

June 9, 2003

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BUREAU OF AIR REGULATION

Mr. Greg DeAngelo, P.E. Florida Department of Environmental Protection Bureau of Air Regulation, New Source Review Section 2600 Blair Stone Road, MS 5505 Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400

Re:

Hines Energy Complex - Power Block 2

DEP File No. 1050234-004-AC/Air Permit No. PSD-FL-296A and

Siting Certification PA92-335A

Request for Modification

Dear Mr. DeAngelo:

Please find enclosed one original and three copies of an application to modify Permit No. PSD-FL-296A. The main focus of this request is to modify and update the current permit language related to requirements to demonstrate compliance with particulate matter emissions. Specifically, requesting the use of fuel specifications and visible emissions as a means of compliance verification in lieu of particulate matter stack testing requirements.

Although the above issue is the primary focus of this modification, there are also several consistency and clarification issues that Progress Energy Florida would like to address at this time. These involve revising the language and/or format of the current permit conditions to the language and format of the more recently issued draft permit (PSD-FL-330) for Power Block 3 at this facility. These suggested changes in language and/or format are not intended to modify the intent of the current conditions, only provide clarification and/or consistency with Permit PSD-FL-330.

A copy of the requested changes to the language and format to Permit PSD-FL-296A is attached to the permit modification application

Should you have any questions regarding this information, please contact me at (813) 826-4363.

Sincerely

Jamie Hunter

Lead Environmental Specialist

jjh/JJH065

Enclosures

c: Al Linero – FDEP New Source Review Hamilton Oven – FDEP Siting Office Roger Zirkle – Progress Energy Florida

Ken Kosky - Golder

Progress Energy Florida, Inc.

P.O Box 14042

St. Petersburg, FL 33733

bc:

Gus Schaefer, HE44 (w/enc)

Mike Kennedy, BB1A Randy Melton, HE44

File (w/enc): Hines Energy Complex/Power Block 2 – SCA Project/Air Correspondence

Addresses for copy list:

Mr. Hamilton Oven, P.E., Administrator Office of Siting Coordination Florida Department of Environmental Protection 2600 Blair Stone Road, MS 48 Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400

Mr. Al Linero, P.E., Administrator New Source Review Section Division of Air Resources Management Florida Department of Environmental Protection 2600 Blair Stone Road, MS 5505 Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400

Mr. Ken Kosky Golder Associates 6241 NW 23rd Street, Suite 500 Gainesville, FL 32653-1500

APPLICATION FOR AIR PERMIT - TITLE V SOURCE

See Instructions for Form No. 62-210.900(1)

I. APPLICATION INFORMATION

Iden	tification	of Facility

10	entitleation of Authory		
1.	Facility Owner/Company Name: Progress Energy Florida		
2.	Site Name:		
	Hines Energy Complex		
3.	Facility Identification Number:	[X] U	Inknown
4.	Facility Location: Street Address or Other Locato City: Bartow	r: 7700 County Road 555; 2. £	5 miles South of CR 640 Zip Code: 33830
5.	Relocatable Facility?	6. Existing Pe	ermitted Facility?
	[] Yes [X] No	[X] Yes	_
A	oplication Contact		
1.	Name and Title of Application (Contact:	
	Jamie Hunter I ead Environmen	etal Specialist	

Jamie Hunter, Lead Environmental Specialist

2. Application Contact Mailing Address:

Organization/Firm: Progress Energy Florida

A A January D. D. Day 44040 MAC DD4

Street Address: P.O. Box 14042, MAC BB1A
City: St. Petersburg State:

St. Petersburg State: FL Zip Code: 33733-4042

3. Application Contact Telephone Numbers:

Telephone: (727) 826 - 4363 Fax: (727) 826 - 4216

Application Processing Information (DEP Use)

1. Date of Receipt of Application:	6-10-03	
2. Permit Number:	1050234-007-AC	
3. PSD Number (if applicable):		
4. Siting Number (if applicable):	<u>:</u>	

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BUREAU OF AIR REGULATION

DEP Form No. 62-210.900(1) - Form Effective: 2/11/99

0237539/4/4.3/4.3.1 Pages1-6/Progress-Hines_DB_Form1 6/3/03

1

Purpose of Application

Air Operation Permit Application

Tŀ	iis	Application for Air Permit is submitted to obtain: (Check one)
[]	Initial Title V air operation permit for an existing facility which is classified as a Title V source.
[]	Initial Title V air operation permit for a facility which, upon start up of one or more newly constructed or modified emissions units addressed in this application, would become classified as a Title V source.
		Current construction permit number:
[]	Title V air operation permit revision to address one or more newly constructed or modified emissions units addressed in this application.
		Current construction permit number:
		Operation permit number to be revised:
1]	Title V air operation permit revision or administrative correction to address one or more proposed new or modified emissions units and to be processed concurrently with the air construction permit application. (Also check Air Construction Permit Application below.)
		Operation permit number to be revised/corrected:
1]	Title V air operation permit revision for reasons other than construction or modification of an emissions unit. Give reason for the revision; e.g., to comply with a new applicable requirement or to request approval of an "Early Reductions" proposal.
		Operation permit number to be revised:
		Reason for revision:
A	ir (Construction Permit Application
Ti	uis	Application for Air Permit is submitted to obtain: (Check one)
[]	(]	Air construction permit to construct or modify one or more emissions units.
[]	Air construction permit to make federally enforceable an assumed restriction on the potential emissions of one or more existing, permitted emissions units.
[]	Air construction permit for one or more existing, but unpermitted, emissions units.

0237539/4/4.3/4.3.1 Pages1-6/Progress-Hines_DB_Form1 2

Owner/Authorized Representative or Responsible Official

1. Name and Title of Owner/Authorized Representative or Responsible Official: Roger Zirkle - Plant Manager/Responsible Official

2. Owner/Authorized Representative or Responsible Official Mailing Address:

Organization/Firm: Progress Energy Florida

Street Address: P.O. Box 14042, MAC HE44

City: St. Petersburg State: FL Zip Code: 33733-4042

3. Owner/Authorized Representative or Responsible Official Telephone Numbers:

Telephone: (863) 519 - 6103

Fax: (863) 519 - 6110

4. Owner/Authorized Representative or Responsible Official Statement:

I, the undersigned, am the owner or authorized representative*(check here [], if so) or the responsible official (check here [X], if so) of the Title V source addressed in this application, whichever is applicable. I hereby certify, based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, that the statements made in this application are true, accurate and complete and that, to the best of my knowledge, any estimates of emissions reported in this application are based upon reasonable techniques for calculating emissions. The air pollutant emissions units and air pollution control equipment described in this application will be operated and maintained so as to comply with all applicable standards for control of air pollutant emissions found in the statutes of the State of Florida and rules of the Department of Environmental Protection and revisions thereof. I understand that a permit, if granted by the Department, cannot be transferred without authorization from the Department, and I will promptly notify the Department upon sale or legal transfer of any permitted emissions unit.

Signature

6/3/03

Professional Engineer Certification

1. Professional Engineer Name: Kennard F. Kosky

Registration Number: 14996

2. Professional Engineer Mailing Address:

Organization/Firm: Golder Associates Inc.*

Street Address: 6241 NW 23rd Street, Suite 500

3

City: Gainesville

State: FL

Zip Code: **32653-1500**

3. Professional Engineer Telephone Numbers:

Telephone: (352) 336 - 5600

Fax: (352) 336 - 6603

DEP Form No. 62-210.900(1) - Form Effective: 2/11/99

0237539/4/4.3/4.3.1 Pages 1-6/Progress-Hines DB Form1 6/3/03

^{*} Attach letter of authorization if not currently on file.

^{*} Board of Professional Engineers Certificate of Authorization #00001670

- 4. Professional Engineer Statement:
 - I, the undersigned, hereby certify, except as particularly noted herein*, that:
 - (1) To the best of my knowledge, there is reasonable assurance that the air pollutant emissions unit(s) and the air pollution control equipment described in this Application for Air Permit, when properly operated and maintained, will comply with all applicable standards for control of air pollutant emissions found in the Florida Statutes and rules of the Department of Environmental Protection; and
 - (2) To the best of my knowledge, any emission estimates reported or relied on in this application are true, accurate, and complete and are either based upon reasonable techniques available for calculating emissions or, for emission estimates of hazardous air pollutants not regulated for an emissions unit addressed in this application, based solely upon the materials, information and calculations submitted with this application.

If the purpose of this application is to obtain a Title V source air operation permit (check here [], if so), I further certify that each emissions unit described in this Application for Air Permit, when properly operated and maintained, will comply with the applicable requirements identified in this application to which the unit is subject, except those emissions units for which a compliance schedule is submitted with this application.

If the purpose of this application is to obtain an air construction permit for one or more proposed new or modified emissions units (check here [X], if so), I further certify that the engineering features of each such emissions unit described in this application have been designed or examined by me or individuals under my direct supervision and found to be in conformity with sound engineering principles applicable to the control of emissions of the air pollutants characterized in this application.

If the purpose of this application is to obtain an initial air operation permit or operation permit revision for one or more newly constructed or modified emissions units (check here [], if so), I further certify that, with the exception of any changes detailed as part of this application, each such emissions unit has been constructed or modified in substantial accordance with the information given in the corresponding application for air construction permit and with all provisions contained in such permit.

Signature $\frac{\int \int |z|}{\int |z|} \frac{\int |z|}{\int |z|}$

* Attach any exception to certification statement.

Board of Professional Engineers Certificate of Authorization #00001670

DEP Form No. 62-240.900(1) - Form Effective: 2/11/99

0237539/4/4.3/4.3.1 Pages1-6/Progress-Hines_DB_Form1 4 5/23/03

Scope of Application

Emissions Unit ID	Description of Emissions Unit	Permit Type	Processing Fee
014	CT-2a; Power Block 2	ACIA	
015	CT-2b; Power Block 2	ACIA	
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

Application Processing Fee

Check one: []	Attached - Amount: \$:	[X]	Not Applicable
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Description of Proposed Project or Alterations: Projected or Actual Date of Commencement of Construction: 01 November 2001

Application Comment

Please see enclosed for PSD permit changes to make Power Block 2 permit, PSD-FL-296A, conditions consistent with Power Block 3 permit, PSD-FL-330.

3. Projected Date of Completion of Construction: 01 June 2004

DEP Form No. 62-210.900(1) - Form Effective: 2/11/99

DRAFT PROPOSED PERMIT MODS FOR PB2 – 05/16/2003

PERMITTEE:

Progress Energy Florida P.O. Box 14042, MAC BB1A St. Petersburg, FL 33733-4042

Authorized Representative:

Roger Zirkle, Plant Manager - Hines Energy Complex

Hines Energy Complex, Power Block 2 Project No. 1050234-00X-AC Air Permit No. PSD-FL-296A SIC No. 4911

Expires: June 1, 2004

PROJECT AND LOCATION

This permit authorizes the construction of Power Block 2 at the existing Hines Energy Complex, a "2-on-1" combined cycle unit with an electrical generating capacity of approximately 530 megawatts (MW). The project will consist of two 170 MW gas turbine-electrical generator sets, two unfired heat recovery steam generator (HRSG) sets, and a single 190 MW steam turbine-electrical generator. The existing Hines Energy Complex is located in the southwest portion of Polk County, Florida, approximately 7 miles south-southwest of Bartow and 5 miles west-northwest of Fort Meade. {Permitting Note: Throughout this permit, the electrical generating capacities represent nominal values.}

UTM Zone 17; 414.4 km East; 3073.9 km North (Latitude: 27° 47' 19", Longitude: 81° 52' 10")

STATEMENT OF BASIS

This PSD air pollution construction permit is issued under the provisions of Chapter 403 of the Florida Statutes (F.S.) and Chapters 62-4, 62-204, 62-210, 62-212, 62-296, and 62-297 of the Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.). Pursuant to Chapter 62-17, F.A.C. and Chapter 403 Part II, F.S., the project is also subject to Electrical Power Plant Siting. The project was processed in accordance with Florida's program for the Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) of Air Quality. The permittee is authorized to install the proposed equipment in accordance with the conditions of this permit and as described in the application, approved drawings, plans, and other documents on file with the Department.

CONTENTS

Section I. General Information

Section II. Administrative Requirements

Section III. Emissions Units Specific Conditions

Section IV. Appendices

^ DRAFT	^ DRAFT
Howard L. Rhodes, Director Division of Air Resources Management	(Date)

FACILITY DESCRIPTION

The existing Hines Energy Complex currently consists of one operating electrical generating unit (Power Block 1). Power Block 1 is a 500 MW combined cycle power generation unit that began operation in 1999. It consists of 2 combustion turbines, 2 HRSGs, and 1 steam turbine. After completion of this project (Power Block 2), the plant will have a total generating capacity of approximately 1,030 MW.

NEW AND MODIFIED EMISSIONS UNITS

This permit authorizes construction and installation of the following new emissions units.

ID	Emission Unit Description
014	Power Block 2, CT 2A (170 MW gas turbine with unfired HRSG)
015	Power Block 2, CT 2B (170 MW gas turbine with unfired HRSG)

{Permitting Note: The Hines Energy Complex, Power Block 2 (Power Block 2, or "the project") consists of 2 gas turbine-electrical generator sets (Units CT 2A and CT 2B), 2 unfired HRSGs, and a single steam-turbine electrical generator.}

REGULATORY CLASSIFICATION

<u>Title III</u>: The existing facility is a major source of hazardous air pollutants (HAPs). This project, however, is not major for HAPs. Based on the available information, this project does not trigger the requirements for a case-by-case determination of the Maximum Available Control Technology (MACT) under Section 112(g) of the Clean Air Act (CAA, or "the Act"). This project may trigger a case-by-case MACT determination pursuant to Section 112(j) of the Act – the "MACT hammer." (See Appendix YYYY.)

<u>Title IV</u>: The facility operates emissions units subject to the acid rain provisions of the Act.

<u>Title V:</u> Because potential emissions of at least one regulated pollutant exceed 100 tons per year, the existing facility is a Title V major source of air pollution in accordance with Chapter 62-213, F.A.C. Regulated pollutants include pollutants such as carbon monoxide (CO), nitrogen oxides (NOx), particulate matter (PM/PM10), sulfur dioxide (SO2), and volatile organic compounds (VOC).

<u>PSD</u>: The project is located in an area designated as "attainment" or "unclassifiable" for each pollutant subject to a National Ambient Air Quality Standard. The facility is considered a "fossil fuel fired steam electric plant of more than 250 million British thermal units (MMBtu) per hour of heat input," which is one of the 28 PSD source categories with the lower PSD applicability threshold of 100 tons per year. Potential emissions of at least one regulated pollutant exceed 100 tons per year. Therefore, the facility is classified as a PSD-major source of air pollution with respect to Rule 62-212.400, F.A.C.

Siting: The project is subject to Electrical Power Plant Siting in accordance with Chapter 62-17, F.A.C. and Chapter 403, Part II, F.S.

PERMITTING AUTHORITY

All documents related to applications for permits to construct, operate or modify an emissions unit shall be submitted to the Bureau of Air Regulation of the Florida Department of Environmental Protection (DEP, or "the Department") at 2600 Blair Stone Road (MS #5505), Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400. Copies of all such documents shall also be submitted to the Compliance Authority.

COMPLIANCE AUTHORITY

All documents related to compliance activities such as reports, tests, and notifications shall be submitted to the Department's Southwest District Air Program, Compliance/Enforcement Section, 3804 Coconut Palm Drive, Tampa, Florida 33619-8218.

APPENDICES

The following Appendices are attached as part of this permit.

Appendix AL	Acronym List
Appendix BD	Final BACT Determinations and Emissions Standards
Appendix CF	Citation Format and Definitions
Appendix GC	General Conditions
Appendix GG	NSPS Subpart GG Requirements for Gas Turbines
Appendix SC	Standard Conditions
Appendix XS	Semiannual NSPS Excess Emissions Report
Appendix YYYY	NESHAP Subpart YYYY and 112(j) MACT Hammer

REVIEWING AND PROCESSING SCHEDULE

July 24, 2000	Received permit application and fee
August 23, 2000	Department's request for additional information
November 27, 2000	Received response to request for additional information
November 27, 2000	Application complete
January 18, 2001	Distributed Notice of Intent to Issue and supporting documents
January 24, 2001	Notice of Intent published in the Lakeland Ledger
June XX, 2003	Received permit modification request

RELEVANT DOCUMENTS

The documents listed below are not a part of this permit; however, they are specifically related to this permitting action and are on file with the Department.

- Permit application
- Department's request for additional information (Office of Siting Coordination sufficiency questions)
- Applicant's additional information
- Department's Technical Evaluation and Best Available Control Technology (BACT) Determination
- Department's Intent to Issue

SECTION II. ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS (DRAFT)

- 1. General Conditions: The permittee shall operate under the attached General Conditions listed in Appendix GC of this permit. General Conditions are binding and enforceable pursuant to Chapter 403 of the Florida Statutes. [Rule 62-4.160, F.A.C.]
- 2. Applicable Regulations, Forms and Application Procedures: Unless otherwise indicated in this permit, the construction and operation of the subject emissions unit shall be in accordance with the capacities and specifications stated in the application. The facility is subject to all applicable provisions of: Chapter 403, F.S.; Chapters 62-4, 62-204, 62-210, 62-212, 62-213, 62-296, and 62-297, F.A.C.; and 40 CFR Parts 60, 72, 73, and 75, adopted by reference in Rule 62-204.800, F.A.C. The terms used in this permit have specific meanings as defined in the applicable chapters of the F.A.C. The permittee shall use the applicable forms listed in Rule 62-210.900, F.A.C. and follow the application procedures in Chapter 62-4, F.A.C. Issuance of this permit does not relieve the permittee from compliance with any applicable federal, state, or local permitting or regulations. [Rules 62-204.800, 62-210.300 and 62-210.900, F.A.C.]
- 3. Construction and Expiration: The permit expiration date includes sufficient time to complete construction, perform required testing, submit test reports, and submit an application for a Title V operation permit to the Department. Approval to construct shall become invalid for any of the following reasons: construction is not commenced within 18 months after issuance of this permit; construction is discontinued for a period of 18 months or more; or construction is not completed within a reasonable time. The Department may extend the 18-month period upon a satisfactory showing that an extension is justified. In conjunction with an extension of the 18-month period to commence or continue construction (or to construct the project in phases), the Department may require the permittee to demonstrate the adequacy of any previous determination of BACT for emissions units regulated by the project. For good cause, the permittee may request that this PSD air construction permit be extended. Such a request shall be submitted to the Department's Bureau of Air Regulation at least sixty (60) days prior to the expiration of this permit. [Rules 62-4.070(4), 62-4.080, 62-210.300(1), and 62-212.400(6)(b), F.A.C.]
- 4. New or Additional Conditions: For good cause shown and after notice and an administrative hearing, if requested, the Department may require the permittee to conform to new or additional conditions. The Department shall allow the permittee a reasonable time to conform to the new or additional conditions, and on application of the permittee, the Department may grant additional time. [Rule 62-4.080, F.A.C.]
- 5. <u>Modifications</u>: No emissions unit or facility subject to this permit shall be constructed or modified without obtaining an air construction permit from the Department. Such permit shall be obtained prior to beginning construction or modification. [Chapters 62-210 and 62-212, F.A.C.]
- 6. Application for Title IV Permit: At least 24 months before the date on which the new unit begins serving an electrical generator greater than 25 MW, the permittee shall submit an application for a Title IV Acid Rain Permit to the Department's Bureau of Air Regulation in Tallahassee and a copy to the Region 4 Office of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency in Atlanta, Georgia. [40 CFR 72]
- 7. <u>Title V Permit</u>: This permit authorizes construction of the permitted emissions units and initial operation to determine compliance with Department rules. A Title V operation permit is required for regular operation of the permitted emissions unit. The permittee shall apply for a Title V operation permit at least 90 days prior to expiration of this permit, but no later than 180 days after commencing operation. To apply for a Title V operation permit, the applicant shall submit the appropriate application form, compliance test results, and such additional information as the Department may by law require. The application shall be submitted to the Department's Bureau of Air Regulation with a copy to the Compliance Authority. [Rules 62-4.030, 62-4.050, 62-4.220 and Chapter 62-213, F.A.C.]

POWER BLOCK 2 COMBINED CYCLE GAS TURBINES (EUs 014 AND 015)

This section of the permit addresses the following emissions units.

Emission Units 014 and 015

Description: Emission units 014 and 015 each consist of a Siemens Westinghouse 501 FD gas turbine-electrical generator set, an automated gas turbine control system, and an unfired HRSG. In addition, the project also includes a single steam turbine-electrical generator that serves both gas turbine/HRSG systems.

Fuels: Each gas turbine fires natural gas as the primary fuel and distillate oil as a restricted alternate fuel.

Generating Capacity: Both of the gas turbine-electrical generator sets have a generating capacity of 170 MW for gas firing. Exhaust from each gas turbine passes through a separate HRSG. Steam from both HRSGs is delivered to the single steam turbine-electrical generator, which has a generating capacity of 190 MW. The total generating capacity of the "2-on-1" combined cycle unit is approximately 530 MW.

Controls: The efficient combustion of natural gas and restricted firing of low sulfur distillate oil minimizes the emissions of CO, PM/PM10, SAM, SO2 and VOC. Dry low-NOx (DLN) combustion technology for gas firing and water injection for oil firing reduce NOx emissions. A selective catalytic reduction (SCR) system – in combination with DLN combustion technology for gas firing and a water injection system for oil firing – reduces NOx emissions. The HRSGs are designed and constructed such that an oxidation catalyst can be readily installed if necessary to achieve compliance with CO emission limitations.

Stack Parameters: Each HRSG has a stack that is 125 feet tall and 19 feet in diameter. The Department may require the permittee to perform additional air dispersion modeling should the actual specified stack dimensions change. The following table summarizes the exhaust characteristics for the combined cycle systems. Heat input rate is based on the higher heating value (HHV) of the fuel, assuming 1,030 British thermal units (Btu) per standard cubic feet of natural gas and 19,892 Btu/lb of fuel oil.

Fuel	Heat Input Rate (HHV)	Compressor Inlet Temp	Exhaust Temperature	Exit Velocity	Flow Rate
Gas	1,830 MMBtu/hour	59 °F	190 °F	59.2 ft/sec	1,009,487 acfm
Oil	1,932 MMBtu/hour	59 °F	270 °F	67.0 ft/sec	1,139,394 acfm

Continuous Monitors: Each stack is equipped with continuous emissions monitoring systems (CEMS) to measure and record CO and NOx emissions as well as flue gas oxygen or carbon dioxide content.

APPLICABLE STANDARDS AND REGULATIONS

- 1. <u>BACT Determinations</u>: Determinations of BACT were made for CO, NOx, PM/PM10, sulfuric acid mist (SAM), SO2, and VOC. See Appendix BD of this permit for a summary of the final BACT determinations. [Rule 62-212.400(BACT), F.A.C.]
- 2. New Source Performance Standards (NSPS): The Department determines that compliance with the BACT emissions performance and monitoring requirements also assures compliance with the NSPS for gas turbines at 40 CFR part 60, subpart GG. See Appendix GG of this permit for a summary of the applicable NSPS requirements. [Rule 62-204.800(7), F.A.C.]

EQUIPMENT

3. <u>Gas Turbines</u>: The permittee is authorized to install, tune, operate, and maintain two Siemens Westinghouse Model 501 FD gas turbine-electrical generator sets each with a generating capacity of 170 MW. Each gas

POWER BLOCK 2 COMBINED CYCLE GAS TURBINES (EUs 014 AND 015)

turbine shall include the Siemens TXP automated gas turbine control system and have dual-fuel capability. The gas turbines will utilize DLN combustors. [Application; Design]

4. Gas Turbine NOx Controls

- a. DLN Combustion: The permittee shall operate and maintain the DLN combustion system to control NOx emissions from each gas turbine when firing natural gas. Prior to the initial emissions performance tests required for each gas turbine, the DLN combustors and automated gas turbine control system shall be tuned, in conjunction with any post-combustion emissions control equipment, to achieve the permitted levels for CO and NOx emissions. Thereafter, each system shall be maintained and tuned in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.
- b. Water Injection: The permittee shall install, operate, and maintain a water injection system to reduce NOx emissions from each gas turbine when firing distillate oil. Prior to the initial emissions performance tests required for each gas turbine, the water injection system shall be tuned, in conjunction with any postcombustion emissions control equipment, to achieve the permitted levels for CO and NOx emissions. Thereafter, each system shall be maintained and tuned in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.
- c. SCR System: The permittee shall install, tune, operate, and maintain a SCR system to control NOx emissions from each gas turbine when firing either natural gas or distillate oil. The SCR system consists of an ammonia injection grid, catalyst, ammonia storage, monitoring and control system, electrical, piping and other ancillary equipment. The SCR system shall be designed, constructed and operated to achieve the permitted levels for NOx emissions and ammonia slip. {Permitting Note: In accordance with 40 CFR 60.130, the storage of ammonia shall comply with all applicable requirements of the Chemical Accident Prevention Provisions in 40 CFR 68.}

[Design; Rule 62-212.400(BACT), F.A.C.1

- 5. <u>HRSGs</u>: The permittee is authorized to install, operate, and maintain two HRSGs. Each HRSG shall be designed to recover heat energy from one of the two gas turbines (CT 2A or CT 2B) and deliver steam to the steam turbine-electrical generator through a common manifold. {Permitting Note: The two HRSGs deliver steam to a single steam turbine-electrical generator with a generating capacity of 190 MW.} [Application; Design]
- 6. <u>CO Controls</u>: The permittee shall design and construct the HRSGs such that an oxidation catalyst can be readily installed if necessary to achieve compliance with the CO emission limitations.

[Rule 62-4.070(3), F.A.C.]

PERFORMANCE RESTRICTIONS

7. Permitted Capacity - Gas Turbines: The maximum heat input rate to each gas turbine is 1,915 MMBtu per hour when firing natural gas and 2,020 MMBtu per hour when firing distillate oil (based on a compressor inlet air temperature of 59 °F, the HHV of each fuel, and 100% load). Heat input rates will vary depending upon gas turbine characteristics, ambient conditions, alternate fuels, and evaporative cooling. The permittee shall provide manufacturer's performance curves (or equations) that correct for site conditions to the Permitting and Compliance Authorities within 45 days of completing the initial compliance testing. Operating data may be adjusted for the appropriate site conditions in accordance with the performance curves and/or equations on file with the Department. [Rule 62-210.200(PTE), F.A.C.]

POWER BLOCK 2 COMBINED CYCLE GAS TURBINES (EUs 014 AND 015)

- 8. Methods of Operation: Subject to the restrictions and requirements of this permit, the gas turbines may operate under the following methods of operation.
 - a. Hours of Operation: Subject to the other operational restrictions of this permit, the gas turbines may operate throughout the year (8,760 hours per year).
 - b. Authorized Fuels: Each gas turbine shall fire natural gas as the primary fuel, which shall contain no more than 1.0 grains of sulfur per 100 standard cubic feet of natural gas. As a restricted alternate fuel, each gas turbine may fire No. 2 distillate oil (or a superior grade) containing no more than 0.05% sulfur by weight. Distillate fuel oil consumption of both emissions units shall not exceed 19,728,000 gallons in any consecutive 12 month period. {Permitting Note: This condition limits annual average fuel oil consumption to the equivalent of approximately 720 hours of operation per year per turbine, based on 59 °F annual average temperature. Fuel oil consumption is not limited per turbine, and the allowable fuel may be used in a single turbine.}
 - c. Combined Cycle Operation: Each gas turbine/HRSG system may operate to produce direct, shaft-driven electrical power and steam-generated electrical power from the steam turbine-electrical generator as a "2-on-1" combined cycle unit subject to the restrictions of this permit. In accordance with the specifications of the SCR and HRSG manufacturers, the SCR system shall be on line and functioning properly during combined cycle operation or when the HRSG is producing steam.
 - d. Ammonia Injection: Ammonia injection shall begin as soon as operation of the gas turbine/HRSG system achieves the operating parameters specified by the manufacturer.

[Application; Rules 62-210.200(PTE) and 62-212.400(BACT), F.A.C.]

EMISSIONS STANDARDS

9. <u>Emissions Standards</u>: Emissions from each gas turbine/HRSG shall not exceed the following limits for the listed pollutants at any ambient temperature.

	Emission Limit (ppmvd corrected to 15% oxygen)			
Pollutant	Natural Gas	Fuel Oil	Averaging Time	
CO ª	16	30	24 hour block	
NOx ^b	3.5	12	24 hour block	
VOC °	2	10	3 hours	
Ammonia d	5	9	3 hours	

Pollutant	Fuel Specification and Emission Limit
PM/PM10 °	Fuel specifications. Visible emissions shall not exceed 10% opacity for each 6-minute block average.
SAM/SO ₂ ^f	Fuel specifications.

a. Compliance with the CO standards shall be demonstrated based on data collected by the required CEMS. Compliance with the 24-hour CO CEMS standards shall be determined separately based on the hours of operation for each alternative fuel. {Permitting Note: A 24-hour compliance average may be based on as little as 1-hour of CEMS data or as much as 24-hours of CEMS data.}

POWER BLOCK 2 COMBINED CYCLE GAS TURBINES (EUS 014 AND 015)

- b. Compliance with the NOx standards shall be demonstrated based on data collected by the required CEMS. NOx mass emission rates are defined as oxides of nitrogen expressed as NO2. Compliance with the 24-hour NOx CEMS standards shall be determined separately based on the hours of operation for each alternative fuel. {Permitting Note: A 24-hour compliance average may be based on as little as 1-hour of CEMS data or as much as 24-hours of CEMS data.}
- c. Compliance with the VOC standards shall be demonstrated by conducting tests in accordance with EPA Method 25A. Optionally, EPA Method 18 may also be performed to deduct emissions of methane and ethane. The emission standards are based on VOC measured as propane.
- d. Subject to the requirements of Condition No. 19 of this section, each SCR system shall be designed and operated for an initial ammonia slip target of less than 5 ppmvd corrected to 15% oxygen when firing natural gas based on the average of three test runs. Compliance with the ammonia slip standard shall be demonstrated by conducting tests in accordance with EPA Method CTC-027.
- e. The fuel specifications established in Condition No. 8 of this section combined with the efficient combustion design and operation of each gas turbine represents the BACT determination for PM/PM₁₀ emissions. Compliance with the fuel specifications, CO standards, and visible emissions standards shall serve as indicators of good combustion. Compliance with the fuel specifications shall be demonstrated by keeping records of the fuel sulfur content. Compliance with the visible emissions standard shall be demonstrated by conducting tests in accordance with EPA Method 9.
- f. The fuel sulfur specifications in Condition No. 8 of this section effectively limit the potential emissions of SAM and SO₂ from the gas turbines and represent the BACT determination for these pollutants. Compliance with the fuel sulfur specifications shall be determined by the requirements in Condition No. 25 of this section.

{Permitting Note: The concentration limits and fuel specifications for the control of the above pollutants are equivalent to the following mass emission rates (at 20 °F):

- CO = 73.6 lb/hr for natural gas firing and 112 lb/hr for distillate fuel oil firing.
- NOx = 25.2 lb/hr for natural gas firing and 93.5 lb/hr for distillate fuel oil firing.
- *VOC* = 4.7 lb/hr for natural gas firing and 22 lb/hr for distillate fuel oil firing.
- PM10 = 7.3 lb/hr for natural gas firing and 64.8 lb/hr for distillate fuel oil firing, and
- SO₂ = 5.6 lb/hour for natural gas firing and 105.6 lb/hr for distillate fuel oil firing.

SAM emissions are estimated to be less than 10% of the SO2 emissions.} [Rule 62-212.400(BACT), F.A.C.]

STARTUP, SHUTDOWN, AND MALFUNCTION EMISSIONS

- 10. Operating Procedures: The BACT determinations established by this permit rely on "good operating practices" to reduce emissions. Therefore, all operators and supervisors shall be properly trained to operate and maintain the gas turbines, HRSGs, and pollution control systems in accordance with the guidelines and procedures established by each manufacturer. The training shall include good operating practices as well as methods of minimizing excess emissions. [Rules 62-4.070(3) and 62-212.400(BACT), F.A.C.]
- 11. Excess Emissions Prohibited: Excess emissions caused entirely or in part by poor maintenance, poor operation or any other equipment or process failure that may reasonably be prevented during startup, shutdown or malfunction shall be prohibited. All such preventable emissions shall be included in any

POWER BLOCK 2 COMBINED CYCLE GAS TURBINES (EUs 014 AND 015)

compliance determinations based on CEMS data. [Rule 62-210.700(4), F.A.C.]

- 12. <u>Alternate Visible Emissions Standard:</u> Visible emissions due to startups, shutdowns, and malfunctions shall not exceed 10% opacity except for up to ten, 6-minute averaging periods during a calendar day, which shall not exceed 20% opacity. [Rule 62-212.400(BACT), F.A.C.]
- 13. <u>CEMS Data Exclusion</u>: As provided in this paragraph, NOx and CO emissions data recorded during periods of startup, shutdown, oil-to-gas fuel switches, and documented malfunctions may be excluded from the block average calculated to demonstrate compliance with the emission limits of Condition No. 9 of this section.
 - a. Periods of data excluded for startup shall not exceed two hours in any 24-hour block except for cold startups. A "cold startup" is defined as a startup following a complete shutdown lasting a minimum of 48 hours. Periods of data excluded for cold startup shall not exceed four hours in any 24-hour block period.
 - b. Periods of data excluded for shutdown shall not exceed two hours in any 24-hour block.
 - c. Periods of data excluded for oil-to-gas fuel switches shall not exceed two hours in any 24-hour block.
 - d. Periods of data excluded for documented malfunctions shall not exceed two hours in any 24-hour block. A "documented malfunction" means a malfunction that meets the notification requirements specified in Condition No. 26 of this section.
 - e. All periods of data excluded for any startup, shutdown, oil-to-gas fuel switch, or documented malfunction shall be consecutive for each episode. Periods of data excluded for all startups, shutdowns, oil-to-gas fuel switches, or documented malfunctions shall not exceed six hours in any 24-hour block period during which a cold startup occurred. For all other 24-hour block periods, periods of data excluded for all startups, shutdowns, oil-to-gas fuel switches, or documented malfunctions shall not exceed four hours.
 - f. The permittee shall minimize the duration of data excluded to the extent practicable. Data shall not be excluded if the startup, shutdown, or documented malfunction was caused entirely or in part by poor maintenance, poor operation, or any other equipment or process failure which may reasonably have been prevented. Best operating practices shall be used to minimize hourly emissions that occur during episodes of startup, shutdown, oil-to-gas fuel switching, or documented malfunction.

[Rules 62-212.400(BACT) and 62-210.700, F.A.C.]

14. CEMS Data Exclusion – DLN Tuning: CEMS data collected during initial or other major DLN tuning sessions shall be excluded from the CEMS compliance demonstration provided the tuning session is performed in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications. A "major tuning session" would occur after completion of initial construction, a combustor change-out, a major repair or maintenance to a combustor, or other similar circumstances. Prior to performing any major tuning session, the permittee shall provide the Compliance Authority with an advance notice that details the activity and proposed tuning schedule. The notice may be by telephone, facsimile transmittal, or electronic mail. [Design; Rule 62-4.070(3), F.A.C.]

EMISSIONS PERFORMANCE TESTING

15. Test Methods: Any required tests shall be performed in accordance with the following reference methods.

Method	Description of Method and Comments	
CTM-027	CTM-027 Procedure for Collection and Analysis of Ammonia in Stationary Sources This is an EPA conditional test method. The minimum detection limit shall be 1 ppm.	
7E	Determination of Nitrogen Oxide Emissions from Stationary Sources (Instrumental Analyzer Procedure)	

POWER BLOCK 2 COMBINED CYCLE GAS TURBINES (EUs 014 AND 015)

Method	Description of Method and Comments
9	Visual Determination of the Opacity of Emissions from Stationary Sources The test shall be conducted for a minimum of 30 minutes.
10	Determination of Carbon Monoxide Emissions from Stationary Sources This method shall be based on a continuous sampling train.
18	Measurement of Gaseous Organic Compound Emissions by Gas Chromatography (Optional) EPA Method 18 may be used concurrently with EPA Method 25A to deduct emissions of methane and ethane from the measured VOC emissions.
20	Determination of Nitrogen Oxides, Sulfur Dioxide, and Diluent Emissions from Stationary Gas Turbines
25A	Determination of Total Gaseous Organic Concentration Using a Flame Ionization Analyzer

Method CTM-027 is published on EPA's Technology Transfer Network Web Site at http://www.epa.gov/ttn/emc/ctm.html. The other methods are described in Appendix A of 40 CFR 60, adopted by reference in Rule 62-204.800, F.A.C. No other methods may be used unless prior written approval is received from the Department. [Rules 62-204.800, F.A.C.; 40 CFR 60, Appendix A]

- 16. Initial Compliance Determinations: Each gas turbine shall be stack tested to demonstrate initial compliance with the emission standards for CO, NOx, VOC, visible emissions, and ammonia slip. The tests shall be conducted within 60 days after achieving the maximum production rate at which the unit will be operated, but not later than 180 days after the initial startup of each unit. Each unit shall be tested when firing natural gas and when firing distillate fuel oil. CEMS data collected during the required Relative Accuracy Test Assessments (RATA) may be used to demonstrate compliance with the initial CO and NOx standards. CO and NOx emissions recorded by the CEMS shall also be reported for each run during tests for visible emissions, VOC and ammonia slip. The Department may require the permittee to conduct additional tests after major replacement or major repair of any air pollution control equipment, such as the SCR catalyst, DLN combustors, etc. [Rule 62-297.310(7)(a)1., F.A.C. and 40 CFR 60.8]
- 17. Continuous Compliance: The permittee shall demonstrate continuous compliance with the CO and NOx emissions standards based on data collected by the certified CEMS. Within 45 days of conducting any RATA on a CEMS, the permittee shall submit a report to the Compliance Authority summarizing results of the RATA. {Permitting Note: Compliance with the CO emission standards also serves as an indicator of efficient fuel combustion, which reduces emissions of PM/PM10 and VOC.} [Rule 62-212.400 (BACT), F.A.C.]
- 18. Annual Compliance Tests: During each federal fiscal year (October 1st to September 30th), each gas turbine shall be tested to demonstrate compliance with the emission standards for visible emissions and ammonia.
 - a. Visible Emissions. Each unit shall be tested for visible emissions when firing natural gas and when firing distillate fuel oil. Annual emissions testing while firing fuel oil is not required during any federal fiscal year in which less than 5,480,000 gallons of distillate fuel oil is fired in both emission units combined. CO emissions recorded by the CEMS shall be reported for the visible emissions observation period. {Permitting Note: The fuel limitation for waiving testing while firing distillate fuel oil corresponds to the equivalent of approximately 200 hours of operation per year per turbine.}
 - b. Ammonia. Annual testing to determine the ammonia slip shall be conducted while firing natural gas. NOx emissions recorded by the CEMS shall be reported for each ammonia slip test run.

POWER BLOCK 2 COMBINED CYCLE GAS TURBINES (EUs 014 AND 015)

{Permitting Note: After initial compliance with the VOC standards is demonstrated, annual compliance tests for VOC emissions are not required. Compliance with the continuously monitored CO standards shall indicate efficient combustion and low VOC emissions.} [Rules 62-212.400 (BACT) and 62-297.310(7)(a)4., F.A.C.]

- 19. Additional Ammonia Slip Testing: If the tested ammonia slip rate for a gas turbine exceeds 5 ppmvd corrected to 15% oxygen when firing natural gas during the annual test, the permittee shall:
 - a. Begin testing and reporting the ammonia slip for each subsequent calendar quarter;
 - b. Before the ammonia slip exceeds 7 ppmvd corrected to 15% oxygen, take corrective actions that result in lowering the ammonia slip to less than 5 ppmvd corrected to 15% oxygen; and
 - c. Test and demonstrate that the ammonia slip is no more than 5 ppmvd corrected to 15% oxygen within 15 days after completing the corrective actions.

Corrective actions may include, but are not limited to, adding catalyst, replacing catalyst, or other SCR system maintenance or repair. After demonstrating that the ammonia slip level is no more than 5 ppmvd corrected to 15% oxygen, testing and reporting shall resume on an annual basis. [Rules 62-4.070(3) and 62-297.310(7)(b), F.A.C.]

CONTINUOUS MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

- 20. CEMS: The permittee shall install, calibrate, maintain, and operate CEMS to measure and record the emissions of CO and NOx from the combined cycle gas turbine. The CEMS shall be used to demonstrate continuous compliance with the CEMS emission standards specified in this permit. Upon request by the Department, the CEMS emission rates shall be corrected to ISO conditions to demonstrate compliance with the applicable standards of 40 CFR 60.332. Each monitoring system shall be installed, calibrated, and properly functioning prior to the initial performance tests. Within one working day of discovering emissions in excess of a CO or NOx standard (and subject to the specified averaging period), the permittee shall notify the Compliance Authority.
 - a. CO Monitors. The CO monitor shall be certified pursuant to 40 CFR 60, Appendix B, Performance Specification 4 or 4A. Quality assurance procedures shall conform to the requirements of 40 CFR 60, Appendix F, and the Data Assessment Report of Section 7 shall be made each calendar quarter, and reported semiannually to the Compliance Authority. The RATA tests required for the CO monitor shall be performed using EPA Method 10 in Appendix A of 40 CFR 60. The Method 10 analysis shall be based on a continuous sampling train, and the ascarite trap may be omitted or the interference trap of Section 10.1 may be used in lieu of the silica gel and ascarite traps. The CO monitor shall be a dual range monitor. The span for the lower range shall not be greater than 50 ppm. The span for the upper range shall be set at a level that provides for accurate measurement during startups and shutdowns.
 - b. NOx Monitors. The NOx monitor shall be certified pursuant to 40 CFR 75, and shall be operated and maintained in accordance with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR 75, Subparts B and C. Record keeping and reporting shall be conducted pursuant to 40 CFR 75, Subparts F and G. The RATA tests required for the NOx monitor shall be performed using EPA Method 20 or 7E in Appendix A of 40 CFR 60. The NOx monitor shall be a dual range monitor. The span for the lower range shall not be greater than 10 ppm. The span for the upper range shall be set at a level that provides for accurate measurement during startups and shutdowns.
 - c. Diluent Monitors. The oxygen or carbon dioxide (CO2) content of the flue gas shall be monitored at the location where CO and NOx are monitored to correct the measured emissions rates to 15% oxygen. If a CO2 monitor is installed, the oxygen content of the flue gas shall be calculated using F-factors that are

POWER BLOCK 2 COMBINED CYCLE GAS TURBINES (EUs 014 AND 015)

- appropriate for the fuel fired. Each monitor shall comply with the performance and quality assurance requirements of 40 CFR 75.
- d. Moisture Correction. Final results of the CEMS shall be expressed as ppmvd corrected to 15% oxygen. If the CEMS measures concentration on a wet basis, the CEMS shall include provisions to determine the moisture content of the exhaust gas and an algorithm to enable correction of the monitoring results to a dry basis (0% moisture). Alternatively, the permittee may develop through manual stack test measurements a curve of moisture contents in the exhaust gas versus load for each allowable fuel, and use these typical values in an algorithm to enable correction of the monitoring results to a dry basis (0% moisture). If the CEMS measures concentration on a wet basis and the diluent monitor measures CO2 on a wet basis, then the permittee may develop an algorithm to enable correction of the CEMS results to a dry basis (0% moisture) without determining the corresponding moisture content.
- e. *l-Hour Block Averages*. Hourly average values shall begin at the top of each hour. Each hourly average value shall be computed using at least one data point in each fifteen-minute quadrant of an hour, where the unit combusted fuel during that quadrant of an hour. Notwithstanding this requirement, an hourly value shall be computed from at least two data points separated by a minimum of 15 minutes (where the unit operates for more than one quadrant of an hour). If less than two such data points are available, the hourly average value is not valid. An hour in which any oil is fired is attributed towards compliance with the permit standards for oil firing. The permittee shall use all valid measurements or data points collected during an hour to calculate the hourly average values. The CEMS shall be designed and operated to sample, analyze, and record data evenly spaced over an hour.
- f. 24-hour Block Averages: A 24-hour block shall begin at midnight of each operating day and shall be calculated from 24 consecutive hourly average emission rate values. If a unit operates less than 24 hours during the block, the 24-hour block average shall be the average of available valid hourly average emission rate values for the 24-hour block. For purposes of determining compliance with the 24-hour CEMS emissions standards of this permit, missing (or excluded) data shall not be substituted. Instead, the 24-hour block average shall be determined using the remaining hourly data in the 24-hour block. {Permitting Note: There may be more than one 24-hour compliance demonstration required for CO and NOx emissions depending on the use of alternate fuels}. [Rule 62-212.400(BACT), F.A.C.]
- g. Data Exclusion. Each CEMS shall monitor and record emissions during all operations including episodes of startup, shutdown, malfunction, fuel switches, and DLN tuning. CEMS emissions data recorded during some of these episodes may be excluded from the corresponding CEMS compliance demonstration subject to the provisions of Condition Nos. 13 and 14 of this section.
- h. Availability. Monitor availability for the CEMS shall be 95% or greater in any calendar quarter. The quarterly permit excess emissions report shall be used to demonstrate monitor availability. In the event 95% availability is not achieved, the permittee shall provide the Department with a report identifying the problems in achieving 95% availability and a plan of corrective actions that will be taken to achieve 95% availability. The permittee shall implement the reported corrective actions within the next calendar quarter. Failure to take corrective actions or continued failure to achieve the minimum monitor availability shall be violations of this permit, except as otherwise authorized by the Department's Compliance Authority.

{Permitting Note: Compliance with these requirements assures compliance with the other applicable CEM system requirements such as: NSPS Subpart GG; Rule 62-297.520, F.A.C.; 40 CFR 60.7(a)(5) and 40 CFR 60.13; 40 CFR 60, Appendix B - Performance Specifications; and 40 CFR 60, Appendix F - Quality Assurance Procedures.} [Rules 62-4.070(3) and 62-212.400(BACT), F.A.C.]

POWER BLOCK 2 COMBINED CYCLE GAS TURBINES (EUs 014 AND 015)

- 21. Water Injection Monitoring Requirements: In accordance with the manufacturer's specifications, the permittee shall install, calibrate, operate and maintain a monitoring system to continuously measure and record the water-to-fuel ratio when firing distillate oil. The permittee shall document the water-to-fuel ratio required to meet permitted emissions levels over the range of load conditions allowed by this permit. The NOx CEMS is used to demonstrate compliance with the NOx emissions standards. During NOx CEMS downtimes or malfunctions, the permittee shall monitor the water-to-fuel ratio and operate at a level that is consistent with the documented flow rate for the gas turbine load condition. [Rules 62-4.070(3) and 62-212.400(BACT), F.A.C.]
- 22. Ammonia Monitoring Requirements: In accordance with the manufacturer's specifications, the permittee shall install, calibrate, operate and maintain an ammonia flow meter to measure and record the ammonia injection rate to the SCR system. The permittee shall document the general range of ammonia flow rates required to meet permitted emissions levels over the range of load conditions allowed by this permit by comparing NOx emissions recorded by the CEM system with ammonia flow rates recorded using the ammonia flow meter. During NOx monitor downtimes or malfunctions, the permittee shall operate at the ammonia flow rate that is consistent with the documented flow rate for the combustion turbine load condition. [Rules 62-4.070(3) and 62-212.400(BACT), F.A.C.]

RECORDS AND REPORTS

- 23. Monitoring of Operation: To demonstrate compliance with the fuel consumption limits of Condition No. 8 of this section, the permittee shall record the distillate fuel oil consumption on a rolling 12-month total basis. [Rules 62-4.070(3) and 62-212.400, F.A.C., and BACT]
- 24. Frequency of Recordkeeping: Condition No. 20 of this section requires the calculation of one or more 24-hour block average emission rates for each operating day. Within 24 hours of the conclusion of each operating day, the permittee shall complete the calculations and record the results for that operating day. [Rule 62-4.070(3), F.A.C.]
- 25. <u>Fuel Sulfur Records</u>: The permittee shall demonstrate compliance with the fuel sulfur limits specified in this permit by maintaining the following records of the sulfur contents.
 - a. Compliance with the fuel sulfur limit for natural gas shall be demonstrated by keeping reports obtained from the vendor indicating the average sulfur content of the natural gas being supplied from the pipeline for each month of operation. Methods for determining the sulfur content of the natural gas shall be ASTM methods D4084-82, D3246-81 or more recent versions.
 - b. Compliance with the distillate oil sulfur limit shall be demonstrated by taking a sample, analyzing the sample for fuel sulfur, and reporting the results to each Compliance Authority before initial startup. Sampling the fuel oil sulfur content shall be conducted in accordance with ASTM D4057-88, Standard Practice for Manual Sampling of Petroleum and Petroleum Products, and one of the following test methods for sulfur in petroleum products: ASTM D129-91, ASTM D1552-90, ASTM D2622-94, or ASTM D4294-90. More recent versions of these methods may be used. For each subsequent fuel delivery, the permittee shall either (1) maintain a permanent file of the certified fuel sulfur analysis from the fuel vendor, or (2) take and analyze a sample according to the above procedures and maintain a permanent file of the results of the analysis. At the request of a Compliance Authority, the permittee shall perform additional sampling and analysis for the fuel sulfur content.

The above methods shall be used to determine the fuel sulfur content in conjunction with the provisions of 40 CFR 75 Appendix D. [Rules 62-4.070(3) and 62-4.160(15), F.A.C.]

POWER BLOCK 2 COMBINED CYCLE GAS TURBINES (EUs 014 AND 015)

- 26. <u>Malfunction Notification</u>: Within one working day of a malfunction for which CEMS data is excluded pursuant to Condition No. 13 of this section, the permittee shall notify the Compliance Authority by telephone, facsimile transmittal, or electronic mail. The notification shall include a preliminary report of: the nature, extent, and duration of the emissions; the probable cause of the emissions; and the actions taken to correct the problem. If requested by the Compliance Authority, the permittee shall submit written quarterly reports summarizing the malfunctions in lieu of the individual malfunction notifications otherwise required. [Rule 62-210.700, F.A.C.]
- 27. Semiannual NSPS Excess Emissions Report: In accordance with 40 CFR 60.7(c), the permittee shall semiannually submit a report to the Compliance Authority summarizing any emissions in excess of the NSPS standards. All reports shall be postmarked by the 30th day following the end of each six-month period. Written reports of excess emissions shall include the information specified in 40 CFR 60.7(c)(1) through (c)(4). For purposes of reporting emissions in excess of NSPS Subpart GG, excess emissions from the gas turbine are defined as: any CEMS hourly average value exceeding the NSPS NOx emission standard identified in Appendix GG (i.e., 112.5 ppmvd corrected to 15% oxygen for both natural gas and fuel oil); and any daily period during which the sulfur content of the fuel being fired in the gas turbine exceeds the NSPS standard identified in Appendix GG (i.e., sulfur in excess of 0.8% by weight). An example of an acceptable report format is provided in Appendix XS. [40 CFR 60.7(c)]
- 28. Quarterly Data Exclusion and Monitor Availability Report: The permittee shall quarterly submit a report to the Compliance Authority summarizing all periods of valid hourly CO and NOx emissions data excluded from the 24-hour block average compliance determinations pursuant to Condition Nos. 13 and 14 of this section. In addition, the quarterly report shall summarize the CEMS availability for the previous quarter. All reports shall be postmarked by the 30th day following the end of each calendar quarter. An example of an acceptable report format for monitoring systems availability is provided in Appendix XS. [Rules 62-4.130, 62-204.800, 62-210.700(6), F.A.C.; and 40 CFR 60.7(c) and (d)]