1999 and prior



Department of **Environmental Protection**

leb Bush Governor

Twin Towers Office Building 2600 Blair Stone Road Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400

David B. Struhs Secretary

September 15, 1999

CERTIFIED MAIL - RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

Mr. Jack B. Prescott, General Manager Stone Container Corporation One Everitt Avenue Panama City, Florida 32402

Re: DEP File No. 0050009-005-AC

Stone Container Corp., Panama City Mill

Pulp Production Increase

Dear Mr. Prescott:

The Department has received the response to our initial incompleteness letter of August 17, 1999 on September 7, 1999, for an increase in the pulp production of the above referenced facility in Bay County. Based on our review of the response submitted and our meeting of September 7, 1999, we have determined that the project should undergo PSD New Source Review. Therefore, please submit an appropriate PSD application along with an additional \$7,250 processing fees to the Tallahassee Office. The \$250 submitted to the Pensacola Office with the minor source application will be transferred to Tallahassee. The two amounts will make up the \$7,500 required by Rule 62-4.050(4)(a)1, F.A.C., for PSD application review. The processing clock is stopped for this project and will resume for initial review after receipt of the PSD application and the deficient fees.

The Department will resume processing after receipt of the requested information. If you have any questions regarding this matter, please call Syed Arif, P.E. at (850) 921-9528.

Sincerely,

A. A. Linero, P.E. Administrator

New Source Review Section

AAL/sa

cc: Ed Middleswart, P.E., NWD

David A. Buff, P.E., Golder Associates Inc.

"Protect, Conserve and Manage Florida's Environment and Natural Resources"

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Fold at line over top of envelope to SENDER: I also wish to receive the Complete items 1 and/or 2 for additional services. Complete items 3, 4a, and 4b. Print your name and address on the reverse of this form so that we can return this card to you. Attach this form to the front of the mailpiece, or on the back if space does not permit. Write "Return Receipt Requested" on the mailpiece below the article number. The Return Receipt will show to whom the article was delivered and the date delivered. following services (for an extra fee): 1. Addressee's Address 2. Restricted Delivery Consult postmaster for fee. RETURN ADDRESS completed on 3. Article Addressed to 4a. Article Number 618 4b. Service Type ☐ Registered ertified Thank you for using ☐ Express Mail ☐ Insured ☐ Return Receipt for Merchandise ☐ COD 7. Date of Delivery 5. Received By: (Print Name) 8. Addressee's Address (Only if requested and fee is paid) 6. Signature: (Addressee or Agent) PS Form **3811**, December 1994 102595-98-B-0229 Domestic Return Receipt

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already much the TRS SIP (in: factions (March 7251P)

established for them.

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4-9-99 Meeting Smartit-Stone: Panama City mill Bruce Mitchell FDEC 850/921-9506 SYED ARIF 850 921-9529 FDEP 850/785-4311 Ext. 257 DAVIO RILEY SMURFIT - STONE Tom Clements 850 785-4311 X 470 Charles Acker Snunfit - Stre 904-714-7120 Golden Misociaks 352-336-56 David A. Buff 351-336-5600 Worthwest District Ed Middleswort Rick Bradburn

Golder Associates Inc.

6241 NW 23rd Street, Suite 500 Gainesville, FL 32653-1509 Telephone (352) 336-5600 Fax (352) 336-6603



September 3, 1999

9937518

Florida Department of Environmental Protection Northwest District 160 Governmental Center Pensacola, Florida 32501-5794

RECEIVED

SFP 07 1999

BUREAU OF AIR REGULATION

Attention: Mr. Ed Middleswart, P.E.

Subject: File No. 0050009-005-AC

Stone Container Corp. Panama City Mill

Pulp Production Increase

Dear Mr. Middleswart:

This correspondence is in response to the Department's letter dated August 17, 1999, concerning the above referenced pulp production increase for Stone Container Corp.'s (SCC) Panama City mill. Responses to the Department's two comments are presented below:

1. Attached is the requested calculations, assumptions, etc., for the current actual emissions from the Panama City mill and the future potential emissions. These emissions are summarized and compared for PSD applicability in the attached Tables Supportive calculations, assumptions etc., are provided for in 1 through 4. Attachments A and B.

The baseline actual emissions (Table 1 and Attachment B) are based on the two year period 1997 and 1999. This two year period was selected because the mill was shutdown for three months in 1998 due to economic reasons, and therefore 1998 was not representative of normal operation. For 1999 actual operation, the mill is on track to reach the current permitted capacity of 668,850 TPY ADUP, therefore actual operation through August was prorated to agree with this pulp production rate.

The future potential emissions based on a pulp production rate of 781,000 TPY airdried unbleached pulp (ADUP) are presented in Table 2 and Attachment A. The 781,000 TPY production rate is based on a maximum of 2,200 TPD ADUP for 365 days per year. Since the mill normally does not operate 365 days per year, this is an upper limit figure.

If Tables 1 and 2 are used as the basis for assessing PSD review applicability, then PSD review is triggered for nearly all PSD regulated pollutants (refer to Table 3). This would be true even if the future potential emissions were based on the current permitted pulp production rate of 668,850 TPY pulp, since the permitted rates of

most operating units remain unchanged regardless of the pulp production limit (i.e., recovery boilers, smelt tanks and lime kiln).

As a truer indication of the actual increase in emissions that would occur with the proposed pulp production increase, a comparison of current actual and future actual emissions is presented in Table 4. The future actual emissions are based on increasing the current actuals by the ratio of current to future production (667,426 TPY/781,000 TPY = 1.17). However, if this calculation resulted in future emissions greater than the potential emissions shown in Table 3, then the potential emissions from Table 3 were used.

For the reasons stated in the application, we still believe that the increase can be permitted as a permit amendment, not requiring PSD review. Note that the Nos. 3 and 4 Combination Boilers were not included in the analysis, since these units are already operating at maximum to produce electricity for internal consumption. Therefore, the pulp production increase does not affect these units. All other units at the mill for which emissions can be quantified are included in the analysis.

2. Golder is currently working with EPA Region IV to obtain approval of the ISC-PRIME model for the Panama City mill. However, if it appears that EPA will not issue such approval in time for FDEP to issue a draft permit by the first of November, then SCC will submit model results based on the currently approved ISCST3 model.

Please call if you have any questions concerning this information. We stand ready to do everything necessary to obtain a final permit by November 1 of this year.

Sincerely,

GOLDER ASSOCIATES INC.

David a. Buff

David A. Buff, P.E. Principal Engineer Florida P.E. # 19011

DB/arz

cc: Bruce Mitchell, FDEP Tallahassee

David Riley Charlie Ackel Bill Heatley

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Table 1. 1997/1999 Baseline Emissions, Stone Container Corp., Panama City

Regulated Pollutant	No . 1 Recovery Boiler (TPY)	No . 2 Recovey Boiler (TPY)	No. 1 Smelt Dissolving Tank (TPY)	No. 2 Smelt Dissolving Tank (TPY)	Lime Kiln (TPY)	Bleach Plant (TPY)	Pulping Area (TPY)	Lime Slaker (TPY)	Woodyard (TPY)	Chemical Recovery Area (TPY)	Paper Making (TPY)	TOTAL BASELINE EMISSIONS (TPY)
Particulate (TSP)	147.1	128.4	89.6	97.0	104.8			1,9	41.5			610.3
Particulate (PM10)	114.2	99.6	80.2	86.8	103.0			1.9	15.1			500.8
Sulfur dioxide	515.7 .	509.3	39	3.9	16.2							1,048:9
litrogen oxides	286.5	282.9	81	8.0	153.8							739.4
Carbon monoxide	2,604.6	2,572.0			15.5	131.0			••			5,323.1
/olatile organic compds.	166 2	164 1	15.2	15.0	16.6	80.4	60.1	3.1	••	166.6	200 2	887.4
Sulfuric acid mist	31.6	14.3	0 24	0.24	1.0							47.4
otal Reduced Sulfur	25.6	32.5	2.8	3.23	7.8	5.2	73 4			14,9		165,5
ead	0.021	0.020	0.0042	0 0041	0 27							0.32
Mercury	0.016	0.016	0.000044	0.000044	0.00064	•						0.032
Beryllium	0.00054	0.00054	0,000034	0 000034	0.0012							0.0023
luorides		••										

Table 2. Maximum Future Potential Emissions @ 781,000 TPY Pulp Production, Stone Container Corp., Panama City

	No . 1	No , 2	No. 1 Smett	No. 2 Smelt						Chemical		TOTAL
Regulated	Recovery	Recovey	Dissolving	Dissolving	Lime	Bleach	Pulping	Lime		Recovery	Paper	FUTURE
Pollutant	Boiler	Boiler	Tank	Tank	Kitn	Plant	Area	Area Slaker	Woodyard	Area	Making	POTENTIAL
	(TPY)	(TPY)	(TPY)	(TPY)	(TPY)	(TPY)	(TPY)	(TPY)	(TPY)	(TPY)	(TPY)	(TPY)
Particulate (TSP)	492.8	492.8	130.1	124.9	130.7			17.5	44 6		••	1,433.4
Particulate (PM10)	382.4	382.4	116.5	111.8	128.4	••		17.5	16 4	••	••	1,155.4
Sulfur dioxide	568.4	568.4	4.3	4.3	20.6	••	••	••			••	1,166.1
litrogen oxides	315.8	315 8	8.9	8.9	195.7		••	••				845.2
Carbon monoxide	2,872.0	2,872.0			19.7	177.3						5,941.0
/otatile organic compds.	183.2	183.2	16.8	16.8	21.1	96,7	70.3	5.4		193.8	234.3	1,021.6
Sulfuric acid mist	34.8	34.8	0.27	0.27	1.3				-			71.4
otal Reduced Sulfur	75.9	75.9	13.0	13,0	31,9	6.3	85.9			16.4	**	318.3
.ead	0.023	0.023	0.0050	0.0050	0.34					••		0.40
Mercury	0.017	0.017	0.000049	0.000049	0.00081			••				0.035
Beryllium	0.00060	0 00060	0.000038	0.000038	0.0015					_		0.0028
luorides							 `					

Table 3. Current Actual and Future Potential Emissions for Proposed Pulp Production of 781,000 TPY

Stone Container Corp., Panama City

, .

		FUTURE		Significant	PSD	
Regulated	BASELINE	POTENTIAL	NET	Emission	Review	٠
Pollutant	EMISSIONS	EMISSIONS	: CHANGE	Rate	Applies	
	(TPY)	(TPY)	(TPY)	(TPY)	?	
Particulate (TSP)	610.3	1,433.4	823.1	25	Yes	
Particulate (PM10)	500.8	1,155.4	654.6	15	Yes	
Sulfur dioxide	1,048.9、	1,166.1	117.1	40	Yes	
Nitrogen oxides	739.4	845.2	105.8	40	Yes	
Carbon monoxide	5,323.1	5,941.0	617.9	100	Yes	
/olatile organic compds.	887.4	1,021.6	134.2	40	Yes	
Sulfuric acid mist	47.4	71.4	24.1	7	Yes	
Total Reduced Sulfur	165.5	318.3	152.8	10	Yes	
_ead	0.32	0.40	0,080	0.6	No	
Mercury	0.032	0.035	0.003	0.1	No	
Beryllium	0.0023	0,0028	0.00043	0.00040	Yes	
luorides				3	No	

Table 4. Comparison of Current Actual and Future Actual Emissions for Proposed Pulp Production of 781,000 TPY Stone Container Corp., Panama City

		TOTAL		Significant	PSD	
Regulated	BASELINE	FUTURE	NET	Emission	Review	
Pollutant	EMISSIONS	ACTUAL (a)	CHANGE	Rate	Applies	
	(TPY)	(TPY)	(TPY)	(TPY)	?	
Particulate (TSP)	610.3	714.0 .	103.7	25	Yes	
Particulate (PM10)	500.8	585.9	85.1	15	Yes	
Sulfur dioxide	1,048.9	1,166.1 (b)	117.2	40	Yes	
Nitrogen oxides	739.4	845.2 (b)	105.8	40	Yes	
Carbon monoxide	5,323.1	5,941.0 (b)	617.9	100	Yes	
Volatile organic compds.	887.4	1,021.6 (b)	134.2	40	Yes	
Sulfuric acid mist	47.4	55.4	8.1	7	Yes	
Total Reduced Sulfur	165.5	193.6	28.1	10	Yes	
₋ead	0.32	0.37	0.054	0.6	No	
Mercury	0.032	0.037	0.005	0.1	No	
Beryllium	0.0023	0.0027	0.00040	0.00040	Yes	
- -luorides				3	No	

⁽a) Based on increasing current actual emissions by the ratio of current actual to future potential pulp production (667,426 TPY ADUP current and 781,000 TPY ADUP future potential) = ratio of 1.17

⁽b) Based on future potential emissions from Table 3, since applying ratio of 1.17 resulted in emissions greater than shown in Table 3.

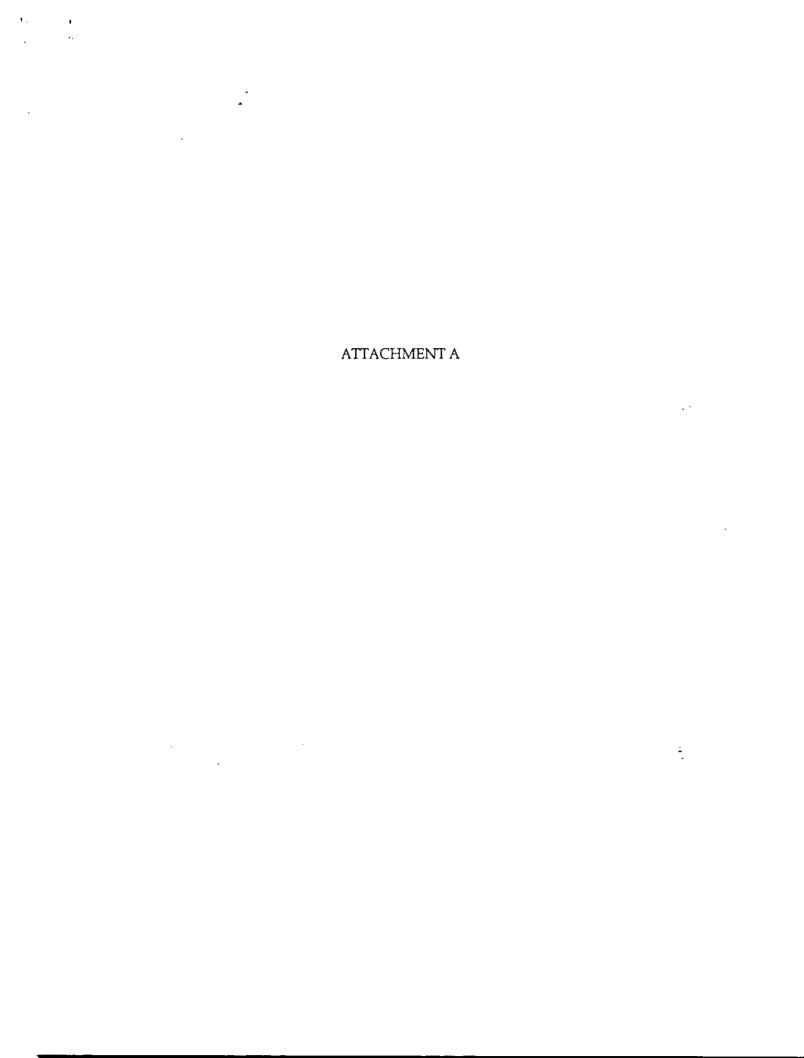


Table A-1. Maximum Emissions from Each Recovery Boiler Nos. 1 and 2, Stone Container Corporation, Panama City

				Each Recovery Boiler		
Regulated Pollutant	i	Emission Factor	Reference	Activity Factor (a)	Hourly Emissions (lb/hr)	Annual Emissions (TPY)
Particulate (PM)	112.5	lb/hr	1	8,760 hr/yr	112.5	492.8, OK
Particulate (PM10)	77.6	% of PM	6	_	87.30	382.4
Sulfur dioxide	0.18	lb/MMBtu	3	721 MMBtu/hr	129.78	568.4
Nitrogen oxides	0.10	lb/MMBtu	3	721 MMBtu/hr	72.10	315.8
Carbon monoxide	20	lb/1,000 lb BLS	7	123.7 1,000 lb BLS/hr	2,474	2,872
VOC	0.058	lb C /MMBtu	3	721 MMBtu/hr	41.82	183.2
Sulfuric acid mist	0.011	lb/MMBtu	5	721 MMBtu/hr	7.95	34.8
Total reduced sulfur	17.5	ppmvd	1	187,100 dscfm (g)	17.3	75.9
Lead	7.2E-06	lb/MMBtu	2	721 MMBtu/hr	5.2E-03	2.3E-02
Mercury	5.5E-06	lb/MMBtu	2	721 MMBtu/hr	4.0E-03	1.7E-02
Beryllium	1.9E-07	lb/MMBtu	2	721 MMBtu/hr	1.4E-04	6.0E-04
Fluorides	ND		4		-	-

note:

- (a) Based on currently permitted maximum operating rate of 123,700 lb virgin BLS/hr, 5,830 Btu/lb BLS, and 8,760 hr/yr.
- (b) Based on currentlt permitted maximum heat input of 721 MMBtu/hr, average No. 6 Fuel Oil heat content of 150,000 Btu/gal, and 8,760 hr/yr.
- (c) Maximum S = 2.5%.
- (d) Based on maximum heat input of 721 MMBtu/hr, average natural gas heat content of 1,000 Btu/scf, and 8,760 hr/yr.
- (e) Based on 3,570,000 gallons of No. 6 Fuel Oil per year.
- (f) Based on 535 MMscf of natural gas per year.
- (g) Based on firing with No. 6 Fuel Oil (only) for 742 hr/yr and BLS for the remaining 8,018 hr/yr.
- (h) Based on firing with No. 6 Fuel Oil for 742 hr/yr (only), natural gas for 742 hr/yr, and BLS for the remaining 7,276 hr/yr.
- (g) Based on 1997 compliance testing and 8% salt cake content of BLS throughput, ie. 92% virgin BLS.

References:

- 1. Currently permitted emission limit.
- 2. Emission factor based on NCASI Bulletin No. 650, Table 11D, direct contact evaporator, average factor used.
- 3. Emission factor based on NCASI Bulletin No. 646, Tables 8-11, direct contact evaporator with ESP, average factor used.
- From "Application of Combustion Modifications to Industrial Combustion Equipment" EPA-600/7-79-015a. one test from recovery boiler.
- Based on similar derivation of sulfuric acid mist from AP-42 for fuel oil.60 f SO2 becomes SO3 then take into account the ratio of sulfuric acid mist and gaseous sulfate molecular weights (98/80).
- 6. Based on AP-42 Tables 10.2-1, 10.2-2, and Figure 10.2-2 for Kraft pulping sources.
- 7. Based on NCASI Bulletin No. 416, Table 5 and Figure 17 (20 lb/1,000 lb BLS for hourly emissions and 5.3 lb/1,000 lb BLS for annual average).

Table A-2. Maximum Emissions From the Existing Bleach Plant, Smurfit-Stone Container, Panama City, Florida

Poilutant Name	Averag Emission F (lb/tons Al	actor	Activity Factor (a) (tons ADBP/yr)	Annual Emissions (TPY)
Carbon Monoxide				
Hardwood	0.72	(b)	402,960	***
Softwood	0.88	(b)	402,960	177.30
Volatile Organic Compounds measured as total hydrocarbons)	4.80E-01	(c)	402,960	96.71
Total Reduced Sulfur	3.10E-02	(d)	402,960	6.25

Notes:

ADBP = Air Dried Bleached Pulp

ib/hr = pounds per hour

TPY = tons per year

Footnotes:

- (a) Based on the maximum rate of 1,104 tons ADBP/day and 365 days/yr of operation.
- (b) Emission factors based on data in NCASI Technical Bulletin No. 760, Carbon Monoxide Emissions from Oxygen Delignification and Chlorine Dioxide Bleaching of Wood Pulp, July 1998.

Bleaching Stages:

Hardwood: Existing bleach plant design is 25.78 lb ClO2/ODTUBP / 0.94 = 27.4 lb ClO2/ODTBP = 1.4% Using NCASI equation for hardwood (Figure 11): CO = (-0.03 x %ClO2) + 0.69 lb/ODTBP

CO = 0.65 lb/ODTBP x 0.90 = 0.72 lb/ADTBP

Softwood: Existing bleach plant design is 35.5 lb ClO2/ODTUBP / 0.94 = 37.8 lb ClO2/ODTBP = 1.9%

Using NCASI equation for softwood (Figure 9): CO = (0.27 x %ClO2) + 0.38 lb/ODTBP

CO = 0.79 lb/ODTBP x 0.90 = 0.88 lb/ADTBP

Maximum emissions based on 100% softwood.

- (c) NCASI Technical Bulletin No. 701, Compilation of Air Toxic and Total Hydrocarbon Emissions Data for Sources at Chemical Wood Pulp Mills, Volume 1, October 1995, Table 3, for Mill BPII2.
- (d) NCASI Technical Bulletin No. 701, Compilation of Air Toxic and Total Hydrocarbon Emissions Data for Sources at Chemical Wood Pulp Mills, Volume 1, October 1995, Table 3, for Mill BPIF2.

Table A-3. Maximum Emissions from Pulping Area (Brown Stock Washing) at Stone Container, Panama City.

Regulated Pollutant	Emission Factor	Reference	Activity Factor	Annual Emissions (TPY)
VOC	0.18 lb C/ton ADUP	2	781,000 ton ADUP/yr	70.3
Total reduced sulfur	0.22 lb/ton ADUP	1	781,000 ton ADUP/yr	85.9

References

- Based on NCASI Technical Bulletin No. 701, page 77, 79, and 81 (Table 5).
 Based on NCASI Technical Bulletin No. 701, page 89 (Table 5).

Table A-4. Maximum Emissions from No. 1 Smelt Dissolving Tank at Stone Container, Panama City.

Regulated Pollutant	Emission Factor	Reference	Activity Factor (a)	Hourly Emissions (lb/hr)	Annual Emissions (TPY)
Particulate (PM)	29.71 lb/hr	1	8,760 hr/yr	29.7	130.1
Particulate (PM10)	89.5 % of PM	2		26.6	116.5
Sulfur dioxide	0.016 lb/ton BLS	3	61.85 tons BLS/hr	0.99	4.33
Nitrogen oxides	0.033 lb/ton BLS	3	61.85 tons BLS/hr	2.04	8.94
Carbon monoxide					
VOC	0.062 lb/ton BLS	3	61.85 tons BLS/hr	3.83	16.8
Sulfuric acid mist	5 % of SO2	5		0.061	0.27
Total reduced sulfur	0.048 lb/ton BLS	6	61.85 tons BLS/hr	3.0	13.0
Lead	1.7E-05 lb/ton BLS	4	61.85 tons BLS/hr	0.001	0.005
Mercury	1.8E-07 lb/ton BLS	4	61.85 tons BLS/hr	1.1E-05	4.9E-05
Beryllium	1.4E-07 lb/ton BLS	4	61.85 tons BLS/hr	8.7E-06	3.8E-05
Fluorides					

note:

(a) Based on the currently permitted maximum allowable operating rate of 123,700 lb virgin BLS/hr and 8,760 hr/yr.

References:

- 1. Currently permitted emission limit.
- 2. AP-42, Table 10.2-7.
- 3. Data is averages from NCASI Bulletin No. 646, Tables 16-18, for smelt dissolving tanks with scrubbers.
- 4. Data is averages from NCASI Bulletin No. 650, Tables 14A and 14B, for smelt dissolving tanks with scrubbers.
- 5. Based on similar derivation of sulfuric acid mist from AP-42 for fuel oil. 5% of SO2 becomes SO3 then take into account the ratio of sulfuric acid mist and gaseous sulfate molecular weights (98/80).
- 6. Based on Rule 62-296.404(3)(d)1., F.A.C

Table A-5. Maximum Emissions from No. 2 Smelt Dissolving Tank at Stone Container, Panama City.

Regulated Pollutant	Emission Factor	Reference	Activity Factor (a)	Hourly Emissions (lb/hr)	Annual Emissions (TPY)
Particulate (PM)	28.5 lb/hr	1	8,760 hr/yr	28.5	124.9
Particulate (PM10)	89.5 % of PM	2	·	25.5	111.8
Sulfur dioxide	0.016 lb/ton BLS	3	61.85 tons BLS/hr	0.99	4.33
Nitrogen oxides	0.033 lb/ton BLS	3	61.85 tons BLS/hr	2.04	8.94
Carbon monoxide					
VOC	0.062 lb/ton BLS	3	61.85 tons BLS/hr	3.83	16.8
Sulfuric acid mist	5 % of SO2	5		0.061	0.27
Total reduced sulfur	0.048 lb/ton BLS	1	61.85 tons BLS/hr	3.0	13.0
Lead	1.7E-05 lb/ton BLS	4	61.85 tons BLS/hr	0.001	0.005
Mercury	1.8E-07 lb/ton BLS	4	61.85 tons BLS/hr	1.1E-05	4.9E-05
Beryllium	1.4E-07 lb/ton BLS	4	61.85 tons BLS/hr	8.7E-06	3.8E-05
Fluorides					

note:

(a) Based on the currently permitted maximum allowable operating rate of 123,700 lb virgin BLS/hr and 8,760 hr/yr.

References:

- 1. Currently permitted emission limit.
- 2. AP-42, Table 10.2-7.
- 3. Data is averages from NCASI Bulletin No. 646, Tables 16-18, for smelt dissolving tanks with scrubbers.
- 4. Data is averages from NCASI Bulletin No. 650, Tables 14A and 14B, for smelt dissolving tanks with scrubbers.
- 5. Based on similar derivation of sulfuric acid mist from AP-42 for fuel oil. 5% of SO2 becomes SO3 then take into account the ratio of sulfuric acid mist and gaseous sulfate molecular weights (98/80).

Table A-6. Maximum Emissions from the Woodyard at Stone Container, Panama Ofty-

SOURCE	Type of Operation (a)	M Moisture Content	Wind Speed	Uncontrol Emission Fa		Type of Control	Control Efficiency		rolled n Factor	Activity	Factor	Maximum Annual PM Emissions	PM10 Size Multiplier (c)	Maximum Annua PM10 Emissions
ROUNDWOOD HANDLING		(%)	(MPH)				(%)					(tons/yr)	·	(tons/yr)
Debarker	Debarking			0 024 lbs/	floo (d)	Enclosure	80	0 00480	thetee	1,945,934	TDV (-1	4.673		4.000
Chipper	Continuous Drop	30	7.8	0 00013 ibs/		None	0	0 00013	tbs/ton	1,946,934		0.125	0.35	1 635 0 044
Chip Surge Bin to Conveyor	Continuous Drop	30	7.8	0 00013 ibs/			80						0.35	
Conveyor to Tower No. 1 Chip Diverter	Continuous Drop	30	7.8	0 00013 lbs/		Enclosed		0.00003	lbs/ton	1,946,934	, ,	0.025	0 35	0 0088
Conserve to 1046/190 1 Chip Office.	Commodus Drop	30	£.0	0 00013 1050	V(Or)	Enclosed	80	0.00003	lbs/ton	1,946,934	IPT (e)	0.025	0.35	0.0088
BARK HANDLING														
Debarker to Bark Conveyor	Continuous Orop	30	7.8	0 00013 lbs/	/ton	Enclosed	80	0 00003	lbs/ton	155,755	TPY (f)	0.0020	0.35	0 00070
Bark Conveyor to No. 1 Bark Diverter	Continuous Orop	30	7.8	0.00013 lbs/	/ton	Enclosed	80	0 00003	lbs/ton	155,755	TPY (f)	0.0020	0.35	0 00070
No. 1 Bark Diverter to Emergency Bark Storage Pile	Continuous Drop	30	7.8	0 00013 lbs/	/ton	Enclosed	80	0 00003	lbs/ton	0	TPY (f)	0.0000	0.35	0 00000
Emergency Bark Storage Pile	Wind Erosion	-		_		None	0			~		0.0094	1.0	0.0094
Unhogged Bark Storage Pile	Wind Erosion	_	-			None	0	_				0 0094	10	0 0094
Trucked Bark to Purchased Unhogged Bark Storage Pile	Batch Drop	30	7.8	0 00013 lbs/	/ton	None	0	0.00013	lbs/ton	316,098	TPY (g)	0.0203	0.35	0 00712
Front End Loaded to Bark Hopper	Batch Drop	30	7.8	0.00013 lbs/	/ton	None	0	0.00013	lbs/ton		TPY (g)	0 0203	0.35	0 00712
Wastewood Conveyor to No. 1 Bark Diverter	Continuous Drop	30	7.8	0 00013 lbs/	/ton	Enclosed	80	0 000026	lbs/ton		TPY (g)	0 0041	0.35	0 00142
No. 1 Bark Diverter to Disc Screen	Continuous Drop	30	7.8	0 00013 lbs/		Enclosed	80	0 000026	lbs/ton		TPY (h)	0.0061	0.35	0 00213
Bark Hog	Hammermill			0 024 lbs/		Enclosed	80	0 00480	fbs/ton		TPY (h)	1.132	1,0	1,132
Bark Hog to Hogged Bark Conveyor	Continuous Drop	30	7.8	0.00013 lbs/	, ,	Enclosed	80	0 000026	Ibs/ton		TPY (h)	0 0061	0.35	0.00213
Hogged Bark Conveyor to Hogged Bark Pile	Continuous Drop	30	7.8	0.00013 lbs/		Enclosed	80	0.000026	fbs/ton		TPY (h)	0 0061	0.35	0.00213
Hogged Bark Pile	Wind Erosion	_	_	-		None	ů.				(1)	0.0023	1.0	0 00213
Bark Bin Cyclone	Cyclone Vent			2,0 lb/h	hr	Cyclone	ő	2.0	lb/hr	e 760	hr/yr	8.76	0.35	3 07
Bark Bin Cyclone to Small Bark Bin and Screw	Continuous Drop	30	7.8	0 00013 lbs/		* Enclosed	80	0.000026	lbs/ton		TPY (h)	0.0061	0.35	0.00213
Small Bark 6in and Screw to Bark Conveyor	Continuous Drop	30	7.8	0 00013 lbs/		Enclosed	80	0.000026	lbs/ton		TPY (h)	0.0061		0.00213
Bark Conveyor to No. 2 Bark Diverter	Continuous Drop	30	7,8	0.00013 lbs/		Enclosed	80	0.000026	lbs/ton		TPY (h)	0.0061	0.35	
Bark Storage Pile Maintenance	Vehicular Traffic	_	7,0	0.00013 lbs/			0		Ibs/VMT				0.35	0 00213
back otologe File Maintenance	Venicular traffic	_	-	0 /4 105	2 V M I	None	U	0 /4	IDS/VM I	21,900	VMT (i)	8 103	0.35	2.836
PURCHASED CHIP HANDLING														
Truck Unloading (Chip Van Hopper)	Batch Drop	30	7 8	0,00013 lbs/		Covered	60	0.000051	lbs/ton		TPY (j)	0 020	0 35	0 0069
Railcar Unloading (Chip Van Hopper)	Batch Drop	30	7.8	0 00013 lbs/		Covered	60	0.000051	lbs/ton	762,300	TPY (j)	0.020	0 35	0 0069
Truck Unloading Conveyor to Tower No. 1 Chip Diverter	Continuous Orop	30	7.B	0 00013 lbs/	/ton	Enclosed	80	0 000026	lbs/ton		TPY (j)	0 010	0.35	0 0034
Railcar Unloading Conveyor to Tower No. 1 Chip Diverter	Continuous Drop	30	7 8	0 00013 lbs/	/ton	Enclosed	80	0 000026	lbs/ton	762,300	TPY (j)	0.010	0 35	0 0034
MANUFACTURED AND PURCHASED CHIP PROCESSING														
Tower No. 1 Diverter to Chip Conveyor (2)	Continuous Drop	30	7.8	0 00013 lbs/	/ton	Enclosed	80	0.000026	lbs/ton	3,315,779	TPY (k)	0 043	0,35	0 015
Chip Conveyor to Tower No. 2 Diverter. (2)	Continuous Orop	30	7.6	0 00013 fbs/		Enclosed	80	0.000026	lbs/ton	3,315,779	, ,	0.043	0.35	0.015
Tower No. 2 Diverter to Chip Reclaim Conveyor (2)	Continuous Drop	30	78	0 00013 lbs/		Enclosed	80	0 000026	lbs/ton	3,315,779		0.043	0 35	0.015
Chip Reclaim Coveyor to Radial Conveyor (2)	Continuous Drop	30	7.8	0 00013 lbs/		Enclosed	80	0.000026	lbs/ton	3,315,779		0.043	0 35	0 015
Radial Conveyor to Chip Reclaimer Storage Pile (2)	Continuous Drop	30	7.8	0 00013 lbs/		Enclosed	80	0.000026	lbs/ton	3,315,779		0.043	0.35	0 0 1 5
Chip Reclaimer Storage Pile (2)	Wind Erosion	_	_			None	٥	- 000020	103/10/1	3,313,773	11. (k)	0.048	1.0	0.048
Chip Reclaimer Storage Pile to Chip Conveyor (2)	Continuous Drop	30	7.8	0 00013 lbs/	/ton	Enclosed	80	0 000026	lbs/ton	3,315,779	TRY (L)	0.043	0.35	0 015
Chip Conveyor to Tower No. 2 Diverter (2)	Continuous Drop	30	7.8	0 00013 lbs/		Enclosed	80	0.000026	lbs/ton	3,315,779		0.043	0 35	0.015
Tower No. 2 Diverter to Chip Screw (2)	Continuous Drop	30	7.0	0 00013 lbs/		Enclosed	80	0.000026	ibs/ton	3,315,779		0.043	0 35	0.015
Chip Screw to Primary Screen (2)	Continuous Drop	30	78	0 00013 lbs/		Enclosed	80							
Chip Screens	•	30	, 0	0.00013 108/	W IOII	Euclosed	80	0 000026	IDS/ION	3,315,779	(F) (K)	0.043	0.35	0 015
	Screening Custom Vant			20			**				L	4.750		
Softwood Primary Screen Cyclone	Cyclone Vent	-		20 lb/h	-	Cyclone, Enclosure	80	0.40	lb/hr	8,760	,	1.752	0.35	0 613
Hardwood Primary Screen Cyclone	Cyclone Vent		7.0	20 lb/h		Enclosure	80	0 40	lb/hr	8,760	•	1.752	0 35	0 613
Primary Screen to Secondary Screen (2)	Continuous Drop	30	7.8	0 00013 (bs/		Enclosed	80	0.000026	lbs/ton	3,315,779		0.043	0.35	0.015
Secondary Screen to Chip Conveyor (2)	Continuous Drop	30	7 8	0.00013 lbs/		Enclosed	80	0.000026	lbs/ton	2,321,045		0.030	0 35	0 010
Screen Building Rejects Cyclone	Cyclone Vent	-	-	2.0 lb/h		None	0	2.0	lb/hr		hr/yr	8.760	0.35	3 066
Screen Building Rejects Cyclone to Chip Conveyor	Continuous Drop	30	78	0.00013 lbs/	/ton	Covered	60	0.000051	(bs/ton	994,734	TPY (m)	0.026	0.35	0 009
Fines Blowline Emergency Storage Pile	Wind Erosion	-	-	_		None	0	-	•	-		0 00017	1.0	0 00017
Fines Blowline Cyclone	Cyclone Vent	-	-	2,0 lb/h	hr	None	O	20	lb/hr	8,760	hr/yr	8,760	0.35	3 07
Fines Blowline Cyclone to Wastewood/Sludge Conveyor	Continuous Drop	30	7.8	0 00013 lbs/	/ton	Covered	60	0 000051	lbs/ton	9,947	TPY (n)	0.000	0.35	0 000
Chip Conveyor to No. 5 Transfer Tower (2)	Continuous Drop	30	7.8	0 00013 lbs/	/ton	Enclosed	80	0.000026	lbs/ton	3,305,772	TPY (o)	0.043	0.35	0.015
TOTAL												44.61		16 39
Notes:												10.77		10 33

Notes

- (a) Batch Drop and Continuous Drop Emission Factors are computed from AP-42 (US EPA, 1995) Section 13.2.4-3(1). E = 0.0032 x (U/5)^1.3 / (M/2)^1.4 lb/ton
- (b) Wind Erosion Emissions based on AP-42 (US EPA, 1995) Section 13 2.5. Refer to Attachment A for derivation.
- (c) PM10 Size Multiplier is based on particles < 10 micrometers.
- (d) Debarker emissions are based on Table 28 of NCASI Technical Bulletin No. 424 (March 1984), Fugitive Dust Emission Factors and Control Methods Important to Forest Products Industry Manufacturing Operations.
- (e) Roundwood throughput is based on 466,800 cords/yr (softwood) @ 2.7 tons/cord and 178,800 cords/yr (hardwood) @ 2.85 tons/cord, plus 10 percent.
- (f.) Bark throughput is based on 8 percent of roundwood.
- (g) Based on purchased bark
- (h) Total bark throughput is sum of manufactured bark and purchased bark.
- (i) Vehible miles traveled (VIn1) was calculated assuming front end loader operating 12 hrs/day, 365 days/yr in the woodyard,
- (j) Purchased chip throughput is based on 142,800 cords/yr (softwood) and 411,600 cords/yr (hardwood) @ 2.5 tons/cord, plus 10 percent.
- (k) Total chip throughput is based on 92 percent of roundwood throughput plus purchased chip throughput.
- (I) Based on 70% of total chip throughput
- (m) Based on 30% of total chip throughout
- (n) Fines separated from wood chip stream.
- (o) Total chips minus fines.

Table A-7. Maximum Emissions from Lime Kiln (No. 6 Fuel Oil Fired) at Stone Container, Panama City.

Regulated Pollutant	Emission Factor	Reference	Activity Factor (a)	Hourly Emissions (lb/hr)	Annual Emissions (TPY)
Particulate (PM)	29.83 lb/hr	1	8,760 hr/yr	29.83	130.7
Particulate (PM10)	98.3 % of PM	2		29.32	128.4
Sulfur dioxide	0.23 lb/ton CaO	4	20.4 ton CaO/hr	4.69	20.6
Nitrogen oxides	2.19 lb/ton CaO	4	20.4 ton CaO/hr	44.68	195.7
Carbon monoxide	0.22 lb/ton CaO	6	20.4 ton CaO/hr	4.49	19.7
voc	0.24 lb C/ton CaO	4	20.4 ton CaO/hr	4.81	21.1
Sulfuric acid mist	0.014 lb/ton CaO	5	20.4 ton CaO/hr	0.29	1.3
Total reduced sulfur	20 ppmvd (b)	1	68,000 dscfm	7.27	31.9
Lead	3.8E-03 lb/ton CaO	3	20.4 ton CaO/hr	7.8E-02	3.4E-01
Mercury	9.1E-06 lb/ton CaO	3	20.4 ton CaO/hr	1.9E-04	8.1E-04
Beryllium	1.7E-05 lb/ton CaO	3	20.4 ton CaO/hr	3.5E-04	1.5E-03
Fluorides					

Footnotes

- (a) Based on currently permitted operating limit of 18.35 tons CaO/hr plus 10% impurities (20.4 tons/hr), 8,760 hr/yr.
- (b) TRS Emission Factor as H2S corrected to 10% O2 as a 12-hour average.

References

- 1. Currently permitted emission limit.
- 2. Based on AP-42 Section 10.2 and Tables 10.2-1 and 10.2-4.
- 3. Based on NCASI Technical Bulletin No. 650, Table 13C.
- 4. Based on NCASI Technical Bulletin No. 646, Tables 12-14.
- 5. Based on similar derivation of sulfuric acid mist from AP-42 for fuel oil. 5% of SO2 becomes SO3 then take into account the ratio of sulfuric acid mist and gaseous sulfate molecular weights (98/80).
- 6. Based on NCASI Technical Bulletin No. 416, Table 6.

Table A-8. Maximum Emissions from Lime Slaker at Stone Container, Panama City

Regulated Pollutant	Emission Factor	Reference	Activity Factor (a)	Hourly Emissions (lb/hr)	Annual Emissions (TPY)
Particulate (PM)	4.0 lb/hr	1	8,760 hr/yr	4.0	17.5
Particulate (PM10)	100 % of PM	3		4.0	17.5
voc `´	4.4E-02 lb/ton CaO	2	28.1 ton CaO/hr (b)	1.24	5.4
Total reduced sulfur	ND	2			

Footnotes

- (a) Based on ratio of 1997 CaO production and pulp production to proposed pulp production plus 10% (purchased lime) and 8,760 hr/yr.
- (b) 10% impurities included

References

- 1. Currently permitted emission limit.
- 2. Based on NCASI Technical Bulletin No. 701,page 237 and Table 17.

.11

3. No data found, assume 100%.

Table A-9. Maximum Emissions from Chemical Recovery Area at Stone Container, Panama City.

Regulated Pollutant	Emission Factor	Reference	Activity Factor (a)	Annual Emissions (TPY)
<u>/OC</u>				
Black Liquor Oxidation Towers	0.34 lb C/ton ADUP	1	781,000 ton ADUP/hr	132.8
Causticizers	0.044 lb C/ton CaO	4	246,156 ton CaO/yr	5.4
ime Mud Filters/Associated Equipment	0.0041 lb C/ton CaO	4	246,156 ton CaO/yr	0.5
Black Liquor Tanks (2)	0.091 lb/tank/hr	2	2 tanks	0.8
Black Liquor Oxidation Tank	0.1 lb/ton BLS	3	1,083,612 ton BLS/yr	54.2
Green Liquor Clarifiers and Tanks	0.0014 lb C/ton CaO	4	246,156 ton CaO/yr	<u>0.2</u>
·			TOTAL VOC's	193.8
Total Reduced Sulfur				
Black Liquor Oxidation Towers	ND	1		
Causticizers	ND	4		
ime Mud Filters/Associated Equipment	0.0005 lb /ton CaO	4	246,156 ton CaO/yr	0.1
Black Liquor Tanks (2)	0.18 lb/tank/hr	2	2 tanks	1.6
Black Liquor Oxidation Tank	0.0271 lb/ton BLS	3	1,083,612 ton BLS/yr	14.7
Green Liquor Clarifiers and Tanks	7.011E-04 lb C/ton CaO	4	246,156 ton CaO/yr	<u>0.1</u>
,			TOTAL TRS	16.4

Footnotes

(a) Based on proposed maximum hourly lime slaker rate (28.1 tons/hr CaO), proposed pulp production rate, and currently permitted recovery boiler rates.

References

- 1. Based on NCASI Technical Bulletin No. 646, pages 27 and 28.
- 2. Based on NCASI Technical Bulletin No. 701, pages 111-115 (Table 7).
- 3. Based on NCASI Technical Bulletin No. 701, pages 145-154 (Table 11).
- 4. Based on NCASI Technical Bulletin No. 701, pages 237-240 (Table 17).

Table A-10. Maximum Emissions from Paper Making Area at Stone Container, Panama City.

Regulated Pollutant	Emission Factor	Reference	Activity Factor	Annual Emissions (TPY)
VOC Total reduced sulfur	0.60 lb C/ton ADUP ND	1	781,000 ton ADUP/yr 	234.3

References

1. Based on NCASI Technical Bulletin No. 701,page 3, Table 18 (pages 243 and 244).

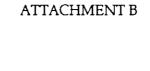


Table B-1. 1997/1999 Baseline Emissions from No. 1 Recovery Boiler at Stone Container Corporation, Panama City

Regulated Pollutant	Emission Factor	Reference	Activity Factor (a)	Annual Emissions (TPY)
Particulate (PM)	34.5 lb/hr	1	8,530 hr/yr	147.1
Particulate (PM10)	77.6 % of PM	6	·	114.2
Sulfur dioxide	0.18 lb/MMBtu	3	5.73E+06 MMBtu/yr	515.7
Nitrogen oxides	0.10 lb/MMBtu	3	5.73E+06 MMBtu/yr	286.5
Carbon monoxide	5.3 lb/1,000 lb BLS	7	982,878 1,000 lb BLS/yr	2,604.6
VOC	0.058 lb C/MM8tu	3	5.73E+06 MMBtu/yr	166.2
Sulfuric acid mist	0.011 lb/MMBtu	5	5.73E+06 MMBtu/yr	31.6
Total reduced sulfur	8.0 ppmvd	1	142,000 dscfm	25.65
Lead	7.2E-06 lb/MMBtu	2	5.73E+06 MMBtu/yr	2.1E-02
Mercury	5.5E-06 lb/MMBtu	2	5.73E+06 MMBtu/yr	1.6E-02
Beryllium	1.9E-07 lb/MMBtu	2	5.73E+06 MMBtu/yr	5.4E-04
Fluorides	ND	4		

ton = 2000 lb.

note:

(a) Heat input rate based on 1997 and projected 1999 BLS burned and 5,830 Btu/lb BLS

1999 (projected): 487,000 tons burned

1997: 495,878 tons burned

References:

- 1. Based on the average of the 1997 and 1999 compliance tests and operating data:
 - 1999 = 28.2 lb PM/hr; 7.8 ppmvd TRS at 142,000 dscfm for 8,544 hr/yr (tests conducted Dec. '98) 1997 = 40.8 lb PM/hr; 8.2 ppmvd TRS at 142,000 dscfm for 8,516 hr/yr
- 2. Emission factor based on NCASI Bulletin No. 650, Table 11D, direct contact evaporator, average factor used.
- 3. Emission factor based on NCASI Bulletin No. 646, page 16 and Tables 10 and 11, direct contact evaporator with ESP, average factor used.
- 4. From "Application of Combustion Modifications to Industrial Combustion Equipment" EPA-600/7-79-015a. one test from recovery boiler.
- 5. Based on similar derivation of sulfuric acid mist from AP-42 for fuel oil. Five percent (5%) of SO2 becomes SO3, then take into account the ratio of sulfuric acid mist and gaseous sulfate molecular weights (98/80).
- 6. Based on AP-42 Table 10.2-2, and Figure 10.2-2 for Kraft pulping sources.
- 7. Based on NCASI Bulletin No. 416, Table 5.

Table B-2. 1997/1999 Baseline Emissions from No. 2 Recovery Boiler at Stone Container Corporation, Panama City

Regulated Pollutant	Emission Factor	Reference	Activity Factor (a)	Annual Emissions (TPY)
Particulate (PM)	30.3 lb/hr	1	8,488 hr/yr	128.4
Particulate (PM10)	77.6 % of PM	6		99.6
Sulfur dioxide	0.18 lb/MMBtu	3	5.66E+06 MMBtu/yr	509.3
Nitrogen oxides	0.10 lb/MMBtu	3	5.66E+06 MMBtu/yr	282.9
Carbon monoxide	5.3 lb/1,000 lb BLS	7	970,562 1,000 lb BLS/yr	2,572.0
VOC	0.058 lb C/MMBtu	3	5.66E+06 MMBtu/yr	164.1
Sulfuric acid mist	0.005 lb/MMBtu	5	5.66E+06 MMBtu/yr	14.3
Total reduced sulfur	10.2 ppmvd	1	142,000 dscfm	32.54
Lead	7.2E-06 lb/MMBtu	2	5.66E+06 MMBtu/yr	2.0E-02
Mercury	5.5E-06 lb/MMBtu	2	5.66E+06 MMBtu/yr	1.6E-02
Beryllium	1.9E-07 lb/MMBtu	2	5.66E+06 MMBtu/yr	5.4E-04
Fluorides	ND	4	<u></u>	

ton = 2000 lb.

note:

(a) Heat input rate based on 1997 and 1999 (projected) BLS burned and 5,830 Btu/lb BLS:

1999 (projected): 483,509 tons burned

1997: 487,053 tons burned

References:

- 1. Based on the average of the 1997 and 1999 compliance tests and operating data:
 - 1999 = 19.6 lb PM/hr; 10.0 ppmvd TRS at 142,000 dscfm for 8,526 hr/yr (tests conducted Dec. '98)
 - 1997 = 40.9 lb PM/hr; 10.4 ppmvd TRS at 142,000 dscfm for 8,449 hr/yr
- 2. Emission factor based on NCASI Bulletin No. 650, Table 11D, direct contact evaporator, average factor used.
- 3. Emission factor based on NCASI Bulletin No. 646, page 16 and Tables 10 and 11, direct contact evaporator with ESP, average factor used.
- 4. From "Application of Combustion Modifications to Industrial Combustion Equipment" EPA-600/7-79-015a. one test from recovery boiler.
- 5. Based on similar derivation of sulfuric acid mist from AP-42 for fuel oil. Five percent (5%) of SO2 becomes SO3 then take into account the ratio of sulfuric acid mist and gaseous sulfate molecular weights (98/80).
- 6. Based on AP-42 Table 10.2-2, and Figure 10.2-2 for Kraft pulping sources.
- 7. Based on NCASI Bulletin No. 416, Table 5.

Table B-3. 1997/1999 Baseline Emissions from Lime Kiln (No. 6 Fuel Oil Fired) at Stone Container, Panama City.

Regulated Pollutant	Emission Factor	Reference	Activity Factor (a)	Annual Emissions (TPY)
	racioi	Reference	raciói (a)	(171)
Particulate (PM)	25,1 lb/hr	1	8,368 hr/yr	104.8
Particulate (PM10)	98.3 % of PM	2		103.0
Sulfur dioxide	0.23 lb/ton CaO	4	140,485 ton CaO/yr	16.2
litrogen oxides	2.19 lb/ton CaO	4	140,485 ton CaO/yr	153.8
Carbon monoxide	0.22 lb/ton CaO	6	140,485 ton CaO/yr	15.5
OC	0.24 lb C/ton CaO	4	140,485 ton CaO/yr	16.6
ulfuric acid mist	0.014 lb/ton CaO	5	140,485 ton CaO/yr	1.0
otal reduced sulfur	7.85 ppmvd (b)	1	45,000 dscfm	7.82
ead	3.8E-03 lb/ton CaO	3	140,485 ton CaO/yr	0.27
Mercury	9.1E-06 lb/ton CaO	3	140,485 ton CaO/yr	6.4E-04
Beryllium	1.7E-05 lb/ton CaO	3	140,485 ton CaO/yr	1.2E-03
luorides				

Footnotes

(a) 1997 and 1999 CaO production and pulp production:

1999 = 668,850 ton ADUP; 143,735 tons CaO (10% impurities)

1997 = 666,002 ton ADUP; 168,454 tons CaO (10% Impurities)

(b) TRS Emission Factor as H2S corrected to 10% O2 as a 12-hour average.

References

1. Compliance testing and operating rates:

1999: 28.5 lb PM/hr, 5.1 ppmvd TRS, and 8,348 hr/yr

1997: 21.6 lb PM/hr, 10.6 ppmvd TRS, and 8,388 hr/yr

- 2. Based on AP-42 Section 10.2 and Tables 10.2-1 and 10.2-4.
- 3. Based on NCASI Technical Bulletin No. 650, Table 13C.
- 4. Based on NCASI Technical Bulletin No. 646, Tables 12-14.
- 5. Based on similar derivation of sulfuric acid mist from AP-42 for fuel oil. Five percent (5%) of SO2 becomes SO3, then take into account the ratio of sulfuric acid mist and gaseous sulfate molecular weights (98/80).
- 6. Based on NCASI Technical Bulletin No. 416, Table 6.

Table B-4. 1997/1999 Baseline Emissions From the Existing Bleach Plant, Smurfit-Stone Container, Panama City

Pollutant Name	Average Emission Factor (lb/ADTBP)	1997/1999 Average Process Rate (a) (ADTBP/yr)	Emission Rate (TPY)
<u> </u>		·	
Hardwood	0.72 (b)	204,246	73.53
Softwood	0.88 (b)	<u>130,584</u>	<u>57.46</u>
TOTAL		334,830	130.99
platile Organic Compounds neasured as total hydrocarbons)	0.48 (c)	334,830	. 80.36
tal Reduced Sulfur	0.031 (d)	334,830	5.19

Notes:

ADTUBP = Air Dried Tons of Unbleached Bleached Pulp

ODTUBP = Oven Dried Tons of Unbleached Bleached Pulp

ADTBP = Air Dried Tons of Bleached Pulp

ODTBP = Oven Dried Tons of Bleached Pulp

lb/hr = pounds per hour

TPY = tons per year

Footnotes:

- (a) Based on the average of 1999 (projected 334,862 ADTBP) and 1997 (334,797 ADTBP) annual production and a hardwood/softwood split of 61%/39%.
- (b) Emission factors based on data in NCASI Technical Bulletin No. 760, Carbon Monoxide Emissions from Oxygen Delignification and Chlorine Dioxide Bleaching of Wood Pulp, July 1998.

Bleaching Stages:

Hardwood: Existing bleach plant design is 25.78 lb ClO2/ODTUBP / 0.94 = 27.4 lb ClO2/ODTBP = 1.4% Using NCASI equation for hardwood (Figure 11): CO = (-0.03 x %ClO2) + 0.69 lb/ODTBP CO = 0.65 lb/ODTBP x 0.90 = 0.72 lb/ADTBP

Softwood: Existing bleach plant design is 35.5 lb ClO2/ODTUBP / 0.94 = 37.8 lb ClO2/ODTBP = 1.9%

Using NCASI equation for softwood (Figure 9): CO = (0.27 x %ClO2) + 0.38 lb/ODTBP

CO = 0.79 lb/ODTBP x 0.90 = 0.88 lb/ADTBP

- (c) NCASI Technical Bulletin'No. 701, Compilation of Air Toxic and Total Hydrocarbon Emissions Data for Sources at Chemical Wood Pulp Mills, Volume 1, October 1995, Table 3, for Mill BPII2.
- (d) NCASI Technical Bulletin No. 701, Compilation of Air Toxic and Total Hydrocarbon Emissions Data for Sources at Chemical Wood Pulp Mills, Volume 1, October 1995, Table 3, for Mill BPIF2.

Table B-5. 1997/1999 Baseline Emissions from Pulping Area (Brown Stock Washing) at Stone Container, Panama City.

Regulated Pollutant	Emission Factor	Reference	Activity Factor (a)	Annual Emissions (TPY)
VOC	0.18 lb C/ton ADUP	1	667,426 ton ADUP/yr	60.1
Total reduced sulfur	0.22 lb/ton ADUP	2	667,426 ton ADUP/yr	73.4

Footnotes

(a) 1997 and 1999 average pulp production:

1999 = 668,850 ton ADUP

1997 = 666,002 ton ADUP

References:

- 1. Based on NCASI Technical Bulletin No. 701, page 89 (Table 5).
- 2. Based on NCASI Technical Bulletin No. 701, page 77, 79, and 81 (Table 5).

Table B-6. 1997/1999 Baseline Emissions from Lime Slaker at Stone Container, Panama City.

Regulated Pollutant	Emission Factor	Reference	Activity Factor (a)	Annual Emissions (TPY)
Particulate (PM)	0.45 lb/hr	1	8,370 hr/yr	1.9
Particulate (PM10)	100 % of PM	2	••	1.9
VOC	0.044 lb /ton CaO	3	140,485 ton CaO/yr	3.1
Total reduced sulfur	ND	3		

Footnotes

(a) 1997 and 1999 CaO production:

1999 = 143,735 tons CaO (10% impurities)

1997 = 168,454 tons CaO (10% impurities)

References

1. Compliance testing and operating hours:

1999: 0.53 lb PM/hr and 8,348 hr/yr

1997: 0.37 lb PM/hr and 8,392 hr/yr

- 2. No data found, assume 100% of PM.
- 3. Based on NCASI Technical Bulletin No. 701,page 237 and Table 17.

Table B-7. 1997/1999 Baseline Emissions from the Woodyard at Stone Container, Panama City

BOUNDYOOD HANDLING Debarker Chipper Chip Surge Bin to Conveyor	5.1.1		(MPH)		ion Factor	Type of Control	Efficiency (%)	Emissio	(I Pactor	Activity F	actor	PM Emissions	Size Multiplier (c)	Maximum Annua PM10 Emissions
Chipper	A	(%)	1				(%)					(tons/yr)		(tons/yr)
• •	Debarking	• •		0 024	lbs/ton (d)	Enclosure	80	0.00480	Ibedon	1,298,492	Trov. (a)			
Chip Surge Bin to Conveyor	Continuous Drop	30	7.8	0.00013		None	Õ	0.00013				3,116	0 35	1.091
	Continuous Drop	30	7.8	0.00013		Enclosed	80	0 00003		1,298,492		0 084	0.35	0 029
Conveyor to Tower No. 1 Chip Diverter	Continuous Drop	30	7.8		lbs/ton	Enclosed	80	0 00003		1,298,492 1,298,492		0 017 0 017	0 35 0.35	0 0059 0,0059
BARK HANDLING									•	1,000,100	(0)	0.011	0.55	0.0039
Debarker to Bark Conveyor	Continuous Drop	30	7.8	0 00013	(habaa	E. C.								
Bark Conveyor to No. 1 Bark Diverter	Continuous Drop	30	78		lbs/lon	Enclosed	80	0 00003		103,679		0 0013	0.35	0 00047
No. 1 Bark Diverter to Emergency Bark Storage Pile	Continuous Drop	30	7.8			Enclosed	80	D 00003		103,879	TPY (f)	0.0013	0 35	0 00047
Emergency Bark Storage Pile	Wind Erasian				lbs/ton	Enclosed	80	0 00003	lbs/ton	0	TPY (ŋ	0 0000	0.35	0 00000
Unhogged Bark Storage Pile	Wind Erosion	_	-	**		None	D					0 0094	1.0	0.0094
Trucked Bark to Purchased Unhogged Bark Storage Pile	Batch Drop	30	7.8	0.00040	15 - 5 -	None	0	-				0.0094	1.0	0 0094
Front End Loaded to Bark Hopper	Batch Orop	30			lbs/ton	None	0	0 00013			TPY (g) (r)	0.0139	0.35	0.00488
Wastewood Conveyor to No. 1 Bark Diverter			7.8		lbs/ton	None	٥.	D DOO13			TPY (g) (r)	0 0139	0 35	0 00488
No 1 Bark Diverter to Disc Screen	Continuous Drop	30	78		los/ton	Enclosed	80	0 000026	Ibs/ton	216,722	TPY (g) (r)	0.0028	0 35	0 00098
Bark Hog	Continuous Drop	30	7.8		lbs/ton	Enclosed	60	0.000026	lbs/ton -	320,601		0.0041	0 35	0.00144
Bark Hog to Hogged Bark Conveyor	Ham:nermill	-	-		lbs/ton (d)	Enclosed	60	0 00480		320,601	TPY (b)	0.769	1.0	0.769
Hogged Bark Conveyor to Hogged Bark Pile	Continuous Drop	30	7 8		lbs/ton	Enclosed	80	0.000026	lbs/ton	320,601	TPY (h)	0.0041	0.35	0.00144
Hogged Bark Pile	Continuous Orop	30	7.8	0 00013	lbs:1on	Enclosed	80	0.000028	lbs/ton	320,601	TPY (b)	0 0041	0 35	0 00144
Bark Bin Cyclone	Wind Erosion	-	-	_		None	0	-				0 0023	1.0	0 0023
Bark Bin Cyclone to Small Bark Bin and Screw	Cyclone Vent	-			lb/hr	Cyclone	D	20	ib/hr	8,485	hrlyr	8.49	0 35	2.97
	Continuous Drop	30	7.8		lbs/ton	Enclosed	80	0 000028	lbs/ton	320,601		0.0041	0 35	0 00144
Small Bark Bin and Screw to Bark Conveyor	Continuous Drop	30	7.8	0.00013		Enclosed	80	0 000026	lbs/lon	320 601		0 0041	0 35	0.00144
Bark Conveyor to No. 2 Bark Diverter	Continuous Drop	30	7.8	0 00013	ibs/ton	Enclosed	80	0.000028	lbs/fon	320,601		0 0041	0 35	0.00144
Bark Storage Pile Maintenance	Vehicular Traffic	-		0.74	lbs/VMT	None	0	0 74	lbs/VMT	21,900		8.103	0 35	2 836
PURCHASED_CHIP HANDLING														
Truck Unloading (Chip Van Hopper)	Batch Orop	30	7.8	0 00013	lbs/ton	Covered	60	0.000051	lbs/ton	£35.004	7001 (2.1.			
Railcar Unloading (Chip Van Hopper)	Batch Drop	30	7.8	0 00013		Covered	60	0.000051	lbs/lon		TPY (j) (p)	0.015	0 35	0.0052
Truck Unloading Conveyor to Tower No. 1 Chip Diverter	Continuous Drop	30	7.8	0 00013		Enclosed	80				TPY (j) (p)	0.015	0 35	0 0052
Railcar Unloading Conveyor to Tower No. 1 Chip Diverter	Continuous Drop	30	7.8	0.00013		Enclosed	80	0 000028		578,294 578,294		0 007 0 007	0 35 0.35	0 0026 0 0026
MANUFACTURED AND PURCHASED CHIP PROCESSING											•			3 0020
Tower No. 1 Diverter to Chip Conveyor (2)	Continuous Drop	30	7.8	0 00013	(be Non	Contacad								
Chip Conveyor to Tower No. 2 Diverter (2)	Continuous Drop	30	78	0 00013		Enclosed Enclosed	80 80	0 000026	bs/ton	2,351,201		0 030	0.35	0.011
Tower No. 2 Diverter to Chip Reclaim Conveyor (2)	Continuous Drop	30	7.8	0 00013						2,351,201		0 030	0 35	0 011
Chip Reclaim Coveyor to Radial Conveyor (2)	Continuous Drop	30	7.8	0 00013		Enclosed	80			2,351,201		0 030	0 35	0 011
Radial Conveyor to Chip Reclaimer Storage Pile (2)	Continuous Drop	30	7.8	0 00013		Enclosed	80			2,351,201		0 030	0 35	0.011
Chip Reclaimer Storage Pile (2)	Wind Erosion	-	7.6	0 00013	ioston	Enclosed	60	0 000026	lbs/ton	2,351,201	TPY (k)	0 030	0 35	0.011
Chip Reclaimer Storage Pile to Chip Conveyor (2)	Continuous Drop	30	7.8	0 00013	lha tan	None	0	<u> </u>				0,048	1.0	D.048
Chip Conveyor to Tower No. 2 Diverter (2)	Continuous Drop	30	7.8		ibs/ton	Enclosed	80			2,351,201		0.030	- 0.35	0 011
Tower No. 2 Diverter to Chip Screw. (2)	Continuous Drop	30	78	0.00013		Enclosed	80			2,351,201		0 030	0 35	0.011
Chip Screw to Primary Screen (2)	Continuous Orga	30	7.8	0.00013		Enclosed	80	0 000026	lbs/ton	2,351,201		0 030	0 35	0 011
Chip Screens	Screening	30	7.0	0 00013	ibs/ion	Enclosed	80 -	- 0 000026	lbs/lon	2,351,201	TPY (k)	0.030	0.35	0.011.
Softwood Primary Screen Cyclone	Cyclone Vent													
Hardwood Primary Screen Cyclone	Cyclone Vent	-		2.0		Cyclone, Enclosure	80	0 40	lp/hr	8,485	hr/yr	1.697	0 35	0.594
rimary Screen to Secondary Screen (2)	•		-		lb/hr	Enclosure	80	0 40	lb/hr	8,485	hr/yr	1.697	0.35	0 594
Secondary Screen to Chip Conveyor (2)	Continuous Drop	30	7.8	0 00013		Enclosed	80	0 000028	lbs/ton	2,351,201	IPY (k)	0 030	0 35	0 011
Screen Building Rejects Cyclone	Continuous Drop	30	78		lbs/ton	Enclosed	. 80		lbs/ton	1,645,841	rPY (I)	0 021	0 35	0 007
Screen Building Rejects Cyclone to Chip Conveyor	Cyclone Vent				יתיכו	None	0		lb/hr	8,485	hr/yr	8.485	0.35	2.970
ines Blowline Emergency Storage Pile	Continuous Drop	30	7.8	0 00013	lbs/lon	Covered	60	0 000051	lbs/ton	705,380	TPY (m)	0 018	0.35	0.006
ines Blowline Cyclone	Wind Erosion		-			None	0			-		0 00017	1.0	0.00017
Fines Blowline Cyclone to Wastewood/Sludge Conveyor	Cyclone Vent	-	-		ΙΦ/hr	None	0		lb/hr	8,485	hr/yr	8.485	0.35	2.97
Chip Conveyor to No. 5 Transfer Tower (2)	Continuous Drop	30	7.8		bs/ton	Covered	60 ·	0.000051			PY (n) (q)	0.001	0.35	0.000
some decision to tro. a mainster fower (2)	Continuous Drop	30	7.8	0 00013	lbs/ton	Enclosed	80	0 000026		2,304,177 T		0.030	0.35	0.010
OTAL												41.50		15 07

- (a) Balch Drop and Continuous Drop Emission Factors are computed from AP-42 (US EPA, 1995) Section 13 2 4-3(1). E = 0 0032 x (U/5)*1.3 / (M/2)*1.4 lb/fon
- (b) Wind Erosion Emissions based on AP-42 (US EPA, 1995) Section 13 2.5. Refer to Attachment A for derivation
- (c) PM10 Size Multiplier is based on particles < 10 micrometers
- (d) Debarker emissions are based on Table 28 of NCASI Technical Bulletin No. 424 (March 1984), Fugitive Dust Emission Factors and Control Methods Important to Forest Products Industry Manufacturing Operations.
- (e) Average roundwood throughput is based on 2.7 tons/cord for softwood and 2.85 tons/cord hardwood.
 - 1997; 337,335 cords/yr (softwood) and 126,410 cords/yr (hardwood)
 - 1999 (projected): 307,576 cordstyr (softwood) and 173,844 cordstyr (hardwood)
- (f) Bark throughput is based on 8 percent of roundwood.
- (g) Based on purchased bank,
- (h) Total bark throughput is sum of manufactured and purchased bark
- (i) Vehicle miles traveled (VMT) was calculated assuming front end loader operating 12 hrs/day, 365 days/yr in the woodyard.
- (j) Purchased chip throughput is based on 2.5 lons/cord.
 - 1997: 94,748 cords/yr (softwood) and 370,474 cords/yr (hardwood)
 - 1999 (projected): 116,262 cords/yr (softwood) and 343,789 cords/yr (hardwood)
- (k) Total chip throughput is based on 92 percent of roundwood throughput plus purchased chip throughput.

- (I) Based on 70% of total chip throughput.
- (m) Based on 30% of total chip throughput.
- (n) Fines separated from wood chip stream.
- (c) Total chips minus fines.
- (p) Assume 50% of chips transported by railcar and 50% by truck.
- (q) Assume 2% fines.
- (r) Bark burned in Nos. 3 and 4 Bark Boilers minus bark from roundwood.

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Table B-8. 1997/1999 Baseline Emissions from Chemical Recovery Area at Stone Container, Panama City.

Regulated Pollutant	Emission Factor	Reference	Activity Factor	Annual Emissions (TPY)
VOC				
Black Liquor Oxidation Towers	0.34 lb C/ton ADUP	1	667,426 ton ADUP/yr (a)	113.5
Causticizers	0.044 lb C/ton CaO	4	140,485 ton CaO/yr (b)	3.1
Lime Mud Filters/Associated Equipment	0.0041 lb C/ton CaO	4	140,485 ton CaO/yr (b)	0.3
Black Liquor Tanks (2)	0.091 lb/tank/hr	2	8,760 hr/yr (d)	0.8
Black Liquor Oxidation Tank	0.1 lb/ton BLS	3	976,720 ton BLS/yr (c)	48.8
Green Liquor Clarifiers and Tanks	0.0014 lb C/fon CaO	4	140,485 ton CaO/yr (b) TOTAL VOC's	<u>0.1</u> 166.6
Total Reduced Sulfur				
Black Liquor Oxidation Towers	ND	1	_	
Causticizers	ND	4		
Lime Mud Filters/Associated Equipment	0.0005 lb /ton CaO	4	140,485 ton CaO/yr (b)	0.035
Black Liquor Tanks (2)	0.18 lb/tank/hr	2	8,760 hr/yr (d)	1.6
Black Liquor Oxidation Tank	0.0271 lb/ton BLS	3	976,720 ton BLS/yr (c)	13.2
Green Liquor Clarifiers and Tanks	7.01E-04 lb C/ton CaO	4	140,485 ton CaO/yr (b) TOTAL TRS	<u>0.049</u> 14.9

Footnotes

(a) 1997-1999 pulp production:

1999 = 668.850 ton ADUP

1997 = 666,002 ton ADUP

(b) 1997-1999 CaO production:

1999 = 143,735 tons CaO (10% impurities)

1997 = 168,454 tons CaO (10% Impurities)

(c) Based on 1997-1999 BLS processed:

1999: 970,509 tons burned

1997: 982,931 tons burned

(d) Two tanks operating 8,760 hr/yr.

References

- 1. Based on NCASI Technical Bulletin No. 646, pages 27 and 28.
- 2. Based on NCASI Technical Bulletin No. 701, pages 111-115 (Table 7).
- 3. Based on NCASI Technical Bulletin No. 701, pages 145-154 (Table 11).
- 4. Based on NCASI Technical Bulletin No. 701, pages 237-240 (Table 17).

Table B-9. 1997-1999 Baseline Emissions from Paper Making Area at Stone Container, Panama City.

Regulated Pollutant	Emission Factor	Reference	Activity Factor (a)	Annual Emissions (TPY)
VOC	0.60 lb C/ton ADUP	1	667,426 ton ADUP/yr	200.2
Total reduced sulfur	ND	1		

Footnotes

(a) 1997-1999 pulp production:

1999 = 668,850 ton ADUP

1997 = 606,445 ton ADUP

References

1. Based on NCASI Technical Bulletin No. 701,page 3 and Table 18.

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Table B-10. 1997/1999 Baseline Emissions from No. 1 Smelt Dissolving Tank at Stone Container, Panama City.

Regulated Pollutant	Emission Factor	Reference	Activity Factor (a)	Annual Emissions (TPY)
Particulate (PM)	21.01 lb/hr	1	8,530 hr/yr	89.6
Particulate (PM10)	89.5 % of PM	2		80,2
Sulfur dioxide	0.016 lb/ton BLS	3	491,439 tons BLS/yr	3.93
Nitrogen oxides	0.033 lb/ton BLS	3	491,439 tons BLS/yr	8.11
Carbon monoxide				
voc	0.062 lb/ton BLS	3	491,439 tons BLS/yr	15.2
Sulfuric acid mist	5 % of SO2	5		0.24
Total reduced sulfur	0.65 lb/hr	1	8,530 hr/yr	2.77
Lead	1.7E-05 lb/ton BLS	4	491,439 tons BLS/yr	4.2E-03
Mercury	1.8E-07 lb/ton BLS	4	491,439 tons BLS/yr	4.4E-05
Beryllium	1.4E-07 lb/ton BLS	4	491,439 tons BLS/yr	3.4E-05
Fluorides				

ton = 2000 lb.

note:

(a) BLS input rate based on 1997 and 1999 BLS burned in No. 1 Recovery Boiler:

1999: 487,000 tons burned 1997: 495,878 tons burned

References:

1. Based on the 1997 and 1999 compliance tests and operating data:

1999 = 22.2 lb PM/hr and 1.0 lbTRS/hr; for 8,544 hr/yr 1997 = 19.82 lb PM/hr and 0.8 lbTRS/hr; for 8,515 hr/yr

- 2. AP-42, Table 10.2-7.
- 3. Data is averages from NCASI Bulletin No. 646, Tables 16-18, for smelt dissolving tanks with scrubbers.
- 4. Data is averages from NCASI Bulletin No. 650, Tables 14A and 14B, for smelt dissolving tanks with scrubbers.
- 5. Based on similar derivation of sulfuric acid mist from AP-42 for fuel oil. Five percent (5%) of SO2 becomes SO3, then take into account the ratio of sulfuric acid mist and gaseous sulfate molecular weights (98/80).

Table B-11. 1997-1999 Baseline Emissions from No. 2 Smelt Dissolving Tank at Stone Container, Panama City.

Regulated Pollutant	Emission Factor	Reference	Activity Factor (a)	Annual Emissions (TPY)	
Particulate (PM)	22.9 lb/hr	1	8,488 hr/yr	97.0	
Particulate (PM10)	89.5 % of PM	2	0,400 m/yr	86.8	
Sulfur dioxide	0.016 lb/ton BLS	3	485,281 tons BLS/yr	3.88	
Vitrogen oxides	0.033 lb/ton BLS	3	485,281 tons BLS/yr	8.01	
Carbon monoxide			·		
/OC	0.062 lb/ton BLS	3	485,281 tons BLS/yr	15.04	
Sulfuric acid mist	5 % of SO2	5		0.24	
Total reduced sulfur	0.76 lb/hr	1	8,488 hr/yr	3.23	
_ead	1.7E-05 lb/ton BLS	4	485,281 tons BLS/yr	4.1E-03	
Mercury	1.8E-07 lb/ton BLS	4	485,281 tons BLS/yr	4.4E-05	
Beryllium	1.4E-07 lb/ton BLS	4	485,281 tons BLS/yr	3.4E-05	
Fluorides	*-				

ton = 2000 lb.

note:

(a) BLS input rate based on 1997-1999 BLS burned in No. 2 Recovery Boiler:

1999: 483,509 tons burned 1997: 487,053 tons burned

References:

1. Based on the 1997 and 1999 compliance tests and operating data:

1999 = 24.4 lb PM/hr and 0.86 lb TRS/hr; for 8,526 hr/yr 1997 = 21.3 lb PM/hr and 0.9 lb TRS/hr; for 8,449 hr/yr

- 2. AP-42, Table 10.2-7.
- 3. Data is averages from NCASI Bulletin No. 646, Tables 16-18, for smelt dissolving tanks with scrubbers.
- 4. Data is averages from NCASI Bulletin No. 650, Tables 14A and 14B, for smelt dissolving tanks with scrubbers.
- 5. Based on similar derivation of sulfuric acid mist from AP-42 for fuel oil. Five precent (5%) of SO2 becomes SO3, then take into account the ratio of sulfuric acid mist and gaseous sulfate molecular weights (98/80).

Golder Associates Inc.

6241 NW 23rd Street, Suite 500 Gainesville, FL 32653-1500 Telephone (352) 336-5600 Fax (352) 336-6603

September 1, 1999



BUREAU OF AIR REGULATION

9937503-0100

Florida Department of Environmental Protection Northwest District 160 Governmental Center Pensacola, Florida 32501-5794

Attention: Mr. Rick Bradburn

Subject: Stone Container Corp. Panama City Mill

Cluster Rule Permit Application

Dear Mr. Bradburn:

As we discussed this week, Stone Container Corporation (SCC) is proposing a change to its Cluster Rule Compliance Project, for which an application was made to the Department in June 1999. Specifically, SCC is eliminating the oxygen delignification stage being proposed for the Bleach Plant. SCC was proposing the oxygen delignification stage prior to the bleaching stages within the Bleach Plant. This change will not affect other changes being proposed for the Bleach Plant or other changes being proposed at the Panama City mill, in order to comply with the cluster rule.

The elimination of the oxygen delignification stage eliminates the estimated emissions increase due to this processing step. These emissions were presented in Table 3-5 of the application. Emission estimates for the bleaching stages, presented in Tables 3-6 and 3-7, are not affected by this change, since to be conservative they did not account for the oxygen delignification process. On this basis, Table 3-15 has been revised. This table presented the estimated net change in emissions due to the proposed cluster rule project. As shown, eliminating the oxygen delignification stage reduces total project emissions of CO, TRS, VOC, and HAPs. A revised Table 3-15 is attached.

The steam requirements for the Cluster Rule Project have also changed due to the elimination of oxygen delignification, and since the new condensate steam stripper will no longer be integrated into the multiple effect evaporator system. The current steam balance indicates a net reduction in steam usage as a result of the cluster rule project.

Please call if you have any questions concerning this information. We stand ready to do everything necessary to obtain a draft permit within the next week or so.

Sincerely,

GOLDER ASSOCIATES INC.

David a. Buff

David A. Buff, P.E. Principal Engineer

Florida P.E. # 19011

SEAL

DB/jkk Enclosure

cc: Bruce Mitchell, FDEP Tallahassee

David Riley Charlie Ackel Bill Heatley

Table 3-15. Summary of PSD Analysis, MACT I Compliance Project, Stone Container Corporation, Panama City (revised 9/2/99)

	Pollutant Emission Rate (TPY)							
_								Sulfuric Acid
Source Description	502	NOx	co	PM	TRS	voc	HAP	Mist
FUTURE FACILITY WITH 3-YR MACT I MOD	IFICATIONS				···			
. Bleach Plant								
A. CIO2 Substitution			135.6		7.45	37.23	70.1	
B. Methanol Storage Tank						1.26	1.26	
Sub-total Bleach System:	0.00	0.00	135.60	0.00	7.45	38.49	71.36	0.00
l. Lime Kiln (a)								
A. Turpentine Storage Tank	0.016				0.000023	0.0026	0.0032	
B. New Foul Condensate Tank	0.016				0.000023	0.0026	0.0032	
Sub-total LVHC System:	0.032	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000046	0.0052	0.0064	0.00
III. Condensate Stripper/Thermal Oxidizer	100.89	13.11	1.92	0.36	0.53	3.70	5.0	4.94
IV. Brown Stock Washing System	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	48.25	41.54	180.0	0.00
Grand Total Proposed Modifications	100.92	13.11	137.52	0.36	56.23	83.74	256.37	4.94
EXISTING FACILITY								
I. Bleach Plant								
A. CIO2 Substitution			119.98		4.75	73.55	61.44	
B. Methanol Storage Tank						0.85	0.85	
Sub-total Bleach System:	0.00	0.00	119.98	0.00	4.75	74.40	62_29	0.00
II. LVHC System				2.00	0.53	0.00	0.00	12.0
A. No. 4 Power Boiler	238.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.53	0.00	0.00	140
III. Pulping Area General								
A. Turpentine Storage Tank	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.23	2.58	3.23	0.00
IV. Brown Stock Washing System	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	66.51	57.26	242.98	0.00
5 /						<u> </u>		
Grand Total Existing Facility	238.79	0.00	119.98	0.00	72.02	134.24	308.50	12.0
ESTIMATED PROJECT CHANGE	-138	13	18	0.4	-16	-51	-52	-7

⁽a) Represents increase in time kiln emissions assuming TRS, HAP and VOC destruction efficiency of 99.9%.



Department of **Environmental Protection** RECEIVED

leb Bush Governor

Northwest District 160 Governmental Center Pensacola, Florida 32501-5794

David B. Struhs

August 17, 1999

Jack B. Prescott, General Manager Stone Container Corporation One Everitt Ave Panama City FL 32402

Dear Mr. Prescott:

This is to acknowledge receipt of your application, file number 0050009-005-AC, for a construction permit to increase the pulp production at the Panama City Mill. This letter constitutes notice that a permit will be required for your project pursuant to Chapter 403, Florida Statutes.

Your application is incomplete and evaluation of your proposed project will be delayed until the following information has been received.

- The application submitted does not provide the necessary information to the Department in determining PSD applicability pursuant to Rule 62-212.400, F.A.C., due to the requested relaxation of the PSD production rate/capacity of 668,850 TPY of ADUP from the digester system to 781,000 TPY ADUP. Since the limit in the production rate/capacity was developed in an air construction permit, the relaxation of this limit is considered a modification. Therefore, for the affected emissions units, please provide all reference material (i.e., test results), any assumptions, and the calculations for the current actual pollutant emissions (within the last five years in TPY) and the future allowable/potential pollutant emissions.
- In the air quality analysis, an unapproved EPA model was used. Please resubmit the analysis using an approved EPA model. This comment was forwarded by Bruce Mitchell at the Division of Air Resources Management in Tallahassee (850/488-1344). If you want information regarding appropriate models, please contact him or the EPA modelling section.

When referring to this project, please use the file number indicated above. If you have any questions, please contact Rick Bradburn at (850) 595-8364, extension 1233.

Sincerely,

Ed K. Middleswart, P.E. Air Program Administrator

Gel. Mindeles want

EKM:rbc

David A. Buff, P.E., Golder & Associates cc:

Bruce Mitchell, DEP Division of Air Resources Management, Tallahassee

"Protect, Conserve and Manage Florida's Environment and Natural Resources"