TO:

Howard L. Rhodes

FROM:

Trina Vielhauer V

DATE:

December 23, 2002

SUBJECT:

FINAL Permit No.: 1030012-002-AV

Florida Power

Higgins Power Plant

This permit is a Title V Air Operation Permit renewal for the subject facility.

The facility consists of three fossil fuel fired steam generators (SG) and four simple cycle combustion turbine peaking units (CTP), all of which are pre-NSPS sources. The SGs are on long-term reserve shutdown. Each CT and SG exhausts through a separate stack. In addition to these emissions units, diesel fired generator(s) with a maximum heat input of 25.74 MMBtu/hour and a maximum rating of 2460 Kilowatts may be relocated to this and six other Florida Power facilities. CAM does not apply.

Based on the Title V Air Operation Permit Renewal application received July 3, 2002, this facility is not a major source of hazardous air pollutants (HAPs).

Comments were received on the DRAFT permit from the permittee. Most of the comments addressed two of the new permitting notes added to the format. All of the comments were addressed to the satisfaction of the permittee.

No comments or objections were received from Region 4, U.S. EPA regarding the PROPOSED permit.

I recommend your signature.

Attachment

TV/es

# Florida's FINAL Permit Electronic Notification Cover Memorandum

TO: Gracy Danois, U.S. EPA Region 4

CC: Jeananne Gettle, U.S. EPA Region 4

THRU: Scott M. Sheplak, P.E., Bureau of Air Regulation

FROM: Edward J. Svec, Permit Engineer

**DATE:** 12/23/02

**RE:** U.S. EPA Region 4 FINAL Title V Operation Permit Renewal Review

The following FINAL Title V operation permit(s) renewal and associated documents have been posted on the DEP World Wide Web Internet site. Any comments resulting from your review of the PROPOSED permit have been incorporated into this FINAL permit as requested. This message is only a courtesy to let you know that the subject permit is now FINAL and has been issued to the applicant.

Applicant Name County Method of Transmittal Electronic File Name(s)

Florida Power Pinellas INTERNET 1030012f.zip

**Higgins Power Plant** 

This zipped file contains the following electronic files:

sob.doc 1030012f.doc 10300121.doc 10300122.doc 1030012g.doc 1030012u.doc 1030012h.doc

#### **STATEMENT OF BASIS**

Florida Power Higgins Power Plant Facility ID No.: 1030012 Pinellas County

Title V Air Operation Permit Renewal
FINAL Permit Project No.: 1030012-002-AV
Renewal of Title V Air Operation Permit No.: 1030012-001-AV

The initial Title V Air Operation Permit, No. 1030012-001-AV, was effective on January 1, 1998. This Title V Air Operation Permit Renewal is issued under the provisions of Chapter 403, Florida Statutes (F.S.), and Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.) Chapters 62-4, 62-210, 62-213 and 62-214. The above named permittee is hereby authorized to operate the facility shown on the application and approved drawing(s), plans, and other documents, attached hereto or on file with the permitting authority, in accordance with the terms and conditions of this permit.

The subject of this permit is for the renewal of Title V Air Operation Permit, No. 1030012-001-AV.

This facility consists of three fossil fuel fired steam generators (SG) and four simple cycle combustion turbine peaking units (CTP), all of which are pre-NSPS sources. The SGs are on long-term reserve shutdown. Each CT and SG exhausts through a separate stack. Relocatable diesel fired generator(s) with a maximum heat input of 25.74 MMBtu/hour and a maximum rating of 2460 Kilowatts may be relocated to this and six other Florida Power facilities.

Fossil Fuel Fired Steam Generators SG 1, SG 2, and SG 3 were all placed on "Long Term Reserve Shutdown" on January 24, 1994 (Rule 62-210.300(2)(a)3.d., F.A.C.). The maximum permitted heat input rates for SG 1, SG 2, and SG 3 are 548, 523, and 548 MMBtu/hour, respectively. The emissions units are fired on new No. 6 or lighter grades of fuel oil, as permitted herein. Natural gas and on-specification used oil, as permitted herein, may be fired in these emissions units as an alternate fuel. SG 1, SG 2, and SG 3 generate steam to power turbines that drive generators with name plate ratings of 43, 42, and 41 megawatts, respectively. These units are regulated under the Acid Rain Program, Phase II. Each SG exhausts through a single stack. Emissions from these units are uncontrolled. The combustion turbine peaking units (CTPs) may only fire new No. 2 fuel oil or natural gas having a maximum sulfur content of 0.5 percent, by weight, and 1 grain per 100 dry standard cubic feet (dscf), respectively. CTP 1 and CTP 2 have a maximum heat input of 566 MMBtu/hour at 59° F and each powers a generator rated at 37.0 MW (megawatts of electricity). CTP 3 and CTP 4 have a maximum heat input of 631 MMBtu/hour at 59° F and each powers a generator rated at 42.9 MW (megawatts of electricity). Emissions are not controlled and each turbine exhausts through a separate stack. These emissions units are not subject to the Acid Rain Program. CTP 1, CTP 2, CTP 3, and CTP 4 began commercial service on March 15, 1969, April 12, 1969, December 1, 1970, and January 9, 1971, respectively. The relocatable diesel generator(s) will have a maximum (combined) heat input of 25.74 MMBtu/hour while being fueled by 186.3 gallons of new No. 2 fuel oil per hour with a maximum (combined) rating of 2460 kilowatts. Emissions from the generator(s) are uncontrolled. These conditions were requested in the Initial Title V Permit Application for the Anclote Power Plant received June 14, 1996. The generator(s) began commercial operation on August 10, 1994. CAM does not apply.

Also included in this permit are miscellaneous unregulated/insignificant emissions units and/or activities.

Based on the Title V Air Operation Permit Renewal application received July 3, 2002, this facility is not a major source of hazardous air pollutants (HAPs).

#### **NOTICE OF FINAL PERMIT**

In the Matter of an Application for Permit by:

Mr. Michael W. Lentz Florida Power 100 Central Avenue, Mail Code BP44 St. Petersburg, Florida 33701 FINAL Permit No.: 1030012-002-AV

Higgins Power Plant

Enclosed is FINAL Permit Number 1030012-002-AV for the operation of the Higgins Power Plant located at 998 East Shore Drive, Oldsmar, Pinellas County, issued pursuant to Chapter 403, Florida Statutes (F.S.).

Any party to this order (permit) has the right to seek judicial review of the permit pursuant to Section 120.68, F.S., by the filing of a Notice of Appeal pursuant to Rule 9.110, Florida Rules of Appellate Procedure, with the Clerk of the permitting authority in the Legal Office; and by filing a copy of the Notice of Appeal accompanied by the applicable filing fees with the appropriate District Court of Appeal. The Notice of Appeal must be filed within 30 (thirty) days from the date this Notice is filed with the Clerk of the permitting authority.

Executed in Tallahassee, Florida.

Trina Vielhauer

Chief

Bureau of Air Regulation

him IV welhaver

12/00/00, cci El prec Reading Delle

Page 2 of 2

#### **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

The undersigned duly designated deputy agency clerk hereby certifies that this NOTICE OF FINAL PERMIT (including the FINAL permit) was sent by certified mail (\*) and copies were mailed by U.S. Mail before the close of business on to the person(s) listed or as otherwise noted:

Michael Lentz, Plant Manager Higgins, Florida Power \* Kennard Kosky, P.E., Golder Associates Inc. Gerald Kissel, P.E., SWD USEPA, Region 4 (INTERNET E-mail Memorandum)

Clerk Stamp

FILING AND ACKNOWLEDGMENT FILED, on this date, pursuant to Section 120.52(7), Florida Statutes, with the designated agency Clerk, receipt of which is

hereby acknowledged.

Clerk)

(Date

# **FINAL PERMIT DETERMINATION**

FINAL Permit No.: 1030012-002-AV

Page 1 of 1

# I. Comment(s).

No comments were received on the PROPOSED Title V Permit.

#### II. Conclusion.

Since no comments were received, the PROPOSED Title V Air Operation Permit becomes the FINAL Title V Air Operation Permit.

Florida Power
Higgins Power Plant
Facility ID No.: 1030012
Pinellas County

# Title V Air Operation Permit Renewal

FINAL Permit Project No.: 1030012-002-AV Renewal of Title V Air Operation Permit No.: 1030012-001-AV

# Permitting Authority:

State of Florida
Department of Environmental Protection
Division of Air Resources Management
Bureau of Air Regulation
Title V Section
Telephone: 850/488-0114

Fax: 850/922-6979

#### **Compliance Authority:**

Pinellas County Department of Environmental Management
Air Quality Division
300 South Garden Avenue
Clearwater, Florida 34616
Telephone: 813/464-4422

Fax: 813/464-4420

# Title V Air Operation Permit Renewal

FINAL Permit Project No.: 1030012-002-AV Renewal of Title V Air Operation Permit No.: 1030012-001-AV

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# Department of Environmental Protection

Jeb Bush Governor Twin Towers Office Building 2600 Blair Stone Road Tallahassee. Florida 32399-2400

David B. Struhs Secretary

Permittee:

Florida Power

100 Central Avenue, Mail Code BP44

St. Petersburg, Florida 33701

FINAL Permit No.: 1030012-002-AV

Facility ID No.: 1030012

SIC No(s).: 49

**Project:** Title V Air Operation Permit Renewal

The purpose of this permit is to renew Title V Air Operation Permit, No. 1030012-001-AV for the Higgins Power Plant. This existing facility is located at 998 East Shore Drive, Oldsmar, Pinellas County; UTM Coordinates: Zone 17, 336.5 km East and 3098.4 km North; Latitude: 28° 00' 02" North and Longitude: 82° 39' 46" West.

This Title V Air Operation Permit Renewal is issued under the provisions of Chapter 403, Florida Statutes (F.S.), and Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.) Chapters 62-4, 62-210, 62-213 and 62-214. The above named permittee is hereby authorized to operate the facility shown on the application and approved drawing(s), plans, and other documents, attached hereto or on file with the permitting authority, in accordance with the terms and conditions of this permit.

#### Referenced attachments made a part of this permit:

Appendix U-1, List of Unregulated Emissions Units and/or Activities Appendix I-1, List of Insignificant Emissions Units and/or Activities APPENDIX TV-4, TITLE V CONDITIONS version dated 02/12/02 APPENDIX SS-1, STACK SAMPLING FACILITIES version dated 10/07/96 Alternate Sampling Procedure: ASP Number 97-B-01 OGC File Nos. 86-1580, 86-1581, 86-1582 dated December 11, 1986.

Effective Date: January 1, 2003

Renewal Application Due Date: July 5, 2007

JOSGAN KAHN

Expiration Date: December 31, 2007

Howard L. Rhodes, Director Division of Air Resource

Management

HLR/sms/es

Facility ID No.: 1030012

#### Section I. Facility Information.

#### Subsection A. Facility Description.

This facility consists of three fossil fuel fired steam generators (SG) and four simple cycle combustion turbine peaking units (CTP), all of which are pre-NSPS sources. The SGs are on long-term reserve shutdown. Each CT and SG exhausts through a separate stack. Relocatable diesel fired generator(s) with a maximum heat input of 25.74 MMBtu/hour and a maximum rating of 2460 Kilowatts may be relocated to this and six other Florida Power facilities.

Also included in this permit are miscellaneous unregulated/insignificant emissions units and/or activities.

Based on the Title V Air Operation Permit Renewal application received July 3, 2002, this facility is not a major source of hazardous air pollutants (HAPs).

#### Subsection B. Summary of Emissions Unit ID No(s). and Brief Description(s).

<u>E.U. ID No.</u>	Brief Description
-001 - 003	3 - Fossil Fuel Fired Steam Generators (Pre-NSPS) - SG 1, SG 2, & SG 3
-004 - 007	4 - Combustion Turbine Peaking Units (Pre-NSPS) - CTP 1, CTP 2, CTP 3,
	& CTP 4
7775047 -001	Relocatable Diesel Generator(s)

#### Unregulated Emissions Units and/or Activities

-009	General Purpose Engines
-010	Fuel Storage Tanks
-011	Emergency Generator

Please reference the Permit No., Facility ID No., and appropriate Emissions Unit(s) ID No(s). on all correspondence, test report submittals, applications, etc.

#### Subsection C. Relevant Documents.

The documents listed below are not a part of this permit; however, they are specifically related to this permitting action.

#### These documents are provided to the permittee for information purposes only:

Table 1-1: Summary of Air Pollutant Standards and Terms

Table 2-1: Summary of Compliance Requirements

Appendix A-1, Abbreviations, Acronyms, Citations, and Identification Numbers

Appendix H-1, Permit History

Statement of Basis

FINAL Permit No.: 1030012-002-AV

Facility ID No.: 1030012

These documents are on file with the permitting authority:
Initial Title V Air Operation Permit effective January 1, 1998
Application for a Title V Air Operation Permit Renewal received July 3, 2002
Additional Information Request dated July 25, 2002
Additional Information Response received August 7, 2002
Letter from Michael Lentz dated October 17, 2002 and received October 28, 2002
Letter from Michael Lentz dated October 25, 2002 and received October 30, 2002

FINAL Permit No.: 1030012-002-AV

Facility ID No.: 1030012

# Section II. Facility-wide Conditions.

# The following conditions apply facility-wide:

- 1. APPENDIX TV-4, TITLE V CONDITIONS, is a part of this permit. {Permitting note: APPENDIX TV-4, TITLE V CONDITIONS, is distributed to the permittee only. Other persons requesting copies of these conditions shall be provided a copy when requested or otherwise appropriate.}
- 2. Not federally enforceable. General Pollutant Emission Limiting Standards. Objectionable Odor Prohibited. No person shall cause, suffer, allow, or permit the discharge of air pollutants which cause or contribute to an objectionable odor. [Rule 62-296.320(2), F.A.C.]
- 3. General Particulate Emission Limiting Standards. General Visible Emissions Standard. Except for emissions units that are subject to a particulate matter or opacity limit set forth or established by rule and reflected by conditions in this permit, no person shall cause, let, permit, suffer or allow to be discharged into the atmosphere the emissions of air pollutants from any activity, the density of which is equal to or greater than that designated as Number 1 on the Ringelmann Chart (20 percent opacity). EPA Method 9 is the method of compliance pursuant to Chapter 62-297, F.A.C. [Rules 62-296.320(4)(b)1. & 4., F.A.C.]
- 4. Prevention of Accidental Releases (Section 112(r) of CAA).
- a. The permittee shall submit its Risk Management Plan (RMP) to the Chemical Emergency Preparedness and Prevention Office (CEPPO) RMP Reporting Center when, and if, such requirement becomes applicable. Any Risk Management Plans, original submittals, revisions or updates to submittals, should be sent to:

RMP Reporting Center Post Office Box 3346 Merrifield, VA 22116-3346 Telephone: 703/816-4434

and.

- **b.** The permittee shall submit to the permitting authority Title V certification forms or a compliance schedule in accordance with Rule 62-213.440(2), F.A.C. [40 CFR 68]
- 5. <u>Unregulated Emissions Units and/or Activities.</u> Appendix U-1, List of Unregulated Emissions Units and/or Activities, is a part of this permit. [Rule 62-213.440(1), F.A.C.]
- 6. <u>Insignificant Emissions Units and/or Activities.</u> Appendix I-1, List of Insignificant Emissions Units and/or Activities, is a part of this permit. [Rules 62-213.440(1), 62-213.430(6) and 62-4.040(1)(b), F.A.C.]

FINAL Permit No.: 1030012-002-AV Facility ID No.: 1030012

7. General Pollutant Emission Limiting Standards. Volatile Organic Compounds Emissions or Organic Solvents Emissions. The permittee shall allow no person to store, pump, handle, process, load, unload or use in any process or installation, volatile organic compounds or organic solvents without applying known and existing vapor emission control devices or systems deemed necessary and ordered by the Department. Nothing was deemed necessary and ordered at this time.

[Rule 62-296.320(1)(a), F.A.C.]

- 8. Not federally enforceable. Reasonable precautions to prevent emissions of unconfined particulate matter at this facility include: Maintenance of paved areas as needed, Regular mowing of grass and care of vegetation, and limiting access to plant property by unnecessary vehicles. [Rule 62-296.320(4)(c)2., F.A.C. and proposed by applicant in the Title V permit renewal application received July 3, 2002.]
- 9. When appropriate, any recording, monitoring, or reporting requirements that are time-specific shall be in accordance with the effective date of the permit, which defines day one. [Rule 62-213.440, F.A.C.]
- 10. Statement of Compliance. The annual statement of compliance pursuant to Rule 62-213.440(3)(a)2., F.A.C., shall be submitted to the Department and EPA within 60 (sixty) days after the end of the calendar year using DEP Form No. 62-213.900(7), F.A.C. [Rules 62-213.440(3) and 62-213.900, F.A.C.]

{Permitting Note: This condition implements the requirements of Rules 62-213.440(3)(a)2. & 3., F.A.C. (see Condition 51. of APPENDIX TV-4, TITLE V CONDITIONS.)}

11. The permittee shall submit all compliance related notifications and reports required of this permit to the Air Quality Division of the Pinellas County Department of Environmental Management:

Pinellas County Department of Environmental Management
Air Quality Division
300 South Garden Avenue
Clearwater, Florida 33756
Telephone: 813/464-4422

12. Any reports, data, notifications, certifications, and requests required to be sent to the United States Environmental Protection Agency, Region 4, should be sent to:

Fax: 813/464-4420

United States Environmental Protection Agency Region 4

Air, Pesticides & Toxics Management Division Air and EPCRA Enforcement Branch Air Enforcement Section 61 Forsyth Street Atlanta, Georgia 30303-8960

Telephone: 404/562-9155; Fax: 404/562-9163

FINAL Permit No.: 1030012-002-AV Facility ID No.: 1030012

13. Certification by Responsible Official (RO). In addition to the professional engineering certification required for applications by Rule 62-4.050(3), F.A.C., any application form, report, compliance statement, compliance plan and compliance schedule submitted pursuant to Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., shall contain a certification signed by a responsible official that, based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in the document are true, accurate, and complete. Any responsible official who fails to submit any required information or who has submitted incorrect information shall, upon becoming aware of such failure or incorrect submittal, promptly submit such supplementary information or correct information.

[Rule 62-213.420(4), F.A.C.]

14. Subsection C of Section III addresses specific conditions for a Relocatable Diesel Fired Generator(s) that may be relocated to this and six other FPC facilities. These specific conditions, requested in the Initial Title V Permit Application for the Anclote Power Plant received June 14, 1996, will become active and enforceable when FPC has notified the Department (as per specific condition III.C.24) that the relocatable generator(s) will be relocated to the Higgins Power Plant.

[AO 09-205952; and, Initial Title V Permit Application for the Anclote Power Plant received June 14, 1996.]

Facility ID No.: 1030012

#### Section III. Emissions Unit(s) and Conditions.

#### Subsection A. This section addresses the following emissions unit(s).

E.U. ID No.	Brief Description
-001	Fossil Fuel Fired Steam Generator - SG 1
-002	Fossil Fuel Fired Steam Generator - SG 2
-003	Fossil Fuel Fired Steam Generator - SG 3

SG 1, SG 2, and SG 3 were all placed on "Long Term Reserve Shutdown" on January 24, 1994 (Rule 62-210.300(2)(a)3.d., F.A.C.). The maximum permitted heat input rates for SG 1, SG 2, and SG 3 are 548, 523, and 548 MMBtu/hour, respectively. The emissions units are fired on new No. 6 or lighter grades of fuel oil, as permitted herein. Natural gas and on-specification used oil, as permitted herein, may be fired in these emissions units as an alternate fuel. SG 1, SG 2, and SG 3 generate steam to power turbines that drive generators with name plate ratings of 43, 42, and 41 megawatts, respectively. These units are regulated under the Acid Rain Program, Phase II.

Each SG exhausts through a single stack. Emissions from these units are uncontrolled.

{Permitting note(s): These emissions units are Pre-NSPS, regulated under Rules 62-296.405, F.A.C. (Fossil Fuel Steam Generators with More than 250 million Btu per Hour Heat Input), and regulated under Rule 62-296.700, F.A.C. (Reasonably Available Control Technology, RACT, Particulate Matter). SG 1 began commercial operation on June 6, 1951; SG 2 began commercial operation on June 30, 1953; and, SG 3 began commercial operation on January 30, 1954.}

The following specific conditions apply to the emissions units listed above:

#### **Essential Potential to Emit (PTE) Parameters**

#### A.1. Methods of Operation. Fuel(s).

- a. Startup & Shutdown: The only fuels allowed to be burned are new #6 or lighter grades of fuel oils. On-specification used oil shall only be burned if the PCB's are less than 2 ppm and may be blended with new #2 fuel oil. The maximum sulfur content is 2.5 percent, by weight.
- b. Normal: The only fuels allowed to be burned are new #6 or lighter grades of fuel oils and on-specification used oil. The maximum sulfur content is 2.5 percent, by weight.
- c. The maximum annual cumulative amount of on-specification used oil, whether generated on or offsite, that can be burned in these emissions units shall not exceed 5 percent of the total permitted heat input for emissions units SG 1, SG 2, and SG 3.

Facility ID No.: 1030012

d. The heat inputs in Specific Condition A.2. are based on the following fuel consumption rates while firing No. 6 fuel oil and natural gas. These rates may vary depending on the heating values of the fuels:

Emissions Unit	Hours/year	Fuel Oil(s)	Natural Gas
SG 1	8760	3,654 gallons/hour	0.50 MMSCF/hour
SG 2	8760	3,486 gallons/hour	0.49 MMSCF/hour
SG 3	8760	3,654 gallons/hour	0.50 MMSCF/hour

[Rule 62-213.410, F.A.C.; and AO's 52-216382, 52-216383, & 52-216384; and Title V application received on June 14, 1996.]

**A.2.** Permitted Capacity. The maximum operation heat input rates are as follows:

Unit No.	MMBtu/hr Heat Input	Fuel Type
SG 1	548	New No. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6 Fuel Oil & On-Specification Used Oil.
	525	Natural Gas as an alternate fuel when available.
SG 2	523	New No. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6 Fuel Oil & On-Specification Used Oil.
	515	Natural Gas as an alternate fuel when available.
SG 3	548	New No. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6 Fuel Oil & On-Specification Used Oil.
	525	Natural Gas as an alternate fuel when available.

<sup>\*</sup> The on-specification used oil burned at this facility may be generated on or off-site. [Rules 62-4.160(2), 62-210.200(PTE) and 62-296.405, F.A.C.]

{Permitting note: The heat input limitations have been placed in each permit to identify the capacity of each unit for the purposes of confirming that emissions testing is conducted within 90 to 100 percent of the unit's rated capacity (or to limit future operation to 110 percent of the test load), to establish appropriate emission limits and to aid in determining future rule applicability. Regular record keeping is not required for heat input. Instead the owner or operator is expected to determine heat input whenever emission testing is required, to demonstrate at what percentage of the rated capacity that the unit was tested. Rule 62-297.310(5), F.A.C., included in the permit, requires measurement of the process variables for emission tests. Such heat input determination may be based on measurements of fuel consumption by various methods including but not limited to fuel flow metering or tank drop measurements, using the heat value of the fuel determined by the fuel vendor or the owner or operator, to calculate average hourly heat input during the test.}

**A.3.** Emissions Unit Operating Rate Limitation After Testing. See Specific Condition A.22. [Rule 62-297.310(2), F.A.C.]

**A.4.** Hours of Operation. These emissions units may operate continuously, i.e., 8,760 hours/year/unit. [Rule 62-210.200(PTE), F.A.C.]

#### **Emission Limitations and Standards**

{Permitting note: Table 1-1, Summary of Air Pollutant Standards and Terms, summarizes information for convenience purposes only. This table does not supersede any of the terms or conditions of this permit.}

FINAL Permit No.: 1030012-002-AV Facility ID No.: 1030012

{Permitting note: Unless otherwise specified, the averaging time for conditions A.5. - A.9. are based on the specified averaging time of the applicable test method.}

- A.5. <u>Visible Emissions</u>. Visible emissions from SG 1, SG 2, and SG 3 shall not exceed 40 percent opacity. The emissions units subject to the opacity standards of this condition shall conduct a compliance test for particulate matter emissions annually. The Department reserves the right to require the permittee to return to the more frequent testing schedule in Rule 62-296.405(1)(a), F.A.C., if the emission limiting standard for particulate matter is not regularly complied with. [Rule 62-296.405(1)(a), F.A.C.; and, OGC Order File Nos. 86-1580, 86-1581, and 86-1582 dated December 11, 1986.]
- **A.6.** <u>Visible Emissions Soot Blowing and Load Change</u>. Visible emissions shall not exceed 60 percent opacity during the 3-hours in any 24 hour period of excess emissions allowed for boiler cleaning (soot blowing) and load change.

A load change occurs when the operational capacity of a unit is in the 10 percent to 100 percent capacity range, other than startup or shutdown, which exceeds 10 percent of the unit's rated capacity and which occurs at a rate of 0.5 percent per minute or more. [Rule 62-210.700(3), F.A.C.]

- A.7. Particulate Matter. Particulate matter emissions during normal operations shall not exceed 0.1 pound per million Btu heat input [(54.8 lbs/hr & 240 TPY for SG 1 & SG 3, based on 548 MMBtu/hr.) and (52.3 lbs/hr & 229 TPY for SG 2, based on 523 MMBtu/hr.)] as measured by the applicable compliance methods specified in Specific Condition A.18. [Rule 62-296.405(1)(b), F.A.C.]
- A.8. Particulate Matter Soot Blowing and Load Change. Particulate matter emissions shall not exceed an average of 0.3 pound per million Btu heat input [164.4 lbs/hr for SG 1 & SG 3 (based on 548 MMBtu/hr) and 156.9 lbs/hr for SG 2 (based on 523 MMBtu/hr)] during the 3-hours in any 24-hour period of excess emissions allowed for boiler cleaning (soot blowing) and load change. [Rule 62-210.700(3), F.A.C.]
- **A.9.** Sulfur Dioxide. When burning liquid fuel (fuel oil), sulfur dioxide emissions shall not exceed 2.75 pounds per million Btu heat input, as measured by test methods in Specific Condition A.19. [Rule 62-296.405(1)(c)1.j., F.A.C.]
- **A.10.** Sulfur Dioxide Sulfur Content. The sulfur content of fuel oils, on-specification used oil, or any combination of the two burned in these units, shall not exceed 2.5 percent, by weight. See Specific Condition A.20.

[Rule 62-296.405(1)(e)3., F.A.C.]

#### **Excess Emissions**

**A.11.** Excess emissions resulting from malfunction shall be permitted provided that best operational practices to minimize emissions are adhered to and the duration of excess emissions shall be minimized but in no case exceed two hours in any 24 hour period unless specifically authorized by the Department for longer duration.

[Rule 62-210.700(1), F.A.C.]

FINAL Permit No.: 1030012-002-AV Facility ID No.: 1030012

**A.12.** Excess emissions resulting from startup or shutdown shall be permitted provided that best operational practices to minimize emissions are adhered to and the duration of excess emissions shall be minimized.

[Rule 62-210.700(2), F.A.C.]

**A.13.** Excess emissions which are caused entirely or in part by poor maintenance, poor operation, or any other equipment or process failure which may reasonably be prevented during startup, shutdown or malfunction shall be prohibited.

[Rule 62-210.700(4), F.A.C.]

#### **Monitoring of Operations**

A.14. Sulfur Dioxide. The permittee elected to demonstrate compliance by accepting a liquid fuel sulfur limit that will be verified with a fuel analysis provided by the vendor or permittee upon each fuel delivery. This protocol is allowed because the emissions units do not have an operating flue gas desulfurization device. See Specific Conditions A.9., A.10., A.19. and A.20. [Rule 62-296.405(1)(f)1.b., F.A.C.]

#### A.15. Determination of Process Variables.

- (a) <u>Required Equipment</u>. The owner or operator of an emissions unit for which compliance tests are required shall install, operate, and maintain equipment or instruments necessary to determine process variables, such as process weight input or heat input, when such data are needed in conjunction with emissions data to determine the compliance of the emissions unit with applicable emission limiting standards.
- (b) Accuracy of Equipment. Equipment or instruments used to directly or indirectly determine process variables, including devices such as belt scales, weight hoppers, flow meters, and tank scales, shall be calibrated and adjusted to indicate the true value of the parameter being measured with sufficient accuracy to allow the applicable process variable to be determined within 10% of its true value. [Rule 62-297.310(5), F.A.C.]

#### **Test Methods and Procedures**

{Permitting note: Table 2-1, Summary of Compliance Requirements, summarizes information for convenience purposes only. This table does not supersede any of the terms or conditions of this permit.}

A.16. <u>Visible emissions</u>. The test method for visible emissions shall be DEP Method 9, incorporated in Chapter 62-297, F.A.C. A transmissometer may be used and calibrated according to Rule 62-297.520, F.A.C. See Specific Condition A.17. [Rule 62-296.405(1)(e)1., F.A.C.]

- **A.17.** <u>DEP Method 9</u>. The provisions of EPA Method 9 (40 CFR 60, Appendix A) are adopted by reference with the following exceptions:
  - 1. EPA Method 9, Section 2.4, Recording Observations. Opacity observations shall be made and recorded by a certified observer at sequential fifteen second intervals during the required period of observation.
  - 2. EPA Method 9, Section 2.5, Data Reduction. For a set of observations to be acceptable, the observer shall have made and recorded, or verified the recording of, at least 90 percent of the possible individual observations during the required observation period. For single-valued opacity

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standards (e.g., 20 percent opacity), the test result shall be the highest valid six-minute average for the set of observations taken. For multiple-valued opacity standards (e.g., 20 percent opacity, except that an opacity of 40 percent is permissible for not more than two minutes per hour) opacity shall be computed as follows:

- a. For the basic part of the standard (i.e., 20 percent opacity) the opacity shall be determined as specified above for a single-valued opacity standard.
- b. For the short-term average part of the standard, opacity shall be the highest valid short-term average (i.e., two-minute, three-minute average) for the set of observations taken.

In order to be valid, any required average (i.e., a six-minute or two-minute average) shall be based on all of the valid observations in the sequential subset of observations selected, and the selected subset shall contain at least 90 percent of the observations possible for the required averaging time. Each required average shall be calculated by summing the opacity value of each of the valid observations in the appropriate subset, dividing this sum by the number of valid observations in the subset, and rounding the result to the nearest whole number. The number of missing observations in the subset shall be indicated in parenthesis after the subset average value.

[Rule 62-297.401, F.A.C.]

**A.18.** Particulate Matter. The test methods for particulate emissions shall be EPA Methods 17, 5, 5B, or 5F, incorporated by reference in Chapter 62-297, F.A.C. The minimum sample volume shall be 30 dry standard cubic feet. EPA Method 5 may be used with filter temperature no more than 320 degrees Fahrenheit. For EPA Method 17, stack temperature shall be less than 375 degrees Fahrenheit. The owner or operator may use EPA Method 5 to demonstrate compliance. EPA Method 3 or 3A with Orsat analysis shall be used when the oxygen based F-factor, computed according to EPA Method 19, is used in lieu of heat input. Acetone wash shall be used with EPA Method 5 or 17. [Rules 62-296.405(1)(e)2. and 62-297.401, F.A.C.]

A.19. Sulfur Dioxide. The test methods for sulfur dioxide emissions shall be EPA Methods 6, 6A, 6B, or 6C, incorporated by reference in Chapter 62-297, F.A.C. Fuel sampling and analysis may be used as an alternate sampling procedure if such a procedure is incorporated into the operation permit for the emissions unit. If the emissions unit obtains an alternate procedure under the provisions of Rule 62-297.620, F.A.C., the procedure shall become a condition of the emissions unit's permit. The Department will retain the authority to require EPA Method 6 or 6C if it has reason to believe that exceedences of the sulfur dioxide emissions limiting standard are occurring. Results of an approved fuel sampling and analysis program shall have the same effect as EPA Method 6 test results for purposes of demonstrating compliance or noncompliance with sulfur dioxide standards. The permittee may use the EPA test methods, referenced above, to demonstrate compliance; however, as an alternate sampling procedure authorized by permit, the permittee elected to demonstrate compliance by accepting a liquid fuel sulfur limit that will be verified with a fuel analysis provided by the vendor or permittee upon each fuel delivery. See Specific Conditions A.9., A.10. and A.20. [Rules 62-213.440, 62-296.405(1)(e)3. and 62-297.401, F.A.C.; and, Permits AO 64-185095.]

**A.20.** The fuel sulfur content, percent by weight, for liquid fuels shall be evaluated using either ASTM D2622-94, ASTM D4294-90, both ASTM D4057-88 and ASTM D129-95, or the latest edition. [Rules 62-213.440, 62-296.405(1)(e)3., 62-296.405(1)(f)1.b. and 62-297.440, F.A.C.]

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A.21. Required Number of Test Runs. For mass emission limitations, a compliance test shall consist of three complete and separate determinations of the total air pollutant emission rate through the test section of the stack or duct and three complete and separate determinations of any applicable process variables corresponding to the three distinct time periods during which the stack emission rate was measured provided, however, that three complete and separate determinations shall not be required if the process variables are not subject to variation during a compliance test, or if three determinations are not necessary in order to calculate the unit's emission rate. The three required test runs shall be completed within one consecutive five-day period. In the event that a sample is lost or one of the three runs must be discontinued because of circumstances beyond the control of the owner or operator, and a valid third run cannot be obtained within the five day period allowed for the test, the Secretary or his or her designee may accept the results of the two complete runs as proof of compliance, provided that the arithmetic mean of the results of the two complete runs is at least 20 percent below the allowable emission limiting standards.

[Rule 62-297.310(1), F.A.C.]

- **A.22.** Operating Rate During Testing. Testing of emissions shall be conducted with the emissions unit operation at permitted capacity, which is defined as 90 to 100 percent of the maximum operation rate allowed by the permit. If it is impracticable to test at permitted capacity, an emissions unit may be tested at less than the minimum permitted capacity; in this case, subsequent emissions unit operation is limited to 110 percent of the test load until a new test is conducted. Once the emissions unit is so limited, operation at higher capacities is allowed for no more than 15 consecutive days for the purpose of additional compliance testing to regain the authority to operate at the permitted capacity. [Rules 62-297.310(2) & (2)(b), F.A.C.]
- **A.23.** Calculation of Emission Rate. The indicated emission rate or concentration shall be the arithmetic average of the emission rate or concentration determined by each of the separate test runs unless otherwise specified in a particular test method or applicable rule. [Rule 62-297.310(3), F.A.C.]

#### A.24. Applicable Test Procedures.

- (a) Required Sampling Time.
  - 1. Unless otherwise specified in the applicable rule, the required sampling time for each test run shall be no less than one hour and no greater than four hours, and the sampling time at each sampling point shall be of equal intervals of at least two minutes.
  - 2. Opacity Compliance Tests. The required minimum period of observation for a compliance test shall be sixty (60) minutes for emissions units which emit or have the potential to emit 100 tons per year or more of particulate matter, and thirty (30) minutes for emissions units which have potential emissions less than 100 tons per year of particulate matter and are not subject to a multiple-valued opacity standard. The opacity test observation period shall include the period during which the highest opacity emissions can reasonably be expected to occur. Exceptions to these requirements are as follows:
    - c. The minimum observation period for opacity tests conducted by employees or agents of the Department to verify the day-to-day continuing compliance of a unit or activity with an applicable opacity standard shall be twelve minutes.
- (b) <u>Minimum Sample Volume</u>. Unless otherwise specified in the applicable rule, the minimum sample volume per run shall be 25 dry standard cubic feet.

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- (c) <u>Required Flow Rate Range</u>. For EPA Method 5 particulate sampling, acid mist/sulfur dioxide, and fluoride sampling which uses Greenburg Smith type impingers, the sampling nozzle and sampling time shall be selected such that the average sampling rate will be between 0.5 and 1.0 actual cubic feet per minute, and the required minimum sampling volume will be obtained.
- (d) <u>Calibration of Sampling Equipment</u>. Calibration of the sampling train equipment shall be conducted in accordance with the schedule shown in Table 297.310-1.
- (e) <u>Allowed Modification to EPA Method 5</u>. When EPA Method 5 is required, the following modification is allowed: the heated filter may be separated from the impingers by a flexible tube. [Rule 62-297.310(4), F.A.C.]
- **A.25.** Required Stack Sampling Facilities. When a mass emissions stack test is required, the permittee shall comply with the requirements contained in Appendix SS-1, Stack Sampling Facilities, attached to this permit.

[Rule 62-297.310(6), F.A.C.]

- **A.26.** Frequency of Compliance Tests. The following provisions apply only to those emissions units that are subject to an emissions limiting standard for which compliance testing is required.
- (a) General Compliance Testing.
  - 2. For excess emission limitations for particulate matter specified in Rule 62-210.700, F.A.C., a compliance test shall be conducted annually while the emissions unit is operating under soot blowing conditions in each federal fiscal year during which soot blowing is part of normal emissions unit operation, except that such test shall not be required in any federal fiscal year in which a fossil fuel steam generator does not burn liquid for more than 400 hours other than during startup.
  - 3. The owner or operator of an emissions unit that is subject to any emission limiting standard shall conduct a compliance test that demonstrates compliance with the applicable emission limiting standard prior to obtaining a renewed operation permit. Emissions units that are required to conduct an annual compliance test may submit the most recent annual compliance test to satisfy the requirements of this provision. In renewing an air operation permit pursuant to Rule 62-210.300(2)(a)3.b., c., or d., F.A.C., the Department shall not require submission of emission compliance test results for any emissions unit that, during the year prior to renewal:
    - a. Did not operate; or
    - b. In the case of a fuel burning emissions unit, burned liquid fuel for a total of no more than 400 hours.

#### TABLE 297.310-1 CALIBRATION SCHEDULE

ITEM	MINIMUM CALIBRATION FREQUENCY	REFERENCE INSTRUMENT	TOLERANCE
Liquid in glass thermometer	Annually	ASTM Hg in glass ref. thermometer or equivalent, or thermometric points	+/-2%
Bimetallic thermometer	Quarterly	Calib. liq. in glass thermometer	5 degrees F

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Thermocouple	Annually	ASTM Hg in glass ref. thermometer, NBS calibrated reference and potentiometer	5 degrees F
Barometer	Monthly	Hg barometer or NOAA station	+/-1% scale
Pitot Tube	When required or when damaged	By construction or measurements in wind tunnel D greater than 16" and standard pitot tube	See EPA Method 2, Fig. 2-2 & 2-3
Probe Nozzles	Before each test or when nicked, dented, or corroded	Micrometer	+/-0.001" mean of at least three readings Max. deviation between readings .004"
Dry Gas Meter and Orifice Meter	1. Full Scale: When received, When 5% change observed, Annually 2. One Point: Semiannually	Spirometer or calibrated wet test or dry gas test meter	2%
	3. Check after each test series	Comparison check	5%

- 4. During each federal fiscal year (October 1 September 30), unless otherwise specified by rule, order, or permit, the owner or operator of each emissions unit shall have a formal compliance test conducted for:
  - a. Visible emissions, if there is an applicable standard;
  - b. Each of the following pollutants, if there is an applicable standard, and if the emissions unit emits or has the potential to emit: 5 tons per year or more of lead or lead compounds measured as elemental lead; 30 tons per year or more of acrylonitrile; or 100 tons per year or more of any other regulated air pollutant; and
  - c. Each NESHAP pollutant, if there is an applicable emission standard.
- 5. An annual compliance test for particulate matter emissions shall not be required for any fuel burning emissions unit that, in a federal fiscal year, does not burn liquid fuel, other than during startup, for a total of more than 400 hours.
- 9. The owner or operator shall notify the Air Quality Division of the Pinellas County Department of Environmental Management, at least 15 days prior to the date on which each formal compliance test is to begin, of the date, time, and place of each such test, and the test contact person who will be responsible for coordinating and having such test conducted for the owner or operator.

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(b) <u>Special Compliance Tests</u>. When the Air Quality Division of the Pinellas County Department of Environmental Management, after investigation, has good reason (such as complaints, increased visible emissions or questionable maintenance of control equipment) to believe that any applicable emission standard contained in a Department rule or in a permit issued pursuant to those rules is being violated, it may require the owner or operator of the emissions unit to conduct compliance tests which identify the nature and quantity of pollutant emissions from the emissions unit and to provide a report on the results of said tests to the Air Quality Division of the Pinellas County Department of Environmental Management.

(c) <u>Waiver of Compliance Test Requirements</u>. If the owner or operator of an emissions unit that is subject to a compliance test requirement demonstrates to the Department, pursuant to the procedure established in Rule 62-297.620, F.A.C., that the compliance of the emissions unit with an applicable weight emission limiting standard can be adequately determined by means other than the designated test procedure, such as specifying a surrogate standard of no visible emissions for particulate matter sources equipped with a bag house or specifying a fuel analysis for sulfur dioxide emissions, the Department shall waive the compliance test requirements for such emissions units and order that the alternate means of determining compliance be used, provided, however, the provisions of Rule 62-297.310(7)(b), F.A.C., shall apply.

[Rule 62-297.310(7), F.A.C.; and, SIP approved.]

- **A.27.** By this permit, annual emissions compliance testing for visible emissions is not required for these emissions units while burning:
  - a. only gaseous fuel(s); or
  - b. gaseous fuel(s) in combination with any amount of liquid fuel(s) for less than 400 hours per year; or
  - c. only liquid fuel(s) for less than 400 hours per year.

[Rule 62-297.310(7)(a)4., F.A.C.]

- **A.28.** Annual and permit renewal compliance testing for particulate matter emissions is not required for these emissions units while burning:
  - a. only gaseous fuel(s); or
  - b. gaseous fuel(s) in combination with any amount of liquid fuel(s) for less than 400 hours per year; or
  - c. only liquid fuel(s) for less than 400 hours per year.

[Rules 62-297.310(7)(a)3. & 5., F.A.C.; and, ASP Number 97-B-01.]

#### Record keeping and Reporting Requirements

**A.29.** In the case of excess emissions resulting from malfunctions, each owner or operator shall notify the Air Quality Division of the Pinellas County Department of Environmental Management in accordance with Rule 62-4.130, F.A.C. A full written report on the malfunctions shall be submitted in a quarterly report, if requested by the Air Quality Division of the Pinellas County Department of Environmental Management.

[Rule 62-210.700(6), F.A.C.]

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**A.30.** Submit to the Air Quality Division of the Pinellas County Department of Environmental Management a written report of emissions in excess of emission limiting standards as set forth in Rule 62-296.405(1), F.A.C., for each calendar quarter. The nature and cause of the excess emissions shall be explained. This report does not relieve the owner or operator of the legal liability for violations. All recorded data shall be maintained on file by the Source for a period of five years. [Rules 62-213.440 and 62-296.405(1)(g), F.A.C.]

#### A.31. Test Reports.

- (a) The owner or operator of an emissions unit for which a compliance test is required shall file a report with the Air Quality Division of the Pinellas County Department of Environmental Management on the results of each such test.
- (b) The required test report shall be filed with the Air Quality Division of the Pinellas County Department of Environmental Management as soon as practical but no later than 45 days after the last sampling run of each test is completed.
- (c) The test report shall provide sufficient detail on the emissions unit tested and the test procedures used to allow the Air Quality Division of the Pinellas County Department of Environmental Management to determine if the test was properly conducted and the test results properly computed. As a minimum, the test report, other than for an EPA or DEP Method 9 test, shall provide the following information:
  - 1. The type, location, and designation of the emissions unit tested.
  - 2. The facility at which the emissions unit is located.
  - 3. The owner or operator of the emissions unit.
  - 4. The normal type and amount of fuels used and materials processed, and the types and amounts of fuels used and material processed during each test run.
  - 5. The means, raw data and computations used to determine the amount of fuels used and materials processed, if necessary to determine compliance with an applicable emission limiting standard.
  - 6. The type of air pollution control devices installed on the emissions unit, their general condition, their normal operating parameters (pressure drops, total operating current and GPM scrubber water), and their operating parameters during each test run.
  - 7. A sketch of the duct within 8 stack diameters upstream and 2 stack diameters downstream of the sampling ports, including the distance to any upstream and downstream bends or other flow disturbances.
  - 8. The date, starting time and duration of each sampling run.
  - 9. The test procedures used, including any alternative procedures authorized pursuant to Rule 62-297.620, F.A.C. Where optional procedures are authorized in this chapter, indicate which option was used.
  - 10. The number of points sampled and configuration and location of the sampling plane.
  - 11. For each sampling point for each run, the dry gas meter reading, velocity head, pressure drop across the stack, temperatures, average meter temperatures and sample time per point.
  - 12. The type, manufacturer and configuration of the sampling equipment used.
  - 13. Data related to the required calibration of the test equipment.
  - 14. Data on the identification, processing and weights of all filters used.
  - 15. Data on the types and amounts of any chemical solutions used.
  - 16. Data on the amount of pollutant collected from each sampling probe, the filters, and the impingers, are reported separately for the compliance test.
  - 17. The names of individuals who furnished the process variable data, conducted the test, analyzed the samples and prepared the report.
  - 18. All measured and calculated data required to be determined by each applicable test procedure for each run.

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- 19. The detailed calculations for one run that relate the collected data to the calculated emission rate.
- 20. The applicable emission standard, and the resulting maximum allowable emission rate for the emissions unit, plus the test result in the same form and unit of measure.
- 21. A certification that, to the knowledge of the owner or his authorized agent, all data submitted are true and correct. When a compliance test is conducted for the Department or its agent, the person who conducts the test shall provide the certification with respect to the test procedures used. The owner or his authorized agent shall certify that all data required and provided to the person conducting the test are true and correct to his knowledge.

[Rules 62-213.440 and 62-297.310(8), F.A.C.]

**A.32.** Not federally enforceable. Compliance with the fuel oil sulfur content (% by wt) and sulfur dioxide emissions rate (lbs/MMBtu) of this permit shall be documented by the permittee through the submittal of quarterly reports for this facility. These quarterly reports shall be submitted within 30 days of the end of each calendar quarter to the Air Quality Division of the Pinellas County Department of Environmental Management.

[Rule 62-213.440, F.A.C.; and, AO 52-216382, AO 52-216383, and AO 52-216384.]

#### Addition limitations for On-Specification Used Oil

- **A.33.** On-Specification Used Oil. On-specification used oil generated at this facility or off-site may only be burned in these emissions units if compliance with all the conditions of this permit and the following additional conditions are demonstrated:
- a. On-specification Used Oil Allowed as Fuel: This permit allows the burning of used fuel oil meeting EPA "on-specification" used oil specifications, with a maximum sulfur content of 2.5 percent, by weight, and a PCB concentration of no greater than 49 ppm.

On-specification used oil shall meet the following specifications: [40 CFR 279, Subpart B.]

- 1. Arsenic shall not exceed 5.0 ppm;
- 2. Cadmium shall not exceed 2.0 ppm;
- 3. Chromium shall not exceed 10.0 ppm;
- 4. Lead shall not exceed 100.0 ppm;
- 5. Total halogens shall not exceed 1000 ppm;
- 6. Flash point shall not be less than 100 degrees F.

Used oil that does not meet the specifications for on-specification used oil shall not be burned at this facility.

- b. Quantity Limited: The maximum cumulative annual amount of on-specification used oil that can be burned at this facility shall not exceed 5 % of the total allowable heat input for SG 1, SG 2, and SG 3.
- c. <u>Used Oil Containing PCBs Not Allowed:</u> Used oil containing a PCB concentration of 50 or more ppm shall not be burned at this facility. Used oil shall not be blended to meet this requirement or any part of this condition.
- d. <u>PCB Concentration of 2 to 49 ppm</u>: On-specification used oil with a PCB concentration of 2 to 49 ppm shall be burned only at normal source operating temperatures. On specification used oil with a PCB concentration of 2 to 49 ppm shall not be burned during periods of startup or shutdown. Before accepting from each marketer the first shipment of on-specification used oil with a PCB concentration of 2 to 49 ppm, the owner or operator shall provide each marketer with a one-time written and signed notice certifying that the owner or operator will burn the used oil in a qualified combustion device. The notice must state that EPA or a RCRA-delegated state agency has been given a description of the used oil

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management activities at the facility and that an industrial boiler or furnace will be used to burn the used oil with a PCB concentration of 2 to 49 ppm. The description of the used oil management activities shall be submitted to the Administrator of EPA or Administrator, Hazardous Waste Regulation Section, Florida Department of Environmental Protection, 2600 Blair Stone Road, Tallahassee, FL 32399-2400.

e. <u>Certification Required</u>: The owner or operator shall receive from the marketer, for each load of used oil received, a certification that the used oil meets the specifications for on-specification used oil and contains a PCB concentration of no greater than 49 ppm. This certification shall also describe the basis for the certification, such as analytical results.

{Note that a claim that used oil does not contain quantifiable levels of PCBs (that is, that the used oil contains less than 2 ppm of PCBs) must be documented by testing or other information. The first person making the claim that the used oil does not contain PCBs is responsible for furnishing the documentation. The documentation can be tests, personal or special knowledge of the source and composition of the used oil, or a certification from the person generating the used oil claiming that the used oil contains no detectable PCBs.}

f. <u>Testing Required</u>: If the owner or operator does not receive certification from the marketer as described above, the owner or operator shall properly sample and test each load of used oil received for the following parameters:

Arsenic, cadmium, chromium, lead, total halogens, flash point, PCBs\*, and percent sulfur content by weight, ash, and BTU value (BTU per gallon). Testing (sampling, extraction and analysis) shall be performed using approved methods specified in EPA Publication SW-846 (Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods).

- \* Testing for PCB's is not necessary if quantifiable levels are less than 2 ppm (ref. to Specific Condition A.33.e.) If the owner or operator relies on certification from the marketer as described above, the owner or operator shall, at a minimum, each calendar quarter, sample one load of used oil received, selected at random by the owner or operator, and analyze the sample for the above parameters. If the analytical results show that the used oil does not meet the specification for onspecification used oil, or that it contains a PCB concentration of 50 ppm or greater, the owner or operator shall immediately notify the Air Quality Division of the Pinellas County Department of Environmental Management and provide the analytical results to the Department. The owner or operator shall immediately cease burning of the used oil.
- g. Special Record Keeping Requirements: The owner or operator shall obtain, make, and keep the following records related to the use of used oil:
  - (1) The gallons of on-specification used oil received and burned each month. (This record shall be completed no later than the fifteenth day of the succeeding month.)
  - (2) The total gallons of on-specification used oil burned in the preceding consecutive 12-month period. (This record shall be completed no later than the fifteenth day of the succeeding month.)
  - (3) The name and address of all marketers delivering used oil to the facility.
  - (4) Copies of the marketer certifications, if obtained, and any supporting information.
  - (5) Documentation that the used oil contains less than 2 ppm PCBs, if claimed, including the name and address of the person making the claim.
  - (6) Results of the analyses required above.
  - (7) A copy of the notice to EPA and a copy of the one-time written notice provided to each marketer.
  - (8) The hourly usage if the on-specification used oil is burned exclusively (not blended).

The records shall be retained in a form suitable for inspection at the facility by the Department, and shall be retained for 5 years.

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h. Quarterly Reporting Required: The owner or operator shall submit to the Air Quality Division of the Pinellas County Department of Environmental Management, within thirty days of the end of each calendar quarter, a summary of the quarterly analyses and the total amount of on-specification used oil received and burned during the quarter.

The owner or operator shall submit, with the Annual Operation Report form, the analytical results and the amount of on-specification used oil burned during the previous calendar year. [40 CFR 279.61 and 761.20(e); Rules 62-4.070(3), 62-212.400(2)(f)1. and 62-213.440, F.A.C.; and, initial Title V Application received June 14, 1996.]

#### **Operation and Maintenance Plan**

**A.34.** The following is the specified Operation and Maintenance Plan for Particulate Control as required by Rule.

#### A. Process Parameters

- 1. Heat Input Rate: SG 1 & SG 3 548 MMBtu/hr (Maximum), SG 2 523 MMBtu/hr (Maximum)
- 2. Fuel: No. 6 or lighter grades of fuel oil, on-specification used fuel oil, and natural gas with a maximum sulfur content, by weight, of 2.5%, 2.5%, and 1 grain per 100 dry standard cubic feet, respectively.
- 3. Fuel Firing Rate: SG 1 & SG 3 3654 gals/hr for fuel oils. SG 2 3486 gals/hr for fuel oil. SG 1 and SG 3 natural gas at 0.5 MMCF/hour and SG 2 natural gas at 0.49 MMCF/hr.
- 4. Ash Content: as sampled.
- 5. Steam Temperature: 950 °F
- 6. Steam Pressure: 1315 psig
- 7. Steam Flow Rate: 450,000 lb/hr
- 8. Stack Height: 174 ft
- 9. Boiler Manufacture: Babcock and Wilcox
- 10. Burner Arrangement: Front Fired

#### B. Inspection and Maintenance Program

- 1. Scheduled during major outages: Boilers, controls, auxiliaries, burners and duct work are to be inspected and repaired as necessary. All parts are to be inspected, cleaned and replaced as necessary.
- 2. Scheduled during non-peak load periods in spring and fall: This schedule is affected by forced outage requirements.
- 3. The following operating parameters are to be continuously monitored and maintained at appropriate levels to produce efficient fuel combustion:
  - a. fuel flow rate
  - b. fuel temperature
  - c. fuel pressure
  - d. air flow rate
  - e. steam flow rate
  - f. steam temperature
  - g. steam pressure
- 4. Plant operators are to monitor, adjust and record the following operating parameters at least once per day to assure efficient plant operations:
  - a. temperatures (superheat, fuel)
  - b. flows (steam, feedwater, fuel)
  - c. unit load

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- 5. Fuel oil quality is to be checked prior to delivery and/or burning. Fuel oil shall be analyzed, by the most recent ASTM method, for the determination of the following:
  - a. heat content (Btu/gal)
  - b. sulfur content (% by wt)
  - c. API gravity and density (lbs/gal)

#### C. Recordkeeping

Records of inspections, maintenance, and performance parameters shall be retained for a minimum of five years and shall be made available to the Department or Air Quality Division of the Pinellas County Department of Environmental Management upon request.

[Rule 62-296.700(6), F.A.C.; and, AO 52-216382, AO 52-216383, and AO 52-216384.]

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#### Section III. Emissions Unit(s) and Conditions.

#### Subsection B. This section addresses the following emissions unit(s).

E. U. ID No.	Brief Description
-004 - 007	Combustion Turbine Peaking Units, CTP 1, CTP 2, CTP 3, and CTP 4

The above referenced combustion turbine peaking units (CTPs) may only fire new No. 2 fuel oil or natural gas having a maximum sulfur content of 0.5 percent, by weight, and 1 grain per 100 dry standard cubic feet (dscf), respectively. CTP 1 and CTP 2 have a maximum heat input of 566 MMBtu/hour at 59° F and each powers a generator rated at 37.0 MW (megawatts of electricity). CTP 3 and CTP 4 have a maximum heat input of 631 MMBtu/hour at 59° F and each powers a generator rated at 42.9 MW (megawatts of electricity). Emissions are not controlled and each turbine exhausts through a separate stack. These emissions units are pre-NSPS and not subject to the Acid Rain Program. CTP 1, CTP 2, CTP 3, and CTP 4 began commercial service on March 15, 1969, April 12, 1969, December 1, 1970, and January 9, 1971, respectively.

{Permitting Note: The emissions units are regulated under Rule 62-210.300, F.A.C., Permits Required.}

# The following specific conditions apply to the above referenced emissions units:

#### **Essential Potential to Emit (PTE) Parameters**

**B.1.** Permitted Capacity. CTP 1 and CTP 2 each have a maximum heat input of 566 MMBtu/hour at 59° F and each powers a generator rated at 37.0 MW (megawatts of electricity). CTP 3 and CTP 4 each have a maximum heat input of 631 MMBtu/hour at 59° F and each powers a generator rated at 42.9 MW. At other ambient temperatures, the units shall be operated in accordance with established performance curves, which will be made available at the site during compliance testing. [Rules 62-4.160(2) and 62-210.200(PTE), F.A.C.; and, AO 52-216420, AO 52-216421, AO 52-216422, and AO 52-216423.]

{Permitting note: The heat input limitations have been placed in each permit to identify the capacity of each unit for the purposes of confirming that emissions testing is conducted within 90 to 100 percent of the unit's rated capacity (or to limit future operation to 110 percent of the test load), to establish appropriate emission limits and to aid in determining future rule applicability. Regular record keeping is not required for heat input. Instead the owner or operator is expected to determine heat input whenever emission testing is required, to demonstrate at what percentage of the rated capacity that the unit was tested. Rule 62-297.310(5), F.A.C., included in the permit, requires measurement of the process variables for emission tests. Such heat input determination may be based on measurements of fuel consumption by various methods including but not limited to fuel flow metering or tank drop measurements, using the heat value of the fuel determined by the fuel vendor or the owner or operator, to calculate average hourly heat input during the test.}

- B.2. Emissions Unit Operating Rate Limitation After Testing. See Specific Condition B.13.
- **B.3.** Hours of Operation. Each emissions unit may operate continuously, i.e., 8,760 hours/year/CT. [Rules 62-4.160(2) and 62-210.200(PTE), F.A.C.]

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#### **B.4.** Methods of Operation - Fuels.

(a). Only new No. 2 fuel oil having a maximum sulfur content of 0.5 percent, by weight, or natural gas having a maximum sulfur content of 1 grain per 100 dscf shall be fired in these turbines.

(b). The heat inputs in Specific Condition B.1 are based on the following fuel consumption rates while firing new No. 2 fuel oil and natural gas. These rates may vary depending on the heating values of the fuels:

Emissions Unit(s)	New No. 2 Fuel Oil	Natural Gas
CTP 1 & CTP 2	4,032 gals/hr (96 bbl/hr)	0.57 MMCF/hr
CTP 3 & CTP 4	4,494 gals/hr (107 bbl/hr)	0.63 MMCF/hr

[Rules 62-4.160(2) and 62-213.440(1), F.A.C.; and, AO 64-216420, AO-216421, AO 64-216422, and AO 64-216423.]

#### **Emission Limitations and Standards**

{Permitting note: Table 1-1, Summary of Air Pollutant Standards and Terms, summarizes information for convenience purposes only. This table does not supersede any of the terms or conditions of this permit.}

{Permitting note: Unless otherwise specified, the averaging time for condition B.5. is based on the specified averaging time of the applicable test method.}

**B.5.** <u>Visible Emissions</u>. Visible emissions from each turbine shall not be equal to or greater than 20 percent opacity.

[Rule 62-296.320(4)(b)1., F.A.C.; and, AO 64-216420, AO-216421, AO 64-216422, and AO 64-216423.]

**B.6.** Sulfur Content. The sulfur content of the new No. 2 fuel oil shall not exceed 0.5 percent, by weight, and the sulfur content of the natural gas shall not exceed 1 gr/100 dscf. [Rule 62-213.440, F.A.C.; and, AO 64-216420, AO-216421, AO 64-216422, and AO 64-216423.]

#### **Excess Emissions**

- **B.7.** Excess emissions from these emissions units resulting from startup, shutdown or malfunction shall be permitted provided that best operational practices to minimize emissions are adhered to and the duration of excess emissions shall be minimized but in no case exceed two hours in any 24 hour period unless specifically authorized by the Department for longer duration. [Rule 62-210.700(1), F.A.C.]
- **B.8.** Excess emissions which are caused entirely or in part by poor maintenance, poor operation, or any other equipment or process failure which may reasonably be prevented during startup, shutdown or malfunction shall be prohibited. [Rule 62-210.700(4), F.A.C.]

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#### **Monitoring of Operations**

**B.9.** The permittee shall demonstrate compliance with the sulfur content limit with a fuel analysis provided by the vendor or permittee upon each fuel delivery. See Specific Condition **B.12**. [Rule 62-213.440, F.A.C.; and, AO 52-216420, AO 52-216421, AO 52-216422, and AO 52-216423.]

#### **B.10.** Determination of Process Variables.

- (a) Required Equipment. The owner or operator of an emissions unit for which compliance tests are required shall install, operate, and maintain equipment or instruments necessary to determine process variables, such as process weight input or heat input, when such data are needed in conjunction with emissions data to determine the compliance of the emissions unit with applicable emission limiting standards.
- (b) Accuracy of Equipment. Equipment or instruments used to directly or indirectly determine process variables, including devices such as belt scales, weight hoppers, flow meters, and tank scales, shall be calibrated and adjusted to indicate the true value of the parameter being measured with sufficient accuracy to allow the applicable process variable to be determined within 10% of its true value. [Rule 62-297.310(5), F.A.C.]

#### Test Methods and Procedures

{Permitting note: Table 2-1, Summary of Compliance Requirements, summarizes information for convenience purposes only. This table does not supersede any of the terms or conditions of this permit.}

**B.11.** The test method for visible emissions shall be EPA Method 9, incorporated and adopted by reference in Chapter 62-297, F.A.C.

[Rules 62-204.800, 62-296.320(4)(b)4.a. and 62-297.401, F.A.C.]

**B.12.** The fuel sulfur content, percent by weight, provided by the vendor or permittee for each delivery of liquid fuels shall be evaluated using either ASTM D2622-94, ASTM D4294-90, both ASTM D4057-88 and ASTM D129-91, or the latest edition.

[Rules 62-213.440 and 62-297.440, F.A.C.]

#### **B.13.** Operating Rate During Testing.

Testing of emissions shall be conducted with the emissions unit operation at permitted capacity, which is defines as 90 to 100 percent of the maximum operation rate allowed by the permit. If it is impracticable to test at permitted capacity, an emissions unit may be tested at less than capacity. If it is impracticable to test at permitted capacity, an emissions unit may be tested at less than the maximum permitted capacity; in this case, subsequent emissions unit operation is limited to 110 percent of the test rate until a new test is conducted. Once the unit is so limited, operation at higher capacities is allowed for no more than 15 consecutive days for the purpose of additional compliance testing to regain the authority to operate at the permitted capacity.

[Rules 62-297.310(2) & (2)(b), F.A.C.]

#### **B.14.** Applicable Test Procedures.

#### (a) Required Sampling Time.

2. Opacity Compliance Tests. When EPA Method 9 is specified as the applicable opacity test method, the required minimum period of observation for a compliance test shall be sixty (60) minutes for emissions units which emit or have the potential to emit 100 tons per year or more of particulate

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matter, and thirty (30) minutes for emissions units which have potential emissions less than 100 tons per year of particulate matter and are not subject to a multiple-valued opacity standard. The opacity test observation period shall include the period during which the highest opacity emissions can reasonably be expected to occur. Exceptions to these requirements are as follows:

c. The minimum observation period for opacity tests conducted by employees or agents of the Department to verify the day-to-day continuing compliance of a unit or activity with an applicable opacity standard shall be twelve minutes.

[Rule 62-297.310(4)(a)2.c., F.A.C.]

- **B.15.** Frequency of Compliance Tests. The following provisions apply only to those emissions units that are subject to an emissions limiting standard for which compliance testing is required.
- (a) General Compliance Testing.
  - 3. The owner or operator of an emissions unit that is subject to any emission limiting standard shall conduct a compliance test that demonstrates compliance with the applicable emission limiting standard prior to obtaining a renewed operation permit. Emissions units that are required to conduct an annual compliance test may submit the most recent annual compliance test to satisfy the requirements of this provision. In renewing an air operation permit pursuant to Rule 62-210.300(2)(a)3.b., c., or d., F.A.C., the Department shall not require submission of emission compliance test results for any emissions unit that, during the year prior to renewal:
    - a. Did not operate; or
    - b. In the case of a fuel burning emissions unit, burned liquid fuel for a total of no more than 400 hours.
  - 4. During each federal fiscal year (October 1 September 30), unless otherwise specified by rule, order, or permit, the owner or operator of each emissions unit shall have a formal compliance test conducted for:
    - a. Visible emissions, if there is an applicable standard;
  - 8. Any combustion turbine that does not operate for more than 400 hours per year shall conduct a visible emissions compliance test once per each five-year period, coinciding with the term of its air operation permit.
  - 9. The owner or operator shall notify the Air Quality Division of the Pinellas County Department of Environmental Management, at least 15 days prior to the date on which each formal compliance testis to begin, of the date, time, and place of each such test, and the test contact person who will be responsible for coordinating and having such test conducted for the owner or operator.
- (b) <u>Special Compliance Tests</u>. When the Air Quality Division of the Pinellas County Department of Environmental Management, after investigation, has good reason (such as complaints, increased visible emissions or questionable maintenance of control equipment) to believe that any applicable emission standard contained in a Department rule or in a permit issued pursuant to those rules is being violated, it may require the owner or operator of the emissions unit to conduct compliance tests which identify the nature and quantity of pollutant emissions from the emissions unit and to provide a report on the results of said tests to the Air Quality Division of the Pinellas County Department of Environmental Management.
- (c) Waiver of Compliance Test Requirements. If the owner or operator of an emissions unit that is subject to a compliance test requirement demonstrates to the Department, pursuant to the procedure established in Rule 62-297.620, F.A.C., that the compliance of the emissions unit with an applicable weight emission limiting standard can be adequately determined by means other than the designated test procedure, such as specifying a surrogate standard of no visible emissions for particulate matter sources equipped with a bag house or specifying a fuel analysis for sulfur dioxide emissions, the Department shall waive the compliance test requirements for such emissions units and order that the alternate means

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of determining compliance be used, provided, however, the provisions of Rule 62-297.310(7)(b), F.A.C., shall apply.

[Rule 62-297.310(7), F.A.C.; and, SIP approved]

- **B.16.** <u>Visible Emissions Testing Annual</u>. By this permit, annual emissions compliance testing for visible emissions is not required for these emissions units while burning:
  - a. only gaseous fuels; or
  - b. gaseous fuels in combination with any amount of liquid fuels for less than 400 hours per year; or
  - c. only liquid fuels for less than 400 hours per year.

[Rules 62-297.310(7)(a)4. and 8., F.A.C.]

# Record keeping and Reporting Requirements

**B.17.** Malfunction Reporting. In the case of excess emissions resulting from malfunctions as defined in Specific Conditions B.7 and B.8, each owner or operator shall notify the Department in accordance with Rule 62-4.130, F.A.C. A full written report on the malfunctions shall be submitted in a quarterly report, if requested by the Air Quality Division of the Pinellas County Department of Environmental Management.

[Rule 62-210.700(6), F.A.C.]

#### **B.18.** Test Reports.

- (a) The owner or operator of an emissions unit for which a compliance test is required shall file a report with the Air Quality Division of the Pinellas County Department of Environmental Management on the results of each such test.
- (b) The required test report shall be filed with the Air Quality Division of the Pinellas County Department of Environmental Management as soon as practical but no later than 45 days after the last sampling run of each test is completed.

[Rule 62-297.310(8), F.A.C.]

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#### Section III. Emissions Unit(s) and Conditions.

#### Subsection C. This section addresses the following emissions unit(s).

E.U. ID No.	Brief Description
-7775047 -001	Relocatable Diesel Fired Generator(s)

The relocatable diesel generator(s) will have a maximum (combined) heat input of 25.74 MMBtu/hour while being fueled by 186.3 gallons of new No. 2 fuel oil per hour with a maximum (combined) rating of 2460 kilowatts. Emissions from the generator(s) are uncontrolled. These conditions were requested in the Initial Title V Permit Application for the Anclote Power Plant received June 14, 1996. The generator(s) may be relocated at this facility and any of the following facilities:

- 1. Crystal River Plant, Powerline Road, Red Level, Citrus County.
- 2. Bartow Plant, Weedon Island, St. Petersburg, Pinellas County.
- 3. Anclote Power Plant, 1729 Baileys Bluff Road, Holliday, Pasco County.
- 4. Bayboro Plant, 13th Ave. & 2nd St. South, St. Petersburg, Pinellas County.
- 5. Wildwood Reclamation Facility, State Road 462, 1 mi. east of U.S. 301, Wildwood, Sumter County.
- 6. The future FPC Polk County Site, County Road 555, 1 mi. southwest of Homeland, Polk County.

{Permitting notes: These emissions units are regulated under Rule 62-210.300, F.A.C., Permits Required. Each generator has its own stack.}

#### The following specific conditions apply to the emissions units listed above regardless of location:

#### **Essential Potential to Emit (PTE) Parameters**

- C.1. These conditions become active and enforceable once FPC has given notification to the Air Quality Division of the Pinellas County Department of Environmental Management, if appropriate, that these units will be relocated to this facility. Notification shall be given as per Specific Condition C.24. [Rule 62-4.070(3), F.A.C.; Anclote Power Plant Permit AC 09-202080; and, Initial Title V Permit Application for the Anclote Power Plant received June 14,1996.]
- C.2. <u>Permitted Capacity</u>. The maximum operation heat input rates are as follows: [Rules 62-4.160(2) and 62-210.200(PTE), F.A.C.]

Unit No.	MMBtu/hr/generator(s) Heat Input	Fuel Type
-7775047 -001	25.74	New Low Sulfur No. 2 Fuel Oil

- **C.3.** Emissions Unit Operating Rate Limitation After Testing. See Specific Condition C.14. [Rule 62-297.310(2), F.A.C.]
- **C.4.** Methods of Operation Fuels. Only new low sulfur No. 2 fuel oil shall be fired in the combustion turbine(s).

[Rule 62-213.410, F.A.C.]

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C.5. <u>Hours of Operation</u>. The hours of operation expressed as "engine-hours" shall not exceed 2970 hours in any consecutive 12 month period. The total hours of operation, expressed as "engine-hours", shall be the summation of the individual hours of operation of each generator. [Rules 62-4.160(2) and 62-210.200(PTE), F.A.C.; and, Anclote Power Plant Permit AO 09-205952.]

#### **Emission Limitations and Standards**

{Permitting note: Table 1-1, Summary of Air Pollutant Standards and Terms, summarizes information for convenience purposes only. This table does not supersede any of the terms or conditions of this permit.}

{Permitting note: The averaging time for condition C.6. is based on the run time of the specified test method, unless otherwise specified in this permit.}

**C.6.** <u>Visible Emissions</u>. Visible emissions from each generator shall not be equal to or greater than 20 percent opacity.

[Rule 62-296.320(4)(b)1., F.A.C.; and, Anclote Power Plant Permit AO 09-205952.]

**C.7.** <u>Sulfur Dioxide - Sulfur Content</u>. The sulfur content of the new No. 2 fuel oil shall not exceed 0.50 percent, by weight.

[Requested in initial Title V Permit application dated June 14, 1996; and, Anclote Power Plant Permit AC 09-202080.]

#### **Excess Emissions**

- C.8. Excess emissions from these emissions units resulting from startup, shutdown or malfunction shall be permitted provided that best operational practices to minimize emissions are adhered to and the duration of excess emissions shall be minimized but in no case exceed two hours in any 24 hour period unless specifically authorized by the Department for longer duration. [Rule 62-210.700(1), F.A.C.]
- **C.9.** Excess emissions which are caused entirely or in part by poor maintenance, poor operation, or any other equipment or process failure which may reasonably be prevented during startup, shutdown or malfunction shall be prohibited. [Rule 62-210.700(4), F.A.C.]

#### **Monitoring of Operations**

**C.10.** The permittee shall demonstrate compliance with the liquid fuel sulfur limit by means of a fuel analysis provided by the vendor or permittee upon each fuel delivery. See Specific Condition C.13. [Rule 62-213.440, F.A.C.]

#### C.11. <u>Determination of Process Variables</u>.

(a) Required Equipment. The owner or operator of an emissions unit for which compliance tests are required shall install, operate, and maintain equipment or instruments necessary to determine process variables, such as process weight input or heat input, when such data are needed in conjunction with emissions data to determine the compliance of the emissions unit with applicable emission limiting standards.

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(b) Accuracy of Equipment. Equipment or instruments used to directly or indirectly determine process variables, including devices such as belt scales, weight hoppers, flow meters, and tank scales, shall be calibrated and adjusted to indicate the true value of the parameter being measured with sufficient accuracy to allow the applicable process variable to be determined within 10% of its true value. [Rule 62-297.310(5), F.A.C.]

#### **Test Methods and Procedures**

{Permitting note: Table 2-1, Summary of Compliance Requirements, summarizes information for convenience purposes only. This table does not supersede any of the terms or conditions of this permit.}

C.12. The test method for visible emissions shall be EPA Method 9, incorporated and adopted by reference in Chapter 62-297, F.A.C. [Rules 62-296.320(4)(b)4.a. and 62-297.401, F.A.C.]

- C.13. The fuel sulfur content, percent by weight, for liquid fuels shall be evaluated using either ASTM D2622-94, ASTM D4294-90, both ASTM D4057-88 and ASTM D129-95, or the latest edition(s). [Rules 62-213.440 and 62-297.440, F.A.C.]
- C.14. Operating Rate During Testing. Testing of emissions shall be conducted with the generator(s) operating at 90 to 100 percent of the maximum fuel firing rate of 186.3 gallons per hour. If it is impracticable to test at permitted capacity, an emissions unit may be tested at less than the minimum permitted capacity (i.e., at less than 90 percent of the maximum operation rate allowed by the permit); in this case, subsequent emissions unit operations may be limited to 110 percent of the test load until a new test is conducted, provided however, operations do not exceed 100 percent of the maximum operation rate allowed by the permit. Once the emissions unit is so limited, operation at higher capacities is allowed for no more than 15 consecutive days for the purpose of additional compliance testing to regain the authority to operate at the permitted capacity. Failure to submit the actual operating rate may invalidate the test.

[Rules 62-297.310(2), F.A.C.; and, Anclote Power Plant Permit AO 09-205952.]

#### C.15. Applicable Test Procedures.

- (a) Required Sampling Time.
  - 2. Opacity Compliance Tests. The required minimum period of observation for a compliance test shall be sixty (60) minutes for emissions units which emit or have the potential to emit 100 tons per year or more of particulate matter, and thirty (30) minutes for emissions units which have potential emissions less than 100 tons per year of particulate matter and are not subject to a multiple-valued opacity standard. The opacity test observation period shall include the period during which the highest opacity emissions can reasonably be expected to occur. Exceptions to these requirements are as follows:
    - c. The minimum observation period for opacity tests conducted by employees or agents of the Department to verify the day-to-day continuing compliance of a unit or activity with an applicable opacity standard shall be twelve minutes.

[Rule 62-297.310(4)(a)2.c., F.A.C.]

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**C.16.** Frequency of Compliance Tests. The following provisions apply only to those emissions units that are subject to an emissions limiting standard for which compliance testing is required.

- (a) General Compliance Testing.
  - 3. The owner or operator of an emissions unit that is subject to any emission limiting standard shall conduct a compliance test that demonstrates compliance with the applicable emission limiting standard prior to obtaining a renewed operation permit. Emissions units that are required to conduct an annual compliance test may submit the most recent annual compliance test to satisfy the requirements of this provision. In renewing an air operation permit pursuant to Rule 62-210.300(2)(a)3.b., c., or d., F.A.C., the Department shall not require submission of emission compliance test results for any emissions unit that, during the year prior to renewal:
    - a. Did not operate; or
    - b. In the case of a fuel burning emissions unit, burned liquid fuel for a total of no more than 400 hours.
  - 4. During each federal fiscal year (October 1 September 30), unless otherwise specified by rule, order, or permit, the owner or operator of each emissions unit shall have a formal compliance test conducted for:
    - a. Visible emissions, if there is an applicable standard;
  - 8. Any combustion turbine that does not operate for more than 400 hours per year shall conduct a visible emissions compliance test once per each five-year period, coinciding with the term of its air operation permit.
  - 9. The owner or operator shall notify the Air Quality Division of the Pinellas County Department of Environmental Management at least 15 days prior to the date on which each formal compliance test is to begin, of the date, time, and place of each such test, and the test contact person who will be responsible for coordinating and having such test conducted for the owner or operator.
- (b) <u>Special Compliance Tests</u>. When the Air Quality Division of the Pinellas County Department of Environmental Management, after investigation, has good reason (such as complaints, increased visible emissions or questionable maintenance of control equipment) to believe that any applicable emission standard contained in a Department rule or in a permit issued pursuant to those rules is being violated, it may require the owner or operator of the emissions unit to conduct compliance tests which identify the nature and quantity of pollutant emissions from the emissions unit and to provide a report on the results of said tests to the Air Quality Division of the Pinellas County Department of Environmental Management.
- (c) Waiver of Compliance Test Requirements. If the owner or operator of an emissions unit that is subject to a compliance test requirement demonstrates to the Department, pursuant to the procedure established in Rule 62-297.620, F.A.C., that the compliance of the emissions unit with an applicable weight emission limiting standard can be adequately determined by means other than the designated test procedure, such as specifying a surrogate standard of no visible emissions for particulate matter sources equipped with a bag house or specifying a fuel analysis for sulfur dioxide emissions, the Department shall waive the compliance test requirements for such emissions units and order that the alternate means of determining compliance be used, provided, however, the provisions of Rule 62-297.310(7)(b), F.A.C., shall apply.

[Rule 62-297.310(7), F.A.C.; SIP approved; and, Anclote Power Plant Permit AO 09-205952.]

C.17. <u>Visible Emissions Testing - Annual</u>. By this permit, annual emissions compliance testing for visible emissions is not required for these emissions units while burning liquid fuels for less than 400 hours per year.

[Rules 62-297.310(7)(a)4. & 8., F.A.C.]

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C.18. After each relocation, each generator shall be tested within 30 days of startup for opacity and the fuel shall be analyzed for the sulfur content. See Specific Conditions C.6, C.7, C.10, C.13, and C.14. [Rules 62-4.070(3) and 62-297.310(7)(b),F.A.C.; and, Anclote Power Plant Permit AO 09-205952.]

# Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements

C.19. <u>Malfunction Reporting</u>. In the case of excess emissions resulting from malfunctions, the owner or operator shall notify the Air Quality Division of the Pinellas County Department of Environmental Management in accordance with Rule 62-4.130, F.A.C. A full written report on the malfunctions shall be submitted in a quarterly report, if requested by the Air Quality Division of the Pinellas County Department of Environmental Management. [Rule 62-210.700(6), F.A.C.]

# C.20. Test Reports.

- (a) Each generator shall be tested on an annual basis within 30 days of the date October 25.
- (b) The owner or operator of an emissions unit for which a compliance test is required shall file a report with the Air Quality Division of the Pinellas County Department of Environmental Management on the results of each such test.
- (c) The required test report shall be filed with the Air Quality Division of the Pinellas County Department of Environmental Management as soon as practical but no later than 45 days after the last sampling run of each test is completed.
- (d) The test reports for a unit that has been relocated shall be submitted to the Department office that will handle compliance issues for the new location within 45 days of testing. [Rule 62-297.310(8), F.A.C.; and, Anclote Power Plant Permit AO 09-25952.]
- C.21. To demonstrate compliance with Specific Condition C.5, records shall indicate the daily hours of operation for each diesel generator, the daily hours of operation expressed as "engine-hours", and cumulative total hours of operation expressed as "engine hours" for each month. The records shall be maintained for a minimum of 5 years and made available to the Air Quality Division of the Pinellas County Department of Environmental Management upon request.

  [Rules 62-213.440 and 62-297.310(8), F.A.C.; and, Anclote Power Plant Permit AO 09-205952.]
- C.22. To demonstrate compliance with Specific Condition C.7, records of the sulfur content, in percent by weight, of all the fuel burned shall be kept based on either vendor provided as-delivered or as-received fuel sample analysis. The records shall be maintained for a minimum of 5 years and made available to the Air Quality Division of the Pinellas County Department of Environmental Management upon request. [Rule 62-297.310(8), F.A.C.; and, Anclote Power Plant Permit AO 09-205952.]

# **Source Obligation**

**C.23.** Specific conditions in Anclote Power Plant construction permit AC 09-202080, limiting the "engine hours" were accepted by the applicant to escape Prevention of Significant Deterioration review. If Florida Power Corporation requests a relaxation of any of the federally enforceable emission limits in this permit, the relaxation of limits may be subject to the preconstruction review requirements of Rule 62-212.400(5), F.A.C., as though construction had not yet begun.

[Rule 62-212.400(2)(g), F.A.C.; and, Anclote Power Plant Permits AC 09-202080 and AO 09-205952.]

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**C.24.** Florida Power Corporation shall notify the Department's district office and the local air program (when applicable) of where the diesel generator(s) is/are presently located and where the diesel generator(s) is/are to be relocated, in writing, at least 15 days prior to the date on which any diesel generator(s) is/are to be relocated. The notification shall specify the following:

- a. which generator(s), by serial number, is/are being relocated,
- b. which location the generator(s) is being relocated from and which location it is being relocated to, and
- c. the approximate startup date at the new location.

[Rule 62-4.070(3), F.A.C.; and, Anclote Power Plant Permit AC 09-202080]

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Section IV. This section is the Acid Rain Part.

Operated by: Florida Power

ORIS code: 630

Subsection A. This subsection addresses Acid Rain, Phase II.

The emissions units listed below are regulated under Acid Rain Program, Phase II.

E.U. ID No.	Description
-001	Fossil Fuel Fired Steam Generator - SG 1
-002	Fossil Fuel Fired Steam Generator - SG 2
-003	Fossil Fuel Fired Steam Generator - SG 3

**A.1.** The Phase II permit application submitted for this facility, as approved by the Department, is a part of this permit. The owners and operators of these Phase II acid rain unit(s) must comply with the standard requirements and special provisions set forth in the application(s) listed below:

a. DEP Form No. 62-210.900(1)(a), dated July 30, 2002 [Chapter 62-213, and Rule 62-214.320, F.A.C.]

A.2. Sulfur dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>) allowance allocations requirements for each Acid Rain unit are as follows:

E.U. ID No.	EPA ID	Year	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
-001	1	SO2 allowances, under Table 2 or 3 of 40 CFR Part 73	418*	418*	418*	418*	418*
-002	2	SO2 allowances, under Table 2 or 3 of 40 CFR Part 73	469*	469*	469*	469*	469*
-003	3	SO2 allowances, under Table 2 or 3 of 40 CFR Part 73	964*	964*	964*	964*	964*

<sup>\*</sup>The number of allowances held by an Acid Rain source in a unit account may differ from the number allocated by the USEPA under Table 2 or 3 of 40 CFR 73.

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**A.3.** Emission Allowances. Emissions from sources subject to the Federal Acid Rain Program (Title IV) shall not exceed any allowances that the source lawfully holds under the Federal Acid Rain Program. Allowances shall not be used to demonstrate compliance with a non-Title IV applicable requirement of the Act.

- 1. No permit revision shall be required for increases in emissions that are authorized by allowances acquired pursuant to the Federal Acid Rain Program, provided that such increases do not require a permit revision pursuant to Rule 62-213.400(3), F.A.C.
- 2. No limit shall be placed on the number of allowances held by the source under the Federal Acid Rain Program.
- 3. Allowances shall be accounted for under the Federal Acid Rain Program. [Rule 62-213.440(1)(c), F.A.C.]
- A.4. <u>Fast-Track Revisions of Acid Rain Parts.</u> Those Acid Rain sources making a change described at Rule 62-214.370(4), F.A.C., may request such change as provided in Rule 62-213.413, F.A.C., Fast-Track Revisions of Acid Rain Parts.

  [Rules 62-213.413 and 62-214.370(4), F.A.C.]
- A.5. Comments, notes, and justifications: none
- **A.6.** Where an applicable requirement of the Act is more stringent than an applicable requirement of regulations promulgated under Title IV of the Act, both provisions shall be incorporated into the permit and shall be enforceable by the Administrator.

[40 CFR 70.6(a)(1)(ii); and, Rule 62-210.200, Definitions - Applicable Requirements, F.A.C.]

# Appendix U-1: List of Unregulated Emissions Units and/or Activities.

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<u>Unregulated Emissions Units and/or Activities</u>. An emissions unit which emits no "emissions-limited pollutant" and which is subject to no unit-specific work practice standard, though it may be subject to regulations applied on a facility-wide basis (e.g., unconfined emissions, odor, general opacity) or to regulations that require only that it be able to prove exemption from unit-specific emissions or work practice standards.

The below listed emissions units and/or activities are neither 'regulated emissions units' nor 'insignificant emissions units'.

# E.U. ID

# No. Brief Description of Emissions Units and/or Activity

-009 General Purpose Engines

-010 Fuel Storage Tanks

-011 Emergency Generator

# Appendix I-1: List of Insignificant Emissions Units and/or Activities.

Florida Power FINAL Permit No.: 1030012-002-AV

Higgins Power Plant Facility ID No.: 1030012

The facilities, emissions units, or pollutant-emitting activities listed in Rule 62-210.300(3)(a), F.A.C., Categorical Exemptions, or that meet the criteria specified in Rule 62-210.300(3)(b)1., F.A.C., Generic Emissions Unit Exemption, are exempt from the permitting requirements of Chapters 62-210, 62-212 and 62-4, F.A.C.; provided, however, that exempt emissions units shall be subject to any applicable emission limiting standards and the emissions from exempt emissions units or activities shall be considered in determining the potential emissions of the facility containing such emissions units. Emissions units and pollutant-emitting activities exempt from permitting under Rules 62-210.300(3)(a) and (b)1., F.A.C., shall not be exempt from the permitting requirements of Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., if they are contained within a Title V source; however, such emissions units and activities shall be considered insignificant for Title V purposes provided they also meet the criteria of Rule 62-213.430(6)(b), F.A.C. No emissions unit shall be entitled to an exemption from permitting under Rules 62-210.300(3)(a) and (b)1., F.A.C., if its emissions, in combination with the emissions of other units and activities at the facility, would cause the facility to emit or have the potential to emit any pollutant in such amount as to make the facility a Title V source.

The below listed emissions units and/or activities are considered insignificant pursuant to Rule 62-213.430(6), F.A.C.

Brief Description of Emissions Units and/or Activities.			
1	Lube Oil System Vents		
2	Lube Oil Reservoir Tank		
3	Oil Water Separators		
4	Hazardous Waste Building		
5	Parts Washers/Degreasers		
6	Waste Oil Storage Tanks		
7	Luke Oil Storage Building		
8	Portable Unleaded Gasoline Tank		
9	Surface Coating and Solvent Cleaning		
10	No. 2 Diesel Fuel Tank		

# Steam Generating Units - SAG 2, SAG 3, & SAG 4

Evaporation of on-site generated boiler non-hazardous cleaning chemicals (citrosolv and ammonia). This activity occurs once every three to five years or longer.

[Note. This attachment includes "canned conditions" developed from the "Title V Core List"]

{Permitting note. APPENDIX TV-4, TITLE V CONDITIONS, is distributed to the permittee only. Other persons requesting copies of these conditions shall be provided one copy when requested or otherwise appropriate.}

#### Chapter 62-4, FAC.

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Not federally enforceable. General Prohibition Any stationary installation which will reasonably be expected to be a source of pollution shall not be operated, maintained, constructed, expanded, or modified without the appropriate and valid permits issued by the Department, unless the source is exempted by Department rule. The Department may issue a permit only after it receives reasonable assurance that the installation will not cause pollution in violation of any of the provisions of Chapter 403, F.S., or the rules promulgated thereunder. A permitted installation may only be operated, maintained, constructed, expanded or modified in a manner that is consistent with the terms of the permit.

[Rule 62-4.030, Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.), Section 403 087, Florida Statute (F.S.)]

- 2. Not federally enforceable. Procedures to Obtain Permits and Other Authorizations; Applications
- (1) Any person desiring to obtain a permit from the Department shall apply on forms prescribed by the Department and shall submit such additional information as the Department by law may require.
- (2) All applications and supporting documents shall be filed in quadruplicate with the Department.
- (3) To ensure protection of public health, safety, and welfare, any construction, modification, or operation of an installation which may be a source of pollution, shall be in accordance with sound professional engineering practices pursuant to Chapter 471, F.S. All applications for a Department permit shall be certified by a professional engineer registered in the State of Florida except, when the application is for renewal of an air pollution operation permit at a non-Title V source as defined in Rule 62-210.200, F.A.C., or where professional engineering is not required by Chapter 471, F.S. Where required by Chapter 471 or 492, F.S., applicable portions of permit applications and supporting documents which are submitted to the Department for public record shall be signed and sealed by the professional(s) who prepared or approved them.
- (4) Processing fees for air construction permits shall be in accordance with Rule 62-4.050(4), F.A C
- (5)(a) To be considered by the Department, each application must be accompanied by the proper processing fee. The fee shall be paid by check, payable to the Department of Environmental Protection. The fee is non-refundable except as provided in Section 120 60, F.S., and in this section.
  - (c) Upon receipt of the proper application fee, the permit processing time requirements of Sections 120 60(2) and 403 0876, F S, shall begin.
  - (d) If the applicant does not submit the required fee within ten days of receipt of written notification, the Department shall either return the unprocessed application or arrange with the applicant for the pick up of the application.
  - (e) If an applicant submits an application fee in excess of the required fee, the permit processing time requirements of Sections 120 60(2) and 403.0876, F.S., shall begin upon receipt, and the Department shall refund to the applicant the amount received in excess of the required fee.
- (6) Any substantial modification to a complete application shall require an additional processing fee determined pursuant to the schedule set forth in Rule 62-4 050, F.A.C., and shall restart the time requirements of Sections 120.60 and 403 0876, F.S. For purposes of this Subsection, the term "substantial modification" shall mean a modification which is reasonably expected to lead to substantially different environmental impacts which require a detailed review.
- (7) Modifications to existing permits proposed by the permittee which require substantial changes in the existing permit or require substantial evaluation by the Department of potential impacts of the proposed modifications shall require the same fee as a new application for the same time duration except for modification under Chapter 62-45, F.A.C. [Rule 62-4.050, F.A.C.]
- 3. Standards for Issuing or Denying Permits. Except as provided at Rule 62-213.460, F.A.C., the issuance of a permit does not relieve any person from complying with the requirements of Chapter 403, F.S., or Department rules [Rule 62-4.070(7), F.A.C.]

#### 4. Modification of Permit Conditions.

- (1) For good cause and after notice and an administrative hearing, if requested, the Department may require the permittee to conform to new or additional conditions. The Department shall allow the permittee a reasonable time to-conform to the new or additional conditions and on application of the permittee the Department may grant additional time. For the purpose of this section, good cause shall include, but not be limited to, any of the following: (also, see Condition No. 38.).
  - (a) A showing that an improvement in effluent or emission quality or quantity can be accomplished because of technological advances without unreasonable hardship.
  - (b) A showing that a higher degree of treatment is necessary to effect the intent and purpose of Chapter 403, F.S.
  - (c) A showing of any change in the environment or surrounding conditions that requires a modification to conform to applicable air or water quality standards.
  - (e) Adoption or revision of Florida Statutes, rules, or standards which require the modification of a permit condition for compliance.
- (2) A permittee may request a modification of a permit by applying to the Department.
- (3) A permittee may request that a permit be extended as a modification of the permit. Such a request must be submitted to the Department in writing before the expiration of the permit. Upon timely submittal of a request for extension, unless the permit automatically expires by statute or rule, the permit will remain in effect until final agency action is taken on the request. For construction permits, an extension shall be granted if the applicant can demonstrate reasonable assurances that, upon completion, the extended permit will comply with the standards and conditions required by applicable regulation. For all other permits, an extension shall be granted if the applicant can demonstrate reasonable assurances that the extended permit will comply with the standards and conditions applicable to the original permit. A permit for which the permit application fee was prorated in accordance with Rule 62-4.050(4)(1), F.A.C., shall not be extended. In no event shall a permit be extended or remain in effect longer than the time limits established by statute or rule

[Rule 62-4.080, F.A.C.]

5. Renewals. Prior to 180 days before the expiration of a permit issued pursuant to Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., the permittee shall apply for a renewal of a permit using forms incorporated by reference in the specific rule chapter for that kind of permit. A renewal application shall be timely and sufficient. If the application is submitted prior to 180 days before expiration of the permit, it will be considered timely and sufficient. If the renewal application is submitted at a later date, it will not be considered timely and sufficient unless it is submitted and made complete prior to the expiration of the operation permit. When the application for renewal is timely and sufficient, the existing permit shall remain in effect until the renewal application has been finally acted upon by the Department or, if there is court review of the Department's final agency action, until a later date is required by Section 120.60, F.S., provided that, for renewal of a permit issued pursuant to Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., the applicant complies with the requirements of Rules 62-213.420(1)(b)3 and 4, F.A.C.

[Rule 62-4.090, F.A.C.]

#### 6. Suspension and Revocation.

- (1) Permits shall be effective until suspended, revoked, surrendered, or expired and shall be subject to the provisions of Chapter 403, F.S., and rules of the Department.
- (2) Failure to comply with pollution control laws and rules shall be grounds for suspension or revocation
- (3) A permit issued pursuant to Chapter 62-4, F A C, shall not become a vested property right in the permittee. The Department may revoke any permit issued by it if it finds that the permit holder or the his agent:
  - (a) Submitted false or inaccurate information in his application or operational reports.
  - (b) Has violated law, Department orders, rules or permit conditions
  - (c) Has failed to submit operational reports or other information required by Department rules.
  - (d) Has refused lawful inspection under Section 403 091, F.S.
- (4) No revocation shall become effective except after notice is served by personal services, certified mail, or newspaper notice pursuant to Section 120.60(7), F.S., upon the person or persons named therein and a hearing held if requested within the time specified in the notice. The notice shall specify the provision of the law, or rule alleged to be violated, or the permit condition or Department order alleged to be violated, and the facts alleged to constitute a violation thereof. [Rule 62-4.100, F.A.C.]

7. Not federally enforceable. Financial Responsibility The Department may require an applicant to submit proof of financial responsibility and may require the applicant to post an appropriate bond to guarantee compliance with the law and Department rules. [Rule 62-4.110, F.A.C.]

#### 8. Transfer of Permits

- (1) Within 30 days after the sale or legal transfer of a permitted facility, an "Application for Transfer of Permit" (DEP Form 62-1 201(1)) must be submitted to the Department. This form must be completed with the notarized signatures of both the permittee and the proposed new permittee. For air permits, an "Application for Transfer of Air Permit" (DEP Form 62-210 900(7)) shall be submitted.
- (2) The Department shall approve the transfer of a permit unless it determines that the proposed new permittee cannot provide reasonable assurances that conditions of the permit will be met. The determination shall be limited solely to the ability of the new permittee to comply with the conditions of the existing permit, and it shall not concern the adequacy of these permit conditions. If the Department proposes to deny the transfer, it shall provide both the permittee and the proposed new permittee a written objection to such transfer together with notice of a right to request a Chapter 120, F.S., proceeding on such determination.
- (3) Within 30 days of receiving a properly completed Application for Transfer of Permit form, the Department shall issue a final determination. The Department may toll the time for making a determination on the transfer by notifying both the permittee and the proposed new permittee that additional information is required to adequately review the transfer request. Such notification shall be served within 30 days of receipt of an Application for Transfer of Permit form, completed pursuant to Rule 62-4 120(1), F.A.C. If the Department fails to take action to approve or deny the transfer within 30 days of receipt of the completed Application for Transfer of Permit form, or within 30 days of receipt of the last item of timely requested additional information, the transfer shall be deemed approved.
- (4) The permittee is encouraged to apply for a permit transfer prior to the sale or legal transfer of a permitted facility. However, the transfer shall not be effective prior to the sale or legal transfer.
- (5) Until this transfer is approved by the Department, the permittee and any other person constructing, operating, or maintaining the permitted facility shall be hable for compliance with the terms of the permit. The permittee transferring the permit shall remain hable for corrective actions that may be required as a result of any violations occurring prior to the sale or legal transfer of the facility. [Rule 62-4 120, F.A.C.]
- 9. Plant Operation-Problems If the permittee is temporarily unable to comply with any of the conditions of the permit due to breakdown of equipment or destruction by hazard of fire, wind or by other cause, the permittee shall immediately notify the Department. Notification shall include pertinent information as to the cause of the problem, and what steps are being taken to correct the problem and to prevent its recurrence, and where applicable, the owner's intent toward reconstruction of destroyed facilities. Such notification does not release the permittee from any liability for failure to comply with Department rules (also, see Condition No. 10.).

[Rule 62-4.130, F.A.C.]

- For purposes of notification to the Department pursuant to Condition No. 9., Condition No. 12 (8), and Rule 62-4.130, F.A.C., Plant Operation-Problems, "immediately" shall mean the same day, if during a workday (i.e., 8 00 a.m. 5 00 p.m.), or the first business day after the incident, excluding weekends and holidays; and, for purposes of 40 CFR 70.6(a)(3)(iii)(B), "prompt" shall have the same meaning as "immediately" [also, see Conditions Nos. 9. and 12.(8).]

  [40 CFR 70.6(a)(3)(iii)(B)]
- 11. **Not federally enforceable.** Review Failure to request a hearing within 14 days of receipt of notice of proposed or final agency action on a permit application or as otherwise required in Chapter 62-103, F.A.C., shall be deemed a waiver of the right to an administrative hearing.

[Rule 62-4.150, F.A.C.]

- 12. Permit Conditions. All permits issued by the Department shall include the following general conditions
- (1) The terms, conditions, requirements, limitations and restrictions set forth in this permit, are "permit conditions" and are binding and enforceable pursuant to Sections 403 141, 403 727, or 403 859 through 403.861, F.S. The permittee is placed on notice that the Department will review this permit periodically and may initiate enforcement action for any violation of these conditions.
- (2) This permit is valid only for the specific processes and operations applied for and indicated in the approved drawings or exhibits. Any unauthorized deviation from the approved drawings, exhibits, specifications, or conditions of this permit may constitute grounds for revocation and enforcement action by the Department
- (3) As provided in Subsections 403.087(7) and 403.722(5), F.S., the issuance of this permit does not convey any vested rights or any exclusive privileges. Neither does it authorize any injury to public or private property or any invasion of personal rights, nor any infringement of federal, state, or local laws or regulations. This permit is not a waiver of or approval of any other Department permit that may be required for other aspects of the total project which are not addressed in this permit.
- (4) This permit conveys no title to land or water, does not constitute State recognition or acknowledgment of title, and does not constitute authority for the use of submerged lands unless herein provided and the necessary title or leasehold interests have been obtained from the State. Only the Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund may express State opinion as to title
- (5) This permit does not relieve the permittee from liability for harm or injury to human health or welfare, animal, or plant life, or property caused by the construction or operation of this permitted source, or from penalties therefore, nor does it allow the permittee to cause pollution in contravention of F.S. and Department rules, unless specifically authorized by an order from the Department
- (6) The permittee shall properly operate and maintain the facility and systems of treatment and control (and related appurtenances) that are installed and used by the permittee to achieve compliance with the conditions of this permit, as required by Department rules. This provision includes the operation of backup or auxiliary facilities or similar systems when necessary to achieve compliance with the conditions of the permit and when required by Department rules.
- (7) The permittee, by accepting this permit, specifically agrees to allow authorized Department personnel, upon presentation of credentials or other documents as may be required by law and at reasonable times, access to the premises where the permitted activity is located or conducted to
  - (a) Have access to and copy any records that must be kept under conditions of the permit;
  - (b) Inspect the facility, equipment, practices, or operations regulated or required under this permit, and,
  - (c) Sample or monitor any substances or parameters at any location reasonably necessary to assure compliance with this permit or Department rules. Reasonable time may depend on the nature of the concern being investigated.
- (8) If, for any reason, the permittee does not comply with or will be unable to comply with any condition or limitation specified in this permit, the permittee shall immediately provide the Department with the following information (also, see Condition No. 10.)
  - (a) A description of and cause of noncompliance, and,
  - (b) The period of noncompliance, including dates and times, or, if not corrected, the anticipated time the noncompliance is expected to continue, and steps being taken to reduce, eliminate, and prevent recurrence of the noncompliance. The permittee shall be responsible for any and all damages which may result and may be subject to enforcement action by the Department for penalties or for revocation of this permit.
- (9) In accepting this permit, the permittee understands and agrees that all records, notes, monitoring data and other information relating to the construction or operation of this permitted source which are submitted to the Department may be used by the Department as evidence in any enforcement case involving the permitted source arising under the F.S. or Department rules, except where such use is prescribed by Sections 403 111 and 403 73, F.S. Such evidence shall only be used to the extent it is consistent with the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure and appropriate evidentiary rules.
- (10) The permittee agrees to comply with changes in Department rules and F.S. after a reasonable time for compliance, provided, however, the permittee does not waive any other rights granted by F.S. or Department rules
- (11) This permit is transferable only upon Department approval in accordance with Rule 62-4.120, F.A.C., as applicable. The permittee shall be liable for any non-compliance of the permitted activity until the transfer is approved by the Department
- (12) This permit or a copy thereof shall be kept at the work site of the permitted activity
- (14) The permittee shall comply with the following
  - (a) Upon request, the permittee shall furnish all records and plans required under Department rules. During enforcement actions, the retention period for all records will be extended automatically unless otherwise stipulated by the Department.
  - (b) The permittee shall hold at the facility or other location designated by this permit records of all monitoring information (including all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation) required by the permit, copies of all reports required by this permit, and records of all data used to complete the application for this permit. These materials shall be retained at least five (5) years from the date of the sample, measurement, report, or application unless otherwise specified by Department rule

- (c) Records of monitoring information shall include:
  - 1. the date, exact place, and time of sampling or measurements;
  - 2. the person responsible for performing the sampling or measurements,
  - 3. the dates analyses were performed;
  - 4. the person responsible for performing the analyses;
  - 5. the analytical techniques or methods used;
  - 6. the results of such analyses.
- (15) When requested by the Department, the permittee shall within a reasonable time furnish any information required by law which is needed to determine compliance with the permit. If the permittee becomes aware the relevant facts were not submitted or were incorrect in the permit application or in any report to the Department, such facts or information shall be corrected promptly.

  [Rules 62-4.160 and 62-213.440(1)(b), F.A.C.]

#### 13. Construction Permits.

- (1) No person shall construct any installation or facility which will reasonably be expected to be a source of air or water pollution without first applying for and receiving a construction permit from the Department unless exempted by statute or Department rule. In addition to the requirements of Chapter 62-4, F.A.C., applicants for a Department Construction Permit shall submit the following as applicable:
  - (a) A completed application on forms furnished by the Department.
  - (b) An engineering report covering
    - 1. plant description and operations,
    - 2. types and quantities of all waste material to be generated whether liquid, gaseous or solid,
    - 3. proposed waste control facilities,
    - 4. the treatment objectives,
    - 5. the design enteria on which the control facilities are based, and,
    - 6 other information deemed relevant.

Design criteria submitted pursuant to Rule 62-4 210(1)(b)5., F.A.C., shall be based on the results of laboratory and pilot-plant scale studies whenever such studies are warranted. The design efficiencies of the proposed waste treatment facilities and the quantities and types of pollutants in the treated effluents or emissions shall be indicated. Work of this nature shall be subject to the requirements of Chapter 471, F.S. Where confidential records are involved, certain information may be kept confidential pursuant to Section 403.111, F.S.

- (c) The owners' written guarantee to meet the design criteria as accepted by the Department and to abide by Chapter 403. F.S. and the rules of the Department as to the quantities and types of materials to be discharged from the installation. The owner may be required to post an appropriate bond or other equivalent evidence of financial responsibility to guarantee compliance with such conditions in instances where the owner's financial resources are inadequate or proposed control facilities are experimental in nature
- (2) The construction permit may contain conditions and an expiration date as determined by the Secretary or the Secretary's designee
- (3) When the Department issues a permit to construct, the permittee shall be allowed a period of time, specified in the permit, to construct, and to operate and test to determine compliance with Chapter 403, F.S., and the rules of the Department and, where applicable, to apply for and receive an operation permit. The Department may require tests and evaluations of the treatment facilities by the permittee at his/her expense.

[Rule 62-4.210, F.A.C.]

14. Not federally enforceable. Operation Permit for New Sources. To properly apply for an operation permit for new sources, the applicant shall submit the appropriate fee and certification that construction was completed noting any deviations from the conditions in the construction permit and test results where appropriate [Rule 62-4.220, F.A.C.]

#### Chapters 28-106 and 62-110, F A C

Public Notice, Public Participation, and Proposed Agency Action. The permittee shall comply with all of the requirements for public notice, public participation, and proposed agency action pursuant to Rules 62-110.106 and 62-210.350, F.A.C. [Rules 62-110.106, 62-210.350 and 62-213.430(1)(b), F.A.C.]

16. Administrative Hearing The permittee shall comply with all of the requirements for a petition for administrative hearing or waiver of right to administrative proceeding pursuant to Rules 28-106 201, 28-106.301 and 62-110.106, F.A.C. [Rules 28-106.201, 28-106.301 and 62-110.106, F.A.C.]

#### Chapter 62-204, F.A.C.

17. <u>Asbestos</u> This permit does not authorize any demolition or renovation of the facility or its parts or components which involves asbestos removal. This permit does not constitute a waiver of any of the requirements of Chapter 62-257, F.A.C., and 40 CFR 61, Subpart M, National Emission Standard for Asbestos, adopted and incorporated by reference in Rule 62-204 800, F.A.C. Compliance with Chapter 62-257, F.A.C., and 40 CFR 61, Subpart M, Section 61 145, is required for any asbestos demolition or renovation at the source

[40 CFR 61; Rule 62-204.800, F A.C; and, Chapter 62-257, F.A.C.]

#### Chapter 62-210, F.A.C.

- 18. Permits Required. The owner or operator of any emissions unit which emits or can reasonably be expected to emit any air pollutant shall obtain an appropriate permit from the Department prior to beginning construction, modification, or initial or continued operation of the emissions unit unless exempted pursuant to Department rule or statute. All emissions limitations, controls, and other requirements imposed by such permits shall be at least as stringent as any applicable limitations and requirements contained in or enforceable under the State Implementation Plan (SIP) or that are otherwise federally enforceable. Except as provided at Rule 62-213 460, F.A.C., issuance of a permit does not relieve the owner or operator of an emissions unit from complying with any applicable requirements, any emission limiting standards or other requirements of the air pollution rules of the Department or any other such requirements under federal, state, or local law.
- (1) Air Construction Permits
  - (a) Unless exempt from permitting pursuant to Rule 62-210 300(3)(a) or (b), F.A.C., or Rule 62-4 040, F.A.C., an air construction permit shall be obtained by the owner or operator of any proposed new or modified facility or emissions unit prior to the beginning of construction or modification, in accordance with all applicable provisions of Chapter 62-210, F.A.C., Chapter 62-212, F.A.C., and Chapter 62-4, F.A.C. Except as provided under Rule 62-213 415, F.A.C., the owner or operator of any facility seeking to create or change an air emissions bubble shall obtain an air construction permit in accordance with all the applicable provisions of Chapter 62-210, F.A.C., Chapter 62-212, F.A.C., and Chapter 62-4, F.A.C. The construction permit shall be issued for a period of time sufficient to allow construction or modification of the facility or emissions unit and operation while the new or modified facility or emissions unit is conducting tests or otherwise demonstrating initial compliance with the conditions of the construction permit
  - (b) Notwithstanding the expiration of an air construction permit, all limitations and requirements of such permit that are applicable to the design and operation of the permitted facility or emissions unit shall remain in effect until the facility or emissions unit is permanently shut down, except for any such limitation or requirement that is obsolete by its nature (such as a requirement for initial compliance testing) or any such limitation or requirement that is changed in accordance with the provisions of Rule 62-210.300(1)(b)1., F.A.C. Either the applicant or the Department can propose that certain conditions be considered obsolete. Any conditions or language in an air construction permit that are included for informational purposes only, if they are transferred to the air operation permit, shall be transferred for informational purposes only and shall not become enforceable conditions unless voluntarily agreed to by the permittee or otherwise required under Department rules.
    - 1. Except for those limitations or requirements that are obsolete, all limitations and requirements of an air construction permit shall be included and identified in any air operation permit for the facility or emissions unit. The limitations and requirements included in the air operation permit can be changed, and thereby superseded, through the issuance of an air construction permit, federally enforceable state air operation permit, federally enforceable air general permit, or Title V air operation permit; provided, however, that
      - a. Any change that would constitute an administrative correction may be made pursuant to Rule 62-210.360, F.A.C;
         b. Any change that would constitute a modification, as defined at Rule 62-210.200, F.A.C; shall be accomplished only through the issuance of an air construction permit, and
      - c. Any change in a permit limitation or requirement that originates from a permit issued pursuant to 40 CFR 52.21, Rule 62-204.800(10)(d)2, F.A.C., Rule 62-212.400, F.A.C., Rule 62-212 500, F.A.C. or any former codification of Rule 62-212 400 or Rule 62-212.500, F.A.C., shall be accomplished only through the issuance of a new or revised air construction permit under Rule 62-204.800(10)(d)2., Rule 62-212 400, or Rule 62-212 500, F.A.C., as appropriate.
    - 2 The force and effect of any change in a permit limitation or requirement made in accordance with the provisions of Rule 62-210.300(1)(b)1, F.A.C., shall be the same as if such change were made to the original air construction permit.

      3. Nothing in Rule 62-210.300(1)(b), F.A.C., shall be construed as to allow operation of a facility or emissions unit without a valid air operation permit.

- (2) Air Operation Permits Upon expiration of the air operation permit for any existing facility or emissions unit, subsequent to construction or modification, or subsequent to the creation of or change to a bubble, and demonstration of compliance with the conditions of the construction permit for any new or modified facility or emissions unit, any air emissions bubble, or as otherwise provided in Chapter 62-210, F.A.C., or Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., the owner or operator of such facility or emissions unit shall obtain a renewal air operation permit, an initial air operation permit or general permit, or an administrative correction or revision of an existing air operation permit, whichever is appropriate, in accordance with all applicable provisions of Chapter 62-210, F.A.C., Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., and Chapter 62-4, F.A.C.
  - (a) Minimum Requirements for All Air Operation Permits. At a minimum, a permit issued pursuant to this subsection shall:
    - 1. Specify the manner, nature, volume and frequency of the emissions permitted, and the applicable emission limiting standards or performance standards, if any;
    - 2. Require proper operation and maintenance of any pollution control equipment by qualified personnel, where applicable in accordance with the provisions of any operation and maintenance plan required by the air pollution rules of the Department
    - 3. Contain an effective date stated in the permit which shall not be earlier than the date final action is taken on the application and be issued for a period, beginning on the effective date, as provided below
      - a The operation permit for an emissions unit which is in compliance with all applicable rules and in operational condition, and which the owner or operator intends to continue operating, shall be issued or renewed for a five-year period, except that, for Title V sources subject to Rule 62-213.420(1)(a)1., F.A.C., operation permits shall be extended until 60 days after the due date for submittal of the facility's Title V permit application as specified in Rule 62-213.420(1)(a)1., F.A.C.
      - b Except as provided in Rule 62-210.300(2)(a)3.d., F.A.C., the operation permit for an emissions unit which has been shut down for six months or more prior to the expiration date of the current operation permit, shall be renewed for a period not to exceed five years from the date of shutdown, even if the emissions unit is not maintained in operational condition, provided
        - (1) the owner or operator of the emissions unit demonstrates to the Department that the emissions unit may need to be reactivated and used, or that it is the owner's or operator's intent to apply to the Department for a permit to construct a new emissions unit at the facility before the end of the extension period; and,
        - (ii) the owner or operator of the emissions unit agrees to and is legally prohibited from providing the allowable emission permitted by the renewed permit as an emissions offset to any other person under Rule 62-212.500, F.A.C., and,
        - (iii) the emissions unit was operating in compliance with all applicable rules as of the time the source was shut down.
      - c. Except as provided in Rule 62-210.300(2)(a)3 d, F.A.C., the operation permit for an emissions unit which has been shut down for five years or more prior to the expiration date of the current operation permit shall be renewed for a maximum period not to exceed ten years from the date of shutdown, even if the emissions unit is not maintained in operational condition, provided the conditions given in Rule 62-210.300(2)(a)3.b., F.A.C., are met and the owner or operator demonstrates to the Department that failure to renew the permit would constitute a hardship, which may include economic hardship.
      - d. The operation permit for an electric utility generating unit on cold standby or long-term reserve shutdown shall be renewed for a five-year period, and additional five-year periods, even if the unit is not maintained in operational condition, provided the conditions given in Rules 62-210.300(2)(a)3.b.(i) through (iii), F A C., are met
    - 4. In the case of an emissions unit permitted pursuant to Rules 62-210 300(2)(a)3 b, c., and d., F A C., include reasonable notification and compliance testing requirements for reactivation of such emissions unit and provide that the owner or operator demonstrate to the Department prior to reactivation that such reactivation would not constitute reconstruction pursuant to Rule 62-204.800(7), F.A.C.

[Rules 62-210.300(1) & (2), F.A.C.]

- Not federally enforceable. <u>Notification of Startup</u> The owner or operator of any emissions unit or facility which has a valid air operation permit which has been shut down more than one year, shall notify the Department in writing of the intent to start up such emissions unit or facility, a minimum of 60 days prior to the intended startup date.
  - (a) The notification shall include information as to the startup date, anticipated emission rates or pollutants released, changes to processes or control devices which will result in changes to emission rates, and any other conditions which may differ from the valid outstanding operation permit.

(b) If, due to an emergency, a startup date is not known 60 days prior thereto, the owner shall notify the Department as soon as possible after the date of such startup is ascertained.

[Rule 62-210.300(5), F.A C.]

#### 20 Emissions Unit Reclassification.

- (a) Any emissions unit whose operation permit has been revoked as provided for in Chapter 62-4, F.A.C., shall be deemed permanently shut down for purposes of Rule 62-212 500, F.A.C. Any emissions unit whose permit to operate has expired without timely renewal or transfer may be deemed permanently shut down, provided, however, that no such emissions unit shall be deemed permanently shut down if, within 20 days after receipt of written notice from the Department, the emissions unit owner or operator demonstrates that the permit expiration resulted from inadvertent failure to comply with the requirements of Rule 62-4 090, F.A.C., and that the owner or operator intends to continue the emissions unit in operation, and either submits an application for an air operation permit or complies with permit transfer requirements, if applicable.
- (b) If the owner or operator of an emissions unit which is so permanently shut down, applies to the Department for a permit to reactivate or operate such emissions unit, the emissions unit will be reviewed and permitted as a new emissions unit [Rule 62-210 300(6), F.A.C.]

#### 21 Transfer of Air Permits.

- (a) An air permit is transferable only after submission of an Application for Transfer of Air Permit (DEP Form 62-210 900(7)) and Department approval in accordance with Rule 62-4 120, F.A.C. For Title V permit transfers only, a complete application for transfer of air permit shall include the requirements of 40 CFR 70.7(d)(1)(iv), adopted and incorporated by reference at Rule 62-204 800, F.A.C. Within 30 days after approval of the transfer of permit, the Department shall update the permit by an administrative permit.
- F.A.C. Within 30 days after approval of the transfer of permit, the Department shall update the permit by an administrative permit correction pursuant to Rule 62-210 360, F.A.C.
- (b) For an air general permit, the provision of Rules 62-210.300(7)(a) and 62-4 120, F.A.C., do not apply. Thirty (30) days before using an air general permit, the new owner must submit an air general permit notification to the Department in accordance with Rule 62-210.300(4), F.A.C., or Rule 62-213.300(2)(b), F.A.C. [Rule 62-210.300(7), F.A.C.]

#### 22. Public Notice and Comment

- (1) Public Notice of Proposed Agency Action.
  - (a) A notice of proposed agency action on permit application, where the proposed agency action is to issue the permit, shall be published by any applicant for:
    - 1. An air construction permit;
    - 2. An air operation permit, permit renewal or permit revision subject to Rule 62-210.300(2)(b), F.A.C., (i.e., a FESOP), except as provided in Rule 62-210.300(2)(b)1.b., F.A.C., or
    - 3. An air operation permit, permit renewal, or permit revision subject to Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., except Title V air general permits or those permit revisions meeting the requirements of Rule 62-213 412(1), F.A.C.
  - (b) The notice required by Rule 62-210.350(1)(a), F.A.C., shall be published in accordance with all otherwise applicable provisions of Rule 62-110.106, F.A.C. A public notice under Rule 62-210.350(1)(a)1, F.A.C., for an air construction permit may be combined with any required public notice under Rule 62-210.350(1)(a)2 or 3., F.A.C., for air operation permits. If such notices are combined, the public notice must comply with the requirements for both notices
  - (c) Except as otherwise provided at Rules 62-210.350(2) and (5), F.A.C., each notice of intent to issue an air construction permit shall provide a 14-day period for submittal of public comments
- (2) Additional Public Notice Requirements for Emissions Units Subject to Prevention of Significant Deterioration or Nonattainment Area Preconstruction Review.
  - (a) Before taking final agency action on a construction permit application for any proposed new or modified facility or emissions unit subject to the preconstruction review requirements of Rule 62-212 400 or 62-212 500, F A C., the Department shall comply with all applicable provisions of Rule 62-110 106, F.A.C., and provide an opportunity for public comment which shall include as a minimum the following
    - 1. A complete file available for public inspection in at least one location in the district affected which includes the information submitted by the owner or operator, exclusive of confidential records under Section 403.111, F.S., and the Department's analysis of the effect of the proposed construction or modification on ambient air quality, including the Department's preliminary determination of whether the permit should be approved or disapproved;
    - 2. A 30-day period for submittal of public comments; and,

- 3. A notice, by advertisement in a newspaper of general circulation in the county affected, specifying the nature and location of the proposed facility or emissions unit, whether BACT or LAER has been determined, the degree of PSD increment consumption expected, if applicable, and the location of the information specified in paragraph 1, above; and, notifying the public of the opportunity for submitting comments and requesting a public hearing.
- (b) The notice provided for in Rule 62-210.350(2)(a)3., F A.C., shall be prepared by the Department and published by the applicant in accordance with all applicable provisions of Rule 62-110 106, F.A.C., except that the applicant shall cause the notice to be published no later than thirty (30) days prior to final agency action.
- (c) A copy of the notice provided for in Rule 62-210.350(2)(a)3, F.A.C, shall also be sent by the Department to the Regional Office of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency and to all other state and local officials or agencies having cognizance over the location of such new or modified facility or emissions unit, including local air pollution control agencies, chief executives of city or county government, regional land use planning agencies, and any other state, Federal Land Manager, or Indian Governing Body whose lands may be affected by emissions from the new or modified facility or emissions unit.
- (d) A copy of the notice provided for in Rule 62-210.350(2)(a)3., F.A.C., shall be displayed in the appropriate district, branch and local program offices.
- (e) An opportunity for public hearing shall be provided in accordance with Chapter 120, F.S., and Rule 62-110 106, F.A C.
- (f) Any public comments received shall be made available for public inspection in the location where the information specified in Rule 62-210.350(2)(a)1, F.A.C., is available and shall be considered by the Department in making a final determination to approve or deny the permit
- (g) The final determination shall be made available for public inspection at the same location where the information specified in Rule 62-210.350(2)(a)1., F.A.C., was made available.
- (h) For a proposed new or modified emissions unit which would be located within 100 kilometers of any Federal Class I area or whose emissions may affect any Federal Class I area, and which would be subject to the preconstruction review requirements of Rule 62-212.400, F.A.C., or Rule 62-212.500, F.A.C.
  - 1 The Department shall mail or transmit to the Administrator a copy of the initial application for an air construction permit and notice of every action related to the consideration of the permit application.
  - 2 The Department shall mail or transmit to the Federal Land Manager of each affected Class I area a copy of any written notice of intent to apply for an air construction permit; the initial application for an air construction permit, including all required analyses and demonstrations; any subsequently submitted information related to the application; the preliminary determination and notice of proposed agency action on the permit application, and any petition for an administrative hearing regarding the application or the Department's proposed action. Each such document shall be mailed or transmitted to the Federal Land Manager within fourteen (14) days after its receipt by the Department.
- (3) Additional Public Notice Requirements for Facilities Subject to Operation Permits for Title V Sources.
  - (a) Before taking final agency action to issue a new, renewed, or revised air operation permit subject to Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., the Department shall comply with all applicable provisions of Rule 62-110 106, F.A.C., and provide an opportunity for public comment which shall include as a minimum the following:
    - 1. A complete file available for public inspection in at least one location in the district affected which includes the information submitted by the owner or operator, exclusive of confidential records under Section 403 111, F.S.; and,
    - 2. A 30-day period for submittal of public comments.
  - (b) The notice provided for in Rule 62-210.350(3)(a), F.A.C., shall be prepared by the Department and published by the applicant in accordance with all applicable provisions of Rule 62-110 106, F.A.C., except that the applicant shall cause the notice to be published no later than thirty (30) days prior to final agency action. If written comments received during the 30-day comment period on a draft permit result in the Department's issuance of a revised draft permit in accordance with Rule 62-213.430(1), F.A.C., the Department shall require the applicant to publish another public notice in accordance with Rule 62-210.350(1)(a), F.A.C.
  - (c) The notice shall identify:
    - 1. The facility;
    - 2. The name and address of the office at which processing of the permit occurs;
    - 3. The activity or activities involved in the permit action;
    - 4. The emissions change involved in any permit revision;
    - 5. The name, address, and telephone number of a Department representative from whom interested persons may obtain additional information, including copies of the permit draft, the application, and all relevant supporting materials, including any permit application, compliance plan, permit, monitoring report, and compliance statement required pursuant to Chapter 62-213, F.A.C. (except for information entitled to confidential treatment pursuant to Section 403.111, F.S.), and all other materials available to the Department that are relevant to the permit decision;

- 6 A brief description of the comment procedures required by Rule 62-210.350(3), F.A C.;
- 7. The time and place of any hearing that may be held, including a statement of procedure to request a hearing (unless a hearing has already been scheduled); and,
- 8. The procedures by which persons may petition the Administrator to object to the issuance of the proposed permit after expiration of the Administrator's 45-day review period.

[Rule 62-210 350, F.A.C.]

#### 23. Administrative Permit Corrections

- (1) A facility owner shall notify the Department by letter of minor corrections to information contained in a permit. Such notifications shall include.
  - (a) Typographical errors noted in the permit,
  - (b) Name, address or phone number change from that in the permit,
  - (c) A change requiring more frequent monitoring or reporting by the permittee;
  - (d) A change in ownership or operational control of a facility, subject to the following provisions:
    - 1. The Department determines that no other change in the permit is necessary;
    - 2 The permittee and proposed new permittee have submitted an Application for Transfer of Air Permit, and the Department has approved the transfer pursuant to Rule 62-210 300(7), F.A.C.; and
    - 3. The new permittee has notified the Department of the effective date of sale or legal transfer.
  - (e) Changes listed at 40 CFR 72 83(a)(1), (2), (6), (9) and (10), adopted and incorporated by reference at Rule 62-204 800, F.A.C., and changes made pursuant to Rules 62-214.340(1) and (2), F.A.C., to Title V sources subject to emissions limitations or reductions pursuant to 42 USC ss. 7651-76510,
  - (f) Changes listed at 40 CFR 72.83(a)(11) and (12), adopted and incorporated by reference at Rule 62-204.800, F.A.C., to Title V sources subject to emissions limitations or reductions pursuant to 42 USC ss. 7651-76510, provided the notification is accompanied by a copy of any EPA determination concerning the similarity of the change to those listed at Rule 62-210.360(1)(e), F.A.C.; and,
  - (g) Any other similar minor administrative change at the source.
- (2) Upon receipt of any such notification the Department shall within 60 days correct the permit and provide a corrected copy to the owner.
- (3) After first notifying the owner, the Department shall correct any permit in which it discovers errors of the types listed at Rules 62-210 360(1)(a) and (b), F.A.C., and provide a corrected copy to the owner.
- (4) For Title V source permits, other than general permits, a copy of the corrected permit shall be provided to EPA and any approved local air program in the county where the facility or any part of the facility is located.
- (5) The Department shall incorporate requirements resulting from issuance of a new or revised construction permit into an existing Title V source permit, if the construction permit or permit revision incorporates requirements of federally enforceable preconstruction review, and if the applicant requests at the time of application that all of the requirements of Rule 62-213 430(1), F.A.C., be complied with in conjunction with the processing of the construction permit application.

[Rule 62-210 360, F.A.C.]

#### 24. Reports

- (3) Annual Operating Report for Air Pollutant Emitting Facility.
  - (a) The Annual Operating Report for Air Pollutant Emitting Facility (DEP Form No. 62-210.900(5)) shall be completed each year.
  - (c) The annual operating report shall be submitted to the appropriate Department District or Department approved local air pollution control program office by March 1 of the following year unless otherwise indicated by permit condition or Department request.

[Rule 62-210 370(3), F.A.C.]

25. <u>Circumvention</u>. No person shall circumvent any air pollution control device, or allow the emission of air pollutants without the applicable air pollution control device operating properly

[Rule 62-210.650, F A.C.]

- 26. Forms and Instructions. The forms used by the Department in the stationary source control program are adopted and incorporated by reference in this section. The forms are listed by rule number, which is also the form number, with the subject, title and effective date. Forms 62-210.900(1),(3),(4) and (5), F.A.C., including instructions, are available from the Department as hard-copy documents or executable files on computer diskettes. Copies of forms (hard-copy or diskette) may be obtained by writing to the Department of Environmental Protection, Division of Air Resource Management, 2600 Blair Stone Road, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400. Notwithstanding the requirement of Rule 62-4.050(2), F.A.C., to file application forms in quadruplicate, if an air permit application is submitted using the Department's electronic application form, only one copy of the diskette and signature pages is required to be submitted.
- (1) Application for Air Permit Title V Source, Form and Instructions (Effective 02/11/1999)
  - (a) Acid Rain Part (Phase II), Form and Instructions (Effective 04/16/2001).
    - 1. Repowering Extension Plan, Form and Instructions (Effective 07/01/1995).
    - 2. New Unit Exemption, Form and Instructions (Effective 04/16/2001).
    - 3 Retired Unit Exemption, Form and Instructions (Effective 04/16/2001)
    - 4 Phase II NOx Compliance Plan, Form and Instructions (Effective 01/06/1998)
    - 5. Phase II NOx Averaging Plan, Form (Effective 01/06/1998)
  - (b) Reserved
- (5) Annual Operating Report for Air Poliutant Emitting Facility, Form and Instructions (Effective 02/11/1999).
- (7) Application for Transfer of Air Permit Title V and Non-Title V Source, (Effective 04/16/2001).

IRule 62-210 900, F.A.C 1

#### Chapter 62-213, F.A.C.

27. Annual Emissions Fee. Each Title V source permitted to operate in Florida must pay between January 15 and March 1 of each year, upon written notice from the Department, an annual emissions fee in an amount determined as set forth in Rule 62-213.205(1), F.A.C.

[Rules 62-213.205 and 62-213.900(1), F.A.C.]

28. Annual Emissions Fee. Failure to pay timely any required annual emissions fee, penalty, or interest constitutes grounds for permit revocation pursuant to Rule 62-4.100, F.A.C

[Rule 62-213.205(1)(g), F.A.C]

29. <u>Annual Emissions Fee</u>. Any documentation of actual hours of operation, actual material or heat input, actual production amount, or actual emissions used to calculate the annual emissions fee shall be retained by the owner for a minimum of five (5) years and shall be made available to the Department upon request.

[Rule 62-213 205(1)(i), F A.C ]

30. Annual Emissions Fee A completed DEP Form 62-213.900(1), F.A.C., "Major Air Pollution Source Annual Emissions Fee Form", must be submitted by the responsible official with the annual emissions fee.

[Rule 62-213.205(1)(j), F.A.C.]

31. <u>Air Operation Permit Fees</u>. No permit application processing fee, renewal fee, modification fee or amendment fee is required for an operation permit for a Title V source.

[Rule 62-213 205(4), F.A.C.]

- 32. Permits and Permit Revisions Required. All Title V sources are subject to the permit requirements of Chapter 62-213, F.A C.
- (1) No Title V source may operate except in compliance with Chapter 62-213, F.A.C.
- (2) Except as provided in Rule 62-213.410, F.A.C., no source with a permit issued under the provisions of this chapter shall make any changes in its operation without first applying for and receiving a permit revision if the change meets any of the following:
  - (a) Constitutes a modification;
  - (b) Violates any applicable requirement;
  - (c) Exceeds the allowable emissions of any air pollutant from any unit within the source;
  - (d) Contravenes any permit term or condition for monitoring, testing, recordkeeping, reporting or of a compliance certification requirement;
  - (e) Requires a case-by-case determination of an emission limitation or other standard or a source specific determination of ambient impacts, or a visibility or increment analysis under the provisions of Chapters 62-212 or 62-296, F.A.C.;
  - (f) Violates a permit term or condition which the source has assumed for which there is no corresponding underlying applicable requirement to which the source would otherwise be subject;
  - (g) Results in the trading of emissions among units within a source except as specifically authorized pursuant to Rule 62-213 415, F.A.C.;

- (h) Results in the change of location of any relocatable facility identified as a Title V source pursuant to paragraph (a)-(e), (g) or (h) of the definition of "major source of air pollution" at Rule 62-210.200, F.A.C.;
- (i) Constitutes a change at an Acid Rain Source under the provisions of 40 CFR 72.81(a)(1).(2),or (3).(b)(1) or (b)(3), hereby incorporated by reference,
- (j) Constitutes a change in a repowering plan, nitrogen oxides averaging plan, or nitrogen oxides compliance deadline extension at an Acid Rain Source;
- (k) Is a request for industrial-utility unit exemption pursuant to Rule 62-214.340, F.A.C. [Rules 62-213.400(1) & (2), F.A.C.]
- 33. Changes Without Permit Revision. Title V sources having a valid permit issued pursuant to Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., may make the following changes without permit revision, provided that sources shall maintain source logs or records to verify periods of operation in each alternative method of operation.
- (1) Permitted sources may change among those alternative methods of operation allowed by the source's permit as provided by the terms of the permit:
- (2) Permitted sources may implement the terms or conditions of a new or revised construction permit if,
  - (a) The application for construction permit complied with the requirements of Rule 62-213 420(3) and (4), F.A C.;
  - (b) The terms or conditions were subject to federally enforceable preconstruction review pursuant to Chapter 62-212, F.A.C.; and,
  - (c) The new or revised construction permit was issued after the Department and the applicant complied with all the requirements of Rule 62-213 430(1), F.A.C.;
- (3) A permitted source may implement operating changes, as defined in Rule 62-210.200, F.A.C., after the source submits any forms required by any applicable requirement and provides the Department and EPA with at least 7 days written notice prior to implementation. The source and the Department shall attach each notice to the relevant permit:
  - (a) The written notice shall include the date on which the change will occur, and a description of the change within the permitted source, the pollutants emitted and any change in emissions, and any term or condition becoming applicable or no longer applicable as a result of the change;
  - (b) The permit shield described in Rule 62-213 460, F.A C., shall not apply to such changes;
- (4) Permitted sources may implement changes involving modes of operation only in accordance with Rule 62-213.415, F.A.C. [Rule 62-213.410, F.A.C.]
- 34. Immediate Implementation Pending Revision Process.
- (1) Those permitted Title V sources making any change that constitutes a modification pursuant to the definition of modification at Rule 62-210.200, F.A.C., but which would not constitute a modification pursuant to 42 USC 7412(a) or to 40 CFR 52 01, 60 2, or 61.15, adopted and incorporated by reference at Rule 62-204 800, F.A.C., may implement such change prior to final issuance of a permit revision in accordance with this section, provided the change:
  - (a) Does not violate any applicable requirement;
  - (b) Does not contravene any permit term or condition for monitoring, testing, recordkeeping or reporting, or any compliance certification requirement;
  - (c) Does not require or change a case-by-case determination of an emission limitation or other standard, or a source-specific determination of ambient impacts, or a visibility or increment analysis under the provisions of Chapter 62-212 or 62-296, F.A C.;
  - (d) Does not seek to establish or change a permit term or condition for which there is no corresponding underlying applicable requirement and which the source has assumed to avoid an applicable requirement to which the source would otherwise be subject including any federally enforceable emissions cap or federally enforceable alternative emissions limit.
- (2) A Title V source may immediately implement such changes after they have been incorporated into the terms and conditions of a new or revised construction permit issued pursuant to Chapter 62-212, F.A.C., and after the source provides to EPA, the Department, each affected state and any approved local air program having geographic jurisdiction over the source, a copy of the source's application for operation permit revision. The Title V source may conform its application for construction permit to include all information required by Rule 62-213 420, F.A.C., in lieu of submitting separate application forms.

- (3) The Department shall process the application for operation permit revision in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., except that the Department shall issue a draft permit revision or a determination to deny the revision within 60 days of receipt of a complete application for operation permit revision or, if the Title V source has submitted a construction permit application conforming to the requirements of Rule 62-213.420, F.A.C., the Department shall issue a draft permit or a determination to deny the revision at the same time the Department issues its determination on issuance or denial of the construction permit application. The Department shall not take final action until all the requirements of Rules 62-213 430(1)(a), (c), (d), and (e), F.A.C., have been complied with.
- (4) Pending final action on the operation permit revision application, the source shall implement the changes in accordance with the terms and conditions of the source's new or revised construction permit.
- (5) The permit shield described in Rule 62-213.460, F.A.C., shall not apply to such changes until after the Department takes final action to issue the operation permit revision.
- (6) If the Department denies the source's application for operation permit revision, the source shall cease implementation of the proposed changes.

[Rule 62-213.412, F.A.C.]

#### 35. Permit Applications.

- (1) Duty to Apply. For each Title V source, the owner or operator shall submit a timely and complete permit application in compliance with the requirements of Rules 62-213.420, F.A.C., and Rules 62-4 050(1) through (3), F.A.C.
  - (a) Timely Application.
    - 3. For purposes of permit renewal, a timely application is one that is submitted in accordance with Rule 62-4.090, F.A.C.
  - (b) Complete Application.
    - 1. Any applicant for a Title V permit, permit revision or permit renewal must submit an application on DEP Form No 62-210.900(1), which must include all the information specified by Rule 62-213.420(3), F.A.C., except that an application for permit revision must contain only that information related to the proposed change. The applicant shall include information concerning fugitive emissions and stack emissions in the application. Each application for permit revision or permit renewal shall be certified by a responsible official in accordance with Rule 62-213.420(4), F.A.C.
    - 2. For those applicants submitting initial permit applications pursuant to Rule 62-213.420(1)(a)1. F.A.C., a complete application shall be an application that substantially addresses all the information required by the application form number 62-210.900(1), and such applications shall be deemed complete within sixty days of receipt of a signed and certified application unless the Department notifies the applicant of incompleteness within that time. For all other applicants, the applications shall be deemed complete sixty days after receipt, unless the Department, within sixty days after receipt of a signed application for permit, permit revision or permit renewal, requests additional documentation or information needed to process the application. An applicant making timely and complete application for permit, or timely application for permit renewal as described by Rule 62-4.090(1), F.A.C., shall continue to operate the source under the authority and provisions of any existing valid permit or Florida Electrical Power Plant Siting Certification, and in accordance with applicable requirements of the Acid Rain Program, until the conclusion of proceedings associated with its permit application or until the new permit becomes effective, whichever is later, provided the applicant complies with all the provisions of Rules 62-213.420(1)(b)3. and 4. F.A.C. Failure of the Department to request additional information within sixty days of receipt of a properly signed application shall not impair the Department's ability to request additional information pursuant to Rules 62-213.420(1)(b)3 and 4., F.A.C.
    - 3. For those permit applications submitted pursuant to the provisions of Rule 62-213 420(1)(a)1., F.A.C., the Department shall notify the applicant if the Department becomes aware at any time during processing of the application that the application contains incorrect or incomplete information. The applicant shall submit the corrected or supplementary information to the Department within ninety days unless the applicant has requested and been granted additional time to submit the information. Failure of an applicant to submit corrected or supplementary information requested by the Department within ninety days or such additional time as requested and granted shall render the application incomplete.
    - 4. For all applications other than those addressed at Rule 62-213.420(1)(b)3, F.A.C., should the Department become aware, during processing of any application that the application contains incorrect information, or should the Department become aware, as a result of comment from an affected State, an approved local air program, EPA, or the public that additional information is needed to evaluate the application, the Department shall notify the applicant within 30 days. When an applicant becomes aware that an application contains incorrect or incomplete information, the applicant shall submit the corrected or supplementary information to the Department. If the Department notifies an applicant that corrected or supplementary information is necessary to process the permit, and requests a response, the applicant shall provide the information to the Department within ninety days of the Department request unless the applicant has requested

and been granted additional time to submit the information or, the applicant shall, within ninety days, submit a written request that the Department process the application without the information. Failure of an applicant to submit corrected or supplementary information requested by the Department within ninety days, or such additional time as requested and granted, or to demand in writing within ninety days that the application be processed without the information shall render the application incomplete. Nothing in this section shall limit any other remedies available to the Department.

[Rules 62-213 420(1)(a)3 and 62-213.420(1)(b)1., 2, 3, & 4., F.A.C.]

- 36 <u>Confidential Information</u>. Whenever an applicant submits information under a claim of confidentiality pursuant to Section 403.111, F.S., the applicant shall also submit a copy of all such information and claim directly to EPA. (also, see Condition No. 50.) [Rule 62-213 420(2), F.A.C.]
- 37 <u>Standard Application Form and Required Information</u>. Applications shall be submitted under Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., on forms provided by the Department and adopted by reference in Rule 62-210.900(1), F.A.C. The information as described in Rule 62-210.900(1), F.A.C., shall be included for the Title V source and each emissions unit. An application must include information sufficient to determine all applicable requirements for the Title V source and each emissions unit and to evaluate a fee amount pursuant to Rule 62-213 205, F.A.C.
  [Rule 62-213 420(3), F.A.C.]
- 38 a. <u>Permit Renewal and Expiration</u>. Permits being renewed are subject to the same requirements that apply to permit issuance at the time of application for renewal. Permit renewal applications shall contain that information identified in Rules 62-210 900(1) and 62-213.420(3), F.A.C. Unless a Title V source submits a timely application for permit renewal in accordance with the requirements of Rule 62-4 090(1), F.A.C., the existing permit shall expire and the source's right to operate shall terminate. No Title V permit will be issued for a new term except through the renewal process.
- b <u>Permit Revision Procedures</u> Permit revisions shall meet all requirements of Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., including those for content of applications, public participation, review by approved local programs and affected states, and review by EPA, as they apply to permit issuance and permit renewal, except that permit revisions for those activities implemented pursuant to Rule 62-213.412, F.A.C., need not meet the requirements of Rule 62-213 430(1)(b), F.A.C. The Department shall require permit revision in accordance with the provisions of Rule 62-4.080, F.A.C., and 40 CFR 70.7(f), whenever any source becomes subject to any condition listed at 40 CFR 70.7(f)(1), hereby adopted and incorporated by reference. The below requirements from 40 CFR 70.7(f) are adopted and incorporated by reference in Rule 62-213 430(4), F.A.C.:
  - o 40 CFR 70.7(f): Reopening for Cause. (also, see Condition No. 4.)
  - (1) This section contains provisions from 40 CFR 70 7(f) that specify the conditions under which a Title V permit shall be reopened prior to the expiration of the permit. A Title V permit shall be reopened and revised under any of the following circumstances
    - (i) Additional applicable requirements under the Act become applicable to a major Part 70 source with a remaining permit term of 3 or more years. Such a reopening shall be completed not later than 18 months after promulgation of the applicable requirement. No such reopening is required if the effective date of the requirement is later than the date on which the permit is due to expire, unless the original permit or any of its terms and conditions has been extended pursuant to 40 CFR 70.4(b)(10)(i) or (ii).
    - (ii) Additional requirements (including excess emissions requirements) become applicable to an affected source under the acid rain program. Upon approved by the Administrator, excess emissions offset plans shall be deemed to be incorporated into the permit.
  - (iii) The permitting authority or EPA determines that the permit contains a material mistake or that inaccurate statements were made in establishing the emissions standards or other terms or conditions of the permit.
    - (iv) The Administrator or the permitting authority determines that the permit must be revised or revoked to assure compliance with the applicable requirements.
  - (2) Proceedings to reopen and issue a permit shall follow the same procedures as apply to initial permit issuance and shall affect only those parts of the permit for which cause to reopen exists. Such reopening shall be made as expeditiously as practicable.
  - (3) Reopenings under 40 CFR 70.7(f)(1) shall not be initiated before a notice of such intent is provided to the Part 70 source by the permitting authority at least 30 days in advance of the date that the permit is to be reopened, except that the permitting authority may provide a shorter time period in the case of an emergency.

[Rules 62-213 430(3) & (4), F.A.C.; and, 40 CFR 70.7(1)]

39. Insignificant Emissions Units or Pollutant-Emitting Activities

- (a) All requests for determination of insignificant emissions units or activities made pursuant to Rule 62-213.420(3)(m), F.A.C., shall be processed in conjunction with the permit, permit renewal or permit revision application submitted pursuant to Chapter 62-213, F.A.C. Insignificant emissions units or activities shall be approved by the Department consistent with the provisions of Rule 62-4.040(1)(b), F.A.C. Emissions units or activities which are added to a Title V source after issuance of a permit under Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., shall be incorporated into the permit at its next renewal, provided such emissions units or activities have been exempted from the requirement to obtain an air construction permit and also qualify as insignificant pursuant to Rule 62-213.430(6), F.A.C.
  - 1. Such unit or activity would be subject to no unit-specific applicable requirement;

(b) An emissions unit or activity shall be considered insignificant if all of the following criteria are met

- 2. Such unit or activity, in combination with other units or activities proposed as insignificant, would not cause the facility to exceed any major source threshold(s) as defined in Rule 62-213.420(3)(c)1., F.A.C., unless it is acknowledged in the permit application that such units or activities would cause the facility to exceed such threshold(s);
- 3. Such unit or activity would not emit or have the potential to emit.
  - a. 500 pounds per year or more of lead and lead compounds expressed as lead;
  - b. 1,000 pounds per year or more of any hazardous air pollutant;
  - c 2,500 pounds per year or more of total hazardous air pollutants; or
  - d. 5.0 tons per year or more of any other regulated pollutant

[Rule 62-213.430(6), F.A.C.]

- 40. <u>Permit Duration</u>. Permits for sources subject to the Federal Acid Rain Program shall be issued for terms of five years, provided that the initial Acid Rain Part may be issued for a term less than five years where necessary to coordinate the term of such part with the term of a Title V permit to be issued to the source. Operation permits for Title V sources may not be extended as provided in Rule 62-4.080(3), F.A.C., if such extension will result in a permit term greater than five years [Rule 62-213 440(1)(a), F.A.C.]
- 41. <u>Monitoring Information</u>. All records of monitoring information shall specify the date, place, and time of sampling or measurement and the operating conditions at the time of sampling or measurement, the date(s) analyses were performed, the company or entity that performed the analyses, the analytical techniques or methods used, and the results of such analyses. [Rule 62-213.440(1)(b)2.a., F.A.C.]
- 42. Retention of Records Retention of records of all monitoring data and support information shall be for a period of at least 5 years from the date of the monitoring sample, measurement, report, or application. Support information includes all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip-chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, and copies of all reports required by the permit

[Rule 62-213.440(1)(b)2.b., F.A.C.]

- 43. <u>Monitoring Reports</u> The permittee shall submit reports of any required monitoring at least every six (6) months. All instances of deviations from permit requirements must be clearly identified in such reports. [Rule 62-213.440(1)(b)3.a, FAC.]
- 44. <u>Deviation from Permit Requirements Reports</u> The permittee shall report in accordance with the requirements of Rules 62-210 700(6) and 62-4 130, F.A.C., deviations from permit requirements, including those attributable to upset conditions as defined in the permit. Reports shall include the probable cause of such deviations, and any corrective actions or preventive measures taken. [Rule 62-213.440(1)(b)3.b., F.A.C.]
- 45. Reports. All reports shall be accompanied by a certification by a responsible official, pursuant to Rule 62-213.420(4), F.A.C. [Rule 62-213.440(1)(b)3.c, F.A.C.]

- 46. If any portion of the final permit is invalidated, the remainder of the permit shall remain in effect. [Rule 62-213.440(1)(d)1., F.A.C.]
- 47. It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that maintaining compliance with any permit condition would necessitate halting of or reduction of the source activity.

[Rule 62-213.440(1)(d)3., F.A.C.]

- 48. Any Title V source shall comply with all the terms and conditions of the existing permit until the Department has taken final action on any permit renewal or any requested permit revision, except as provided at Rule 62-213.412(2), F A C. [Rule 62-213.440(1)(d)4., F A C.]
- 49 A situation arising from sudden and unforeseeable events beyond the control of the source which causes an exceedance of a technology-based emissions limitation because of unavoidable increases in emissions attributable to the situation and which requires immediate corrective action to restore normal operation, shall be an affirmative defense to an enforcement action in accordance with the provisions and requirements of 40 CFR 70 6(g)(2) and (3), hereby adopted and incorporated by reference [Rule 62-213.440(1)(d)5., F.A C.]
- 50. <u>Confidentiality Claims</u> Any permittee may claim confidentiality of any data or other information by complying with Rule 62-213.420(2), F.A.C. (also, see Condition No. 36.). [Rule 62-213.440(1)(d)6., F.A.C.]
- 51. <u>Statement of Compliance</u>. (a)2 The permittee shall submit a Statement of Compliance with all terms and conditions of the permit using DEP Form No. 62-213.900(7). Such statement shall be accompanied by a certification in accordance with Rule 62-213.420(4), F.A.C. Such statements shall be submitted (postmarked) to the Department and EPA
  - a. Annually, within 60 days after the end of each calendar year during which the Title V permit was effective, or more frequently if specified by Rule 62-213.440(2), F.A.C., or by any other applicable requirement, and
  - b. Within 60 days after submittal of a written agreement for transfer of responsibility as required pursuant to 40 CFR 70.7(d)(1)(iv), adopted and incorporated by reference at Rule 62-204 800, F.A.C., or within 60 days after permanent shutdown of a facility permitted under Chapter 62-213, F.A.C.; provided that, in either such case, the reporting period shall be the portion of the calendar year the permit was effective up to the date of transfer of responsibility or permanent facility shutdown, as applicable.
- 3. The statement of compliance status shall include all the provisions of 40 CFR 70 6(c)(5)(iii), incorporated by reference at Rule 62-204 800, F A.C.
- (b) The responsible official may treat compliance with all other applicable requirements as a surrogate for compliance with Rule 62-296.320(2), Objectionable Odor Prohibited

[Rules 62-213.440(3)(a)2. & 3. and (b), F.A C.]

52. Permit Shield Except as provided in Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., compliance with the terms and conditions of a permit issued pursuant to Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., shall, as of the effective date of the permit, be deemed compliance with any applicable requirements in effect, provided that the source included such applicable requirements in the permit application. Nothing in Rule 62-213.460, F.A.C., or in any permit shall alter or affect the ability of EPA or the Department to deal with an emergency, the liability of an owner or operator of a source for any violation of applicable requirements prior to or at the time of permit issuance, or the requirements of the Federal Acid Rain Program.

[Rule 62-213.460, F.A C.]

- 53. Forms and Instructions. The forms used by the Department in the Title V source operation program are adopted and incorporated by reference in Rule 62-213.900, F.A.C. The form is listed by rule number, which is also the form number, and with the subject, title, and effective date. Copies of forms may be obtained by writing to the Department of Environmental Protection, Division of Air Resources Management, 2600 Blair Stone Road, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400, or by contacting the appropriate permitting authority.
- (1) Major Air Pollution Source Annual Emissions Fee Form. (Effective 01/03/2001)
- (7) Statement of Compliance Form. (Effective 01/03/2001)

[Rule 62-213.900, F A C.: Forms (1) and (7)]

#### Chapter 62-256, F.A.C.

54. Not federally enforceable. Open Burning This permit does not authorize any open burning nor does it constitute any waiver of the requirements of Chapter 62-256, F.A.C. Source shall comply with Chapter 62-256, F.A.C., for any open burning at the source. [Chapter 62-256, F.A.C.]

#### Chapter 62-281, F.A.C.

- 55. <u>Refrigerant Requirements</u>. Any facility having refrigeration equipment, including air conditioning equipment, which uses a Class I or II substance (listed at 40 CFR 82, Subpart A, Appendices A and B), and any facility which maintains, services, or repairs motor vehicles using a Class I or Class II substance as refrigerant must comply with all requirements of 40 CFR 82, Subparts B and F, and with Rule 62-281.100, F A.C Those requirements include the following restrictions
- (1) Any facility having any refrigeration equipment normally containing 50 (fifty) pounds of refrigerant, or more, must keep servicing records documenting the date and type of all service and the quantity of any refrigerant added pursuant to 40 CFR 82.166,
- (2) No person repairing or servicing a motor vehicle may perform any service on a motor vehicle air conditioner (MVAC) involving the refingerant for such air conditioner unless the person has been properly trained and certified as provided at 40 CFR 82.34 and 40 CFR 82.40, and properly uses equipment approved pursuant to 40 CFR 82.36 and 40 CFR 82.38, and complies with 40 CFR 82.42,
- (3) No person may sell or distribute, or offer for sale or distribution, any substance listed as a Class I or Class II substance at 40 CFR 82, Subpart A, Appendices A and B, except in compliance with Rule 62-281.100, F.A.C., and 40 CFR 82.34(b), 40 CFR 82.42, and/or 40 CFR 82.166;
- (4) No person maintaining, servicing, repairing, or disposing of appliances may knowingly vent or otherwise release into the atmosphere any Class I or Class II substance used as a refrigerant in such equipment and no other person may open appliances (except MVACs as defined at 40 CFR 82.152) for service, maintenance or repair unless the person has been properly trained and certified pursuant to 40 CFR 82.161 and unless the person uses equipment certified for that type of appliance pursuant to 40 CFR 82.158 and unless the person observes the practices set forth at 40 CFR 82.156 and 40 CFR 82.166,
- (5) No person may dispose of appliances (except small appliances, as defined at 40 CFR 82 152) without using equipment certified for that type of appliance pursuant to 40 CFR 82.158 and without observing the practices set forth at 40 CFR 82.156 and 40 CFR 82.166:
- (6) No person may recover refrigerant from small appliances, MVACs and MVAC-like appliances (as defined at 40 CFR 82 152), except in compliance with the requirements of 40 CFR 82, Subpart F

[40 CFR 82; and, Chapter 62-281, F.A.C., (Chapter 62-281, F.A.C., is not federally enforceable)]

#### Chapter 62-296, F.A.C.

- 56. <u>Industrial, Commercial, and Municipal Open Burning Prohibited</u>. Open burning in connection with industrial, commercial, or municipal operations is prohibited, except when:
  - (a) Open burning is determined by the Department to be the only feasible method of operation and is authorized by an air permit issued pursuant to Chapter 62-210 or 62-213, F.A.C.; or,
  - (b) An emergency exists which requires immediate action to protect human health and safety, or,
  - (c) A county or municipality would use a portable air curtain incinerator to burn yard trash generated by a hurricane, tornado, fire or other disaster and the air curtain incinerator would otherwise be operated in accordance with the permitting exemption criteria of Rule 62-210.300(3), F.A.C.

[Rule 62-296.320(3), F.A C.]

#### 57. Unconfined Emissions of Particulate Matter.

(4)(c)1. No person shall cause, let, permit, suffer or allow the emissions of unconfined particulate matter from any activity, including vehicular movement; transportation of materials; construction; alteration, demolition or wrecking; or industrially related activities such as loading, unloading, storing or handling, without taking reasonable precautions to prevent such emissions.

- 3. Reasonable precautions include the following:
  - a. Paving and maintenance of roads, parking areas and yards.
  - b. Application of water or chemicals to control emissions from such activities as demolition of buildings, grading roads, construction, and land clearing.
  - c. Application of asphalt, water, oil, chemicals or other dust suppressants to unpaved roads, yards, open stock piles and similar activities.

- d Removal of particulate matter from roads and other paved areas under the control of the owner or operator of the facility to prevent reentrainment, and from buildings or work areas to prevent particulate from becoming airborne.
- e. Landscaping or planting of vegetation.
- f Use of hoods, fans, filters, and similar equipment to contain, capture and/or vent particulate matter.
- g. Confining abrasive blasting where possible
- h. Enclosure or covering of conveyor systems.
- 4. In determining what constitutes reasonable precautions for a particular facility, the Department shall consider the cost of the control technique or work practice, the environmental impacts of the technique or practice, and the degree of reduction of emissions expected from a particular technique or practice

[Rules 62-296.320(4)(c)1., 3., & 4 F.A.C.]

[electronic file name: tv-4.doc]

Stack Sampling Facilities Provided by the Owner of an Emissions Unit. This section describes the minimum requirements for stack sampling facilities that are necessary to sample point emissions units. Sampling facilities include sampling ports, work platforms, access to work platforms, electrical power, and sampling equipment support. Emissions units must provide these facilities at their expense. All stack sampling facilities must meet any Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) Safety and Health Standards described in 29 CFR Part 1910, Subparts D and E.

(a) Permanent Test Facilities. The owner or operator of an emissions unit for which a compliance test, other than a visible emissions test, is required on at least an annual basis,

shall install and maintain permanent stack sampling facilities.

(b) Temporary Test Facilities. The owner or operator of an emissions unit that is not required to conduct a compliance test on at least an annual basis may use permanent or temporary stack sampling facilities. If the owner chooses to use temporary sampling facilities on an emissions unit, and the Department elects to test the unit, such temporary facilities shall be installed on the emissions unit within 5 days of a request by the Department and remain on the emissions unit until the test is completed.

(c) Sampling Ports.

1. All sampling ports shall have a minimum inside diameter of 3 inches.

2. The ports shall be capable of being sealed when not in use.

3. The sampling ports shall be located in the stack at least 2 stack diameters or equivalent diameters downstream and at least 0.5 stack diameter or equivalent diameter

upstream from any fan, bend, constriction or other flow disturbance.

4. For emissions units for which a complete application to construct has been filed prior to December 1, 1980, at least two sampling ports, 90 degrees apart, shall be installed at each sampling location on all circular stacks that have an outside diameter of 15 feet or less. For stacks with a larger diameter, four sampling ports, each 90 degrees apart, shall be installed. For emissions units for which a complete application to construct is filed on or after December 1, 1980, at least two sampling ports, 90 degrees apart, shall be installed at each sampling location on all circular stacks that have an outside diameter of 10 feet or less. For stacks with larger diameters, four sampling ports, each 90 degrees apart, shall be installed. On horizontal circular ducts, the ports shall be located so that the probe can enter the stack vertically, horizontally or at a 45 degree angle.

5. On rectangular ducts, the cross sectional area shall be divided into the number of equal areas in accordance with EPA Method 1. Sampling ports shall be provided which allow access to each sampling point. The ports shall be located so that the probe can be

inserted perpendicular to the gas flow.

(d) Work Platforms.

- 1. Minimum size of the working platform shall be 24 square feet in area. Platforms shall be at least 3 feet wide.
- 2. On circular stacks with 2 sampling ports, the platform shall extend at least 110 degrees around the stack.

3. On circular stacks with more than two sampling ports, the work platform shall

extend 360 degrees around the stack.

4. All platforms shall be equipped with an adequate safety rail (ropes are not acceptable), toeboard, and hinged floor-opening cover if ladder access is used to reach the platform. The safety rail directly in line with the sampling ports shall be removable so that no obstruction exists in an area 14 inches below each sample port and 6 inches on either side of the sampling port.

(e) Access to Work Platform.

# APPENDIX SS-1, STACK SAMPLING FACILITIES (version dated 10/07/96) (continued)

1. Ladders to the work platform exceeding 15 feet in length shall have safety cages or fall arresters with a minimum of 3 compatible safety belts available for use by sampling personnel.

2. Walkways over free-fall areas shall be equipped with safety rails and toeboards.

(f) Electrical Power.

1. A minimum of two 120-volt AC, 20-amp outlets shall be provided at the sampling platform within 20 feet of each sampling port.

2. If extension cords are used to provide the electrical power, they shall be kept on the plant's property and be available immediately upon request by sampling personnel.

(g) Sampling Equipment Support.

1. A three-quarter inch eyebolt and an angle bracket shall be attached directly above each port on vertical stacks and above each row of sampling ports on the sides of horizontal ducts.

a. The bracket shall be a standard 3 inch x 3 inch x one-quarter inch equal-legs bracket which is 1 and one-half inches wide. A hole that is one-half inch in diameter shall be drilled through the exact center of the horizontal portion of the bracket. The horizontal portion of the bracket shall be located 14 inches above the centerline of the sampling port.

b. A three-eighth inch bolt which protrudes 2 inches from the stack may be substituted for the required bracket. The bolt shall be located 15 and one-half inches

above the centerline of the sampling port.

- c. The three-quarter inch eyebolt shall be capable of supporting a 500 pound working load. For stacks that are less than 12 feet in diameter, the eyebolt shall be located 48 inches above the horizontal portion of the angle bracket. For stacks that are greater than or equal to 12 feet in diameter, the eyebolt shall be located 60 inches above the horizontal portion of the angle bracket. If the eyebolt is more than 120 inches above the platform, a length of chain shall be attached to it to bring the free end of the chain to within safe reach from the platform.
- 2. A complete monorail or dualrail arrangement may be substituted for the eyebolt and bracket.
- 3. When the sample ports are located in the top of a horizontal duct, a frame shall be provided above the port to allow the sample probe to be secured during the test. [Rule 62-297.310(6), F.A.C.]

# STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

1212 NAS

In the matter of:	)	•
Florida Electric Power Coordinating Group, Inc.	) , )	ASP No. 97-B-01
Petitioner.	) )	

# ORDER ON REQUEST FOR ALTERNATE PROCEDURES AND REQUIREMENTS

Pursuant to Rule 62-297.620, Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.), the Florida Electric Coordinating Group, Incorporated, (FCG) petitioned for approval to: (1) Exempt fossil fuel steam generators which burn liquid and/or solid fuel for less than 400 hours during the federal fiscal year from the requirement to conduct an annual particulate matter compliance test; and, (2) Exempt fossil fuel steam generators which burn liquid and/or solid fuel for less than 400 hours during the federal fiscal year from the requirement to conduct an annual particulate matter compliance test during the year prior to renewal of an operation permit. This Order is intended to clarify particulate testing requirements for those fossil fuel steam generators which primarily burn gaseous fuels including, but not necessarily limited to natural gas.

Having considered the provisions of Rule 62-296.405(1), F.A.C., Rule 62-297.310(7), F.A.C., and all supporting documentation, the following Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Order are entered:

# FINDINGS OF FACT

- 1. The Florida Electric Power Coordinating Group, Incorporated, petitioned the Department to exempt those fossil fuel steam generators which have a heat input of more than 250 million Btu per hour and burn solid and/or liquid fuel less than 400 hours during the year from the requirement to conduct an annual particulate matter compliance test. [Exhibit 1]
- 2. Rule 62-296.405(1)(a), F.A.C., applies to those fossil fuel steam generators that are not subject to the federal standards of performance for new stationary sources (NSPS) in 40 CFR 60 and which have a heat input of more than 250 million Btu per hour.
- 3. Rule 62-296.405(1)(a), F.A.C., limits visible emissions from affected fossil fuel steam generators to, "20 percent opacity except for either one six-minute period per hour during which

not exceed 40 percent. The option selected shall be specified in the emissions unit's construction and operation permits. Emissions units governed by this visible emission limit shall test for particulate emission compliance annually and as otherwise required by Rule 62-297, F.A.C."

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- 4. Rule 62-296.405(1)(a), F.A.C., further states, "Emissions units electing to test for particulate matter emission compliance quarterly shall be allowed visible emissions of 40 percent opacity. The results of such tests shall be submitted to the Department. Upon demonstration that the particulate standard has been regularly complied with, the Secretary, upon petition by the applicant, shall reduce the frequency of particulate testing to no less than once annually.
- 5. Rule 297.310(7)(a)1., F.A.C., states, "The owner or operator of a new or modified emissions unit that is subject to an emission limiting standard shall conduct a compliance test that demonstrates compliance with the applicable emission limiting standard prior to obtaining an operation permit for such emissions unit."
- 6. Rule 297.310(7)(a)3., F.A.C., states, "The owner or operator of an emissions unit that is subject to any emission limiting standard shall conduct a compliance test that demonstrates compliance with the applicable emission limiting standard prior to obtaining a renewed operation permit. Emissions units that are required to conduct an annual compliance test may submit the most recent annual compliance test to satisfy the requirements of this provision.
- 7. Rule 297.310(7)(a)3., F.A.C., further states, "In renewing an air operation permit pursuant to Rule 62-210.300(2)(a)3.b., c., or d., F.A.C., the Department shall not require submission of emission compliance test results for any emissions unit that, during the year prior to renewal: a. Did not operate; or, b. In the case of a fuel burning emissions unit, burned liquid and/or solid fuel for a total of no more than 400 hours."
- 8. Rule 297.310(7)(a)4., F.A.C., states, "During each federal fiscal year (October 1 -- September 30), unless otherwise specified by rule, order, or permit, the owner or operator of each emissions unit shall have a formal compliance test conducted for: a. Visible emissions, if there is an applicable standard; b. Each of the following pollutants, if there is an applicable standard, and if the emissions unit emits or has the potential to emit: 5 tons per year or more of lead or lead compounds measured as elemental lead; 30 tons per year or more of acrylonitrile; or 100 tons per year or more of any other regulated air pollutant..."
- 9. Rule 297.310(7)(a)5., F.A.C., states, "An annual compliance test for particulate matter emissions shall not be required for any fuel burning emissions unit that, in a federal fiscal year, does not burn liquid and/or solid fuel, other than during startup, for a total of more than 400 hours."
- 10. Rule 297.310(7)(a)6., F.A.C., states, "For fossil fuel steam generators on a semiannual particulate matter emission compliance testing schedule, a compliance test shall not be

required for any six-month period in which liquid and/or solid fuel is not burned for more than 200 hours other than during startup."

- 11. Rule 297.310(7)(a)7., F.A.C., states, "For emissions units electing to conduct particulate matter emission compliance testing quarterly pursuant to Rule 62-296.405(2)(a), F.A.C., a compliance test shall not be required for any quarter in which liquid and/or solid fuel is not burned for more than 100 hours other than during startup." [Note: The reference should be to Rule 62-296.405(1)(a), F.A.C., rather than Rule 62-296.405(2)(a), F.A.C.]
- 12. The fifth edition of the U. S. Environmental Protection Agency's <u>Compilation of Air Pollutant Emission Factors</u>, AP-42, that emissions of filterable particulate from gas-fired fossil fuel steam generators with a heat input of more than about 10 million Btu per hour may be expected to range from 0.001 to 0.006 pound per million Btu. [Exhibit 2]
- 13. Rule 62-296.405(1)(b), F.A.C. and the federal standards of performance for new stationary sources in 40 CFR 60.42, Subpart D, limit particulate emissions from uncontrolled fossil fuel fired steam generators with a heat input of more than 250 million Btu to 0.1 pound per million Btu.

# CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

- 1. The Department has jurisdiction to consider the matter pursuant to Section 403.061, Florida Statutes (F.S.), and Rule 62-297.620, F.A.C.
- 2. Pursuant to Rule 62-297.310(7), F.A.C., the Department may require Petitioner to conduct compliance tests that identify the nature and quantity of pollutant emissions, if, after investigation, it is believed that any applicable emission standard or condition of the applicable permits is being violated.
- 3. There is reason to believe that a fossil fuel steam generator which does not burn liquid and/or solid fuel (other than during startup) for a total of more than 400 hours in a federal fiscal year and complies with all other applicable limits and permit conditions is in compliance with the applicable particulate mass emission limiting standard.

# ORDER

Having considered the requirements of Rule 62-296.405, F.A.C., Rule 62-297.310, F.A.C., and supporting documentation, it is hereby ordered that:

1. An annual compliance test for particulate matter emissions shall not be required for any fuel burning emissions unit that, in a federal fiscal year, does not burn liquid and/or solid fuel, other than during startup, for a total of more than 400 hours;

- 2. For fossil fuel steam generators on a semi-annual particulate matter emission compliance testing schedule, a compliance test shall not be required for any six-month period in which liquid and/or solid fuel is not burned for more than 200 hours other than during startup;
- 3. For emissions units electing to conduct particulate matter emission compliance testing quarterly pursuant to Rule 62-296.405(1)(a), F.A.C., a compliance test shall not be required for any quarter in which liquid and/or solid fuel is not burned for more than 100 hours other than during startup;
- 4. In renewing an air operation permit pursuant to Rule 62-210.300(2)(a)3.b., c., or d., F.A.C., the Department shall not require submission of particulate matter emission compliance test results for any fossil fuel steam generator emissions unit that burned liquid and/or solid fuel for a total of no more than 400 hours during the year prior to renewal.
- 5. Pursuant to Rule 62-297.310(7), F.A.C., owners of affected fossil fuel steam generators may be required to conduct compliance tests that identify the nature and quantity of pollutant emissions, if, after investigation, it is believed that any applicable emission standard or condition of the applicable permits is being violated.
- 6. Pursuant to Rule 62-297.310(8), F.A.C., owners of affected fossil fuel steam generators shall submit the compliance test report to the District Director of the Department district office having jurisdiction over the emissions unit and, where applicable, the Air Program Administrator of the appropriate Department-approved local air program within 45 days of completion of the test.

# PETITION FOR ADMINISTRATIVE REVIEW

The Department will take the action described in this Order unless a timely petition for an administrative hearing is filed pursuant to sections 120.569 and 120.57 of the Florida Statutes, or a party requests mediation as an alternative remedy under section 120.573 before the deadline for filing a petition. Choosing mediation will not adversely affect the right to a hearing if mediation does not result in a settlement. The procedures for petitioning for a hearing are set forth below, followed by the procedures for requesting mediation.

A person whose substantial interests are affected by the Department's proposed decision may petition for an administrative hearing in accordance with sections 120.569 and 120.57 of the Florida Statutes. The petition must contain the information set forth below and must be filed (received) in the Office of General Counsel of the Department at 3900 Commonwealth Boulevard, Mail Station 35, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-3000. Petitions must be filed within 21 days of receipt of this Order. A petitioner must mail a copy of the petition to the applicant at the address indicated above, at the time of filing. The failure of any person to file a petition (or a request for mediation, as discussed below) within the appropriate time period shall constitute a waiver of that person's right to request an administrative determination (hearing) under sections 120.569 and 120.57 of

the Florida Statutes, or to intervene in this proceeding and participate as a party to it. Any subsequent intervention will be only at the approval of the presiding officer upon the filing of a motion in compliance with Rule 28-5.207 of the Florida Administrative Code.

A petition must contain the following information:

- (a) The name, address, and telephone number of each petitioner, the applicant's name and address, the Department File Number, and the county in which the project is proposed;
- (b) A statement of how and when each petitioner received notice of the Department's action or proposed action;
- (c) A statement of how each petitioner's substantial interests are affected by the Department's action or proposed action;
  - (d) A statement of the material facts disputed by each petitioner, if any,
- (e) A statement of facts that the petitioner contends warrant reversal or modification of the Department's action or proposed action;
- (f) A statement identifying the rules or statutes each petitioner contends require reversal or modification of the Department's action or proposed action; and,
- (g) A statement of the relief sought by each petitioner, stating precisely the action each petitioner wants the Department to take with respect to the Department's action or proposed action in the notice of intent.

Because the administrative hearing process is designed to formulate final agency action, the filing of a petition means that the Department's final action may be different from the position taken by it in this Order. Persons whose substantial interests will be affected by any such final decision of the Department on the application have the right to petition to become a party to the proceeding, in accordance with the requirements set forth above.

A person whose substantial interests are affected by the Department's proposed decision, may elect to pursue mediation by asking all parties to the proceeding to agree to such mediation and by filing with the Department a request for mediation and the written agreement of all such parties to mediate the dispute. The request and agreement must be filed in (received by) the Office of General Counsel of the Department at 3900 Commonwealth Boulevard, Mail Station 35, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-3000, by the same deadline as set forth above for the filing of a petition.

A request for mediation must contain the following information:

- (a) The name, address, and telephone number of the person requesting mediation and that person's representative, if any;
  - (b) A statement of the preliminary agency action;
  - (c) A statement of the relief sought; and
- (d) Either an explanation of how the requester's substantial interests will be affected by the action or proposed action addressed in this notice of intent or a statement clearly identifying the petition for hearing that the requester has already filed, and incorporating it by reference.

The agreement to mediate must include the following:

- (a) The names, addresses, and telephone numbers of any persons who may attend the mediation;
- (b) The name, address, and telephone number of the mediator selected by the parties, or a provision for selecting a mediator within a specified time;
  - (c) The agreed allocation of the costs and fees associated with the mediation;
- (d) The agreement of the parties on the confidentiality of discussions and documents introduced during mediation;
- (e) The date, time, and place of the first mediation session, or a deadline for holding the first session, if no mediator has yet been chosen;
- (f) The name of each party's representative who shall have authority to settle or recommend settlement; and
  - (g) The signatures of all parties or their authorized representatives.

As provided in section 120.573 of the Florida Statutes, the timely agreement of all parties to mediate will toll the time limitations imposed by sections 120.569 and 120.57 for requesting and holding an administrative hearing. Unless otherwise agreed by the parties, the mediation must be concluded within sixty days of the execution of the agreement. If mediation results in settlement of the administrative dispute, the Department must enter a final order incorporating the agreement of the parties. Persons whose substantial interests will be affected by such a modified final decision of the Department have a right to petition for a hearing only in accordance with the requirements for such petitions set forth above. If mediation terminates without settlement of the dispute, the Department shall notify all parties in writing that the administrative hearing processes under sections 120.569 and 120.57 remain available for disposition of the dispute, and the notice will

specify the deadlines that then will apply for challenging the agency action and electing remedies under those two statutes.

In addition to the above, a person subject to regulation has a right to apply for a variance from or waiver of the requirements of particular rules, on certain conditions, under section 120.542 of the Florida Statutes. The relief provided by this state statute applies only to state rules, not statutes, and not to any federal regulatory requirements. Applying for a variance or waiver does not substitute or extend the time for filing a petition for an administrative hearing or exercising any other right that a person may have in relation to the action proposed in this notice of intent.

The application for a variance or waiver is made by filing a petition with the Office of General Counsel of the Department, 3900 Commonwealth Boulevard, Mail Station 35, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-3000.

The petition must specify the following information:

- (a) The name, address, and telephone number of the petitioner;
- (b) The name, address, and telephone number of the attorney or qualified representative of the petitioner, if any;
  - (c) Each rule or portion of a rule from which a variance or waiver is requested;
  - (d) The citation to the statute underlying (implemented by) the rule identified in (c) above;
  - (e) The type of action requested;
  - (f) The specific facts that would justify a variance or waiver for the petitioner,
- (g) The reason why the variance or waiver would serve the purposes of the underlying statute (implemented by the rule); and
- (h) A statement whether the variance or waiver is permanent or temporary and, if temporary, a statement of the dates showing the duration of the variance or waiver requested.

The Department will grant a variance or waiver, when the petition demonstrates both that the application of the rule would create a substantial hardship or violate principles of fairness, as each of those terms is defined in section 120.542(2) of the Florida Statutes, and that the purpose of the underlying statute will be or has been achieved by other means by the petitioner. Persons subject to regulation pursuant to any federally delegated or approved air program should be aware that Florida is specifically not authorized to issue variances or waivers from any requirements of any such federally delegated or approved program. The requirements of the program remain fully

each of those terms is defined in section 120.542(2) of the Florida Statutes, and that the purpose of the underlying statute will be or has been achieved by other means by the petitioner. Persons subject to regulation pursuant to any federally delegated or approved air program should be aware that Florida is specifically not authorized to issue variances or waivers from any requirements of any such federally delegated or approved program. The requirements of the program remain fully enforceable by the Administrator of the EPA and by any person under the Clean Air Act unless and until the Administrator separately approves any variance or waiver in accordance with the procedures of the federal program.

This Order constitutes final agency action unless a petition is filed in accordance with the above paragraphs. Upon timely filing of a petition, this Order will not be effective until further Order of the Department.

# RIGHT TO APPEAL

Any party to this Order has the right to seek judicial review of the Order pursuant to Section 120.68, F.S., by the filing of a Notice of Appeal pursuant to Rule 9.110, Florida Rules of Appellate Procedure, with the Clerk of the Department in the Office of General Counsel, 3900 Commonwealth Boulevard, Mail Station 35, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-3000; and, by filing a copy of the Notice of Appeal accompanied by the applicable filing fees with the appropriate District Court of Appeal. The Notice of Appeal must be filed within 30 days from the date the Notice of Agency Action is filed with the Clerk of the Department.

DONE AND ORDERED this 17 day of March, 1997 in Tallahassee, Florida.

STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

HOWARD L. RHODES, Director

Division of Air Resources Management

Twin Towers Office Building

2600 Blair Stone Road

Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400

(904) 488-0114

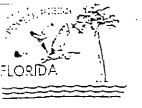
# CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

The undersigned duly designated deputy clerk hereby certifies that a copy of the foregoing was mailed to Rich Piper, Chair, Florida Power Coordinating Group, Inc., 405 Reo Street, Suite 100, Tampa, Florida 33609-1004, on this 18th day of March 1997.

Clerk Stamp

FILING AND ACKNOWLEDGMENT FILED, on this date, pursuant to §120.52(7), Florida Statutes, with the designated Department Clerk, receipt of which is hereby acknowledged.

Marthallise 3-18-97
Clerk Date



# Department of Environmental Protection

Lawton Chiles Governor Twin Towers Office Euilding 2600 Elair Scone Road Tallahassee, Fiorida 32399-2400

Virginia B. Wetherell Secretary

July 9, 1997

Certified Mail - Return Receipt Requested

Mr. Rich Piper, Chair Florida Power Coordinating Group, Inc. 405, Reo Street, Suite 100 Tampa, Florida 33609-1004

Dear Mr. Piper:

Enclosed is a copy of a Scrivener's Order correcting an error in the Order concerning particulate matter testing of natural gas fired boilers.

If you have any questions concerning the above, please call Yegesh Manocha at 904/488-6140, or write to me.

Sincerely,

M. D. Harley, P.E., DEE

P.E. Administrator

Emissions Monitoring Section Bureau of Air Monitoring and

Mobile Sources

MDH:ym

co: Dotty Diltz, FDEP Pat Comer, FDEP

# STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

In the matter of:	)	
Fiorida Electric Power Coordinating Group, Inc.	)	10-E-79 on 92A
Petitioner.	)	

# ORDER CORRECTING SCRIVENER'S ERROR

The Order which authorizes owners of natural gas fired fossil fuel steam generators to forgo particulate matter compliance testing on an annual basis and prior to renewal of an operation permit entered on the 17th day of March, 1997, is hereby corrected on page 4, paragraph number 4, by deleting the words "pursuant to Rule 62-210.300(2)(a)3.b., c., or d., F.A.C.":

4. In renewing an air operation permit pursuant to Rule 52.210.300(2)(a)2.5., e., or e., E.A.C., the Department shall not require submission of particulate matter emission compliance test results for any fossil fuel steam generator emissions unit that burned liquid and/or solid fuel for a total of no more than 400 hours during the year prior to renewal.

DONE AND ORDERED this & cay of July 1997 in Tallahassee, Fiorida.

STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

HOWARD L. RHODES, Director

Division of Air Resources Management

Twin Towers Office Building

2600 Blair Stone Road

Tallahassee, Florica 32399-2400

(904) 433-0114

## CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

The undersigned duly designated deputy clerk hereby certifies that a copy of the foregoing was mailed to Rich Piper, Chair, Florida Power Coordinating Group, Inc., 405 Reo Street, Suite 100, Tampa, Florida 33609-1004, on this 10 to day of July 1997.

Clerk Stamp

FILING AND ACKNOWLEDGMENT FILED, on this date, pursuant to \$120.52(7), Florida Statutes, with the designated Department Clerk, receipt of which is hereby acknowledged.

Matheways // 122 9/10/97

Qlerk Date

#### BEFORE THE STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION

In the Matter of:

Petitioner.

4.

Petition for Reduction in Semiannual Particulate Emissions Compliance Testing, ) OGC File No. Higgins Unit No. 2: Florida Power Corporation

ORDER

On February 18, 1986, the Petitioner, Florida Power Corporation, filed a Petition for Reduction in the Frequency of Particulate Emissions Compliance Testing pursuant to Florida Administrative Code Rule 17-2.600(5)(b)1, for the following fossil fuel steam generating unit:

Higgins Unit No.2

Pursuant to Florida Administrative Code Rule 17-2.600(5)(b)1., and by Order dated November 7, 1982, Petitioner has conducted semiannual particulate emission compliance tests. Florida Administrative Code Rule 17-2.600(5)(b)1. provides that the Department may reduce the frequency of particulate testing upon a demonstration that the particulate standard of 0.1 pound per million Btu heat input has been regularly met. The petition and supporting documentation submitted by Petitioner indicate that, since April 27, 1982, Petitioner has regularly met the particulate standard. It is therefore,

ORDERED that the Petition for Reduction in the Frequency of Particulate Emissions Compliance Testing in GRANTED. Petitioner may immediately commence testing on an annual basis. Test results from the first regularly scheduled compliance test conducted in FY 67 (October 1, 1986 - September 30, 1987), provided the results of that test meet the particulate standard and the 40% opacity standard, shall be accepted as results from the first annual test. Failure of Higgins Unit No.2 to meet

either the particulate standard or the 40% opacity standard in the future shall constitute grounds for revocation of this authorization.

Persons whose substantial interests are affected by the above proposed agency action have a right, pursuant to Section 120.57, Florida Statutes, to petition for an administrative determination (hearing) on the proposed action. The Petition must conform to the requirements of Chapters 17-103 and 28-5, Florida Administrative Code, and must be filed (received) with the Department's Office of General Counsel, 2600 Blair Stone Road, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400, within fourteen (14) days of publication of this notice. Failure to file a petition within the fourteen (14) days constitutes a waiver of any right such person has to an administrative determination (hearing) pursuant to Section 120.57, Florida Statutes.

If a petition is filed, the administrative hearing process is designed to formulate agency action. Accordingly, the Department's final action may be different from the proposed agency action. Persons whose substantial interests will be affected by any decision of the Department have the right to intervene in the proceeding. A petition for the intervention must be filed pursuant to Model Rule 28-5.207, Florida Administrative Code, at least five (5) days before the final hearing and be filed with the Hearing Officer if one has been assigned at the Division of Administrative Hearings, Department of Administration, 2009 Apalachee Parkway, Tallahassee, Florida 32301. If no Hearing Officer has, been assigned, the petition is to filed with the Department's Office of General Counsel, 2600 Blair Stone Road, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400. Failure to petition to intervene within the allowed time frame constitues a

waiver of any right such person has to an administrative determination (hearing) under Section 120.57, Florida Statutes. DONE AND ORDERED this  $\frac{1}{2}$  day of  $\frac{1}{2}$  day of  $\frac{1}{2}$  and  $\frac{1}{2}$  Tallahassee, Florida.

STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION

FILING AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENT
FILED on this drife pursonnt to \$120.52
Figures Statutes, with the designated Department Clerk, repeipt of which is hereby acknowledged.

VICTORIA J. TSCHINKEL Secretary

Twin Towers Office Building 2600 Blair Stone Road Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400 Telephone (904)488-9730

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# CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that a true and correct copy of the foregoing ORDER has been furnished by United States Mail to J.A. Hancock, Vice President, Fossil Operations, Florida Power Corporation, Post Office Box 14042, St. Petersburg, Florida 33733: on this 12 day of December, 1986, in Tallahassee, Florida.

E. Gary Early

Assistant General Counsel

STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION

Twin Towers Office Building 2600 Blair Stone Road Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400 Telephone (904)486-9730

# BEFORE THE STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION

In the Matter of:

Petition for Reduction in )
Semiannual Particulate )
Emissions Compliance Testing, )
Higgins Unit No. 1; )
Florida Power Corporation )

Petitioner.

OGC File No. 86-1580

#### ORDER

On February 18, 1986, the Petitioner, Florida Power Corporation, filed a Petition for Reduction in the Frequency of Particulate Emissions Compliance Testing pursuant to Florida Administrative Code Rule 17-2.600(5)(b)1. for the following fossil fuel steam generating unit:

Riggins Unit No.1

pursuant to Florida Administrative Code Rule 17-2.600(5)(b)1., and by Order dated November 7, 1982, Petitioner has conducted semiannual particulate emission compliance tests. Florida Administrative Code Rule 17-2.600(5)(b)1. provides that the Department may reduce the frequency of particulate testing upon a demonstration that the particulate standard of 0.1 pound per million Btu heat input has been regularly met. The petition and supporting documentation submitted by Petitioner indicate that, since May 12, 1982, Petitioner has regularly met the particulate standard. It is therefore,

ORDERED that the Petition for Reduction in the Frequency of Particulate Emissions Compliance Testing in GRANTED. Petitioner may immediately commence testing on an annual basis. Test results from the first regularly scheduled compliance test conducted in FY 87 (October 1, 1986 - September 30, 1987), provided the results of that test meet the particulate standard and the 40% opacity standard, shall be accepted as results from the first annual test. Failure of Higgins Unit No.1 to meet

either the particulate standard or the 40% opacity standard in the future shall constitute grounds for revocation of this authorization.

Persons whose substantial interests are affected by the above proposed agency action have a right, pursuant to Section 120.57, Florida Statutes, to petition for an administrative determination (hearing) on the proposed action. The Petition must conform to the requirements of Chapters 17-103 and 28-5, Florida Administrative Code, and must be filed (received) with the Department's Office of General Counsel, 2600 Blair Stone Road, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400, within fourteen (14) days of publication of this notice. Failure to file a petition within the fourteen (14) days constitutes a waiver of any right such person has to an administrative determination (hearing) pursuant to Section 120.57, Florida Statutes.

If a petition is filed, the administrative hearing process is designed to formulate agency action. Accordingly, the Department's final action may be different from the proposed agency action. Persons whose substantial interests will be affected by any decision of the Department have the right to intervene in the proceeding. A petition for the intervention must be filed pursuant to Model Rule 26-5.207, Florida Administrative Code, at least five (5) days before the final hearing and be filed with the Hearing Officer if one has been assigned at the Division of Administrative Hearings, Department of Administration, 2009 Apalachee Parkway, Tallahassee, Florida 32301. If no Hearing Officer has been assigned, the petition is to filed with the Department's Office of General Counsel, 2600 Blair Stone Road, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400. Failure to petition to intervene within the allowed time frame constitues a

waiver of any right such person has to an administrative determination (hearing) under Section 120.57, Florida Statutes. DONE AND ORDERED this  $\frac{1}{2}$  day of  $\frac{1}{2}$  day of  $\frac{1}{2}$ . In Tallahassee, Florida.

STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION

TILING AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

FIGURE on this conductation to \$120.52

For an Enturing, with the designated Department Dietic, receipt of which is hereby acknowledged.

Cierk Dat

VICTORIA J. TSCHINKEL

Secretary

Twin Towers Office Building 2600 Blair Stone Road Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400 Telephone (904)488-9730

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### CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that a true and correct copy of the foregoing ORDER has been furnished by United States Mail to J.A. Hancock, Vice President, Fossil Operations, Florida Power Corporation, Post Office Box 14042, St. Petersburg, Florida 33733; on this 12 day of December, 1986, in Tallahassee, Florida.

E. Gary Early
Assistant General Counsel

STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION

Twin Towers Office Building 2600 Blair Stone Road Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400 Telephone (904)486-9730

# BEFORE THE STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION

In the Matter of:

'A

Petition for Reduction in Semiannual Particulate Emissions Compliance Testing, Higgins Unit No. 3; Florida Power Corporation

OGC File No. 86-1582

Petitioner.

#### ORDER

On February 18, 1986, the Petitioner, Florida Power Corporation, filed a Petition for Reduction in the Frequency of Particulate Emissions Compliance Testing pursuant to Florida Administrative Code Rule 17-2.600(5)(b)1. for the following fossil fuel steam generating unit:

Higgins Unit No.3

Pursuant to Florida Administrative Code Rule 17-2.600(5)(b)1., and by Order dated November 7, 1982, Petitioner has conducted semiannual particulate emission compliance tests. Florida Administrative Code Rule 17-2.600(5)(b)1. provides that the Department may reduce the frequency of particulate testing upon a demonstration that the particulate standard of 0.1 pound per million Btu heat input has been regularly met. The petition and supporting documentation submitted by Petitioner indicate that, since May 5, 1982, Petitioner has regularly met the particulate standard. It is therefore,

ORDERED that the Petition for Reduction in the Frequency of Particulate Emissions Compliance Testing in GRANTED. Petitioner may immediately commence testing on an annual basis. Test results from the first regularly scheduled compliance test conducted in FY 87 (October 1, 1986 - September 30, 1987), provided the results of that test meet the particulate standard and the 40% opacity standard, shall be accepted as results from the first annual test. Failure of Higgins Unit No.3 to meet

either the particulate standard or the 40% opacity standard in the future shall constitute grounds for revocation of this authorization.

Persons whose substantial interests are affected by the above proposed agency action have a right, pursuant to Section 120.57, Florida Statutes, to petition for an administrative determination (hearing) on the proposed action. The Petition must conform to the requirements of Chapters 17-103 and 26-5, Florida Administrative Code, and must be filed (received) with the Department's Office of General Counsel, 2600 Blair Stone Road, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400, within fourteen (14) days of publication of this notice. Failure to file a petition within the fourteen (14) days constitutes a waiver of any right such person has to an administrative determination (hearing) pursuant to Section 120.57, Florida Statutes.

If a petition is filed, the administrative hearing process is designed to formulate agency action. Accordingly, the Department's final action may be different from the proposed agency action. Persons whose substantial interests will be affected by any decision of the Department have the right to intervene in the proceeding. A petition for the intervention must be filed pursuant to Model Rule 28-5.207, Florida Administrative Code, at least five (5) days before the final hearing and be filed with the Hearing Officer if one has been assigned at the Division of Administrative Hearings, Department of Administration, 2009 Apalachee Parkway, Tallahassee, Florida 32301. If no Hearing Officer has been assigned, the petition is to filed with the Department!s Office of General Counsel, 2600 Elair Stone Road, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400. Failure to petition to intervene within the allowed time frame constitues a

waiver of any right such person has to an administrative determination (hearing) under Section 120.57, Florida Statutes. DONE AND ORDERED this  $\frac{1}{2}$  day of  $\frac{D_{CL}}{D_{CL}}$ , in Tallahassee, Florida.

STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION

HILLIO VILL YORMOMFEDGEMENT

Fig. 22, an implement business to \$120.52 From 3 states, with the designated Department Clark, receipt of which is hereby acknowledged.

C. Hutchisa-

Clerk

7<u>3 - (2) - (3)</u> Date VICTORIA J. TSCHINKEL

∧Secretary |

Twin Towers Office Building 2600 Blair Stone Road Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400

Telephone (904)486-9730

#### CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that a true and correct copy of the foregoing ORDER has been furnished by United States Mail to J.A. Hancock, Vice President, Fossil Operations, Florida Power Corporation, Post Office Box 14042, St. Petersburg, Florida 33733; on this 12 day of president, 1986, in Tallahassee, Florida.

E. Gary Early

Assistant General Counsel

STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION

Twin Towers Office Building 2600 Blair Stone Road Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400 Telephone (904)486-9730

Florida Power

Higgins Power Plant

FINAL Permit ID No.: 1030012-002-AV

Facility ID No.: 1030012

E.U. ID Nos. Brief Description

-001 & -003	Fossil Fuel Fi	red Stea	m Generator - SG	& SG 3				7	
			Allow	able Emissio	ns	Equivalent l	Emissions	7	
Pollutant Name	Fuel(s)	Hours/ Year *	Standards	lb/ hour	ТРҮ	lb/hour	TPY **	Regulatory Citation(s)	See Permit Condition(s)
Visible Emissions Steady state Soot Blowing or Load Changing	F.O. & OSUO or N.G	8760	40% Opacity 60% Opacity					Rule 62-296.405(1)(a), F.A.C. Rule 62.210.700(3), F.A.C.	A.5 A.6
PM Emissions Steady State Soot Blowing or Load Changing	F.O. & OSUO or N.G.	8760	0.1 lb/MMBtu 0.3 lb/MMBtu	54.8 164.4	240.0			Rule 62.296.405(1)(b), F.A.C. Rule 62.210.700(3), F.A.C.	A.7 A.8
Sulfur Dioxide	F.O. & OSUO or N.G.	8760 8760	2.75 lb/MMBtu, max. 2.5% S or 1 gr/100 dscf			1,507.0	6,600.7	Rules 62-213.440, 62-296.405(1)(e)3., 62-296 405(1)(c)1 i., F A.C.	A.9 A.10

-002	Fossil Fuel Fi	red Stear	n Generators - SG	2		7			
			Alle	wable Emission	s	Equivalent E	missions		
Pollutant Name	Fuel(s)	Hours/ Year *	Standards	lb/ hour	TPY	lb/hour ++	TPY	Regulatory Citation(s)	See Permit Condition(s)
Visible Emissions Steady state Soot Blowing or Load Changing	F.O. & OSUO or N G.	8760	40% Opacity 60% Opacity					Rule 62-296.405(1)(a), F.A.C. Rule 62 210.700(3), F.A.C. OGC Order TFR-92-A-01	A.5 a.6
PM Emissions Steady State Soot Blowing or Load Changing	F.O. & OSUO or N.G.	8760	0.1 lb/MMBtu 0.3 lb/MMBtu	52.3 156.9	229.0			Rule 62 296.405(1)(b), F.A.C. Rule 62.210.700(3), F.A C.	A.7 A.8
Sulfur Dioxide	F O. & OSUO or N.G.	8760 8760	2.75 lb/MMBtu, max. 2.5% S or 1 gr/100 dscf			1,438.3	6,299.5	Rules 62-213.440, 62-296 405(1)(e)3., 62-296.405(1)(e)1 +,	A.9 A.10

<sup>\*</sup>Natural Gas (N G), No. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, & 6 fuel oil (F.O.) and on-specification used oil (OSUO). OSUO is limited to 5% of the total heat input for these units (Cond. A 1 & A.34)

<sup>\*\*</sup> The "Equivalent Emissions" listed are for informational purposes only.

This table summarizes information for convenience purposes only. This table does not supersede any of the terms or conditions of this permit.

Florida Power Higgins Power Plant FINAL Permit ID No.: 1030012-002-AV

Facility ID No.: 1030012

#### Additional Standards for On-Specification Used Oil (OSUO)

E.U. ID Nos. Brief Description

E.U. ID NUS	. Di	ner Descrip	11011						
-001-00	)3 Fo	ssil Fuel Fir	red Steam Generators, SG	1, SG 2, & SG	3				
			Allow	able Emissions		Equivalent	t Emissions		
Pollutant Name	Fuel(s)	Hours/ Year	Standards	lbs./ hour	TPY	lbs./hour	TPY	Regulatory Citation(s)	See Permit Condition(s)
Arsenic	OSUO		5.0 ppm						A.33
Cadmium	OSUO		2.0 ppm						A.33
Chromium	OSUO		10.0 ppm						A.33
Lead	OSUO		100.0 ppm						A 33
Total Halogens	OSUO		1000 ppm						A.33
Flash Point	OSUO		≥ 100 degrees F						A.33
PCB	osuo		≤ 49 ppm						A.33
SO <sub>2</sub>			max. 2.5% S by wt.						A.33

<sup>\*</sup> Burning of on-specification used oil shall not exceed 5 percent of the total heat input to units SG 1, SG 2, & SG 3 (Cond. A.1 & A.33). This table summarizes information for convenience purposes only. This table does not supersede any of the terms or conditions of this permit.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Rules 62-4.070(3) and 62-213.440, F.A.C.; and, AO 52-216382, AO 52-216383, & AO 52-216384.

Florida Power Higgins Power Plant

FINAL Permit ID No.: 1030012-002-AV

Facility ID No.: 1030012

E.U. ID Nos. Brief Description

E.C. 1D 1103.	Dile: De	3C1 IP(IOII						<u></u>	
-004 & -005	Combust	ion Turbii	ne Peaking Units - C	TP I & CTP	2				
			Allo	wable Emission	s	Equivalent E	missions *		
Pollutant Name	Fuel(s)	Hours/ Year	Standards	lb/ hour	TPY	lb/hour	TPY	Regulatory Citation(s)	See Permit Condition(s)
Visible Emissions	New No 2 F.O.	8760	< 20% Opacity					Rule 62-296.320(4)(b)1., F.A C.	B.5
Sulfur Dioxide	New No. 2 F.O. N.G	8760	max 0.50% S by wt. or 1 gr/100 dscf			286.3	1253.9	Rule 62-213440, F.A.C.	B.6

-006 & -007	Combusti	ion Turbir	ne Peaking Units - C	TP 3 & CTP	4	7			
			Allo	wable Emission	is	Equivalent E	missions		
Pollutant Name	Fuel(s)	Hours/ Year *	Standards	lb/ hour	TPY	lb/hour	TPY	Regulatory Citation(s)	See Permit Condition(s)
Visible Emissions	New No. 2 F.O.	8760	< 20% Opacity					Rule 62-296.320(4)(b)1., F.A.C.	B 5
Sulfur Dioxide	New No. 2 F.O. N.G.	8760	max. 0 50% S by wt. or 1 gr/100 dscf			319	1397.5	Rule 62-213440, F.A.C.	B.6

<sup>\*</sup> The "Equivalent Emissions" listed are for informational purposes only.

This table summarizes information for convenience purposes only and does not supersede any of the terms or conditions of this permit.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Based on a maximum F.O. consumption of 96.0 bbl/hr, 7.1 lb/gal, operating 8760 hr/yr., and maximum F.O. sulfur content of 0.50 %, by wt.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Based on a maximum F.O. consumption of 107.0 bbl/hr, 7.1 lb/gal, operating 8760 hr/yr., and maximum F.O. sulfur content of 0.50 %, by wt.

Florida Power Higgins Power Plant

FINAL Permit ID No.: 1030012-002-AV

Facility ID No.: 1030012

E.U. ID Nos. Brief Description

-7775047-001	75047-001 Relocatable Generator(s)								
			Allo	wable Emissions		Equivalent Emiss	ions		
Pollutant Name	Fuel(s)	Hours/ Year *	Standards	lb/ hour	TPY	lb/hour **	TPY **	Regulatory Citation(s)	See Permit Condition(s)
Visible Emissions	#2 F.O.	8760	20% Opacity	_	_			Rule 62-296.320(4)(b)1., F.A.C.	C.6
Sulfur Dioxide	#2 F.O.	8760	0 50% by wt.					Rule 62-296.320(4)(b)1., F A.C	C 7

<sup>\*\*</sup> The "Equivalent Emissions" listed are for informational purposes only.

This table summarizes information for convenience purposes only. This table does not supersede any of the terms or conditions of this permit.

Note: The above unit(s), which are permitted to be located at seven facilities.

# Table 2-1, Compliance Testing Requirements

Florida Power Higgins Power Plant

FINAL Permit ID No.: 1030012-002-AV

Facility ID No.: 1030012

E.U. ID	-						
Pollutant Name or parameter	Fuel(s)	EPA/Reference Method	Testing Time or Frequency	Frequency Base Date <sup>2</sup>	Min. Compliance Test Time	CMS	Permit Condition(s)

E.U. CTP 1,	, 2, 3, & 4				
SO <sub>2</sub>	Oil	F.O. Analysis	Per Delivery	NA	B.12
VE	Oil	EPA Method 9	Annual	1 Hour	B. 11,14,15, & 16

E.U. SG 2	, 3, & 4		7		
SO <sub>2</sub>	Gas				
	Oil	F.O. Analysis	Per Delivery		A.19 & 20
PM	Gas		-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Oil	EPA Method 5	Annual		A.18, A.19, 24, & 28
VE	Gas	EPA Method 9	Annual	1 Hour	A.16, 17, 24, & 27

<sup>1-</sup> Sulfur content of the fuel oil shall be provided by the supplier or permittee for every delivery.

# Relocatable Diesel Generator(s)

E.U7775047 -0	E.U7775047 -001				 
SO <sub>2</sub>	Oil	F.O. Analysis	Per Delivery <sup>t</sup>	 NA	C.12
VE	Oil	EPA Meth. 9	Annual	 1 Hour	C.13, 15, 17, & 18

Note: The above unit(s) are permitted to be located at seven facilities.

# **Appendix H-1: Permit History**

Florida Power Higgins Power Plant **FINAL Permit No.:** 1030012-002-AV

Facility ID No.: 1030012

E.U. ID No.	Description	Permit No.	Effective Date	Expiration Date	Project Type T
All	Facility	1030012-001-AV	01/01/1998	12/31/2002	Initial
All	Facility	1030012-002-AV	01/01/2003	12/31/2007	Renewal

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Project Type (select one): Title V: Initial, Revision, Renewal, or Admin. Correction; Construction (new or mod.); or, Extension (AC only).

A Signature  X
44
3. Service Type  Certified Mail
6524 2519
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•	U.S. Postal Service CERTIFIED MAIL RECEIPT (Domestic Mail Only; No Insurance Coverage Provided)			
519	Article Sent To.			
7.51	Mr. Michael	W. Lentz		
±	Postage	\$		
5	Cartified Fee		Postmark	
1000	Return Receipt Fee (Endorsement Required)		Here	
	Restricted Delivery Fee (Endorsement Required)			
0090	Total Postage & Fees	\$		
ă	Name (Please Print Clearly) (to be completed by mailer)			
7000	Mr. Michael W. Lentz Street, Apr. No. or PO Box No. 100 Central Avenue, Mail Code BP44 City State. JP-4 St. Petersburg, Florida 33701			
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