TO: Howard L. Rhodes

FROM: Clair H. Fancy (

DATE: April 18, 2001

SUBJECT: FINAL Title V Air Operation Permit Revision

No.: 0110036-003-AV

Florida Power & Light Company

Port Everglades Plant

This is a Title V Air Operation Permit Revision for the subject facility that reflects a change to the testing frequency of the twelve simple cycle gas turbines.

No comments were received on the DRAFT Permit Revision, and no comments were received from Region 4, U.S.EPA, regarding the PROPOSED Permit Revision.

I recommend your signature.

Attachment

CHF/tmbc



Department of Environmental Protection

Jeb Bush Governor Twin Towers Office Building 2600 Blair Stone Road Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400

David B. Struhs Secretary

NOTICE OF FINAL PERMIT REVISION

In the Matter of an Application for Permit Revision by:

Mr. Rudy Sanchez PGBU Broward-Plant General Manager Florida Power & Light Company Environmental Services Department P.O. Box 14000 Juno Beach, Florida 33408 FINAL Permit Revision No. 0110036-003-AV Port Everglades Plant

Enclosed is FINAL Title V Permit Revision Number 0110036-003-AV for the operation of the Port Everglades Plant, located at 8100 Eisenhower Boulevard, Fort Lauderdale, Broward County, issued pursuant to Chapter 403, Florida Statutes (F.S.).

Any party to this order (permit) has the right to seek judicial review of the permit pursuant to Section 120.68, F.S., by the filing of a Notice of Appeal pursuant to Rule 9.110, Florida Rules of Appellate Procedure, with the Clerk of the Department in the Legal Office; and by filing a copy of the Notice of Appeal accompanied by the applicable filing fees with the appropriate District Court of Appeal. The Notice of Appeal must be filed within 30 (thirty) days from the date this Notice is filed with the Clerk of the permitting authority.

Executed in Tallahassee, Florida.

C. H. Fancy, P.E.

Chief

Bureau of Air Regulation

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

Mr. Rudy Sanchez*

Mr. Kevin Washington, Florida Power & Light Company

Ms. Daniela Banu, Broward County Department of Natural Resource Protection

U.S.EPA, Region 4 (INTERNET E-mail Memorandum)

4/25/01 cc: Hon Cascion Reading Dille

Clerk Stamp

FILING AND ACKNOWLEDGMENT FILED, on this date, pursuant to Section 120.52(7), Florida Statutes, with the designated agency Clerk, receipt of which is hereby

acknowledged

Clerk

Clerk

Clerk

Clerk

SENDER: COMPLETE THIS SECTION	COMPLETE THIS SECTION ON DELIVERY
 Complete items 1, 2, and 3. Also complete item 4 if Restricted Delivery is desired. 	A. Received by Please Print Clearly) B. Date of Delivery
 Print your name and address on the reverse so that we can return the card to you. Attach this card to the back of the mailpiece, or on the front if snace permits 	C. Signature X \(\signature \) \(\sig
1. Article Addressed to:	D. Is delivery address different from item 1? Yes
Mr. Rudy Sanchez PGBU-Plant General Manager	
Florida Power & Light Company Environmental Services	Ty San Table 1
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Page 3 of 3

FINAL PERMIT REVISION DETERMINATION

I. Comment(s).

No comments were received from Region 4, U.S.EPA, concerning the PROPOSED Title V Permit Revision that was posted on the Department's web-site on January 3, 2001.

II. Conclusion.

The permitting authority hereby issues the FINAL Title V Permit Revision.

STATEMENT OF BASIS

Title V FINAL Permit Revision No.: 0110036-003-AV
Florida Power and Light Company
Port Everglades Plant
Broward County

This Title V air operation permit revision is issued under the provisions of Chapter 403, Florida Statutes (F.S.), and Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.) Chapters 62-4, 62-210, 62-213, and 62-214. The above named permittee is hereby authorized to perform the work or operate the facility shown on the application and approved drawing(s), plans, and other documents, attached hereto or on file with the permitting authority, in accordance with the terms and conditions of this permit revision.

This permit revision reflects a change to the testing frequency of the twelve simple cycle gas turbines. Specific Condition C.7. is changed as follows:

From:

C.7. <u>Nitrogen Oxides</u>. Nitrogen oxides emissions shall be determined by a stack test on one representative turbine. Testing shall be performed each federal fiscal year, no later than September 30th. [Rules 62-296.570(4)(a)3. and (4)(b)5., F.A.C.]

To:

C.7. Nitrogen Oxides. Provided operation is no more than 320 hours/year/turbine on oil, NOx emissions for the combustion turbines shall be tested every five (5) years by EPA Method 20 tests as described in 40 CFR 60, Appendix A (July 1, 1996) on any representative unit in the bank of the combustion turbines. Tests shall be conducted both while burning 100% natural gas and 100% light distillate oil. [Rule 62-296.570, F.A.C.; Requested by the applicant in letter dated September 19, 2000]

This change is allowed by the NOx RACT Rule, 62-296.570. F.A.C., and makes the permit language consistent with that of the Florida Power & Light Lauderdale Plant Title V permit, that regulates banks of similar combustion turbines.

This facility consists of four fossil fuel steam generators and twelve simple cycle combustion turbines. Fossil Fuel Steam Generators, Units 1 and 2, each rated at 225 MW, 2400 mmBtu/hr for natural gas and 2300 mmBtu/hr for number 6 fuel oil, are capable of burning any combination of natural gas, number 6 fuel oil, number 2 fuel oil, propane and on-specification used oil from FPL operations. The emissions are exhausted through a 344 ft. stack for each unit. Fossil Fuel Steam Generators, Units 3 and 4, each rated at 402 MW, 4180 mmBtu/hr for natural gas and 4000 mmBtu/hr for number 6 fuel oil, are capable of burning any combination of natural gas, number 6 fuel oil, number 2 fuel oil, propane and on-specification used oil from FPL operations. The emissions are exhausted through a 344 ft. stack for each unit. The twelve simple cycle gas turbines, GT1 through GT12, with a total capacity rated at 42 MW, 8424 mmBtu/hr, are capable of burning any combination of, number 2 fuel oil and natural gas, with emissions exhausted through twelve 44 ft. stacks.

Emissions Unit 1, Unit 2, Unit 3 and Unit 4 are regulated under Acid Rain, Phase II; and Rule 62-296.405, F.A.C., Fossil Fuel Steam Generators with More than 250 million Btu per Hour Heat Input. Fossil fuel fired steam generator Unit 1 began commercial operation in 1960 and fossil fuel fired steam

Title V FINAL Permit Revision No.: 0110036-003-AV Florida Power and Light Company Port Everglades Plant

generator Unit 2 began commercial operation in 1961. Fossil fuel fired steam generator Unit 3 began commercial operation in 1965 and fossil fuel fired steam generator Unit 4 began commercial operation in 1964. These emissions units may inject additives such as magnesium hydroxide and related compounds into each boiler.

Emissions Units GT1 through GT12 are regulated under Rule 62-210.300, F.A.C., Permits Required. These emissions units are not subject to 40 CFR 60, Subpart GG, Standards of Performance for New Stationary Gas Turbines. All turbines began commercial operation in 1971.

Also included in this permit are miscellaneous unregulated/insignificant emissions units and/or activities.

Based on the initial Title V permit application received June 12, 1996, this facility is a major source of hazardous air pollutants (HAPs).

Florida Power and Light Company Port Everglades Plant Facility ID No.: 0110036 Broward County

Title V Air Operation Permit Revision FINAL Permit Revision No.: 0110036-003-AV

Permitting Authority:

State of Florida
Department of Environmental Protection
Division of Air Resources Management
Bureau of Air Regulation
Title V Section

Mail Station #5505 2600 Blair Stone Road Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400

Telephone: 850/488-0114 Fax: 850/922-6979

Title V Air Operation Permit Revision FINAL Permit Revision No.: 0110036-003-AV

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Department of Environmental Protection

Jeb Bush Governor Twin Towers Office Building 2600 Blair Stone Road Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400

David B. Struhs Secretary

Permittee:

Florida Power and Light Company Environmental Services Department P.O. Box 14000 Juno Beach, Florida 33408 FINAL Permit Revision No.: 0110036-003-AV

Facility ID No.: 0110036 SIC Nos.: 49,4911

Project: Title V Air Operation Permit Revision

This permit revision is for the operation of the Port Everglades Plant. This facility is located at 8100 Eisenhower Boulevard, Fort Lauderdale, Broward County; UTM Coordinates: Zone 17, 587.38 km East and 2885.25 km North; Latitude: 26° 05' 08" North and Longitude: 80° 07' 31" West.

STATEMENT OF BASIS: This Title V air operation permit revision is issued under the provisions of Chapter 403, Florida Statutes (F.S.), and Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.) Chapters 62-4, 62-210, 62-213, and 62-214. The above named permittee is hereby authorized to perform the work or operate the facility shown on the application and approved drawing(s), plans, and other documents, attached hereto or on file with the permitting authority, in accordance with the terms and conditions of this permit revision.

Referenced attachments made a part of this permit revision:

Appendix U-1, List of Unregulated Emissions Units and/or Activities Appendix I-1, List of Insignificant Emissions Units and/or Activities Appendix TV-3, Title V Conditions (version dated 04/30/99) Appendix SS-1, Stack Sampling Facilities (version dated 10/07/96) Table 297.310-1, Calibration Schedule (version dated 10/07/96) Phase II Acid Rain Application/Compliance Plan received 07/01/95 Alternate Sampling Procedure: ASP Number 97-B-01 Orders Granting Petition for Reduced Frequency of Particulate Testing

Effective Date: January 1, 1999

Revision Effective Date: February 26, 2001 Renewal Application Due Date: July 5, 2003

Expiration Date: December 31, 2003

Howard L. Rhodes, Director

Division of Air Resource

Management ·

HLR/tmbc

"More Protection, Less Process"

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Florida Power and Light Company Port Everglades Plant Page 2 of 28

Section I. Facility Information.

Subsection A. Facility Description.

This facility consists of four fossil fuel steam generators and twelve simple cycle combustion turbines.

Also included in this permit are miscellaneous unregulated/insignificant emissions units and/or activities.

Based on the initial Title V permit application received June 12, 1996, this facility is a major source of hazardous air pollutants (HAPs).

Subsection B. Summary of Emissions Unit ID No(s). and Brief Description(s).

E.U. ID				
No.	Brief Description			
001	Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 1, rated at 225 MW, 2400 mmBtu/hr for natural			
:	gas and 2300 mmBtu/hr for number 6 fuel oil, capable of burning any combination			
	of natural gas, number 6 fuel oil, number 2 fuel oil, propane and on-specification			
	used oil from FPL operations, with emissions exhausted through a 344 ft. stack.			
002	Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 2, rated at 225 MW, 2400 mmBtu/hr for natural			
	gas and 2300 mmBtu/hr for number 6 fuel oil, capable of burning any combination			
:	of natural gas, number 6 fuel oil, number 2 fuel oil, propane and on-specification			
	used oil from FPL operations, with emissions exhausted through a 344 ft. stack.			
003	Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 3, rated at 402 MW, 4180 mmBtu/hr for natura			
	gas and 4000 mmBtu/hr for number 6 fuel oil, capable of burning any combination			
	of natural gas, number 6 fuel oil, number 2 fuel oil, propane and on-specification			
	used oil from FPL operations, with emissions exhausted through a 344 ft. stack.			
004	Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 4, rated at 402 MW, 4180 mmBtu/hr for natural			
	gas and 4000 mmBtu/hr for number 6 fuel oil, capable of burning any combination			
	of natural gas, number 6 fuel oil, diesel fuel, propane and on-specification used oil			
	from FPL operations, with emissions exhausted through a 344 ft. stack.			
.005	12 Simple Cycle Gas Turbines, GT1 through GT12, with a total capacity rated at			
	504 MW, 8424 mmBtu/hr, capable of burning any combination of, number 2 fuel			
	oil and natural gas, with emissions exhausted through twelve 44 ft. stacks.			

Unregulated Emissions Units and/or Activities	
017	Above ground fuel oil storage tanks

Please reference the Permit No., Facility ID No., and appropriate Emissions Unit(s) ID No(s). on all correspondence, test report submittals, applications, etc.

Subsection C. Relevant Documents.

The documents listed below are not a part of this permit; however, they are specifically related to this permitting action.

These documents are provided to the permittee for information purposes only:
Appendix A-1, Abbreviations, Acronyms, Citations, and Identification Numbers
Appendix H-1, Permit History/ID Number Changes
Table 1-1, Summary of Air Pollutant Standards and Terms
Table 2-1, Summary of Compliance Requirements

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These documents are on file with the permitting authority:
Initial Title V Permit Application received June 12, 1996.
Letter changing the Responsible Official dated February 10, 1998.
DEP Letter to US EPA Region 4 dated March 10, 1998.
US EPA Region 4 letter to DEP received March 25, 1998.
Letter from the Florida Power & Light Company received September 25, 2000 requesting a revision to the FlNAL Title V permit.

Section II. Facility-wide Conditions.

The following conditions apply facility-wide:

- 1. APPENDIX TV-3, TITLE V CONDITIONS (version dated 04/30/99), is a part of this permit. {Permitting note: APPENDIX TV-3, TITLE V CONDITIONS, is distributed to the permittee only. Other persons requesting copies of these conditions shall be provided a copy when requested or otherwise appropriate.}
- 2. Not Federally Enforceable. General Pollutant Emission Limiting Standards. Objectionable Odor Prohibited. The permittee shall not cause, suffer, allow, or permit the discharge of air pollutants which cause or contribute to an objectionable odor. [Rule 62-296.320(2), F.A.C.]
- 3. General Particulate Emission Limiting Standards. General Visible Emissions Standard. Except for emissions units that are subject to a particulate matter or opacity limit set forth or established by rule and reflected by conditions in this permit, no person shall cause, let, permit, suffer or allow to be discharged into the atmosphere the emissions of air pollutants from any activity, the density of which is equal to or greater than that designated as Number 1 on the Ringelmann Chart (20 percent opacity). EPA Method 9 is the method of compliance pursuant to Chapter 62-297, F.A.C.
 [Rule 62-296.320(4)(b)1. & 4, F.A.C.]
- 4. Prevention of Accidental Releases (Section 112(r) of CAA).
- a. The permittee shall submit its Risk Management Plan (RMP) to the Chemical Emergency Preparedness and Prevention Office (CEPPO) RMP Reporting Center when, and if, such requirement becomes applicable; and
- **b.** The permittee shall submit to the permitting authority Title V certification forms or a compliance schedule in accordance with Rule 62-213.440(2), F.A.C. [40 CFR 68]
- 5. <u>Unregulated Emissions Units and/or Activities.</u> Appendix U-1, List of Unregulated Emissions Units and/or Activities, is a part of this permit. [Rule 62-213.440(1), F.A.C.]
- 6. <u>Insignificant Emissions Units and/or Activities.</u> Appendix I-1, List of <u>Insignificant Emissions</u> Units and/or Activities, is a part of this permit. [Rules 62-213.440(1), 62-213.430(6), and 62-4.040(1)(b), F.A.C.]
- 7. Not Federally Enforceable. General Pollutant Emission Limiting Standards. Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) Emissions or Organic Solvents (OS) Emissions. The permittee shall allow no person to store, pump, handle, process, load, unload or use in any process or installation, volatile organic compounds (VOC) or organic solvents (OS) without applying known and existing vapor emission control devices or systems deemed necessary and ordered by the Department. The owner or operator shall:
 - a. Tightly cover or close all VOC or OS containers when they are not in use.
 - b. Tightly cover all open tanks which contain VOC or OS when they are not in use.
 - c. Maintain all pipes, valves, fittings, etc., which handle VOC or OS in good operating condition.

d. Immediately confine and clean up VOC or OS spills and make sure wastes are placed in closed containers for reuse, recycling or proper disposal.

[Rule 62-296.320(1)(a), F.A.C.]

- 8. Not Federally Enforceable. No person shall cause, let, permit, suffer or allow the emissions of unconfined particulate matter from any activity without taking reasonable precautions to prevent such emissions. Reasonable precautions to prevent emissions of unconfined particulate matter at this facility include:
 - a. The facility constructs temporary sandblasting enclosures when necessary, in order to perform sandblasting on fixed plant equipment.
 - b. Maintenance of paved areas as needed.
 - c. Regular mowing of grass and care of vegetation.
 - d. Limiting access to plant property by unnecessary vehicles.
 - e. Bagged chemical products are stored in weather-tight buildings until they are used.
 - f. Spills of powdered chemical products are cleaned up as soon as practicable.
 - g. Vehicles are restricted to slow speeds on the plant site.

[Rule 62-296.320(4)(c)2., F.A.C.; Proposed by applicant in the initial Title V permit application received June 12, 1996]

- 9. When appropriate, any recording, monitoring or reporting requirements that are time-specific shall be in accordance with the effective date of this permit, which define day one. [Rule 62-213.440, F.A.C.]
- 10. Statement of Compliance. The annual statement of compliance pursuant to Rule 62-213.440(3), F.A.C., shall be submitted within 60 (sixty) days after the end of the calendar year. {See condition No. 51., Appendix TV-1, Title V Conditions} [Rule 62-214.420(11), F.A.C.]
- 11. <u>Submittals</u>. All reports, tests, notifications or other submittals required by this permit shall be submitted to the Broward County Department of Natural Resource Protection, Air Quality Division, and copies of those submittals shall be sent to the Department of Environmental Protection, Southeast District Office, Air Section. Certain correspondence may be submitted via electronic mail as appropriate. Certain Acid Rain Reports may be submitted to EPA's Acid Rain Division in Washington. Addresses and telephone numbers are:

Broward County Department of Natural Resource Protection Air Quality Division 218 SW 1st Avenue Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301 Phone: 954/519-1220

Department of Environmental Protection Southeast District Office, Air Section P.O. Box 15425 West Palm Beach, FL 33416 Phone: 561/681-6600 Florida Power and Light Company Port Everglades Plant Page 6 of 28 FINAL Permit Revision No.: 0110036-003-AV

Any reports, data, notifications, certifications and requests required to be sent to the United States Environmental Protection Agency, Region 4, should be sent to:

United States Environmental Protection Agency Region 4 Air, Pesticides & Toxics Management Division Air & EPCRA Enforcement Branch, Air Enforcement Section 61 Forsyth Street Atlanta, GA 30303 Phone: 404/562-9155

Fax: 404/562-9163 or 404/562-9164

Florida Power and Light Company Port Everglades Plant Page 7 of 28 FINAL Permit Revision No.: 0110036-003-AV

Section III. Emissions Unit(s) and Conditions.

Subsection A. This section addresses the following emissions unit(s).

E.U. ID No.	Brief Description
001	Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 1
002	Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 2

Fossil fuel fired steam generators Unit 1 and Unit 2 are each 225 MW (electric) steam generators. The emissions units are fired on a variable combination of No. 6 fuel oil, No. 2 fuel oil, natural gas, propane, and used oil from FPL operations. When firing fuel oil, the maximum heat input for each boiler is 2300 mmBtu per hour, and when firing natural gas or propane, the maximum heat input for each boiler is 2400 mmBtu per hour.

Each emissions unit consists of a boiler which drives a turbine generator. Emissions are controlled with low NOx burners and multiple cyclones. Each unit is equipped with a 344 foot stack.

{Permitting note(s): These emissions units are regulated under Acid Rain, Phase II; and Rule 62-296.405, F.A.C., Fossil Fuel Steam Generators with More than 250 million Btu per Hour Heat Input. Fossil fuel fired steam generator Unit 1 began commercial operation in 1960 and fossil fuel fired steam generator Unit 2 began commercial operation in 1961. These emissions units may inject additives such as magnesium hydroxide and related compounds into each boiler.}

The following specific conditions apply to the emissions units listed above:

Essential Potential to Emit (PTE) Parameters

A.1. Permitted Capacity. The maximum operation heat input rates are as follows:

Unit No.	mmBtu/hr Heat Input*	Fuel Type
1	2400	Natural Gas, Propane
	2300	No. 2 or 6 Fuel Oil
2	2400	Natural Gas, Propane
	2300	No. 2 or 6 Fuel Oil

^{*} When a blend of fuel oil and natural gas or propane are burned, the heat input is prorated based upon the percent heat input of each fuel.

[Rules 62-4.160(2), 62-210.200(PTE) and 62-296.405, F.A.C.]

A.2. Emissions Unit Operating Rate Limitation After Testing. Emissions units may be limited to the operating rate or conditions tested. See specific conditions **D.14** and **A.15** of this permit. [Rule 62-297.310(2), F.A.C.]

A.3. Methods of Operation. Fuels. The only fuels allowed to be burned are any combination of No. 6 fuel oil, No. 2 fuel oil, natural gas, propane, and on-specification used oil from FPL operations.

[Rule 62-213.410, F.A.C.]

Emission Limitations and Standards

A.4. <u>Visible Emissions</u>. Visible emissions shall not exceed 40 percent opacity. Emissions units governed by this visible emissions standard shall compliance test for particulate matter emissions annually.

[Rule 62-296.405(1)(a), F.A.C.; and Order dated January 2, 1986 (Unit 1), and OGC Case No. 83-0578, Order dated April 24, 1984 (Unit 2).]

A.5. <u>Visible Emissions - Soot Blowing and Load Change</u>. Visible emissions shall not exceed 60 percent opacity during the 3-hours in any 24 hour period of excess emissions allowed for boiler cleaning (soot blowing) and load change.

A load change occurs when the operational capacity of a unit is in the 10 percent to 100 percent capacity range, other than startup or shutdown, which exceeds 10 percent of the unit's rated capacity and which occurs at a rate of 0.5 percent per minute or more.

Visible emissions above 60 percent opacity shall be allowed for not more than 4, six (6)-minute periods, during the 3-hour period of excess emissions allowed by this condition.

[Rule 62-210.700(3), F.A.C., Note: these units have operational continuous opacity monitors.]

- A.6. Particulate Matter. Particulate matter emissions shall not exceed 0.1 pound per million Btu heat input, as measured by applicable compliance methods.

 [Rule 62-296.405(1)(b), F.A.C.]
- A.7. Particulate Matter Soot Blowing and Load Change. Particulate matter emissions shall not exceed an average of 0.3 pound per million Btu heat input during the 3-hours in any 24-hour period of excess emissions allowed for boiler cleaning (soot blowing) and load change. [Rule 62-210.700(3), F.A.C.]
- A.8. <u>Sulfur Dioxide</u>. Sulfur dioxide emissions shall not exceed 2.75 pounds per million Btu heat input, as measured by applicable compliance methods. Compliance shall be based on the total heat input from all liquid and gaseous fuels burned. The sulfur dioxide emission limitation shall apply at all times including startup, shutdown, and load change. [Rules 62-213.440 and 62-296.405(1)(c)1.j., F.A.C.]
- A.9. Nitrogen Oxides. Nitrogen oxides emissions shall not exceed 0.20 pounds per million Btu while firing natural gas, and 0.36 pounds per million Btu while firing oil. Compliance shall be demonstrated based on a 30-day rolling average as measured by a CEMS. The CEMS must meet the performance specifications contained in 40 CFR 60, Appendix B, or 40 CFR 75. [Rules 62-296.570(4)(a)4. and (4)(b)1., F.A.C.]

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Florida Power and Light Company Port Everglades Plant Page 9 of 28 FINAL Permit Revision No.: 0110036-003-AV

Monitoring of Operations

A.10. Annual Tests Required, PM and VE. Except as provided in specific conditions **D.6** and **D.7** of this permit, emission testing for particulate emissions and visible emissions shall be performed annually, no later than September 30th of each year, except for units that are not operating because of scheduled maintenance outages and emergency repairs, which will be tested within thirty days of returning to service.

[Rules 62-4.070(3) and 62-213.440, F.A.C.]

- **A.11.** Sulfur Dioxide. The owner or operator of the emission units shall demonstrate compliance with the sulfur dioxide limit of specific condition **A.8** of this permit by the following:
 - a. Through the use of a continuous emission monitoring system (CEMS) installed, calibrated, operated and maintained in accordance with the quality assurance requirements of 40 CFR 75, adopted and incorporated by reference in Rule 62-204.800, F.A.C. A Relative Accuracy Test Audit of the SO₂ CEMS shall be conducted no less than annually. Compliance shall be demonstrated based on a 3-hour rolling average.
 - b. In the event the CEMS becomes temporarily inoperable or interrupted, the fuels and the maximum fuel oil to natural gas firing ratio that shall be used is limited to that which was last used to demonstrate compliance prior to the loss of the CEMS, or the emissions units shall fuel switch and be fired with a fuel oil containing a maximum sulfur content of 2.5%, by weight, or less.
 - a maximum sulfur content of 2.5%, by weight, or less.

[Rules 62-213-440, 62-204.800 and 62-296.405(1)(c)3., FA.C.]

Test Methods and Procedures

- A.12. <u>Testing While Injecting Additives</u>. The owner or operator shall conduct emission tests while injecting additives consistent with normal operating practices. [Rule 62-213.440, F.A.C., applicant agreement with EPA on March 3, 1998]
- A.13. Particulate Matter. The test methods for particulate emissions shall be EPA Methods 17, 5, 5B, or 5F, incorporated by reference in Chapter 62-297, F.A.C. The minimum sample volume shall be 30 dry standard cubic feet. EPA Method 5 may be used with filter temperature no more than 320 degrees Fahrenheit. For EPA Method 17, stack temperature shall be less than 375 degrees Fahrenheit. The owner or operator may use EPA Method 5 to demonstrate compliance. EPA Method 3 or 3A with Orsat analysis shall be used when the oxygen based F-factor, computed according to EPA Method 19, is used in lieu of heat input. Acetone wash shall be used with EPA Method 5 or 17. Particulate testing shall be conducted in accordance with the requirements of specific conditions D.14 and A.15 of this permit. [Rules 62-213.440, 62-296.405(1)(e)2., and 62-297.401, F.A.C.]
- A.14. <u>Sulfur Dioxide</u>. The test methods for sulfur dioxide emissions shall be EPA Methods 6, 6A, 6B, or 6C, incorporated by reference in Chapter 62-297, F.A.C. If the emissions unit obtains an alternate procedure under the provisions of Rule 62-297.620, F.A.C., the procedure shall become a condition of the emissions unit's permit. The Department will retain the authority to require EPA Method 6 or 6C if it has reason to believe that exceedences of the sulfur dioxide

emissions limiting standard are occurring. The permittee may use the EPA test methods, referenced above, to demonstrate compliance; however, as an alternate sampling procedure authorized by permit, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance using CEMS for sulfur dioxide. See specific condition A.11 of this permit.

[Rules 62-213.440 and 62-296.405(1)(c)3. and (1)(e)3., F.A.C.]

- A.15. Operating Conditions During Testing PM and VE. Compliance testing during sootblowing and steady-state operation for particulate matter and visible emissions shall be conducted at least once annually, if liquid fuel is fired for more than 400 hours. A visible emissions test shall be conducted during one run of each particulate matter test. The owner or operator shall conduct testing while operating under one of the following methods of operation (representative of normal operation to achieve the facility's target SO₂ emission rate of 1.1 lb/mmBtu):
 - a. When Burning 100% Fuel Oil. Particulate matter and visible emissions tests during sootblowing and steady-state operation shall be performed on such emissions unit while firing solely fuel oil of approximately 1% sulfur by weight (stoichiometrically representative of sulfur dioxide emissions of the target SO₂ emission rate of 1.1 lb/mmBtu), except that such test shall not be required to be performed during any year that testing is performed in accordance with specific condition A.15.b.
 - b. When Burning Fuel Oil While Co-firing With Natural Gas. Particulate matter and visible emissions tests during sootblowing and steady-state operation shall be performed on such emissions unit while co-firing oil with the appropriate proportion of natural gas required to maintain SO₂ emissions between 90 to 100% of the target SO₂ emission rate of 1.1 lb/mmBtu heat input (corresponding to 1.0 and 1.1 lb/mmBtu heat input).

Test Required if Target SO₂ Emission Rate Increased. If the owner or operator target increases the target SO₂ emission rate above 1.1 lb/mmBtu, testing while operating under one of the above methods of operation that is representative of the new target SO₂ emission rate shall be conducted within 60 days of increasing the target rate.

{Note: The facility is operated under an informal agreement with Broward County to limit visible emissions to less than 20% opacity, to the extent possible. To achieve this, the facility voluntarily limits sulfur dioxide emissions to 1.1 lb/mmBtu by either firing fuel oil with up to 1% sulfur content, or by co-firing fuel oil and natural gas in a ratio to limit sulfur dioxide emissions to 1.1 lb/mmBtu.}

[Rules 62-4.070(3), 62-213.440, 62-296.405(1)(c)3. and 62-297.310(7)(a)9., F.A.C.]

Record Keeping and Reporting Requirements

A.16. Fuel Records. The owner or operator shall create and maintain for each emission unit hourly records of the amount of each fuel fired, the ratio of fuel oil to natural gas if co-fired, and the heating value and sulfur content of each fuel fired. These records must be of sufficient detail to identify the testing requirements of specific condition A.15, and, when applicable, demonstrate compliance with the requirements of condition A.11, paragraphs b and c, of this permit. Fuel oil heating value and sulfur content shall be determined by taking a daily sample of the fuel fired, combining those samples into a monthly composite, and analyzing a representative sample of the composite. Analysis for sulfur content shall be performed using one of ASTM D2622-94, ASTM D4294-90(95), ASTM D1552-95, ASTM D1266-91, both ASTM D4057-88 and ASTM D129-95, or the latest edition(s). Comparison of the as-fired fuel oil sulfur content shall be made and recorded monthly upon receipt of each monthly composite analysis. [Rules 62-4.070(3), 62-213.410, 62-213.440 and 62-296.405(1)(c)3., F.A.C.]

A.17. COMS for Periodic Monitoring. The owner or operator is required to install continuous opacity monitoring systems (COMS) pursuant to 40 CFR Part 75. The owner or operator shall maintain and operate COMS and shall make and maintain records of opacity measured by the COMS, for purposes of periodic monitoring.

[Rule 62-213.440, F.A.C., and applicant agreement with EPA on March 3, 1998]

Other Conditions

A.18. These emissions units are also subject to conditions D.1 through D.20 contained in Subsection D. Common Conditions.

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Subsection B. This section addresses the following emissions unit(s).

E.U. ID No.	Brief Description
003	Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 3
004	Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 4

Fossil fuel fired steam generators Unit 3 and Unit 4 are each 402 MW (electric) steam generators. The emissions units are fired on a variable combination of No. 6 fuel oil, No. 2 fuel oil, natural gas, propane, and used oil from FPL operations. When firing fuel oil, the maximum heat input for each boiler is 4000 mmBtu per hour, and when firing natural gas or propane, the maximum heat input for each boiler is 4180 mmBtu per hour.

Each emissions unit consists of a boiler which drives a turbine generator. Emissions are controlled with low NOx burners and multiple cyclones. Each unit is equipped with a 344 foot stack.

{Permitting note(s): These emissions units are regulated under Acid Rain, Phase II; and Rule 62-296.405, F.A.C., Fossil Fuel Steam Generators with More than 250 million Btu per Hour Heat Input. Fossil fuel fired steam generator Unit 3 began commercial operation in 1965 and fossil fuel fired steam generator Unit 4 began commercial operation in 1964. These emissions units may inject additives such as magnesium hydroxide and related compounds into each boiler.}

The following specific conditions apply to the emissions units listed above:

Essential Potential to Emit (PTE) Parameters

B.1. Permitted Capacity. The maximum operation heat input rates are as follows:

Unit No.	mmBtu/hr Heat Input*	Fuel Type
3	4180	Natural Gas, Propane
	4000	No. 2 or 6 Fuel Oil
4	4180	Natural Gas, Propane
	4000	No. 2 or 6 Fuel Oil

^{*} When a blend of fuel oil and natural gas or propane are burned, the heat input is prorated based upon the percent heat input of each fuel.

[Rules 62-4.160(2), 62-210.200(PTE) and 62-296.405, F.A.C.]

- **B.2.** Emissions Unit Operating Rate Limitation After Testing. Emissions units may be limited to the operating rate or conditions tested. See specific conditions **D.14** and **B.15** of this permit. [Rule 62-297.310(2), F.A.C.]
- **B.3.** Methods of Operation. Fuels. The only fuels allowed to be burned are any combination of No. 6 fuel oil, No. 2 fuel oil, natural gas, propane, and on-specification used oil from FPL operations.

[Rule 62-213.410, F.A.C.]

Emission Limitations and Standards

B.4. <u>Visible Emissions</u>. Visible emissions shall not exceed 40 percent opacity. Emissions units governed by this visible emissions standard shall compliance test for particulate matter emissions annually.

[Rule 62-296.405(1)(a), F.A.C.; and OGC Case No. 83-0577 & 83-0576, Order dated April 24, 1984.]

B.5. <u>Visible Emissions - Soot Blowing and Load Change</u>. Visible emissions shall not exceed 60 percent opacity during the 3-hours in any 24 hour period of excess emissions allowed for boiler cleaning (soot blowing) and load change.

A load change occurs when the operational capacity of a unit is in the 10 percent to 100 percent capacity range, other than startup or shutdown, which exceeds 10 percent of the unit's rated capacity and which occurs at a rate of 0.5 percent per minute or more.

Visible emissions above 60 percent opacity shall be allowed for not more than 4, six (6)-minute periods, during the 3-hour period of excess emissions allowed by this condition. [Rule 62-210.700(3), F.A.C., Note: these units have operational continuous opacity monitors.]

- **B.6.** Particulate Matter. Particulate matter emissions shall not exceed 0.1 pound per million Btu heat input, as measured by applicable compliance methods. [Rule 62-296.405(1)(b), F.A.C.]
- B.7. Particulate Matter Soot Blowing and Load Change. Particulate matter emissions shall not exceed an average of 0.3 pound per million Btu heat input during the 3-hours in any 24-hour period of excess emissions allowed for boiler cleaning (soot blowing) and load change. [Rule 62-210.700(3), F.A.C.]
- **B.8.** Sulfur Dioxide. Sulfur dioxide emissions shall not exceed 2.75 pounds per million Btu heat input, as measured by applicable compliance methods. Compliance shall be based on the total heat input from all liquid and gaseous fuels burned. The sulfur dioxide emission limitation shall apply at all times including startup, shutdown, and load change. [Rules 62-213.440 and 62-296.405(1)(c)1.j., F.A.C.]
- **B.9.** Nitrogen Oxides. Nitrogen oxides emissions shall not exceed 0.40 pounds per million Btu while firing natural gas, and 0.53 pounds per million Btu while firing oil. Compliance shall be demonstrated based on a 30-day rolling average as measured by a CEMS. The CEMS must meet the performance specifications contained in 40 CFR 60, Appendix B, or 40 CFR 75. [Rules 62-296.570(4)(a)4. and (4)(b)2., F.A.C.]

Monitoring of Operations

B.10. Annual Tests Required, PM and VE. Except as provided in specific conditions **D.6** and **D.7** of this permit, emission testing for particulate emissions and visible emissions shall be performed annually, no later than September 30th of each year, except for units that are not

operating because of scheduled maintenance outages and emergency repairs, which will be tested within thirty days of returning to service.

[Rules 62-4.070(3) and 62-213.440, F.A.C.]

- **B.11.** Sulfur Dioxide. The owner or operator of the emission units shall demonstrate compliance with the sulfur dioxide limit of specific condition **B.8** of this permit by the following:
 - a. Through the use of a continuous emission monitoring system (CEMS) installed, calibrated, operated and maintained in accordance with the quality assurance requirements of 40 CFR 75, adopted and incorporated by reference in Rule 62-204.800, F.A.C. A Relative Accuracy Test Audit of the SO₂ CEMS shall be conducted no less than annually. Compliance shall be demonstrated based on a 3-hour rolling average.
 - b. In the event the CEMS becomes temporarily inoperable or interrupted, the fuels and the maximum fuel oil to natural gas firing ratio that shall be used is limited to that which was last used to demonstrate compliance prior to the loss of the CEMS, or the emissions units shall fuel switch and be fired with a fuel oil containing a maximum sulfur content of 2.5%, by weight, or less.
 - c. When burning 100% fuel oil, the emissions units shall be fired with a fuel oil containing a maximum sulfur content of 2.5%, by weight, or less.

[Rules 62-213.440, 62-204.800 and 62-296.405(1)(c)3., F.A.C.]

Test Methods and Procedures

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- B.12: Testing While Injecting Additives. The owner on operator shall conduct emission tests while injecting additives consistent with normal operating practices.

 [Rule 62-213.440, F.A.C., applicant agreement with EPA on March 3, 1998]
 - **B.13.** Particulate Matter. The test methods for particulate emissions shall be EPA Methods 17, 5, 5B, or 5F, incorporated by reference in Chapter 62-297, F.A.C. The minimum sample volume shall be 30 dry standard cubic feet. EPA Method 5 may be used with filter temperature no more than 320 degrees Fahrenheit. For EPA Method 17, stack temperature shall be less than 375 degrees Fahrenheit. The owner or operator may use EPA Method 5 to demonstrate compliance. EPA Method 3 or 3A with Orsat analysis shall be used when the oxygen based F-factor, computed according to EPA Method 19, is used in lieu of heat input. Acetone wash shall be used with EPA Method 5 or 17. Particulate testing shall be conducted in accordance with the requirements of specific conditions **D.14** and **B.15** of this permit. [Rules 62-213.440, 62-296.405(1)(e)2., and 62-297.401, F.A.C.]
 - **B.14.** Sulfur Dioxide. The test methods for sulfur dioxide emissions shall be EPA Methods 6, 6A, 6B, or 6C, incorporated by reference in Chapter 62-297, F.A.C. If the emissions unit obtains an alternate procedure under the provisions of Rule 62-297.620, F.A.C., the procedure shall become a condition of the emissions unit's permit. The Department will retain the authority to require EPA Method 6 or 6C if it has reason to believe that exceedences of the sulfur dioxide emissions limiting standard are occurring. The permittee may use the EPA test methods, referenced above, to demonstrate compliance; however, as an alternate sampling procedure authorized by permit, the permittee shall demonstrate compliance using CEMS for sulfur dioxide. See specific condition B.11 of this permit.

[Rules 62-213.440 and 62-296.405(1)(c)3. and (1)(e)3., F.A.C.]

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- **B.15.** Operating Conditions During Testing PM and VE. Compliance testing during sootblowing and steady-state operation for particulate matter and visible emissions shall be conducted at least once annually, if liquid fuel is fired for more than 400 hours. A visible emissions test shall be conducted during one run of each particulate matter test. The owner or operator shall conduct testing while operating under one of the following methods of operation (representative of normal operation to achieve the facility's target SO₂ emission rate of 1.1 lb/mmBtu):
 - a. When Burning 100% Fuel Oil. Particulate matter and visible emissions tests during sootblowing and steady-state operation shall be performed on such emissions unit while firing solely fuel oil of approximately 1% sulfur by weight (stoichiometrically representative of sulfur dioxide emissions of the target SO₂ emission rate of 1.1 lb/mmBtu), except that such test shall not be required to be performed during any year that testing is performed in accordance with specific condition **B.15.b**.
 - b. When Burning Fuel Oil While Co-firing With Natural Gas. Particulate matter and visible emissions tests during sootblowing and steady-state operation shall be performed on such emissions unit while co-firing oil with the appropriate proportion of natural gas required to maintain SO₂ emissions between 90 to 100% of the target SO₂ emission rate of 1.1 lb/mmBtu heat input (corresponding to 1.0 and 1.1 lb/mmBtu heat input).

Test Required if Target SO₂ Emission Rate Increased. If the owner or operator target increases the target SO₂ emission rate above 1.1 lb/mmBtu, testing while operating under one of the above methods of operation that is representative of the new target SO₂ emission rate shall be conducted within 60 days of increasing the target rate.

Note: The facility is operated under an informal agreement with Broward County to limit visible emissions to less than 20% opacity, to the extent possible. To achieve this, the facility voluntarily limits sulfur dioxide emissions to 1.1 lb/mmBtu by either firing fuel oil with up to 1% sulfur content, or by co-firing fuel oil and natural gas in a ratio to limit sulfur dioxide emissions to 1.1 lb/mmBtu.}

[Rules 62-4.070(3), 62-213.440, 62-296.405(1)(c)3. and 62-297.310(7)(a)9., F.A.C.]

Record Keeping and Reporting Requirements

B.16. Fuel Records. The owner or operator shall create and maintain for each emission unit hourly records of the amount of each fuel fired, the ratio of fuel oil to natural gas if co-fired, and the heating value and sulfur content of each fuel fired. These records must be of sufficient detail to identify the testing requirements of specific condition **B.15**, and, when applicable, demonstrate compliance with the requirements of condition **B.11**, paragraphs b and c, of this permit. Fuel oil heating value and sulfur content shall be determined by taking a daily sample of the fuel fired, combining those samples into a monthly composite, and analyzing a representative sample of the composite. Analysis for sulfur content shall be performed using one of ASTM D2622-94, ASTM D4294-90(95), ASTM D1552-95, ASTM D1266-91, both ASTM D4057-88 and ASTM D129-95, or the latest edition(s). Comparison of the as-fired fuel oil sulfur content shall be made and recorded monthly upon receipt of each monthly composite analysis. [Rules 62-4.070(3), 62-213.410, 62-213.440 and 62-296.405(1)(c)3., F.A.C.]

B.17. COMS for Periodic Monitoring. The owner or operator is required to install continuous opacity monitoring systems (COMS) pursuant to 40 CFR Part 75. The owner or operator shall

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maintain and operate COMS and shall make and maintain records of opacity measured by the COMS, for purposes of periodic monitoring. [Rule 62-213.440, F.A.C., and applicant agreement with EPA on March 3, 1998]

Other Conditions

B.18. These emissions units are also subject to conditions **D.1** through **D.20** contained in Subsection **D.** Common Conditions.

Subsection C. This section addresses the following emissions unit(s).

E.U. ID No.	Brief Description
005	12 Simple Cycle Gas Turbines, GT1 through GT12

Emissions unit 005 consists of 12 simple cycle gas turbines (GT1 through GT12) manufactured by Pratt & Whitney, with a total capacity rated at 504 MW, 8424 mmBtu/hr. The emissions units are fired on any combination of No. 2 fuel oil and natural gas.

Each turbine unit consists of two turbine engines which drive a turbine generator. Emissions are uncontrolled. Each unit is equipped with a 44 foot stack. The turbines are regulated collectively as one emission unit.

{Permitting notes: These emissions units are regulated under Rule 62-210.300, F.A.C., Permits Required. These emissions units are not subject to 40 CFR 60, Subpart GG, Standards of Performance for New Stationary Gas Turbines. All turbines began commercial operation in 1971.}

The following specific conditions apply to the emissions units listed above:

Essential Potential to Emit (PTE) Parameters

C.1. Permitted Capacity. The maximum operation heat input rates are as follows:

Unit No.	mmBtu/hr Heat Input*	Fuel Type
GT1 through GT12	8424	Natural Gas
	8424	No. 2 Fuel Oil

* Total heat input for all twelve combustion turbines. [Rules 62-4.160(2), 62-210.200(PTE) and 62-296.405, F.A.C.]

C.2. Emissions Unit Operating Rate Limitation After Testing. See specific condition D.14 of this permit.

[Rule 62-297.310(2), F.A.C.]

C.3. Methods of Operation. Fuels. The only fuels allowed to be burned are any combination of No. 2 fuel oil and natural gas.
[Rule 62-213.410, F.A.C.]

Emission Limitations and Standards

- **C.4.** <u>Visible Emissions</u>. Visible emissions from each turbine shall not be equal to or greater than 20 percent opacity.
- [Rule 62-296.320(4)(b)1., F.A.C.]
- C.5. <u>Nitrogen Oxides</u>. Nitrogen oxides emissions shall not exceed 0.50 pounds per million Btu while firing natural gas, and 0.90 pounds per million Btu while firing oil. [Rules 62-296.570(4)(b)5., F.A.C.]

Monitoring of Operations

C.6. <u>Visible Emissions Testing Required</u>. The owner or operator shall conduct testing for visible emissions, using EPA Method 9, while the combustion turbine is operating at 90-100 percent of its capacity, according to the following schedule.

The owner or operator shall conduct testing for visible emissions while firing fuel oil for each simple-cycle turbine unit upon that turbine's exceeding 400 hours of operation on fuel oil, and every 150 hours of operation on fuel oil thereafter, in any given federal fiscal year (October 1 through September 30). Such tests shall be performed within 15 days of exceeding such operating hours, to allow for prior notification of the tests.

[Rule 62-213.440, F.A.C., applicant agreement with EPA on March 3, 1998, and AO 06-230618]

C.7. Nitrogen Oxides. Provided operation is no more than 320 hours/year/turbine on oil, NOx emissions for the combustion turbines shall be tested every five (5) years by EPA Method 20 tests as described in 40 CFR 60, Appendix A (July 1, 1996) on any representative unit in the bank of the combustion turbines. Tests shall be conducted both while burning 100% natural gas and 100% light distillate oil.

[Rule 62-296.570, F.A.C.; Requested by the applicant in letter dated September 19, 2000]

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C.8. Nitrogen Oxides. The test method-for nitrogen oxides emissions shall be EPA Method-20, incorporated by reference in Chapter 62-297, E.A.C. If the owner or operator obtains an alternate procedure under the provisions of Rule 62-297.620, F.A.C., the procedure shall automatically become a condition of this permit.

[Rules 62-213.440, 62-296.570(4)(a)3. and 62-297.401, F.A.C.]

Record Keeping and Reporting Requirements

C.9. Records of Fuel Consumption and Operating Time Required. The owner or operator shall make and maintain records of the hours of operation of each turbine and the total fuel oil consumption of all twelve turbines in sufficient detail to ensure compliance with specific condition C.6 of this permit.

[Rule 62-4.070(3), F.A.C.]

Other Conditions

C.10. These emissions units are also subject to conditions D.1 through D.19 contained in Subsection D. Common Conditions. Common condition D.20 is not applicable to these emission units.

Subsection D. Common Conditions.

E.U. ID	
No.	Brief Description
001	Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 1.
002	Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 2.
003	Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 3.
004	Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 4.
005	12 Simple Cycle Gas Turbines, GT1 through GT12.

The following conditions apply to the emissions unit(s) listed above:

Essential Potential to Emit (PTE) Parameters

D.1. Hours of Operation. The emissions units may operate continuously, i.e., 8,760 hours/year. [Rule 62-210.200(PTE), F.A.C.]

Emission Limitations and Standards

{Permitting note: Table 1-1, Summary of Air Pollutant Standards and Terms, summarizes information for convenience purposes only. This table does not supersede any of the terms or conditions of this permit.}

Excess Emissions

- **D.2.** Excess emissions resulting from malfunction shall be permitted provided that best operational practices to minimize emissions are adhered to and the duration of excess emissions shall be minimized but in no case exceed two hours in any 24 hour period unless specifically authorized by the Department for longer duration. [Rule 62-210.700(1), F.A.C.]
- **D.3.** Excess emissions resulting from startup or shutdown shall be permitted provided that best operational practices to minimize emissions are adhered to and the duration of excess emissions shall be minimized.

[Rule 62-210.700(2), F.A.C.]

D.4. Excess emissions which are caused entirely or in part by poor maintenance, poor operation, or any other equipment or process failure which may reasonably be prevented during startup, shutdown or malfunction shall be prohibited.

[Rule 62-210.700(4), F.A.C.]

Monitoring of Operations

D.5. Determination of Process Variables.

(a) Required Equipment. The owner or operator of an emissions unit for which compliance tests are required shall install, operate, and maintain equipment or instruments necessary to determine process variables, such as process weight input or heat input, when such data are needed in

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conjunction with emissions data to determine the compliance of the emissions unit with applicable emission limiting standards.

(b) Accuracy of Equipment. Equipment or instruments used to directly or indirectly determine process variables, including devices such as belt scales, weight hoppers, flow meters, and tank scales, shall be calibrated and adjusted to indicate the true value of the parameter being measured with sufficient accuracy to allow the applicable process variable to be determined within 10% of its true value.

[Rule 62-297.310(5), F.A.C.]

- **D.6.** <u>Frequency of Compliance Tests</u>. The following provisions apply only to those emissions units that are subject to an emissions limiting standard for which compliance testing is required.
- (a) General Compliance Testing.
 - 2. For excess emission limitations for particulate matter specified in Rule 62-210.700, F.A.C., a compliance test shall be conducted annually while the emissions unit is operating under soot blowing conditions in each federal fiscal year during which soot blowing is part of normal emissions unit operation, except that such test shall not be required in any federal fiscal year in which a fossil fuel steam generator does not burn liquid and/or solid fuel for more than 400 hours other than during startup.
 - 3. The owner or operator of an emissions unit that is subject to any emission limiting standard shall conduct a compliance test that demonstrates compliance with the applicable emission limiting standard prior to obtaining a renewed operation permit. Emissions units that are required to conduct an annual compliance test may submit the most recent annual compliance test to satisfy the requirements of this provision. In renewing an air operation permit pursuant to Rule 62-210.300(2)(a)3.b.,-c., or d., F.A.G., the Department shall not require submission of emission compliance test results for any emissions unit that, during the year prior to renewal:
 - a. Did not operate; or
 - b. In the case of a fuel burning emissions unit, burned liquid fuel for a total of no more than 400 hours.
 - 4. During each federal fiscal year (October 1 -- September 30), unless otherwise specified by rule, order, or permit, the owner or operator of each emissions unit shall have a formal compliance test conducted for:
 - a. Visible emissions, if there is an applicable standard;
 - b. Each of the following pollutants, if there is an applicable standard, and if the emissions unit emits or has the potential to emit: 100 tons per year or more of any other regulated air pollutant; and
 - c. Each NESHAP pollutant, if there is an applicable emission standard.
 - 5. An annual compliance test for particulate matter emissions shall not be required for any fuel burning emissions unit that, in a federal fiscal year, does not burn liquid and/or solid fuel, other than during startup, for a total of more than 400 hours.
 - 8. Any combustion turbine that does not operate for more than 400 hours per year shall conduct a visible emissions compliance test once per each five-year period, coinciding with the term of its air operation permit.
 - 9. The owner or operator shall notify the Department, at least 15 days prior to the date on which each formal compliance test is to begin, of the date, time, and place of each such test, and the test contact person who will be responsible for coordinating and having such test conducted for the owner or operator.

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- (b) <u>Special Compliance Tests</u>. When the Department, after investigation, has good reason (such as complaints, increased visible emissions or questionable maintenance of control equipment) to believe that any applicable emission standard contained in a Department rule or in a permit issued pursuant to those rules is being violated, it may require the owner or operator of the emissions unit to conduct compliance tests which identify the nature and quantity of pollutant emissions from the emissions unit and to provide a report on the results of said tests to the Department.
- (c) Waiver of Compliance Test Requirements. If the owner or operator of an emissions unit that is subject to a compliance test requirement demonstrates to the Department, pursuant to the procedure established in Rule 62-297.620, F.A.C., that the compliance of the emissions unit with an applicable weight emission limiting standard can be adequately determined by means other than the designated test procedure, such as specifying a surrogate standard of no visible emissions for particulate matter sources equipped with a bag house or specifying a fuel analysis for sulfur dioxide emissions, the Department shall waive the compliance test requirements for such emissions units and order that the alternate means of determining compliance be used, provided, however, the provisions of Rule 62-297.310(7)(b), F.A.C., shall apply.

 [Rule 62-297.310(7), F.A.C., SIP Approved]
- **D.7.** When PM Tests Not Required. Annual and permit renewal compliance testing for particulate matter emissions is not required for these emissions units while burning:
 - a. only gaseous fuel(s); or
 - b. gaseous fuel(s) in combination with any amount of liquid fuel(s) for less than 400 hours per year; or
- c. only liquid fuel(s) for less than 400 hours per year.

 [Rules 62-297.310(7)(a)3. & 5., F.A.C.; and, ASP Number 97-B-01.]
- **D.8.** When VE Tests Not Required. By this permit, annual emissions compliance testing for visible emissions is not required for these emissions units while burning:
 - a. only gaseous fuel(s); or
 - b. gaseous fuel(s) in combination with any amount of liquid fuel(s) for less than 400 hours per year; or
- c. only liquid fuel(s) for less than 400 hours per year. [Rule 62-4.070(3), F.A.C.]

Test Methods and Procedures

{Permitting Note: The attached Table 2-1, Summary of Compliance Requirements, summarizes information for convenience purposes only. This table does not supersede any of the terms or conditions of this permit.}

- **D.9.** <u>Visible Emissions Turbines</u>. The test method for visible emissions for emissions unit 005 (bank of twelve combustion turbines) shall be EPA Method 9, adopted and incorporated by reference in Rule 62-204.800, F.A.C., and referenced in Chapter 62-297, F.A.C. [Rules 62-204.800 and 62-297.401, F.A.C.]
- **D.10.** <u>Visible Emissions Boilers, Units 1, 2, 3 and 4</u>. The test method for visible emissions for emissions units 001 (Unit 1), 002 (Unit 2), 003 (Unit 3) and 004 (Unit 4) shall be DEP Method 9,

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incorporated in Chapter 62-297, F.A.C. A transmissometer may be used and calibrated according to Rule 62-297.520, F.A.C. See specific condition **D.11**. [Rules 62-296.405(1)(e)1. and 62-297.401, F.A.C.]

- **D.11.** <u>DEP Method 9</u>. The provisions of EPA Method 9 (40 CFR 60, Appendix A) are adopted by reference with the following exceptions:
 - 1. EPA Method 9, Section 2.4, Recording Observations. Opacity observations shall be made and recorded by-a certified observer at sequential fifteen second intervals during the required period of observation.
 - 2. EPA Method 9, Section 2.5, Data Reduction. For a set of observations to be acceptable, the observer shall have made and recorded, or verified the recording of, at least 90 percent of the possible individual observations during the required observation period. For single-valued opacity standards (e.g., 20 percent opacity), the test result shall be the highest-valid six-minute average for the set of observations taken. For multiple-valued opacity standards (e.g., 20 percent opacity, except that an opacity of 40 percent is permissible for not more than two minutes per hour) opacity shall be computed as follows:
 - a. For the basic part of the standard (i.e., 20 percent opacity) the opacity shall be determined as specified above for a single-valued opacity standard.
 - b. For the short-term average part of the standard, opacity shall be the highest valid short-term average (i.e., two-minute, three-minute average) for the set of observations taken.

In order to be valid, any required average (i.e., a six-minute or two-minute average) shall be based on all of the valid observations in the sequential subset of observations selected, and the selected subset shall contain at least 90 percent of the observations possible for the required averaging time. Each required average shall be calculated by summing the opacity value of each of the valid observations in the appropriate subset, dividing this sum by the number of valid observations in the subset, and rounding the result to the nearest whole number. The number of missing observations in the subset shall be indicated in parenthesis after the subset average value.

[Rule 62-297.401, F.A.C.]

D.12. Required Number of Test Runs. For mass emission limitations, a compliance test shall consist of three complete and separate determinations of the total air pollutant emission rate through the test section of the stack or duct and three complete and separate determinations of any applicable process variables corresponding to the three distinct time periods during which the stack emission rate was measured provided, however, that three complete and separate determinations shall not be required if the process variables are not subject to variation during a compliance test, or if three determinations are not necessary in order to calculate the unit's emission rate. The three required test runs shall be completed within one consecutive five day period. In the event that a sample is lost or one of the three runs must be discontinued because of circumstances beyond the control of the owner or operator, and a valid third run cannot be obtained within the five day period allowed for the test, the Secretary or his or her designee may accept the results of the two complete runs as proof of compliance, provided that the arithmetic mean of the results of the two complete runs is at least 20 percent below the allowable emission limiting standards.

[Rule 62-297.310(1), F.A.C.]

D.13. Calculation of Emission Rate. The indicated emission rate or concentration shall be the arithmetic average of the emission rate or concentration determined by each of the separate test runs unless otherwise specified in a particular test method or applicable rule. [Rule 62-297.310(3), F.A.C.]

D.14. Operating Rate During Testing. Testing of emissions shall be conducted with each emissions unit operation at permitted capacity, which is defined as 90 to 100 percent of the maximum operation rate allowed by the permit. If it is impracticable to test at permitted capacity, an emissions unit may be tested at less than the minimum permitted capacity; in this case, subsequent emissions unit operation is limited to 110 percent of the test load until a new test is conducted. Once the emissions unit is so limited, operation at higher capacities is allowed for no more than 15 consecutive days for the purpose of additional compliance testing to regain the authority to operate at the permitted capacity.

[Rules 62-297.310(2) & (2)(b), F.A.C.]

D.15. Applicable Test Procedures.

(a) Required Sampling Time.

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- 1. Unless otherwise specified in the applicable rule, the required sampling time for each test run shall be no less than one hour and no greater than four hours, and the sampling time at each sampling point shall be of equal intervals of at least two minutes.
- 2. Opacity Compliance Tests. When either EPA Method 9 or DEP Method 9 is specified as the applicable opacity test method, the required minimum period of observation for a compliance test shall be sixty (60) minutes for emissions units which emit or have the potential to emit 100 tons per year or more of particulate matter, and thirty (30) minutes for emissions units which have potential emissions less than 100 tons per year of particulate matter and are not subject to a multiple-valued opacity standard. The opacity test observation period shall include the period during which the highest opacity emissions can reasonably be expected to occur. Exceptions to these requirements are as follows:
 - c. The minimum observation period for opacity tests conducted by employees or agents of the Department to verify the day-to-day continuing compliance of a unit or activity with an applicable opacity standard shall be twelve minutes.
- (b) <u>Minimum Sample Volume</u>. Unless otherwise specified in the applicable rule, the minimum sample volume per run shall be 25 dry standard cubic feet.
- (c) <u>Required Flow Rate Range</u>. For EPA Method 5 particulate sampling, acid mist/sulfur dioxide, and fluoride sampling which uses Greenburg Smith type impingers, the sampling nozzle and sampling time shall be selected such that the average sampling rate will be between 0.5 and 1.0 actual cubic feet per minute, and the required minimum sampling volume will be obtained.
- (d) <u>Calibration of Sampling Equipment</u>. Calibration of the sampling train equipment shall be conducted in accordance with the schedule shown in Table 297.310-1.
- (e) Allowed Modification to EPA Method 5. When EPA Method 5 is required, the following modification is allowed: the heated filter may be separated from the impingers by a flexible tube. [Rule 62-297.310(4), F.A.C.]
- **D.16.** Required Stack Sampling Facilities. When a mass emissions stack test is required, the permittee shall comply with the requirements contained in Appendix SS-1, Stack Sampling Facilities, attached to this permit. [Rule 62-297.310(6), F.A.C.]

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Record Keeping and Reporting Requirements

D.17. Malfunctions - Notification. In the case of excess emissions resulting from malfunctions, each owner or operator shall notify the Broward County Department of Natural Resource Protection, Air Quality Division in accordance with Rule 62-4.130, F.A.C. Notification shall include pertinent information as to the cause of the problem, and what steps are being taken to correct the problem and to prevent its recurrence, and where applicable, the owner's intent toward reconstruction of destroyed facilities. Such notification does not release the permittee from any liability for failure to comply with Department rules. A full written report on the malfunctions shall be submitted in a quarterly report, if requested by the Broward County Department of Natural Resource Protection, Air Quality Division. [Rule 62-210.700(6), F.A.C.]

D.18. Excess Emissions - Report. Submit to the Broward County Department of Natural Resource Protection, Air Quality Division a written report of emissions in excess of emission limiting standards as set forth in this permit, for each calendar quarter. The nature and cause of the excess emissions shall be explained. This report does not relieve the owner or operator of the legal liability for violations.

[Rules 62-213.440 and 62-296.405(1)(g), F.A.C.]

D.19. Test Reports.

- (a) The owner or operator of an emissions unit for which a compliance test is required shall-file.

 a report with the Broward County Department of Natural Resource Protection, Air Quality

 Division on the results of each such tests.
 - (b) The required test report shall be filed with the Broward County Department of Natural Resource Protection, Air Quality Division as soon as practical but no later than 45 days after the last sampling run of each test is completed.
 - (c) The test report shall provide sufficient detail on the emissions unit tested and the test procedures used to allow the Broward County Department of Natural Resource Protection, Air Quality Division to determine if the test was properly conducted and the test results properly computed. As a minimum, the test report, other than for an EPA or DEP Method 9 test, shall provide the following information:
 - 1. The type, location, and designation of the emissions unit tested.
 - 2. The facility at which the emissions unit is located.
 - 3. The owner or operator of the emissions unit.
 - 4. The normal type and amount of fuels used and materials processed, and the types and amounts of fuels used and material processed during each test run.
 - 5. The means, raw data and computations used to determine the amount of fuels used and materials processed, if necessary to determine compliance with an applicable emission limiting standard.
 - 6. The type of air pollution control devices installed on the emissions unit, their general condition, their normal operating parameters (pressure drops, total operating current and GPM scrubber water), and their operating parameters during each test run.
 - 7. A sketch of the duct within 8 stack diameters upstream and 2 stack diameters downstream of the sampling ports, including the distance to any upstream and downstream bends or other flow disturbances.
 - 8. The date, starting time and duration of each sampling run.

- 9. The test procedures used, including any alternative procedures authorized pursuant to Rule 62-297.620, F.A.C. Where optional procedures are authorized in this chapter, indicate which option was used.
- 10. The number of points sampled and configuration and location of the sampling plane.
- 11. For each sampling point for each run, the dry gas meter reading, velocity head, pressure drop across the stack, temperatures, average meter temperatures and sample time per point.
- 12. The type, manufacturer and configuration of the sampling equipment used.
- 13. Data related to the required calibration of the test equipment.
- 14. Data on the identification, processing and weights of all filters used.
- 15. Data on the types and amounts of any chemical solutions used.
- 16. Data on the amount of pollutant collected from each sampling probe, the filters, and the impingers, are reported separately for the compliance test.
- 17. The names of individuals who furnished the process variable data, conducted the test, analyzed the samples and prepared the report.
- 18. All measured and calculated data required to be determined by each applicable test procedure for each run.
- 19. The detailed calculations for one run that relate the collected data to the calculated emission rate.
- 20. The applicable emission standard, and the resulting maximum allowable emission rate for the emissions unit, plus the test result in the same form and unit of measure.
- 21. A certification that, to the knowledge of the owner or his authorized agent, all data submitted are true and correct. When a compliance test is conducted for the Department or its agent, the person who conducts the test shall provide the certification with respect to the test procedures used. The owner or his authorized agent shall certify that all data required and provided to the person conducting the test are true and correct to his knowledge.

 [Rules 62-213.440 and 62-297.310(8), F.A.C.]
 - **D.20.** <u>Used Oil.</u> Burning of on-specification used oil is allowed in emissions units 001, 002, 003 and 004 in accordance with all other conditions of this permit and the following additional conditions:
 - a. On-specification Used Oil Allowed as Fuel: This permit allows the burning of used oil fuel meeting EPA "on-specification" used oil specifications, with a PCB concentration of less than 50 ppm, originating from FPL operations. Used oil that does not meet the specifications for on-specification used oil shall not be burned at this facility.

On-specification used oil shall meet the following specifications: [40 CFR 279, Subpart B.]

Arsenic shall not exceed 5.0 ppm; Cadmium shall not exceed 2.0 ppm; Chromium shall not exceed 10.0 ppm; Lead shall not exceed 100.0 ppm; Total halogens shall not exceed 1000 ppm; Flash point shall not be less than 100 degrees F.

b. Quantity Limited: The maximum total quantity of used oil that may be burned in all four emissions units is 1.5 million gallons in any consecutive 12-month period.

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- c. <u>Used Oil Containing PCBs Not Allowed:</u> Used oil containing a PCB concentration of 50 or more ppm shall not be burned at this facility. Used oil shall not be blended to meet this requirement.
- d. PCB Concentration of 2 to less than 50 ppm: On-specification used oil with a PCB concentration of 2 to less than 50 ppm shall be burned only at normal source operating temperatures. On-specification used oil with a PCB concentration of 2 to less than 50 ppm shall not be burned during periods of startup or shutdown.
- e. <u>Testing Required</u>: The owner or operator shall sample and analyze each batch of used oil to be burned for the following parameters:

Arsenic, cadmium, chromium, lead, total halogens, flash point, and PCBs.

Testing (sampling, extraction and analysis) shall be performed using approved methods specified in EPA Publication SW-846 (Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods), latest edition.

- f. Record Keeping Required: The owner or operator shall obtain, make, and keep the following records related to the use of used oil in a form suitable for inspection at the facility by the Department: [40 CFR 279.61 and 761.20(e)]
 - (1) The gallons of on-specification used oil received and burned each month. (This record shall be completed no later than the fifteenth day of the succeeding month.)
 - (2) The total gallons of on-specification used oil burned in the preceding consecutive 12-month period. (This record shall be completed no later than the fifteenth day of the succeeding month.)
 - (3) Results of the analyses required above.
 - g. <u>Reporting Required</u>: The owner or operator shall submit, with the Annual Operation Report form, the analytical results and the total amount of on-specification used oil burned during the previous calendar year.

[Rules 62-4.070(3) and 62-213.440, F.A.C., 40 CFR 279 and 40 CFR 761, unless otherwise noted]

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Section IV. This section is the Acid Rain Part.

Operated by:

Florida Power and Light Company

ORIS code:

0617

Subsection A. This subsection addresses Acid Rain, Phase II.

The emissions unit(s) listed below are regulated under Acid Rain, Phase II.

E.U. ID No.		ITAN BENGLATIAN TELEPERATURAN DIE DES DES DES BENGLADER DE LA CAMBRIO DE
001-	PPE1	Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 1
002	PPE2	Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 2-
003	PPE3	Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 3
004	PPE4	Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 4

1. The Phase II permit application(s) submitted for this facility, as approved by the Department, is a part of this permit. The owners and operators of these Phase II acid rain unit(s) must comply with the standard requirements and special provisions set forth in the application(s) listed below:

a. DEP Form No. 62-210.900(1)(a), dated 12/27/95 [Chapter 62-213, F.A.C. and Rule 62-214.320, F.A.C.]

2. Sulfur dioxide (SO₂) allowance allocations for each Acid Rain unit are as follows:

E.U. ID No.	EPA ID	Year	2000	2001	2002	2003
001	PPE1	SO2 allowances, under Table 2 of 40 CFR Part 73	2339*	2339*	2339*	2339*
002	PPE2	SO2 allowances, under Table 2 of 40 CFR Part 73	2413*	2413*	2413*	2413*
003	PPE3	SO2 allowances, under Table 2 of 40 CFR Part 73	5880*	5880*	5880*	5880*

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E.U. ID No.	EPA ID	Year	2000	2001	2002	2003
004	PPE4	SO2 allowances, under Table 2 of 40 CFR Part 73	5962*	5962*	5962*	5962*

- * The number of allowances held by an Acid Rain source in a unit-account may differ from the number allocated by the USEPA under Table 2 of 40 CFR 73.
- 3. Fast-Track Revisions of Acid Rain Parts. Those Acid Rain sources making a change described at Rule 62-214.370(4), F.A.C., may request such change as provided in Rule 62-213.413, Fast-Track Revisions of Acid Rain Parts. [Rule 62-213.413, F.A.C.]
- -4. Comments, notes, and justifications.—The Phase II Permit Application was received on July 24, 2000.
- 5. Emission Allowances. Emissions from sources subject to the Federal Acid Rain Program (Title IV) shall not exceed any allowances that the source lawfully holds under the Federal Acid Rain Program: Allowances shall not be used to demonstrate compliance with a non-Title IV applicable requirement of the Act.
- a. No permit revision shall be required for increases in emissions that are authorized by allowances acquired pursuant to the Federal Acid Rain Program, provided that such increases do not require a permit revision pursuant to Rule 62-213.400(3), F.A.C.
- b. No limit shall be placed on the number of allowances held by the source under the Federal Acid Rain Program.
- c. Allowances shall be accounted for under the Federal Acid Rain Program. [Rule 62-213.440(1)(c)1., 2. & 3., F.A.C.]
- 6. <u>Statement of Compliance</u>. The annual statement of compliance pursuant to Rule 62-213.440(3), F.A.C., shall be submitted within 60 (sixty) days after the end of the calendar year. {See condition No.51., Appendix TV-3, Title V Conditions.} [Rule 62-214.420(11), F.A.C.]
- 7. Where an applicable requirement of the Act is more stringent than applicable regulations promulgated under Title IV of the Act, both provisions shall be incorporated into the permit and shall be enforceable by the Administrator.

[40 CFR 70.6(a)(1)(ii); and, Rule 62-210.200, F.A.C., Definitions – Applicable Requirements.]

Florida Power and Light Company Port Everglades Plant FINAL Permit Revision No.: 0110036-003-AV

Appendix A-1, Abbreviations, Acronyms, Citations, and Identification Numbers (version dated 02/05/97)

Abbreviations and Acronyms:

°F: Degrees Fahrenheit

BACT: Best Available Control Technology

CFR: Code of Federal Regulations

DEP: State of Florida, Department of Environmental Protection

DARM: Division of Air Resource Management

EPA: United States Environmental Protection Agency

F.A.C.: Florida Administrative Code

F.S.: Florida Statute

ISO: International Standards Organization

LAT: Latitude LONG: Longitude

MMBtu: million British thermal units

MW: Megawatt

ORIS: Office of Regulatory Information Systems

SOA: Specific Operating Agreement **UTM**: Universal Transverse Mercator

Citations:

The following examples illustrate the methods used in this permit to abbreviate and cite the references of rules; regulations, guidance memorandums, permit numbers, and ID numbers

Gode of Federal Regulations

Example: [40 CFR 60.334]

Where: 40 reference to Title 40

CFR reference to Code of Federal Regulations

60 reference to Part 60

The state of the s

60.334 reference to Regulation 60.334

Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.) Rules:

Example: [Rule 62-213, F.A.C.]

Where: 62 reference to Title 62

62-213 reference to Chapter 62-213

62-213.205 reference to Rule 62-213.205, F.A.C.

ISO: International Standards Organization refers to those conditions at 288 degrees K, 60 percent relative humidity, and 101.3 kilopascals pressure.

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Appendix A-1, Abbreviations, Acronyms, Citations, and Identification Numbers (continued)

Identification Numbers:

Facility Identification (ID) Number:

Example: Facility ID No.: 1050221

Where:

105 =3-digit number code identifying the facility is located in Polk County

0221 =4-digit number assigned by state database.

Permit Numbers:

Example: 1050221-002-AV, or

1050221-001-AC

Where:

AC =Air Construction Permit

AV =Air Operation Permit (Title V Source)

3-digit number code identifying the facility is located in Polk County 105 =

0221 = 4-digit number assigned by permit tracking database

3-digit sequential project number assigned by permit tracking 001 or 002 =database

Example: PSD-FL-185

PA95-01 AC53-208321

Where:

PSD= Prevention of Significant Deterioration Permit

PA =Power Plant Siting Act Permit

AC = old Air Construction Permit numbering

Appendix U-1, List of Unregulated Emissions Units and/or Activities

<u>Unregulated Emissions Units and/or Activities</u>. An emissions unit which emits no "emissions-limited pollutant" and which is subject to no unit-specific work practice standard, though it may be subject to regulations applied on a facility-wide basis (e.g., unconfined emissions, odor, general opacity) or to regulations that require only that it be able to prove exemption from unit-specific emissions or work practice standards.

The below listed emissions units and/or activities are neither 'regulated emissions units' nor 'insignificant emissions units'.

E.U. ID	
No.	Brief Description of Emissions Units and/or Activity
017	Above ground fuel oil storage tanks
018	Miscellaneous internal combustion engines, portable equipment
019	Propane fueled generator

Appendix I-1, List of Insignificant Emissions Units and/or Activities

The facilities, emissions units, or pollutant-emitting activities listed in Rule 62-210.300(3)(a), F.A.C., Categorical Exemptions, are exempt from the permitting requirements of Chapters 62-210 and 62-4, F.A.C.; provided, however, that exempt emissions units shall be subject to any applicable emission limiting standards and the emissions from exempt emissions units or activities shall be considered in determining the potential emissions of the facility containing such emissions units. Emissions units and pollutant-emitting activities exempt from permitting under Rule 62-210.300(3)(a), F.A.C., shall not be exempt from the permitting requirements of Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., if they are contained within a Title V source; however, such emissions units and activities shall be considered insignificant for Title V purposes provided they also meet the criteria of Rule 62-213.430(6)(b), F.A.C. No emissions unit shall be entitled to an exemption from permitting under Rule 62.210.300(3)(a), F.A.C., if its emissions, in combination with the emissions of other units and activities at the facility, would cause the facility to emit or have the potential to emit any pollutant in such amount as to make the facility a Title V source.

The below listed emissions units and/or activities are considered insignificant pursuant to Rule 62-213.430(6), F.A.C.

2-3.5% 2-3.5%	Brief Description of Emissions Units and/or Activities
·	A Control of the Cont
1.	Spent boiler chemical cleaning liquid evaporation
2.	Laboratory equipment used exclusively for chemical or physical analysis.
3.	Brazing, soldering or welding equipment.
4.	Surface coating facilities provided that 6.0 gallons of coatings per day or less are applied.
5.	Hydrazine feed line vent
6.	Lube oil system
7.	Oil/water separators and related equipment
8.	Misc. mobile vehicle operation
9.	Paint & lube oil building
10.	Chemical storage building
11.	Hazardous waste storage area
12.	Natural gas metering station

Appendix H-1, Permit History/ID Number Changes

Permit History (for tracking purposes):

E.U.	Description	Down it No	Issue	Expiration	Extended Date ^{1, 2}	Revised
ID No.	Description	Permit No.	Date	Date	Date	Date(s)
001	Fossil Fuel Steam Generator #1	AO 06-223345	04/21/93	02/28/98		
002	Fossil Fuel Steam . Generator #2	AO 06-223350	04/21/93	02/15/98		
003	Fossil Fuel Steam Generator #3	AO 06-223351	04/21/93	02/15/98		
004	Fossil Fuel Steam Generator #4	AO 06-223352	04/21/93	02/15/98		
005	Gas Turbine Generator #1 - 12	AO 06-230618	06/16/93	06/04/98		
001- 005	As noted above.	0010036-001-AV	06/24/98	12/31/03		

ID Number Changes (for tracking purposes):

From: Facility ID No.: 50BRO060036

To: Facility ID No.: 0110036

Notes:

{Rule 62-213.420(1)(b)2., F.A.C., allows Title V Sources to operate under existing valid permits that were in effect at the time of application until the Title V permit becomes effective.}

^{1 -} AO permit(s) automatic extension(s) in Rule 62-210.300(2)(a)3.a., F.A.C., effective 03/21/96.

^{2 -} AC permit(s) automatic extension(s) in Rule 62-213.420(1)(a)4., F.A.C., effective 03/20/96.

Table 1-1, Summary of Air Pollutant Emission Standards

This table summarizes information for convenience purposes only. This table does not supersede any of the terms or conditions of this permit.

Emissions Unit	Brief Description	 :	•	 •	
001	Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 1	-			-
002	Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 2	 	•		

			Allowable Emissions	14 14 14		Equivalent Emissions ^{1,2}		
Pollutant	Fuel(s)	Hours per Year	Standard(s)	lb/hour	TPY	lb/hour TPY	Regulatory Citations	See Permit Condition(s)
VE	Oil,	8760	40% opacity	1	_		Rule 62-	A.4
Steady	Natural						296.405(1)(a),	
State	Gas or						F.A.C.	
	Propane							
VE	Oil,	8760	60 % opacity	1			Rule 62-	A.5
Soot	Natural		(>60% opacity for not more	1 5 7			210.700(3),	,
Blowing or	Gas or		than 4, six-minute periods)		•		F.A.C.	
Load	Propane		·					
Change							•	
PM	Oil,	8760	0.1 lb/mmBtu		_	230* 1007.4*	Rule 62-	A.6
Steady	Natural	Ì					296.405(1)(b),	
State	Gas or						F.A.C.	
-	Propane							
PM	Oil,	8760	0.3 lb/mmBtu	1		690* 377.8*	Rule 62-	A.7
Soot	Natural						210.700(3),	
Blowing or	Gas or		:				F.A.C.	
Load	Propane		·					
Change								

Table 1-1, Continued

Emissions Unit	Brief Description
001	Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 1
002	Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 2

		·	Allowable Emissions		•	Equivalent Emissions ^{1,2}		
Pollutant	Fuel(s)	Hours	Standard(s)	lb/hour	TPY	lb/hour TPY	Regulatory	See Permit
1 - 1		per Year					Citations	Condition(s)
SO ₂	Oil,	8760	2.75 lb/mmBtu			6325**+ 27704**	Rule 62-	A.8
	Natural						296.405(1)(c)1.j.,	
	Gas		·				F.A.C.	
NO _x	Oil	8760	0.36 lb/mmBtu	*		828 3626.6	Rule 62-	A.9
							296.570(4)(b)1,	
1.					•		F.A.C.	
NO _x	Natural	8760	0.20 lb/mmBtu			480 2102.4	Rule 62-	A.9
*	Gas						296.570(4)(b)1,	
				7			F.A.C.	

Table 1-1, Continued

Emissions Unit	Brief Description	
003	Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 3	
004	Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 4	

			Allowable Emissions			Equivalent Emissions ¹²		
Pollutant	Fuel(s)	Hours per Year	Standard(s)	lb/hour	TPY	lb/hour TP-Y	Regulatory Citations	See Permit Condition(s)
VE	Oil,	8760	40% opacity	;			Rule 62-	B.4
Steady	Natural				3		296.405(1)(a),	
State	Gas or				•		F.A.C.	
	Propane							
VE	Oil,	8760	60 % opacity	·			Rule 62-	B.5
Soot	Natural		(>60% opacity for not more				210.700(3),	
Blowing or	Gas or		than 4, six-minute periods)	1			F.A.C.	
Load	Propane		•					÷
Change								
PM	Oil,	8760	0.1 lb/mmBtu	1		400* 1752*	Rule 62-	B.6
Steady	Natural	,					296.405(1)(b),	
State	Gas or						F.A.C.	·
	Propane]				
PM	Oil,	8760	0.3 lb/mmBtu			1200* 657*	Rule 62-	B.7
Soot	Natural				•		210.700(3),	
Blowing or	Gas or			1 : 1			F.A.C.	,
Load	Propane			' '			•	
Change				·				

Table 1-1, Continued

Emissions Unit	Brief Description
003	Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 3
004	Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 4

			Allowable Emissions	1. 1.		Equivalent Emissions ^{[2}		
Pollutant	Fuel(s)	Hours	Standard(s)	lb/hour	TPY	lb/hour: TPY	Regulatory	See Permit
		per Year	,				Citations	Condition(s)
SO ₂	Oil,	8760	2.75 lb/mmBtu	:		11000*** 48180**	Rule 62-	B.8
	Natural						296.405(1)(c)1.j.,	
	Gas						F.A.C.	
.NO _x	Oil	8760	0.53 lb/mmBtu	;		2120 9285.6	Rules 62-	B.9
٠.,			· ·				296.570(4)(b)2,	1
· .			·				F.A.C.	
NO _x	Natural	8760	0.40 lb/mmBtu			1672: 7323:4	Rule 62-	B.9
	Gas						296.570(4)(b)2,	
•							F.A.C.	

Table 1-1, Continued

Emissions Unit	Brief Description		·	:
005	12 Simple Cycle Gas Turbines, GT1 t	through GT12.		

			Allowable Emissions	4 4 7		Equivalent Emissions ¹³		•
Pollutant	Fuel(s)	Hours	Standard(s)	lb/hour	TPY	lb/hour TPY	Regulatory	See Permit
		per Year					Citations	Condition(s)
VE	Oil,	8760	20% opacity				Rule 62-	C.4.
Steady	Natural						296.320(4)(b)1.,	
State	Gas or						F.A.C.	
•	Propane							
NO _x	Oil	8760	0.90 lb/mmBtu			-7581.6 33207	Rule 62-	C.5.
							296.570(4)(b)2,	
							F.A.C.	
NO _x	Natural	8760	0.50 lb/mmBtu		<u> </u>	4212 18449	Rule 62-	C.5.
	Gas						296.570(4)(b)5,	
							F.A.C.	

Notes:

¹ The "Equivalent Emissions" listed are for informational purposes only.

² The "Equivalent Emissions" are for each emission unit, unless otherwise noted.

³ The "Equivalent Emissions" are for all twelve turbines combined.

^{*} Lb/hr and TPY values are for PM emissions using fuel oil.

^{**} Lb/hr and TPY values are for SO₂ emissions using fuel oil.

Table 2-1, Summary of Compliance Requirements

This table summarizes information for convenience purposes only. This table does not supersede any of the terms or conditions of this permit.

Emissions Unit	Brief Description			
001	Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 1		 ,	
002	Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 2	; .		,

Pollutant or	Fuel(s)	Compliance	Testing	Frequency	Minimum	CMS ²	See Permit
Parameter		Method	Frequency	Base Date ¹	Compliance Test		Condition(s)
					Duration		
VE	Oil,	DEP Method 9	Annual	September 30	1 hour	No	A.10 & A.15
	Natural						
	Gas or		,				
	Propane						
PM	Oil,	EPA Test Methods 5, 5B, or 17	Annual	September 30	3 hours	No	A.10, A.13 &
	Natural						A.15
-	Gas or			,			
	Propane				·	·	
SO ₂	Oil,	Continuous Emissions Monitor	Continuous			Yes	A.11 & A.14
	Natural		7	,			ě
	Gas or			1		•	
	Propane		į				
NOx	Oil,	Continuous Emissions Monitor	Continuous		,	Yes	A.9
	Natural		•		,		
	Gas or		;	·			
	Propane						

Table 2-1, Continued

Emissions Unit	Brief Description
003	Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 3
. 004	Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 4

Pollutant or	Fuel(s)	Compliance	Testing	Frequency	Minimum	CMS ²	See Permit
Parameter		Method	Frequency	Base Date ¹	Compliance Test		Condition(s)
		·			Duration		
VE	Oil,	DEP Method 9	Annual	September 30	1 hour	No	B.10 & B.15
	Natural						
	Gas or						
	Propane						
PM	Oil,	EPA Test Methods 5, 5B, or 17	Annual	September 30	3 hours	No	B.10, B.13 &
	Natural						B.15
	Gas or						
	Propane				-		
SO ₂	Oil,	Continuous Emissions Monitor	Continuous			Yes	B.11 & B.14
	Natural .	·					
	Gas or				,		•
	Propane			. !			
NOx	Oil,	Continuous Emissions Monitor	Continuous			Yes	B.9
	Natural						
	Gas or		,				
1 11	Propane				•		-

Table 2-1, Continued

Emissions Unit	Brief Description	1		
005	12 Simple Cycle Gas Tu	irbines, GT1 through GT12.	•	

Pollutant or	Fuel(s)	Compliance	Testing	Frequency	Minimum	CMS ²	See Permit
Parameter		Method	Frequency	Base Date ¹	Compliance Test		Condition(s)
					Duration		
VE	Oil,	EPA Method 9	Annual,	October 31	30 min.	No	C.6
	Natural		each turbine				
	Gas	.,	exceeding fuel		٠.		
		;	limit.				
NOx	Oil,	EPA Method 20	Every five	September 30	3 hours	No	C.7., C.8.
	Natural		years, one				
	Gas	:	turbine only,				
			provided				
			operation is no		,		
			more than 320				
			hours/year/				
			turbine on oil.		•		

Notes:

¹ Frequency base date established for planning purposes only; see Rule 62-297.310, F.A.C.

² CMS = continuous monitoring system

Phase II Permit Application

For more information, see instructions and refer to 40 Ci	R 72.30 and 72.31 and Chapter 62-214, F.A.C
This submission is: X New Revised	

dentify the source by lant name, State, and RIS code from NADB

FPL Port Everglades Plant FL 617

STEP 2 Enter the boiler ID# from NADB for each affected unit, and indicate whether a repowering plan is peing submitted for the unit by entering yes" or "no" at column c. For new units, enter the repowered information n columns d and e

• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•	Plan	•	
8	b	c	, e d	e
Boiler ID#	Unit Will Hold Allow- ances in Accordance	Repowering Plan	New Units	New Units
	with 40 CFR 72.9(c)(1)		Commence Operation Date	Monitor Certification Deadline
PPE1	Yes	. N/A	n NŽ A⊐iri s ∮	N/A
PPE2	Yes	N/A	- N/A - 1	M/Arentin .
PPE3	Yes	N/A	N/A	`-N/A
PPE4	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A
	Yes		·	
	Yes			
	Yes			
•	Yes			
	Yes			
	Yes		<u> </u>	
	Yes			
. ^ -	Yes .			

eck the box if the sponse in column c Step 2 is "Yes" any unit

5 Form No. 62-210,900(1)(a) - Form

sctive: 7-1-95

For each unit that will be repowered, the Repowering Extension Plan form is included and the Repowering Technology Petition form has been submitted or will be submitted by

Plant Name (from Step 1)

STEP 4
and the standard
equirements and
certification, enter
the name of the
designated representative, and sign
and date

Standard Requirements

Permit Requirements.

- (1) The designated representative of each Acid Rain source and each Acid Rain unit at the source shall:
 (i) Submit a complete Acid Rein part application (including a compliance plan) under 40 CFR part 72, Rules 62-214.320 and 330, F.A.C. in accordance with the deadlines specified in Rule 62-214.320, F.A.C.; and
 - (ii) Submit in a timely manner any supplemental information that the permitting authority determines is necessary in order to review an Acid Rain part application and issue or deny an Acid Rain permit.
- (2) The owners and operators of each Acid Rain source and each Acid Rain unit at the source shall:

 (i) Operate the unit in compliance with a complete Acid Rain part application or a superseding Acid Rain part issued by the permitting authority; and

 (ii) Have an Acid Rain Part.

Monitoring Requirements.

- (1) The owners and operators and, to the extent applicable, designated representative of each Acid Rain source and each Acid Rain unit at the source shall comply with the monitoring requirements as provided in 40 CFR part 75, and Rule 62-214.420, F.A.C.
- (2) The emissions measurements recorded and reported in accordance with 40 CFR part 75 shall be used to determine compliance by the unit with the Acid Rain emissions limitations and amissions reduction requirements for sulfur dioxide and nitrogen oxides under the Acid Rain Program.
- (3) The requirements of 40 CFR part 75 shall not affect the responsibility of the owners and operators to monitor emissions of other pollutants or other emissions characteristics at the unit under other applicable requirements of the Act and other provisions of the operating permit for the source.

Sultur Dioxide Requirements.

- (1) The owners and operators of each source and each Acid Rain unit at the source shall:
 - (i) Hold allowances, as of the allowance transfer deadline, in the unit's compliance subaccount (after deductions under 40 CFR 73.34(c)) not less than the total annual emissions of sulfur dioxide for the previous calendar year from the unit; and
 - (ii) Comply with the applicable Acid Rain emissions limitations for sulfur dioxide.
 - (2) Each ton of sulfur dioxide emitted in excess of the Acid Rain emissions limitations for sulfur dioxide shall constitute a separate violation of the Act.
 - (3) An Acid Rain unit shall be subject to the requirements under peragraph (1) of the sulfur dioxide requirements as follows:
 - (i) Starting January 1, 2000, an Acid Rain unit under 40 CFR 72.6(a)(2); or
 - (ii) Starting on the later of January 1, 2000 or the deadline for monitor certification under 40 CFR part 75, an Acid Rain unit under 40 CFR 72.6(a)(3)
- (4) Allowances shall be held in, deducted from, or transferred among Allowance Tracking System accounts in accordance with the Acid Rain Program.
- (5) An allowance shall not be deducted in order to comply with the requirements under paragraph (1)(i) of the sulfur dioxide requirements prior to the calendar year for which the allowance was allocated.
- (6) An allowance allocated by the Administrator under the Acid Rain Program is a limited authorization to emit sulfur dioxide in accordance with the Acid Rain Program. No provision of the Acid Rain Program, the Acid Rain permit application, the Acid Rain-permit, or the written exemption under 40 CFR 72.7 and 72.8 and no provision of law shall be construed to limit the authority of the United States to terminate or limit such authorization.
- (7) An allowance allocated by the Administrator under the Acid Rain Program does not constitute a property right.

<u>Nitroden Oxides Requirements.</u> The owners and operators of the source and each Acid Rain unit at the source snall comply with the applicable Acid Rain emissions limitation for nitrogen oxides.

Excess Emissions Requirements.

- (1) The designated representative of an Acid Rain unit that has excess emissions in any calendar year shall submit a proposed offset plan, as required under 40 CFR part 77.
- (2) The owners and operators of an Acid Rain unit that has excess emissions in any calendar year shall: (i) Pay without demand the penalty required, and pay upon demand the interest on that penalty, as required by 40 CFR part 77; and
 - (ii) Comply with the terms of an approved offset plan, as required by 40 CFR part 77.

Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements.

- (1) Unless otherwise provided, the owners and operators of the source and each Acid Rain unit at the source shall keep on site at the source each of the following documents for a period of 5 years from the date the document is created. This period may be extended for cause, at any time prior to the end of 5 years, in writing by the Administrator or permitting authority:
 - (i) The certificate of representation for the designated representative for the source and each Acid Rain unit at the source and all documents that demonstrate the truth of the statements in the certificate of representation, in accordance with Rule 62-214,350, F.A.C.; provided that the certificate and documents shall be retained on site at the source beyond such 5-year period until such cocuments are superseded because of the submission of a new certificate of representation changing the designated representative;
 - .(ii) All emissions monitoring information, in accordance with 40 CFR part 75;
 - (iii) Copies of all reports, compliance certifications, and other submissions and all records made or required under the Acid Rain Program; and,

Plant Name (from Step 1) was a series

Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements (cont.)

(iv) Copies of all documents used to complete an Acid Rain part application and any other submission under the Acid Rain Program or to demonstrate compliance with the requirements of the Acid Rain Program.

(2) The designated representative of an Acid Rain source and each Acid Rain unit at the source shall submit the reports and compliance certifications required under the Acid Rain Program, including those under 40 CFR part 72 subpart I and 40 CFR part 75.

Liability.

(1) Any person who knowingly violates any requirement or prohibition of the Acid Rain Program, a complete Acid Rain part application, an Acid Rain part, or a written examption under 40 CFR 7.2.7 or 7.2.8; Including any requirement for the payment of any pensity awed to the United States, shall be subject to enforcement pursuant to section 1.13(c) of the Act.

(2) Any person who knowingly makes a false, meterial statement in any record, submission, or report under the Acid Rain Program shall be subject to criminal antorcament pursuant to section 113(c) of the Act and 18 U.S.C. 1001.

(3) No permit revision shall excuse any violation of the requirements of the Acid Rain Program that occurs prior to the date that the revision takes effect.

(4) Each Acid Rain source and each Acid Rain unit shall meet the requirements of the Acid Rain Program. (5) Any provision of the Acid Rain Program that applies to an Acid Rain source (including a provision applicable to the designated representative of an Acid Rain source) shall also apply to the owners and operators of such source and of the Acid Rain units at the source.

(6) Any provision of the Acid Rain Program that applies to an Acid Rain unit (including a provision applicable to the designated representative of an Acid Rain unit) shall also apply to the owners and operators of such unit. Except as provided under 40 CFR 72.44 (Phase II repowering extension plans), and except with regard to the requirements applicable to units with a common stack under 40 CFR per 75 (including 40 CFR 75.16, 75.17, and 75.18), the owners and operators and the designated representative of one Acid Rain unit shall not be liable for any violation by any other Acid Rain unit of which they are not owners or operators or the designated representative and that is located at a source of which they are not owners or operators or the designated representative.

(7) Each violation of a provision of 40 CFR parts 72, 73, 75, 77, and 78 by an Acid Rain source or Acid Rain unit, or by an owner or operator or designated representative of such source or unit, shall be a

separate violation of the Act.

Effect on Other Authorities. No provision of the Acid Rain Program, an Acid Rain part application, an Acid Rain part; or a written examption under 40 CFR 72.7 or 72.8 shall be construed as:

(1) Except as expressly provided in title IV of the Act, exampting or excluding the owners and operators and, to the extent applicable, the designated representative of an Acid Rain source or Acid Rain unit from compliance with any other provision of the Act, including the provisions of title I of the Act relating to applicable National Ambient Air Quality Standards or State Implementation Plans;

(2) Limiting the number of ellowances a unit can hold; provided, that the number of ellowances held by the unit shall not affect the source's obligation to comply with any other provisions of the Act

(3) Requiring a change of any kind in any Stata law regulating electric utility rates and charges, affecting any State law regarding such State regulation, or limiting such State regulation, including any prudence review requirements under such State law:

(4) Modifying the Federal Power Act or affecting the authority of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission under the Federal Power Act; or,

(5) Intertaining with or impeiring any program for competitive bidding for power supply in a State in which such program is established.

Cartification

I am authorized to make this submission on behalf of the owners and operators of the Acid Rain source or Acid Rain units for which the submission is made. I certify under penalty-of law that I have personalty examined, and am familier with, the statements and information authoritied in this document and all its attachments. Based on my inquiry of those individuals with primary responsibility for obtaining the information, I certify that the statements and information are to the best of my knowledge and belief true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false statements and information or omitting required statements and information, including the possibility of fine or imprisonment.

(There are no attachments to this document)

Name	William M. Reichel	
Signature	William. Reinel	Data /2/4/95

and FINDS identification	AiRS	·
numbers, if known		
	FINDS	

DEP Form No. 62-210,900(1)(a) - Form Effective: 7-1-95

00093

STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION

In the Matter of:

Petition for Reduction in Quartarly Particulate Emissions Compliance Teating:
FLORIDA POWER AND LIGHT COMPANY, i

Petitioner.

Comment of the state of the sta

OGC Case Nos.: 83-0578 83-0577, 83-0576, 83-0585, 83-0586, 83-0587, 83-0588 83-0581, 83-0580

ORDER GRANTING PETITION FOR REDUCED PREQUENCY OF PARTICULATE TESTING

Cn September 16, 1983, the Patitioner, FIORIDA FOMER AND LIGHT COMPANY, filed a Patition for Reduction in Quarterly Particulate Emissions Compliance Testing pursuant to Florida Administrative Code Rule 17-2.600(5)(b)1 for the following fossil fuel steam generating units:

Port Everglades Plant Unit No. 2
Port Everglades Plant Unit No. 3
Port Everglades Plant Unit No. 4
Turkey Point Plant Unit No. 1
Turkey Point Plant Unit No. 2
Riveria Plant Unit No. 3
Riveria Plant Unit No. 4
Hanatee Plant Unit No. 1
Manatee Plant Unit No. 2

Each of the units has a heat input exceeding 250 million Btu per hour.

The petition and supporting documentation submitted by the Petitioner indicate that between August 1979 and July 21. 1983, these units were afforded relief from the particulate standard contained in Florida Administrative Code Rule 17-2.600(5)(b)2 under the terms of a Department-issued variance. During the same period of time the Company elected to test quarterly as permitted under Rule 17-2.600(5)(b)1. Despite the existence of the variance, the tests results submitted during the last two years reveal that each of the above-listed units met the particulate emissions limitations contained in Rule 17-2.600(5)(b)2 of 0.1 pounds per million Btu heat input.

Florida Administrative Code Rule 17-2.600(5)(b)1 specifically provides that I may reduce the frequency of particulate testing

To Scott Shoulat	Frem RICH PIPER
Scott Shoplak	Cc.
Dept.	Pisone #

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upon a demonstration that the particulate standard has been regularly met. The particulate standard referred to is the general standard found in the rule--0.1 parts per million Etu heat input--not a relaxed emission limit established by a variance.

The intent of Rule 17-2.600(5)(b)l is to ensure that before the frequency of particulate testing is reduced, the source has established a record of complying with the requirements of Florida Administrative Code Chapter 17-2 relating to particulate matter emissions. Petitioner has documented that each of these units has a history of regulary complying with the particulate matter standard applicable to them.

IT IS ORDERED that the present petition is GRANTED. Under the terms of Rule 17-2.600(5)(b)1, Patitioner may reduce the frequency of particulate testing to an annual basis for each of the units named in this Order. If, however, any of the units fails to comply with the applicable particulate or visible emission standard, this Order will terminate upon written notice by the Department.

The Petitioner may request a hearing in accordance with Section 120.57, Florida Statutes, and Florida Administrative Code Chapters 17-1 and 28-5. The request for hearing must be filed (received) in the Office of General Counsel of the Department, 2600 Blair Stone Road, Twin Towers Office Building, Tallahassee, Florida 32301, within (14) days of receipt of this Order. Pailure to file a request for hearing within this time shall constitute a waiver of Petitioner's right to request a hearing under Section 120.57, Plorida Statutes.

DONE and ORDERED this 24 day of April, 1984.

FILTH AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

THISD, on this case consumit to \$120.52 (9),

Facility Summaris, with the designated Department Clock, receipt of which is hereby acknowledge.

Clerk Date

VICTORIA J. TSCHINKEL Secretary

STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION 2600 Blair Stone Road Tallahassee, Florida 32301 (904)488-4805

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

> NAMEY E. WRIGHT ASSISTANT GENERAL COUNSEL

State of Plorida Department of Environmental Regulation 2500 Blair Stone Road Tallahassee, Plorida 32301 904/488-9730

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1/4/86

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION RECEIVED

In the Matter of:

MAR 2 3 1987

Petition for Reduction in Quarterly Particulate Emissions Compliance Testing, Port Everglades Unit No. 1: PLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY

OGC CASE NENVARERMUNTING

Petitioner.

ORDER

On December 26, 1984, the Petitioner, Piorida Power & Light Company, filed a Petition for Reduction in Quarterly Particulate Emissions Compliance Testing pursuant to Florida Administrative Code Rule 17-2.600(5)(b)1. for the following fossil fuel steam generating unit:

Port Everglades Unit No. 1

Pursuant to Florida Administrative Code Rule

17-2.600(5)(b)1., Petitioner has conducted quarterly particulate emission compliance tests. Florida Administrative Code Rule

17-2.600(5)(b)1. provides that the Department may reduce the frequency of particulate testing upon a demonstration that the particulate standard of D.1 pounds per million Btu heat input has been regularly met. The petition and supporting documentation submitted by Petitioner indicate that, since November 17, 1982, Petitioner has regularly met the particulate standard. It is therefore,

ORDERED that the Petition for Reduction in Quarterly
Particulate Emissions Compliance Testing is GRANTED. Petitioner
may immediately commence testing on an annual basis. Test results
from the first regularly scheduled compliance test conducted in
PY 86 (October 1, 1985 - September 30, 1986), provided the results
of that test meet the particulate standard and the 40% opacity
standard, shall be accepted as results from the first annual test.
Failure of Port Everglades Unit No. 1 to meet either the
particulate standard or the 40% opacity standard in the future
shall constitute grounds for revocation of this authorization.

Persons whose substantial interests are affected by the above proposed agency action have a right, pursuant to Section 120.57, Plorida Statutes, to petition for an administrative determination (hearing) on the proposed action. The Petition must conform to the requirements of Chapters 17-103 and 28-5, Florida Administrative Code, and must be filed (received) with the Department's Office of General Counsel, 2600 Blair Stone Road, Tallahassee, Florida 32301, within fourteen (14) days of publication of this notice. Failure to file a petition within the fourteen (14) days constitutes a waiver of any right such person has to an administrative determination (hearing) pursuant to Section 120.57, Florida Statutes.

If a petition is filed, the administrative hearing process is designed to formulate agency action. Accordingly, the Department's final action may be different from the proposed agency action. Persons whose substantial interests will be affected by any decision of the Department have the right to intervene in the proceeding. A petition for intervention must be filed pursuant to Model Rule 26-5,207, Plorida Administrative Code, at least five (5) days before the final hearing and be filed with the Hearing Officer if one has been assigned at the Division of Administrative Hearings, Department of Administration, 2009 Apalachee Parkway, Tallahassee, Plorida 32301. If no Hearing Officer has been assigned, the petition is to be filed with the Department's Office of General Counsel, 2600 Blair Stone Road, Tallahassee, Florida 32301. Fallure to petition to intervene within the allowed time frame constitutes a waiver of any right such person has to an administrative determination (hearing) under Section 120.57, Plorida Statutes.

DONE AND ORDERED this ______ day January, 1986, in Tallahassee, Florida.

VICTORIA J. JESCH.

2600 Plair Stone Road Tallahassee, Florida 32301 Telephone: (904) 488-4805

STATE OF PLORIDA DEPARTMENT

OF ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HERSBY CERTIFY that a true and correct copy of the foregoing ORDER has been furnished by United States Hail to Peter C. Cunningham, Esquire, Hopping, Boyd, Green & Sams, Post Office Box 6525, Tallahassea, Florida 32314, on this Aday of January, 1986, in Tallahassee, Florida.

E. GARY EARLY Assistant General Counsel

STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OP ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION Twin Towers Office Building 2600 Blair Stone Road Tallahassee, Plorida 32301 (904) 488-9730

00093

STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION

In the Matter of:

Petition for Reduction in Quarterly Particulate Emissions Compliance Testing: FLORIDA POWER AND LIGHT COMPANY,

Petitioner.

OGC Case Nos.: 83-0576, 83-0577, 83-0576, 83-0585, 83-0586, 83-0587, 83-0588 83-0581, 83-0580

ORDER GRANTING PETITION FOR REDUCED FREQUENCY OF PARTICULATE TESTING

Cn September 16, 1983, the Patitioner, FIORIDA FOWER AND LIGHT COMPANY, filed a Patition for Reduction in Quarterly Particulate Emissions Compliance Testing pursuant to Plorida Administrative Code Rule 17-2.600(5)(b)1 for the following fossil fuel steam generating units:

Port Everglades Plant Unit No. 2
Port Everglades Plant Unit No. 3
Port Everglades Plant Unit No. 4
Turkey Point Plant Unit No. 1
Turkey Point Plant Unit No. 2
Riveria Plant Unit No. 3
Riveria Plant Unit No. 4
Hanatee Plant Unit No. 1
Manatee Plant Unit No. 2

Each of the units has a heat input exceeding 250 million Btu per hour.

The petition and supporting documentation submitted by the Petitioner indicate that between August 1979 and July 21, 1983, these units were afforded relief from the particulate standard contained in Florida Administrative Code Rule 17-2.600(5)(b)2 under the terms of a Department-issued variance. During the same period of time the Company elected to test quarterly as permitted under Rule 17-2.600(5)(b)1. Despite the existence of the variance, the tests results submitted during the last two years reveal that each of the above-listed units met the particulate emissions limitations contained in Rule 17-2.600(5)(b)2 of 0.1 pounds per million Btu heat input.

Florida Administrative Code Rule 17-2.600(5)(b)1 specifically provides that I may reduce the frequency of particulate testing

To 50.44 61-1-4	From RICH PIPER
Scott Sheplak	Ge. RIGH PIPER
Dept.	Phone 9

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upon a demonstration that the particulate standard has been regularly met. The particulate standard referred to is the general standard found in the rule--0.1 parts per million Btu heat input--not a relaxed emission limit established by a variance.

The intent of Rule 17-2.600(5)(b)1 is to ensure that before the frequency of particulate testing is reduced, the source has established a record of complying with the requirements of Florida. Administrative Code Chapter 17-2 relating to particulate matter emissions. Petitioner has documented that each of these units has a history of regulary complying with the particulate matter standard applicable to them.

IT IS ORDERED that the present petition is GRANTED. Under the terms of Rule 17-2.600(5)(b)1, Petitioner may reduce the frequency of particulate testing to an annual basis for each of the units named in this Order. If, however, any of the units fails to comply with the applicable particulate or visible emission standard, this Order will terminate upon written notice by the Department.

The Petitioner may request a hearing in accordance with Section 120.57, Florida Statutes, and Florida Administrative Code Chapters 17-1 and 28-5. The request for hearing must be filed (received) in the Office of General Counsel of the Department, 2600 Blair Stone Road, Twin Towers Office Building, Tallahassee, Florida 32301, within (14) days of receipt of this Order. Pailure to file a request for hearing within this time shall constitute a waiver of Petitioner's right to request a hearing under Section 120.57, Plorida Statutes.

DONE and ORDERED this 24 day of April, 1984.

FILTER AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENT PRISA, on this case, pursuant to \$120.52 (9), facilità Sincoris, with the designated Departnicht Clerk, recept of which is hereby acknowfebbed.

Clerk Date

VICTORIA J. TSCHINKEL Secretary

STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION 2600 Blair Stone Road Tallahassee, Florida 32301 (904)488-4805

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

Mancy E. Which HANCY D. WRIGHT
Assistant Ceneral Counsel

State of Plorida Department of Environmental Regulation 2600 Blair Stone Road Tallahassee, Plorida 32301 904/488-9730

1/6/86

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION RECEIVED

In the Matter of:

Petition for Reduction in Quarterly Particulate Emissions Compliance Testing, Port Everglades Unit No. 1: PLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY

Petitioner.

MAR 2 3 1987

OGC CASE NENVESERMUTTING

ORDER

On December 26, 1984, the Petitioner, Plorida Power & Light Company, filed a Petition for Reduction in Quarterly Particulate Emissions Compliance Testing pursuant to Plorida Administrative Gode Rule 17-2.600(5)(b)1. for the following fossil fuel steam generating unit:

Port Everglades Unit No. 1

Pursuant to Florida Administrative Code Rule

17-2.600(5)(b)1., Petitioner has conducted quarterly particulate emission compliance tests. Florida Administrative Code Rule

17-2.600(5)(b)1. provides that the Department may reduce the frequency of particulate testing upon a demonstration that the particulate standard of 0.1 pounds per million Btu heat input has been regularly met. The petition and supporting documentation submitted by Petitioner indicate that, since November 17, 1982, Petitioner has regularly met the particulate standard. It is therefore,

ORDERED that the Petition for Reduction in Quarterly
Particulate Emissions Compliance Testing is GRANTED. Petitioner
may immediately commence testing on an annual basis. Test results
from the first regularly scheduled compliance test conducted in
PY 86 (October 1, 1985 - September 30, 1986), provided the results
of that test meet the particulate standard and the 40% opacity
standard, shall be accepted as results from the first annual test.
Failure of Port Everglades Unit No. 1 to meet either the
particulate standard or the 40% opacity standard in the future
shall constitute grounds for revocation of this authorization.

Persons whose substantial interests are affected by the above proposed agency action have a right, pursuant to Section 120.57; Plorida Statutes, to petition for an administrative determination (hearing) on the proposed action. The Petition must conform to the requirements of Chapters 17-103 and 28-5, Florida Administrative Code, and must be filed (received) with the Department's Office of General Counsel, 2600 Blair Stone Road, Tallahassee, Florida 32301, within fourteen (14) days of publication of this notice. Failure to file a petition within the fourteen (14) days constitutes a waiver of any right such person has to an administrative determination (hearing) pursuant to Section 120.57, Florida Statutes.

If a petition is filed, the administrative hearing process is designed to formulate agency action. Accordingly, the Department's final action may be different from the proposed agency action. Persons whose substantial interests will be affected by any decision of the Department have the right to intervene in the proceeding. A petition for intervention must be filed pursuant to Model Rule 28-5,207, Plorida Administrative Code, at least five (5) days before the final hearing and be filed with the Hearing Officer if one has been assigned at the Division of Administrative Hearings, Department of Administration, 2009 Apalachee Parkway, Tallahassee, Plorida 32301. If no Hearing Officer has been assigned, the petition is to be filed with the Department's Office of General Counsel, 2600 Blair Stone Road, Tallahassee, Florida 32301. Failure to petition to intervene within the allowed time frame constitutes a waiver of any right such person has to an administrative determination (hearing) under Section 120.57, Plorida Statutes.

DONE AND ORDERED this __2 day January, 1986, in Tallahassee, Florida.

FILING AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENT f" 20, on this date, pursuant to \$120.52 (9), of Statistics, with the designated Depart. VICTORIA J. ASCHINKEL 1 - 11 Clerk, receipt of which is hereby acknow- Secretary

STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION

2600 Blair Stone Road Tallahassee, Flor Telephone: (904) Florida 32301



CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that a true and correct copy of the foregoing OPDER has been furnished by United States Hail to Peter C. Cunningham, Esquire, Hopping, Boyd, Green & Sams, Post Office Box 6525, Tallahassee, Florida 32314, on this ______ day of January, 1986, in Tallahassee, Florida.

E. GARY PARLY Assistant General Counsel

STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION Twin Towers Office Building 2600 Blair Stone Road Tallahassee, Plorida 32301 (904) 488-9730