are inconsistent with the manufacturer's recommendations), the permittee shall begin demonstrating compliance with the standards listed in the applicable federal rule (included in the appendices as an enforceable part of this permit) in a manner that is prescribed by that rule.

MAY 30 37 GS:37H) FR ENV SERVICES 56: 591 7270

BEFORE THE STATE OF FLORIDA

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION

In the Matter of:

Petition for Reduction in
Oughterity Particulate

Patition for Reduction in Opartarly Particulate Emissions Compliance Testing, Capa Canavaral Unit 1; FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY

Petitioner.

OGC Case No.1 E5-1417.

OP. DER

On Densember 26, 1964, the Petitioner, Florida Power & Light Company, filed a Petition for Reduction in Guarterly Particulate Emissions Compliance Testing pursuant to Florida Administrative Code Rule 17-2.600(5)(b)1, for the following focail fuel atom generating unit:

Cape Canaverel Unit Ko. 1

Pursuant to Plorida Administrative Code Rule

17-2.500(5)(b)1., Patitioner has conducted quarterly particulate emission compliance tests. Plorida Administrative Code Rule

17-2.600(5)(b)1. provides that the Department may reduce the frequency of particulate testing upon a demonstration that the particulate standard of C.1 pounds per million stu heat input has been regularly met. The petition and supporting documentation submitted by Petitioner indicate that, since July 12, 1983, Patitioner has regularly met the particulate standard. It is therefore,

ORDERED that the Petition for Reduction in Constanty

Perticulate Emissions Compliance Testing is GRANTED. Petitioner:

BRY immediately commence testing on an annual basis.; Test results

from the first regularly scheduled compliance test conducted in

FY 85 (October 1, 1955 - September 30, 1986), provided the results

of that test meet the perticulate standard and the 40% sepacity;

"Schmant"; Shall be accepted as results from the first annual test.

Pallure of Caps Canaveral Unit No. 1 to meet either the

perticulate standard of the 40% opacity standard in the focuse

shall constitute grounds for revocation of this acceptance.

MAY 38 '97 88: 57 AN FAL EN SERVICES SSI 691 70768 MI

Persons whose substantial interests are affected by the above proposed agency action have a right, pursuant to Section 120.57, Plorida Statutes, to petition for an administrative determination (hearing) on the proposed action. The Petition must conform to the requirements of Chapters 17-103 and 28-5, Florida Administrative Code, and must be filed (received) with the Department's Office of General Counsel, 2600 Elsir Stone Road, Tallabasses, Plorida 32301, within fourteen (14) days of publication of this notice. Pailure to file a petition within the fourteen (14) days constitutes a waiver of any right much person has to an administrative determination (hearing) pursuant to Section 120.57, Florida Statutes.

If a petition is filed, the administrative hearing process is designed to formulate agency action. Accordingly, the Department's final action may be different from the proposed agency action. Persons whose substantial interests will be affected by any decision of the Department have the right to intervene in the proceeding. A petition for intervention must be filed pursuant to Hodel Bule 28-5.207, Florida Administrative Code, at least five (5) days before the final hearing and be filed with the Bearing Officer if one has been assigned at the Division of Administrative Rearings, Department of Administration, 2009 Apelachee Perkway, Tallahassee, Plorids 32301. If no Bearing Officer has been assigned, the petition is to be filed with the Department's Office of General Counsel, 2500 Blair Stone Road, Tallabasses, Plorida 12301. Pailure to petition to intervene within the allowed time frame constitutes a waiver of any right such person has to an administrative determination (hearing) under Section 120.57, Plorida Etatutes.

DOME AND ORDERED this ____ day January, 1986, in Tallahassee, Plorida.

FILTY, AID. SCHLOWLEDGEMENT Thair, and this daily, pursuant to \$120.52 (0), tuitto Sindates, with the dostgrated Depurment Clark resulpt of which is tweety activate segget.

Page of Branch 153 ca

STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF ERVIRONMENTAL REGULATION

VICTORIA J TSCHIE Secretary

Twin Towers Office Building 2600 Blair Scone Road Tallahsasse, Plorida 12361 Talephones (904).488-488

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

09:33AM FRL.EV SELVES

MÁY 58 '97

T HEREBY CERTIFY that a true and correct mopy of the foregoing ORDER has been furnished by United States Mail to Peter C. Cunningham, Esquire, Eppping, Boyd, Green & Same, Post Office Box 6526, Tallahasses, Plorida 32314, on this ______ day of January, 1986, in Tallahasses, Plorida.

E. CARY FARLY Assistant General Cornsel

STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION Trin Towers Office Building 2600 Blair Stone Road Tallahasses, Florida 32301 (904) 488-9730

FACILITY-WIDE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

(Version Dated 9/12/2008)

RR1. Reporting Schedule. This table summarizes information for convenience purposes only. It does not supersede any of the terms or conditions of this permit.

Report	Reporting Deadline(s)	Related Condition(s)
Plant Problems/Permit Deviations	Immediately upon occurrence (See RR2.d.)	RR2, RR3
Semi-Annual Monitoring Report	Every 6 months	RR4
Annual Operating Report	April 1	RR5
Annual Emissions Fee Form and Fee	March 1	RR6
Annual Statement of Compliance	Within 60 days after the end of each calendar year (or more frequently if specified by Rule 62-213.440(2), F.A.C., or by any other applicable requirement); and Within 60 days after submittal of a written agreement for transfer of responsibility, or Within 60 days after permanent shutdown.	RR7
Notification of Administrative Permit Corrections	As needed	RR8
Notification of Startup after Shutdown for More than One Year	Minimum of 60 days prior to the intended startup date or, if emergency startup, as soon as possible after the startup date is ascertained	RR9
Permit Renewal Application	225 days prior to the expiration date of permit	TV17
Test Reports	Maximum 45 days following compliance tests	TR8

{Permitting Note: See permit Section III. Emissions Units and Specific Conditions, for any additional Emission Unit-specific reporting requirements.}

RR2. Reports of Problems.

- a. Plant Operation-Problems. If the permittee is temporarily unable to comply with any of the conditions of the permit due to breakdown of equipment or destruction by hazard of fire, wind or by other cause, the permittee shall immediately notify the Department. Notification shall include pertinent information as to the cause of the problem, and what steps are being taken to correct the problem and to prevent its recurrence, and where applicable, the owner's intent toward reconstruction of destroyed facilities. Such notification does not release the permittee from any liability for failure to comply with Department rules.
- b. If, for any reason, the permittee does not comply with or will be unable to comply with any condition or limitation specified in this permit, the permittee shall immediately provide the Department with the following information:
 - (1) A description of and cause of noncompliance; and
 - (2) The period of noncompliance, including dates and times; or, if not corrected, the anticipated time the noncompliance is expected to continue, and steps being taken to reduce, eliminate, and prevent recurrence of the noncompliance. The permittee shall be responsible for any and all damages which may result and may be subject to enforcement action by the Department for penalties or for revocation of this permit.
- c. When requested by the Department, the permittee shall within a reasonable time furnish any information required by law which is needed to determine compliance with the permit. If the permittee becomes aware the relevant facts were not submitted or were incorrect in the permit application or in any report to the Department, such facts or information shall be corrected promptly.

FACILITY-WIDE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

(Version Dated 9/12/2008)

- d. "Immediately" shall mean the same day, if during a workday (i.e., 8:00 a.m. 5:00 p.m.), or the first business day after the incident, excluding weekends and holidays; and, for purposes of Rule 62-4.160(15) and 40 CFR 70.6(a)(3)(iii)(B), "promptly" or "prompt" shall have the same meaning as "immediately". [Rule 62-4.130, Rule 62-4.160(8), Rule 62-4.160(15), and Rule 62-213.440(1)(b), F.A.C.; 40 CFR 70.6(a)(3)(iii)(B)]
- RR3. Reports of Deviations from Permit Requirements. The permittee shall report in accordance with the requirements of Rule 62-210.700(6), F.A.C. (below), and Rule 62-4.130, F.A.C. (condition RR2.), deviations from permit requirements, including those attributable to upset conditions as defined in the permit. Reports shall include the probable cause of such deviations, and any corrective actions or preventive measures taken. Rule 62-210.700(6): In case of excess emissions resulting from malfunctions, each owner or operator shall notify the Department or the appropriate Local Program in accordance with Rule 62-4.130, F.A.C. (See condition RR2.). A full written report on the malfunctions shall be submitted in a quarterly report, if requested by the Department.

[Rules 62-213.440(1)(b)3.b., and 62-210.700(6)F.A.C.]

- **RR4.** Semi-Annual Monitoring Reports. The permittee shall submit reports of any required monitoring at least every six (6) months. All instances of deviations from permit requirements must be clearly identified in such reports. [Rule 62-213.440(1)(b)3.a., F.A.C.]
- RR5. Annual Operating Report.
 - a. The permittee shall submit to the Compliance Authority, each calendar year, on or before April 1, a completed DEP Form No 62-210.900(5), "Annual Operating Report for Air Pollutant Emitting Facility", for the preceding calendar year.
 - b. Emissions shall be computed in accordance with the provisions of Rule 62-210.370(2), F.A.C. [Rules 62-210.370(2) & (3), and 62-213.440(3)2., F.A.C.]
- **RR6.** Annual Emissions Fee Form and Fee. Each Title V source permitted to operate in Florida must pay between January 15 and March 1 of each year, an annual emissions fee in an amount determined as set forth in Rule 62-213.205(1), F.A.C.
 - a. If the Department has not received the fee by February 15 of the year following the calendar year for which the fee is calculated, the Department will send the primary responsible official of the Title V source a written warning of the consequences for failing to pay the fee by March 1. If the fee is not postmarked by March 1 of the year due, the Department shall impose, in addition to the fee, a penalty of 50 percent of the amount of the fee unpaid plus interest on such amount computed in accordance with Section 220.807, F.S. If the Department determines that a submitted fee was inaccurately calculated, the Department shall either refund to the permittee any amount overpaid or notify the permittee of any amount underpaid. The Department shall not impose a penalty or interest on any amount underpaid, provided that the permittee has timely remitted payment of at least 90 percent of the amount determined to be due and remits full payment within 60 days after receipt of notice of the amount underpaid. The Department shall waive the collection of underpayment and shall not refund overpayment of the fee, if the amount is less than 1 percent of the fee due, up to \$50.00. The Department shall make every effort to provide a timely assessment of the adequacy of the submitted fee. Failure to pay timely any required annual emissions fee, penalty, or interest constitutes grounds for permit revocation pursuant to Rule 62-4.100, F.A.C.
 - b. Any documentation of actual hours of operation, actual material or heat input, actual production amount, or actual emissions used to calculate the annual emissions fee shall be retained by the owner for a minimum of five (5) years and shall be made available to the Department upon request.
 - c. A completed DEP Form 62-213.900(1), "Major Air Pollution Source Annual Emissions Fee Form", must be submitted by a responsible official with the annual emissions fee.

[Rules 62-213.205(1), (1)(g), (1)(i) & (1)(j), F.A.C.]

RR7. Annual Statement of Compliance.

a. The permittee shall submit a Statement of Compliance with all terms and conditions of the permit that includes all the provisions of 40 CFR 70.6(c)(5)(iii), incorporated by reference at Rule 62-204.800,

FACILITY-WIDE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

(Version Dated 9/12/2008)

- F.A.C., using DEP Form No. 62-213.900(7). Such statement shall be accompanied by a certification in accordance with Rule 62-213.420(4), F.A.C., for Title V requirements and with Rule 62-214.350, F.A.C., for Acid Rain requirements. Such statements shall be submitted (postmarked) to the Department and EPA.
- (1) Annually, within 60 days after the end of each calendar year during which the Title V permit was effective, or more frequently if specified by Rule 62-213.440(2), F.A.C., or by any other applicable requirement; and
- (2) Within 60 days after submittal of a written agreement for transfer of responsibility as required pursuant to 40 CFR 70.7(d)(1)(iv), adopted and incorporated by reference at Rule 62-204.800, F.A.C., or within 60 days after permanent shutdown of a facility permitted under Chapter 62-213, F.A.C.; provided that, in either such case, the reporting period shall be the portion of the calendar year the permit was effective up to the date of transfer of responsibility or permanent facility shutdown, as applicable.
- b. In lieu of individually identifying all applicable requirements and specifying times of compliance with, non-compliance with, and deviation from each, the responsible official may use DEP Form No. 62-213.900(7) as such statement of compliance so long as the responsible official identifies all reportable deviations from and all instances of non-compliance with any applicable requirements and includes all information required by the federal regulation relating to each reportable deviation and instance of non-compliance.
- c. The responsible official may treat compliance with all other applicable requirements as a surrogate for compliance with Rule 62-296.320(2), Objectionable Odor Prohibited.

[Rules 62-213.440(3)(a)2. & 3. and (b), F.A.C.]

RR8. Notification of Administrative Permit Corrections.

- a. A facility owner shall notify the Department by letter of minor corrections to information contained in a permit. Such notifications shall include:
 - (1) Typographical errors noted in the permit;
 - (2) Name, address or phone number change from that in the permit;
 - (3) A change requiring more frequent monitoring or reporting by the permittee;
 - (4) A change in ownership or operational control of a facility, subject to the following provisions:
 - (a) The Department determines that no other change in the permit is necessary;
 - (b) The permittee and proposed new permittee have submitted an Application for Transfer of Air Permit, and the Department has approved the transfer pursuant to Rule 62-210.300(7), F.A.C.; and
 - (c) The new permittee has notified the Department of the effective date of sale or legal transfer.
 - (5) Changes listed at 40 CFR 72.83(a)(1), (2), (6), (9) and (10), adopted and incorporated by reference at Rule 62-204.800, F.A.C., and changes made pursuant to Rules 62-214.340(1) and (2), F.A.C., to Title V sources subject to emissions limitations or reductions pursuant to 42 USC ss. 7651-76510;
 - (6) Changes listed at 40 CFR 72.83(a)(11) and (12), adopted and incorporated by reference at Rule 62-204.800, F.A.C., to Title V sources subject to emissions limitations or reductions pursuant to 42 USC ss. 7651-76510, provided the notification is accompanied by a copy of any EPA determination concerning the similarity of the change to those listed at Rule 62-210.360(1)(e), F.A.C.; and
 - (7) Any other similar minor administrative change at the source.
- b. Upon receipt of any such notification, the Department shall within 60 days correct the permit and provide a corrected copy to the owner.
- c. After first notifying the owner, the Department shall correct any permit in which it discovers errors of the types listed at Rules 62-210.360(1)(a) and (b), F.A.C., and provide a corrected copy to the owner.

FACILITY-WIDE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

(Version Dated 9/12/2008)

d. For Title V source permits, other than general permits, a copy of the corrected permit shall be provided to EPA and any approved local air program in the county where the facility or any part of the facility is located.

[Rule 62-210.360, F.A.C.]

- RR9. Notification of Startup. The owners or operator of any emissions unit or facility which has a valid air operation permit which has been shut down more than one year, shall notify the Department in writing of the intent to start up such emissions unit or facility, a minimum of 60 days prior to the intended startup date.
 - a. The notification shall include information as to the startup date, anticipated emission rates or pollutants released, changes to processes or control devices which will result in changes to emission rates, and any other conditions which may differ from the valid outstanding operation permit.
 - b. If, due to an emergency, a startup date is not known 60 days prior thereto, the owner shall notify the Department as soon as possible after the date of such startup is ascertained.
 [Rule 62-210.300(5), F.A.C.]
- **RR10.** Report Submission. The permittee shall submit all compliance related notifications and reports required of this permit to the Compliance Authority. {See front of permit for address and phone number.}
- RR11. EPA Report Submission. Any reports, data, notifications, certifications, and requests required to be sent to the United States Environmental Protection Agency, Region 4, should be sent to: Air, Pesticides & Toxics Management Division, United States Environmental Protection Agency, Region 4, Sam Nunn Atlanta Federal Center, 61 Forsyth Street SW, Atlanta, GA 30303-8960. Phone: 404/562-9077.
- **RR12.** Acid Rain Report Submission. Acid Rain Program Information shall be submitted, as necessary, to: Department of Environmental Protection, 2600 Blair Stone Road, Mail Station #5510, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400. Phone: 850/488-6140. Fax: 850/922-6979.
- RR13. Report Certification. All reports shall be accompanied by a certification by a responsible official, pursuant to Rule 62-213.420(4), F.A.C. [Rule 62-213.440(1)(b)3.c, F.A.C.]
- RR14. Certification by Responsible Official (RO). In addition to the professional engineering certification required for applications by Rule 62-4.050(3), F.A.C., any application form, report, compliance statement, compliance plan and compliance schedule submitted pursuant to Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., shall contain a certification signed by a responsible official that, based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in the document are true, accurate, and complete. Any responsible official who fails to submit any required information or who has submitted incorrect information shall, upon becoming aware of such failure or incorrect submittal, promptly submit such supplementary information or correct information. [Rule 62-213.420(4), F.A.C.]
- **RR15.** Confidential Information. Whenever an applicant submits information under a claim of confidentiality pursuant to Section 403.111, F.S., the applicant shall also submit a copy of all such information and claim directly to EPA. Any permittee may claim confidentiality of any data or other information by complying with this procedure. [Rules 62-213.420(2), and 62-213.440(1)(d)6., F.A.C.]
- RR16. Forms and Instructions. The forms used by the Department in the Title V source operation program are adopted and incorporated by reference in Rule 62-213.900, F.A.C. The forms are listed by rule number, which is also the form number, and with the subject, title, and effective date. Copies of forms may be obtained by writing to the Department of Environmental Protection, Division of Air Resource Management, 2600 Blair Stone Road, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400, by contacting the appropriate permitting authority or by accessing the Department's web site at: http://www.dep.state.fl.us/air/rules/forms.htm.
 - a. Major Air Pollution Source Annual Emissions Fee Form (Effective 01/03/2001).
 - b. Statement of Compliance Form (Effective 06/02/2002).
 - c. Responsible Official Notification Form (Effective 06/02/2002).

[Rule 62-213.900, F.A.C.: Forms (1), (7) and (8)]

FACILITY-WIDE TESTING REQUIREMENTS

(Version Dated 9/12/2008)

Unless otherwise specified in the permit, the following testing requirements apply to each emissions unit for which testing is required. The terms "stack" and "duct" are used interchangeably in this appendix.

- TR1. Required Number of Test Runs. For mass emission limitations, a compliance test shall consist of three complete and separate determinations of the total air pollutant emission rate through the test section of the stack or duct and three complete and separate determinations of any applicable process variables corresponding to the three distinct time periods during which the stack emission rate was measured; provided, however, that three complete and separate determinations shall not be required if the process variables are not subject to variation during a compliance test, or if three determinations are not necessary in order to calculate the unit's emission rate. The three required test runs shall be completed within one consecutive five-day period. In the event that a sample is lost or one of the three runs must be discontinued because of circumstances beyond the control of the owner or operator, and a valid third run cannot be obtained within the five-day period allowed for the test, the Secretary or his or her designee may accept the results of two complete runs as proof of compliance, provided that the arithmetic mean of the two complete runs is at least 20% below the allowable emission limiting standard. [Rule 62-297.310(1), F.A.C.]
- TR2. Operating Rate During Testing. Testing of emissions shall be conducted with the emissions unit operating at permitted capacity. If it is impractical to test at permitted capacity, an emissions unit may be tested at less than the maximum permitted capacity; in this case, subsequent emissions unit operation is limited to 110 percent of the test rate until a new test is conducted. Once the unit is so limited, operation at higher capacities is allowed for no more than 15 consecutive days for the purpose of additional compliance testing to regain the authority to operate at the permitted capacity. Permitted capacity is defined as 90 to 100 percent of the maximum operation rate allowed by the permit. [Rule 62-297.310(2), F.A.C.]
- **TR3.** Calculation of Emission Rate. For each emissions performance test, the indicated emission rate or concentration shall be the arithmetic average of the emission rate or concentration determined by each of the three separate test runs unless otherwise specified in a particular test method or applicable rule. [Rule 62-297.310(3), F.A.C.]

TR4. Applicable Test Procedures.

- a. Required Sampling Time.
 - (1) Unless otherwise specified in the applicable rule, the required sampling time for each test run shall be no less than one hour and no greater than four hours, and the sampling time at each sampling point shall be of equal intervals of at least two minutes.
 - (2) Opacity Compliance Tests. When either EPA Method 9 or DEP Method 9 is specified as the applicable opacity test method, the required minimum period of observation for a compliance test shall be sixty (60) minutes for emissions units which emit or have the potential to emit 100 tons per year or more of particulate matter, and thirty (30) minutes for emissions units which have potential emissions less than 100 tons per year of particulate matter and are not subject to a multiple-valued opacity standard. The opacity test observation period shall include the period during which the highest opacity emissions can reasonably be expected to occur. Exceptions to these requirements are as follows:
 - (a) For batch, cyclical processes, or other operations which are normally completed within less than the minimum observation period and do not recur within that time, the period of observation shall be equal to the duration of the batch cycle or operation completion time.
 - (b) The observation period for special opacity tests that are conducted to provide data to establish a surrogate standard pursuant to Rule 62-297.310(5)(k), F.A.C., Waiver of Compliance Test Requirements, shall be established as necessary to properly establish the relationship between a proposed surrogate standard and an existing mass emission limiting standard.
 - (c) The minimum observation period for opacity tests conducted by employees or agents of the Department to verify the day-to-day continuing compliance of a unit or activity with an applicable opacity standard shall be twelve minutes.

FACILITY-WIDE TESTING REQUIREMENTS

(Version Dated 9/12/2008)

- b. *Minimum Sample Volume*. Unless otherwise specified in the applicable rule or test method, the minimum sample volume per run shall be 25 dry standard cubic feet.
- c. Required Flow Rate Range. For EPA Method 5 particulate sampling, acid mist/sulfur dioxide, and fluoride sampling which uses Greenburg Smith type impingers, the sampling nozzle and sampling time shall be selected such that the average sampling rate will be between 0.5 and 1.0 actual cubic feet per minute, and the required minimum sampling volume will be obtained.
- d. Calibration of Sampling Equipment. Calibration of the sampling train equipment shall be conducted in accordance with the schedule shown in Table 297.310-1, F.A.C.

TABLE 297.310-1 CALIBRATION SCHEDULE			
ITEM	MINIMUM CALIBRATION FREQUENCY	REFERENCE INSTRUMENT	TOLERANCE
Liquid in glass thermometer	Annually	ASTM Hg in glass ref. thermometer or equivalent or thermometric points	+/-2%
Bimetallic thermometer	Quarterly	Calib. liq. in glass	5° F
Thermocouple	Annually	ASTM Hg in glass ref. thermometer, NBS calibrated reference and potentiometer	5° F
Barometer	Monthly	Hg barometer or NOAA station	+/-1% scale
Pitot Tube	When required or when damaged	By construction or measurements in wind tunnel D greater than 16" and standard pitot tube	See EPA Method 2, Fig. 2-2 & 2-3
Probe Nozzles	Before each test or when nicked, dented, or corroded	Micrometer	+/- 0.001" mean of at least three readings; Max. deviation between readings, 0.004"
Dry Gas Meter and Orifice Meter	1. Full Scale: When received, when 5% change observed, annually	Spirometer or calibrated wet test or dry gas test meter	2%
	2. One Point: Semiannually		
	3. Check after each test series	Comparison check	5%

e. Allowed Modification to EPA Method 5. When EPA Method 5 is required, the following modification is allowed: the heated filter may be separated from the impingers by a flexible tube. [Rule 62-297.310(4), F.A.C.]

TR5. Determination of Process Variables.

a. Required Equipment. The owner or operator of an emissions unit for which compliance tests are required shall install, operate, and maintain equipment or instruments necessary to determine process variables,

FACILITY-WIDE TESTING REQUIREMENTS

(Version Dated 9/12/2008)

- such as process weight input or heat input, when such data are needed in conjunction with emissions data to determine the compliance of the emissions unit with applicable emission limiting standards.
- b. Accuracy of Equipment. Equipment or instruments used to directly or indirectly determine process variables, including devices such as belt scales, weight hoppers, flow meters, and tank scales, shall be calibrated and adjusted to indicate the true value of the parameter being measured with sufficient accuracy to allow the applicable process variable to be determined within 10% of its true value.

 [Rule 62-297.310(5), F.A.C.]
- TR6. Sampling Facilities. Permittees that are required to sample mass emissions from point sources shall install stack sampling ports and provide sampling facilities that meet the requirements of this condition. Sampling facilities include sampling ports, work platforms, access to work platforms, electrical power, and sampling equipment support. All stack sampling facilities must also comply with all applicable Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) Safety and Health Standards described in 29 CFR Part 1910, Subparts D and E.
 - a. Permanent Test Facilities. The owner or operator of an emissions unit for which a compliance test, other than a visible emissions test, is required on at least an annual basis, shall install and maintain permanent stack sampling facilities.
 - b. Temporary Test Facilities. The owner or operator of an emissions unit that is not required to conduct a compliance test on at least an annual basis may use permanent or temporary stack sampling facilities. If the owner chooses to use temporary sampling facilities on an emissions unit, and the Department elects to test the unit, such temporary facilities shall be installed on the emissions unit within 5 days of a request by the Department and remain on the emissions unit until the test is completed.
 - c. Sampling Ports.
 - (1) All sampling ports shall have a minimum inside diameter of 3 inches.
 - (2) The ports shall be capable of being sealed when not in use.
 - (3) The sampling ports shall be located in the stack at least 2 stack diameters or equivalent diameters downstream and at least 0.5 stack diameter or equivalent diameter upstream from any fan, bend, constriction or other flow disturbance.
 - (4) For emissions units for which a complete application to construct has been filed prior to December 1, 1980, at least two sampling ports, 90 degrees apart, shall be installed at each sampling location on all circular stacks that have an outside diameter of 15 feet or less. For stacks with a larger diameter, four sampling ports, each 90 degrees apart, shall be installed. For emissions units for which a complete application to construct is filed on or after December 1, 1980, at least two sampling ports, 90 degrees apart, shall be installed at each sampling location on all circular stacks that have an outside diameter of 10 feet or less. For stacks with larger diameters, four sampling ports, each 90 degrees apart, shall be installed. On horizontal circular ducts, the ports shall be located so that the probe can enter the stack vertically, horizontally or at a 45 degree angle.
 - (5) On rectangular ducts, the cross sectional area shall be divided into the number of equal areas in accordance with EPA Method 1. Sampling ports shall be provided which allow access to each sampling point. The ports shall be located so that the probe can be inserted perpendicular to the gas flow.
 - d. Work Platforms.
 - (1) Minimum size of the working platform shall be 24 square feet in area. Platforms shall be at least 3 feet wide.
 - (2) On circular stacks with 2 sampling ports, the platform shall extend at least 110 degrees around the stack.
 - (3) On circular stacks with more than two sampling ports, the work platform shall extend 360 degrees around the stack.
 - (4) All platforms shall be equipped with an adequate safety rail (ropes are not acceptable), toe board, and hinged floor-opening cover if ladder access is used to reach the platform. The safety rail directly in line with the sampling ports shall be removable so that no obstruction exists in an area 14 inches

FACILITY-WIDE TESTING REQUIREMENTS

(Version Dated 9/12/2008)

below each sample port and 6 inches on either side of the sampling port.

- e. Access to Work Platform.
 - (1) Ladders to the work platform exceeding 15 feet in length shall have safety cages or fall arresters with a minimum of 3 compatible safety belts available for use by sampling personnel.
 - (2) Walkways over free-fall areas shall be equipped with safety rails and toe boards.
- f. Electrical Power.
 - (1) A minimum of two 120-volt AC, 20-amp outlets shall be provided at the sampling platform within 20 feet of each sampling port.
 - (2) If extension cords are used to provide the electrical power, they shall be kept on the plant's property and be available immediately upon request by sampling personnel.
- g. Sampling Equipment Support.
 - (1) A three-quarter inch eyebolt and an angle bracket shall be attached directly above each port on vertical stacks and above each row of sampling ports on the sides of horizontal ducts.
 - (a) The bracket shall be a standard 3 inch × 3 inch × one-quarter inch equal-legs bracket which is 1 and one-half inches wide. A hole that is one-half inch in diameter shall be drilled through the exact center of the horizontal portion of the bracket. The horizontal portion of the bracket shall be located 14 inches above the centerline of the sampling port.
 - (b) A three-eighth inch bolt which protrudes 2 inches from the stack may be substituted for the required bracket. The bolt shall be located 15 and one-half inches above the centerline of the sampling port.
 - (c) The three-quarter inch eyebolt shall be capable of supporting a 500 pound working load. For stacks that are less than 12 feet in diameter, the eyebolt shall be located 48 inches above the horizontal portion of the angle bracket. For stacks that are greater than or equal to 12 feet in diameter, the eyebolt shall be located 60 inches above the horizontal portion of the angle bracket. If the eyebolt is more than 120 inches above the platform, a length of chain shall be attached to it to bring the free end of the chain to within safe reach from the platform.
 - (2) A complete monorail or dual rail arrangement may be substituted for the eyebolt and bracket.
 - (3) When the sample ports are located in the top of a horizontal duct, a frame shall be provided above the port to allow the sample probe to be secured during the test.

[Rule 62-297.310(6), F.A.C.]

- **TR7.** Frequency of Compliance Tests. The following provisions apply only to those emissions units that are subject to an emissions limiting standard for which compliance testing is required.
 - a. General Compliance Testing.
 - (1) The owner or operator of a new or modified emissions unit that is subject to an emission limiting standard shall conduct a compliance test that demonstrates compliance with the applicable emission limiting standard prior to obtaining an operation permit for such emissions unit.
 - (2) For excess emission limitations for particulate matter specified in Rule 62-210.700, F.A.C., a compliance test shall be conducted annually while the emissions unit is operating under soot blowing conditions in each federal fiscal year during which soot blowing is part of normal emissions unit operation, except that such test shall not be required in any federal fiscal year in which a fossil fuel steam generator does not burn liquid and/or solid fuel for more than 400 hours other than during startup.
 - (3) The owner or operator of an emissions unit that is subject to any emission limiting standard shall conduct a compliance test that demonstrates compliance with the applicable emission limiting standard prior to obtaining a renewed operation permit. Emissions units that are required to conduct an annual compliance test may submit the most recent annual compliance test to satisfy the requirements of this provision. In renewing an air operation permit pursuant to sub-subparagraph 62-210.300(2)(a)3.b., c., or d., F.A.C., the Department shall not require submission of emission compliance test results for any emissions unit that, during the year prior to renewal:
 - (a) Did not operate; or

FACILITY-WIDE TESTING REQUIREMENTS

(Version Dated 9/12/2008)

- (b) In the case of a fuel burning emissions unit, burned liquid and/or solid fuel for a total of no more than 400 hours.
- (4) During each federal fiscal year (October 1 September 30), unless otherwise specified by rule, order, or permit, the owner or operator of each emissions unit shall have a formal compliance test conducted for:
 - (a) Visible emissions, if there is an applicable standard;
 - (b) Each of the following pollutants, if there is an applicable standard, and if the emissions unit emits or has the potential to emit: 5 tons per year or more of lead or lead compounds measured as elemental lead; 30 tons per year or more of acrylonitrile; or 100 tons per year or more of any other regulated air pollutant; and
 - (c) Each NESHAP pollutant, if there is an applicable emission standard.
- (5) An annual compliance test for particulate matter emissions shall not be required for any fuel burning emissions unit that, in a federal fiscal year, does not burn liquid and/or solid fuel, other than during startup, for a total of more than 400 hours.
- (6) For fossil fuel steam generators on a semi-annual particulate matter emission compliance testing schedule, a compliance test shall not be required for any six-month period in which liquid and/or solid fuel is not burned for more than 200 hours other than during startup.
- (7) For emissions units electing to conduct particulate matter emission compliance testing quarterly pursuant to paragraph 62-296.405(2)(a), F.A.C., a compliance test shall not be required for any quarter in which liquid and/or solid fuel is not burned for more than 100 hours other than during startup.
- (8) Any combustion turbine that does not operate for more than 400 hours per year shall conduct a visible emissions compliance test once per each five-year period, coinciding with the term of its air operation permit.
- (9) The owner or operator shall notify the Department, at least 15 days prior to the date on which each formal compliance test is to begin, of the date, time, and place of each such test, and the test contact person who will be responsible for coordinating and having such test conducted for the owner or operator.
- (10) An annual compliance test conducted for visible emissions shall not be required for units exempted from air permitting pursuant to subsection 62-210.300(3), F.A.C.; units determined to be insignificant pursuant to subparagraph 62-213.300(2)(a)1., A.C., or paragraph 62-213.430(6)(b), F.A.C.; or units permitted under the General Permit provisions in paragraph 62-210.300(4)(a) or Rule 62-213.300, F.A.C., unless the general permit specifically requires such testing.
- b. Special Compliance Tests. When the Department, after investigation, has good reason (such as complaints, increased visible emissions or questionable maintenance of control equipment) to believe that any applicable emission standard contained Department rule or in a permit issued pursuant to those rules is being violated, it shall require the owner or operator of the emissions unit to conduct compliance tests which identify the nature and quantity of pollutant emissions from the emissions unit and to provide a report on the results of said tests to the Department.
- c. Waiver of Compliance Test Requirements. If the owner or operator of an emissions unit that is subject to a compliance test requirement demonstrates to the Department, pursuant to the procedure established in Rule 62-297.620, F.A.C., that the compliance the emissions unit with an applicable weight emission limiting standard can be adequately determined by means other than the designated test procedure, such as specifying a surrogate standard of no visible emissions for particulate matter sources equipped with a bag house or specifying a fuel analysis for sulfur dioxide emissions, the Department shall waive the compliance test requirements for such emissions units and order that the alternate means of determining compliance be used, provided, however, the provisions of paragraph 62-297.310(7)(b), F.A.C., shall apply.

[Rule 62-297.310(7), F.A.C.]

FACILITY-WIDE TESTING REQUIREMENTS

(Version Dated 9/12/2008)

TR8. Test Reports.

- a. The owner or operator of an emissions unit for which a compliance test is required shall file a report with the Department on the results of each such test.
- b. The required test report shall be filed with the Department as soon as practical but no later than 45 days after the last sampling run of each test is completed.
- c. The test report shall provide sufficient detail on the emissions unit tested and the test procedures used to allow the Department to determine if the test was properly conducted and the test results properly computed. As a minimum, the test report, other than for an EPA or DEP Method 9 test, shall provide the following information.
 - (1) The type, location, and designation of the emissions unit tested.
 - (2) The facility at which the emissions unit is located.
 - (3) The owner or operator of the emissions unit.
 - (4) The normal type and amount of fuels used and materials processed, and the types and amounts of fuels used and material processed during each test run.
 - (5) The means, raw data and computations used to determine the amount of fuels used and materials processed, if necessary to determine compliance with an applicable emission limiting standard.
 - (6) The type of air pollution control devices installed on the emissions unit, their general condition, their normal operating parameters (pressure drops, total operating current and GPM scrubber water), and their operating parameters during each test run.
 - (7) A sketch of the duct within 8 stack diameters upstream and 2 stack diameters downstream of the sampling ports, including the distance to any upstream and downstream bends or other flow disturbances.
 - (8) The date, starting time and duration of each sampling run.
 - (9) The test procedures used, including any alternative procedures authorized pursuant to Rule 62-297.620, F.A.C. Where optional procedures are authorized in this chapter, indicate which option was used.
 - (10) The number of points sampled and configuration and location of the sampling plane.
 - (11) For each sampling point for each run, the dry gas meter reading, velocity head, pressure drop across the stack, temperatures, average meter temperatures and sample time per point.
 - (12) The type, manufacturer and configuration of the sampling equipment used.
 - (13) Data related to the required calibration of the test equipment.
 - (14) Data on the identification, processing and weights of all filters used.
 - (15) Data on the types and amounts of any chemical solutions used.
 - (16) Data on the amount of pollutant collected from each sampling probe, the filters, and the impingers, are reported separately for the compliance test.
 - (17) The names of individuals who furnished the process variable data, conducted the test, analyzed the samples and prepared the report.
 - (18) All measured and calculated data required to be determined by each applicable test procedure for each
 - (19) The detailed calculations for one run that relate the collected data to the calculated emission rate.
 - (20) The applicable emission standard and the resulting maximum allowable emission rate for the emissions unit plus the test result in the same form and unit of measure.
 - (21) A certification that, to the knowledge of the owner or his authorized agent, all data submitted are true and correct. When a compliance test is conducted for the Department or its agent, the person who conducts the test shall provide the certification with respect to the test procedures used. The owner or his authorized agent shall certify that all data required and provided to the person conducting the test are true and correct to his knowledge.

[Rule 62-297.310(8), F.A.C.]

TITLE V GENERAL CONDITIONS

(Version dated 6/22/2009)

Operation

- TV1. General Prohibition. A permitted installation may only be operated, maintained, constructed, expanded or modified in a manner that is consistent with the terms of the permit. [Rule 62-4.030, Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.)]
- TV2. Validity. This permit is valid only for the specific processes and operations applied for and indicated in the approved drawings or exhibits. Any unauthorized deviation from the approved drawings, exhibits, specifications, or conditions of this permit may constitute grounds for revocation and enforcement action by the Department. [Rule 62-4.160(2), F.A.C.]
- TV3. Proper Operation and Maintenance. The permittee shall properly operate and maintain the facility and systems of treatment and control (and related appurtenances) that are installed and used by the permittee to achieve compliance with the conditions of this permit, as required by Department rules. This provision includes the operation of backup or auxiliary facilities or similar systems when necessary to achieve compliance with the conditions of the permit and when required by Department rules. [Rule 62-4.160(6), F.A.C.]
- TV4. Not Federally Enforceable. <u>Health, Safety and Welfare</u>. To ensure protection of public health, safety, and welfare, any construction, modification, or operation of an installation which may be a source of pollution, shall be in accordance with sound professional engineering practices pursuant to Chapter 471, F.S. [Rule 62-4.050(3), F.A.C.]
- TV5. <u>Continued Operation</u>. An applicant making timely and complete application for permit, or for permit renewal, shall continue to operate the source under the authority and provisions of any existing valid permit or Florida Electrical Power Plant Siting Certification, and in accordance with applicable requirements of the Acid Rain Program, applicable requirements of the CAIR Program, and applicable requirements of the Hg Budget Trading Program, until the conclusion of proceedings associated with its permit application or until the new permit becomes effective, whichever is later, provided the applicant complies with all the provisions of subparagraphs 62-213.420(1)(b)3., F.A.C. [Rules 62-213.420(1)(b)2., F.A.C.]
- TV6. Changes Without Permit Revision. Title V sources having a valid permit issued pursuant to Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., may make the following changes without permit revision, provided that sources shall maintain source logs or records to verify periods of operation:
 - a. Permitted sources may change among those alternative methods of operation;
 - b. A permitted source may implement operating changes, as defined in Rule 62-210.200, F.A.C., after the source submits any forms required by any applicable requirement and provides the Department and EPA with at least 7 days written notice prior to implementation. The source and the Department shall attach each notice to the relevant permit;
 - (1) The written notice shall include the date on which the change will occur, and a description of the change within the permitted source, the pollutants emitted and any change in emissions, and any term or condition becoming applicable or no longer applicable as a result of the change;
 - (2) The permit shield described in Rule 62-213.460, F.A.C., shall not apply to such changes;
 - c. Permitted sources may implement changes involving modes of operation only in accordance with Rule 62-213.415, F.A.C.

[Rule 62-213.410, F.A.C.]

TV7. <u>Circumvention</u>. No person shall circumvent any air pollution control device, or allow the emission of air pollutants without the applicable air pollution control device operating properly. [Rule 62-210.650, F.A.C.]

Compliance

- TV8. Compliance with Chapter 403, F.S., and Department Rules. Except as provided at Rule 62-213.460, Permit Shield, F.A.C., the issuance of a permit does not relieve any person from complying with the requirements of Chapter 403, F.S., or Department rules. [Rule 62-4.070(7), F.A.C.]
- TV9. Compliance with Federal, State and Local Rules. Except as provided at Rule 62-213.460, F.A.C., issuance of a permit does not relieve the owner or operator of a facility or an emissions unit from complying

TITLE V GENERAL CONDITIONS

(Version dated 6/22/2009)

- with any applicable requirements, any emission limiting standards or other requirements of the air pollution rules of the Department or any other such requirements under federal, state, or local law. [Rule 62-210.300, F.A.C.]
- TV10. Binding and enforceable. The terms, conditions, requirements, limitations and restrictions set forth in this permit, are "permit conditions" and are binding and enforceable pursuant to Sections 403.141, 403.727, or 403.859 through 403.861, F.S. The permittee is placed on notice that the Department will review this permit periodically and may initiate enforcement action for any violation of these conditions. [Rule 62-4.160(1), F.A.C.]
- TV11. <u>Timely information</u>. When requested by the Department, the permittee shall within a reasonable time furnish any information required by law which is needed to determine compliance with the permit. If the permittee becomes aware the relevant facts were not submitted or were incorrect in the permit application or in any report to the Department, such facts or information shall be corrected promptly. [Rule 62-4.160(15), F.A.C.]
- TV12. <u>Halting or reduction of source activity</u>. It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that maintaining compliance with any permit condition would necessitate halting of or reduction of the source activity. [Rule 62-213.440(1)(d)3., F.A.C.]
- TV13. Final permit action. Any Title V source shall comply with all the terms and conditions of the existing permit until the Department has taken final action on any permit renewal or any requested permit revision, except as provided at Rule 62-213.412(2), F.A.C. [Rule 62-213.440(1)(d)4., F.A.C.]
- TV14. Sudden and unforeseeable events beyond the control of the source. A situation arising from sudden and unforeseeable events beyond the control of the source which causes an exceedance of a technology-based emissions limitation because of unavoidable increases in emissions attributable to the situation and which requires immediate corrective action to restore normal operation, shall be an affirmative defense to an enforcement action in accordance with the provisions and requirements of 40 CFR 70.6(g)(2) and (3), hereby adopted and incorporated by reference. [Rule 62-213.440(1)(d)5., F.A.C.]
- TV15. Permit Shield. Except as provided in Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., compliance with the terms and conditions of a permit issued pursuant to Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., shall, as of the effective date of the permit, be deemed compliance with any applicable requirements in effect, provided that the source included such applicable requirements in the permit application. Nothing in this condition or in any permit shall alter or affect the ability of EPA or the Department to deal with an emergency, the liability of an owner or operator of a source for any violation of applicable requirements prior to or at the time of permit issuance, or the requirements of the Federal Acid Rain Program, the CAIR Program. [Rule 62-213.460, F.A.C.]
- TV16. Compliance With Federal Rules. A facility or emissions unit subject to any standard or requirement of 40 CFR, Part 60, 61, 63 or 65, adopted and incorporated by reference at Rule 62-204.800, F.A.C., shall comply with such standard or requirement. Nothing in this chapter shall relieve a facility or emissions unit from complying with such standard or requirement, provided, however, that where a facility or emissions unit is subject to a standard established in Rule 62-296, F.A.C., such standard shall also apply. [Rule 62-296.100(3), F.A.C.]

Permit Procedures

- TV17. Permit Revision Procedures. The permittee shall revise its permit as required by Rules 62-213.400, 62-213.412, 62-213.420, 62-213.430 & 62-4.080, F.A.C.; and, in addition, the Department shall revise permits as provided in Rule 62-4.080, F.A.C. & 40 CFR 70.7(f).
- TV18. Permit Renewal. The permittee shall renew its permit as required by Rules 62-4.090, 62.213.420(1) and 62-213.430(3), F.A.C. Permits being renewed are subject to the same requirements that apply to permit issuance at the time of application for renewal. Permit renewal applications shall contain that information identified in Rules 62-210.900(1) [Application for Air Permit Long Form], 62-213.420(3) [Required Information], 62-213.420(6) [CAIR Part Form], F.A.C. Unless a Title V source submits a timely and

TITLE V GENERAL CONDITIONS

(Version dated 6/22/2009)

complete application for permit renewal in accordance with the requirements this rule, the existing permit shall expire and the source's right to operate shall terminate. For purposes of a permit renewal, a timely application is one that is submitted 225 days before the expiration of a permit that expires on or after June 1, 2009. No Title V permit will be issued for a new term except through the renewal process. [Rules 62-213.420 & 62-213.430, F.A.C.]

- TV19. <u>Insignificant Emissions Units or Pollutant-Emitting Activities</u>. The permittee shall identify and evaluate insignificant emissions units and activities as set forth in Rule 62-213.430(6), F.A.C.
- TV20. Savings Clause. If any portion of the final permit is invalidated, the remainder of the permit shall remain in effect. [Rule 62-213.440(1)(d)1., F.A.C.]
- TV21. Suspension and Revocation.
 - a. Permits shall be effective until suspended, revoked, surrendered, or expired and shall be subject to the provisions of Chapter 403, F.S., and rules of the Department.
 - b. Failure to comply with pollution control laws and rules shall be grounds for suspension or revocation.
 - c. A permit issued pursuant to Chapter 62-4, F.A.C., shall not become a vested property right in the permittee. The Department may revoke any permit issued by it if it finds that the permit holder or his agent:
 - (1) Submitted false or inaccurate information in his application or operational reports.
 - (2) Has violated law, Department orders, rules or permit conditions.
 - (3) Has failed to submit operational reports or other information required by Department rules.
 - (4) Has refused lawful inspection under Section 403.091, F.S.
 - d. No revocation shall become effective except after notice is served by personal services, certified mail, or newspaper notice pursuant to Section 120.60(7), F.S., upon the person or persons named therein and a hearing held if requested within the time specified in the notice. The notice shall specify the provision of the law, or rule alleged to be violated, or the permit condition or Department order alleged to be violated, and the facts alleged to constitute a violation thereof.

[Rule 62-4.100, F.A.C.]

- TV22. Not federally enforceable. <u>Financial Responsibility</u>. The Department may require an applicant to submit proof of financial responsibility and may require the applicant to post an appropriate bond to guarantee compliance with the law and Department rules. [Rule 62-4.110, F.A.C.]
- TV23. Emissions Unit Reclassification.
 - a. Any emissions unit whose operation permit has been revoked as provided for in Chapter 62-4, F.A.C., shall be deemed permanently shut down for purposes of Rule 62-212.500, F.A.C. Any emissions unit whose permit to operate has expired without timely renewal or transfer may be deemed permanently shut down, provided, however, that no such emissions unit shall be deemed permanently shut down if, within 20 days after receipt of written notice from the Department, the emissions unit owner or operator demonstrates that the permit expiration resulted from inadvertent failure to comply with the requirements of Rule 62-4.090, F.A.C., and that the owner or operator intends to continue the emissions unit in operation, and either submits an application for an air operation permit or complies with permit transfer requirements, if applicable.
 - b. If the owner or operator of an emissions unit which is so permanently shut down, applies to the Department for a permit to reactivate or operate such emissions unit, the emissions unit will be reviewed and permitted as a new emissions unit.

[Rule 62-210.300(6), F.A.C.]

TV24. Transfer of Permits. Per Rule 62-4.160(11), F.A.C., this permit is transferable only upon Department approval in accordance with Rule 62-4.120, F.A.C., as applicable. The permittee shall be liable for any non-compliance of the permitted activity until the transfer is approved by the Department. The permittee transferring the permit shall remain liable for corrective actions that may be required as a result of any violations occurring prior to the sale or legal transfer of the facility. The permittee shall also comply with the

TITLE V GENERAL CONDITIONS

(Version dated 6/22/2009)

requirements of Rule 62-210.300(7), F.A.C., and use DEP Form No. 62-210.900(7). [Rules 62-4.160(11), 62-4.120, and 62-210.300(7), F.A.C.]

Rights, Title, Liability, and Agreements

- TV25. Rights. As provided in Subsections 403.987(6) and 403.722(5), F.S., the issuance of this permit does not convey any vested rights or any exclusive privileges. Neither does it authorize any injury to public or private property or any invasion of personal rights, nor any infringement of federal, state, or local laws or regulations. This permit is not a waiver of or approval of any other Department permit that may be required for other aspects of the total project which are not addressed in this permit. [Rule 62-4.160(3), F.A.C.]
- TV26. <u>Title</u>. This permit conveys no title to land or water, does not constitute State recognition or acknowledgment of title, and does not constitute authority for the use of submerged lands unless herein provided and the necessary title or leasehold interests have been obtained from the State. Only the Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund may express State opinion as to title. [Rule 62-4.160(4), (F.A.C.]
- **TV27.** <u>Liability</u>. This permit does not relieve the permittee from liability for harm or injury to human health or welfare, animal, or plant life, or property caused by the construction or operation of this permitted source, or from penalties therefore; nor does it allow the permittee to cause pollution in contravention of F.S. and Department rules, unless specifically authorized by an order from the Department. [Rule 62-4.160(5), F.A.C.]

TV28. Agreements.

- a. The permittee, by accepting this permit, specifically agrees to allow authorized Department personnel, upon presentation of credentials or other documents as may be required by law and at reasonable times, access to the premises where the permitted activity is located or conducted to:
 - (1) Have access to and copy any records that must be kept under conditions of the permit;
 - (2) Inspect the facility, equipment, practices, or operations regulated or required under this permit; and,
 - (3) Sample or monitor any substances or parameters at any location reasonably necessary to assure compliance with this permit or Department rules. Reasonable time may depend on the nature of the concern being investigated.
- b. In accepting this permit, the permittee understands and agrees that all records, notes, monitoring data and other information relating to the construction or operation of this permitted source which are submitted to the Department may be used by the Department as evidence in any enforcement case involving the permitted source arising under the Florida Statutes or Department rules, except where such use is prescribed by Sections 403.111 and 403.73, F.S. Such evidence shall only be used to the extent it is consistent with the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure and appropriate evidentiary rules.
- c. The permittee agrees to comply with changes in Department rules and Florida Statutes after a reasonable time for compliance; provided, however, the permittee does not waive any other rights granted by Florida Statutes or Department rules.

[Rules 62-4.160(7), (9), and (10), F.A.C.]

Recordkeeping and Emissions Computation

TV29. <u>Permit</u>. The permittee shall keep this permit or a copy thereof at the work site of the permitted activity. [Rule 62-4.160(12), F.A.C.]

TV30. Recordkeeping.

- a. Upon request, the permittee shall furnish all records and plans required under Department rules. During enforcement actions, the retention period for all records will be extended automatically unless otherwise stipulated by the Department.
- b. The permittee shall hold at the facility or other location designated by this permit records of all monitoring information (including all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation) required by the permit, copies of all reports required by this permit, and records of all data used to complete the application for this permit. These materials shall be retained at least five (5) years from the date of the sample, measurement, report, or application unless otherwise specified by Department rule.

TITLE V GENERAL CONDITIONS

(Version dated 6/22/2009)

- c. Records of monitoring information shall include:
 - (1) The date, exact place, and time of sampling or measurements, and the operating conditions at the time of sampling or measurement;
 - (2) The person responsible for performing the sampling or measurements;
 - (3) The dates analyses were performed;
 - (4) The person and company that performed the analyses;
 - (5) The analytical techniques or methods used;
 - (6) The results of such analyses.

[Rules 62-4.160(14) and 62-213.440(1)(b)2., F.A.C.]

TV31. Emissions Computation. Pursuant to Rule 62-210.370, F.A.C., the following required methodologies are to be used by the owner or operator of a facility for computing actual emissions, baseline actual emissions, and net emissions increase, as defined at Rule 62-210.200, F.A.C., and for computing emissions for purposes of the reporting requirements of subsection 62-210.370(3) and paragraph 62-212.300(1)(e), F.A.C., or of any permit condition that requires emissions be computed in accordance with Rule 62-210.370, F.A.C. Rule 62-210.370, F.A.C., is not intended to establish methodologies for determining compliance with the emission limitations of any air permit.

For any of the purposes specified above, the owner or operator of a facility shall compute emissions in accordance with the requirements set forth in this subsection.

- a. Basic Approach. The owner or operator shall employ, on a pollutant-specific basis, the most accurate of the approaches set forth below to compute the emissions of a pollutant from an emissions unit; provided, however, that nothing in this rule shall be construed to require installation and operation of any continuous emissions monitoring system (CEMS), continuous parameter monitoring system (CPMS), or predictive emissions monitoring system (PEMS) not otherwise required by rule or permit, nor shall anything in this rule be construed to require performance of any stack testing not otherwise required by rule or permit.
 - (1) If the emissions unit is equipped with a CEMS meeting the requirements of paragraph 62-210.370(2)(b), F.A.C., the owner or operator shall use such CEMS to compute the emissions of the pollutant, unless the owner or operator demonstrates to the department that an alternative approach is more accurate because the CEMS represents still-emerging technology.
 - (2) If a CEMS is not available or does not meet the requirements of paragraph 62-210.370(2)(b), F.A.C, but emissions of the pollutant can be computed pursuant to the mass balance methodology of paragraph 62-210.370(2)(c), F.A.C., the owner or operator shall use such methodology, unless the owner or operator demonstrates to the department that an alternative approach is more accurate.
 - (3) If a CEMS is not available or does not meet the requirements of paragraph 62-210.370(2)(b), F.A.C., and emissions cannot be computed pursuant to the mass balance methodology, the owner or operator shall use an emission factor meeting the requirements of paragraph 62-210.370(2)(d), F.A.C., unless the owner or operator demonstrates to the department that an alternative approach is more accurate.
- b. Continuous Emissions Monitoring System (CEMS).
 - (1) An owner or operator may use a CEMS to compute emissions of a pollutant for purposes of this rule provided:
 - (a) The CEMS complies with the applicable certification and quality assurance requirements of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendices B and F, or, for an acid rain unit, the certification and quality assurance requirements of 40 CFR Part 75, all adopted by reference at Rule 62-204.800, F.A.C.; or,
 - (b) The owner or operator demonstrates that the CEMS otherwise represents the most accurate means of computing emissions for purposes of this rule.
 - (2) Stack gas volumetric flow rates used with the CEMS to compute emissions shall be obtained by the most accurate of the following methods as demonstrated by the owner or operator:
 - (a) A calibrated flowmeter that records data on a continuous basis, if available; or

TITLE V GENERAL CONDITIONS

(Version dated 6/22/2009)

- (b) The average flow rate of all valid stack tests conducted during a five-year period encompassing the period over which the emissions are being computed, provided all stack tests used shall represent the same operational and physical configuration of the unit.
- (3) The owner or operator may use CEMS data in combination with an appropriate f-factor, heat input data, and any other necessary parameters to compute emissions if such method is demonstrated by the owner or operator to be more accurate than using a stack gas volumetric flow rate as set forth at subparagraph 62-210.370(2)(b)2., F.A.C., above.

c. Mass Balance Calculations.

- (1) An owner or operator may use mass balance calculations to compute emissions of a pollutant for purposes of this rule provided the owner or operator:
 - (a) Demonstrates a means of validating the content of the pollutant that is contained in or created by all materials or fuels used in or at the emissions unit; and,
 - (b) Assumes that the emissions unit emits all of the pollutant that is contained in or created by any material or fuel used in or at the emissions unit if it cannot otherwise be accounted for in the process or in the capture and destruction of the pollutant by the unit's air pollution control equipment.
- (2) Where the vendor of a raw material or fuel which is used in or at the emissions unit publishes a range of pollutant content from such material or fuel, the owner or operator shall use the highest value of the range to compute the emissions, unless the owner or operator demonstrates using site-specific data that another content within the range is more accurate.
- (3) In the case of an emissions unit using coatings or solvents, the owner or operator shall document, through purchase receipts, records and sales receipts, the beginning and ending VOC inventories, the amount of VOC purchased during the computational period, and the amount of VOC disposed of in the liquid phase during such period.

d. Emission Factors.

- (1) An owner or operator may use an emission factor to compute emissions of a pollutant for purposes of this rule provided the emission factor is based on site-specific data such as stack test data, where available, unless the owner or operator demonstrates to the department that an alternative emission factor is more accurate. An owner or operator using site-specific data to derive an emission factor, or set of factors, shall meet the following requirements.
 - (a) If stack test data are used, the emission factor shall be based on the average emissions per unit of input, output, or gas volume, whichever is appropriate, of all valid stack tests conducted during at least a five-year period encompassing the period over which the emissions are being computed, provided all stack tests used shall represent the same operational and physical configuration of the unit.
 - (b) Multiple emission factors shall be used as necessary to account for variations in emission rate associated with variations in the emissions unit's operating rate or operating conditions during the period over which emissions are computed.
 - (c) The owner or operator shall compute emissions by multiplying the appropriate emission factor by the appropriate input, output or gas volume value for the period over which the emissions are computed. The owner or operator shall not compute emissions by converting an emission factor to pounds per hour and then multiplying by hours of operation, unless the owner or operator demonstrates that such computation is the most accurate method available.
- (2) If site-specific data are not available to derive an emission factor, the owner or operator may use a published emission factor directly applicable to the process for which emissions are computed. If no directly-applicable emission factor is available, the owner or operator may use a factor based on a similar, but different, process.
- e. Accounting for Emissions During Periods of Missing Data from CEMS, PEMS, or CPMS. In computing the emissions of a pollutant, the owner or operator shall account for the emissions during periods of

TITLE V GENERAL CONDITIONS

(Version dated 6/22/2009)

- missing data from CEMS, PEMS, or CPMS using other site-specific data to generate a reasonable estimate of such emissions.
- f. Accounting for Emissions During Periods of Startup and Shutdown. In computing the emissions of a pollutant, the owner or operator shall account for the emissions during periods of startup and shutdown of the emissions unit.
- g. Fugitive Emissions. In computing the emissions of a pollutant from a facility or emissions unit, the owner or operator shall account for the fugitive emissions of the pollutant, to the extent quantifiable, associated with such facility or emissions unit.
- h. Recordkeeping. The owner or operator shall retain a copy of all records used to compute emissions pursuant to this rule for a period of five years from the date on which such emissions information is submitted to the department for any regulatory purpose.

[Rule 62-210.370(1) & (2), F.A.C.]

Responsible Official

TV32. <u>Designation and Update</u>. The permittee shall designate and update a responsible official as required by Rule 62-213.202, F.A.C.

Prohibitions and Restrictions

- TV33. Asbestos. This permit does not authorize any demolition or renovation of the facility or its parts or components which involves asbestos removal. This permit does not constitute a waiver of any of the requirements of Chapter 62-257, F.A.C., and 40 CFR 61, Subpart M, National Emission Standard for Asbestos, adopted and incorporated by reference in Rule 62-204.800, F.A.C. Compliance with Chapter 62-257, F.A.C., and 40 CFR 61, Subpart M, Section 61.145, is required for any asbestos demolition or renovation at the source. [40 CFR 61; Rule 62-204.800, F.A.C.; and, Chapter 62-257, F.A.C.]
- TV34. Refrigerant Requirements. Any facility having refrigeration equipment, including air conditioning equipment, which uses a Class I or II substance (listed at 40 CFR 82, Subpart A, Appendices A and B), and any facility which maintains, services, or repairs motor vehicles using a Class I or Class II substance as refrigerant must comply with all requirements of 40 CFR 82, Subparts B and F, and with Chapter 62-281, F.A.C.
- TV35. Open Burning Prohibited. Unless otherwise authorized by Rule 62-296.320(3) or Chapter 62-256, F.A.C., open burning is prohibited.

APPENDIX U

LIST OF UNREGULATED EMISSIONS UNITS AND/OR ACTIVITIES

<u>Unregulated Emissions Units and/or Activities</u>. An emissions unit which emits no "emissions-limited pollutant" and which is subject to no unit-specific work practice standard, though it may be subject to regulations applied on a facility-wide basis (e.g., unconfined emissions, odor, general opacity) or to regulations that require only that it be able to prove exemption from unit-specific emissions or work practice standards.

The below listed emissions units and/or activities are neither 'regulated emissions units' nor 'insignificant emissions units'.

E.U.	
ID No.	Brief Description of Emissions Units and/or Activity
003	Painting and Solvent Cleaning
004	Internal Combustion Engines which Drive Compressors and Water Pumps and Similar Equipment
007	CI-ICE Internal Combustion Engine
008	CI-ICE Internal Combustion Engine

EU 004 equipment is existing equipment for Federal regulations 40 CFR Subpart IIII, 40 CFR Subpart JJJJ, and 40 CFR Subpart ZZZZ, therefore these regulations are not applicable.

REFERENCED ATTACHMENTS.

The Following Attachments Are Included for Applicant Convenience:

Table H, Permit History.

Table 1, Summary of Air Pollutant Standards.

Table 2, Summary of Compliance Requirements.

Table H, Permit History

Permit History (for tracking purposes):

E.U. ID No.	Description	Permit No.	Issue Date	Expiration Date	Revised Date(s)
		AO05-132054	12/16/87		08/23/90
001	Fossil Fuel Steam Generator Unit 1.	AO05-217321	03/10/93	02/25/98	02/12/97 0090006-002-AO
		AO05-163421	07/07/89		
002	Fossil Fuel Steam Generator Unit 2.	AO05-252219	07/24/94	07/19/99	02/12/97 0090006-002-AO
001 002	Initial Title V Permit.	0090006-001-AV (Initial Title V Permit)	1/01/00	12/31/04	
001 002	Fuel Additive Revision.	0090006-002-AO	2/12/97	2/12/02	
001 002	Title V Renewal.	0090006-003-AV	1/01/05	12/31/09	
001 002	CAIR Revision.	0090006-004-AV	2/03/09	12/31/09	
001 002	Combined Cycle Conversion.	0090006-005-AC			

ID Number Changes (for tracking purposes):

From: Facility ID No. 30ORL050006

To: Facility ID No. **0090006**

Table 1, Summary of Air Pollutant Standards and Terms

Florida Power and Light Company

Cape Canaveral Plant

Permit No. 0090006-006-AV Facility ID No. 0090006

40 CFR 279.11

40 CFR 279.11

A.10

A.10

This table summarizes information for convenience purposes only. This table does not supersede any of the terms or conditions of this permit.

E.U. ID Nos.		Brief Desc	ription					
001	Fossil Fu	iel Fired Stea	m Generator]				
002	Fossil Fu	el Fired Stea	m Generator					
	·		Allowable E	missions	Equivalent	Emissions**		
Pollutant Name	Fuel(s)	Hours/Year	Standard(s)	Ibs./hour TP	Y lbs/hour	TPY	Regulatory Citation(s)	See permit condition(s)
Particulate Matter								
Steady State	gas/oil	8760	0.1 lb/MMBtu		400	1,533	Rule 62-296.405(1)(b), F.A.C.	A.7
Soot Blowing or	gas/oil		0.3 lb/MMBtu		1,200	657	Rule 62-210.700(3), F.A.C.	A.8
Load Changing								
		ľ		1	500***	2190***	1	
Sulfur Dioxide	oil	8760	2.75 lb/MMBtu		11,000	48,180	Rule 62-296.405(1)(c)1.j., F.A.C.	A.9
Visible Emissions								
Steady State	gas/oil	8760	40% Opacity				Rule 62-296.405(1)(b), F.A.C.	. A.5
Soot Blowing or	gas/oil		60% Opacity				Rule 62-210.700(3), F.A.C.	A.6
Load Changing	•							
Arsenic	used oil*		5.0 ppm				40 CFR 279.11	A.10
Cadmium	used oil*	1	2.0 ppm				40 CFR 279.11	A.10
Chromium	used oil*	1	10.0 ppm				40 CFR 279.11	A.10
Lead	used oil*	1	100.0 ppm				40 CFR 279.11	A.10

Notes:

Total Halogens

1,000.0 ppm

50.0 ppm

used oil*

used oil*

^{*}The total quantity of on-specification used oil to be fired at this facility shall not exceed 1,500,000 gallons per year.

^{**} The "Equivalent Emissions" listed are for informational purposes only.

^{***} Values computed using the ratio of 3/21 for soot blowing/steady state per 24 hour day.

Table 2, Summary of Compliance Requirements

Florida Power and Light Company Cape Canaveral Plant

Permit No. **0090006-006-AV** Facility ID No. **0090006**

This table summarizes information for convenience purposes only. This table does not supersede any of the terms or conditions of this permit.

E.U. ID No.	Brie	f Description		1			
001	Fossil F	uel Fired Steam Ge	enerator	1			
002	Fossil F	uel Fired Steam Ge	enerator	}			
			Testing	Frequency	Min. Compliance	ļ	
Pollutant Name		Compliance	Time	Base	Test		
or Parameter	Fuels	Method	Frequency	Date *	Duration	CMS**	See permit condition(s)
Particulate Matter						[
Steady State	Gas/Oil	EPA Method 5 or 17	Annual	1-Oct	3 Hour]	A.18
Soot blowing or	Gas/Oil	EPA Method 5 or 17	Annual	1-Oct			A.18
Load Changing		***		<u> </u>			
Sulfur Dioxide	Gas/Oil	CMS	Continuous			Yes	A.24
Nitrogen Oxides	Gas/Oil		Continuous			Yes	
Carbon Dioxide	Gas/Oil		Continuous			Yes	
Volumetric Flow Rate	Gas/Oil		Continuous			Yes	
Opacity	Gas/Oil		Continuous]		Yes	A.18
Steady State	Gas/Oil	DEP Method 9	Annual	1-Oct	1 Hour		A.18
Soot blowing or	Gas/Oil	DEP Method 9	Annual	1-Oct	1 Hour		A.18
Load Changing	l			<u> </u>			
Arsenic	Used Oil	Fuel Analysis	Batch				A.10, A.34
Cadmium	Used Oil	Fuel Analysis	Batch]			A.10, A.34
Chromium	Used Oil	Fuel Analysis	Batch		İ	i	A.10, A.34
Lead	Used Oil	Fuel Analysis	Batch				A.10, A.34
РСВ	Used Oil	Fuel Analysis	Batch				A.10, A.34
Total Halogens	Used Oil	Fuel Analysis	Batch]	1	i	A.10, A.34
Flash Point	Used Oil	Fuel Analysis	Batch				A.10, A.34

Notes:

^{*}Frequency base date established for planning purposes only; see Rule 62-297.310, F.A.C.

^{**}CMS [=] Continuous Monitoring System

^{***}EPA Method 17 may be used only if the stack gas exit temperature is less than 375 degrees F.



Reports and Queries Certificate of Representation 06/12/2008

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BUREAU OF AIR REGULATION

Facility Information

Facility ID (ORISPL): 60

Facility Cape
Name: Canaveral

oe Stat

State: FL

Tribal Land:

County: Brevard

EPA AIRS 1200900006

Latitude: 28.4694

Longitude: $\frac{1}{80.7642}$

Facility Detail (Mini Detail)

Representative Information

Name: George K Hardy

Company: Florida Power & Light Company

Title: Vice President Power Generation - FPL Op

Address: FL 33408-0420

Phone: (561) 694-4772

Fax: (561) 691-2606

Alternate:

Email: keith_hardy@fpl.com

Name: Sheila M Wilkinson

Company: Florida Power & Light Company

Title: Interim General Manager

mwullin-

Address: FL 33408

Phone: (561) 691-2287

Fax: (561) 694-3647

Alternate: (561) 373-7042

Email: sheila_m._wilkinson@fpl.com

People Detail Layout (Multiple)

Current Representatives

Program	Primary Representative, Effective Date	Alternate Representative, Effective Date	Primary Representative, End Date	Alternate Representative, End Date
ARP	Sheila M Wilkinson, 03/26/2008	George K Hardy, 08/02/2007		
	Sheila M Wilkinson, 03/26/2008	George K Hardy, 08/02/2007		
CAIROS	Sheila M Wilkinson, 03/26/2008	George K Hardy, 08/02/2007		
CAIRSO2	Sheila M Wilkinson, 03/26/2008	George K Hardy, 08/02/2007		

Basic Table Layout

Units

Unit ID	Program	Unit Classification	Operating Status		Source Category	NAICS Code	Commence Operation Date	Commence Operation Date Code	Comm. Commercial Operation Date	Commence Commericial Operation Date Code	Unit Monitoring Certification Begin Date
PCC1	ARP	Phase 2	Operating	DB	Electric Utility	Fossil fuel electric power generation	04/01/1965	Α	04/11/1965	Α	01/01/1995
PCC1	CAIRNOX	Affected	Operating	DB	Electric Utility	Fossil fuel electric power generation		A	04/11/1965	A	01/01/2008

PCC1	CAIROS	Affected	Operating	DB	Electric Utility	Fossil fuel electric power generation	04/01/1965	Α	04/11/1965	А	05/01/2008
PCC1	CAIRSO2	Affected	Operating	DB	Electric Utility	Fossil fuel electric power generation	04/01/1965	А	04/11/1965	Α	01/01/2009
PCC2	ARP	Phase 2	Operating	DB	Electric Utility	Fossil fuel electric power generation	05/10/1969	А	05/10/1969	А	01/01/1995
PCC2	CAIRNOX	Affected	Operating	DB	Electric Utility	Fossil fuel electric power generation	05/10/1969	А	05/10/1969	A	01/01/2008
PCC2	CAIROS	Affected	Operating	DB	Electric Utility	Fossil fuel electric power generation	05/10/1969	А	05/10/1969	A	05/01/2008
	CAIRSO2	Affected	Operating	DB	Electric Utility	Fossil fuel electric power generation	05/10/1969	А	05/10/1969	А	01/01/2009

Basic Table Layout

Generator Information

Generator ID	Unit ID	ARP Nameplate Capacity	CAIR/CAMR Nameplate Capacity	Effective Date
2	PCC2	402.1	402.1	08/02/2007
1	PCC1	402.1	402.1	08/02/2007

Basic Table Layout

Current Owners and Operators

Unit ID	Owner/Operator Company Name	Туре	Effective Date	End Date
PCC1	Florida Power & Light Company	Owner/Operator	03/07/2003	
PCC2	Florida Power & Light Company	Owner/Operator	03/07/2003	

Basic Table Layout

Acid Rain Part Application

For more information, see instructions and refer to 40 CFR 72.30, 72.31, and 74; and Chapter 62-214, F.A.C.

	This submission is: New	Revised	☐ Renewal	
STEP 1				
Identify the source by plant name,	Plant name Cape Canaveral		State Florida	0609 ORIS/Plant Code
state, and ORIS				

STEP 2 Enter the unit ID# for every Acid Rain unit at the Acid Rain source in column "a."

or plant code.

If unit a SO₂ Opt-in unit, enter "yes" in column "b".

For new units or SO₂ Opt-in units, enter the requested information in columns "d" and "e."

a	b	С	d	е
Unit ID#	SO₂ Opt-in Unit? (Yes or No)	Unit will hold allowances in accordance with 40 CFR 72.9(c)(1)	New or SO₂ Opt-in Units Commence Operation Date	New or SO₂ Opt-in Units Monitor Certification Deadline
PCC1	NO	Yes	N/A	N/A
PCC2	NO	Yes	N/A	N/A
		Yes		
		Yes		F-1

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BUREAU OF AIR REGULATION

DEP Form No. 62-210.900(1)(a) - Form Effective: 3/16/08

Plant Name (from STEP 1) Cape Canaveral

STEP 3

Read the standard requirements.

Acid Rain Part Requirements.

- (1) The designated representative of each Acid Rain source and each Acid Rain unit at the source shall:
 - (i) Submit a complete Acid Rain Part application (including a compliance plan) under 40 CFR Part 72 and Rules 62-214.320 and 330, F.A.C., in accordance with the deadlines specified in Rule 62-214.320, F.A.C., and
 - (ii) Submit in a timely manner any supplemental information that the DEP determines is necessary in order to review an Acid Rain Part application and issue or deny an Acid Rain Part;
- (2) The owners and operators of each Acid Rain source and each Acid Rain unit at the source shall:
 - (i) Operate the unit in compliance with a complete Acid Rain Part application or a superseding Acid Rain Part issued by the DEP; and
 - (ii) Have an Acid Rain Part.

Monitoring Requirements.

- (1) The owners and operators and, to the extent applicable, designated representative of each Acid Rain source and each Acid Rain unit at the source shall comply with the monitoring requirements as provided in 40 CFR Part 75, and Rule 62-214.420, F.A.C.
- (2) The emissions measurements recorded and reported in accordance with 40 CFR Part 75 shall be used to determine compliance by the unit with the Acid Rain emissions limitations and emissions reduction requirements for sulfur dioxide and nitrogen oxides under the Acid Rain Program.
- (3) The requirements of 40 CFR Part 75 shall not affect the responsibility of the owners and operators to monitor emissions of other pollutants or other emissions characteristics at the unit under other applicable requirements of the Act and other provisions of the operating permit for the source.
- (4) For applications including a SO₂ Opt-in unit, a monitoring plan for each SO₂ Opt-in unit must be submitted with this application pursuant to 40 CFR 74.14(a). For renewal applications for SO₂ Opt-in units include an updated monitoring plan if applicable under 40 CFR 75.53(b).

Sulfur Dioxide Requirements.

- (1) The owners and operators of each source and each Acid Rain unit at the source shall:
 - (i) Hold allowances, as of the allowance transfer deadline, in the unit's compliance subaccount (after deductions under 40 CFR 73.34(c)), or in the compliance subaccount of another Acid Rain unit at the same source to the extent provided in 40 CFR 73.35(b)(3), not less than the total annual emissions of sulfur dioxide for the previous calendar year from the unit; and (ii) Comply with the applicable Acid Rain emissions limitations for sulfur dioxide.
- (2) Each ton of sulfur dioxide emitted in excess of the Acid Rain emissions limitations for sulfur dioxide shall constitute a separate violation of the Act.
- (3) An Acid Rain unit shall be subject to the requirements under paragraph (1) of the sulfur dioxide requirements as follows:
 - (i) Starting January 1, 2000, an Acid Rain unit under 40 CFR 72.6(a)(2); or
 - (ii) Starting on the later of January 1, 2000, or the deadline for monitor certification under 40 CFR Part 75, an Acid Rain unit under 40 CFR 72.6(a)(3).
- (4) Allowances shall be held in, deducted from, or transferred among Allowance Tracking System accounts in accordance with the Acid Rain Program.
- (5) An allowance shall not be deducted in order to comply with the requirements under paragraph (1) of the sulfur dioxide requirements prior to the calendar year for which the allowance was allocated.
- (6) An allowance allocated by the Administrator under the Acid Rain Program is a limited authorization to emit sulfur dioxide in accordance with the Acid Rain Program. No provision of the Acid Rain Program, the Acid Rain Part application, the Acid Rain Part, or an exemption under 40 CFR 72.7 or 72.8 and no provision of law shall be construed to limit the authority of the United States to terminate or limit such authorization.
 (7) An allowance allocated by the Administrator under the Acid Rain Program does not constitute a property right.

Nitrogen Oxides Requirements. The owners and operators of the source and each Acid Rain unit at the source shall comply with the applicable Acid Rain emissions limitation for nitrogen oxides.

Excess Emissions Requirements.

- (1) The designated representative of an Acid Rain unit that has excess emissions in any calendar year shall submit a proposed offset plan, as required under 40 CFR Part 77.
- (2) The owners and operators of an Acid Rain unit that has excess emissions in any calendar year shall:
 - (i) Pay without demand the penalty required, and pay upon demand the interest on that penalty, as required by 40 CFR Part 77; and
 - (ii) Comply with the terms of an approved offset plan, as required by 40 CFR Part 77.

Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements.

- (1) Unless otherwise provided, the owners and operators of the source and each Acid Rain unit at the source shall keep on site at the source each of the following documents for a period of 5 years from the date the document is created. This period may be extended for cause, at any time prior to the end of 5 years, in writing by the EPA or the DEP:
 - (i) The certificate of representation for the designated representative for the source and each Acid Rain unit at the source and all documents that demonstrate the truth of the statements in the certificate of representation, in accordance with Rule 62-214.350, F.A.C.; provided that the certificate and documents shall be retained on site at the source beyond such 5-year period until such documents are superseded because of the submission of a new certificate of representation changing the designated representative;
 - (ii) All emissions monitoring information, in accordance with 40 CFR Part 75, provided that to the extent that 40 CFR Part 75 provides for a 3-year period for recordkeeping, the 3-year period shall apply;
 - (iii) Copies of all reports, compliance certifications, and other submissions and all records made or required under the Acid Rain Program; and.

DEP Form No. 62-210.900(1)(a) - Form

Effective: 3/16/08

Plant Name (from STEP 1) Cape Canaveral

STEP 3. Continued.

Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements (cont)

- (iv) Copies of all documents used to complete an Acid Rain Part application and any other submission under the Acid Rain Program or to demonstrate compliance with the requirements of the Acid Rain Program.
- (2) The designated representative of an Acid Rain source and each Acid Rain unit at the source shall submit the reports and compliance certifications required under the Acid Rain Program, including those under 40 CFR Part 72, Subpart I, and 40 CFR Part 75.

Liability.

- (1) Any person who knowingly violates any requirement or prohibition of the Acid Rain Program, a complete Acid Rain Part application, an Acid Rain Part, or an exemption under 40 CFR 72.7 or 72.8, including any requirement for the payment of any penalty owed to the United States, shall be subject to enforcement pursuant to section 113(c) of the Act.
- (2) Any person who knowingly makes a false, material statement in any record, submission, or report under the Acid Rain Program shall be subject to criminal enforcement pursuant to section 113(c) of the Act and 18 U.S.C. 1001.
- (3) No permit revision shall excuse any violation of the requirements of the Acid Rain Program that occurs prior to the date that the revision takes effect.
- (4) Each Acid Rain source and each Acid Rain unit shall meet the requirements of the Acid Rain Program.
- (5) Any provision of the Acid Rain Program that applies to an Acid Rain source (including a provision applicable to the designated representative of an Acid Rain source) shall also apply to the owners and operators of such source and of the Acid Rain units at the source.
- (6) Any provision of the Acid Rain Program that applies to an Acid Rain unit (including a provision applicable to the designated representative of an Acid Rain unit) shall also apply to the owners and operators of such unit. Except as provided under 40 CFR 72.44 (Phase II repowering extension plans) and 40 CFR 76.11 (NO_x averaging plans), and except with regard to the requirements applicable to units with a common stack under 40 CFR Part 75 (including 40 CFR 75.16, 75.17, and 75.18), the owners and operators and the designated representative of one Acid Rain unit shall not be liable for any violation by any other Acid Rain unit of which they are not owners or operators or the designated representative and that is located at a source of which they are not owners or operators or the designated representative.
- (7) Each violation of a provision of 40 CFR Parts 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, and 78 by an Acid Rain source or Acid Rain unit, or by an owner or operator or designated representative of such source or unit, shall be a separate violation of the Act.

Effect on Other Authorities.

No provision of the Acid Rain Program, an Acid Rain Part application, an Acid Rain Part, or an exemption under 40 CFR 72.7or 72:8 shall be construed as:

- (1) Except as expressly provided in title IV of the Act, exempting or excluding the owners and operators and, to the extent applicable; the designated representative of an Acid Rain source or Acid Rain unit from compliance with any other provision of the Act, including the provisions of title I of the Act relating to applicable National Ambient Air Quality Standards or State Implementation Plans;
- (2) Limiting the number of allowances a unit can hold; provided, that the number of allowances held by the unit shall not affect the source's obligation to comply with any other provisions of the Act;
- (3) Requiring a change of any kind in any state law regulating electric utility rates and charges, affecting any state law regarding such state regulation, or limiting such state regulation, including any prudence review requirements under such state law;
- (4) Modifying the Federal Power Act or affecting the authority of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission under the Federal Power Act; or,
- Interfering with or impairing any program for competitive bidding for power supply in a state in which such program is established.

STEP 4 For SO₂ Opt-in units only.

In column "f" enter the unit ID# for every SO₂ Opt-in unit identified in column "a" of STEP 2.

For column "q" describe the combustion unit and attach information and diagrams on the combustion unit's configuration.

In column "h" enter the hours.

	f	g	h (not required for renewal application)
·	Unit ID#	Description of the combustion unit	Number of hours unit operated in the six months preceding initial application
Ī			

3

DEP Form No. 62-210.900(1)(a) - Form

Effective: 3/16/08

Plant Name (from STEP 1) Cape Canaveral	

STEP 5

For SO₂ Opt-in units only. (Not required for SO₂ Opt-in renewal applications.)

In column "i" enter the unit ID# for every SO₂ Opt-in unit identified in column "a" (and in column "f").

For columns "j" through "n," enter the information required under 40 CFR 74.20-74.25 and attach all supporting documentation required by 40 CFR 74.20-74.25.

	i	j	k	l l	m	n
r	Unit ID#	Baseline or Alternative Baseline under 40 CFR 74.20 (mmBtu)	Actual SO ₂ Emissions Rate under 40 CFR 74.22 (lbs/mmBtu)	Allowable 1985 SO ₂ Emissions Rate under 40 CFR 74.23 (lbs/mmBtu)	Current Allowable SO ₂ Emissions Rate under 40 CFR 74.24 (lbs/mmBtu)	Current Promulgated SO₂ Emissions Rate under 40 CFR 74.25 (lbs/mmBtu)
)						
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
₹						
				-		

STEP 6

For SO₂ Opt-in units only.

Attach additional requirements, certify and sign.

- A. If the combustion source seeks to qualify for a transfer of allowances from the replacement of thermal energy, a thermal energy plan as provided in 40 CFR 74.47 for combustion sources must be attached.
- B. A statement whether the combustion unit was previously an affected unit under 40 CFR 74.
- C. A statement that the combustion unit is not an affected unit under 40 CFR 72.6 and does not have an exemption under 40 CFR 72.7, 72.8, or 72.14.
- D. Attach a complete compliance plan for SO₂ under 40 CFR 72.40.

MM IIIII III

- E. The designated representative of the combustion unit shall submit a monitoring plan in accordance with 40 CFR 74.61. For renewal application, submit an updated monitoring plan if applicable under 40 CFR 75.53(b).
- F. The following statement must be signed by the designated representative or alternate designated representative of the combustion source: "I certify that the data submitted under 40 CFR Part 74, Subpart C, reflects actual operations of the combustion source and has not been adjusted in any way."

Signature // // // // // // // // // // // // //		Date (g [[U[U]					
Certification (for designated representative or alternate designated representative only)								
I am authorized to make this submission on behalf of the owners and operators of the Acid Rain source or Acid Rain units for which the submission is made. I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined, and am familiar with, the statements and information submitted in this document and all its attachments. Based on my inquiry of those individuals with primary responsibility for obtaining the information, I certify that the statements and information are to the best of my knowledge and belief true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false statements and information or omitting required statements and information, including the possibility of fine or imprisonment.								
Name Sheila M Wilkinson	Title PGD To	echnical Services	General Manager					
Owner Company Name Florida Power & Light								
Phone 561-691-2287	E-mail address Sheila M Will	sinson@fpl.com						

(liala 0

6/10/08

Date

STEP 7

Read the certification statement; provide name, title, owner company name, phone, and e-mail address; sign, and date.

DEP Form No. 62-210.900(1)(a) -- Form

Signature

Effective: 3/16/08

To:

david.williams @fpl.com

Cc:

Sheila_Wilkinson@fpl.com; 'KKosky@Golder.com'; Forney.Kathleen@epamail.epa.gov; Oquendo.Ana@epamail.epa.gov; Shine, Caroline; Gibson, Victoria; Cascio, Tom; Holtom,

Jonathan

Subject: Attachments: FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY - CAPE CANAVERAL PLANT; 0090006-006-AV

0090006006SignedWrittenNoticeofIntentRenewal.pdf

Dear Sir/ Madam:

Attached is the official **Written Notice of Intent to Issue Air Permit** for the project referenced below. Click on the link displayed below to access the permit project documents and send a "reply" message verifying receipt of the document(s) provided in the link; this may be done by selecting "Reply" on the menu bar of your e-mail software, noting that you can view the documents, and then selecting "Send".

<u>Note: We must receive verification that you are able to access the documents. Your immediate reply will preclude subsequent e-mail transmissions to verify accessibility of the document(s).</u>

Click on the following link to access the permit project documents: http://ARM-PERMIT2K.dep.state.fl.us/adh/prod/pdf permit zip files/0090006.006.AV.D pdf.zip

Attention: Tom Cascio

Owner/Company Name: FLORIDA POWER and LIGHT (PCC)

Facility Name: CAPE CANAVERAL PLANT

Project Number: 0090006-006-AV
Permit Status: DRAFT/PROPOSED
Permit Activity: PERMIT RENEWAL

Facility County: BREVARD

The Bureau of Air Regulation is issuing electronic documents for permits, notices and other correspondence in lieu of hard copies through the United States Postal System, to provide greater service to the applicant and the engineering community. Access these documents by clicking on the link provided above, or search for other project documents using the "Air Permit Documents Search" website at http://www.dep.state.fl.us/air/eproducts/apds/default.asp .

Permit project documents that are addressed in this email may require immediate action within a specified time frame. Please open and review the document(s) as soon as possible, and verify that they are accessible. Please advise this office of any changes to your e-mail address or that of the Engineer-of-Record. If you have any problems opening the documents or would like further information, please contact the Florida Department of Environmental Protection, Bureau of Air Regulation.

Barbara Friday
Bureau of Air Regulation
Division of Air Resource Management (DARM)
(850)921-9524

From:

Exchange Administrator

Sent:

Monday, August 31, 2009 12:36 PM

To:

Friday, Barbara

Subject:

Delivery Status Notification (Relay)

Attachments:

ATT504603.txt; FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY - CAPE CANAVERAL PLANT;

0090006-006-AV

This is an automatically generated Delivery Status Notification.

Your message has been successfully relayed to the following recipients, but the requested delivery status notifications may not be generated by the destination.

david.williams@fpl.com
Sheila Wilkinson@fpl.com

From:

Williams, David [David.Williams@fpl.com]

To:

Friday, Barbara

Sent:

Ĭ,

Subject:

Monday, August 31, 2009 12:40 PM Read: FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY - CAPE CANAVERAL PLANT; 0090006-006-

ΑV

Your message

To:

David.Williams@fpl.com

Subject:

was read on 8/31/2009 12:40 PM.

From: Sent: Williams, David [David.Williams@fpl.com] Monday, August 31, 2009 12:47 PM

To:

Friday, Barbara

Cc:

Sheila_Wilkinson@fpl.com; KKosky@Golder.com; Forney.Kathleen@epamail.epa.gov; Oquendo.Ana@epamail.epa.gov; Shine, Caroline; Gibson, Victoria; Cascio, Tom; Holtom,

Jonathan; PRATT, TAMMY

Subject:

RE: FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY - CAPE CANAVERAL PLANT; 0090006-006-AV

I am able to view the documents.

Brad Williams Plant General Manager FPL Cape Canaveral Plant office: 321-637-2251

mobile: 321-258-4779

From: Friday, Barbara [mailto:Barbara.Friday@dep.state.fl.us]

Sent: Monday, August 31, 2009 12:35 PM

To: Williams, David

Cc: Sheila_Wilkinson@fpl.com; KKosky@Golder.com; Forney.Kathleen@epamail.epa.gov;

Oquendo.Ana@epamail.epa.gov; Shine, Caroline; Gibson, Victoria; Cascio, Tom; Holtom, Jonathan **Subject:** FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY - CAPE CANAVERAL PLANT; 0090006-006-AV

Dear Sir/ Madam:

Attached is the official Written Notice of Intent to Issue Air Permit for the project referenced below. Click on the link displayed below to access the permit project documents and send a "reply" message verifying receipt of the document(s) provided in the link; this may be done by selecting "Reply" on the menu bar of your e-mail software, noting that you can view the documents, and then selecting "Send".

Note: We must receive verification that you are able to access the documents. Your immediate reply will preclude subsequent e-mail transmissions to verify accessibility of the document(s).

Click on the following link to access the permit project documents: http://ARM-PERMIT2K.dep.state.fl.us/adh/prod/pdf permit zip files/0090006.006.AV.D pdf.zip

Attention: Tom Cascio

Owner/Company Name: FLORIDA POWER and LIGHT (PCC)

Facility Name: CAPE CANAVERAL PLANT

Project Number: 0090006-006-AV
Permit Status: DRAFT/PROPOSED
Permit Activity: PERMIT RENEWAL

Facility County: BREVARD

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Permit project documents that are addressed in this email may require immediate action within a specified time frame. Please open and review the document(s) as soon as possible, and verify that they are accessible. Please advise this office of any changes to your e-mail address or that of the Engineer-of-Record. If you have any problems opening the documents or would like further information, please contact the Florida Department of Environmental Protection, Bureau of Air Regulation.

Barbara Friday Bureau of Air Regulation Division of Air Resource Management (DARM) (850)921-9524

The Department of Environmental Protection values your feedback as a customer. DEP Secretary Michael W. Sole is committed to continuously assessing and improving the level and quality of services provided to you. Please take a few minutes to comment on the quality of service you received. Simply click on this link to the DEP Customer Survey. Thank you in advance for completing the survey.

From:

Wilkinson, Sheila M [Sheila.M.Wilkinson@fpl.com]

To:

Friday, Barbara

Sent:

Subject:

Monday, August 31, 2009 1:13 PM Read: FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY - CAPE CANAVERAL PLANT; 0090006-006-

AV

Your message

To:

Sheila.M.Wilkinson@fpl.com

Subject:

was read on 8/31/2009 1:13 PM.

From:

Mail Delivery System [MAILER-DAEMON@mx1.golder.com]

Sent:

Monday, August 31, 2009 12:36 PM

To:

Friday, Barbara

Subject: Attachments: Successful Mail Delivery Report Delivery report; Message Headers

This is the mail system at host mx1.golder.com.

Your message was successfully delivered to the destination(s) listed below. If the message was delivered to mailbox you will receive no further notifications. Otherwise you may still receive notifications of mail delivery errors from other systems.

The mail system

<<u>KKosky@Golder.com</u>>: delivery via 127.0.0.1[127.0.0.1]:10025: 250 OK, sent 4A9BFBF5 9807 1049656 1 4EE5D1CF0D2D

From:

Mail Delivery System [MAILER-DAEMON@mseive02.rtp.epa.gov]

Sent:

Monday, August 31, 2009 12:36 PM

To:

Friday, Barbara

Subject: Attachments: Successful Mail Delivery Report Delivery report; Message Headers

This is the mail system at host mseive02.rtp.epa.gov.

Your message was successfully delivered to the destination(s) listed below. If the message was delivered to mailbox you will receive no further notifications. Otherwise you may still receive notifications of mail delivery errors from other systems.

The mail system

<Forney.Kathleen@epamail.epa.gov>: delivery via 127.0.0.1[127.0.0.1]:10025: 250 OK, sent 4A9BFBEE 11626 999 1 E6FF11DC011

<Quendo.Ana@epamail.epa.gov>: delivery via 127.0.0.1[127.0.0.1]:10025: 250 OK, sent 4A9BFBEE_11626_999_1 E6FF11DC011

From:

System Administrator

To:

Shine, Caroline

Sent:

Monday, August 31, 2009 12:35 PM

Subject:

Delivered: FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY - CAPE CANAVERAL PLANT;

0090006-006-AV

Your message

To: david.williams@fpl.com

Cc:

<u>Sheila Wilkinson@fpl.com</u>; 'KKosky@Golder.com'; <u>Forney.Kathleen@epamail.epa.gov</u>; <u>Oquendo.Ana@epamail.epa.gov</u>; Shine, Caroline; Gibson, Victoria; Cascio, Tom;

Holtom, Jonathan

Subject:

FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY - CAPE CANAVERAL PLANT; 0090006-006-AV

Sent: 8/31/2009 12:35 PM

was delivered to the following recipient(s):

Shine, Caroline on 8/31/2009 12:35 PM

From:

Shine, Caroline

Sent:

Monday, August 31, 2009 12:35 PM

To:

Friday, Barbara

Subject:

Out of Office AutoReply: FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY - CAPE CANAVERAL

PLANT; 0090006-006-AV

Sorry I missed you. I will be out office on 8/31-9/7. If you need immediate assistance, please contact Dina Jones at 407-893-3333

Thank you, Caroline Shine, Air Progam Administrator

From:

System Administrator

To: Sent: Gibson, Victoria; Cascio, Tom

Sent:

Monday, August 31, 2009 12:36 PM

Subject:

Delivered:FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY - CAPE CANAVERAL PLANT;

0090006-006-AV

Your message

To: david.williams@fpl.com

Cc:

<u>Sheila Wilkinson@fpl.com</u>; 'KKosky@Golder.com'; <u>Forney.Kathleen@epamail.epa.gov</u>; <u>Oquendo.Ana@epamail.epa.gov</u>; Shine, Caroline; Gibson, Victoria; Cascio, Tom;

Holtom, Jonathan

Subject:

FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY - CAPE CANAVERAL PLANT; 0090006-006-AV

Sent: 8/31/2009 12:35 PM

was delivered to the following recipient(s):

Gibson, Victoria on 8/31/2009 12:35 PM Cascio, Tom on 8/31/2009 12:35 PM

From:

Gibson, Victoria

To:

Friday, Barbara

Sent:

Tuesday, September 01, 2009 11:28 AM

Subject:

Read: FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY - CAPE CANAVERAL PLANT; 0090006-006-

ΑV

Your message

To: david.williams@fpl.com

Cc:

Sheila Wilkinson@fpl.com; 'KKosky@Golder.com'; Forney.Kathleen@epamail.epa.gov; Oquendo.Ana@epamail.epa.gov; Shine, Caroline; Gibson, Victoria; Cascio, Tom;

Holtom, Jonathan

Subject:

FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY - CAPE CANAVERAL PLANT; 0090006-006-AV

Sent: 8/31/2009 12:35 PM

was read on 9/1/2009 11:28 AM.

From:

Cascio, Tom

To:

Friday, Barbara

Sent:

Monday, August 31, 2009 2:28 PM

Subject:

Read: FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY - CAPE CANAVERAL PLANT; 0090006-006-

ΑV

Your message

To: david.williams@fpl.com

Cc: Si

<u>Sheila Wilkinson@fpl.com</u>; 'KKosky@Golder.com'; <u>Forney.Kathleen@epamail.epa.gov</u>; Oquendo.Ana@epamail.epa.gov; Shine, Caroline; Gibson, Victoria; Cascio, Tom;

Holtom, Jonathan

Subject:

FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY - CAPE CANAVERAL PLANT; 0090006-006-AV

Sent: 8/31/2009 12:35 PM

was read on 8/31/2009 2:28 PM.

From:

Cascio, Tom

Sent:

Tuesday, September 01, 2009 12:09 PM

To:

Friday, Barbara

Cc:

Walker, Elizabeth (AIR)

Subject:

RE: FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY - CAPE CANAVERAL PLANT; 0090006-006-AV

Thanks, Barb, for the fast response!

Tom Cascio, D.B.A., CPM, Sigma Xi Engineering Specialist IV Title V Section Florida Department of Environmental Protection 850-921-9526

From: Friday, Barbara

Sent: Monday, August 31, 2009 12:35 PM

To: david.williams@fpl.com

Cc: Sheila_Wilkinson@fpl.com; 'KKosky@Golder.com'; Forney.Kathleen@epamail.epa.gov;

Oquendo.Ana@epamail.epa.gov; Shine, Caroline; Gibson, Victoria; Cascio, Tom; Holtom, Jonathan **Subject:** FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY - CAPE CANAVERAL PLANT; 0090006-006-AV

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Attention: Tom Cascio

Owner/Company Name: FLORIDA POWER and LIGHT (PCC)

Facility Name: CAPE CANAVERAL PLANT Project Number: 0090006-006-AV

Permit Status: DRAFT/PROPOSED
Permit Activity: PERMIT RENEWAL

Facility County: BREVARD

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Permit project documents that are addressed in this email may require immediate action within a specified time frame. Please open and review the document(s) as soon as possible, and verify that they are accessible. Please

advise this office of any changes to your e-mail address or that of the Engineer-of-Record. If you have any problems opening the documents or would like further information, please contact the Florida Department of Environmental Protection, Bureau of Air Regulation.

Barbara Friday Bureau of Air Regulation Division of Air Resource Management (DARM) (850)921-9524

From:

System Administrator

To:

Holtom, Jonathan

Sent:

Monday, August 31, 2009 12:35 PM

Subject:

Delivered:FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY - CAPE CANAVERAL PLANT;

0090006-006-AV

Your message

To: david.williams@fpl.com

Cc:

Sheila Wilkinson@fpl.com; 'KKosky@Golder.com'; Forney.Kathleen@epamail.epa.gov;

Oquendo.Ana@epamail.epa.gov; Shine, Caroline; Gibson, Victoria; Cascio, Tom;

Holtom, Jonathan

Subject:

FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY - CAPE CANAVERAL PLANT; 0090006-006-AV

Sent: 8/31/2009 12:35 PM

was delivered to the following recipient(s):

Holtom, Jonathan on 8/31/2009 12:35 PM

From:

Holtom, Jonathan

To:

Friday, Barbara

Sent:

Monday, August 31, 2009 12:53 PM

Subject:

Read: FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY - CAPE CANAVERAL PLANT; 0090006-006-

ΑV

Your message

To: david.williams@fpl.com

Cc:

<u>Sheila Wilkinson@fpl.com</u>; 'KKosky@Golder.com'; <u>Forney.Kathleen@epamail.epa.gov</u>; <u>Oquendo.Ana@epamail.epa.gov</u>; Shine, Caroline; Gibson, Victoria; Cascio, Tom;

Holtom, Jonathan

Subject:

FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY - CAPE CANAVERAL PLANT; 0090006-006-AV

Sent: 8/31/2009 12:35 PM

was read on 8/31/2009 12:53 PM.