

Department of Environmental Protection

Division of Air Resources Management

APPLICATION FOR AIR PERMIT - NON-TITLE V SOURCE

See Instructions for Form No. 62-210.900(3)

I. APPLICATION INFORMATION

Ident	ification	of Facility

entification of Facility	
Facility Owner/Company Name: ROBBINS	MANUFACTURING COMPANY
Site Name: SAWMILL	
Facility Identification Number: 1190011	[] Unknown
Facility Location: Street Address or Other Locator: SR 50 AN	D SR 471
City: TARRYTOWN County:	SUMTER Zip Code: 33597
Relocatable Facility? [] Yes [X] No	6. Existing Permitted Facility? [X] Yes [] No
plication Contact	
Name and Title of Application Contact: CC	PRY HOUCHIN
· ·	SCIENCES GROUP, INC.
Street Address: P.O. BOX 7495	
	1
	Code: 33673-7495
	Code: 33673-7495
	Facility Owner/Company Name: ROBBINS Site Name: SAWMILL Facility Identification Number: 1190011 Facility Location: Street Address or Other Locator: SR 50 AN City: TARRYTOWN County: Relocatable Facility? [] Yes [X] No plication Contact Name and Title of Application Contact: CO Application Contact Mailing Address: Organization/Firm: ENVIRONMENTAL S

Application Processing Information (DEP Use)

1. Date of Receipt of Application:	4-2-2012	1. Ch.
2. Permit Number:	1190011-008-AC,D	App CC. O.
	Oly	The 2012 Thental
	•	the top that
		Total

Purpose of Application

Air Operation Permit Application

Tł	nis	Application for Air Permit is submitted to obtain: (Check one)
[]	Initial non-Title V air operation permit for one or more existing, but previously unpermitted, emissions units.
[]	Initial non-Title V air operation permit for one or more newly constructed or modified emissions units.
,		Current construction permit number:
[]	Non-Title V air operation permit revision to address one or more newly constructed or modified emissions units.
		Current construction permit number:
		Operation permit number to be revised:
[]	Initial non-Title V air operation permit under Rule 62-210.300(2)(b), F.A.C., for an existing facility seeking classification as a synthetic non-Title V source.
		Current operation/construction permit number(s):
]]	Non-Title V air operation permit revision for a synthetic non-Title V source. Give reason for revision; e.g., to address one or more newly constructed or modified emissions units.
		Operation permit number to be revised:
		Reason for revision:
Ai	r (Construction Permit Application
Th	is	Application for Air Permit is submitted to obtain: (Check one)
[}	(]	Air construction permit to construct or modify one or more emissions units.
[]	Air construction permit to make federally enforceable an assumed restriction on the potential emissions of one or more existing, permitted emissions units.
ſ	1	Air construction permit for one or more existing, but unpermitted, emissions units.

Owner/Authorized Representative

1.	Name and Title of Owner/Authorized Representative:	
SE	CRETARY	

2. Owner/Authorized Representative Mailing Address:

Organization/Firm: ROBBINS MANUFACTURING COMPANY

Street Address: P.O. BOX 17939

City: TAMPA

State: FL

Zip Code:33682

3. Owner/Authorized Representative Telephone Numbers:

Telephone: (813) 971 - 3030

Fax: (813)972 - 3980

4. Owner/Authorized Representative Statement:

I, the undersigned, am the owner or authorized representative* of the facility addressed in this application. I hereby certify, based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, that the statements made in this application are true, accurate and complete and that, to the best of my knowledge, any estimates of emissions reported in this application are based upon reasonable techniques for calculating emissions. The air pollutant emissions units and air pollution control equipment described in this application will be operated and maintained so as to comply with all applicable standards for control of air pollutant emissions found in the statutes of the State of Florida and rules of the Department of Environmental Protection and revisions thereof. I understand that a permit, if granted by the Department, cannot be transferred without authorization from the Department, and I will promptly notify the Department upon sale or legal transfer of any permitted emissions unit.

Signatu

Date

3130-12

Attach letter of authorization if not currently on file.

Professional Engineer Certification

1. Professional Engineer Name: CORY A. HOUCHIN

Registration Number: 58064

2. Professional Engineer Mailing Address:

Organization/Firm: ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES GROUP, INC.

Street Address: P.O. BOX 7495

City: TAMPA State: FL Zip Code: 33673

3. Professional Engineer Telephone Numbers:

Telephone: (813) 930 - 9074

Fax: (813) 935 - 1167

DEP Form No. 62-210.900(3) - Form

4. Professional Engineer Statement:

I, the undersigned, hereby certify, except as particularly noted herein, that:*

- (1) To the best of my knowledge, there is reasonable assurance that the air pollutant emissions unit(s) and the air pollution control equipment described in this Application for Air Permit, when properly operated and maintained, will comply with all applicable standards for control of air pollutant emissions found in the Florida Statutes and rules of the Department of Environmental Protection; and
- (2) To the best of my knowledge, any emission estimates reported or relied on in this application are true, accurate, and complete and are either based upon reasonable techniques available for calculating emissions or, for emission estimates of hazardous air pollutants not regulated for an emissions unit addressed in this application, based solely upon the materials, information and calculations submitted with this application.

If the purpose of this application is to obtain an air construction permit for one or more proposed new or modified emissions units (check here [X], if so), I further certify that the engineering features of each such emissions unit described in this application have been designed or examined by me or individuals under my direct supervision and found to be in conformity with sound engineering principles applicable to the control of emissions of the air pollutants characterized in this application.

If the purpose of this application is to obtain an initial air operation permit or operation permit revision for one or more newly constructed or modified emissions units (check here [], if so), I further certify that, with the exception of any changes detailed as part of this application, each such emissions unit has been constructed or modified in substantial accordance with the information given in the corresponding application for air constitucțión permit and with all provisions contained in such permit.

No 1964 Jours		
Signature ()	Date	
Signature State of 452 2012		
A 1)		

Actiach any exception to certification statement.

ROBBINS-SAWMILL "AFTER-THE-FACT" AC APP – NESHAP QQQQQQ

Protection

Protection

Southwest District

DEP Form No. 62-210.900(3) - Form

Scope of Application

Emissions Unit ID	Description of Emissions Unit	Permit Type	Processing Fee
001	WATERBORNE WOOD PRESERVING	AC 1F	\$250.00
	•		
•			
			·
	·	·	

Application Processing Fee

Check one: [X] Attached - Amount: \$250.00 [] Not Applicable
--	------------------

Construction/Modification Information

Description of Proposed Project or Alterations: ROBBINS IS GOVERNED BY SUBPART QQQQQQ OF THE NESHAP AND IS REQUIRED TO SUBMIT AN "AFTER-THE-FACT" CONSTRUCTION PERMIT APPLICATION FOR THEIR WATERBORNE WOOD PRESERVING OPERATION. THE PRESERVATIVE UTILIZES CHROMATED COPPER ARSENATE TO PRESSURE-TREAT PINE LUMBER. THE FACILITY WILL BE IN FULL COMPLIANCE WITH SUBPART QQQQQQ.

ROBBINS ALSO CONSTRUCTED A SMALL KILN IN 2005 THAT USES A 0.25 MMBTU/HR POOL HEATER FIRED ON PROPANE AS ITS HEAT SOURCE THAT CAN ACCOMMODATE UP TO 10,000 BOARD FEET. THIS SOURCE IS CONSIDERED "INSIGNIFICANT", HOWEVER IT HAS NEVER BEEN NOTED IN ROBBINS'PERMIT.

- 2. Projected or Actual Date of Commencement of Construction: NA
- 3. Projected Date of Completion of Construction: 06/30/2012

Application Comment

THE APPLICATION IS FOR THE "AFTER-THE-FACT" CONSTRUCTION OF A CHROMATED COPPER ARSENATE (CCA) PRESSURE TREATMENT OPERATION LOCATED IN TARRYTOWN AT THE CORNER OF SR 50 & SR 471. CCA MAKES UP THE MAJORITY OF THE PRESERVATIVE UTILIZED AT THE SUBJECT FACILITY, HOWEVER BORATES, AMMONIACAL COPPER QUATERNARY COMPOUNDS, ETC. MAY BE USED IN THE FUTURE. EMISSIONS OF CHROMIUM, COPPER AND ARSENIC ARE ESTIMATED TO BE LESS THAN ONE POUND ANNUALLY.

THE APPLICATION ALSO SERVES TO ADD A SMALL HEATER AND KILN INSTALLED IN 2005 TO THE CURRENT PERMIT. THE HEATER USES APPROXIMATELY 150 GAL PROPANE MONTHLY, THEREFORE EMISSIONS ARE CONSIDERED TO BE NEGLIGIBLE.

II. FACILITY INFORMATION

A. GENERAL FACILITY INFORMATION

Facility Location and Type

1.	Facility UTM Coor	rdinates:		
	Zone: 17 E	Cast (km): 396.70	North (km): 3158.89	
2.	Facility Latitude/L	ongitude:		
	Latitude (DD/MM/	(SS): 28° 33' 10" Lo	ongitude (DD/MM/SS):	82° 03' 27"
3.	Governmental	4. Facility Status	5. Facility Major	6. Facility SIC(s):
	Facility Code:	Code: A	Group SIC Code:	2491
	0		24	·
7.	Facility Comment	(limit to 500 characters):	FACILITY PRESSURE	ETREATS
TE	LEPHONE POLES	, FENCE POLES, FENC	E SLATS, BOARDS, E	ΓC.
			•	*
	•			
		•		•
			•	
				•

Facility Contact

- 1. Name and Title of Facility Contact: WILLIAM WARD, VICE PRES
- 2. Facility Contact Mailing Address:

Organization/Firm: ROBBINS MANUFACTURING COMPANY

Street Address: 13904 SR 471

City: TARRYTOWN State: FL

State: FL Zip Code: 33597

3. Facility Contact Telephone Numbers:

Telephone: (352) 277 - 5959

Fax: (Dept. 5640 Environmental

Protection

APR 02 2012

Southwest District

DEP Form No. 62-210.900(3) - Form

Facility Regulatory Classifications

Check all that apply:

1.	[]	Small Business Stationary Source?	[X] Unknown
2.	[]	Synthetic Non-Title V Source?	
3.	[]	Synthetic Minor Source of Pollutants Other than HAP	Ps?
4.	[]	Synthetic Minor Source of HAPs?	
5.	[]	One or More Emissions Units Subject to NSPS?	
6.	[X]	One or More Emission Units Subject to NESHAP Re-	cordkeeping or Reporting?
ì		ity Regulatory Classifications Comment (limit to 200 of REGULATION OF SUBPART QQQQQQ	characters): FACILITY FALLS
		•	•

Rule Applicability Analysis

THE APPLICATION WILL BE SUBJECT TO THE FOLLOWING:

THE REQUIREMENTS OF 62-4, FLORIDA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE (FAC).

REQUIREMENTS OF CHAPTERS 62-204, 62-210, 62-212, 62-296 & 62-297, FAC

RULE 62-212.300, FAC, SOURCES NOT SUBJECT TO PREVENTION OF SIGNIFICANT DETERIORATION SINCE IT IS SUBJECT TO 62-210.300, FAC

RULE 62-296.320, FAC, GENERAL POLLUTANT EMISSIONS LIMITING STANDARDS SINCE ROBBINS MAY BE A SOURCE OF ODOR, PARTICULATE MATTER (PM) AND VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOC)

40 CFR 63 SUBPART QQQQQQ, NATIONAL EMISSIONS STANDARDS FOR HAZARDOUS AIR POLLUTANTS FOR WOOD PRESERVING AREA SOURCES

ROBBINS IS CURRENTLY GOVERNED BY PERMIT NO. 1190011-007-AO

B. FACILITY POLLUTANTS

List of Pollutants Emitted

1. Pollutant Emitted	2. Pollutant Classif.	3. Requested En	nissions Cap	4. Basis for Emissions	5. Pollutant Comment
	Clussii.	lb/hour	tons/year	Cap	Committee
As	В		0.01	NA	
Cr	В		0.01	NA	
	•				
	_			·	
		,			,

DEP Form No. 62-210.900(3) - Form

C. FACILITY SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Supplemental Requirements

1.	Area Map Showing Facility Location:
	[X] Attached, Document ID: <u>SITE MAP</u> [] Not Applicable [] Waiver Requested
2.	Facility Plot Plan:
	[X] Attached, Document ID: <u>LAYOUT</u> [] Not Applicable [] Waiver Requested
3.	Process Flow Diagram(s):
	[X] Attached, Document ID: PROCESS [] Not Applicable [] Waiver Requested
4.	Precautions to Prevent Emissions of Unconfined Particulate Matter:
	[] Attached, Document ID: [X] Not Applicable [] Waiver Requested
5.	Supplemental Information for Construction Permit Application:
	[X] Attached, Document ID: SUPPORTING DOCS [] Not Applicable
6.	Supplemental Requirements Comment:
	·
1	

DEP Form No. 62-210.900(3) - Form

Emissions	Unit	Informa	ation	Section	1	of	1

III. EMISSIONS UNIT INFORMATION

A separate Emissions Unit Information Section (including subsections A through G as required) must be completed for each emissions unit addressed in this Application for Air Permit. If submitting the application form in hard copy, indicate, in the space provided at the top of each page, the number of this Emissions Unit Information Section and the total number of Emissions Unit Information Sections submitted as part of this application.

A. GENERAL EMISSIONS UNIT INFORMATION

Emissions Unit Description and Status

1. Type of Emissions Unit Add	dressed in This Section: (Check	one)			
[X] This Emissions Unit Information Section addresses, as a single emissions unit, a single process or production unit, or activity, which produces one or more air pollutants and which has at least one definable emission point (stack or vent).					
process or production unit	mation Section addresses, as a sets and activities which has at least produce fugitive emissions.	• • •			
	mation Section addresses, as a s ts and activities which produce f	ingle emissions unit, one or more ugitive emissions only.			
2. Description of Emissions U WATERBORNE WOOD PRES	nit Addressed in This Section (li SERVING OPERATION	mit to 60 characters):			
3. Emissions Unit Identification ID: 001	on Number:	[] No ID [] ID Unknown			
4. Emissions Unit Status Code: A	5. Initial Startup Date:	6. Emissions Unit Major Group SIC Code: 24			
PRESERVATIVE INJECTION	, PRESERVATIVE RETURN	SIONS GENERATED DURING AND FROM VACUUM PUMP K VENTED TO ATMOSPHERE			

DEP Form No. 62-210.900(3) - Form

Emissions Unit Information Section	<u>1</u> of <u>1</u>		
Emissions Unit Control Equipment	•		
1. Control Equipment/Method Description NA	on (limit to 200 chara	cters per device or method):	
· .			
		•	
2. Control Device or Method Code(s): Na	A		
Emissions Unit Details			
1. Package Unit:			
Manufacturer: Model Number:	MW	•	•
2. Generator Nameplate Rating:3. Incinerator Information:	IVI VV		
Dwell Temperature	:	°F	
Dwell Time		seconds °F	
Incinerator Afterburner Temperature Emissions Unit Operating Capacity and		. r	
1. Maximum Heat Input Rate:	NA	mmBtu/hr	
2. Maximum Incineration Rate:	lb/hr	tons/day	
3. Maximum Process or Throughput Rate	3		
4. Maximum Production Rate:			
5. Requested Maximum Operating Sched	lule:		
24 ho	ours/day	7 days/week	
	eeks/year	8,760 hours/year	
6. Operating Capacity/Schedule Commer	nt (limit to 200 chara	cters):	
		Dept. of Environ	nest
		Protection	ucii(

APR 02 2012

DEP Form No. 62-210.900(3) - Form

Emissions Unit Information Section	1	of	1	
---	---	----	---	--

B. EMISSION POINT (STACK/VENT) INFORMATION

Emission Point Description and Type

Identification of Point on Pl Flow Diagram? WORKING	2. Emission Po	int Type Code: 1			
3. Descriptions of Emission Points Comprising this Emissions Unit for VE Tracking (limit to 100 characters per point): NA					
4. ID Numbers or Description	s of Emission U	nits with this Emi	ssion Point in Common:		
UNKNOWN					
5. Discharge Type Code: P	6. Stack Hei ~33 feet	ght:	7. Exit Diameter: ∼ 0.33 feet		
8. Exit Temperature: AMBIENT	9. Actual Vol Rate: < 1.0	umetric Flow acfm	10. Water Vapor: ~ 10 - 15%		
11. Maximum Dry Standard Flow Rate: 12. Nonstack Emission Point Height: 6 to 4 feet					
13. Emission Point UTM Coord	linates:				
Zone: 17	ast (km): 357.6	North	n (km): 3105.0		
14. Emission Point Comment (limit to 200 characters): 4" PROCESS VENT A TOP 5- 28,500 GAL CCA STORAGE TANKS, ALSO LOSSES DUE TO FILLING 11, 500 GAL CCA CONCENTRATE TANK					

Emissions	Unit	Informati	on Section	1	of	1	

C. SEGMENT (PROCESS/FUEL) INFORMATION

Segment Description and Ra	ite: Segment	1of1	-		
Segment Description (Process/Fuel Type) (limit to 500 characters): INDUSTRIAL PROCESSES					
2. Source Classification Code 30700513	e (SCC):	3. SCC Units	s: 1000 CU FT WOOD		
4. Maximum Hourly Rate: 0.5	5. Maximum 1200	1	6. Estimated Annual Activity Factor:		
7. Maximum % Sulfur: NA	8. Maximum	% Ash: NA	9. Million Btu per SCC Unit: NA		
10. Segment Comment (limit t	to 200 characters	s):			
Segment Description and Ra	te: Segment	of			
1. Segment Description (Prod	cess/Fuel Type)	(limit to 500 ch	naracters):		
2. Source Classification Code	e (SCC):	3. SCC Units	3:		
4. Maximum Hourly Rate:	5. Maximum	Annual Rate:	6. Estimated Annual Activity Factor:		
7. Maximum % Sulfur:	8. Maximum	% Ash:	9. Million Btu per SCC Unit:		
10. Segment Comment (limit t	to 200 characters	s):			

Emissions Unit Information Section	<u> </u>	_ of _	1
Pollutant Detail Information Page	<u>1</u>	of	<u>2</u>

D. EMISSIONS UNIT POLLUTANT DETAIL INFORMATION

Potential Emissions

1. Pollutant Emitted: H046	2. Pollutant Reg	ulatory Code: EL			
3. Primary Control Device 4. Secondary Code: Code:	Control Device	5. Total Percent Efficiency of Control: NA			
6. Potential Emissions: 0.000003 tons/year		7. Synthetically Limited?			
8. Emission Factor: 1.4 (10 ⁻⁹) LB/CU FT		9. Emissions Method Code:			
Reference: AP-42		3			
10. Calculation of Emissions (limit to 600 cha	racters):				
SEE "SUPPORTING CALCULATIONS" AT	TACHED				
	•	•			
	·				
11. Pollutant Potential Emissions Comment (1	imit to 200 charac	eters):			
Allowable Emissions Allowable Emissions	of				
1. Basis for Allowable Emissions Code: OTHER	2. Future Eff Emissions	Fective Date of Allowable			
3. Requested Allowable Emissions and Units	s: 4. Equivalen	t Allowable Emissions:			
0.006 LB/YR		lb/hour 3 (10 ⁻⁶) tons/year			
5. Method of Compliance (limit to 60 charac	ters): PER SUBP	ART QQQQQ			
6. Allowable Emissions Comment (Desc. of Operating Method) (limit to 200 characters):					
ALLOWABLE EMISSIONS ARE POTENTI.	AL EMISSIONS				
		•			

DEP Form No. 62-210.900(3) - Form

Emissions Unit Information S	ection	1	of	11
Pollutant Detail Information 1	Page	2	of_	2

D. EMISSIONS UNIT POLLUTANT DETAIL INFORMATION

Potential Emissions

1. Pollutant Emitted: H015	2. Pollutant Reg	ulatory Code: EL			
3. Primary Control Device 4. Secondary Code: Code:	Control Device	5. Total Percent Efficiency of Control: NA			
6. Potential Emissions: 0.000003 tons/year		7. Synthetically Limited?			
8. Emission Factor: 1.4 (10 ⁻⁹) LB/CU FT		9. Emissions Method Code:			
Reference: AP-42		3			
10. Calculation of Emissions (limit to 600 cha	racters):				
SEE "SUPPORTING CALCULATIONS" AT	TACHED				
		•			
11. Pollutant Potential Emissions Comment (limit to 200 characters): ARSENIC EMISSIONS CALCULATED USING SAME FACTOR AS CHROMIUM AS ARSENIC EMISSIONS WERE NOT DETECTED IN AP-42 DOCUMENT.					
Allowable Emissions Allowable Emissions	of				
1. Basis for Allowable Emissions Code: OTHER	2. Future Eff Emissions	Fective Date of Allowable			
3. Requested Allowable Emissions and Units 0.006 LB/YR	s: 4. Equivalen	t Allowable Emissions:			
		lb/hour 3 (10 ⁻⁶) tons/year			
5. Method of Compliance (limit to 60 charac	ters): PER SUBP	ART QQQQQ			
6. Allowable Emissions Comment (Desc. of Operating Method) (limit to 200 characters):					
ALLOWABLE EMISSIONS ARE POTENTI	AL EMISSIONS				

DEP Form No. 62-210.900(3) - Form Effective: 2/11/99

16

	Emissions	Unit Information Section	1 1 c	of 1
--	------------------	--------------------------	-------	------

E. VISIBLE EMISSIONS INFORMATION (Only Emissions Units Subject to a VE Limitation)

$\underline{\mathbf{Vi}}$	<u>Visible Emissions Limitation:</u> Visible Emissions Limitation of					
1.	Visible Emissions Subtype: NA	Basis for Allowable Opacity: Nule Other				
3.						
	Method of Compliance:					
5.	Visible Emissions Comment (limit to 200 c	haracters):				
		•				
<u>Co</u>	•	NITOR INFORMATION ect to Continuous Monitoring) Monitor of				
1.	Parameter Code: NA	2. Pollutant(s):				
3.	CMS Requirement:	[] Rule [] Other				
4.	Monitor Information: Manufacturer:					
	Model Number:	Serial Number:				
5.		Serial Number: 6. Performance Specification Test Date:				

Emissions	Unit Info.	_ation Section	1	of	1	_

G. EMISSIONS UNIT SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Supplemental Requirements

1.	Process Flow Diagram
	[] Attached, Document ID: PROCESS [] Not Applicable [] Waiver Requested
2.	Fuel Analysis or Specification
	[] Attached, Document ID: [X] Not Applicable [] Waiver Requested
3.	Detailed Description of Control Equipment
	[] Attached, Document ID: [X] Not Applicable [] Waiver Requested
4.	Description of Stack Sampling Facilities
	[] Attached, Document ID: [X] Not Applicable [] Waiver Requested
5.	Compliance Test Report
	[] Attached, Document ID:
	Previously submitted, Date:
	[X] Not Applicable
	[11] Not approach
6.	Procedures for Startup and Shutdown
	[] Attached, Document ID: [] Not Applicable [X] Waiver Requested
7.	Operation and Maintenance Plan
	[] Attached, Document ID: [] Not Applicable [X] Waiver Requested
	Constant Land Constant Constan
δ.	Supplemental Information for Construction Permit Application [X] Attached, Document ID: <u>ADD. DRAWINGS</u> [] Not Applicable
	[A] Attached, Document ID. ADD. DICAWINGS [] Not Applicable
9.	Other Information Required by Rule or Statute
	[] Attached, Document ID: [X] Not Applicable
10.	Supplemental Requirements Comment:

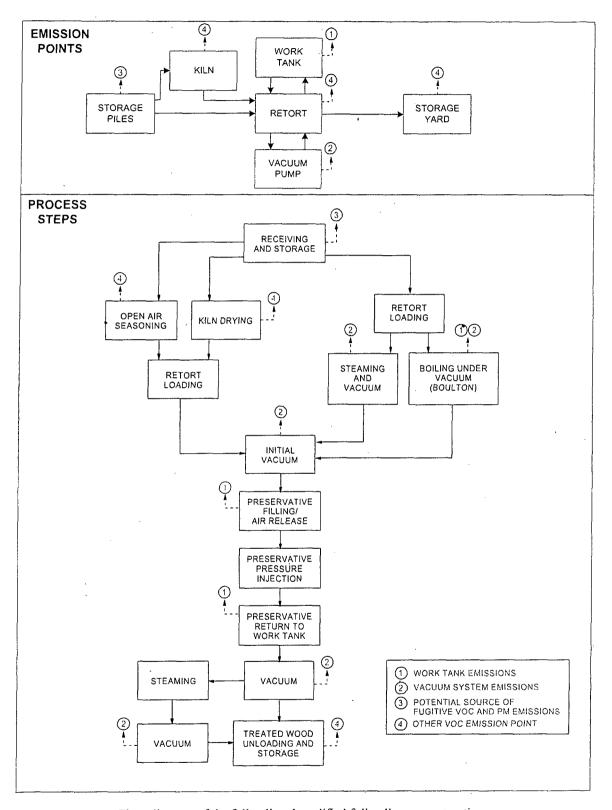
P.O Box 7495 Tampa, Florida 33673 Telephone: (813) 930-9074 Fax: (813) 935-1167 SUBJECT SUPPORTING Calcs - Permit App.

COMPUTED BY COULD DATE 3/28/2012

Chromium Emissions

Arsenic Emissions

As arsenic was not detected in the AP-42 document, assume arsenic emissions to be equivalent to chromium



Flow diagram of the full-cell and modified full-cell pressure treating processes.



Jason Gonder Cornerstone Construction Services Inc 4205 Edgewater Dr Orlando, FL 32804 jgonder@ccsorlando.com

RE: Robbins Tarrytown Coating for Slabs & Curbs

Jason:

We have reviewed the specification requirements for the chemically resistant coating for the slabs and curbs of the Robbins Tarrytown project and submit our PENTOX 50.

PENTOX 50 applied as directed will penetrate and lock onto the concrete surface leaving a surface film that is chemically resistant to the wood treatment chemicals on this project.

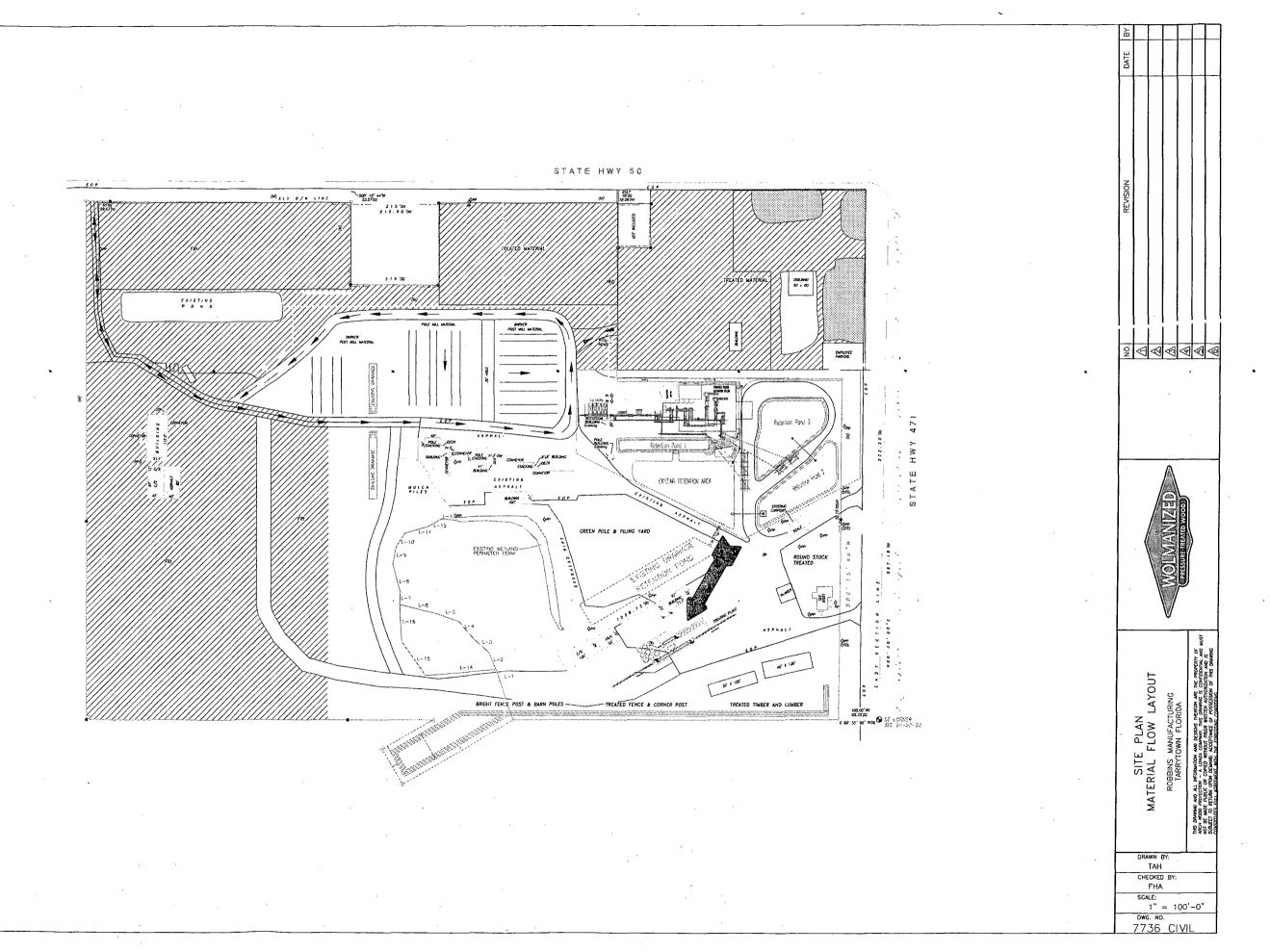
The PENTOX 50 treated surfaces are positively sealed and will have a permeability rating of less than the 1×10^7 cm. per second.

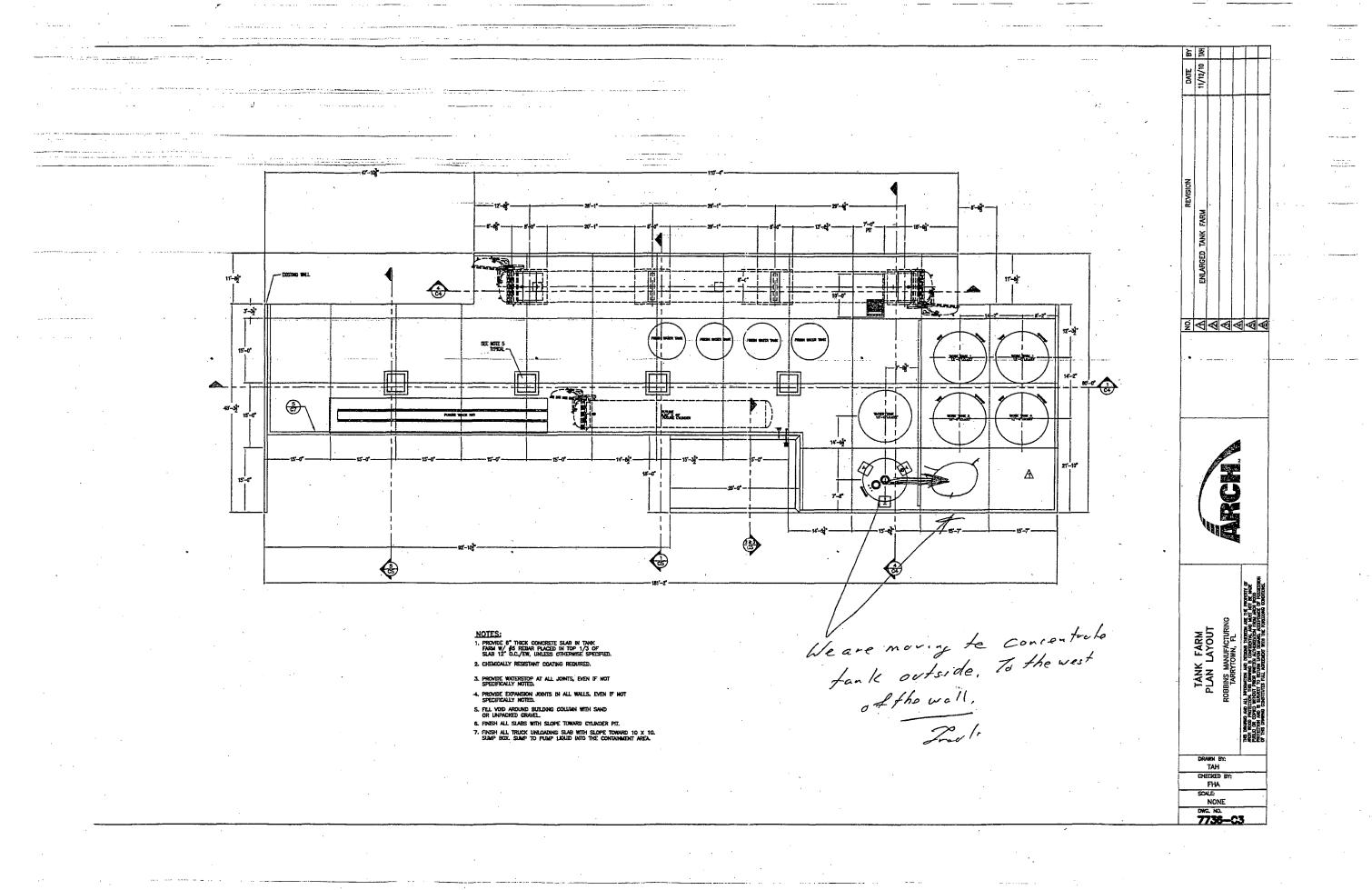
Respectfully submitted,

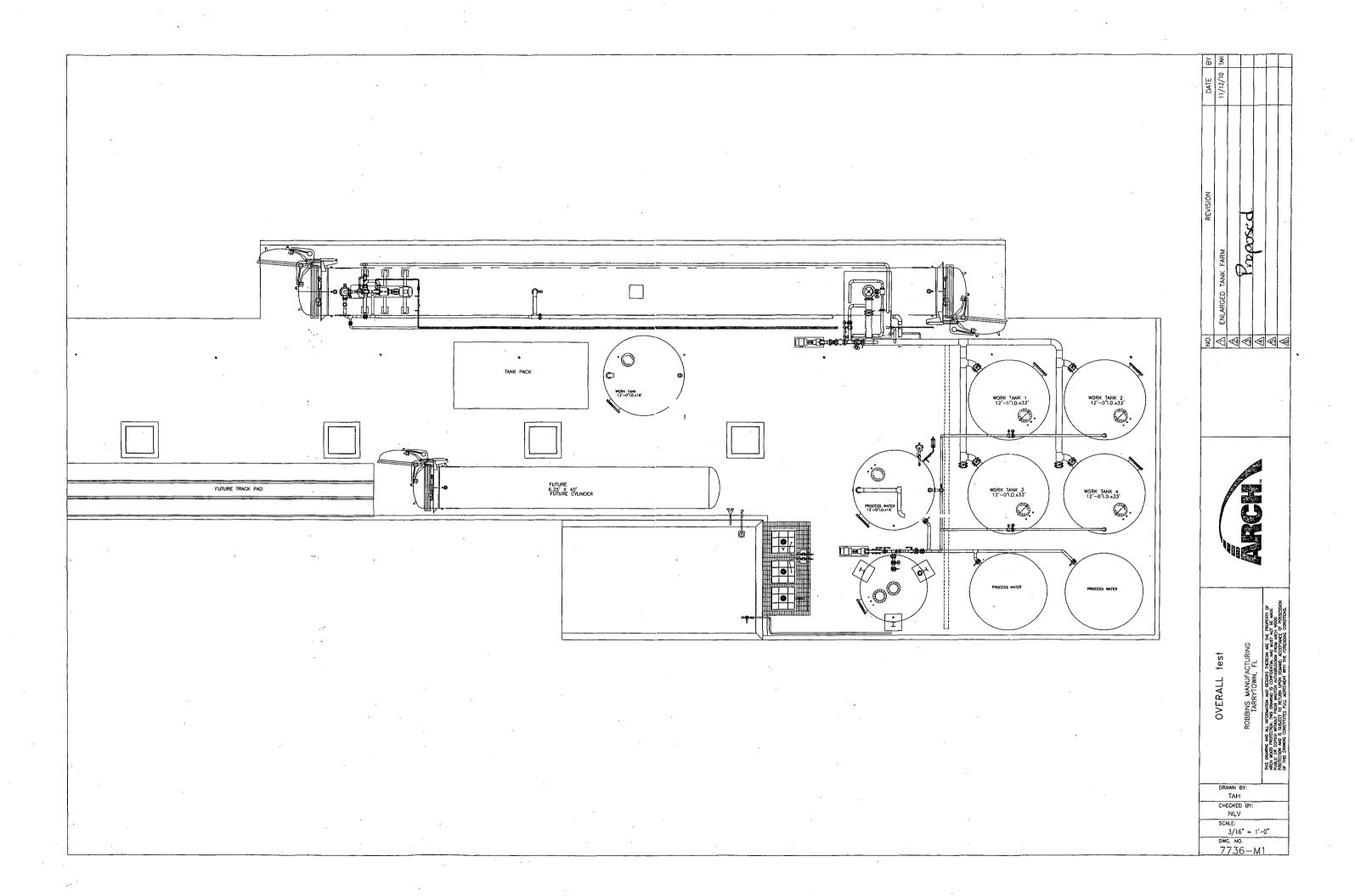
Larry Schwietz

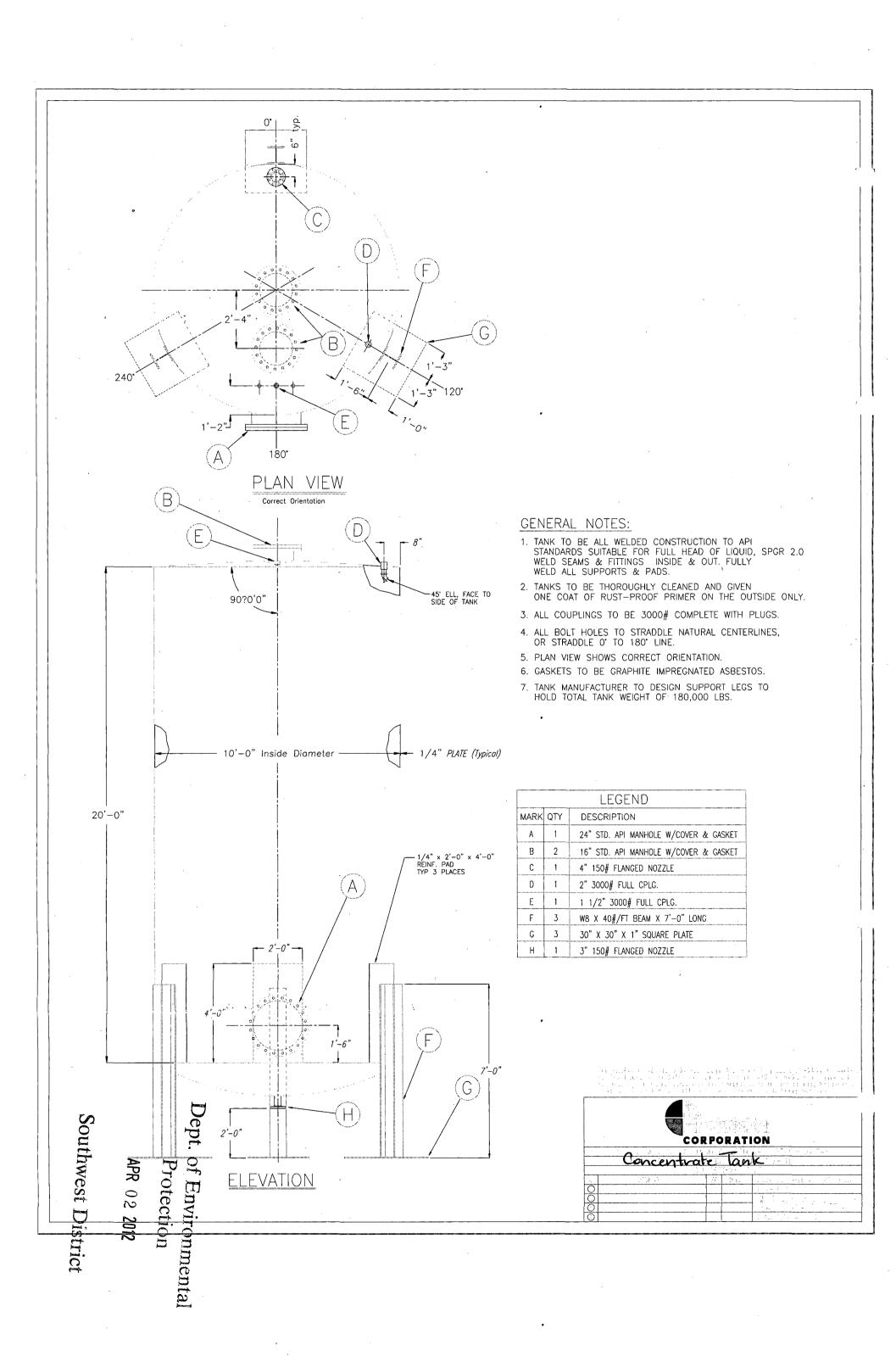
Larry Schwietz-Techncial Director L&M Construction Chemicals, Inc. 14851 Calhoun Road Omaha, NE 68152 402-453-6600 (Office) 402-453-0244 (Fax) larryschwietz@aol.com

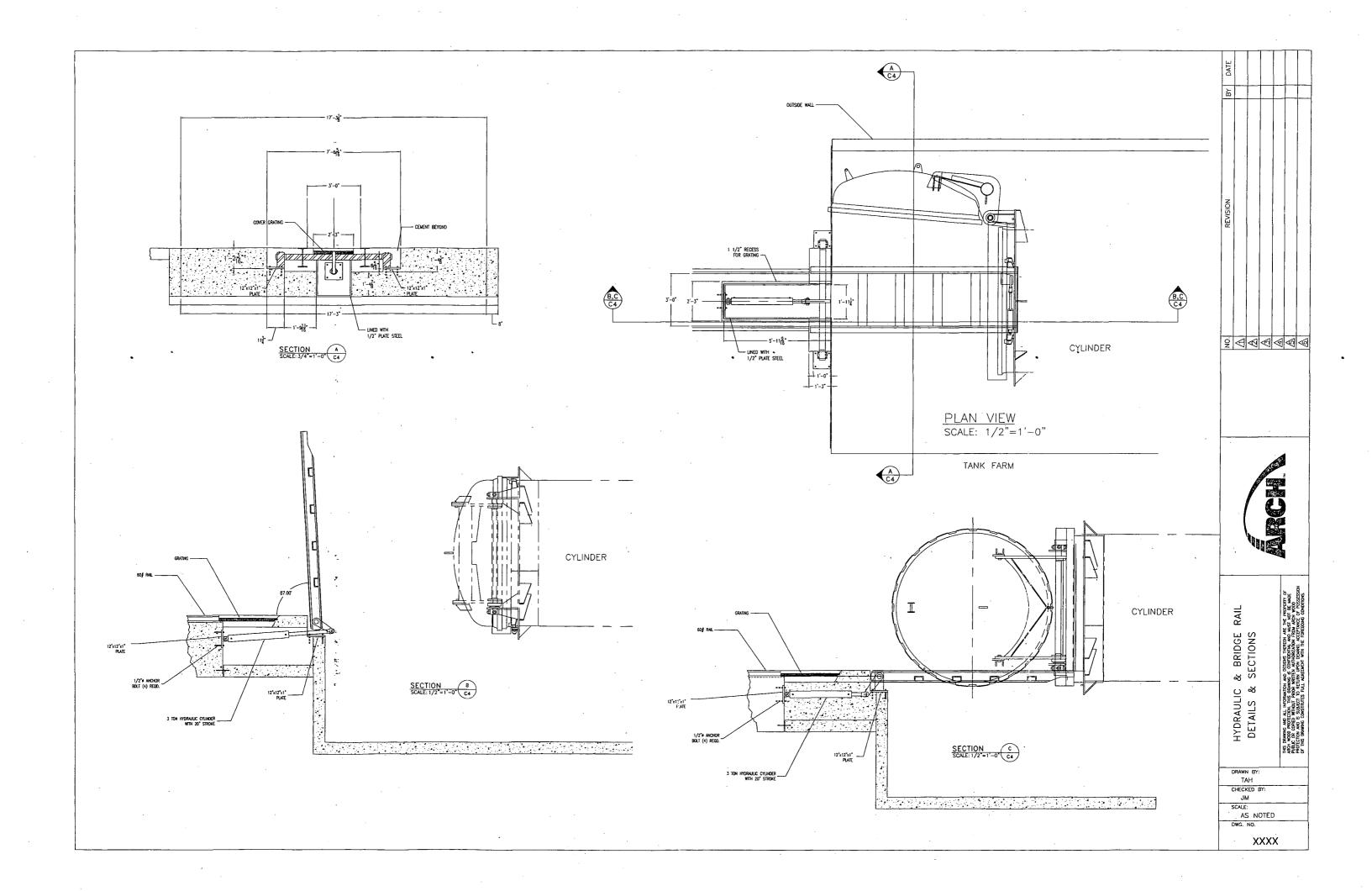












MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET CHROMATED COPPER ARSENATE PROCESS WATER SOLUTION October 14, 2008

1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier: CHROMATED COPPER ARSENATE PROCESS WATER SOLUTION

General Use: Make Up Water for Wood Preservation

MANUFACTURER: EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS:

Arch Wood Protection, Inc. *CHEMTREC Assistance: 1-800-424-9300

3941 Bonsal Road *CANUTEC: 1-613-996-6666
Conley, Georgia 30288 ACEAN 24 hour Emg. Resp. 1-800-654-6911

MSDS Information 1-800-511-6737 *Use only during transportation emergencies

2. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

HAZARDOUS	PERCENT	CAS#	EXPOS	URE LIMITS (mg/	m³)
INGREDIENTS			OSHA-PEL	ACGIH-TLV	ACGIH-STEL
Chromic Acid	<3	7738-94-5	(as Cr) 0.1 (Ceiling)	0.05	None
Arsenic Acid	<3	7778-39-4	(as As)0.01	0.01	None
Copper Oxide •	<3	1317-38-0	(as Cu) 1.0	-1.0	None
			(dusts/mists)	(dusts/mists)	

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Inhalation: Severe irritation to the upper airways when inhaled in concentrations exceeding recommended exposure limits. Short-term overexposure may cause muscle spasms, dizziness and collapse. Prolonged overexposure may cause hoarseness of the voice, potential liver injury and red patches on the skin. Chronic arsenic exposure may cause nervous system damage.

Eye Contact: Severe irritation to the eyes. **Skin Contact**: May cause irritation to the skin.

Ingestion: Corrosive. Can cause internal hemorrhage and death if consumed as a liquid.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation: Remove from exposure. If severe breathing difficulty should arise immediately seek medical aid. If breathing has stopped, administer artificial respiration or oxygen.

Eye Contact: Exposed eyes should be flushed with large amounts of saline or water for at least 15 minutes, (greater than 1 liter per eye, minimum) using low pressure, taking care that the eyes remain open during this entire procedure. If wearing contact lenses, immediately flush eyes with water for a short period prior to removing contacts, then resume flushing procedures as described above. Immediately seek medical aid.

Skin Contact: Flush exposed skin with large amounts of water. Then use soap and water to clean area. Remove contaminated clothing. Seek medical aid if severe irritation develops.

Ingestion: Following ingestion, if the patient can swallow without difficulty, administer small quantities of water and/or demulcents (such as milk) to dilute the chromic acid. Do not administer anything by mouth if difficulty with swallowing exists. DO NOT induce vomiting. Seek medical aid immediately. Do not attempt to give anything to an unconscious person. Call a physician or poison center.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash Point NA Lower Explosive Limit NA Auto-ignition NA Upper Explosive Limit NA

Extinguishing Agents: Not applicable

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES CONT'D

Fire-Fighting Procedures: Fire from a separate fuel source may be intense enough to cause thermal decomposition releasing toxic fumes and/or gases. Wear complete fire service protective equipment, including full-face NIOSH/NFPA – approved self-contained breathing apparatus.

Fire and Explosion Hazard: This product will not burn. Closed containers may explode (due to the build up of steam pressure) when exposed to extreme heat. Water could evaporate to expose a combustible residue. Under fire conditions the product may emit irritants, toxic gas and/or fumes. May cause fire on contact with combustible materials (e.g. oil-stained rags or sawdust).

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Spill or Leak Procedures: (Product): Stop leak if no risk involved. Contain spill by using an inert non-biodegradable absorbent material (e.g., kitty litter or synthetic absorbents). Shovel into an appropriate container and dispose of waste in accordance with federal, state and local regulations. If material can be recovered, use a vacuum system designed for liquid recovery. If a reportable quantity (RQ) is released into the environment, report to the National Response Center (1-800-424-8802), the State Emergency Planning Commission (SERC), the Local Emergency Planning Committee (LEPC) and/or your local fire department depending on availability.

Reportable Quantities: If 54 gallons (454 lbs.) of CCA Treating Solution is released into the environment, the arsenic RQ of one (1) pound will be exceeded.

Waste Disposal: Dispose of waste in accordance with Federal and State Hazardous Waste regulations. Place in tightly sealed, labeled containers. This product is an EPA listed waste as F035 in 40 CFR 261.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Storage Conditions: Well ventilated area. Maintain good housekeeping. Keep properly labeled containers closed when not in use. Protect from physical damage.

Caution: Do not wear contaminated clothing. Wash hands thoroughly before eating, drinking, using tobacco products, and/or using restrooms.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Respiratory Protection: None normally required. However, if airborne concentrations exceed established PEL, use NIOSH approved air-purifying respirator equipped with high efficiency particulate filters (HEPA) such as P100. Eye Protection: Splash-proof chemical goggles and face shield should be worn wherever splash hazards exist. Skin/Foot Protection: PVC, polyethylene or neoprene gloves are recommended. Wear long sleeves, pants and leather or rubber shoes. Coveralls or aprons if needed.

Ventilation: General ventilation is required.

Other Protective Equipment: Facilities storing or utilizing this material must be equipped with an emergency eyewash and safety shower station within easy access for quick drenching or flushing.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	Yellow to Pale Brown liquid	Solubility in Water	Soluble	Specific Gravity (Water =1)	1.02
Odor	Metallic	pH	<2	Boiling Point	100C
Physical State	Liquid	Vapor Pressure	NA	Freezing Point	-30C

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Conditions contributing to instability: None.

Incompatibilities: Alkaline products, Zinc, galvanized metal, aluminum, organic combustible materials (such as oily rags or sawdust)

Hazardous Reactions/Decomposition/Combustion Products: Chromium, copper and arsenic fumes

Hazardous Polymerization: Does not occur

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Oral Toxicity: LD50= >500 mg/kg (rat – CCA 8% Solution)

Cancers in humans have followed from long term consumption of Fowler's Solution, a medicinal trivalent arsenical; inhalation and skin contact with inorganic trivalent arsenical sheep-dust; the combined inhalation of arsenic trioxide (trivalent arsenical), sulfur dioxide, and other particulates from ore smelting in arsenic trioxide production; and occupational exposure to nonwater-soluble hexavalent chromium.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Do not discharge process water containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans, or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge process water containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA.

NOTE: Arsenic, Chrome and Copper occur naturally in soil.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal Guidance: Dispose of waste in accordance with Federal and State Hazardous Waste regulations. Place in tightly sealed, labeled containers. This product is an EPA listed waste as F035 in 40 CFR 261.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT Hazardous Material Classification: Arsenical Pesticide, Liquid, Toxic, (Arsenic Acid, Chromic Acid), 6.1 UN 2994. III

North American Emergency Response Guide # 151

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Canada: Regulated under WHMIS.

CERCLA/SARA (40 CFR 302.4): Regulated under CERCLA/SARA. Chromic acid and arsenic acid have reportable quantities of 10 pounds and 1 pound respectively under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA).

SARA 311/312 (40 CFR 370): This product is an OSHA hazardous material under 29 CFR 1910.1200, therefore, it is regulated under the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) Sections 311 and 312. A facility must report chemical storage quantities that equal or exceed 10,000 pounds anytime during the reporting year to the appropriate state and local agencies.

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372): This product requires a Toxic Release Inventory reporting for individual material uses of 25,000 pounds or more. Reporting is under Copper Compounds, Chromium Compounds and Arsenic Compounds. **RCRA (40 CFR 261):** This product is an EPA listed waste as F035 in 40 CFR 261.

OSHA (29 CFR 1910.1200): This product is regulated under the Hazard Communication Standard FIFRA (40 CFR 152-186): This product is subject to regulation under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) and is therefore exempt from the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory listing requirements. This product is registered as a restricted-use pesticide. Users must be certified (or licensed) applicators or operate under the direct supervision of a certified applicator.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION CONT'D

California Proposition 65: This product contains chemicals known to the state of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm. (This statement issued in accordance with California Proposition 65). **NFPA:** 1-Health, 0-Flammability, 0-Reactivity

ABBREVIATIONS

OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration	TLV	Threshold Limit Value
NFPA	National Fire Protection Association	STEL	Short-Term Exposure Limit
FIFRA	Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act	RCRA	Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
CERCLA	Comprehensive Environmental Response,	ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial
	Compensation, and Liability Act		Hygienists
SARA	Superfund Authorization and Reauthorization Act	NIOSH	National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health
PEL	Permissible Exposure Limit	TSCA	Toxic Substances Control Act
DOT	Department of Transportation	IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
NTP	National Toxicology Program	IBC	International Building Code
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations	mg/m3	Milligrams per cubic meter
CWA	Clean Water Act	CĂA	Clean Air Act
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service		

NOTICE: While the information and recommendations set forth herein are believed to be accurate as of the date hereof, Arch Wood Protection, Inc. makes no guarantee or warranty, expressed or implied, as to the accuracy, reliability, or completeness of the information.

Dept. of Environment.
Protection

APR 02 2012

Southwest District



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

FOR ANY EMERGENCY, 24 HOURS / 7 DAYS, CALL:

FOR ALL TRANSPORTATION ACCIDENTS, CALL CHEMTREC®:

FOR ALL MSDS QUESTIONS & REQUESTS, CALL:

1-800-654-6911 (OUTSIDE

USA: 1-423-780-2970) 1-800-424-9300 (OUTSIDE

USA: 1-703-527-3887) 1-800-511-MSDS (OUTSIDE

USA: 1-423-780-2347)

PRODUCT NAME: Chromated Copper Arsenate (CCA)Treating Solution

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Arch Wood Protection, Inc. 5660 New Northside Drive, NW **Suite 1100** Atlanta, GA 30328

REVISION DATE: SUPERCEDES:

08/25/2009

03/31/2009

MSDS Number:

000000009638 None

SYNONYMS: CHEMICAL FAMILY:

Not Applicable/Mixture

DESCRIPTION / USE:

Restricted Use - Wood Preservative

FORMULA:

None established

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

OSHA Hazard Classification:

Corrosive to eyes, Carcinogen, Possible skin sensitizer

Routes of Entry:

Chemical Interactions:

Medical Conditions Aggravated:

Inhalation, ingestion, eye contact

No known or reported interactions.

Respiratory diseases including asthma and bronchitis, Pre-existing

liver diseases, Pre-existing kidney disease, Pre-existing eye

disease

Human Threshold Response Data

Odor Threshold

Not established for product.

Irritation Threshold

Not established for product.

Dept. of Environmental Protection

APR 02 2012

Chromated Copper Arsenate (CCA)Treating Solution

REVISION DATE: 08/25/2009

Page 1 of 13

Southwest District





Hazardous Materials Identification System / National Fire Protection Association Classifications

<u>Hazard Ratings :</u>	<u>Health</u>	Flammability	Physical / Instability	PPI / Special hazard.
HMIS	3*	0	0	<u>nazara.</u>
NFPA	3	0	0	

Immediate (Acute) Health Effects

Inhalation Toxicity: May be harmful if inhaled. Exposure to high concentrations may result in

alterations to the liver.

Skin Toxicity: Not expected to be irritating. Not expected to be toxic from dermal

contact.

Eye Toxicity: Corrosive. Burns can occur following exposure. Direct contact may

cause impairment of vision, corneal damage and/or blindness. Rinsing

of the eye should take place immediately.

Ingestion Toxicity: Moderately toxic if swallowed. Harmful if swallowed. Exposure to large

quantities of this material may result in liver and kidney damage, based

on animal studies. Irritation and/or burns can occur to the entire gastrointestinal tract, including the stomach and intestines,

characterized by nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, abdominal pain, bleeding, and/or tissue ulceration or perforation. Aspiration may lead to lung

damage.

Acute Target Organ Toxicity: Corrosive to eyes

Prolonged (Chronic) Health Effects

The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has classified Carcinogenicity:

a component or components of this product as a Group 1 substance,

No reproductive or developmental risk to humans is expected from

Carcinogenic to Humans.

Reproductive and

Developmental Toxicity:

Inhalation:

exposure to this product.

There are no known or reported effects from chronic exposure except for

effects similar to those experienced from acute exposure.

Skin Contact: There are no known or reported effects from chronic exposure.

There are no known or reported effects from chronic exposure. Skin Absorption:

There are no known or reported effects from chronic ingestion except for Ingestion: effects similar to those experienced from single exposure. The acute

corrosivity of this product, makes chronic ingestion of significant amounts unlikely.

Eye Contact: Prolonged contact may result in permanent damage. Corneal

involvement or visual impairment is expected.

Sensitization: May cause allergic skin sensitization in some individuals.

Chronic Target Organ Toxicity: This product has not been tested. However, chronic (repeated)

exposures to this product would be expected to produce similar effects

as seen from acute exposures.

Supplemental Health Hazard

Information:

No additional health information available.

Chromated Copper Arsenate (CCA)Treating Solution





3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

CAS OR CHEMICAL NAME	CAS#	% RANGE
CHROMIC ACID (CRO3)	7738-94-5	- 5
COPPER OXIDE	1317-38-0	- 5
		•
ARSENIC ACID	7778-39-4	- 5

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. For 24-hour General Advice:

> emergency medical assistance, call Arch Chemical Emergency Action Network at 1-800-654-6911. Have the product container or label with you when calling a

poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

Inhalation: IF INHALED: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an

ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible.

Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

Skin Contact: IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin

immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or

doctor for treatment advice.

Eye Contact: IF IN EYES: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20

minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then

continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF SWALLOWED: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment Ingestion:

advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give

anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Massive overexposure to chromic acid could lead to kidney failure and death. Notes to Physician:

> Death has been avoided in several such cases through the use of early renal dialysis. An effective treatment has been shown to be administration of ascorbic acid by mouth or intravenously. Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the

use of gastric lavage.



MATERIAL SAFEL DATA SHEET

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammability Summary (OSHA): Product is not known to be flammable, combustible, pyrophoric or

explosive.

Flammable Properties

Flash Point: Autoignition Temperature:

Fire / Explosion Hazards:

Extinguishing Media:

Fire Fighting Instructions:

Hazardous Combustion Products:

Upper Flammable / Explosive Limit. % in air: Lower Flammable / Explosive Limit, % in air:

Not applicable Not applicable

Material will not ignite or burn.

Not Applicable. - Choose extinguishing media suitable for

surrounding materials.

Response to this material requires the use of a full encapsulated suit and full-face (NIOSH approved) self-contained breathing apparatus

(SCBA). Use water to cool containers.

During a fire, irritating and highly toxic gases may be generated by

thermal decomposition or combustion.

No data. No data.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Protection for Emergency

Situations:

Additional protective clothing must be worn to prevent personal contact with this material. Those items include but are not limited to

boots, impervious gloves, hard hat, splash-proof goggles,

impervious clothing, i.e., chemically impermeable suit, self-contained

breathing apparatus.

Spill Mitigation Procedures

Air Release:

Hazardous concentrations in air may be found in local spill area and immediately downwind. Vapors may be suppressed by the use of

water fog. Contain all liquids for treatment or disposal.

Water Release:

This material is soluble in water. Notify all downstream users of possible contamination. Divert water flow around spill if possible and

safe to do so. Contain all liquids for treatment or disposal.

Land Release:

Create a dike or trench to contain materials. Absorb spill with inert material (e.g., dry sand, clay, earth or commercial absorbent), then place in a chemical waste container. Avoid runoff into storm sewers and ditches which lead to waterways. Contain all liquids for

treatment or disposal.

Additional Spill Information:

Stop source of spill as soon as possible and notify appropriate personnel. Utilize emergency response personal protection equipment prior to the start of any response. Evacuate all nonessential personnel. Dispose of spill residues per guidelines under

Section 13, Disposal Consideration.



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: An eye wash and safety shower should be provided in the

immediate work area. Avoid breathing dust, mist, vapor or gas. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Use only in a well-ventilated area. Wash hands thoroughly before eating, drinking,

using tobacco products, and/or using restrooms.

Storage: Keep container closed when not in use.

Incompatible Materials for Storage: Bases galvanized metal organic materials with high surface area

such as rags, cotton waste, sawdust, etc. zinc aluminum

Empty Container Warning: Empty containers that retain product residue (liquid, solid/sludge, or

vapor) can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose container to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition. Any of these actions can potentially cause an explosion that may lead to injury or death.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ventilation: Local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls are normally required

when handling or using this product to keep airborne exposures below the

TLV, PEL or other recommended exposure limit.

Protective Equipment for Routine Use of Product

Respiratory Protection: Wear a NIOSH approved respirator if levels above the exposure limits are

possible

Respirator Type: A NIOSH approved air purifying respirator with acid gas cartridge and P100

filter. Air purifying respirators should not be used in oxygen deficient or IDLH atmospheres or if exposure concentrations exceed ten (10) times the published limit. A NIOSH approved full-face or half-face respirator in

combination with chemical goggles.

Skin Protection: Wear impervious gloves, boots and apron to avoid skin contact. A full

impervious suit is recommended if exposure is possible to a large portion of

the body.

Eye Protection: Use chemical goggles.

Protective Clothing Type: Polyvinyl chloride, Polyethylene, Butyl rubber

General Protective An eye wash and safety shower should be provided in the immediate work

Measures: area. OSHA's Inorganic Acid and Hexavalent Chromium Standards do not

apply to workers applying this pesticide in accordance with the label

instructions.

Exposure Limit Data

CHEMICAL NAME CAS # Name of Limit Exposure

Chromated Copper Arsenate (CCA)Treating Solution

REVISION DATE: 08/25/2009 Page 5 of 13



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

CHROMIC ACID (CRO3)	7738-94-5	ZUS_OSHAP1	0.005 mg/m3 TWA See 1910.1026. See Table Z-2 for the exposure Table Z-2 for the exposure limit for any operations or sectors where the exposure limit in 1910.1026 is stayed or are otherwise not in effect.
CHROMIC ACID (CRO3)	7738-94-5	ZUS_OSHAP2	0.001 mg/m3 Calculated as CrO3 CEIL This standard applies to any operations or sectors for which the exposure limit in the Chromium (VI) standard, Sec. 1910.1026, is stayed or is otherwise not in effect., Z37.7-1971
CHROMIC ACID (CRO3)	7738-94-5	ZUS_OSHAPO	0:1 mg/m3 Calculated as CrO3 CEIL See Table Z-2.
CHROMIC ACID (CRO3)	7738-94-5	ZUS_ACGIH	0.05 mg/m3 Calculated as Cr TWA soluble NOC = not otherwise classified., 1994-1995 Adoption, Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices (see BEI® section), Substances for which the TLV is higher than the OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL) and/or the NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limit (REL). See CFR 58(124):36338-33351, June 30, 1993, for revised OSHA PEL., Substance identified by other sources as a suspected or confirmed human carcinogen., Refers to Appendix A Carcinogens.
CHROMIC ACID (CRO3)	7738-94-5	ZUS_OSHAP2	1 mg/10m3 CEIL
CHROMIC ACID (CRO3) CHROMIC ACID (CRO3)	7738-94-5 7738-94-5	ZUS_OSHAPO NIOSH-IDLH	·250 mg/m3
COPPER OXIDE	1317-38-0	NIOSH-IDLH	100 mg/m3
ARSENIC ACID	7778-39-4	ZUS_OSHAP1	Depting/mo Falculated as As AMOUTON Menta Protection

Chromated Copper Arsenate (CCA)Treating Solution
REVISION DATE: 08/25/2009 Page 6 of 13

APR 02 2012

Southwest District



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

ARSENIC ACID

7778-39-4

ZUS OSHAPO

0.01 mg/m3 Calculated as As

TWA Sec. 1910.1018 Inorganic

arsenic.

ARSENIC ACID

7778-39-4

ZUS_ACGIH

0.01 mg/m3 Calculated as As TWA Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices (see BEI® section), Substances for which the TLV is higher than the OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL) and/or the NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limit (REL). See CFR 58(124):36338-33351, June 30, 1993, for revised OSHA PEL., Substance identified by other sources as a suspected or confirmed human carcinogen., * Refers to Appendix A --Carcinogens.

ARSENIC ACID

7778-39-4

liquid

Free flowing

None established

light brown

Metallic

NIOSH-IDLH

5 mg/m3

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State:

Form

Color: Odor:

Molecular Weight:

Specific Gravity: : Hq

1.04 < 2.0

Boiling Point: Freezing Point:

100 DEG°C / 212 DEG°F -30 DEG°C / -22 DEG°F Not applicable

Melting Point: Density:

approx.8.7 Vapor Pressure: Not applicable Vapor Density: not applicable

Viscosity: Fat Solubility: Solubility in Water:

Partition coefficient n-

octanol/water: **Evaporation Rate:**

Oxidizing:

Volatiles, % by vol.: **VOC Content**

HAP Content

No data

No data

soluble

No data

No data.

The substance has no oxidizing properties

Water

Not applicable No data

Chromated Copper Arsenate (CCA)Treating Solution

REVISION DATE:

08/25/2009

Page 7 of 13





10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability and Reactivity Summary:

Stable under normal conditions. Product will not undergo

hazardous polymerization. High temperatures

Conditions to Avoid:

Chemical Incompatibility:

Bases, galvanized metal, zinc, aluminum, Organic materials with

high surface area such as rags, cotton waste, sawdust, etc.

Hazardous Decomposition Products:

Decomposition Temperature:

Chromium, arsenic, and copper fumes No data

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Component Animal Toxicology

Oral LD50 value:

CHROMIC ACID (CRO3)

LD50 = 80 mg/kg Rat

COPPER OXIDE ARSENIC ACID

LD50 (97.6% Active Ingredient) > 5,050 mg/kg Rat LD50 (75% Active Ingredient) = 134 mg/kg Rat

Dermal LD50 value:

CHROMIC ACID (CRO3)

No data

COPPER OXIDE

LD50 (97.6% Active Ingredient) > 2,020 mg/kg

ARSENIC ACID

No data

Inhalation LC50 value:

CHROMIC ACID (CRO3)

No data

COPPER OXIDE

Inhalation LC50 4 h (97.6% Active Ingredient) > 2.08 MG/L Rat

ARSENIC ACID

Inhalation LC50 1 h (aerosol), (Whole-body), (75% Active Ingredient) = 1.16 MG/L

Rat

ARSENIC ACID

Inhalation LC50 4 h (aerosol), (Whole-body), (75% Active Ingredient) = 0.29 MG/L

Rat

Product Animal Toxicity

Oral LD50 value: Dermal LD50 value:

LD50 Believed to be approximately 1,200 mg/kg LD50 Believed to be approximately 3,400 mg/kg rabbit

Inhalation LC50

Inhalation LC50 no data available

value

Toxicity:

Skin Irritation:

Not expected to be irritating.

Eye Irritation:

This material is expected to be corrosive.

Skin Sensitization:

May cause allergic skin sensitization in some individuals.

Acute Toxicity:

Corrosive to eves

Subchronic / Chronic

This product has not been tested. However, chronic (repeated) exposures to this

product would be expected to produce similar effects as seen from acute

exposures.

Reproductive and

Developmental Toxicity:

At high doses significant maternal toxicity and fetotoxicity was observed.

However, no developmental or teratogenic effects were observed.

Chromated Copper Arsenate (CCA)Treating Solution

REVISION DATE: 08/25/2009

Page 8 of 13



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

ARSENIC ACID

This product has been tested in laboratory animals and was found to cause developmental toxicity only at

maternally toxic doses.

Mutagenicity:

Not known or reported to be mutagenic.

CHROMIC ACID (CRO3)

Not known or reported to be mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity:

The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has classified a

component or components of this product as a Group 1 substance,

Carcinogenic to Humans.

CHROMIC ACID (CRO3)

Cancers in humans have followed from long term occupational exposure to nonwater-soluble hexavalent chromium. Insoluble forms of hexavalent chromium have been shown to be a human carcinogen by inhalation. Other routes of exposure are not classifiable

as to human carcinogenicity.

ARSENIC ACID

The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has classified this product or a component of this product as a Group 1 substance. Carcinogenic to

Humans.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Overview:

Because of the low pH of this product, it would be expected to produce significant ecotoxicity upon exposure to aquatic organisms and aquatic systems., Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, ponds, streams, estuaries, oceans or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA.

Ecological Toxicity Values for: COPPER OXIDE

Mosquito fish - (nominal, static). 96 h LC50 > 56,000 mg/l

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

CARE MUST BE TAKEN TO PREVENT ENVIRONMENTAL CONTAMINATION FROM THE USE OF THE MATERIAL. THE USER OF THE MATERIAL HAS THE RESPONSIBILITY TO DISPOSE OF UNUSED MATERIAL, RESIDUES AND CONTAINERS IN COMPLIANCE WITH ALL RELEVANT LOCAL, STATE AND FEDERAL LAWS AND REGULATIONS REGARDING TREATMENT, STORAGE AND DISPOSAL FOR HAZARDOUS AND NONHAZARDOUS WASTES.

Chromated Copper Arsenate (CCA)Treating Solution

REVISION DATE: 0

08/25/2009

Page 9 of 13





Waste Disposal Summary:

If this product becomes a waste, it will be a hazardous waste.

Disposal Methods:

As a hazardous liquid waste it must be disposed of in accordance

with local, state and federal regulations.

Potential US EPA Waste Codes:

D002, D004, D007

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land (US DOT):

Not Regulated NOT REGULATED AS A DOT HAZARDOUS MATERIAL

Water (IMDG):

NOT REGULATED AS A HAZARDOUS MATERIAL,

Flash Point: Not applicable

Air (IATA):

NOT REGULATED AS A HAZARDOUS MATERIAL,

Emergency Response Guide Number:

Not applicable

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

UNITED STATES:

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA):

This product is a diluted mixture of one or more Registered Pesticides and is regulated by FIFRA (Canada-PMRA).

EPA Pesticide Registration Number:

None established

FIFRA Listing of Pesticide Chemicals

(40 CFR 180):

Not registered in the US under FIFRA.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) Title III:

Hazard Categories Sections 311 / 312 (40 CFR 370.2):

Health

Immediate (Acute) Health Hazard, Delayed (Chronic) Health Hazard

Physical

None

Emergency Planning & Community Right to Know (40 CFR 355, App. A):

Extremely Hazardous Substance Section 302 - Threshold Planning Quantity:

ZUS SAR302

TPQ (threshold planning quantity)

None established

Reportable Quantity (49 CFR 172.101, Appendix):

ZUS CERCLA Reportable quantity

CHROMIC ACID

Value: 10lbs

COPPER AND COMPOUNDS

Value:

Arsenic acid H3AsO4

Value: 1lbs

ZUS_SAR302 Reportable quantity None established

Chromated Copper Arsenate (CCA)Treating Solution

REVISION DATE: 08/25/2009

Page 10 of 13





Supplier Notification Requirements (40 CFR 372.45), 313 Reportable Components

ZUS_SAR313

De minimis concentration

Copper compounds (Non-carcinogenic)

Value: 1%

Copper Compounds Value: < 1% by weight

Arsenic compounds (Carcinogenic)

Value: 0.1%

Clean Air Act Toxic ARP Section 112r:

CAA 112R

None established

Clean Air Act Socmi:

HON SOC

None established

Clean Air Act VOC Section 111:

CAA 111

None established

Clean Air Act Haz. Air Pollutants Section 112:

ZUS_CAAHAP

None established

ZUS_CAAHRP

None established

CAA AP

None established

State Right-to-Know Regulations Status of Ingredients

Pennsylvania:

CAS#	COMPONENT NAME	
7738-94-5	CHROMIC ACID (CRO3)	
1317-38-0	COPPER OXIDE	
7778-39-4	ARSENIC ACID	

ZUSPA_RTK

Pennsylvania: Hazardous substance list

1989-08-11 CHROMIC ACID Environmental hazard

Pennsylvania: Hazardous substance list

1990-01-01

COPPER COMPOUNDS

Environmental hazard, hazardous substance

Pennsylvania: Hazardous substance list

1989-08-11 ARSENIC ACID Environmental hazard

Chromated Copper Arsenate (CCA)Treating Solution

REVISION DATE: 08/25/2009

Page 11 of 13



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

New Jersey:

CAS#	COMPONENT NAME	
7738-94-5	CHROMIC ACID (CRO3)	
1317-38-0	COPPER OXIDE	
7778-39-4	ARSENIC ACID	

ZUSNJ RTK

New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List (RTK-HSL)

2007-03-01

CHROMIC ACID CHROMIUM(6+) ACID

Special Health Hazard - Carcinogen, Special Health Hazard - Corrosive

New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List (RTK-HSL)

1989-12-01

COPPER compounds

hazardous substance

New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List (RTK-HSL)

1989-12-01

COPPER, all inorganic compounds of

hazardous substance

New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List (RTK-HSL)

2007-03-01

COPPER COMPOUNDS

New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List (RTK-HSL)

2007-03-01

ARSENIC ACID ARSENIC ACID (H3AsO4)

Special Health Hazard - Carcinogen

Massachusetts:

CAS#	COMPONENT NAME
7738-94-5	CHROMIC ACID (CRO3)
7778-39-4	ARSENIC ACID

ZUSMA RTK

Massachusetts Right to Know List of Chemicals and Hazard Classifications 1993-04-24

CHROMIC ACID

Massachusetts Right to Know List of Chemicals and Hazard Classifications

1993-04-24 ARSENIC ACID

California Proposition 65:

CAS#	COMPONENT NAME

Chromated Copper Arsenate (CCA)Treating Solution

REVISION DATE: 08/25/2009

Page 12 of 13





7738-94-5	CHROMIC ACID (CRO3)
7778-39-4	ARSENIC ACID

ZUSCA P65

California Proposition 65. Safe drinking water and toxic enforcement act. Chromium (hexavalent compounds) Carcinogen

California Proposition 65. Safe drinking water and toxic enforcement act. Arsenic (inorganic arsenic compounds) Carcinogen

WHMIS Hazard Classification:

None established

16. OTHER INFORMATION

MSDS REVISION STATUS:

SECTIONS REVISED:

Revised to meet the ANSI standard of 16 sections

Major References:

Available upon request.

THIS MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET (MSDS) HAS BEEN PREPARED IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE FEDERAL OSHA HAZARD COMMUNICATION STANDARD, 29 CFR 1910.1200. THE INFORMATION IN THIS MSDS SHOULD BE PROVIDED TO ALL WHO WILL USE, HANDLE, STORE, TRANSPORT, OR OTHERWISE BE EXPOSED TO THIS PRODUCT. THIS INFORMATION HAS BEEN PREPARED FOR THE GUIDANCE OF PLANT ENGINEERING, OPERATIONS AND MANAGEMENT AND FOR PERSONS WORKING WITH OR HANDLING THIS PRODUCT. ARCH CHEMICALS BELIEVES THIS INFORMATION TO BE RELIABLE AND UP TO DATE AS OF THE DATE OF PUBLICATION BUT, MAKES NO WARRANTY THAT IT IS. ADDITIONALLY, IF THIS MSDS IS MORE THAN THREE YEARS OLD, YOU SHOULD CONTACT ARCH CHEMICALS MSDS CONTROL AT THE PHONE NUMBER ON THE FRONT PAGE TO MAKE CERTAIN THAT THIS DOCUMENT IS CURRENT.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET Revised September 17, 2010

1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier: Wolmanized® Heavy Duty™ Wood

General Use:

Synonyms: Chromated Copper Arsenic (CCA) treated poles, piles, timber, posts, or plywood

MANUFACTURER:

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS:

2. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

HAZARDOUS	PERCENT ¹	CAS#	EXPOSURE LIMITS (mg	i/m3 except where	e noted)
INGREDIENTS			OSHA-PEL	ACGIH-TLV	OSHA-STEL
Chrome III (as Cr)	<3	7440-47-3	0.5	0.5	None
Chrome VI ²	Trace	18540-29-9	5µg/m³ 2. 5µg/m³ (action level)	0.01 (as Cr)	0.1 (as CrO ₃) Ceiling
Arsenic V (as As) 3	<3	7440-38-2	0.01	0.01	None
Copper Oxide (as Cu) (dusts/mists)	<3	7440-50-8	1.0	1.0	None
Wood Dust ⁴ Western Red Cedar All other Species	>91	N/A	15(total) 5.0 (respirable) 15(total) 5.0 (respirable)	0.5 (inhalable) 1.0 (inhalable)	None
Formaldehyde ⁵	<0.1	50-00-0	0.75ppm	0.37 (Ceiling)	2ppm

Notes: Chromic Acid, Arsenic Acid, and Copper oxide are present in the preservative used to treat this wood

1 Actual retention may vary due to differences in wood stock and treatment retention levels.

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

WARNING! MAY FORM COMBUSTIBLE DUST CONCENTRATIONS IN AIR (DURING PROCESSING)

Inhalation: Airborne treated or untreated wood dust may cause nose, throat or lung irritation. Various species of untreated wood dust can elicit allergic respiratory response in sensitized persons.

Eye Contact: Treated or untreated wood dust may cause mechanical irritation.

Skin Contact: Handling wood may result in skin exposure to splinters. Prolonged and/or repeated contact with treated or untreated wood dust may result in mild irritation. Various species of untreated wood dust can elicit allergic type skin irritation in sensitized persons.

Ingestion: Not anticipated to occur. A single ingestion of a very large dose of treated wood dust may require immediate medical attention.

Chronic Wood Dust (treated or untreated) Effects: Wood dust, depending on species, may cause dermatitis on prolonged, repetitive contact; may cause respiratory sensitization and/or irritation.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation: Remove from wood dust exposure. If breathing has stopped, administer artificial respiration. Seek medical aid if symptoms persist.

Eye Contact: Gently flush any particles from the eyes with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. DO NOT RUB THE EYES. Seek medical aid if irritation persists.

²Although the Chrome VI present in the Chromic Acid used to treat this wood is reduced to Chrome III during the treating and fixation processes, some Chrome VI may be present. Due to this, OSHA's Hexavalent Chromium Rule (29 CFR 1910.1026) may apply. The manufacturer of this treated wood has monitoring data indicating the levels will be below the established limits and action levels when used under usual conditions. If unusual circumstances exist, monitoring may be required.

³The arsenic pentoxide present in this product is not subject to the OSHA Arsenic standard 29CFR 1910.1801 ⁴A state-run OSHA program may have more stringent limits for wood dust and/or PNOR.

⁵Only applies to Plywood Products

4. FIRST AID MEASURES (Con't)

Skin Contact: Rinse wood dust off with water. DO NOT RUB. Once the skin is free of the wood dust, wash thoroughly with soap and water. Seek medical aid if severe irritation develops.

Ingestion: Rinse the victim's mouth out with water. Do not induce vomiting. If symptoms develop, call a physician. One ounce of treated wood dust per 10 pounds of body weight ingested may cause acute arsenic intoxication.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash Point

NA

Lower Explosive Limit

NA

Auto-ignition

NA

Upper Explosive Limit

NA

Extinguishing Agents: Not applicable

Fire-Fighting Procedures: Fire from a separate fuel source may be intense enough to cause thermal decomposition releasing toxic fumes and/or gases. Wear complete fire service protective equipment, including full-face NIOSH/NFPA – approved self-containing breathing apparatus.

Fire and Explosion Hazard: Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard. High airborne levels of wood dust may burn rapidly in the air when exposed to an ignition source.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Spill or Leak Procedures: Not applicable.

Waste Disposal: See Section 13.

Other: Dust Deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air). Nonsparking tools should be used.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Storage Conditions: Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Routine housekeeping should be instituted to ensure that dusts do not accumulate on surfaces. Dry powders can build static electricity charges when subjected to the friction of transfer and mixing operations. Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres. Maintain good housekeeping. Protect from physical damage.

Caution: DO NOT BURN TREATED WOOD. Do not use pressure treated chips or sawdust as mulch. Whenever possible, sawing or machining treated or untreated wood should be performed outdoors to avoid accumulations of airborne wood dust. Wash hands thoroughly before eating, drinking, using tobacco products, and/or using restrooms.

NOTE: For plywood products only, provide adequate ventilation to reduce the possible buildup of formaldehyde vapors.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Respiratory Protection: None normally required. When sawing or cutting treated or untreated wood, wear a NIOSH approved N95 or better dust mask.

Eye Protection: Wear safety glasses with side shields or safety goggles when sawing or cutting.

Skin/Foot Protection: Wear leather or comparable gloves to prevent splinters. Wear long sleeve shirt, pants and steel toed shoes when handling treated or untreated wood

Ventilation: Saw, cut or machine wood outdoors or in well ventilated areas. Due to the explosive potential of dust when suspended in air, precautions should be taken when sawing, sanding, or machining wood or wood products to prevent sparks or other ignition sources. If required, use wet methods and/or explosion suppression systems to reduce generation of dust. Local exhaust ventilation is recommended when sawing, sanding, or machining this product. General dilution ventilation is recommended in processing and storage areas.

Other Protective Equipment: Wear ear plugs or muffs when using power tools.

NOTE: For plywood products only, if Formaldehyde vapor level exceeds OSHA PEL or STEL, then a NIOSH approved respirator is required.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	Light to dark green	Specific Gravity (Water =1)	NA
Odor	None	Boiling Point	NA
Solubility in Water	NA	Vapor Density (Air=1)	NA
Physical State	Solid	Vapor Pressure	NA
рH	NA .	Freezing Point	NA

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Conditions Contributing to Instability: None known. Incompatibilities: Strong acids, open flame and oxidizers.

Hazardous Reactions/Decomposition/Combustion Products: Contact with strong acid may release metals. Combustion products may include smoke, oxides of carbon, nitrogen and copper. If the fire is intense enough, some arsenic trioxide may be released into the smoke. The metals will remain in the ash if the wood is burned. Hazardous Polymerization: Does not occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Study Abstracts: In Hawaii, where over 45,000 homes have been built almost entirely of CCA-treated wood, a study was conducted by the Pacific Biomedical Center of the University of Hawaii (the Budy-Rashad study) in 1977 to determine any possible effect on the health of carpenters. The study concluded that exposure to CCA-treated sawdust is not associated with increased risk of total cancer, lung cancer or lymphatic cancer and shows that excess respiratory cancer mortality was not observed in the carpenters.

A study was conducted by the University of Alabama to evaluate the teratogenicity of CCA-impregnated sawdust when exposed to rabbits and mice. Sawdust from CCA-treated wood has been shown not to cause chromosome damage or teratogenic effects in mice fed sawdust nor to cause birth defects in rabbits receiving sawdust applied to their skin.

According to a Human Health Risk Assessment conducted by Gradient Corporation in August 2004, potential health risks to workers and residents do not exceed U.S. Environmental Protection Agency acceptable risk limits. Although the arsenic complex (the predominate chemical form of arsenic in CCA-treated wood is chromium III arsenate) is present on the surface of CCA-treated utility poles and in surrounding soils, the arsenic in these poles is chemically bonded to the wood and is not readily absorbed in the body. This risk assessment evaluated exposures to arsenic complex on the surface of CCA treated utility poles and in soil adjacent to the poles. Exposure was evaluated for both hand to mouth contact and skin contact for a child resident age 2-6 and an adult utility pole worker. The assessment results also indicate that the amount of arsenic complex potentially taken into the body from exposures to CCA-treated utility poles and adjacent soils for a child resident is approximately 8 fold less than the intake of naturally occurring inorganic arsenic in food and drinking water at the new federal drinking water standard for arsenic. An adult worker is exposed to over 24 fold less arsenic complex associated with CCA-treated utility poles, compared to intake of inorganic arsenic form food and drinking water.

Carcinogenic status: IARC, the NTP, OSHA and California Proposition 65 do not consistently distinguish among arsenic or chrome species but list inorganic arsenic and chromium and certain chromium compounds as human carcinogens. Cancers in humans have followed from long term consumption of Fowler's Solution, a medicinal trivalent arsenical; inhalations and skin contact with inorganic trivalent arsenical sheep-dust; the combined inhalation of arsenic trioxide (trivalent arsenical), sulfur dioxide, and other particulates from ore smelting in arsenic trioxide production; and occupational exposure to nonwater-soluble hexavalent chromium.

Carcinogenicity Data: IARC has classified untreated hardwood and hardwood/softwood mix wood dust as a Group I human carcinogen. The wood dust classification is based primarily on IARC's evaluation of increased risk in the occurrence of adenocarcinomas of the nasal cavities and paranasal sinuses associated with occupational exposures to untreated wood dust. NTP has classified all untreated wood dust as a carcinogen.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Study Abstracts: A technical paper published in the Forest Products Journal (September, 1974) by Levi, Huisingh and Nesbitt described a study conducted to determine if CCA wood preservative in grapevine support posts might be absorbed by the vines, leaves and/or grapes. This study concluded that "... CCA preservatives are bound in wood, are not readily leached and are not concentrated in plants growing close to the treated wood."

The Springborn Laboratories Environmental Sciences Division in 1993 conducted a sediment exposure study using leachate from CCA treated and untreated marine pilings and exposing <u>Ampelisca abdita</u> for a period of 10 days. Survival of the organisms during the 10-day exposure period was the biological endpoint used to establish the effects of exposure. Results indicated that leachate from treated pilings had no adverse effect on organism survival. It was concluded that the primary constituents of the CCA-treated wood piling were not present in the leachate at concentrations which would adversely affect the survival of the organisms.

Testing has been conducted to evaluate the use of treated wood in raised vegetable gardens. Vegetables harvested from gardens in raised bed structures built of CCA-treated wood were compared with vegetables grown in untreated raised bed structures and with vegetables purchased at a local grocery store. Testing revealed that all vegetables contained minuscule amounts of each element in CCA. In some cases, the levels of metals were actually higher in the vegetables grown in untreated bins, and in one case the store-purchased vegetable had the highest level of arsenic. The report concluded that there was "no uptake of the metal constituents into the vegetables."

The Food and Drug Administration's (FDA) "Market Basket Survey" has consistently shown that arsenic in tomatoes is below the analytical level of detection despite the increased usage of arsenically-treated wood for tomato stakes. Moreover, even though CCA-treated wood has been increasingly used in applications such as cattle bunks and stalls and poultry brooders for the last ten years, the FDA survey has shown a decrease in the arsenic content of dairy, meat and poultry products.

A study funded in part by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) and prepared by the Marine Resources Division of the South Carolina Department of Natural Resources in 1995 measured the impact of wood preservative leachate from docks in an estuarine environment. Copper, chromium, arsenic, and polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) were measured in composite samples of sediments and naturally occurring oyster populations from creeks with high densities of docks, and from nearby reference creeks with no docks. Sediments from all but one site had metal and total PAH concentrations which were below levels reported to cause biological effects, and the oysters showed no significant difference in their physiological condition. Bioassays were also conducted on four common estuarine species and hatchery-reared oysters. The results suggest that wood preservative leachates from dock pilings have no acutely toxic effects on these common species, nor do they affect the survival or growth of juvenile oysters over a six-week period. In some cases, metal leachates may accumulate in sediments and oysters immediately adjacent to pilings, but do not appear to become concentrated in sediments or oysters elsewhere in the same creeks.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal Guidance: DO NOT BURN TREATED WOOD. Do not use pressure treated chips or sawdust as mulch. Dispose of in accordance with local, state and federal regulations. This product is exempted as a hazardous waste under any sections of the RCRA regulations as long as the product is being utilized for its intended end use as stated in 40 CFR 261.4 (b) (9). State run hazardous waste programs may be more stringent.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT Hazardous Material Classification: This material is not regulated as a hazardous material by the DOT.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

RCRA (40 CFR 261): DO NOT BURN TREATED WOOD. Do not use pressure treated chips or sawdust as mulch. Dispose of in accordance with local, state and federal regulations. This product is exempted as a hazardous waste under any sections of the RCRA regulations as long as the product is being utilized for its intended end use as stated in 40 CFR 261.4 (b) (9). Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine at the time of disposal, whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. Check local and state regulations, as they may be more stringent.

OSHA (29 CFR 1910.1200): This product is regulated under the Hazard Communication Standard. SARA 313 (40 CFR 372): Unless exempted, this product may require a Toxic Release Inventory reporting for individual material uses of 25,000 pounds or more. Reporting is under Copper Compounds, Chromium Compounds and Arsenic Compounds. It is the user's responsibility to determine applicability of reporting requirements and exemptions.

California Proposition 65: This product contains chemicals known to the state of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm. (This statement issued in accordance with California Proposition 65). **NFPA:** Refer to NFPA 654, *Standard for the Prevention of Fire and Dust Explosions from the Manufacturing, Processing, and Handling of Combustible Particulate Solids*, for safe handling.

ABBREVIATIONS

OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration	TLV	Threshold Limit Value
NFPA	National Fire Protection Association	STEL	Short-Term Exposure Limit •
FIFRA	Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act	RCRA	Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
CERCLA	Comprehensive Environmental Response,	ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial
	Compensation, and Liability Act		Hygienists
SARA	Superfund Authorization and Reauthorization Act	NIOSH	National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health
PEL	Permissible Exposure Limit	TSCA	Toxic Substances Control Act
DOT	Department of Transportation	IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
NTP	National Toxicology Program	IBC	International Building Code
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations	mg/m3	Milligrams per cubic meter
CWA	Clean Water Act	CAA	Clean Air Act
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service		

NOTICE: While the information and recommendations set forth herein are believed to be accurate as of the date hereof this company makes no guarantee or warranty, expressed or implied, as to the accuracy, reliability, or completeness of the information.



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

FOR ANY EMERGENCY, 24 HOURS / 7 DAYS, CALL:

FOR ALL TRANSPORTATION ACCIDENTS, CALL CHEMTREC®:

FOR ALL MSDS QUESTIONS & REQUESTS, CALL:

1-800-654-6911 (OUTSIDE

USA: 1-423-780-2970) 1-800-424-9300 (OUTSIDE

USA: 1-703-527-3887) 1-800-511-MSDS (OUTSIDE

USA: 1-423-780-2347)

PRODUCT NAME: WOLMANAC® Concentrate 60%

EPA Registration Number: 62190-14, Canadian Registration Number:

21226

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Arch Wood Protection, Inc. 5660 New Northside Drive, NW

Suite 1100

Atlanta, GA 30328

REVISION DATE:

SUPERCEDES:

10/13/2009

04/02/2009

MSDS Number:

SYNONYMS:

00000001388 **Chromated Copper Arsenate**

Inorganic acid

CHEMICAL FAMILY: DESCRIPTION / USE:

Restricted Use - Wood Preservative

FORMULA: None established

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

OSHA Hazard Classification:

Toxic by ingestion, dermal contact, and inhalation, Corrosive to eyes, skin and mucous membranes, Lung toxin, Carcinogen., Possible skin sensitizer

Routes of Entry:

Chemical Interactions:

Inhalation, skin, eyes, ingestion No known or reported interactions.

Medical Conditions Aggravated:

Respiratory diseases including asthma and bronchitis, Preexisting

skin, liver, kidney, or eye disorders may be aggravated by

overexposure

Human Threshold Response Data

Odor Threshold

Not established for product.

Irritation Threshold

Not established for product.





Hazardous Materials Identification System / National Fire Protection Association Classifications

Hazard Ratings:	<u>Health</u>	Flammability	Physical / Instability	PPI / Special hazard.
HMIS	3*	0	0	<u>riazara.</u>
NFPA	3	0	0	

Immediate (Acute) Health Effects

Inhalation Toxicity Toxic by inhalation. Exposure to high concentrations may result in

alterations to the liver. Inhalation of this material may produce severe irritating and/or corrosive effects to the nose, mouth, throat, and respiratory tract. It may cause burns which can result in symptoms which may include coughing, wheezing, choking, shortness of breath, chest

pain, and impairment of lung function. Inhalation of high concentrations can also result in permanent lung damage.

Toxic if absorbed through the skin. Dermal exposure can cause severe Skin Toxicity:

> irritation and/or burns characterized by redness, swelling, and scab formation. Prolonged skin exposure may cause permanent damage. Corrosive. Burns can occur following exposure. Direct contact may

> cause impairment of vision, corneal damage and/or blindness. Rinsing

of the eye should take place immediately.

Toxic if swallowed. Exposure to large quantities of this material may Ingestion Toxicity:

result in liver and kidney damage, based on animal studies. Irritation and/or burns can occur to the entire gastrointestinal tract, including the stomach and intestines, characterized by nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, abdominal pain, bleeding, and/or tissue ulceration or perforation.

Aspiration may lead to lung damage.

This product is corrosive to all tissues contacted and upon inhalation, Acute Target Organ Toxicity:

may cause irritation to mucous membranes and respiratory tract.

Prolonged (Chronic) Health Effects

Carcinogenicity: The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has classified

a component or components of this product as a Group 1 substance,

Carcinogenic to Humans.

Reproductive and

Developmental Toxicity:

Inhalation:

Eye Toxicity:

No reproductive or developmental risk to humans is expected from

exposure to this product.

Prolonged or repeated inhalation may cause lung damage. May cause:

Dental erosion

Skin Contact: Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause extensive permanent skin damage.

Skin Absorption: Prolonged or repeated exposure, may result in toxic amounts being

absorbed through the skin.

There are no known or reported effects from chronic ingestion except for Ingestion:

effects similar to those experienced from single exposure. The acute corrosivity of this product, makes chronic ingestion of significant

amounts unlikely.

Eye Contact: Prolonged contact may result in permanent damage. Corneal

involvement or visual impairment is expected.

Sensitization: May cause allergic skin sensitization in some individuals.

WOLMANAC® Concentrate 60%

REVISION DATE: 10/13/2009 Page 2 of 16





Chronic Target Organ Toxicity:

Chronic overexposure to this product may cause damage to the skin,

respiratory tract, teeth and eyes.

Supplemental Health Hazard

Information:

No additional health information available.

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

CAS OR CHEMICAL NAME	CAS#	% RANGE
CHROMIC ACID (CRO3)	7738-94-5	- 28.50
COPPER OXIDE	1317-38-0	- 11.1
	•	
ARSENIC ACID	7778-39-4	- 60.00

Product (CCA Concentrate 60%)

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General Advice: Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. For 24-hour

emergency medical assistance, call Arch Chemical Emergency Action Network at 1-800-654-6911. Have the product container or label with you when calling a

poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

IF INHALED: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an Inhalation:

ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible.

Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin Skin Contact:

immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or

doctor for treatment advice.

Eye Contact: IF IN EYES: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20

minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then

continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF SWALLOWED: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment

advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce

vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give

anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Ingestion:



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Notes to Physician:

Massive overexposure to chromic acid could lead to kidney failure and death. Death has been avoided in several such cases through the use of early renal dialysis. An effective treatment has been shown to be administration of ascorbic acid by mouth or intravenously. Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammability Summary (OSHA):

Product is not known to be flammable, combustible or pyrophoric.

Flammable Properties

Flash Point:

Not applicable

Autoignition Temperature:

Not applicable

Fire / Explosion Hazards:

Material will not ignite or burn. Closed containers may explode (due to the build up of steam pressure) when exposed to extreme heat.

During a fire, irritating and highly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion.

Extinguishing Media:

Fire Fighting Instructions:

Choose extinguishing media suitable for surrounding materials.

Response to this material requires the use of a full encapsulated suit and full-face (NIOSH approved) self-contained breathing apparatus

(SCBA). Use water to cool containers.

Hazardous Combustion Products:

During a fire, irritating and highly toxic gases may be generated by

thermal decomposition or combustion.

Upper Flammable / Explosive Limit, % in air:

Not applicable

Lower Flammable / Explosive Limit, % in air:

Not applicable

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Protection for Emergency

Situations:

Additional protective clothing must be worn to prevent personal contact with this material. Those items include but are not limited to

boots, impervious gloves, hard hat, splash-proof goggles,

impervious clothing, i.e., chemically impermeable suit, self-contained

breathing apparatus.

Spill Mitigation Procedures

Air Release:

Hazardous concentrations in air may be found in local spill area and immediately downwind. Vapors may be suppressed by the use of

water fog. Contain all liquid for treatment and/or disposal as a

(potential) hazardous waste.

Water Release:

This material is soluble in water. Notify all downstream users of possible contamination. Divert water flow around spill if possible and

safe to do so. Contain all liquid for treatment and/or disposal as a (potential) hazardous waste.

Dept. of Environment Protection

WOLMANAC® Concentrate 60%

REVISION DATE:

10/13/2009

Page 4 of 16

APR 02 2012

Southwest District





Land Release: Create a dike or trench to contain materials. Absorb spill with inert

material (e.g., dry sand, clay, earth or commercial absorbent), then place in a chemical waste container. Do not place spill materials back in their original containers. Contain all liquid for treatment

and/or disposal as a (potential) hazardous waste.

Additional Spill Information: Stop source of spill as soon as possible and notify appropriate

personnel. Utilize emergency response personal protection equipment prior to the start of any response. Evacuate all nonessential personnel. Dispose of spill residues per guidelines under

Section 13, Disposal Consideration.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Storage:

Handling: Handle in accord with label precautions. An eye wash and safety

shower should be provided in the immediate work area. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Do not take internally. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing by wearing proper protective equipment. Upon contact with skin or eyes, wash off with water. Use only with

adequate ventilation. Wash hands thoroughly before eating, drinking, using tobacco products, and/or using restrooms. Store in a cool, dry and well ventilated place. Isolate from

incompatible materials. Protect from physical damage. Keep away from food and drinking water. Keep containers tightly closed when

not in use.

Incompatible Materials for Storage: organic materials with high surface area such as rags, cotton waste,

sawdust, etc. galvanized metal strong alkalies aluminum alloys zinc

Reducing agents

Empty Container Warning: Empty containers retain product residue (liquid and/or vapor) and

can be dangerous. Offer empty container for recycling or dispose of in accordance with all federal, state, or local requirements. If empty containers are disposed (not recycled), containers must be triple rinsed to ensure removal of all product. All rinse water should always be directed into a sump or pit that is pumped back to the makeup water tank. All product labels should be removed.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ventilation: Local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls are normally required

when handling or using this product to keep airborne exposures below the

TLV, PEL or other recommended exposure limit.

Protective Equipment for Routine Use of Product

Respiratory Protection: Wear a NIOSH approved respirator if levels above the exposure limits are

possible.

Respirator Type: A NIOSH approved air purifying respirator with acid gas cartridge and P100

WOLMANAC® Concentrate 60%

REVISION DATE: 10/13/2009 Page 5 of 16



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

filter. Air purifying respirators should not be used in oxygen deficient or IDLH atmospheres or if exposure concentrations exceed ten (10) times the

published limit. A NIOSH approved full-face or half-face respirator in

combination with chemical goggles.

Skin Protection: Wear impervious gloves, boots and apron to avoid skin contact. A full

impervious suit is recommended if exposure is possible to a large portion of

the body.

Eye Protection:

Protective Clothing Type:

General Protective

Measures:

Use chemical goggles and a faceshield.

Polyvinyl chloride, Polyethylene, Butyl rubber

An eye wash and safety shower should be provided in the immediate work area. OSHA's Inorganic Acid and Hexavalent Chromium Standards do not

apply to workers applying this pesticide in accordance with the label

instructions.

Exposure Limit Data

CHEMICAL NAME CHROMICACID (CRO3)	<u>CAS #</u> 7738-94-5	Name of Limit ZUS_OSHAP1	Exposure 10.005 mg/m3 TWA See 1910.1026. See Table Z-2 for the exposure Table Z-2 for the exposure limit for any operations or sectors where the exposure limit in 1910.1026 is stayed or are otherwise not in effect.
CHROMIC ACID (CRO3)	7738-94-5	ZUS_OSHAP2	0.001 mg/m3 Calculated as CrO3 CEIL This standard applies to any operations or sectors for which the exposure limit in the Chromium (VI) standard, Sec. 1910.1026, is stayed or is otherwise not in effect., Z37.7-1971
CHROMIC ACID (CRO3)	7738-94-5	ZUS_OSHAPO	0.1 mg/m3 Calculated as CrO3 CEIL See Table Z-2.





CHROMIC ACID (CRO3)	7738-94-5	ZUS_ACGIH	0.05 mg/m3 Calculated as Cr TWA soluble NOC = not otherwise classified., 1994-1995 Adoption, Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices (see BEI® section), Substances for which the TLV is higher than the OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL) and/or the NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limit (REL). See CFR 58(124):36338-33351, June 30, 1993, for revised OSHA PEL., Substance identified by other sources as a suspected or confirmed human carcinogen., Refers to Appendix A Carcinogens.
CHROMIC ACID (CRO3)	7738-94-5	ZUS_OSHAP2	1 mg/10m3 CEIL
CHROMIC ACID (CRO3) CHROMIC ACID (CRO3)	7738-94-5 7738-94-5	ZUS_OSHAPO NIOSH-IDLH	250 mg/m3
COPPER OXIDE	1317-38-0	NIOSH-IDLH	100 mg/m3
ARSENIC ACID	7778-39-4	ZUS_OSHAP1	0.01 mg/m3 Calculated as As TWA
ARSENIC ACID	7778-39-4	ZUS_OSHAPO	0.01 mg/m3 Calculated as As TWA Sec. 1910.1018 Inorganic arsenic.
ARSENIC ACID	7778-39-4	ZUS_ACGIH	0,01 mg/m3 Calculated as As TWA Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices (see BEI® section), Substances for which the TLV is higher than the OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL) and/or the NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limit (REL). See CFR 58(124):36338-33351, June 30, 1993, for revised OSHA PEL., Substance identified by other sources as a suspected or confirmed human carcinogen., Refers to Appendix A Carcinogens.





ARSENIC ACID

7778-39-4

NIOSH-IDLH

5 mg/m3

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State:

liquid

Form Color: Odor: Free flowing Orange/brown

Molecular Weight: Specific Gravity: faint, Metallic None established Approximately1.8000

pH:

Approximately 1.0000

Boiling Point: Freezing Point: 107 DEG°C / 224 DEG°F -30 DEG°C / -22 DEG°F

Melting Point: Density: Not applicable approx.15.0000lb/gal

Vapor Pressure:

Not available

Vapor Density: Viscosity:

Not available

Fat Solubility:

77.00 DEG°F 23.000 CPS

Solubility in Water:

No data soluble

Partition coefficient n-

Not available.

octanol/water: Evaporation Rate:

No e

Ovidizioa

No data

Oxidizing: Volatiles, % by vol.: The substance has no oxidizing properties

VOC Content

Not applicable

HAP Content

No data

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability and Reactivity Summary:

Stable under normal conditions. Product will not undergo

hazardous polymerization.

Conditions to Avoid:

Sparks, open flame, other ignition sources, and elevated

temperatures.

Chemical Incompatibility:

Organic materials with high surface area such as rags, cotton waste, sawdust, etc., galvanized metal, strong alkalies, aluminum

alloys, zinc, Reducing agents

Hazardous Decomposition Products:

Chromium, arsenic, and copper fumes, Toxic arsine gas can be

generated in the presence of aluminum and zinc reducing agents

under certain conditions.

Decomposition Temperature:

No data

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Component Animal Toxicology

Oral LD50 value:

WOLMANAC® Concentrate 60%

REVISION DATE: 10/13/2009

Page 8 of 16



CHROMIC ACID (CRO3)

LD50 = 80 mg/kg Rat

COPPER OXIDE ARSENIC ACID

LD50 (97.6% Active Ingredient) > 5.050 mg/kg LD50 (75% Active Ingredient) = 134 mg/kg Rat

Dermal LD50 value:

CHROMIC ACID (CRO3)

No data

COPPER OXIDE

LD50 (97.6% Active Ingredient) > 2,020 mg/kg

ARSENIC ACID No data

Inhalation LC50 value:

CHROMIC ACID (CRO3)

COPPER OXIDE

No data Inhalation LC50 4 h (97.6% Active Ingredient) > 2.08 MG/L Rat

ARSENIC ACID

Inhalation LC50 1 h (aerosol), (Whole-body), (75% Active Ingredient) = 1.16 MG/L

ARSENIC ACID

Inhalation LC50 4 h (aerosol), (Whole-body), (75% Active Ingredient) = 0.29 MG/L

Rat

Product Animal Toxicity

Oral LD50 value:

LD50 = 188 mg/kg Rat FemaleLD50 = 192 mg/kg Rat Male

Dermal LD50 value:

Inhalation LC50

LD50 = 520 mg/kg Rabbit Inhalation LC50 Believed to be > 2.0 and < 3.6 mg/l (1 hr., rat) (aerosol), based

value: on a terminated study.

Skin Irritation:

This material is expected to be corrosive. This material is expected to be corrosive.

Eye Irritation: Skin Sensitization:

May cause allergic skin sensitization in some individuals.

Acute Toxicity:

This product is corrosive to all tissues contacted and upon inhalation, may cause

irritation to mucous membranes and respiratory tract.

Subchronic / Chronic

Toxicity:

Chronic overexposure to this product may cause damage to the skin, respiratory

tract, teeth and eyes.

Reproductive and

Developmental Toxicity:

At high doses significant maternal toxicity and fetotoxicity was observed.

However, no developmental or teratogenic effects were observed.

ARSENIC ACID

This product has been tested in laboratory animals and

was found to cause developmental toxicity only at

maternally toxic doses.

Mutagenicity: •

Not known or reported to be mutagenic.

CHROMIC ACID (CRO3)

Not known or reported to be mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity:

The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has classified a

component or components of this product as a Group 1 substance,

Carcinogenic to Humans.

CHROMIC ACID (CRO3)

Cancers in humans have followed from long term occupational exposure to nonwater-soluble hexavalent chromium. Insoluble forms of hexavalent chromium have been shown to be a human carcinogen by inhalation. Other routes of exposure are not classifiable

as to human carcinogenicity.

WOLMANAC® Concentrate 60%

REVISION DATE: 10/13/2009

Page 9.of 16



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

ARSENIC ACID

The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has classified this product or a component of this product as a Group 1 substance, Carcinogenic to Humans.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Overview:

Because of the low pH of this product, it would be expected to produce significant ecotoxicity upon exposure to aquatic organisms and aquatic systems., Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, ponds, streams, estuaries, oceans or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA.

Ecological Toxicity Values for: COPPER OXIDE

Mosquito fish - (nominal, static). 96 h LC50 > 56,000 mg/l

Ecological Toxicity Values for: Product (CCA Concentrate 60%)

Bluegill sunfish - 96 h LC50 = 90.3 mg/l (CCA Concentrate 40%)

Rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus - 96 h LC50 = 0.84 mg/l (CCA Concentrate 40%)

mykiss)

Mallard duck - 8 day dietary LD50 > 4,640 ppm (CCA Concentrate 40%)

Bobwhite quail

- 8 day dietary LD50 = 920 ppm (CCA Concentrate 40%)

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

CARE MUST BE TAKEN TO PREVENT ENVIRONMENTAL CONTAMINATION FROM THE USE OF THE MATERIAL. THE USER OF THE MATERIAL HAS THE RESPONSIBILITY TO DISPOSE OF UNUSED MATERIAL, RESIDUES AND CONTAINERS IN COMPLIANCE WITH ALL RELEVANT LOCAL, STATE AND FEDERAL LAWS AND REGULATIONS REGARDING TREATMENT, STORAGE AND DISPOSAL FOR HAZARDOUS AND NONHAZARDOUS WASTES.

Waste Disposal Summary:

If this product becomes a waste, it will be a hazardous waste.

Potential US EPA Waste Codes:

D004, D007

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land (US DOT):

UN2922 RQ, CORROSIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (ARSENIC ACID,

WOLMANAC® Concentrate 60%

REVISION DATE: 10/13/2009

Page 10 of 16



CHROMIC ACID) 8 6.1 II

Water (IMDG):

UN2922 RQ, CORROSIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S., (ARSENIC ACID,

CHROMIC ACID) 8 6.1 II

MARINE POLLUTANT

Flash Point: Not applicable

Air (IATA):

UN2922 RQ, CORROSIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S., (ARSENIC ACID,

CHROMIC ACID) 8 6.1 II

Emergency Response Guide Number:

ERG # 154

Transportation Notes:

Material is not regulated as a marine pollutant for ground transportation within the US if shipped in non-bulk packages.

EMS:

F-A, S-B

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

UNITED STATES:

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA):

This is an EPA registered pesticide.

EPA Pesticide Registration Number:

62190-14, Canadian Registration Number: 21226

FIFRA Listing of Pesticide Chemicals (40 CFR 180):

This product is regulated under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act. "It must be used for purposes consistent with its labeling." Restricted Use Pesticide DUE TO

ACUTE TOXICITY AND BECAUSE THIS PRODUCT

CONTAINS ARSENIC AND/OR CHROMIUM COMPOUNDS SOME TYPES OF WHICH HAVE BEEN ASSOCIATED WITH TUMOR DEVELOPMENT IN HUMANS For retail sale to and use only by certified applicators or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the certified

applicator certification.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) Title III:

Hazard Categories Sections 311 / 312 (40 CFR 370.2):

Health Physical Immediate (Acute) Health Hazard, Delayed (Chronic) Health Hazard

Emergency Planning & Community Right to Know (40 CFR 355, App. A):

Extremely Hazardous Substance Section 302 - Threshold Planning Quantity:

ZUS SAR302

TPQ (threshold planning None established

quantity)

Reportable Quantity (49 CFR 172.101, Appendix):

ZUS CERCLA Reportable quantity

If >1/2 gallon (7.5 lbs) as CCA 60% is released into the environment, the arsenic RQ of 1 pound

will be exceeded.CHROMIC ACID Value: 10lbs

Lead

Lead (D008)

WOLMANAC® Concentrate 60%

REVISION DATE:

10/13/2009

Page 11 of 16



Value: 10lbs

Lead

Lead (D008) Value: 10lbs

Arsenic acid H3AsO4

Value: 1lbs

ZUS_SAR302 Reportable quantity None established

Supplier Notification Requirements (40 CFR 372.45), 313 Reportable Components

ZUS SAR313

De minimis concentration

Lead

Value: 0.1%

Arsenic compounds (Carcinogenic)

Value: 0.1%

Clean Air Act Toxic ARP Section 112r:

CAA 112R

None established

Clean Air Act Socmi:

HON SOC

None established

Clean Air Act VOC Section 111:

CAA 111

None established

Clean Air Act Haz. Air Pollutants Section 112:

ZUS_CAAHAP

None established

ZUS_CAAHRP

None established

CAA AP

None established

State Right-to-Know Regulations Status of Ingredients

Pennsylvania:

i cilioyi valina.		
CAS#	COMPONENT NAME	
7738-94-5	CHROMIC ACID (CRO3)	
1317-38-0	COPPER OXIDE	
7439-92-1	LEAD	
7778-39-4	ARSENIC ACID	

ZUSPA_RTK

Pennsylvania: Hazardous substance list

1989-08-11 CHROMIC ACID Environmental hazard

Pennsylvania: Hazardous substance list

1990-01-01

WOLMANAC® Concentrate 60%

REVISION DATE: 10/13/2009

Page 12 of 16



MATERIAL SAFET DATA SHEET

COPPER COMPOUNDS

Environmental hazard, hazardous substance

Pennsylvania: Hazardous substance list

1990-01-01 LEAD

Environmental hazard, hazardous substance

Pennsylvania: Hazardous substance list

1989-08-11

LEAD

Environmental hazard

Pennsylvania: Hazardous substance list

1989-08-11 ARSENIC ACID Environmental hazard

New Jersev:

CAS#	COMPONENT NAME	
7738-94-5	CHROMIC ACID (CRO3)	-
1317-38-0	COPPER OXIDE	
7439-92-1	LEAD	
7778-39-4	ARSENIC ACID	

ZUSNJ RTK

New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List (RTK-HSL)

2007-03-01

CHROMIC ACID CHROMIUM(6+) ACID

Special Health Hazard - Carcinogen, Special Health Hazard - Corrosive

New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List (RTK-HSL)

1989-12-01

COPPER compounds

hazardous substance

New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List (RTK-HSL)

1989-12-01

COPPER, all inorganic compounds of

hazardous substance

New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List (RTK-HSL)

2007-03-01

COPPER COMPOUNDS

New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List (RTK-HSL)

2007-03-01

LEAD

Special Health Hazard - Carcinogen, Special Health Hazard - Teratogen

WOLMANAC® Concentrate 60%

REVISION DATE: 10/13/2009

Page 13 of 16



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List (RTK-HSL) 2007-03-01 ARSENIC ACID ARSENIC ACID (H3AsO4) Special Health Hazard - Carcinogen

Massachusetts:

CAS#	COMPONENT NAME	
7738-94-5	CHROMIC ACID (CRO3)	÷
7439-92-1	LEAD	
7778-39-4	ARSENIC ACID	

ZUSMA RTK

Massachusetts Right to Know List of Chemicals and Hazard Classifications 1993-04-24 CHROMIC ACID

Massachusetts Right to Know List of Chemicals and Hazard Classifications
1993-04-24
LEAD
Teratogen. Sufficient evidence of teratogenic risk in humans.

Massachusetts Right to Know List of Chemicals and Hazard Classifications 1993-04-24 ARSENIC ACID

California Proposition 65:

CAS#	COMPONENT NAME	
7738-94-5	CHROMIC ACID (CRO3)	
7439-92-1	LEAD	
7778-39-4	ARSENIC ACID	٠,

ZUSCA_P65

California Proposition 65. Safe drinking water and toxic enforcement act. Chromium (hexavalent compounds)
Carcinogen

California Proposition 65. Safe drinking water and toxic enforcement act. Maximum Allowable Dose Level $0.5~\mu g/day$ Lead

Developmental toxin. Female reproductive toxin. Male reproductive toxin

California Proposition 65. Safe drinking water and toxic enforcement act. No Significant Risk Levels 15 $\mu g/day$ oral intake Lead

WOLMANAC® Concentrate 60%

REVISION DATE: 10/13/2009

Page 14 of 16



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Developmental toxin. Female reproductive toxin. Male reproductive toxin

California Proposition 65. Safe drinking water and toxic enforcement act. Maximum Allowable Dose Level Lead

California Proposition 65. Safe drinking water and toxic enforcement act. No Significant Risk Levels 15 micrograms per day Oral Lead

California Proposition 65. Safe drinking water and toxic enforcement act. Lead Female reproductive toxin.

California Proposition 65. Safe drinking water and toxic enforcement act. Lead
Carcinogen

California Proposition 65. Safe drinking water and toxic enforcement act. Lead Male reproductive toxin

California Proposition 65. Safe drinking water and toxic enforcement act. Lead Developmental toxin.

California Proposition 65. Safe drinking water and toxic enforcement act. Arsenic (inorganic arsenic compounds)
Carcinogen

WHMIS Hazard Classification:

Ingredient Disclosure List (WHMIS) 2007-08-24 Threshold limits: 1 Weight % 79 Chromic acid

Ingredient Disclosure List (WHMIS) 1988-01-20 Threshold limits: 1 Weight % 431 COPPER COMPOUNDS, N.O.S.

Ingredient Disclosure List (WHMIS) 2007-08-24 Threshold limits: 1 Weight % 577 Copper compounds





Ingredient Disclosure List (WHMIS) 1988-01-20 Threshold limits: 0.1 Weight % 940 LEAD, ELEMENTAL

Ingredient Disclosure List (WHMIS) 2007-08-24 Threshold limits: 0.1 Weight % 65 Arsenic acid

16. OTHER INFORMATION

MSDS REVISION STATUS:

Revised to meet the ANSI standard of 16 sections.

SECTIONS REVISED:

Major References:

Available upon request.

THIS MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET (MSDS) HAS BEEN PREPARED IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE FEDERAL OSHA HAZARD COMMUNICATION STANDARD, 29 CFR 1910.1200. THE INFORMATION IN THIS MSDS SHOULD BE PROVIDED TO ALL WHO WILL USE, HANDLE, STORE, TRANSPORT, OR OTHERWISE BE EXPOSED TO THIS PRODUCT. THIS INFORMATION HAS BEEN PREPARED FOR THE GUIDANCE OF PLANT ENGINEERING, OPERATIONS AND MANAGEMENT AND FOR PERSONS WORKING WITH OR HANDLING THIS PRODUCT. ARCH CHEMICAL'S BELIEVES THIS INFORMATION TO BE RELIABLE AND UP TO DATE AS OF THE DATE OF PUBLICATION BUT, MAKES NO WARRANTY THAT IT IS. ADDITIONALLY, IF THIS MSDS IS MORE THAN THREE YEARS OLD, YOU SHOULD CONTACT ARCH CHEMICALS MSDS CONTROL AT THE PHONE NUMBER ON THE FRONT PAGE TO MAKE CERTAIN THAT THIS DOCUMENT IS CURRENT...