

Scott

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AUG 10 1999

THE STATE OF FLORIDA
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

BUREAU OF AIR REGULATION

In the Matter of an
Application for Permit by:

OGC CASE NO. 97-1641

Florida Power Corporation,
Bartow Plant Facility

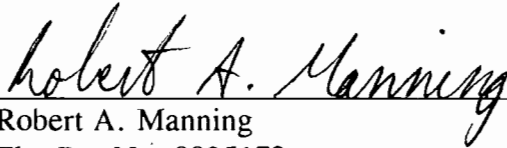
DRAFT Permit No.: 1030011-006-AV
Revised Draft Permit No. : 1030011-002-AV
Pinellas County, Florida

NOTICE OF WITHDRAWAL OF EXTENSION OF TIME

The Florida Power Corporation (FPC), by and through undersigned counsel, hereby withdraws its Request for Extension of Time to file a petition for formal administrative proceedings in accordance with Chapter 120, Florida Statutes. FPC filed its last Request for Extension of Time until September 1, 1999, in response to the "Intent to Issue Title V Air Operation Permit" (REVISED Draft Permit No. 1010011-002-AV/Draft Permit No. 1030011-006-AC)) for the Bartow Plant located in Pinellas County, Florida, to negotiate certain changes in the Revised Draft Title V permit with the Department of Environmental Protection (Department). Following discussions with Department representatives, FPC and the Department came to an agreement on the issues involved in the above-referenced Revised Draft Title V permit. Based on the Department's issuance of the Proposed Title V permit in accordance with our agreement, and the Department's posting of this Proposed Title V permit on the Internet on August 3, 1999 for EPA's review, FPC hereby withdraws its Request for Extension of Time.

Respectfully submitted this 9 day of August, 1999.

HOPPING GREEN SAMS & SMITH, P.A.



Robert A. Manning
Fla. Bar No. 0035173
123 South Calhoun Street
Post Office Box 6526
Tallahassee, FL 32314
(850) 222-7500

Attorney for Florida Power Corporation

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

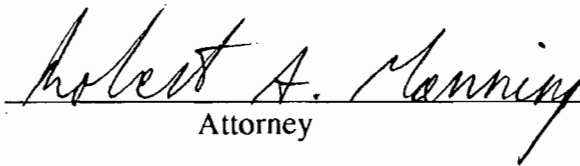
I HEREBY CERTIFY that a copy of the foregoing has been furnished to the following by

U.S. Mail on this 9 day of August, 1999.

Clair H. Fancy, P.E., Chief
Bureau of Air Regulation
Department of Environmental Protection
2600 Blair Stone Road
Tallahassee, FL 32399-2600

Ed Svec
Bureau of Air Regulation
Department of Environmental Protection
2600 Blair Stone Road
Tallahassee, FL 32399-2600

Doug Beason
Office of General Counsel
Department of Environmental Protection
2600 Blair Stone Road
Tallahassee, FL 32399-2600


Attorney

8/18/99 cc: Ed Svec



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JUL 26 1999

BUREAU OF AIR REGULATION

July 22, 1999

Mr. Scott M. Sheplak, P.E.
Bureau of Air Regulation
Florida Department of Environmental Protection
2600 Blair Stone Rd.
Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400

Dear Mr. Sheplak:

Re: Florida Power Corporation Bartow Facility
Revised Draft Title V Permit No. 1030011-002-AV

Florida Power Corporation (FPC) received the above-referenced permit on June 14, 1999 and published the public notice on June 27, 1999. The original notarized *Proof of Publication* was previously submitted to the Department by letter dated July 2, 1999. This letter serves to provide FPC's comments on the *Revised Draft* permit.

There has been considerable discussion between FPC and the Department regarding the applicability of the CAM rule to the electrostatic precipitator (ESP) associated with Bartow Unit 1. In fact, compliance testing was recently authorized by the Department and conducted by FPC, without the use of the ESP, in an effort to demonstrate that Unit 1 could achieve compliance with all applicable limits when not relying on the ESP. Accordingly, this demonstration was designed to indicate whether the provisions of 40 CFR Part 64 apply. This testing was successfully completed and the results submitted to the Department on June 28, 1999 (Attachment 1). Based on the successful results of the testing, and as previously requested by FPC, the language in the permit should state that "...the provisions of 40 CFR 64 **do** not apply...", rather than "...**may** not apply..." as stated in the current *Revised Draft*. Possibly, the language was stated in this manner because the final test results were not yet available when the *Revised Draft* was issued. In any event, the change needs to be made per FPC's agreement with the Department.

In addition, the placard page should list the "Order Correcting Scrivener's Error" for ASP Number 97-B-01 as an attachment. This Order is listed in other Title V permits that utilize ASP Number 97-B-01, and the Order is arguably incomplete without the correction.

Regarding Specific Condition A.7, FPC requests that the language be revised as follows: "Particulate matter emissions during steady state operation shall not exceed the following, as

Mr. Sheplak
July 22, 1999
Page 2

measured in accordance with Condition A.20. ~~by applicable compliance methods.~~ At a minimum, Condition A.7 should contain a reference to Condition A.20.

Finally, the words "startup" and "shutdown" should be deleted from Specific Condition A.14. Condition A.14 addresses malfunctions; startups and shutdowns are addressed separately in Condition A.15.

If you should have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact me at (727) 826-4258.

Sincerely,



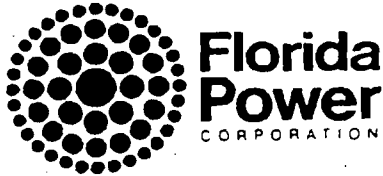
Scott H. Osbourn
Senior Environmental Engineer

Attachment

cc: Robert Manning, HGS&S
Ed Svec, DEP Tallahassee

8/4/99 cc = Ed Svec

ATTACHMENT 1



Bcc: D. T. Buell
T. D. Lawery
J. A. Gridley
J. M. Kennedy

File: Bartow/Air/Corresp.

June 28, 1999

Mr. Gary Robbins
Pinellas County Department of Environmental Management
300 S. Garden Ave.
Clearwater, Florida 34616

Dear Mr. Robbins:

Re: Florida Power Corporation Bartow Facility
Unit 1 Emissions Testing
FDEP Permit No. AO52-233149

This letter serves to transmit the results of testing conducted on Bartow Unit 1 during the period of March 18-21, 1999. Recall that testing was conducted to satisfy the requirement for annual compliance, as well as to assist in the resolution of appropriate language to be included in this facility's Title V air permit. Regarding the latter (i.e., testing without the control device in operation), the testing will allow the Department to determine the applicability of the Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) rule as it relates to the electrostatic precipitator (ESP).

Enclosed are two copies each (four copies total) of test reports conducted for purposes of annual compliance demonstration, as well as a demonstration of compliance for Unit 1 without the use of the ESP. The testing conducted in both cases demonstrates compliance with all applicable requirements. Consequently, it is FPC's position that, based on the language contained in 40 CFR Part 64.2(b)(ii), the *CAM Control Device Criterion*, that the CAM rule does not apply.

If you should have any questions concerning the enclosed reports, please do not hesitate to contact me at (727) 826-4258.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Scott H. Osbourn", is written over a horizontal line.

Scott H. Osbourn
Senior Environmental Engineer

Enclosures

cc: Bill Proses, DEP SW District
Robert Manning, Esq., HGS&S
Pete Burnette, ACE Testing

DEMONSTRATION OF
PARTICULATE AND VISIBLE EMISSIONS
AT THE
FLORIDA POWER CORPORATION
BARTOW PLANT—UNIT 1
WITH THE
ELECTROSTATIC PRECIPITATOR
OUT OF SERVICE

ST. PETERSBURG, FLORIDA

MAY 18 AND 19, 1999

FDEP PERMIT NUMBER AO52-233149

PREPARED FOR:

FLORIDA POWER CORPORATION
ONE POWER PLAZA
263 13TH AVENUE SOUTH
ST. PETERSBURG, FLORIDA 33701

PREPARED BY:

AIR CONSULTING AND ENGINEERING, INC.
2106 N.W. 67TH PLACE, SUITE 4
GAINESVILLE, FLORIDA 32653
(352) 335-1889

2.0 SUMMARY AND DISCUSSION OF RESULTS

Unit 1 at FPC's Bartow Plant was found to be operating within particulate and visible emission limiting standards in both the soot blowing and normal operating modes with the ESP out of service.

Particulate emissions averaged 0.1802 pounds per million BTU (lbs/MMBTU) of heat input to the boiler in the soot blowing mode and 0.0898 lbs/MMBTU during normal operations. This compares to permitted limits of 0.3 lbs/MMBTU for soot blowing and 0.1 lbs/MMBTU for normal operations.

Table 1 summarizes particulate emissions and flue gas parameters in both the soot blowing and normal operating modes.

Complete emission data are presented in Appendix A. Field data sheets and laboratory analysis sheets are located in Appendices B and C, respectively. Sulfur Dioxide (SO₂) emissions are calculated in Section 3.0.

Particulate emissions in terms of lbs/MMBTU were calculated using the EPA "F" factor method with the following formula:

$$E = CF \frac{20.9}{20.9 - \% O_2}$$

Where:

E = particulate emissions in lbs/MMBTU

C = particulate concentration in lbs/Standard Cubic Foot (SCF)

F = 9190 SCF/MMBTU for oil

% O₂ = flue gas oxygen content

Visible emissions averaged 30.4 percent opacity during soot blowing and 17.1 percent during normal operations. Both averages are for the highest six minute periods of the tests. Emissions were observed concurrently with particulate Runs Number 3 and 4. Visible emissions averaged less than the 60 percent opacity limit for soot blowing and the 40 percent limit for normal operations.

Visible emission data sheets and the observer's certifications are presented in Appendix F.

Table 1 Particulate Emission Summary
 Florida Power Corporation
 Bartow Plant - Unit 1 - ESP Out of Service
 St. Petersburg, Florida
 May 18 and 19, 1999

Run Number	Time	Flow Rate		Stack Temp °F	Moisture %	Oxygen %	Emission Rate	
		Actual (ACFM)	Standard (SCFMD)				Actual lbs/MMBTU	Allowable lbs/MMBTU
Soot Blowing Mode (5/18/99)								
1	1420-1524	445568	285670	309	6.9	6.2	0.1783	0.3
2	1542-1646	468769	297886	310	7.7	6.4	0.1073	0.3
3	1700-1805	467791	294345	313	8.2	6.2	0.2551	0.3
Average		460709	292634	311	7.6	6.3	0.1802	0.3
Normal Operating Mode (5/19/99)								
4	1210-1315	407120	253646	304	10.0	7.2	0.0975	0.1
5	1338-1447	422527	266375	302	9.3	7.3	0.0802	0.1
6	1502-1605	416236	260178	306	9.6	7.4	0.0916	0.1
Average		415294	260066	304	9.6	7.3	0.0898	0.1

3.0 PROCESS DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION

Bartow Unit 1 is fired with Number 6 oil and consumed 178.4 Barrels per hour (bbl/Hr) while generating a nominal gross load of 118 megawatts (MW) per hour on May 18, 1999 and 181.0 bbl/Hr of oil at 120 MW on May 19, 1999. An "as fired" oil sample was collected and analyzed for each test day. These analyses are presented in Appendix E. Permitted parameters are as follows:

Date	<u>Heat Input (MMBTU/Hr)</u>		<u>Percent Sulfur</u>		<u>SO2 Emissions (lbs/MMBTU)</u>	
	Actual	Permitted	Actual	Permitted	Actual	Permitted
5/18/99	1128.9	1220	2.24	2.5	2.47	2.75
5/19/99	1143.6	1220	2.22	2.5	2.46	2.75
AVERAGE	1136.3	1220	2.23	2.5	2.47	2.75

Where Heat Input = consumption x BTU content

$$\text{SO}_2 \text{ emission} = \text{consumption} \times \text{percent sulfur} \times \frac{\text{MW SO}_2}{\text{MW S}} / \text{heat input}$$

Additional operating data is available at the plant site on request.

STATE OF FLORIDA
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

RECEIVED

JUL 23 1999

BUREAU OF AIR REGULATION

FLORIDA POWER CORPORATION,

Petitioner,

vs.

OGC CASE NO. 99-1194

STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT
OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION,

Respondent.

ORDER GRANTING REQUEST FOR EXTENSION
OF TIME TO FILE PETITION FOR HEARING

This cause has come before the Florida Department of Environmental Protection (Department) on receipt of a request made by Petitioner, Florida Power Corporation, to grant an extension of time to file a petition for an administrative hearing on Application Nos. 1030011-002-AV/Draft Permit NO. 1030011-006-AC. See Exhibit 1.

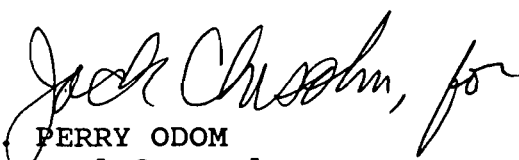
Respondent, State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection, has no objection to it. Therefore,

IT IS ORDERED:

The request for an extension of time to file a petition for administrative proceeding is granted. Petitioner shall have until September 1, 1999, to file a petition in this matter. Filing shall be complete on receipt by the Office of General Counsel, Mail Station 35, Department of Environmental Protection, 3900 Commonwealth Boulevard, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-3000.

DONE AND ORDERED on this 20th day of July, 1999, in Tallahassee, Florida.

STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT
OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION


F. PERRY ODOM
General Counsel

Douglas Building, MS #35
3900 Commonwealth Boulevard
Tallahassee, FL 32399-3000
Telephone: (850) 488-9314

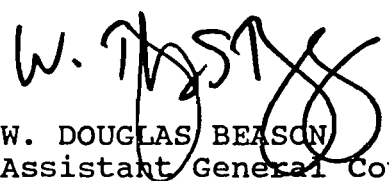
CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I CERTIFY that a true copy of the foregoing was mailed to:

Robert A. Manning, Esq.
123 South Clahoun Street
Tallahassee, Florida 32314

on this 22 day of July, 1999.

STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT
OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION


W. DOUGLAS BEASON
Assistant General Counsel
Florida Bar No. 379239

Mail Station 35
3900 Commonwealth Boulevard
Tallahassee, FL 32399-3000
Telephone: (850) 488-9314

8/4/99 cc: ed svec

THE STATE OF FLORIDA
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

In the Matter of an
Application for Permit by:

OGC CASE NO. 99-_____
FDEP Revised Draft Permit No.: 1030011-002-AV
FDEP Draft Permit No. : 1030011-006-AC

Florida Power Corporation
Bartow Plant, Pinellas County, Florida

REQUEST FOR ENLARGEMENT OF TIME

By and through undersigned counsel, Florida Power Corporation (FPC) hereby requests, pursuant to Florida Administrative Code Rule 62-110.106(4), an enlargement of time, to and including September 1, 1999, in which to file a Petition for Administrative Proceedings in the above-styled matter. As good cause for granting this request, FPC states the following:

1. On or about October 6, 1997, FPC received from the Department of Environmental Protection (Department) an initial "Intent to Issue Title V Air Operation Permit" (Draft Permit No. 1030011-002-AV) for the FPC Bartow Plant located in Pinellas County, Florida.
2. On April 30, 1998, FPC filed a Petition for Formal Administrative Hearing on the initial Draft Title V Permit.
3. On or about June 14, 1999, FPC received from the Department an "Intent to Issue Title V Air Operation Permit" (**REVISED** Draft Permit No. 1010011-002-AV/Draft Permit No. 1030011-006-AC) for the FPC Bartow Plant.
4. FPC and the Department, in a separate submittal today, are entering into a Settlement Stipulation which withdraws FPC's Petition on the initial Draft Permit in exchange for the Department's withdrawal of the initial Draft Permit and issuance of the above-referenced Revised Draft

Permit/Draft Permit. In reliance on this Settlement Stipulation and the withdrawal of the initial Draft Title V Permit, FPC hereby files this Request for Extension of Time on the Revised Draft Permit/Draft Permit. Nonetheless, insofar as the initial Draft Title V Permit may be determined to still be in effect, FPC respectfully reserves its right to pursue its Petition on the initial Draft Title V Permit.

5. Based on FPC's review, the Revised Draft Permit/Draft Permit and associated documents contain several provisions that warrant clarification or correction.

6. This request is filed simply as a protective measure to avoid waiver of FPC's right to challenge certain conditions contained in the Revised Draft Title V Permit/Draft Construction Permit. Grant of this request will not prejudice either party, but will further their mutual interest and hopefully avoid the need to file a petition and proceed to a formal administrative hearing.

WHEREFORE, FPC respectfully requests that the time for filing of a Petition for Administrative Proceedings in regard to the Department's Intent to Issue Title V Air Operation Permit for Revised Draft Permit No. 1030011-002-AV/Draft Permit No. 1030011-006-AC be formally extended to and including September 1, 1999.

Respectfully submitted this 28 day of June, 1999.

HOPPING GREEN SAMS & SMITH, P.A.

By: Robert A. Manning

Robert A. Manning
Fla. Bar No. 0035173
123 South Calhoun Street
Post Office Box 6526
Tallahassee, FL 32314
(850) 222-7500

Attorneys for FLORIDA POWER
CORPORATION

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

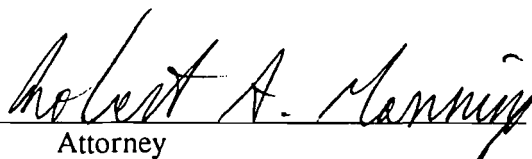
I HEREBY CERTIFY that a copy of the foregoing has been furnished to the following by U.S.

Mail on this 28 day of June, 1999:

Clair H. Fancy, P.E., Chief
Bureau of Air Regulation
Department of Environmental Protection
2600 Blair Stone Road
Tallahassee, FL 32399-2400

Doug Beason, Esq.
Department of Environmental Protection
Room 669
2600 Blair Stone Road
Tallahassee, FL 32399-2400

Ed Svec
Bureau of Air Regulation
Department of Environmental Protection
2600 Blair Stone Road
Tallahassee, FL 32399-2400



Attorney

**STATE OF FLORIDA
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION**

FLORIDA POWER CORPORATION,

Petitioner,

vs.

**OGC CASE NO. 97-1835
DOAH CASE NO. 98-2376**

**STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT
OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION,**

Respondent.

ORDER CLOSING FILE

On April 30, 1998, the Florida Department of Environmental Protection (Department) received a petition for administrative hearing from Petitioner, Florida Power Corporation. The petition challenged the Department's Intent to Issue Permit No. 1030011-002-AV to Florida Power Corporation, for a Title V air operation permit for the Bartow Plant, in Pinellas County.

On June 29, 1999, after receiving a Settlement Stipulation and Notice of Voluntary Dismissal, the assigned administrative law judge issued an order closing the file of the Division of Administrative Hearings and relinquishing jurisdiction back to the Department. See Exhibit 1. There being no further matters to consider,

IT IS ORDERED:

The petition having been withdrawn, the Department's file in this matter is closed.

Any party to this order has the right to seek judicial review of the order under section 120.68 of the Florida Statutes by the filing of a notice of appeal under rule 9.110 of the Florida Rules of Appellate Procedure with the clerk of the Department in the Office of General Counsel, 3900 Commonwealth Boulevard, Mail Station 35, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-3000, and by filing a copy of the notice of appeal accompanied by the applicable filing fees with the appropriate

district court of appeal. The notice of appeal must be filed within 30 days from the date this order is filed with the clerk of the Department.

DONE AND ORDERED this 21st day of July, 1999, in Tallahassee, Florida.

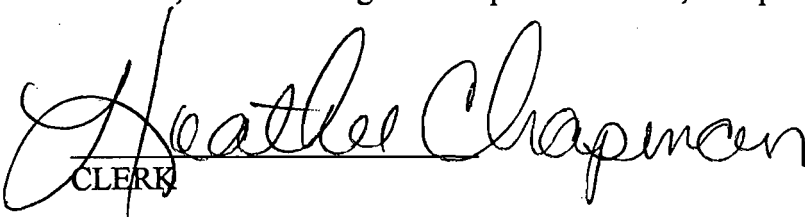
STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT
OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION



E. PERRY ODOM
General Counsel

Douglas Building
3900 Commonwealth Boulevard
Mail Station 35
Tallahassee, Florida 32399-3000
Telephone: (850) 488-9314

FILING AND ACKNOWLEDGMENT FILED, on this date, pursuant to S.120.52 Florida Statutes, with the designated Department Clerk, receipt of which is hereby acknowledged.



CLERK

7/22/99
DATE

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I CERTIFY that a true copy of the foregoing was mailed to:

Robert Manning, Esq.
Hopping Green Sams & Smith, P.A.
123 South Calhoun Street
Tallahassee, Florida 32301

on this 22nd day of July, 1999.

STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT
OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "W. Douglas Beason". The signature is stylized and cursive.

W. DOUGLAS BEASON
Florida Bar No. 379239
Assistant General Counsel

3900 Commonwealth Boulevard
Mail Station 35
Tallahassee, Florida 32399-3000
Telephone: (850) 488-9314

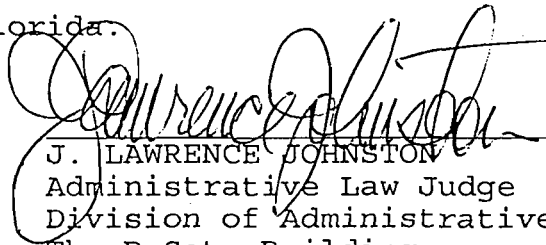
STATE OF FLORIDA
DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS

FLORIDA POWER CORPORATION,)
)
 Petitioner,)
)
 vs.) Case No. 98-2376
)
 DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL)
 PROTECTION,)
)
 Respondent.)
)
 _____)

ORDER DISMISSING PROCEEDING AND CLOSING FILE

Based on the Settlement Stipulation and Notice of Withdrawal of Petition for Formal Administrative Hearing, this proceeding is dismissed, and the file of the Division of Administrative Hearings is closed.

DONE AND ORDERED this 29th day of June, 1999, in Tallahassee, Leon County, Florida.



J. LAWRENCE JOHNSTON
Administrative Law Judge
Division of Administrative Hearings
The DeSoto Building
1230 Apalachee Parkway
Tallahassee, Florida 32399-3060
(850) 488-9675 SUNCOM 278-9675
Fax Filing (850) 921-6847
www.doah.state.fl.us

Filed with the Clerk of the
Division of Administrative Hearings
this 29th day of June, 1999.

scott

RECEIVED

JUN 29 1999

BUREAU OF
AIR REGULATION

THE STATE OF FLORIDA
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

In the Matter of an
Application for Permit by:

OGC CASE NO. 99-_____
FDEP Revised Draft Permit No.: 1030011-002-AV
FDEP Draft Permit No. : 1030011-006-AC

Florida Power Corporation
Bartow Plant, Pinellas County, Florida

REQUEST FOR ENLARGEMENT OF TIME

By and through undersigned counsel, Florida Power Corporation (FPC) hereby requests, pursuant to Florida Administrative Code Rule 62-110.106(4), an enlargement of time, to and including September 1, 1999, in which to file a Petition for Administrative Proceedings in the above-styled matter. As good cause for granting this request, FPC states the following:

1. On or about October 6, 1997, FPC received from the Department of Environmental Protection (Department) an initial "Intent to Issue Title V Air Operation Permit" (Draft Permit No. 1030011-002-AV) for the FPC Bartow Plant located in Pinellas County, Florida.
2. On April 30, 1998, FPC filed a Petition for Formal Administrative Hearing on the initial Draft Title V Permit.
3. On or about June 14, 1999, FPC received from the Department an "Intent to Issue Title V Air Operation Permit" (**REVISED** Draft Permit No. 1010011-002-AV/Draft Permit No. 1030011-006-AC) for the FPC Bartow Plant.
4. FPC and the Department, in a separate submittal today, are entering into a Settlement Stipulation which withdraws FPC's Petition on the initial Draft Permit in exchange for the Department's withdrawal of the initial Draft Permit and issuance of the above-referenced Revised Draft

Permit/Draft Permit. In reliance on this Settlement Stipulation and the withdrawal of the initial Draft Title V Permit, FPC hereby files this Request for Extension of Time on the Revised Draft Permit/Draft Permit. Nonetheless, insofar as the initial Draft Title V Permit may be determined to still be in effect, FPC respectfully reserves its right to pursue its Petition on the initial Draft Title V Permit.

5. Based on FPC's review, the Revised Draft Permit/Draft Permit and associated documents contain several provisions that warrant clarification or correction.

6. This request is filed simply as a protective measure to avoid waiver of FPC's right to challenge certain conditions contained in the Revised Draft Title V Permit/Draft Construction Permit. Grant of this request will not prejudice either party, but will further their mutual interest and hopefully avoid the need to file a petition and proceed to a formal administrative hearing.

WHEREFORE, FPC respectfully requests that the time for filing of a Petition for Administrative Proceedings in regard to the Department's Intent to Issue Title V Air Operation Permit for Revised Draft Permit No. 1030011-002-AV/Draft Permit No. 1030011-006-AC be formally extended to and including September 1, 1999.

Respectfully submitted this 28 day of June, 1999.

HOPPING GREEN SAMS & SMITH, P.A.

By: Robert A. Manning
Robert A. Manning
Fla. Bar No. 0035173
123 South Calhoun Street
Post Office Box 6526
Tallahassee, FL 32314
(850) 222-7500

Attorneys for FLORIDA POWER
CORPORATION

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

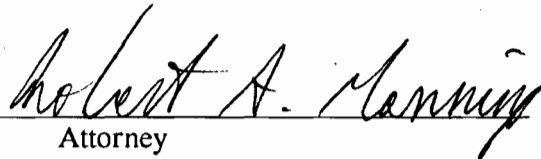
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Mail on this 28 day of June, 1999:

Clair H. Fancy, P.E., Chief
Bureau of Air Regulation
Department of Environmental Protection
2600 Blair Stone Road
Tallahassee, FL 32399-2400

Doug Beason, Esq.
Department of Environmental Protection
Room 669
2600 Blair Stone Road
Tallahassee, FL 32399-2400

Ed Svec
Bureau of Air Regulation
Department of Environmental Protection
2600 Blair Stone Road
Tallahassee, FL 32399-2400



Attorney

**THE STATE OF FLORIDA
DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS**

FLORIDA POWER CORPORATION

Petitioner,
vs.

**DOAH Case No. 98-2376
DEP OGC Case No. 97-11835**

**STATE OF FLORIDA, DEPARTMENT
OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION**

Respondent.

**NOTICE OF WITHDRAWAL OF PETITION FOR
FORMAL ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING**

The Florida Power Corporation (FPC), by and through undersigned counsel, hereby withdraws its Petition for Formal Administrative Hearing, which was filed pursuant to Sections 120.569, 120.57 and 403.0872(5), Florida Statutes and Florida Administrative Code Rules 62-103.155, 28-106.201, and 60Q-2.004. This Notice is based upon the following:

1. FPC filed a Petition on the initial Draft Title V Permit on April 30, 1998, in response to the Department of Environmental Protection's (Department) issuance of the "Intent to Issue Title V Air Operation Permit" (Permit No. 1030011-002-AV) for the Bartow Plant located in Pinellas County, Florida.

2. FPC filed its last Status Report and Request for Extension of Time on May 28, 1999, requesting until August 2, 1999 within which to negotiate a settlement of the Petition.

3. On June 28, 1999, FPC and the Department entered into a Settlement Stipulation regarding this matter (a copy of which is attached hereto), in which the parties stipulate that the initial Draft Title V Permit is withdrawn.

4. In reliance on the attached Settlement Stipulation, FPC is voluntarily withdrawing its Petition on the initial Draft Title V Permit based upon the understanding that FPC will have all rights under the Administrative Procedure Act associated with the issuance of the Revised Draft Title V Permit/Draft Construction Permit (Nos. 1030011-002-AV; 1030011-006-AC), including the right to Petition for an Administrative Hearing on this Revised Draft. To the extent the initial Draft Title V Permit remains in existence, FPC retains its Petition on the initial Draft Title V Permit.

5. FPC is also filing today, separately, a Request for Extension of Time to file a Petition for Administrative Hearing on the Revised Draft Title V Permit/Draft Construction Permit.

Respectfully submitted this 28 day of June, 1999.

HOPPING GREEN SAMS & SMITH, P.A.

By: Robert A. Manning
Robert A. Manning, Fla. Bar No. 0035173
123 South Calhoun Street
Post Office Box 6526
Tallahassee, FL 32314
(850) 222-7500

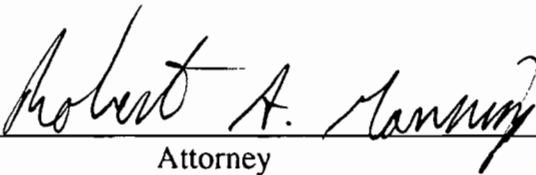
Attorneys for Florida Power Corporation

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that a copy of the foregoing has been furnished to the following by
U.S. Mail on this 28 day of June, 1999:

Clair H. Fancy, P.E., Chief
Division of Air Resources Management
Department of Environmental Protection
2600 Blair Stone Road
Tallahassee, FL 32399-2400

Doug Beason, Esq.
Office of General Counsel
Department of Environmental Protection
2600 Blair Stone Road
Tallahassee, FL 32399-2600



Attorney

**THE STATE OF FLORIDA
DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS**

FLORIDA POWER CORPORATION

**Petitioner,
vs.**

**DOAH Case No. 98-2376
DEP OGC Case No. 97-11835**

**STATE OF FLORIDA, DEPARTMENT
OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION**

Respondent.

SETTLEMENT STIPULATION

THIS AGREEMENT is entered into by Florida Power Corporation (FPC) and the State of Florida, Department of Environmental Protection (Department), in order to settle and resolve all issues in the above-styled matter. FPC and the Department hereby stipulate to the following:

1. FPC filed a Petition on the initial Draft Title V permit on April 30, 1998, in response to the Department of Environmental Protection's (Department) issuance of the "Intent to Issue Title V Air Operation Permit" (Permit No. 1030011-002-AV) for the Bartow Plant located in Pinellas County, Florida.
2. FPC filed its last Status Report and Request for Extension of Time on May 28, 1999, 1998, requesting until August 2, 1999 within which to negotiate a settlement of the Petition.
3. The Department issued a Revised Draft Title V Permit/Draft Construction permit (Nos. 1030011-002-AV; 1030011-006-AC) on June 9, 1999. FPC received this Revised Draft permit on or about June 14, 1999.

4. The Department withdraws the initial Draft Title V permit (No. 1030011-002-AV), upon which FPC's Petition dated April 30, 1998 was based.

5. FPC will voluntarily withdraw its petition on the initial Draft Title V permit based upon the understanding that FPC will have all rights under the Administrative Procedure Act associated with the issuance of the Revised Draft Title V permit/Draft Construction permit (Nos. 1030011-002-AV; 1030011-006-AC), including the right to Petition for an Administrative Hearing on this Revised Draft. To the extent the initial Draft Title V permit remains in existence, FPC retains its Petition on the initial Draft Title V permit.

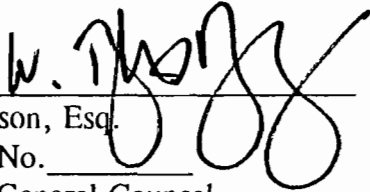
6. FPC will also file a Request for Extension of Time on the Revised Draft Title V Permit/Draft Construction Permit (Nos. 1030011-002-AV; 1030011-006-AC).

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have entered into this SETTLEMENT STIPULATION by signature below:

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

FLORIDA POWER CORPORATION

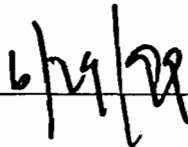
By: _____


Doug Beason, Esq.
Fla. Bar. No. _____
Office of General Counsel
2600 Blair Stone Road
Tallahassee, FL 32399-2600
(850) 488-9314

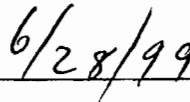
By: _____


Robert Manning, Esq.
Fla. Bar No. 0035173
Hopping Green Sams & Smith, P.A.
123 South Calhoun Street
Tallahassee, FL 32301
(850) 222-7500

Date: _____



Date: _____





RECEIVED

JUL 09 1999

BUREAU OF AIR REGULATION

July 2, 1999

Mr. Scott M. Sheplak, P.E.
Bureau of Air Regulation
Florida Department of Environmental Protection
2600 Blair Stone Rd.
Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400

Dear Mr. Sheplak:

Re: FPC Bartow Facility, *Notice of Intent to Issue a Combined Air Construction Permit/Title V Operation Permit* (Permit Nos. 1030011-006-AC and 1030011-002-AV, respectively)

Enclosed please find the notarized proof of publication received from the St. Petersburg Times for the Florida Department of Environmental Protection *Notice of Intent* referenced to the above request. The notice was published on June 27, 1999.

If you should have any questions concerning this correspondence, please do not hesitate to contact me at (727) 826-4258.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Scott H. Osbourn".

Scott H. Osbourn
Senior Environmental Engineer

cc: William Thomas, DEP SW District (w/attach)
Gary Robbins, Pinellas Co. DEM (w/attach)
Robert Manning, HGS&S (w/attach)

Attachment

7/19 cc: Ed Svec

990254684

ST. PETERSBURG TIMES

Published Daily
St. Petersburg, Pinellas County, Florida

STATE OF FLORIDA } S.S.
COUNTY OF PINELLAS }

Before the undersigned authority personally appeared C. Egan
who on oath says that he is Legal Clerk
of the Neighborhood Times - Northeast Edition
a daily newspaper published at St. Petersburg, in Pinellas County, Florida; that the attached copy of
advertisement, being a Legal Notice
in the matter RE: Notice of Intent to Issue Permit

_____ in the _____ Court
was published in said newspaper in the issues of June 27, 1999

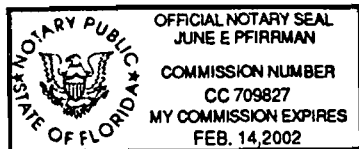
Affiant further says the said Neighborhood Times
is a newspaper published at St. Petersburg, in said Pinellas County, Florida, and that the said newspaper
has heretofore been continuously published in said Pinellas County, Florida, each day and has been
entered as second class mail matter at the post office in St. Petersburg, in said Pinellas County, Florida, for
a period of one year next preceding the first publication of the attached copy of advertisement, and affiant
further says that he has neither paid nor promised any person, firm, or corporation any discount, rebate,
commission or refund for the purpose of securing this advertisement for publication in the said newspaper.

C. Egan
Signature of Affiant

Sworn to and subscribed before
me this 29th day of
June A.D. 1999

Jane E. Freeman
Notary Public

Personally known or produced identification _____
Type of identification produced _____



(SEAL)

C-S-403

LEGAL NOTICE

PUBLIC NOTICE OF INTENT TO ISSUE A COMBINED AIR CONSTRUCTION PERMIT/TITLE V OPERATION PERMIT

STATE OF FLORIDA
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
Air Construction Permit No.: 1030011-006-AC
Revised DRAFT Title V Operation Permit No.: 1030011-002-AV
Florida Power Corporation: Bartow Plant
Pinellas County

The Department of Environmental Protection (permitting authority) gives notice of its intent to issue a combined Air Construction Permit/Title V Operation Permit to Florida Power Corporation for the Bartow Plant located at Weedon Island, St. Petersburg, Pinellas County. The applicant's name and address are: Florida Power Corporation, 3201 34th Street South, St. Petersburg, Florida 33711.

The permitting authority will issue the combined Draft Air Construction Permit/Title V PROPOSED Operation Permit, and subsequent combined Final Air Construction Permit/Title V FINAL Operation Permit, in accordance with the conditions of the combined Draft Air Construction Permit/Title V Operation Permit unless a response received in accordance with the following procedures results in a different decision or significant change of terms or conditions. The permitting authority has determined that a combined Air Construction Permit/Revised DRAFT Title V Operation Permit are required in order to: 1) re-classify an emissions unit/activity, the Bartow Plant's Unit 1 Fly Ash System, as insignificant.

The permitting authority will accept written comments concerning the proposed combined Draft Air Construction Permit/Revised DRAFT Title V Operation Permit issuance action for a period of 30 (thirty) days from the date of publication of this Notice. Written comments should be provided to the Department's Bureau of Air Regulation, 2600 Blair Stone Road, Mail Station #5505, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400. Any written comments filed shall be made available for public inspection. If written comments received result in a significant change in this combined Draft Air Construction Permit/Revised DRAFT Title V Operation Permit, the permitting authority shall issue a combined Revised Draft Air Construction Permit/Revised DRAFT Title V Operation Permit and require, if applicable, another Public Notice.

A person whose substantial interests are affected by the proposed permitting decision may petition for an administrative hearing in accordance with Sections 120.569 and 120.57 of the Florida Statutes (F.S.). The petition must contain the information set forth below and must be filed (received) in Office of General Counsel of the Department of Environmental Protection, 3900 Commonwealth Boulevard, Mail Station #35, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-3000 (Telephone: 850/488-9730; Fax: 850/487-4938). Petitions filed by any persons other than those entitled to written notice under Section 120.60(3), F.S., must be filed within fourteen days of publication of the public notice or within fourteen days of receipt of the notice of intent, whichever occurs first. Under Section 120.60(3), F.S., however, any person who asked the permitting authority for notice of agency action may file a petition within fourteen days of receipt of that notice, regardless of the date of publication. A petitioner shall mail a copy of the petition to the applicant at the address indicated above, at the time of filing. The failure of any person to file a petition within the applicable time period shall constitute a waiver of that person's right to request an administrative determination (hearing) under Sections 120.569 and 120.57, F.S., or to intervene in this proceeding and participate as a party to it. Any subsequent intervention will be only at the approval of the presiding officer upon the filing of a motion in compliance with Rule 28-106.205, F.A.C.

A petition that disputes the material facts on which the permitting authority's action is based must contain the following information:

- (a) The name and address of each agency affected and each agency's file(s) or identification number(s), if known;
- (b) The name, address and telephone number of the petitioner, name, address and telephone number of the petitioner's representative, if any, which shall be the address for service purposes during the course of the proceeding; and an explanation of how petitioner's substantial rights will be affected by the agency determination;
- (c) A statement of how and when the petitioner received notice of the agency action or proposed action;
- (d) A statement of all disputed issues of material fact. If there are none, the petition must so state;
- (e) A concise statement of the ultimate facts alleged, as well as the rules and statutes which entitle petitioner to relief; and
- (f) A demand for relief.

petition that does not dispute the material facts upon which the permitting authority's action is based shall state that no such facts are in dispute and otherwise shall contain the same information as set forth above, as required by Rule 28-106.301, F.A.C.

Because the administrative hearing process is designed to formulate final agency action, the filing of a petition means that the permitting authority's final action may be different from the position taken by it in this notice of intent. Persons whose substantial interests will be affected by any such final decision of the permitting authority on the application have the right to petition to become a party to the proceeding, in accordance with the requirements set forth above.

Mediation is not available for this proceeding.

In addition to the above, pursuant to 42 United States Code (U.S.C.) Section 7661d(b)(2), any person may petition the Administrator of the EPA within 60 (sixty) days of the expiration of the Administrator's 45 (forty-five) day review period as established at 42 U.S.C. Section 7661d(b)(1), to object to issuance of any permit. Any petition shall be based only on objections to the permit that were raised with reasonable specificity during the 30 (thirty) day public comment period provided in this notice, unless the petitioner demonstrates to the Administrator of the EPA that it was impracticable to raise such objections within the comment period or unless the grounds for such objection arose after the comment period. Filing of a petition with the Administrator of the EPA does not stay the effective date of any permit properly issued pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 62-213, F.A.C. Petitions filed with the Administrator of EPA must meet the requirements of 42 U.S.C. Section 7661d(b)(2) and must be filed with the Administrator of the EPA at: U.S. EPA, 401 M Street, S.W., Washington, D.C. 20460.

A complete project file is available for public inspection during normal business hours, 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, except legal holidays, at:

Permitting Authority:

Department of Environmental Protection
Bureau of Air Regulation
111 South Magnolia Drive, Suite 4
Tallahassee, Florida 32301
Telephone: 850/488-1344
Fax: 850/922-6979

Affected District/Local Program:

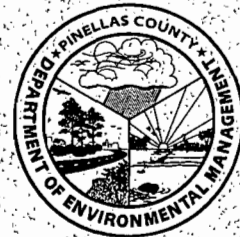
Pinellas County Department of Environmental Management
Air Quality Division
300 South Garden Avenue
Clearwater, Florida 34616
Telephone: 813/464-4422
Fax: 813/464-4420

The complete project file includes the Technical Evaluation and Preliminary Determination, combined Draft Air Construction Permit/Revised DRAFT Title V Operation Permit, the application, and the information submitted by the responsible official, exclusive of confidential records under Section 403.111, F.S. Interested persons may contact Scott M. Sheplak, P.E., at the above address, or call 850/921-9532, for additional information.



PINELLAS COUNTY
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

AIR QUALITY DIVISION
300 SOUTH GARDEN AVENUE
CLEARWATER, FLORIDA 33756



COMMISSIONERS
SALLIE PARKS - CHAIRMAN
ROBERT B. STEWART - VICE CHAIRMAN
CALVIN D. HARRIS
KAREN WILLIAMS SEEL
BARBARA SHEEN TODD

RECEIVED

PHONE: (727) 464-4422
FAX: (727) 464-4420
SUNCOM: 570-4422
SUNCOMFAX: 570-4420

JUL 06 1999

BUREAU OF
AIR REGULATION

July 1, 1999

Scott Sheplak
Division of Air Resources Management
Florida Department of Environmental Protection
2600 Blair Stone Road, MS 5505
Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400

Re: Florida Power - Bartow, 1030011-002-AV

Mr. Sheplak:

This office has reviewed DEP's revised draft for 1030011-002-AV, and the draft construction permit 1030011-006-AC. Our comments follow:

1. **Statement of Basis** - For Emission Units 001, 002, and 003 this statement is made: "This unit is subject to a steady-state PM emission limit of 0.1 lb/mmBtu, which is effectively equivalent to 0.149 lb/mmBtu because of rounding. The statement that 0.149 is equivalent, is somewhat misleading. While it is true that a stack test result of 0.149 lb/mmBtu is not a violation, due to rounding, it also may not be an acceptable test for demonstrating compliance. In coordination with DEP's Compliance Section, sources have been required to retest to provide reasonable assurance of compliance, in similar circumstances. We request the statement be modified to read: "This unit is subject to a steady-state PM emission limit of 0.1 lb/mmBtu." Note: there no similar statement for soot-blowing.
2. **Specific Condition No. 2** - Change the County rule cite to Pinellas County Code, Section 58-178.



3. **Specific Condition No. 10** - Change the area code for the phone and fax to 727.
4. **Specific Condition No. A.11** - Should this read, "For used oil, only "on-specification used oil shall be fired..."
5. **Specific Condition No. A.28** - Since the Utility Boilers already have established baseline test dates, we recommend that wording be included that the units be tested within 60 days prior to those baseline test dates. Pinellas County sends a letter reminding sources of test dates. Without such a date we will be unable to do this.
6. **Specific Condition No. A.37** - The condition states "...the permittee shall calculate annual particulate matter emissions by multiplying the particulate matter stack test results by the hours of operation..." Presently, the annual emissions are determined by taking the test results (for both steady state and excess emissions) and create emission factors for the emission unit in pounds/mmBtu or pounds/1000 gallons. These emission factors are then used to calculate annual emissions, based on the amount of fuel burned during steady state and excess emissions operations.
7. **Specific Condition No. A.40** - Change the County rule cite to Pinellas County Code, Section 58-128.
8. **Specific Condition No. B.18** - Since the Pipeline Boiler already has an established baseline test date, we recommend that wording be included that the units be tested within 60 days prior to those baseline test dates. Pinellas County sends a letter reminding sources of test dates. Without such a date we will be unable to do this.
9. **Specific Condition No. C.15** - Since the Peakers already have established baseline test dates, we recommend that wording be included that the units be tested within 60 days prior to those baseline test dates. Pinellas County sends a letter reminding sources of test dates. Without such a date we will be unable to do this.

If you have any questions, contact this office at (727) 464-4422 or Suncom 570-4422.

Sincerely,




Gary Robbins, Environmental Program Manager
Air Quality Division

cc: PF(0011), RF
Ed Svec

7/8/99 cc: Ed Svec
Scott Sheplap

FLORIDA's Electronic Notification Cover Memorandum

TO: Gracy Danois, U.S. EPA Region 4
CC: Carla E. Pierce, U.S. EPA Region 4
THRU: Scott M. Sheplak, P.E., Tallahassee Title V Section ^{zmb}
FROM: Edward J. Svec, Permit Engineer 
DATE: 06/10/99
RE: U.S. EPA Region 4 Title V Operation Permit Review

Pursuant to the 1996 comprehensive Title V operation permit review strategy contained in the Florida/EPA Implementation Agreement, the following Title V operation permit(s) and associated documents are made available for your review/comment prior to issuance.

<u>Applicant Name</u>	<u>County</u>	<u>Method of Transmittal</u>	<u>Electronic File Name(s)</u>
Florida Power Corp. Bartow Power Plant	Pinellas	INTERNET	1030011d.zip

This zipped file contains the following electronic files:

1030011i.doc
1030011d.doc
10300111.xls
10300112.xls
1030011g.doc
1030011u.doc
1030011h.doc
SOB.doc
TE&PD.doc

MEMORANDUM

TO: Scott Sheplak, P.E.
FROM: Edward J. Svec *EJS*
DATE: May 28, 1999

Re: Intent package for Revised DRAFT Permit No.: 1030011-002-AV
and Air Construction Permit No.: 1030011-006-AC
Florida Power Corporation
Bartow Facility

Permit Clock: Today is ARMS Day 64
Day 90: June 27, 1999

The Bartow Plant consists of three, Rule 62-296.405 oil fired boilers (Unit 1 is equipped with an ESP); a pipeline heating boiler (Rule 62-296.406); four pre-Subpart GG gas peaking turbines; and relocatable diesel generator unit(s). The plant is in the area of influence of the Tampa particulate matter maintenance area and as such, the boilers carry additional conditions which identify operating parameters and O&M activities. The three boilers are also allowed to combust up to a total of 14.85 million gallons of on-specification used oil per year.

The Revised DRAFT was necessary to incorporate changes allowed by permit 1030013-005-AC to the method the plant handles fly ash that were previously noticed in the original DRAFT permit

This permit is for the initial Title V air operation permit for the subject facility and a construction permit reclassifying the fly ash handling system as an insignificant emissions unit.

This facility reported that each emissions unit was in compliance at the time of the application.

I recommend that this Intent to Issue be sent out as attached.

SS/es

[electronic file name: memo-d.doc]



Jeb Bush
Governor

Department of Environmental Protection

Twin Towers Office Building
2600 Blair Stone Road
Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400

David B. Struhs
Secretary

P.E. Certification Statement

Permittee:
Florida Power Corporation
P.L. Bartow Plant

Revised DRAFT Permit No.: 1030011-002-AV
DRAFT Permit No.: 1030011-006-AC
Facility ID No.: 1030011

Project type: Initial Title V Air Operation Permit

I HEREBY CERTIFY that the engineering features described in the above referenced application and subject to the proposed permit conditions provide reasonable assurance of compliance with applicable provisions of Chapter 403, Florida Statutes, and Florida Administrative Code, chapters 62-24 and 62-204 through 62-297. However, I have not evaluated and I do not certify aspects of the proposal outside of my area of expertise (including but not limited to the electrical, mechanical, structural, hydrological, and geological features).

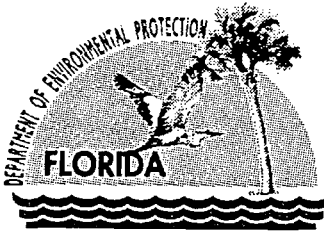


Scott M. Sheplak

date 06/01/99

Scott M. Sheplak, P.E.
Registration Number: 0048366

Permitting Authority:
Department of Environmental Protection
Bureau of Air Regulation
111 South Magnolia Drive, Suite 4
Tallahassee, Florida 32301
Telephone: 850/921-9532
Fax: 850/922-6979



Jeb Bush
Governor

Department of Environmental Protection

Twin Towers Office Building
2600 Blair Stone Road
Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400

David B. Struhs
Secretary

June 7, 1999

W. Jeffery Pardue
Director, Environmental Services Department
Florida Power Corporation
3201 34th Street South
St. Petersburg, Florida 33711

Re: Air Construction Permit No.: 1030011-006-AC
Title V Operation Permit No.: 1030011-002-AV
Bartow Plant

Dear Mr. Pardue:

One copy of the Technical Evaluation and Preliminary Determination and associated combined Air Construction Permit/Title V DRAFT Operation Permit for the Bartow Plant located at Weedon Island, St. Petersburg, Pinellas County, is enclosed. The permitting authority's "INTENT TO ISSUE A COMBINED AIR CONSTRUCTION PERMIT/TITLE V OPERATION PERMIT" and "PUBLIC NOTICE OF INTENT TO ISSUE A COMBINED AIR CONSTRUCTION PERMIT/TITLE V OPERATION PERMIT" are also included.

The "PUBLIC NOTICE OF INTENT TO ISSUE A COMBINED AIR CONSTRUCTION PERMIT/TITLE V OPERATION PERMIT" must be published as soon as possible. Proof of publication, i.e., newspaper affidavit, must be provided to the permitting authority's office within 7 (seven) days of publication. Failure to publish the notice and provide proof of publication within the allotted time may result in the denial of the combined permits.

Please submit any written comments you wish to have considered concerning the permitting authority's proposed action to Scott M. Sheplak, P.E., at the above letterhead address. If you have any other questions, please contact Edward J. Svec at 850/921-8985.

Sincerely,

C. H. Fancy, P.E.
Chief
Bureau of Air Regulation

CHF/s
Enclosures

cc: Ms. Carla E. Pierce, U.S. EPA, Region 4 (INTERNET E-mail Memorandum)
Ms. Gracy R. Danois, U.S. EPA, Region 4 (INTERNET E-mail Memorandum)

In the Matter of an
Application for Permits by:

Florida Power Corporation
3201 34th Street South
St. Petersburg, Florida 33711

Air Construction Permit No.: 1030011-006-AC
Title V Operation Permit No.: 1030011-002-AV
Bartow Plant
Pinellas County

**INTENT TO ISSUE A COMBINED AIR CONSTRUCTION PERMIT/Revised DRAFT TITLE V
OPERATION PERMIT**

The Department of Environmental Protection (Department) gives notice of its intent to issue a combined Air Construction Permit/Title V Operation Permit (copy of the combined Draft Air Construction Permit/Revised DRAFT Title V DRAFT Operation Permit is attached) for the proposed project, detailed in the application specified above and the attached Technical Evaluation and Preliminary Determination, for the reasons stated below.

The applicant, Florida Power Corporation, applied on March 29, 1999, to the permitting authority for a combined Air Construction Permit/Title V Operation Permit for the Bartow Plant located at Weedon Island, St. Petersburg, Pinellas County.

The permitting authority has permitting jurisdiction under the provisions of Chapter 403, Florida Statutes (F.S.), and Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.) Chapters 62-4, 62-210, 62-212, 62-213, and 62-214. The above action is not exempt from permitting procedures. The permitting authority has determined that a combined Air Construction Permit/Revised DRAFT Title V Operation Permit are required in order to: 1) re-classify an emissions unit/activity, the Bartow Plant's Unit 1 Fly Ash System, as insignificant.

The permitting authority intends to issue this combined Air Construction Permit/Title V Operation Permit based on the belief that reasonable assurances have been provided to indicate that operation of the Title V source will not adversely impact air quality, and the Title V source will comply with all appropriate provisions of Chapters 62-4, 62-204, 62-210, 62-212, 62-213, 62-214, 62-256, 62-257, 62-281, 62-296, and 62-297, F.A.C.

Pursuant to Sections 403.815 and 403.087, F.S., and Rules 62-110.106 and 62-210.350(3), F.A.C., you (the applicant) are required to publish at your own expense the enclosed "PUBLIC NOTICE OF INTENT TO ISSUE A COMBINED AIR CONSTRUCTION PERMIT/TITLE V OPERATION PERMIT." The notice shall be published one time only as soon as possible in the legal advertisement section of a newspaper of general circulation in the area affected. For the purpose of these rules, "publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the area affected" means publication in a newspaper meeting the requirements of Sections 50.011 and 50.031, F.S., in the county where the activity is to take place. Where there is more than one newspaper of general circulation in the county, the newspaper used must be one with significant circulation in the area that may be affected by the combined permits. If you are uncertain that a newspaper meets these requirements, please contact the permitting authority at the address or telephone number listed below. The applicant shall provide proof of publication to the Department's Bureau of Air Regulation, 2600 Blair Stone Road, Mail Station #5505, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400 (Telephone: 850/488-1344; Fax: 850/922-6979), within 7 (seven) days of publication. Failure to publish the notice and provide proof of publication within the allotted time may result in the denial of the combined permits pursuant to Rule 62-110.106, F.A.C.

The permitting authority will issue the combined Draft Air Construction Permit/Title V PROPOSED Operation Permit, and subsequent combined Final Air Construction Permit /Title V FINAL Air Operation combined permits, in accordance with the conditions of the attached Draft Air

Construction/Revised DRAFT Title V Air Operation combined permits unless a response received in accordance with the following procedures results in a different decision or significant change of terms or conditions.

The permitting authority will accept written comments concerning the proposed combined permits issuance action for a period of 30 (thirty) days from the date of publication of the "PUBLIC NOTICE OF INTENT TO ISSUE A COMBINED AIR CONSTRUCTION PERMIT/TITLE V OPERATION PERMIT." Written comments should be provided to the permitting authority office. Any written comments filed shall be made available for public inspection. If written comments received result in a significant change in this combined Draft Air Construction Permit/Revised DRAFT Title V Operation Permit, the permitting authority shall issue a combined Revised Draft Air Construction Permit/ Revised DRAFT Title V Operation Permit and require, if applicable, another Public Notice.

A person whose substantial interests are affected by the proposed permitting decision may petition for an administrative hearing in accordance with Sections 120.569 and 120.57, F.S. The petition must contain the information set forth below and must be filed (received) in the Office of General Counsel of the Department of Environmental Protection, 3900 Commonwealth Boulevard, Mail Station #35, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-3000 (Telephone: 850/488-9730; Fax: 850/487-4938). Petitions filed by the permit applicant or any of the parties listed below must be filed within fourteen days of receipt of this notice of intent. Petitions filed by any persons other than those entitled to written notice under Section 120.60(3), F.S., must be filed within fourteen days of publication of the public notice or within fourteen days of receipt of this notice of intent, whichever occurs first. Under Section 120.60(3), F.S., however, any person who asked the permitting authority for notice of agency action may file a petition within fourteen days of receipt of that notice, regardless of the date of publication. A petitioner shall mail a copy of the petition to the applicant at the address indicated above, at the time of filing. The failure of any person to file a petition within the appropriate time period shall constitute a waiver of that person's right to request an administrative determination (hearing) under Sections 120.569 and 120.57, F.S., or to intervene in this proceeding and participate as a party to it. Any subsequent intervention will be only at the approval of the presiding officer upon the filing of a motion in compliance with Rule 28-106.205, F.A.C.

A petition that disputes the material facts on which the permitting authority's action is based must contain the following information:

- (a) The name and address of each agency affected and each agency's file(s) or identification number(s), if known;
- (b) The name, address, and telephone number of the petitioner; the name, address and telephone number of the petitioner's representative, if any, which shall be the address for service purposes during the course of the proceeding; and an explanation of how the petitioner's substantial interests will be affected by the agency determination;
- (c) A statement of how and when each petitioner received notice of the agency action or proposed action;

- (d) A statement of all disputed issues of material fact. If there are none, the petition must so indicate;
- (e) A concise statement of the ultimate facts alleged, as well as the rules and statutes which entitle the petitioner to relief; and,
- (f) A demand for relief.

A petition that does not dispute the material facts upon which the permitting authority's action is based shall state that no such facts are in dispute and otherwise shall contain the same information as set forth above, as required by Rule 28-106.301, F.A.C.

Because the administrative hearing process is designed to formulate final agency action, the filing of a petition means that the permitting authority's final action may be different from the position taken by it in this notice of intent. Persons whose substantial interests will be affected by any such final decision of the permitting authority on the application have the right to petition to become a party to the proceeding, in accordance with the requirements set forth above.

Mediation will not be available in this proceeding.

In addition to the above, a person subject to regulation has a right to apply to the Department of Environmental Protection for a variance from or waiver of the requirements of particular rules, on certain conditions, under Section 120.542, F.S. The relief provided by this state statute applies only to state rules, not statutes, and not to any federal regulatory requirements. Applying for a variance or waiver does not substitute or extend the time for filing a petition for an administrative hearing or exercising any other right that a person may have in relation to the action proposed in this notice of intent.

The application for a variance or waiver is made by filing a petition with the Office of General Counsel of the Department of Environmental Protection, 3900 Commonwealth Boulevard, Mail Station #35, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-3000. The petition must specify the following information:

- (a) The name, address, and telephone number of the petitioner;
- (b) The name, address, and telephone number of the attorney or qualified representative of the petitioner, if any;
- (c) Each rule or portion of a rule from which a variance or waiver is requested;
- (d) The citation to the statute underlying (implemented by) the rule identified in (c) above;
- (e) The type of action requested;
- (f) The specific facts that would justify a variance or waiver for the petitioner;
- (g) The reason why the variance or waiver would serve the purposes of the underlying statute (implemented by the rule); and,
- (h) A statement whether the variance or waiver is permanent or temporary and, if temporary, a statement of the dates showing the duration of the variance or waiver requested.

The Department will grant a variance or waiver when the petition demonstrates both that the application of the rule would create a substantial hardship or violate principles of fairness, as each of those terms is defined in Section 120.542(2), F.S., and that the purpose of the underlying statute will be or has been achieved by other means by the petitioner.

Persons subject to regulation pursuant to any federally delegated or approved air program should be aware that Florida is specifically not authorized to issue variances or waivers from any requirements of any such federally delegated or approved program. The requirements of the program remain fully enforceable by the Administrator of the United States Environmental Protection Agency and by any person under the Clean Air Act unless and until the Administrator separately approves any variance or waiver in accordance with the procedures of the federal program.

Florida Power Corporation
Air Construction Permit No.: 1030011-006-AC
Title V Operation Permit No.: 1030011-002-AV
Page 4 of 5

Finally, pursuant to 42 United States Code (U.S.C.) Section 7661d(b)(2), any person may petition the Administrator of the EPA within 60 (sixty) days of the expiration of the Administrator's 45 (forty-five) day review period as established at 42 U.S.C. Section 7661d(b)(1), to object to issuance of any permit. Any petition shall be based only on objections to the permit that were raised with reasonable specificity during the 30 (thirty) day public comment period provided in this notice, unless the petitioner demonstrates to the Administrator of the EPA that it was impracticable to raise such objections within the comment period or unless the grounds for such objection arose after the comment period. Filing of a petition with the Administrator of the EPA does not stay the effective date of any permit properly issued pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 62-213, F.A.C. Petitions filed with the Administrator of EPA must meet the requirements of 42 U.S.C. Section 7661d(b)(2) and must be filed with the Administrator of the EPA at: U.S. EPA, 401 M Street, S.W., Washington, D.C. 20460.

Executed in Tallahassee, Florida.

**STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT
OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION**



C. H. Fancy, P.E.

Chief

Bureau of Air Regulation

PUBLIC NOTICE OF INTENT TO ISSUE A COMBINED AIR CONSTRUCTION PERMIT/TITLE V
OPERATION PERMIT

STATE OF FLORIDA
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

Air Construction Permit No.: 1030011-006-AC
Revised DRAFT Title V Operation Permit No.: 1030011-002-AV
Florida Power Corporation: Bartow Plant
Pinellas County

The Department of Environmental Protection (permitting authority) gives notice of its intent to issue a combined Air Construction Permit/Title V Operation Permit to Florida Power Corporation for the Bartow Plant located at Weedon Island, St. Petersburg, Pinellas County. The applicant's name and address are: Florida Power Corporation, 3201 34th Street South, St. Petersburg, Florida 33711.

The permitting authority will issue the combined Draft Air Construction Permit/Title V PROPOSED Operation Permit, and subsequent combined Final Air Construction Permit/Title V FINAL Operation Permit, in accordance with the conditions of the combined Draft Air Construction Permit/Title V Operation Permit unless a response received in accordance with the following procedures results in a different decision or significant change of terms or conditions. The permitting authority has determined that a combined Air Construction Permit/Revised DRAFT Title V Operation Permit are required in order to: 1) re-classify an emissions unit/activity, the Bartow Plant's Unit 1 Fly Ash System, as insignificant.

The permitting authority will accept written comments concerning the proposed combined Draft Air Construction Permit/Revised DRAFT Title V Operation Permit issuance action for a period of 30 (thirty) days from the date of publication of this Notice. Written comments should be provided to the Department's Bureau of Air Regulation, 2600 Blair Stone Road, Mail Station #5505, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400. Any written comments filed shall be made available for public inspection. If written comments received result in a significant change in this combined Draft Air Construction Permit/ Revised DRAFT Title V Operation Permit, the permitting authority shall issue a combined Revised Draft Air Construction Permit/Revised DRAFT Title V Operation Permit and require, if applicable, another Public Notice.

A person whose substantial interests are affected by the proposed permitting decision may petition for an administrative hearing in accordance with Sections 120.569 and 120.57 of the Florida Statutes (F.S.). The petition must contain the information set forth below and must be filed (received) in Office of General Counsel of the Department of Environmental Protection, 3900 Commonwealth Boulevard, Mail Station #35, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-3000 (Telephone: 850/488-9730; Fax: 850/487-4938). Petitions filed by any persons other than those entitled to written notice under Section 120.60(3), F.S., must be filed within fourteen days of publication of the public notice or within fourteen days of receipt of the notice of intent, whichever occurs first. Under Section 120.60(3), F.S., however, any person who asked the permitting authority for notice of agency action may file a petition within fourteen days of receipt of that notice, regardless of the date of publication. A petitioner shall mail a copy of the petition to the applicant at the address indicated above, at the time of filing. The failure of any person to file a petition within the applicable time period shall constitute a waiver of that person's right to request an administrative determination (hearing) under Sections 120.569 and 120.57, F.S., or to intervene in this proceeding and participate as a party to it. Any subsequent intervention will be only at the approval of the presiding officer upon the filing of a motion in compliance with Rule 28-106.205, F.A.C.

A petition that disputes the material facts on which the permitting authority's action is based must contain the following information:

- (a) The name and address of each agency affected and each agency's file(s) or identification number(s), if known;
- (b) The name, address and telephone number of the petitioner; name address and telephone number of the petitioner's representative, if any, which shall be the address for service purposes during the course of the proceeding; and an explanation of how petitioner's substantial rights will be affected by the agency determination;

- (c) A statement of how and when the petitioner received notice of the agency action or proposed action;
- (d) A statement of all disputed issues of material fact. If there are none, the petition must so state;
- (e) A concise statement of the ultimate facts alleged, as well as the rules and statutes which entitle petitioner to relief; and
- (f) A demand for relief.

A petition that does not dispute the material facts upon which the permitting authority's action is based shall state that no such facts are in dispute and otherwise shall contain the same information as set forth above, as required by Rule 28-106.301, F.A.C.

Because the administrative hearing process is designed to formulate final agency action, the filing of a petition means that the permitting authority's final action may be different from the position taken by it in this notice of intent. Persons whose substantial interests will be affected by any such final decision of the permitting authority on the application have the right to petition to become a party to the proceeding, in accordance with the requirements set forth above.

Mediation is not available for this proceeding.

In addition to the above, pursuant to 42 United States Code (U.S.C.) Section 7661d(b)(2), any person may petition the Administrator of the EPA within 60 (sixty) days of the expiration of the Administrator's 45 (forty-five) day review period as established at 42 U.S.C. Section 7661d(b)(1), to object to issuance of any permit. Any petition shall be based only on objections to the permit that were raised with reasonable specificity during the 30 (thirty) day public comment period provided in this notice, unless the petitioner demonstrates to the Administrator of the EPA that it was impracticable to raise such objections within the comment period or unless the grounds for such objection arose after the comment period. Filing of a petition with the Administrator of the EPA does not stay the effective date of any permit properly issued pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 62-213, F.A.C. Petitions filed with the Administrator of EPA must meet the requirements of 42 U.S.C. Section 7661d(b)(2) and must be filed with the Administrator of the EPA at: U.S. EPA, 401 M Street, S.W., Washington, D.C. 20460.

A complete project file is available for public inspection during normal business hours, 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, except legal holidays, at:

Permitting Authority:

Department of Environmental Protection
Bureau of Air Regulation
111 South Magnolia Drive, Suite 4
Tallahassee, Florida 32301
Telephone: 850/488-1344
Fax: 850/922-6979

Affected District/Local Program:

Pinellas County Department of Environmental Management
Air Quality Division
300 South Garden Avenue
Clearwater, Florida 34616
Telephone: 813/464-4422
Fax: 813/464-4420

The complete project file includes the Technical Evaluation and Preliminary Determination, combined Draft Air Construction Permit/ Revised DRAFT Title V Operation Permit, the application, and the information submitted by the responsible official, exclusive of confidential records under Section 403.111, F.S. Interested persons may contact Scott M. Sheplak, P.E., at the above address, or call 850/921-9532, for additional information.

Is your RETURN ADDRESS completed on the reverse side?

SENDER:

- Complete items 1 and/or 2 for additional services.
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- Print your name and address on the reverse of this form so that we can return this card to you.
- Attach this form to the front of the mailpiece, or on the back if space does not permit.
- Write "Return Receipt Requested" on the mailpiece below the article number.
- The Return Receipt will show to whom the article was delivered and the date delivered.

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- 1. Addressee's Address
- 2. Restricted Delivery

Consult postmaster for fee.

3. Article Addressed to:
 Mr. W. Jeffery Pardue
 Director, Environmental Services
 Department
 Florida Power Corporation
 3201 34th Street South
 St. Petersburg, Florida 33711

4a. Article Number
 P 263585 222

4b. Service Type
 Registered Certified
 Express Mail Insured
 Return Receipt for Merchandise COD

7. Date of Delivery
 6/14/99

5. Received By: (Print Name)
Kathy DeLong

8. Addressee's Address (Only if requested and fee is paid)

6. Signature: (Addressee or Agent)
 X *Kathy DeLong for W. Jeffery Pardue*

PS Form 3811, December 1994

102595-07-0-0179

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P 263 585 222

US Postal Service

Receipt for Certified Mail

No Insurance Coverage Provided.

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Sent to	
Mr. W. Jeffery Pardue	
Street & Number	
3201 34th Street South	
Post Office, State, & ZIP Code	
St. Petersburg, FL 33711	
Postage	\$
Certified Fee	
Special Delivery Fee	
Restricted Delivery Fee	
Return Receipt Showing to Whom & Date Delivered	
Return Receipt Showing to Whom, Date, & Addressee's Address	
TOTAL Postage & Fees	\$
Postmark or Date 6/9/99	
Florida Power Corp.-Bartow	
Facility ID#1030011-006-AC	
1030011-002-AV	

PS Form 3800, April 1995

STATEMENT OF BASIS

Florida Power Corporation
Bartow Plant
Facility ID No.: 1030011
Pinellas County

Initial Title V Air Operation Permit
Revised DRAFT Permit No.: 1030011-002-AV

This Title V air operation permit is issued under the provisions of Chapter 403, Florida Statutes (F.S.), and Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.) Chapters 62-4, 62-210, 62-213, and 62-214. The above named permittee is hereby authorized to perform the work or operate the facility shown on the application and approved drawing(s), plans, and other documents, attached hereto or on file with the permitting authority, in accordance with the terms and conditions of this permit.

This facility consists of three fossil fuel fired steam generators subject to Phase II Acid Rain, a pipeline heating boiler, four gas turbine peaking units and relocatable diesel generators that can be located at various Florida Power Corporation power plants, as needed.

Unit No. 1 is a front-fired, fossil fuel steam generator which produces 120 megawatts, electric power. The maximum heat input rate is 1,220 million Btu per hour and the unit fires No. 2 through No. 6 fuel oil, and on-specification used oil. Particulate matter emissions are controlled by a General Electric Services, Inc. Model 1-BAB1.2X37(9)36.0-434-4.3P electrostatic precipitator consisting of five fields in depth. The permit application indicates this ESP was designed to operate when utilizing a coal/oil mixture which is no longer burned by FPC. Because Unit 1 is oil fired and this unit is capable of meeting the applicable particulate matter and opacity limits in Conditions A.5., A.6., A.7., and A.8. without use of the ESP, the provisions of 40 CFR 64 may not apply [40 CFR 64.2(b)(ii)]. A Durag Model 281 Continuous Emissions Monitor for opacity with a recorder is used for continual observation of stack opacity. Unit 1 began commercial service in 1958. The Department has determined that the appropriate particulate matter testing frequency for the fossil fuel steam generators is annually whenever fuel oil is used for more than 400 hours in the preceding year. This frequency is justified by the low emission rate documented in previous emissions tests while firing fuel oil. This unit is subject to a steady-state PM emission limit of 0.1 lb/mmBtu, which is effectively equivalent to 0.149 lb/mmBtu because of rounding. The applicant has presented historical PM test results which show that the steady-state average results are less than half the applicable effective standard. The Department has determined that sources with emissions less than half of the effective standard shall test annually. A five year average of results of particulate matter emission testing in lb/mmBtu for Unit No. 1 is 0.054, steady-state.

Unit No. 2 is a tangential-fired fossil fuel fired steam generator which produces 120 megawatts, electric power. The maximum heat input rate is 1,317 million Btu per hour and the unit fires No. 2 through No. 6 fuel oil, on-specification used oil, and propane. Emissions from Unit No. 2 are uncontrolled. Unit 2 began commercial service in 1961. The Department has determined that the appropriate particulate matter testing frequency for the fossil fuel steam generators is annually whenever fuel oil is used for more than 400 hours in the preceding year. This frequency is justified by the low emission rate documented in previous emissions tests while firing fuel oil. This unit is subject to a steady-state PM emission limit of 0.1 lb/mmBtu, which is effectively equivalent to 0.149 lb/mmBtu because of rounding. The applicant has presented historical PM test results which show that the steady-state average results are less than half the applicable effective standard. The Department has determined that sources with emissions less than half of the effective standard shall test annually. A five year average of results of particulate matter emission testing in lb/mmBtu for Unit No. 2 is 0.069, steady-state.

Unit No. 3 is a tangential-fired fossil fuel fired steam generator which produces 225 megawatts, electric power. The maximum heat input rate is 2,211 million Btu per hour and the unit fires No. 2 through No. 6 fuel oil, on-specification used oil, natural gas, and propane. Emissions from Unit No. 3 are uncontrolled. Unit 3 began commercial service in 1963. The Department has determined that the appropriate particulate matter testing frequency for the fossil fuel steam generators is annually whenever fuel oil is used for more than 400 hours in the preceding year. This frequency is justified by the low emission rate documented in previous emissions tests while firing fuel oil. This unit is subject to a steady-state PM emission limit of 0.1 lb/mmBtu, which is effectively equivalent to 0.149 lb/mmBtu because of rounding. The applicant has presented historical PM test results which show that the steady-state average results are less than half the applicable effective standard. The Department has determined that sources with emissions less than half of the effective standard shall test annually. A five year average of results of particulate matter emission testing in lb/mmBtu for Unit No. 3 is 0.067, steady-state.

The Bartow-Anclote Pipeline Heating Boiler is used to heat fuel oil being transferred from the Bartow Plant to the Anclote Plant. The boiler's maximum heat input rate is 15.5 million Btu per hour firing natural gas, No. 2 fuel oil, or propane. Emissions from the boiler are uncontrolled.

The four gas turbines are natural gas and/or No. 2 fuel oil fired combustion turbines manufactured by General Electric (model number MS7000) and are designated as Gas Turbine Peaking Units #P-1, #P-2, #P-3 and #P-4. The manufacturers fuel flow and heat input ratings for each turbine are 5,174 gallons per hour of No. 2 fuel oil, or 714 million cubic feet per hour of natural gas (corresponds to approximately 714 million Btu per hour, at 59 degrees F). The actual heat input rate of the turbine is a function of the ambient temperature. These combustion turbines are used as peaking units during peak demand times to run a nominal 56 MW generator (each). Emissions from the combustion turbines are uncontrolled. The Department has determined that the appropriate visible emissions (VE) testing frequency for the four combustion turbines is a VE test upon exceeding 400 hours of operation on fuel oil in any federal fiscal year (October 1 through September 30). This frequency is justified by the low historical use of fuel oil for these emissions units and the previous VE tests, which documented compliance while firing fuel oil. Moreover, no Method 9 test since 1994 on these emissions units have resulted in

an opacity measurement greater than half of the standard. Regarding hours of operation, these emissions units had not significantly exceeded 400 hours per year (going back to 1994), until the summer of 1998. The highest turbine hours of operation on oil for each year are: 1998 (P1) 724 hours; 1997 (P3) 297 hours; 1996 (P2) 308 hours; 1995 (P2) 355 hours; and, 1994 (P2) 235 hours. All electric generating units, not only within FPC's system, but state-wide, operated at record levels during the summer of 1998. The owner or operator will be conducting VE compliance tests while firing fuel oil for each combustion turbine upon that combustion turbine exceeding 400 hours of operation on fuel oil in any federal fiscal year (October 1 through September 30). Regardless of the number of hours of operation on fuel oil, at least one VE compliance test will be conducted on all four combustion turbines every five (5) years, coinciding with the term of the operation permit for these combustion turbines.

Relocatable diesel generator(s) will have a maximum (combined) heat input of 25.74 MMBtu/hour while being fueled by 186.3 gallons of new No. 2 fuel oil per hour with a maximum (combined) rating of 2460 kilowatts. Emissions from the generator(s) are uncontrolled. The generator(s) may be relocated at any of the following facilities:

1. Crystal River Plant, Powerline Road, Red Level, Citrus County.
2. Bartow Plant, Weedon Island, St. Petersburg, Pinellas County.
3. Higgins Plant, Shore Drive, Oldsmar, Pinellas County.
4. Bayboro Plant, 13th Ave. & 2nd St. South, St. Petersburg, Pinellas County.
5. Wildwood Reclamation Facility, State Road 462, 1 mi. east of U.S. 301, Wildwood, Sumter County.
6. Hines Energy Complex, County Road 555, 1 mi. southwest of Homeland, Polk County.
7. Anclote Power Plant, 1729 Baileys Road, Holiday, Pasco County

The heat input limitations have been placed in each permit to identify the capacity of each unit for the purposes of confirming that emissions testing is conducted within 90 to 100 percent of the unit's rated capacity (or to limit future operation to 110 percent of the test load), to establish appropriate emission limits and to aid in determining future rule applicability. Regular record keeping is not required for heat input. Instead the owner or operator is expected to determine heat input whenever emission testing is required, to demonstrate at what percentage of the rated capacity that the unit was tested. Rule 62-297.310(5), F.A.C., included in the permit, requires measurement of the process variables for emission tests. Such heat input determination may be based on measurements of fuel consumption by various methods including but not limited to fuel flow metering or tank drop measurements, using the heat value of the fuel determined by the fuel vendor or the owner or operator, to calculate average hourly heat input during the test.

Also included in this permit are miscellaneous unregulated/insignificant emissions units and/or activities.

Based on the initial Title V permit application received June 14, 1996, this facility is a major source of hazardous air pollutants (HAPs).

TECHNICAL EVALUATION
AND
PRELIMINARY DETERMINATION

Florida Power Corporation
Bartow Plant
Facility ID No.: 1030011
Pinellas County

Draft Air Construction Permit No.: 1030011-006-AC
Revised DRAFT Title V Permit No.: 1030011-002-AV

Department of Environmental Protection
Division of Air Resources Management
Bureau of Air Regulation
Title V Section

1. APPLICATION INFORMATION.

1.1. Applicant Name and Address:

Florida Power Corporation
3201 34th Street South
St. Petersburg, Florida 33711

Responsible Official

Mr. W. Jeffery Pardue, Director, Environmental Services Department

1.2. Reviewing and Process Schedule:

03/29/99: Date of Receipt of Application
06/27/99 Ending Date of 90-Day Permitting Clock

2. FACILITY INFORMATION.

2.1. Facility Location

The Bartow Plant is located on Weedon Island, St. Petersburg, Pinellas County, Florida. The UTM: coordinates of this facility are: Zone 17, 342.4 km East and 3,082.6 km North.

2.2. Standard Industrial Classification Code (SIC):

Major Group No.	49	Electric, Gas, and Sanitary Services
Industry Group No.	491	Electric Services
Industry No.	4911	Electric Services

2.3. Facility Category

The Bartow Plant is classified as a major air pollutant emitting facility. This facility is on the list of the 28 Major Facility Categories, Table 62-212.400-1. This facility is classified as a Title V - Title IV facility.

3. PROJECT DESCRIPTION.

3.1. The permitting authority has determined that a combined Air Construction Permit/Title V Operation Permit is required in order to: 1) re-classify an emissions unit/activity, the Unit 1 Fly Ash System, as insignificant. The applicant had applied for and received a permit to construct, 1030011-005-AC, a fly ash handling system which directly transfers the fly ash from the electrostatic precipitator for Unit 1 to enclosed bins for later transportation off site.

Fly ash collected in the Bartow Plant's Unit 1 electrostatic precipitator hoppers is pneumatically transferred via two pressure lines to a transportable container. Displaced air from the transportable container is vented back to Unit 1, thus creating a closed loop system. The system is permitted to operate at a transfer rate of 0.15 ton per hour with emissions not to exceed 0.02 pound per hour. This system replaced a previous storage silo and bag house filter system which had previously been noticed with the initial DRAFT Title V permit, 1030011-002-AV, on November 18, 1997. The Final Title V permit has not been issued.

The permitting authority intends to issue this combined Air Construction Permit/Title V Operation Permit based on the belief that reasonable assurances have been provided to indicate that operation of the Title V source will not adversely impact air quality, and the Title V source will comply with all appropriate provisions of Chapters 62-4, 62-204, 62-210, 62-212, 62-213, 62-214, 62-256, 62-257, 62-281, 62-296, and 62-297, Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.)

4. RULE APPLICABILITY.

The proposed project is subject to preconstruction review requirements under the provisions of Chapter 403, Florida Statutes, and Chapters 62-4, 62-204, 62-210, 62-212, 62-213, 62-296, and 62-297, F.A.C.

The proposed project is located within the area of influence, as defined in Rule 62-210.200, F.A.C., of a particulate matter maintenance area specified in Rule 62-204.340(4)(b)1., F.A.C. However, the proposed project is exempt from the requirements of Rule 62-296.700, F.A.C., Reasonably Available Control Technology (RACT) Particulate Matter, because it meets the requirements of Rule 62-296.700(2)(c), F.A.C. The proposed project is subject to permitting under Rule 62-212.300, F.A.C., Permits Required, and Rule 62-213.400, F.A.C., Permits and Permit Revisions Required. The potential emissions are less than the significant emission rates established in Chapter 62-212, Table 212.400-2, F.A.C., for all pollutants.

5. SOURCE IMPACT ANALYSIS.

5.1. Emission Limitations:

At the maximum emissions rate of 0.02 pound per hour, the potential emissions of particulate matter are such that the Bartow Plant's Unit 1 Fly Ash System is being classified as insignificant pursuant to Rule 62-213.430(6), F.A.C.

5.2. Control Technology Review:

There is no control technology review required.

5.3. Air Quality:

Based on the level of potential emissions, this proposed activity should not cause a violation of any air quality standard or increment.

6. CONCLUSION.

Based on the foregoing technical evaluation of the application submitted by Florida Power Corporation, the Department has made a preliminary determination that the proposed project, the classification of the Bartow Plant's Unit 1 Fly Ash Handling System as an insignificant emissions unit, will be in compliance with all applicable state and federal air pollution regulations. The General and Specific Conditions are provided in the attached draft permit conditions of approval.

Permit Engineer: Edward J. Svec

Reviewed and Approved by Scott Sheplak, P.E.

Florida Power Corporation
Bartow Plant
Facility ID No.: 1030011
Pinellas County

Initial Title V Air Operation Permit
Revised DRAFT Permit No.: 1030011-002-AV
Draft Air Construction Permit No.: 1030011-006-AC

Permitting Authority:

State of Florida
Department of Environmental Protection
Division of Air Resources Management
Bureau of Air Regulation
Title V Section

Mail Station #5505
2600 Blair Stone Road
Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400

Telephone: 850/488-1344
Fax: 850/922-6979

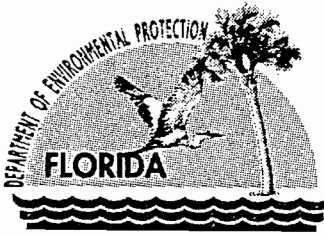
Compliance Authority:

Pinellas County Department of Environmental Management
Air Quality Division
300 South Garden Avenue
Clearwater, Florida 34616
Telephone: 813/464-4422
Fax: 813/464-4420

Initial Title V Air Operation Permit
Revised DRAFT Permit No.: 1030011-002-AV
Draft Air Construction Permit No.: 1030011-006-AC

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Jeb Bush
Governor

Department of Environmental Protection

Twin Towers Office Building
2600 Blair Stone Road
Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400

David B. Struhs
Secretary

Permittee:

Florida Power Corporation
3201 34th Street South
St. Petersburg, Florida 33711

Revised DRAFT Permit No.: 1030011-002-AV

Air Construction Permit No.: 1030011-006-AC

Facility ID No.: 1030011

SIC Nos.: 49, 4911

Project: Combined Air Construction/Initial Title V
Air Operation Permit

This permit is for the operation of the Bartow Plant. This facility is located on Weedon Island, St. Petersburg, Pinellas County; UTM Coordinates: Zone 17, 342.4 km East and 3,082.6 km North; Latitude: 27° 52' 10" North and Longitude: 82° 35' 59" West.

STATEMENT OF BASIS: This combined Air Construction permit/Title V air operation permit is issued under the provisions of Chapter 403, Florida Statutes (F.S.), and Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.) Chapters 62-4, 62-210, 62-212, 62-213, and 62-214. The above named permittee is hereby authorized to perform the work or operate the facility shown on the application and approved drawing(s), plans, and other documents, attached hereto or on file with the permitting authority, in accordance with the terms and conditions of this permit.

Referenced attachments made a part of this permit:

Appendix U-1, List of Unregulated Emissions Units and/or Activities

Appendix I-1, List of Insignificant Emissions Units and/or Activities

APPENDIX TV-3, TITLE V CONDITIONS (version dated 04/30/99)

APPENDIX SS-1, STACK SAMPLING FACILITIES (version dated 10/07/96)

TABLE 297.310-1, CALIBRATION SCHEDULE (version dated 10/07/96)

Phase II Acid Rain Application/Compliance Plan received December 22, 1995

Alternate Sampling Procedure: ASP Number 97-B-01

OGC Order No. 86-1577

OGC Order No. 87-1261

OGC Order No. 96-A-01

Effective Date: January 1, 2000

Renewal Application Due Date: July 5, 2004

Expiration Date: December 31, 2004

Howard L. Rhodes, Director
Division of Air Resources
Management

HLR/sms/es

Section I. Facility Information.

Subsection A. Facility Description.

This facility consists of three fossil fuel fired steam generators subject to Phase II Acid Rain, a pipeline heating boiler, four gas turbine peaking units and relocatable diesel generators that can be located at various Florida Power Corporation power plants, as needed.

Also included in this permit are miscellaneous unregulated/insignificant emissions units and/or activities.

Based on the initial Title V permit application received June 14, 1996, this facility is a major source of hazardous air pollutants (HAPs).

Subsection B. Summary of Emissions Unit ID No(s). and Brief Description(s).

E.U.

<u>ID No.</u>	<u>Brief Description</u>
-001	No. 1 Unit, Fossil Fuel Fired Steam Generator with Electrostatic Precipitator
-002	No. 2 Unit, Fossil Fuel Fired Steam Generator
-003	No. 3 Unit, Fossil Fuel Fired Steam Generator
-004	Bartow-Anclote Pipeline Heating Boiler
-005	Gas Turbine Peaking Unit #P-1
-006	Gas Turbine Peaking Unit #P-2
-007	Gas Turbine Peaking Unit #P-3
-008	Gas Turbine Peaking Unit #P-4
-001	Relocatable Diesel Fired Generator(s) [Facility ID No. 7775047]

Unregulated Emissions Units and/or Activities
{See Appendix U-1}

Please reference the Permit No., Facility ID No., and appropriate Emissions Unit(s) ID No(s). on all correspondence, test report submittals, applications, etc.

Subsection C. Relevant Documents.

The documents listed below are not a part of this permit; however, they are specifically related to this permitting action.

These documents are provided to the permittee for information purposes only:

Table 1-1, Summary of Air Pollutant Standards and Terms

Table 2-1, Summary of Compliance Requirements

Appendix A-1, Abbreviations, Acronyms, Citations, and Identification Numbers

Appendix H-1, Permit History/ID Number Changes

These documents are on file with the permitting authority:

Initial Title V Permit Application received June 14, 1996

Additional Information Request dated May 20, 1997

Additional Information Response received August 25, 1997

Letter Dated June 24, 1996 Re: PSD Applicability Determination - Bartow Unit No. 1 PSD

Letter received October 17, 1997, from Mr. Gary Robbins

Letter received November 24, 1997, from Mr. Scott Osbourn

Construction Permit Application received March 29, 1999

Section II. Facility-wide Conditions.

The following conditions apply facility-wide:

1. APPENDIX TV-3, TITLE V CONDITIONS, is a part of this permit.
{Permitting note: APPENDIX TV-3, TITLE V CONDITIONS, is distributed to the permittee only.
Other persons requesting copies of these conditions shall be provided a copy when requested or otherwise appropriate.}
2. **Not federally enforceable.** General Pollutant Emission Limiting Standards. Objectionable Odor Prohibited. No person shall cause, suffer, allow, or permit the discharge of air pollutants which cause or contribute to an objectionable odor.
[Rule 62-296.320(2), F.A.C.; and, Pinellas County Ordinance 97-05, Section 33, Sec. 58-178]
3. General Particulate Emission Limiting Standards. General Visible Emissions Standard.
Except for emissions units that are subject to a particulate matter or opacity limit set forth or established by rule and reflected by conditions in this permit, no person shall cause, let, permit, suffer or allow to be discharged into the atmosphere the emissions of air pollutants from any activity, the density of which is equal to or greater than that designated as Number 1 on the Ringelmann Chart (20 percent opacity). EPA Method 9 is the method of compliance pursuant to Chapter 62-297, F.A.C.
[Rules 62-296.320(4)(b)1. & 4., F.A.C.]
4. Prevention of Accidental Releases (Section 112(r) of CAA). If required by 40 CFR 68, the permittee shall submit to the implementing agency:
 - a. a risk management plan (RMP) when, and if, such requirement becomes applicable; and
 - b. certification forms and/or RMPs according to the promulgated rule schedule.[40 CFR 68]
5. Unregulated Emissions Units and/or Activities. Appendix U-1, List of Unregulated Emissions Units and/or Activities, is a part of this permit.
[Rule 62-213.440(1), F.A.C.]
6. Insignificant Emissions Units and/or Activities. Appendix I-1, List of Insignificant Emissions Units and/or Activities, is a part of this permit.
[Rules 62-213.440(1), 62-213.430(6) and 62-4.040(1)(b), F.A.C.]
7. **Not federally enforceable.** General Pollutant Emission Limiting Standards. Volatile Organic Compounds Emissions or Organic Solvents Emissions. The permittee shall allow no person to store, pump, handle, process, load, unload or use in any process or installation, volatile organic compounds or organic solvents without applying known and existing vapor emission control devices or systems deemed necessary and ordered by the Department.
[Rule 62-296.320(1)(a), F.A.C.]
{Permitting note: There are no requirements deemed necessary and ordered by the Department, at this time.}

8. Not federally enforceable. Reasonable precautions to prevent emissions of unconfined particulate matter at this facility include: maintenance of paved areas as needed, regular mowing of grass and care of vegetation, and limiting access to plant property by unnecessary vehicles.

[Rule 62-296.320(4)(c)2., F.A.C.; and, proposed by applicant in the initial Title V permit application received June 14, 1996.]

9. When appropriate, any recording, monitoring, or reporting requirements that are time-specific shall be in accordance with the effective date of the permit, which defines day one.

[Rule 62-213.440, F.A.C.]

10. The permittee shall submit all compliance related notifications and reports required of this permit to the Pinellas County Department of Environmental Management (PCDEM) office:

Pinellas County Department of Environmental Management
Air Quality Division
300 South Garden Avenue
Clearwater, Florida 34616
Telephone: 813/464-4422
Fax: 813/464-4420

11. Any reports, data, notifications, certifications, and requests required to be sent to the United States Environmental Protection Agency, Region 4, should be sent to:

United States Environmental Protection Agency
Region 4
Air, Pesticides & Toxics Management Division
Air and EPCRA Enforcement Branch
Air Enforcement Section
61 Forsyth Street
Atlanta, Georgia 30303
Telephone: 404/562-9099
Fax: 404/562-9095

Section III. Emissions Unit(s) and Conditions.

Subsection A. This section addresses the following emissions units.

E.U.

ID No. Brief Description

-001	No. 1 Unit, Fossil Fuel Fired Steam Generator with Electrostatic Precipitator
-002	No. 2 Unit, Fossil Fuel Fired Steam Generator
-003	No. 3 Unit, Fossil Fuel Fired Steam Generator

Unit No. 1 is a front-fired, fossil fuel steam generator which produces 120 megawatts, electric power. The maximum heat input rate is 1,220 million Btu per hour and the unit fires No. 2 through No. 6 fuel oil, and on-specification used oil. Particulate matter emissions are controlled by a General Electric Services, Inc. Model 1-BAB1.2X37(9)36.0-434-4.3P electrostatic precipitator consisting of five fields in depth. The permit application indicates this ESP was designed to operate when utilizing a coal/oil mixture which is no longer burned by FPC. Because Unit 1 is oil fired and this unit is capable of meeting the applicable particulate matter and opacity limits in Conditions A.5., A.6., A.7., and A.8. without use of the ESP, the provisions of 40 CFR 64 may not apply [40 CFR 64.2(b)(ii)]. A Durag Model 281 Continuous Emissions Monitor for opacity with a recorder is used for continual observation of stack opacity. Unit 1 began commercial service in 1958.

Unit No. 2 is a tangential-fired fossil fuel fired steam generator which produces 120 megawatts, electric power. The maximum heat input rate is 1,317 million Btu per hour and the unit fires No. 2 through No. 6 fuel oil, on-specification used oil, and propane. Emissions from Unit No. 2 are uncontrolled. Unit 2 began commercial service in 1961.

Unit No. 3 is a tangential-fired fossil fuel fired steam generator which produces 225 megawatts, electric power. The maximum heat input rate is 2,211 million Btu per hour and the unit fires No. 2 through No. 6 fuel oil, on-specification used oil, natural gas, and propane. Emissions from Unit No. 3 are uncontrolled. Unit 3 began commercial service in 1963.

{Permitting note(s): The emissions units are regulated under Acid Rain, Phase II; Rule 62-296.405, F.A.C., Fossil Fuel Steam Generators with more than 250 million Btu per Hour Heat Input; Rule 62-296.700, F.A.C. Reasonably Available Control Technology (RACT) Particulate Matter; and, Rule 62-296.702, F.A.C. Fossil Fuel Steam Generators.}

The following specific conditions apply to the emissions unit(s) listed above:

Essential Potential to Emit (PTE) Parameters

A.1. Permitted Capacity. The maximum operation heat input rates are as follows:

<u>E.U. ID No.</u>	<u>MMBtu/hr Heat Input</u>	<u>Fuel</u>
-001	1,220	new No. 2 through 6 fuel oil
	1,220	On-specification used oil
-002	1,317	new No. 2 through 6 fuel oil
	1,317	On-specification used oil
-003	2,211	new No. 2 through 6 fuel oil
	2,266	Natural gas
	2,211	On-specification used oil
	2,266	Natural gas and new No. 6 fuel oil and/or on-specification used oil with a maximum of 2,211 MMBtu/hr from the new No. 6 fuel oil and/or on-specification used oil

[Rules 62-4.160(2), 62-210.200(PTE), 62-296.405 and 62-296.702, F.A.C.]

{Permitting note: The heat input limitations have been placed in each permit to identify the capacity of each unit for the purposes of confirming that emissions testing is conducted within 90 to 100 percent of the unit's rated capacity (or to limit future operation to 110 percent of the test load), to establish appropriate emission limits and to aid in determining future rule applicability. Regular record keeping is not required for heat input. Instead the owner or operator is expected to determine heat input whenever emission testing is required, to demonstrate at what percentage of the rated capacity that the unit was tested. Rule 62-297.310(5), F.A.C., included in the permit, requires measurement of the process variables for emission tests. Such heat input determination may be based on measurements of fuel consumption by various methods including but not limited to fuel flow metering or tank drop measurements, using the heat value of the fuel determined by the fuel vendor or the owner or operator, to calculate average hourly heat input during the test.}

A.2. Emissions Unit Operating Rate Limitation After Testing. See specific condition **A.24.**

[Rule 62-297.310(2), F.A.C.]

A.3. Methods of Operation. Fuels. The only fuels allowed to be burned are:

<u>E.U. ID No.</u>	<u>Fuel</u>
-001	new No. 2 through 6 fuel oil On-specification used oil
-002	new No. 2 through 6 fuel oil On-specification used oil Propane
-003	new No. 2 through 6 fuel oil Natural gas On-specification used oil Propane

Each emissions unit may burn the allowed fuels either alone or in any combination. On-Specification used oil containing any quantifiable levels of PCBs can only be fired when the emissions unit is at normal operating temperatures.

[Rule 62-213.410, F.A.C.; and, 40 CFR 761.20(e)(3)]

{Permitting Note: 40 CFR 761.20, dated March 18, 1996, defines “quantifiable level” of PCBs as greater than or equal to 2 parts per million.}

A.4. Hours of Operation. These emissions units may operate continuously, i.e., 8,760 hours/year.

[Rule 62-210.200(PTE), F.A.C.]

Emission Limitations and Standards

{Permitting Note: The attached Table 1-1, Summary of Air Pollutant Standards and Terms, summarizes information for convenience purposes only. This table does not supersede any of the terms or conditions of this permit.}

A.5. Visible Emissions. Visible emissions shall not exceed 40 percent opacity.

[Rules 62-296.405(1)(a) and 62-296.702(2)(b), F.A.C.; and, OGC Order Nos. 86-1577, 87-1261, & 96-A-01]

A.6. Visible Emissions - Soot Blowing and Load Change. Visible emissions resulting from boiler cleaning (soot blowing) and load change shall be permitted provided the duration of such excess emissions shall not exceed 3 hours in any 24-hour period and visible emissions shall not exceed 60 percent opacity, and providing (1) best operational practices to minimize emissions are adhered to and (2) the duration of the excess emissions shall be minimized.

A load change occurs when the operational capacity of a unit is in the 10 percent to 100 percent capacity range, other than startup or shutdown, which exceeds 10 percent of the unit's rated capacity and which occurs at a rate of 0.5 percent per minute or more.

Visible emissions above 60 percent opacity shall be allowed for not more than 4, six (6) -minute periods, during the 3-hour period of excess emissions allowed under this subparagraph, for boiler cleaning and load changes, at units which have installed and are operating, or have committed to install or operate, continuous opacity monitors.

Particulate matter emissions shall not exceed an average of 0.3 lbs. per million Btu heat input during the 3-hour period of excess emissions allowed by this subparagraph.

[Rules 62-210.700(3) and 62-296.702(2)(b), F.A.C.]

A.7. Particulate Matter. Particulate matter emissions during steady state operations shall not exceed the following, as measured by applicable compliance methods:

<u>E.U. ID No.</u>	<u>lb/MMBtu heat input</u>	<u>lb/ hr</u>	<u>Tons per Year</u>
-001	0.1	122.0	534.4
-002	0.1	131.7	576.9
-003	0.1	221.1	968.6

[Rules 62-296.405(1)(b), 62-296.700(4)(b) and 62-296.702(2)(a), F.A.C.]

A.8. Particulate Matter - Soot Blowing and Load Change. Particulate matter emissions shall not exceed an average of the following during the 3-hours in any 24-hour period of excess emissions allowed for boiler cleaning (soot blowing) and load change.

<u>E.U. ID No.</u>	<u>lb/MMBtu heat input</u>	<u>lb/ hr</u>
-001	0.3	366.0
-002	0.3	395.1
-003	0.3	663.3

[Rules 62-210.700(3) and 62-296.700(4)(b), F.A.C.]

A.9. Sulfur Dioxide. When burning liquid fuel, sulfur dioxide emissions shall not exceed 2.75 pounds per million Btu heat input, as measured by applicable compliance methods.

[Rule 62-296.405(1)(c)1.j., F.A.C.]

A.10. Sulfur Dioxide - Sulfur Content. The new No. 6 fuel oil sulfur content shall not exceed 2.5 percent, by weight. The sulfur content of the on-specification used oil shall not exceed 2.5 percent by weight. See specific condition **A.22**.

[Rule 62-296.405(1)(e)3., F.A.C.; and, AO 52-216412, AO 52-216413 & AO 52-233149]

A.11. "On-Specification" Used Oil. Only "on-specification" used oil shall be fired in these units. The quantity of on-specification used oil fired in emissions units -001, -002 and -003 shall not exceed a total of 14.85 million gallons per consecutive 12-month period and 2.475 million gallons per month. "On-specification" used oil is defined as used oil that meets the 40 CFR 279 (Standards for the Management of Used Oil) specifications listed below. Used oil that does not meet all of the following specifications is considered "off-specification" oil and shall not be fired.

<u>CONSTITUENT / PROPERTY *</u>	<u>ALLOWABLE LEVEL</u>
Arsenic	5 ppm maximum
Cadmium	2 ppm maximum
Chromium	10 ppm maximum
Lead	100 ppm maximum
Total Halogens	1000 ppm maximum
Flash Point	100 °F minimum
PCBs	less than 50 ppm**

* As determined by approved methods specified in EPA Publication SW-846 (Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods).

** Used oil shall not be blended to meet this requirement.

[40 CFR 279.11; 40 CFR 761.20; and, AO 52-216412, AO 52-216413 & AO 52-233149]

A.12. "On-Specification" Used Oil. Before accepting from each marketer the first shipment of on-specification used oil with a PCB concentration above the detectable level, the permittee shall provide each marketer with a one-time written and signed notice certifying that the permittee will burn the used oil in a qualified combustion device. The notice must state that EPA or a RCRA-delegated state agency has been given a description of the used oil management activities at the facility and that an industrial boiler or furnace will be used to burn the used oil with PCB concentrations above the detectable level. The description of the used oil management activities shall be submitted to the Administrator, Hazardous Waste Regulation Section, Florida Department of Environmental Protection, 2600 Blair Stone Road, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400.

[40 CFR 279.61 and 40 CFR 761.20(e)(3)(ii)]

A.13. "On-Specification" Used Oil. Each shipment or on-site generated batch of used oil shall be sampled and analyzed for the constituents listed in specific condition **A.11**. A claim that the used oil does not contain quantifiable levels of PCBs must be documented by analysis or other information. The first person making the claim that the used oil does not contain PCBs is responsible for furnishing the documentation. The documentation can be tests, personal or special knowledge of the source and composition of the used oil, or a certification from the person generating the used oil claiming that the used oil contains no detectable PCBs.

[40 CFR 761.20(e)(2); and, Rule 62-4.070(3), F.A.C.]

Excess Emissions

A.14. Excess emissions resulting from startup shutdown or malfunction shall be permitted provided that best operational practices to minimize emissions are adhered to and the duration of excess emissions shall be minimized but in no case exceed two hours in any 24 hour period unless specifically authorized by the Department for longer duration.

[Rule 62-210.700(1), F.A.C.]

A.15. Excess emissions resulting from startup or shutdown shall be permitted provided that best operational practices to minimize emissions are adhered to and the duration of excess emissions shall be minimized.

[Rule 62-210.700(2), F.A.C.]

A.16. Excess emissions which are caused entirely or in part by poor maintenance, poor operation, or any other equipment or process failure which may reasonably be prevented during startup, shutdown or malfunction shall be prohibited.

[Rule 62-210.700(4), F.A.C.]

Monitoring of Operations

A.17. Sulfur Dioxide. **The permittee elected to demonstrate compliance by accepting a liquid fuel sulfur limit that will be verified with a fuel analysis provided by the vendor or the permittee upon each fuel delivery.** This protocol is allowed because the emissions unit does not have an operating flue gas desulfurization device. See specific conditions **A.10., A.21. and A.22.**

[Rule 62-296.405(1)(f)1.b., F.A.C.]

A.18. Determination of Process Variables.

(a) **Required Equipment.** The owner or operator of an emissions unit for which compliance tests are required shall install, operate, and maintain equipment or instruments necessary to determine process variables, such as process weight input or heat input, when such data are needed in conjunction with emissions data to determine the compliance of the emissions unit with applicable emission limiting standards.

(b) **Accuracy of Equipment.** Equipment or instruments used to directly or indirectly determine process variables, including devices such as belt scales, weight hoppers, flow meters, and tank scales, shall be calibrated and adjusted to indicate the true value of the parameter being measured with sufficient accuracy to allow the applicable process variable to be determined within 10% of its true value.

[Rule 62-297.310(5), F.A.C.]

Test Methods and Procedures

{Permitting Note: The attached Table 2-1, Summary of Compliance Requirements, summarizes information for convenience purposes only. This table does not supersede any of the terms or conditions of this permit.}

A.19. Visible emissions. The test method for visible emissions shall be:

a. E.U. ID Nos. -001, -002 and -003 EPA Method 9, incorporated in Chapter 62-297, F.A.C.

b. E.U. ID No. -001 Continuous opacity monitor.

[Rule 62-296.702(3)(a), F.A.C.; and, AO 52-233149]

A.20. Particulate Matter. The test methods for particulate emissions shall be EPA Methods 17, 5, 5B, or 5F, incorporated by reference in Chapter 62-297, F.A.C. The minimum sample volume shall be 30 dry standard cubic feet. EPA Method 5 may be used with filter temperature no more than 320 degrees Fahrenheit. For EPA Method 17, stack temperature shall be less than 375 degrees Fahrenheit. The owner or operator may use EPA Method 5 to demonstrate compliance. EPA Method 3 or 3A with Orsat analysis shall be used when the oxygen based F-factor, computed according to EPA Method 19, is used in lieu of heat input. Acetone wash shall be used with EPA Method 5 or 17.

[Rules 62-296.405(1)(e)2., 62-297.401 and 62-296.702(3)(b), F.A.C.]

A.21. Sulfur Dioxide. The test methods for sulfur dioxide emissions shall be EPA Methods 6, 6A, 6B, or 6C, incorporated by reference in Chapter 62-297, F.A.C. Fuel sampling and analysis may be used as an alternate sampling procedure if such a procedure is incorporated into the operation permit for the emissions unit. If the emissions unit obtains an alternate procedure under the provisions of Rule 62-297.620, F.A.C., the procedure shall become a condition of the emissions unit's permit. The Department will retain the authority to require EPA Method 6 or 6C if it has reason to believe that exceedences of the sulfur dioxide emissions limiting standard are occurring. Results of an approved fuel sampling and analysis program shall have the same effect as EPA Method 6 test results for purposes of demonstrating compliance or noncompliance with sulfur dioxide standards. **The permittee may use the EPA test methods, referenced above, to demonstrate compliance; however, as an alternate sampling procedure authorized by permit, the permittee elected to demonstrate compliance by accepting a liquid fuel sulfur limit that will be verified with a fuel analysis provided by the vendor or the permittee upon each fuel delivery.** See specific conditions **A.10. and A.22.**

[Rules 62-213.440, 62-296.405(1)(e)3. and 62-297.401, F.A.C.; and, AO 52-216412, AO 52-216413 & AO 52-233149]

A.22. The fuel sulfur content, percent by weight, for liquid fuels shall be evaluated using either ASTM D2622-92, ASTM D4294-90, both ASTM D4057-88 and ASTM D129-91, or the latest edition.

[Rules 62-213.440, 62-296.405(1)(e)3., 62-296.405(1)(f)1.b. and 62-297.440, F.A.C.]

A.23. Required Number of Test Runs. For mass emission limitations, a compliance test shall consist of three complete and separate determinations of the total air pollutant emission rate through the test section of the stack or duct and three complete and separate determinations of any applicable process variables corresponding to the three distinct time periods during which the stack emission rate was measured provided, however, that three complete and separate determinations shall not be required if the process variables are not subject to variation during a compliance test, or if three determinations are not necessary in order to calculate the unit's emission rate. The three required test runs shall be completed within one consecutive five day period. In the event that a sample is lost or one of the three runs must be discontinued because of circumstances beyond the control of the owner or operator, and a valid third run cannot be obtained within the five day period allowed for the test, the Secretary or his or her designee may accept the results of the two complete runs as proof of compliance, provided that the arithmetic mean of the results of the two complete runs is at least 20 percent below the allowable emission limiting standards.

[Rule 62-297.310(1), F.A.C.]

A.24. Operating Rate During Testing. Testing of emissions shall be conducted while firing new No. 6 fuel oil or new No. 6 fuel oil/on-specification used oil with the emissions unit operation at permitted capacity, which is defined as 90 to 100 percent of the maximum operation rate allowed by the permit. If it is impracticable to test at permitted capacity, an emissions unit may be tested at less than the minimum permitted capacity; in this case, subsequent emissions unit operation is limited to 110 percent of the test load until a new test is conducted. Once the emissions unit is so limited, operation at higher capacities is allowed for no more than 15 consecutive days for the purpose of additional compliance testing to regain the authority to operate at the permitted capacity.

[Rules 62-297.310(2) & (2)(b), F.A.C.; and AO 52-216412, AO 52-216413 & AO 52-233149]

A.25. Calculation of Emission Rate. The indicated emission rate or concentration shall be the arithmetic average of the emission rate or concentration determined by each of the separate test runs unless otherwise specified in a particular test method or applicable rule.

[Rule 62-297.310(3), F.A.C.]

A.26. Applicable Test Procedures.

(a) **Required Sampling Time.**

1. Unless otherwise specified in the applicable rule, the required sampling time for each test run shall be no less than one hour and no greater than four hours, and the sampling time at each sampling point shall be of equal intervals of at least two minutes.
2. **Opacity Compliance Tests.** When either EPA Method 9 or DEP Method 9 is specified as the applicable opacity test method, the required minimum period of observation for a compliance test shall be sixty (60) minutes for emissions units which emit or have the potential to emit 100 tons per year or more of particulate matter, and thirty (30) minutes for emissions units which have potential emissions less than 100 tons per year of particulate matter and are not subject to a multiple-valued opacity standard. The opacity test observation period shall include the period during which the

highest opacity emissions can reasonably be expected to occur. Exceptions to these requirements are as follows:

- c. The minimum observation period for opacity tests conducted by employees or agents of the Department to verify the day-to-day continuing compliance of a unit or activity with an applicable opacity standard shall be twelve minutes.
- (b) Minimum Sample Volume. Unless otherwise specified in the applicable rule, the minimum sample volume per run shall be 25 dry standard cubic feet.
- (c) Required Flow Rate Range. For EPA Method 5 particulate sampling, acid mist/sulfur dioxide, and fluoride sampling which uses Greenburg Smith type impingers, the sampling nozzle and sampling time shall be selected such that the average sampling rate will be between 0.5 and 1.0 actual cubic feet per minute, and the required minimum sampling volume will be obtained.
- (d) Calibration of Sampling Equipment. Calibration of the sampling train equipment shall be conducted in accordance with the schedule shown in Table 297.310-1, attached as part of this permit.
- (e) Allowed Modification to EPA Method 5. When EPA Method 5 is required, the following modification is allowed: the heated filter may be separated from the impingers by a flexible tube.
[Rule 62-297.310(4), F.A.C.]

A.27. Required Stack Sampling Facilities. When a mass emissions stack test is required, the permittee shall comply with the requirements contained in Appendix SS-1, Stack Sampling Facilities, attached to this permit.
[Rule 62-297.310(6), F.A.C.]

A.28. Frequency of Compliance Tests. The following provisions apply only to those emissions units that are subject to an emissions limiting standard for which compliance testing is required.

- (a) General Compliance Testing.
 - 2. For excess emission limitations for particulate matter specified in Rule 62-210.700, F.A.C., a compliance test shall be conducted annually while the emissions unit is operating under soot blowing conditions in each federal fiscal year during which soot blowing is part of normal emissions unit operation, except that such test shall not be required in any federal fiscal year in which a fossil fuel steam generator does not burn liquid for more than 400 hours other than during startup.
 - 3. The owner or operator of an emissions unit that is subject to any emission limiting standard shall conduct a compliance test that demonstrates compliance with the applicable emission limiting standard prior to obtaining a renewed operation permit. Emissions units that are required to conduct an annual compliance test may submit the most recent annual compliance test to satisfy the requirements of this provision. In renewing an air operation permit pursuant to Rule 62-210.300(2)(a)3.b., c., or d., F.A.C., the Department shall not require submission of emission compliance test results for any emissions unit that, during the year prior to renewal:
 - a. Did not operate; or
 - b. In the case of a fuel burning emissions unit, burned liquid fuel for a total of no more than 400 hours.

4. During each federal fiscal year (October 1 - September 30), unless otherwise specified by rule, order, or permit, the owner or operator of each emissions unit shall have a formal compliance test conducted for:

- a. Visible emissions, if there is an applicable standard;
- b. Each of the following pollutants, if there is an applicable standard, and if the emissions unit emits or has the potential to emit: 5 tons per year or more of lead or lead compounds measured as elemental lead; 30 tons per year or more of acrylonitrile; or 100 tons per year or more of any other regulated air pollutant; and
- c. Each NESHAP pollutant, if there is an applicable emission standard.

5. An annual compliance test for particulate matter emissions shall not be required for any fuel burning emissions unit that, in a federal fiscal year, does not burn liquid fuel, other than during startup, for a total of more than 400 hours.

9. The owner or operator shall notify the PCDEM, at least 15 days prior to the date on which each formal compliance test is to begin, of the date, time, and place of each such test, and the test contact person who will be responsible for coordinating and having such test conducted for the owner or operator.

(b) Special Compliance Tests. When the PCDEM, after investigation, has good reason (such as complaints, increased visible emissions or questionable maintenance of control equipment) to believe that any applicable emission standard contained in a Department rule or in a permit issued pursuant to those rules is being violated, it may require the owner or operator of the emissions unit to conduct compliance tests which identify the nature and quantity of pollutant emissions from the emissions unit and to provide a report on the results of said tests to the PCDEM.

(c) Waiver of Compliance Test Requirements. If the owner or operator of an emissions unit that is subject to a compliance test requirement demonstrates to the Department, pursuant to the procedure established in Rule 62-297.620, F.A.C., that the compliance of the emissions unit with an applicable weight emission limiting standard can be adequately determined by means other than the designated test procedure, such as specifying a surrogate standard of no visible emissions for particulate matter sources equipped with a bag house or specifying a fuel analysis for sulfur dioxide emissions, the Department shall waive the compliance test requirements for such emissions units and order that the alternate means of determining compliance be used, provided, however, the provisions of Rule 62-297.310(7)(b), F.A.C., shall apply.

[Rule 62-297.310(7), F.A.C.; and, SIP approved]

A.29. By this permit, annual emissions compliance testing for visible emissions is not required for these emissions units while burning:

- a. only gaseous fuel(s); or
- b. gaseous fuel(s) in combination with any amount of liquid fuel(s) for less than 400 hours per year; or
- c. only liquid fuel(s) for less than 400 hours per year.

[Rule 62-297.310(7)(a)4., F.A.C.]

A.30. Annual and permit renewal compliance testing for particulate matter emissions is not required for these emissions units while burning:

- a. only gaseous fuel(s); or
- b. gaseous fuel(s) in combination with any amount of liquid fuel(s) for less than 400 hours per year; or
- c. only liquid fuel(s) for less than 400 hours per year.

[Rules 62-297.310(7)(a)3. & 5., F.A.C.; and, ASP Number 97-B-01.]

Record keeping and Reporting Requirements

A.31. In the case of excess emissions resulting from malfunctions, each owner or operator shall notify the PCDEM in accordance with Rule 62-4.130, F.A.C. A full written report on the malfunctions shall be submitted in a quarterly report, if requested by the PCDEM.

[Rule 62-210.700(6), F.A.C.]

A.32. Submit to the PCDEM a written report of emissions in excess of emission limiting standards as set forth in Rule 62-296.405(1), F.A.C., for each calendar quarter. The nature and cause of the excess emissions shall be explained. This report does not relieve the owner or operator of the legal liability for violations. All recorded data shall be maintained on file by the Source for a period of five years.

[Rules 62-213.440 and 62-296.405(1)(g), F.A.C.]

A.33. Test Reports.

(a) The owner or operator of an emissions unit for which a compliance test is required shall file a report with the PCDEM on the results of each such test.

(b) The required test report shall be filed with the PCDEM as soon as practical but no later than 45 days after the last sampling run of each test is completed.

(c) The test report shall provide sufficient detail on the emissions unit tested and the test procedures used to allow the PCDEM to determine if the test was properly conducted and the test results properly computed. As a minimum, the test report, other than for an EPA or DEP Method 9 test, shall provide the following information:

1. The type, location, and designation of the emissions unit tested.
2. The facility at which the emissions unit is located.
3. The owner or operator of the emissions unit.
4. The normal type and amount of fuels used and materials processed, and the types and amounts of fuels used and material processed during each test run.
5. The means, raw data and computations used to determine the amount of fuels used and materials processed, if necessary to determine compliance with an applicable emission limiting standard.
6. The type of air pollution control devices installed on the emissions unit, their general condition, their normal operating parameters (pressure drops, total operating current and GPM scrubber water), and their operating parameters during each test run.
7. A sketch of the duct within 8 stack diameters upstream and 2 stack diameters downstream of the sampling ports, including the distance to any upstream and downstream bends or other flow disturbances.

8. The date, starting time and duration of each sampling run.
9. The test procedures used, including any alternative procedures authorized pursuant to Rule 62-297.620, F.A.C. Where optional procedures are authorized in this chapter, indicate which option was used.
10. The number of points sampled and configuration and location of the sampling plane.
11. For each sampling point for each run, the dry gas meter reading, velocity head, pressure drop across the stack, temperatures, average meter temperatures and sample time per point.
12. The type, manufacturer and configuration of the sampling equipment used.
13. Data related to the required calibration of the test equipment.
14. Data on the identification, processing and weights of all filters used.
15. Data on the types and amounts of any chemical solutions used.
16. Data on the amount of pollutant collected from each sampling probe, the filters, and the impingers, are reported separately for the compliance test.
17. The names of individuals who furnished the process variable data, conducted the test, analyzed the samples and prepared the report.
18. All measured and calculated data required to be determined by each applicable test procedure for each run.
19. The detailed calculations for one run that relate the collected data to the calculated emission rate.
20. The applicable emission standard, and the resulting maximum allowable emission rate for the emissions unit, plus the test result in the same form and unit of measure.
21. A certification that, to the knowledge of the owner or his authorized agent, all data submitted are true and correct. When a compliance test is conducted for the Department or its agent, the person who conducts the test shall provide the certification with respect to the test procedures used. The owner or his authorized agent shall certify that all data required and provided to the person conducting the test are true and correct to his knowledge.

[Rules 62-213.440 and 62-297.310(8), F.A.C.]

A.34. Not federally enforceable. Special Recordkeeping Requirements: The owner or operator shall obtain, make, and keep the following records related to the use of used oil:

- (1) The gallons of on-specification used oil burned each month. (This record shall be completed no later than the fifteenth day of the succeeding month.)
- (2) The total gallons of on-specification used oil burned in the preceding calendar year.
- (3) The name and address of all marketers delivering used oil to the facility.
- (4) Copies of the marketer certifications, if obtained, and any supporting information.
- (5) Documentation that the used oil contains less than 2 ppm PCBs, if claimed, including the name and address of the person making the claim.
- (6) Results of the analyses required above.
- (7) A copy of the notice to EPA and a copy of the one-time written notice provided to each marketer.

These records shall be recorded in a permanent form suitable for inspection by the PCDEM upon request, and shall be retained for at least a five year period.

[40 CFR 279.61; 40 CFR 761.20(e); and, Rule 62-213.440(1)(b)2.b., F.A.C.]

A.35. The permittee shall include in the “Annual Operating Report for Air Pollutant Emitting Facility” a statement of the total quantity of on-specification used oil fired during the calendar year.
 [Rule 62-4.070(3), F.A.C.; and, AO 52-216412, AO 52-216413 & AO 52-233149]

A.36. Compliance with the oil sulfur content and the sulfur dioxide emissions limitations of specific conditions **A.9.** and **A.10.** shall be documented by the permittee through submittal of quarterly reports of the Bartow Plant monthly average fuel oil sulfur content, heat content and the resulting sulfur dioxide emission rate in pounds per million Btu heat input. These quarterly reports shall be submitted to PCDEM within 30 days of the end of each calendar quarter.
 [Rule 62-4.070(3), F.A.C.; and AO 52-216412, AO 52-216413 & AO 52-233149]

A.37. Not Federally Enforceable. Submit to the Air Section of PCDEM each calendar year on or before March 1, a completed “Annual Operating Report for Air Pollutant Emitting Facility” form for the preceding calendar year. Until further notice by the Department the permittee shall calculate particulate matter emissions by multiplying the particulate matter stack test results by the hours of operation. Other annual emissions shall be determined by multiplying the annual fuel use by the following emissions factors:

E.U. ID No. -001

Pollutant	No. 6 fuel oil (lb/1000 gal)
SO ₂	157(S)
CO	5
NO _x	67
VOC	0.76

E.U. ID No. -002

Pollutant	No. 6 fuel oil (lb/1000 gal)
SO ₂	157(S)
CO	5
NO _x	42
VOC	0.76

E.U. ID No. -003

Pollutant	No. 6 fuel oil (lb/1000 gal)	Natural Gas (lb/MMcf)
SO ₂	157(S)	0.6
CO	5	5
NO _x	42	550
VOC	0.76	1.4

[AO 52-216412, AO 52-216413 & AO 52-233149]

A.38. COMS for Periodic Monitoring. The owner or operator is required to install continuous opacity monitoring systems (COMS) pursuant to 40 CFR Part 75. The owner or operator shall maintain and operate COMS and shall make and maintain records of opacity measured by the COMS, for purposes of periodic monitoring.

[Rule 62-213.440, F.A.C.]

Miscellaneous Requirements

A.39. Process Parameters.

	E.U. ID No. -001	E.U. ID No. -002	E.U. ID No. -003
Heat Input Rate	1,220 MMBtu/hr (maximum)	1,317 MMBtu/hr (maximum)	2,266 MMBtu/hr (maximum)
Fuel	New No. 6 fuel oil with a sulfur content of 2.5%, by weight (maximum) and on-specification used oil with a sulfur content of 2.5%, by weight (maximum)	New No. 6 fuel oil with a sulfur content of 2.5%, by weight (maximum) and on-specification used oil with a sulfur content of 2.5%, by weight (maximum)	New No. 6 fuel oil with a sulfur content of 2.5%, by weight (maximum) and on-specification used oil with a sulfur content of 2.5%, by weight (maximum) (also natural gas when available)
Fuel Firing Rate	7,854 gal/hr (187 BBL/hr) new No. 6 fuel oil and/or on-specification used oil (maximum)	8,778 gal/hr (209 BBL/hr) new No. 6 fuel oil and/or on-specification used oil (maximum)	14,742 gal/hr (351 BBL/hr) new No. 6 fuel oil and/or on-specification used oil, 2.2 MMcf/hr natural gas (maximum)
Ash Content	As sampled	As sampled	As sampled
Steam Temperature	1,000°F	1,000°F	1,000°F
Steam Pressure	1,850 psi	1,850 psi	2,050 psi
Steam Flow Rate	900,000 lb/hr	919,600 lb/hr	1,423,500 lb/hr
Stack Height	300 ft	300 ft	300 ft
Boiler Manufacturer	Babcock & Wilcox	Combustion Engineering	Combustion Engineering
Burner Arrangement	Front fired	Tangential fired	Tangential fired

Inspection and Maintenance Program.

- (a) Scheduled during major outages: Boilers, controls, auxiliaries, burners and duct work are to be inspected and repaired as necessary. All parts are to be inspected, cleaned and replaced as necessary.
- (b) Scheduled during non-peak load periods in Spring and Fall: This schedule is affected by forced outage requirements.

(c) the following operating parameters are to be continuously monitored and maintained at appropriate levels to produce efficient fuel combustion:

1. fuel flow rate
2. fuel temperature
3. fuel pressure
4. air flow rate
5. steam flow rate
6. steam temperature
7. steam pressure

(d) Plant operators are to monitor, adjust and record the following operating parameters at least once per day to assure efficient plant operation:

1. temperatures (superheat, reheat, and fuel)
2. flows (steam, feedwater, and fuel)
3. unit load

(e) fuel oil quality is to be checked prior to delivery and a daily sample taken each day the facility is operated for a monthly composite analysis. Fuel oil analysis (by ASTM Methods) is to be analyzed for the following:

1. heat content (Btu/gal)
2. sulfur content (%S by weight)
3. density
4. API gravity

Records of inspection, maintenance, and performance parameters shall be retained a minimum of five years and shall be made available for inspection upon request.

[Rule 62-296.700 (6)(d), F.A.C.; and, AO 52-216412, AO 52-216413 & AO 52-233149]

A.40. E.U. ID No. -001 Operation and Maintenance Plan. The General Electric Services, Inc. Model 1-BAB1.2X37(9)36.0-434-4.3P electrostatic precipitator shall be operated and maintained in accordance with the Operation and Maintenance (O&M) Plan, dated 10/04/93 and on file with the Department. The O&M Plan documentation logs shall be maintained for a minimum of five years and made available for inspection upon request. At a minimum, the O&M Plan shall include:

1. The operating parameters of the control device
2. A timetable of routine weekly, bi-weekly, or monthly observations of the pollution control device.
3. A list of the type and quantity of the required spare parts which are stored on the premises for the pollution control device.
4. A record log which shows at a minimum when maintenance was performed, what maintenance was performed, and by whom.

[Rule 62-296.700(6), F.A.C.; and Pinellas County Ordinance 97-05, Section 22, Sec. 58-128]

Section III. Emissions Unit(s) and Conditions.

Subsection B. This section addresses the following emissions unit(s).

E.U.

<u>ID No.</u>	<u>Brief Description</u>
-004	Bartow-Anclote Pipeline Heating Boiler

The Bartow-Anclote Pipeline Heating Boiler is used to heat fuel oil being transferred from the Bartow Plant to the Anclote Plant. The boiler's maximum heat input rate is 15.5 million Btu per hour firing natural gas, No. 2 fuel oil, or propane. Emissions from the boiler are uncontrolled.

{Permitting note(s): The emissions unit is regulated under Rule 62-296.406, F.A.C., Fossil Fuel Steam Generators with Less than 250 million Btu per Hour Heat Input}

The following specific conditions apply to the emissions unit listed above:

Essential Potential to Emit (PTE) Parameters

B.1. Permitted Capacity. The maximum operation heat input rate is 15.5 million Btu per hour.
[Rules 62-4.160(2), 62-210.200(PTE) and 62-296.406, F.A.C.]

{Permitting note: The heat input limitations have been placed in each permit to identify the capacity of each unit for the purposes of confirming that emissions testing is conducted within 90 to 100 percent of the unit's rated capacity (or to limit future operation to 110 percent of the test load), to establish appropriate emission limits and to aid in determining future rule applicability. Regular record keeping is not required for heat input. Instead the owner or operator is expected to determine heat input whenever emission testing is required, to demonstrate at what percentage of the rated capacity that the unit was tested. Rule 62-297.310(5), F.A.C., included in the permit, requires measurement of the process variables for emission tests. Such heat input determination may be based on measurements of fuel consumption by various methods including but not limited to fuel flow metering or tank drop measurements, using the heat value of the fuel determined by the fuel vendor or the owner or operator, to calculate average hourly heat input during the test.}

B.2. Emissions Unit Operating Rate Limitation After Testing. See specific condition B.16.
[Rule 62-297.310(2), F.A.C.]

B.3. Methods of Operation. Fuels. This boiler is permitted to fire only the following fuels and at the maximum rates shown:

Fuel	Maximum % Sulfur	Maximum MMBtu/hr	Maximum Fuel Usage
Natural Gas	--	15.5	15 Mcf/hr
No. 2 Fuel Oil*	0.5% by weight	15.5	110 gal/hr
Propane	--	15.5	191 gal/hr

* New No. 2 fuel oil only (waste or recycled oil is not allowed)
[Rule 62-213.410, F.A.C.; and, AO 52-244478]

B.4. Hours of Operation. This emissions unit may operate continuously, i.e., 8,760 hours/year.
[Rule 62-210.200(PTE), F.A.C.]

Emission Limitations and Standards

{Permitting note: Table 1-1, Summary of Air Pollutant Standards and Terms, summarizes information for convenience purposes only. This table does not supersede any of the terms or conditions of this permit.}

B.5. Visible Emissions. Visible emissions shall not exceed 20 percent opacity, except for one two-minute period per hour during which opacity shall not exceed 40 percent.
[Rule 62-296.406(1), F.A.C.; and, AO 52-244478]

B.6. Visible emissions - Soot Blowing and Load Change. Visible emissions shall not exceed 60 percent opacity during the 3-hours in any 24 hour period of excess emissions allowed for boiler cleaning (soot blowing) and load change.

A load change occurs when the operational capacity of a unit is in the 10 percent to 100 percent capacity range, other than startup or shutdown, which exceeds 10 percent of the unit's rated capacity and which occurs at a rate of 0.5 percent per minute or more.

Visible emissions above 60 percent opacity shall be allowed for not more than 4, six (6) minute periods, during the 3-hour period of excess emissions allowed by the subparagraph, for boiler cleaning or load changes, at units which have installed and are operating, or have committed to install and operate, continuous opacity monitors.

[Rule 62-210.700(3), F.A.C.]

B.7. Sulfur Dioxide - Sulfur Content. The new No. 2 fuel oil sulfur content shall not exceed 0.5 percent, by weight. See specific condition **B.15**.
[Rule 62-296.406(3), F.A.C.; and, AO 52-244478]

Excess Emissions

B.8. Excess emissions resulting from startup, shutdown or malfunction shall be permitted provided that best operational practices to minimize emissions are adhered to and the duration of excess emissions shall be minimized but in no case exceed two hours in any 24 hour period unless specifically authorized by the Department for longer duration.

[Rule 62-210.700(1), F.A.C.]

B.9. Excess emissions resulting from startup or shutdown shall be permitted provided that best operational practices to minimize emissions are adhered to and the duration of excess emissions shall be minimized.

[Rule 62-210.700(2), F.A.C.]

B.10. Excess emissions which are caused entirely or in part by poor maintenance, poor operation, or any other equipment or process failure which may reasonably be prevented during startup, shutdown or malfunction shall be prohibited.

[Rule 62-210.700(4), F.A.C.]

Monitoring of Operations

B.11. Determination of Process Variables.

(a) Required Equipment. The owner or operator of an emissions unit for which compliance tests are required shall install, operate, and maintain equipment or instruments necessary to determine process variables, such as process weight input or heat input, when such data are needed in conjunction with emissions data to determine the compliance of the emissions unit with applicable emission limiting standards.

(b) Accuracy of Equipment. Equipment or instruments used to directly or indirectly determine process variables, including devices such as belt scales, weight hoppers, flow meters, and tank scales, shall be calibrated and adjusted to indicate the true value of the parameter being measured with sufficient accuracy to allow the applicable process variable to be determined within 10% of its true value.

[Rule 62-297.310(5), F.A.C.]

Test Methods and Procedures

{Permitting note: Table 2-1, Summary of Compliance Requirements, summarizes information for convenience purposes only. This table does not supersede any of the terms or conditions of this permit.}

B.12. Visible emissions. The test method for visible emissions shall be DEP Method 9, incorporated in Chapter 62-297, F.A.C. See specific condition **B.13.**

[Rules 62-213.440 and 62-297.401, F.A.C.]

B.13. DEP Method 9. The provisions of EPA Method 9 (40 CFR 60, Appendix A) are adopted by reference with the following exceptions:

1. EPA Method 9, Section 2.4, Recording Observations. Opacity observations shall be made and recorded by a certified observer at sequential fifteen second intervals during the required period of observation.
2. EPA Method 9, Section 2.5, Data Reduction. For a set of observations to be acceptable, the observer shall have made and recorded, or verified the recording of, at least 90 percent of the possible individual observations during the required observation period. For single-valued opacity standards (e.g., 20 percent opacity), the test result shall be the highest valid six-minute average for the set of observations taken. For multiple-valued opacity standards (e.g., 20 percent opacity, except that an opacity of 40 percent is permissible for not more than two minutes per hour) opacity shall be computed as follows:
 - a. For the basic part of the standard (i.e., 20 percent opacity) the opacity shall be determined as specified above for a single-valued opacity standard.
 - b. For the short-term average part of the standard, opacity shall be the highest valid short-term average (i.e., two-minute, three-minute average) for the set of observations taken.

In order to be valid, any required average (i.e., a six-minute or two-minute average) shall be based on all of the valid observations in the sequential subset of observations selected, and the selected subset shall contain at least 90 percent of the observations possible for the required averaging time. Each required average shall be calculated by summing the opacity value of each of the valid observations in the appropriate subset, dividing this sum by the number of valid observations in the subset, and rounding the result to the nearest whole number. The number of missing observations in the subset shall be indicated in parenthesis after the subset average value.

[Rule 62-297.401, F.A.C.]

B.14. Sulfur Dioxide. **The permittee elected to demonstrate compliance by accepting a liquid fuel sulfur limit that will be verified with a fuel analysis provided by the vendor or the permittee upon each fuel delivery.** This protocol is allowed because the emissions unit does not have an operating flue gas desulfurization device. See specific conditions **B.7.** and **B.15.**

[Rule 62-296.406(3), F.A.C.]

B.15. The fuel sulfur content, percent by weight, for liquid fuels shall be evaluated using either ASTM D2622-92, ASTM D4294-90, both ASTM D4057-88 and ASTM D129-91, or the latest edition.

[Rules 62-213.440 and 62-297.440, F.A.C.]

B.16. Operating Rate During Testing. Testing of emissions shall be conducted with the emissions unit operation at permitted capacity, which is defined as 90 to 100 percent of the maximum operation rate allowed by the permit. If it is impracticable to test at permitted capacity, an emissions unit may be tested at less than the minimum permitted capacity; in this case, subsequent emissions unit operation is limited to 110 percent of the test load until a new test is conducted. Once the emissions unit is so limited, operation at higher capacities is allowed for no more than 15 consecutive days for the purpose of additional compliance testing to regain the authority to operate at the permitted capacity.

[Rules 62-297.310(2) & (2)(b), F.A.C.]

B.17. Applicable Test Procedures.

(a) Required Sampling Time.

1. Unless otherwise specified in the applicable rule, the required sampling time for each test run shall be no less than one hour and no greater than four hours, and the sampling time at each sampling point shall be of equal intervals of at least two minutes.

2. Opacity Compliance Tests. When either EPA Method 9 or DEP Method 9 is specified as the applicable opacity test method, the required minimum period of observation for a compliance test shall be sixty (60) minutes for emissions units which emit or have the potential to emit 100 tons per year or more of particulate matter, and thirty (30) minutes for emissions units which have potential emissions less than 100 tons per year of particulate matter and are not subject to a multiple-valued opacity standard. The opacity test observation period shall include the period during which the highest opacity emissions can reasonably be expected to occur. Exceptions to these requirements are as follows:

c. The minimum observation period for opacity tests conducted by employees or agents of the Department to verify the day-to-day continuing compliance of a unit or activity with an applicable opacity standard shall be twelve minutes.

[Rule 62-297.310(4), F.A.C.]

B.18. Frequency of Compliance Tests. The following provisions apply only to those emissions units that are subject to an emissions limiting standard for which compliance testing is required.

(a) General Compliance Testing.

2. For excess emission limitations for particulate matter specified in Rule 62-210.700, F.A.C., a compliance test shall be conducted annually while the emissions unit is operating under soot blowing conditions in each federal fiscal year during which soot blowing is part of normal emissions unit operation, except that such test shall not be required in any federal fiscal year in which a fossil fuel steam generator does not burn liquid for more than 400 hours other than during startup.

3. The owner or operator of an emissions unit that is subject to any emission limiting standard shall conduct a compliance test that demonstrates compliance with the applicable emission limiting standard prior to obtaining a renewed operation permit. Emissions units that are required to conduct an annual compliance test may submit the most recent annual compliance test to satisfy the requirements of this provision. In renewing an air operation permit pursuant to Rule 62-210.300(2)(a)3.b., c., or d., F.A.C., the Department shall not require submission of emission compliance test results for any emissions unit that, during the year prior to renewal:

a. Did not operate; or

b. In the case of a fuel burning emissions unit, burned liquid fuel for a total of no more than 400 hours.

4. During each federal fiscal year (October 1 - September 30), unless otherwise specified by rule, order, or permit, the owner or operator of each emissions unit shall have a formal compliance test conducted for:

a. Visible emissions, if there is an applicable standard;

b. Each of the following pollutants, if there is an applicable standard, and if the emissions unit emits or has the potential to emit: 5 tons per year or more of lead or lead

compounds measured as elemental lead; 30 tons per year or more of acrylonitrile; or 100 tons per year or more of any other regulated air pollutant; and

c. Each NESHAP pollutant, if there is an applicable emission standard.

5. An annual compliance test for particulate matter emissions shall not be required for any fuel burning emissions unit that, in a federal fiscal year, does not burn liquid fuel, other than during startup, for a total of more than 400 hours.

9. The owner or operator shall notify the PCDEM, at least 15 days prior to the date on which each formal compliance test is to begin, of the date, time, and place of each such test, and the test contact person who will be responsible for coordinating and having such test conducted for the owner or operator.

(b) Special Compliance Tests. When the PCDEM, after investigation, has good reason (such as complaints, increased visible emissions or questionable maintenance of control equipment) to believe that any applicable emission standard contained in a Department rule or in a permit issued pursuant to those rules is being violated, it may require the owner or operator of the emissions unit to conduct compliance tests which identify the nature and quantity of pollutant emissions from the emissions unit and to provide a report on the results of said tests to the PCDEM.

(c) Waiver of Compliance Test Requirements. If the owner or operator of an emissions unit that is subject to a compliance test requirement demonstrates to the Department, pursuant to the procedure established in Rule 62-297.620, F.A.C., that the compliance of the emissions unit with an applicable weight emission limiting standard can be adequately determined by means other than the designated test procedure, such as specifying a surrogate standard of no visible emissions for particulate matter sources equipped with a bag house or specifying a fuel analysis for sulfur dioxide emissions, the Department shall waive the compliance test requirements for such emissions units and order that the alternate means of determining compliance be used, provided, however, the provisions of Rule 62-297.310(7)(b), F.A.C., shall apply.

[Rule 62-297.310(7), F.A.C.; and, SIP approved]

B.19. By this permit, annual emissions compliance testing for visible emissions is not required for these emissions units while burning:

- a. only gaseous fuel(s); or
- b. gaseous fuel(s) in combination with any amount of liquid fuel(s) for less than 400 hours per year; or
- c. only liquid fuel(s) for less than 400 hours per year.

[Rule 62-297.310(7)(a)4., F.A.C.]

B.20. Annual and permit renewal compliance testing for particulate matter emissions is not required for these emissions units while burning:

- a. only gaseous fuel(s); or
- b. gaseous fuel(s) in combination with any amount of liquid fuel(s) for less than 400 hours per year; or
- c. only liquid fuel(s) for less than 400 hours per year.

[Rules 62-297.310(7)(a)3. & 5., F.A.C.; and, ASP Number 97-B-01.]

Record keeping and Reporting Requirements

B.21. In the case of excess emissions resulting from malfunctions, each owner or operator shall notify PCDEM in accordance with Rule 62-4.130, F.A.C. A full written report on the malfunctions shall be submitted in a quarterly report, if requested by PCDEM.

[Rule 62-210.700(6), F.A.C.]

B.22. All recorded data shall be maintained on file by the Source for a period of five years.

[Rule 62-213.440, F.A.C.]

B.23. Test Reports.

(a) The owner or operator of an emissions unit for which a compliance test is required shall file a report with the PCDEM on the results of each such test.

(b) The required test report shall be filed with the PCDEM as soon as practical but no later than 45 days after the last sampling run of each test is completed.

(c) The test report shall provide sufficient detail on the emissions unit tested and the test procedures used to allow the PCDEM to determine if the test was properly conducted and the test results properly computed. As a minimum, the test report, other than for an EPA or DEP Method 9 test, shall provide the following information:

1. The type, location, and designation of the emissions unit tested.
2. The facility at which the emissions unit is located.
3. The owner or operator of the emissions unit.
4. The normal type and amount of fuels used and materials processed, and the types and amounts of fuels used and material processed during each test run.
5. The means, raw data and computations used to determine the amount of fuels used and materials processed, if necessary to determine compliance with an applicable emission limiting standard.
6. The type of air pollution control devices installed on the emissions unit, their general condition, their normal operating parameters (pressure drops, total operating current and GPM scrubber water), and their operating parameters during each test run.
7. A sketch of the duct within 8 stack diameters upstream and 2 stack diameters downstream of the sampling ports, including the distance to any upstream and downstream bends or other flow disturbances.
8. The date, starting time and duration of each sampling run.

9. The test procedures used, including any alternative procedures authorized pursuant to Rule 62-297.620, F.A.C. Where optional procedures are authorized in this chapter, indicate which option was used.
10. The number of points sampled and configuration and location of the sampling plane.
11. For each sampling point for each run, the dry gas meter reading, velocity head, pressure drop across the stack, temperatures, average meter temperatures and sample time per point.
12. The type, manufacturer and configuration of the sampling equipment used.
13. Data related to the required calibration of the test equipment.
14. Data on the identification, processing and weights of all filters used.
15. Data on the types and amounts of any chemical solutions used.
16. Data on the amount of pollutant collected from each sampling probe, the filters, and the impingers, are reported separately for the compliance test.
17. The names of individuals who furnished the process variable data, conducted the test, analyzed the samples and prepared the report.
18. All measured and calculated data required to be determined by each applicable test procedure for each run.
19. The detailed calculations for one run that relate the collected data to the calculated emission rate.
20. The applicable emission standard, and the resulting maximum allowable emission rate for the emissions unit, plus the test result in the same form and unit of measure.
21. A certification that, to the knowledge of the owner or his authorized agent, all data submitted are true and correct. When a compliance test is conducted for the Department or its agent, the person who conducts the test shall provide the certification with respect to the test procedures used. The owner or his authorized agent shall certify that all data required and provided to the person conducting the test are true and correct to his knowledge.

[Rules 62-213.440 and 62-297.310(8), F.A.C.]

Section III. Emissions Unit(s) and Conditions.

Subsection C. This section addresses the following emissions unit(s).

E.U.

<u>ID No.</u>	<u>Brief Description</u>
-005	Gas Turbine Peaking Unit #P-1
-006	Gas Turbine Peaking Unit #P-2
-007	Gas Turbine Peaking Unit #P-3
-008	Gas Turbine Peaking Unit #P-4

The four gas turbines are natural gas and/or No. 2 fuel oil fired combustion turbines manufactured by General Electric (model number MS7000) and are designated as Gas Turbine Peaking Units #P-1, #P-2, #P-3 and #P-4. The manufacturers fuel flow and heat input ratings for each turbine are 5,174 gallons per hour of No. 2 fuel oil, or 714 million cubic feet per hour of natural gas (corresponds to approximately 714 million Btu per hour, at 59 degrees F). The actual heat input rate of the turbine is a function of the ambient temperature. These combustion turbines are used as peaking units during peak demand times to run a nominal 56 MW generator (each). Emissions from the combustion turbines are uncontrolled.

{Permitting notes: These emissions units are regulated under Rule 62-210.300, F.A.C., Permits Required. These emissions units are not subject to 40 CFR 60, Subpart GG, Standards of Performance for New Stationary Gas Turbines. Each combustion turbine has its own stack. Each combustion turbine began commercial operation in 1972.}

The following specific conditions apply to the emissions units listed above:

Essential Potential to Emit (PTE) Parameters

C.1. Permitted Capacity. The maximum operation heat input rates are as follows:

<u>Unit No.</u>	<u>MMBtu/hr Heat Input</u>	<u>Fuel Type</u>
P-1	714	Natural Gas
	714	No. 2 Fuel Oil
P-2	714	Natural Gas
	714	No. 2 Fuel Oil
P-3	714	Natural Gas
	714	No. 2 Fuel Oil
P-4	714	Natural Gas
	714	No. 2 Fuel Oil

[Rules 62-4.160(2) and 62-210.200(PTE), F.A.C.]

{Permitting note: The heat input limitations have been placed in each permit to identify the capacity of each unit for the purposes of confirming that emissions testing is conducted within 90 to 100 percent of the unit's rated capacity (or to limit future operation to 110 percent of the test load), to establish appropriate emission limits and to aid in determining future rule applicability. Regular record keeping is not required for heat input. Instead the owner or operator is expected to determine heat input whenever emission testing is required, to demonstrate at what percentage of the rated capacity that the unit was tested. Rule 62-297.310(5), F.A.C., included in the permit, requires measurement of the process variables for emission tests. Such heat input determination may be based on measurements of fuel consumption by various methods including but not limited to fuel flow metering or tank drop measurements, using the heat value of the fuel determined by the fuel vendor or the owner or operator, to calculate average hourly heat input during the test.}

C.2. Emissions Unit Operating Rate Limitation After Testing. See specific condition C.13.
[Rule 62-297.310(2), F.A.C.]

C.3. Methods of Operation - Fuels. Only natural gas and/or new No. 2 fuel oil shall be fired in the combustion turbines. New No. 2 fuel oil is defined as fuel oil that has been refined from crude oil and has not been used and which may or may not contain additives.
[Rule 62-213.410(1), F.A.C.; and, AO 52-253215A, AO 52-253216A, AO 52-253217A, and AO 52-253218A]

C.4. Hours of Operation. These emissions units may operate continuously, i.e., 8,760 hours/year.
[Rules 62-4.160(2) and 62-210.200(PTE), F.A.C.; and, AO 52-253215A, AO 52-253216A, AO 52-253217A, and AO 52-253218A]

Emission Limitations and Standards

{Permitting Note: The attached Table 1-1, Summary of Air Pollutant Standards and Terms, summarizes information for convenience purposes only. This table does not supersede any of the terms or conditions of this permit.}

C.5. Visible Emissions. Visible emissions from each turbine shall not be equal to or greater than 20 percent opacity.
[Rule 62-296.320(4)(b)1., F.A.C.; and, AO 52-253215A, AO 52-253216A, AO 52-253217A, and AO 52-253218A]

C.6. Not federally enforceable. Sulfur Dioxide - Sulfur Content. The sulfur content of the No. 2 fuel oil shall not exceed 0.5 percent, by weight.
[AO 52-253215A, AO 52-253216A, AO 52-253217A, and AO 52-253218A]

Excess Emissions

C.7. Excess emissions from these emissions units resulting from startup, shutdown or malfunction shall be permitted provided that best operational practices to minimize emissions are adhered to and the duration of excess emissions shall be minimized but in no case exceed two hours in any 24 hour period unless specifically authorized by PCDEM for longer duration.
[Rule 62-210.700(1), F.A.C.]

C.8. Excess emissions which are caused entirely or in part by poor maintenance, poor operation, or any other equipment or process failure which may reasonably be prevented during startup, shutdown or malfunction shall be prohibited.
[Rule 62-210.700(4), F.A.C.]

Monitoring of Operations

C.9. Not federally enforceable. The permittee shall demonstrate compliance with the liquid fuel sulfur limit by means of a fuel analysis provided by the vendor upon each fuel delivery. See specific condition **C.12.**
[Rule 62-213.440, F.A.C.]

C.10. Determination of Process Variables.

(a) Required Equipment. The owner or operator of an emissions unit for which compliance tests are required shall install, operate, and maintain equipment or instruments necessary to determine process variables, such as process weight input or heat input, when such data are needed in conjunction with emissions data to determine the compliance of the emissions unit with applicable emission limiting standards.

(b) Accuracy of Equipment. Equipment or instruments used to directly or indirectly determine process variables, including devices such as belt scales, weight hoppers, flow meters, and tank scales, shall be calibrated and adjusted to indicate the true value of the parameter being measured with sufficient accuracy to allow the applicable process variable to be determined within 10% of its true value.
[Rule 62-297.310(5), F.A.C.]

Test Methods and Procedures

{Permitting Note: The attached Table 2-1, Summary of Compliance Requirements, summarizes information for convenience purposes only. This table does not supersede any of the terms or conditions of this permit.}

C.11. The test method for visible emissions shall be EPA Method 9, adopted and incorporated by reference in Rule 62-204.800, F.A.C., and referenced in Chapter 62-297, F.A.C.
[Rules 62-204.800, 62-296.320(4)(b)4.a. and 62-297.401, F.A.C.]

C.12. The fuel sulfur content, percent by weight, for liquid fuels shall be evaluated using either ASTM D2622-92, ASTM D4294-90, both ASTM D4057-88 and ASTM D129-91, or latest edition.
[Rules 62-213.440 and 62-297.440, F.A.C.]

C.13. Operating Rate During Testing. Testing of emissions shall be conducted with the emissions unit operating at permitted capacity. Permitted capacity is defined as 90 to 100 percent of the peak heat input rate based on the average turbine inlet temperature during the test. The peak heat input rate is defined by a graph of Fuel Heat Input verses Ambient Temperature for each gas turbine. If it is impracticable to test at permitted capacity, an emissions unit may be tested at less than the minimum permitted capacity (i.e., at less than 90 percent of the maximum operation rate allowed by the permit); in this case, subsequent emissions unit operation is limited to 110 percent of the test load until a new test is conducted, provided however, operations do not exceed 100 percent of the maximum operation rate allowed by the permit. Once the emissions unit is so limited, operation at higher capacities is allowed for no more than 15 consecutive days for the purpose of additional compliance testing to regain the authority to operate at the permitted capacity.
[Rules 62-297.310(2), F.A.C.; and, AO 52-253215A, AO 52-253216A, AO 52-253217A, and AO 52-253218A]

C.14. Applicable Test Procedures.

(a) Required Sampling Time.

2. Opacity Compliance Tests. When either EPA Method 9 or DEP Method 9 is specified as the applicable opacity test method, the required minimum period of observation for a compliance test shall be sixty (60) minutes for emissions units which emit or have the potential to emit 100 tons per year or more of particulate matter, and thirty (30) minutes for emissions units which have potential emissions less than 100 tons per year of particulate matter and are not subject to a multiple-valued opacity standard. The opacity test observation period shall include the period during which the highest opacity emissions can reasonably be expected to occur. Exceptions to these requirements are as follows:

- c. The minimum observation period for opacity tests conducted by employees or agents of the Department to verify the day-to-day continuing compliance of a unit or activity with an applicable opacity standard shall be twelve minutes.

[Rule 62-297.310(4)(a)2.c., F.A.C.]

C.15. Frequency of Compliance Tests. The following provisions apply only to those emissions units that are subject to an emissions limiting standard for which compliance testing is required.

(a) General Compliance Testing.

3. The owner or operator of an emissions unit that is subject to any emission limiting standard shall conduct a compliance test that demonstrates compliance with the applicable emission limiting standard prior to obtaining a renewed operation permit. Emissions units that are required to conduct an annual compliance test may submit the most recent annual compliance test to satisfy the requirements of this provision. In renewing an air operation permit pursuant to Rule 62-210.300(2)(a)3.b., c., or d., F.A.C., the Department shall not require submission of emission compliance test results for any emissions unit that, during the year prior to renewal:

- a. Did not operate; or
- b. In the case of a fuel burning emissions unit, burned liquid fuel for a total of no more than 400 hours.

4. During each federal fiscal year (October 1 - September 30), unless otherwise specified by rule, order, or permit, the owner or operator of each emissions unit shall have a formal compliance test conducted for:

- a. Visible emissions, if there is an applicable standard;
- b. Each of the following pollutants, if there is an applicable standard, and if the emissions unit emits or has the potential to emit: 5 tons per year or more of lead or lead compounds measured as elemental lead; 30 tons per year or more of acrylonitrile; or 100 tons per year or more of any other regulated air pollutant; and
- c. Each NESHAP pollutant, if there is an applicable emission standard.

9. The owner or operator shall notify the PCDEM, at least 15 days prior to the date on which each formal compliance test is to begin, of the date, time, and place of each such test, and the test contact person who will be responsible for coordinating and having such test conducted for the owner or operator.

(b) Special Compliance Tests. When the PCDEM, after investigation, has good reason (such as complaints, increased visible emissions or questionable maintenance of control equipment) to believe that any applicable emission standard contained in a Department rule or in a permit issued pursuant to those rules is being violated, it may require the owner or operator of the emissions unit to conduct compliance tests which identify the nature and quantity of pollutant emissions from the emissions unit and to provide a report on the results of said tests to the PCDEM.

(c) Waiver of Compliance Test Requirements. If the owner or operator of an emissions unit that is subject to a compliance test requirement demonstrates to the Department, pursuant to the procedure established in Rule 62-297.620, F.A.C., that the compliance of the emissions unit with an applicable weight emission limiting standard can be adequately determined by means other than the designated test procedure, such as specifying a surrogate standard of no visible emissions for particulate matter sources equipped with a bag house or specifying a fuel analysis for sulfur dioxide emissions, the Department shall waive the compliance test requirements for such emissions units and order that the alternate means of determining compliance be used, provided, however, the provisions of Rule 62-297.310(7)(b), F.A.C., shall apply.

[Rule 62-297.310(7), F.A.C.; and, SIP approved]

C.16. Visible Emissions Testing - Annual. By this permit, annual emissions compliance testing for visible emissions is not required for these emissions units while burning:

- a. only gaseous fuels; or
- b. gaseous fuels in combination with any amount of liquid fuels for less than 400 hours per year; or
- c. only liquid fuels for less than 400 hours per year.

[Rules 62-297.310(7)(a)4. & 8., F.A.C.]

Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements

C.17. Malfunction Reporting. In the case of excess emissions resulting from malfunctions, each owner or operator shall notify the PCDEM in accordance with Rule 62-4.130, F.A.C. A full written report on the malfunctions shall be submitted in a quarterly report, if requested by the Department.

[Rule 62-210.700(6), F.A.C.]

C.18. Test Reports

(a) The owner or operator of an emissions unit for which a compliance test is required shall file a report with PCDEM on the results of each such test.

(b) The required test report shall be filed with PCDEM as soon as practical but no later than 45 days after the last sampling run of each test is completed.

[Rule 62-297.310(8), F.A.C.]

C.19. Not Federally Enforceable. Operating Reports. The annual operating report shall be based on the following:

(a) The Btu heating value, sulfur content (percent by weight), API gravity and density of the fuel being fired in the peaking units, shall be based on a weighted 12-month average (calendar year) and be calculated from the fuel delivery receipts and the vendors fuel oil analysis.

(b) Until further notice by the PCDEM, Florida Power Corporation shall calculate annual emissions (pounds per hour and tons per year), for the Annual Operating Report, by multiplying the total million Btu from fuel usage by the following emissions factors:

Emissions Factors for No. 2 Fuel Oil	
	<u>Pound per MMBtu</u>
Particulate Matter (PM)	0.061 (Total)
PM ₁₀	0.48 PM
Carbon Monoxide	0.048
Sulfur Dioxide	1.01(S)
Nitrogen Oxides	0.698
Hydrocarbons (TOC)	0.017

“S” denotes sulfur content, percent by weight. The sulfur dioxide emissions shall be based on a weighted 12-month average “S” value.

[AO 52-253215A, AO 52-253216A, AO 52-253217A, and AO 52-253218A]

Section III. Emissions Unit(s) and Conditions.

Subsection D. This section addresses the following emissions unit(s).

Facility ID No.	E. U. ID No.	Brief Description
7775047	-001	Relocatable diesel generator(s) will have a maximum (combined) heat input of 25.74 MMBtu/hour while being fueled by 186.3 gallons of new No. 2 fuel oil per hour with a maximum (combined) rating of 2460 kilowatts. Emissions from the generator(s) are uncontrolled.

The generators may be relocated to any of the following facilities:

1. Crystal River Plant, Powerline Road, Red Level, Citrus County.
2. Bartow Plant, Weedon Island, St. Petersburg, Pinellas County.
3. Higgins Plant, Shore Drive, Oldsmar, Pinellas County.
4. Bayboro Plant, 13th Ave. & 2nd St. South, St. Petersburg, Pinellas County.
5. Wildwood Reclamation Facility, State Road 462, 1 mi. east of U.S. 301, Wildwood, Sumter County.
6. Hines Energy Complex, County Road 555, 1 mi. southwest of Homeland, Polk County.
7. Anclote Power Plant, 1729 Baileys Road, Holiday, Pasco County

{Permitting notes: These emissions units are regulated under Rule 62-210.300, F.A.C., Permits Required. Each generator has its own stack. This section of the permit is only applicable when the generator(s) is(are) located at the Bartow Facility.}

The following specific conditions apply to the emissions units listed above regardless of location:

Essential Potential to Emit (PTE) Parameters

D.1. Permitted Capacity. The maximum (combined) heat input rate shall not exceed 25.74 million Btu per hour.
[Rules 62-4.160(2) and 62-210.200(PTE), F.A.C.]

D.2. Emissions Unit Operating Rate Limitation After Testing. See specific condition **D.12.**
[Rule 62-297.310(2), F.A.C.]

D.3. Methods of Operation - Fuels. Only new No. 2 fuel oil with a maximum sulfur content of 0.5%, by weight, shall be fired in the diesel generator(s).
[Rule 62-213.410, F.A.C. and, AC 09-202080.]

D.4. Hours of Operation. The hours of operation expressed as “engine-hours” shall not exceed 2970 hours in any consecutive 12 month period. The total hours of operation expressed as “engine-hours” shall be the summation of the individual hours of operation of each generator.
[Rules 62-4.160(2) and 62-210.200(PTE), F.A.C.; and, AC 09-202080.]

Emission Limitations and Standards

{Permitting Note: The attached Table 1-1, Summary of Air Pollutant Standards and Terms, summarizes information for convenience purposes only. This table does not supersede any of the terms or conditions of this permit.}

D.5. Visible Emissions. Visible emissions from each generator shall not be equal to or greater than 20 percent opacity.
[Rule 62-296.320(4)(b)1., F.A.C.; and, AC 09-202080.]

Excess Emissions

D.6. Excess emissions from these emissions units resulting from startup, shutdown or malfunction shall be permitted provided that best operational practices to minimize emissions are adhered to and the duration of excess emissions shall be minimized but in no case exceed two hours in any 24 hour period unless specifically authorized by the Department for longer duration.
[Rule 62-210.700(1), F.A.C.]

D.7. Excess emissions which are caused entirely or in part by poor maintenance, poor operation, or any other equipment or process failure which may reasonably be prevented during startup, shutdown or malfunction shall be prohibited.
[Rule 62-210.700(4), F.A.C.]

Monitoring of Operations

D.8. Fuel Sulfur Analysis. The permittee shall demonstrate compliance with the liquid fuel sulfur limit by means of a fuel analysis provided by the vendor or permittee upon each fuel delivery. See specific condition **D.3.** and **D.11.**
[Rule 62-213.440, F.A.C.]

D.9. Determination of Process Variables.

(a) Required Equipment. The owner or operator of an emissions unit for which compliance tests are required shall install, operate, and maintain equipment or instruments necessary to determine process variables, such as process weight input or heat input, when such data are needed in conjunction with emissions data to determine the compliance of the emissions unit with applicable emission limiting standards.

(b) Accuracy of Equipment. Equipment or instruments used to directly or indirectly determine process variables, including devices such as belt scales, weight hoppers, flow meters, and tank scales, shall be calibrated and adjusted to indicate the true value of the parameter being measured with sufficient accuracy to allow the applicable process variable to be determined within 10% of its true value.

[Rule 62-297.310(5), F.A.C.]

Test Methods and Procedures

{Permitting Note: The attached Table 2-1, Summary of Compliance Requirements, summarizes information for convenience purposes only. This table does not supersede any of the terms or conditions of this permit.}

D.10. The test method for visible emissions shall be EPA Method 9, incorporated and adopted by reference in Chapter 62-297, F.A.C.

[Rules 62-296.320(4)(b)4.a. and 62-297.401, F.A.C.]

D.11. The fuel sulfur content, percent by weight, for liquid fuels shall be evaluated using either ASTM D2622-94, ASTM D4294-90, both ASTM D4057-88 and ASTM D129-95, or the latest edition(s).

[Rules 62-213.440 and 62-297.440, F.A.C.]

D.12. Operating Rate During Testing. Testing of emissions shall be conducted with the generator(s) operating at 90 to 100 percent of the maximum fuel firing rate for each generator. If it is impracticable to test at permitted capacity, an emissions unit may be tested at less than the minimum permitted capacity (i.e., at less than 90 percent of the maximum operation rate allowed by the permit); in this case, subsequent emissions unit operations may be limited to 110 percent of the test load until a new test is conducted, provided however, operations do not exceed 100 percent of the maximum operation rate allowed by the permit. Once the emissions unit is so limited, operation at higher capacities is allowed for no more than 15 consecutive days for the purpose of additional compliance testing to regain the authority to operate at the permitted capacity. Failure to submit the actual operating rate may invalidate the test.

[Rules 62-297.310(2), F.A.C.; and, AC 09-202080.]

D.13. Applicable Test Procedures.

(a) Required Sampling Time.

2. Opacity Compliance Tests. When either EPA Method 9 or DEP Method 9 is specified as the applicable opacity test method, the required minimum period of observation for a compliance test shall be sixty (60) minutes for emissions units which emit or have the potential to emit 100 tons per year or more of particulate matter, and thirty (30) minutes for emissions units which have potential emissions less than 100 tons per year of particulate matter and are not subject to a multiple-valued opacity standard. The opacity test observation period shall include the period during which the highest opacity emissions can reasonably be expected to occur. Exceptions to these requirements are as follows:

- c. The minimum observation period for opacity tests conducted by employees or agents of the Department to verify the day-to-day continuing compliance of a unit or activity with an applicable opacity standard shall be twelve minutes.

[Rule 62-297.310(4)(a)2.c., F.A.C.]

D.14. Frequency of Compliance Tests. The following provisions apply only to those emissions units that are subject to an emissions limiting standard for which compliance testing is required.

(a) General Compliance Testing.

3. The owner or operator of an emissions unit that is subject to any emission limiting standard shall conduct a compliance test that demonstrates compliance with the applicable emission limiting standard prior to obtaining a renewed operation permit. Emissions units that are required to conduct an annual compliance test may submit the most recent annual compliance test to satisfy the requirements of this provision. In renewing an air operation permit pursuant to Rule 62-210.300(2)(a)3.b., c., or d., F.A.C., the Department shall not require submission of emission compliance test results for any emissions unit that, during the year prior to renewal:

- a. Did not operate; or
- b. In the case of a fuel burning emissions unit, burned liquid fuel for a total of no more than 400 hours.

4. During each federal fiscal year (October 1 - September 30), unless otherwise specified by rule, order, or permit, the owner or operator of each emissions unit shall have a formal compliance test conducted for:

- a. Visible emissions, if there is an applicable standard.

9. The owner or operator shall notify the Department, at least 15 days prior to the date on which each formal compliance test is to begin, of the date, time, and place of each such test, and the test contact person who will be responsible for coordinating and having such test conducted for the owner or operator. For each generator located in Pinellas County, FPC shall provide the same notification to the Air Quality Division of the PCDEM.

(b) Special Compliance Tests. When the Department, after investigation, has good reason (such as complaints, increased visible emissions or questionable maintenance of control equipment) to believe that any applicable emission standard contained in a Department rule or in a permit issued pursuant to those rules is being violated, it may require the owner or operator of the emissions unit to conduct compliance tests which identify the nature and quantity of pollutant emissions from the emissions unit and to provide a report on the results of said tests to the Department.

(c) Waiver of Compliance Test Requirements. If the owner or operator of an emissions unit that is subject to a compliance test requirement demonstrates to the Department, pursuant to the procedure established in Rule 62-297.620, F.A.C., that the compliance of the emissions unit with an applicable weight emission limiting standard can be adequately determined by means other than the designated test procedure, such as specifying a surrogate standard of no visible emissions for particulate matter sources equipped with a bag house or specifying a fuel analysis for sulfur dioxide emissions, the Department shall waive the compliance test requirements for such emissions units and order that the alternate means of determining compliance be used, provided, however, the provisions of Rule 62-297.310(7)(b), F.A.C., shall apply.

[Rule 62-297.310(7), F.A.C.; SIP approved; and, AO 09-205952.]

D.15. Visible Emissions Testing - Annual. By this permit, annual emissions compliance testing for visible emissions is not required for these emissions units while burning liquid fuels for less than 400 hours per year.

[Rules 62-297.310(7)(a)4. & 8., F.A.C.]

D.16. After each relocation, each generator shall be tested within 30 days of startup for opacity and the fuel shall be analyzed for the sulfur content. See specific conditions **E.3.**, **E.5.**, and **E.8.**

[Rules 62-4.070(3) and 62-297.310(7)(b), F.A.C.; and, AO 09-205952.]

Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements

D.17. Malfunction Reporting. In the case of excess emissions resulting from malfunctions, the owner or operator shall notify PCDEM, if a generator is located in Pinellas County, in accordance with Rule 62-4.130, F.A.C. A full written report on the malfunctions shall be submitted in a quarterly report, if requested by the PCDEM.

[Rule 62-210.700(6), F.A.C.]

D.18. Test Reports.

- (a) Each generator shall be tested on an annual basis within 30 days of the date October 25.
- (b) The owner or operator of an emissions unit for which a compliance test is required shall file a report with the Department on the results of each such test.
- (c) The required test report shall be filed with the Southwest District Office and the Air Quality Division of the Pinellas County Department of Environmental Management, if a generator is located in Pinellas County, as soon as practical but no later than 45 days after the last sampling run of each test is completed.
- (d) The test reports for a unit that has been relocated shall be submitted to the Southwest District Office and the Air Quality Division of the PCDEM, if a generator is located in Pinellas County, within 45 days of testing.

[Rule 62-297.310(8), F.A.C.; and, AO 09-25952.]

D.19. To demonstrate compliance with specific condition **D.4.**, records shall indicate the daily hours of operation for each of the generators, the daily hours of operation expressed as “engine- hours” and the cumulative total hours of operation expressed as “engine-hours” for each month. The records shall be maintained for a minimum of 5 years and made available to the Southwest District Office and the Air Quality Division of the PCDEM upon request.

[Rules 62-213.440 and 62-297.310(8), F.A.C.; and, AO 09-205952.]

D.20. To demonstrate compliance with specific condition **D.3.**, records of the sulfur content, in percent by weight, of all the fuel burned shall be kept based on either vendor provided as-delivered or as-received fuel sample analysis. The records shall be maintained for a minimum of 5 years and made available to the Southwest District Office and the Air Quality Division of the PCDEM upon request.

[Rule 62-297.310(8), F.A.C.; and, AC 09-202080.]

Source Obligation

D.21. Specific conditions in construction permit AC 09-202080, limiting the “engine hours”, were accepted by the applicant to escape Prevention of Significant Deterioration new source review. If Florida Power Corporation requests a relaxation of any of the federally enforceable emission limits in this permit, the relaxation of limits may be subject to the preconstruction review requirements of Rule 62-212.400(5), F.A.C., as though construction had not yet begun.

[Rule 62-212.400(2)(g), F.A.C.; and, AC 09-202080.]

D.22. Florida Power Corporation shall notify the Department's Southwest District Office, in writing, at least 15 days prior to the date on which any diesel generator is to be relocated. The notification shall specify the following;

- a. which generator, by serial number, is being relocated,
- b. which location the generator is being relocated from and which location it is being relocated to, and
- c. the approximate startup date at the new location.

If a diesel generator is to be relocated within Pinellas County, then Florida Power Corporation shall provide the same notification to the Air Quality Division of the PCDEM.

[Rule 62-4.070(3), F.A.C.; and, AC 09-202080]

Section IV. This section is the Acid Rain Part.

Operated by: Florida Power Corporation
ORIS code: 634

Subsection A. This subsection addresses Acid Rain, Phase II.

The emissions unit(s) listed below are regulated under Acid Rain, Phase II.

E.U.

ID No. Brief Description

- 001 No. 1 Unit, Fossil Fuel Fired Steam Generator with Electrostatic Precipitator
- 002 No. 2 Unit, Fossil Fuel Fired Steam Generator
- 003 No. 3 Unit, Fossil Fuel Fired Steam Generator

A.1. The Phase II permit application submitted for this facility, as approved by the Department, is a part of this permit. The owners and operators of these Phase II acid rain unit(s) must comply with the standard requirements and special provisions set forth in the application(s) listed below:

- a. DEP Form No. 62-210.900(1)(a), dated July 1, 1995
 [Chapter 62-213, F.A.C. and Rule 62-214.320, F.A.C.]

A.2. Sulfur dioxide (SO₂) allowance allocations requirements for each Acid Rain unit are as follows:

<u>E.U. ID No.</u>	<u>EPA ID</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>2000</u>	<u>2001</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004</u>
-001	01	SO ₂ allowances, under Table 2 or 3 of 40 CFR Part 73	2785*	2785*	2785*	2785*	2785*
-002	02	SO ₂ allowances, under Table 2 or 3 of 40 CFR Part 73	2941*	2941*	2941*	2941*	2941*
-003	03	SO ₂ allowances, under Table 2 or 3 of 40 CFR Part 73	5383*	5383*	5383*	5383*	5383*

* The number of allowances held by an Acid Rain source in a unit account may differ from the number allocated by the USEPA under Table 2 or 3 of 40 CFR 73.]

A.3. Emission Allowances. Emissions from sources subject to the Federal Acid Rain Program (Title IV) shall not exceed any allowances that the source lawfully holds under the Federal Acid Rain Program. Allowances shall not be used to demonstrate compliance with a non-Title IV applicable requirement of the Act.

1. No permit revision shall be required for increases in emissions that are authorized by allowances acquired pursuant to the Federal Acid Rain Program, provided that such increases do not require a permit revision pursuant to Rule 62-213.400(3), F.A.C.

2. No limit shall be placed on the number of allowances held by the source under the Federal Acid Rain Program.

3. Allowances shall be accounted for under the Federal Acid Rain Program.

[Rule 62-213.440(1)(c), F.A.C.]

A.4. Statement of Compliance. The annual statement of compliance pursuant to Rule 62-213.440(3), F.A.C., shall be submitted within 60 (sixty) days after the end of the calendar year. {See condition 52., APPENDIX TV-3, TITLE V CONDITIONS}

[Rule 62-214.420(11), F.A.C.]

A.5. Comments, notes, and justifications:

None

Appendix U-1, List of Unregulated Emissions Units and/or Activities.

Florida Power Corporation
Bartow Plant

Revised DRAFT Permit No.: 1030011-002-AV
Facility ID No.: 1030011

Unregulated Emissions Units and/or Activities. An emissions unit which emits no “emissions-limited pollutant” and which is subject to no unit-specific work practice standard, though it may be subject to regulations applied on a facility-wide basis (e.g., unconfined emissions, odor, general opacity) or to regulations that require only that it be able to prove exemption from unit-specific emissions or work practice standards.

The below listed emissions units and/or activities are neither ‘regulated emissions units’ nor ‘insignificant emissions units’.

E.U. ID

<u>No.</u>	<u>Brief Description of Emissions Units and/or Activity</u>
-xxx	General Boiler Building - Emergency diesel generator (basement) - 300 gallon fuel oil tank
-xxx	North Terminal - Diesel engine - Cummings 175 hp - 150 gallon No. 2 oil tank
-xxx	South Terminal - Gasoline tank, filling station
-xxx	South Terminal - No. 2 oil storage tank
-xxx	Turbine - Solvent Storage - Navee cleaner storage tank (4X4X4)
-xxx	Gas Turbine 1, 2, 3, and 4 - Lube oil vent with demister
-xxx	Gas Turbine 1, 2, 3, and 4 - Underground 2,600 gallon lube oil storage tank
-xxx	Gas Turbine 1, 2, 3, and 4 - 500 gallon waste oil storage tank
-xxx	Fuel Storage - Tank No. 1, 2 and 3 - 150,000 bbls No. 6 fuel oil
-xxx	Fuel Storage - Tank No. 4 and 5 - 200,000 bbls No. 6 fuel oil
-xxx	Fuel Storage - Tank No. 6 - 100,000 bbls No. 2 fuel oil
-xxx	Fuel Storage - Tank No. 7 and 8 - 259,000 bbls No. 6 fuel oil
-xxx	General Site - Two, 500 gallon propane gas tanks for Unit 2 and 3 ignitors
-xxx	Tank No. CT#01(2R), CT#02(3R), and CT#03(4R), CT#04(5R) - 5,509 gallons waste oil
-xxx	Tank No. CT#6(11) - 4,118,142 gallons No. 2 fuel oil
-xxx	Tank No. #1(1R) - 1,008 gallons unleaded gasoline
-xxx	Tank No. #2(16) - 34,128 gallons No. 2 fuel oil
-xxx	Tank No. #4(7) - 6,354,768 gallons No. 6 fuel oil
-xxx	Tank No. #12 - 100 gallons diesel - emergency fire pump
-xxx	Tank No. #13 - 200 gallons diesel - emergency generator
-xxx	Tank No. #15(6) - 550 gallons diesel - vehicle
-xxx	Tank No. #16(19) - 65,460 gallons fuel additive
-xxx	Tank No. Boiler Day Tk(15) - 18,675 gallons No. 2 fuel oil
-xxx	Tank No. Terminal #1(9) - 6,329,232 gallons No. 6 fuel oil
-xxx	Tank No. Terminal #2(10) - 8,447,544 gallons No. 6 fuel oil
-xxx	Tank No. Terminal #3(12) - 10,540,740 gallons No. 6 fuel oil
-xxx	Tank No. Terminal #4(13) - 10,542,294 gallons No. 6 fuel oil
-xxx	Tank No. Substation #1 and Substation #2 - 16,002 gallons cable oil

[electronic file name: 1030011u.doc]

Appendix I-1, List of Insignificant Emissions Units and/or Activities.

Florida Power Corporation
Bartow Plant

Revised DRAFT Permit No.: 1030011-002-AV
Facility ID No.: 1030011

The facilities, emissions units, or pollutant-emitting activities listed in Rule 62-210.300(3)(a), F.A.C., Categorical Exemptions, are exempt from the permitting requirements of Chapters 62-210 and 62-4, F.A.C.; provided, however, that exempt emissions units shall be subject to any applicable emission limiting standards and the emissions from exempt emissions units or activities shall be considered in determining the potential emissions of the facility containing such emissions units. Emissions units and pollutant-emitting activities exempt from permitting under Rule 62-210.300(3)(a), F.A.C., shall not be exempt from the permitting requirements of Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., if they are contained within a Title V source; however, such emissions units and activities shall be considered insignificant for Title V purposes provided they also meet the criteria of Rule 62-213.430(6)(b), F.A.C. No emissions unit shall be entitled to an exemption from permitting under Rule 62.210.300(3)(a), F.A.C., if its emissions, in combination with the emissions of other units and activities at the facility, would cause the facility to emit or have the potential to emit any pollutant in such amount as to make the facility a Title V source.

The below listed emissions units and/or activities are considered insignificant pursuant to Rule 62-213.430(6), F.A.C.

Brief Description of Emissions Units and/or Activities

1. Water Laboratory solvent use and hood-chemical analyses for water
2. Water Laboratory flammable chemical storage cabinet
3. Machine Shop sand blaster, drill press, welding, lathes, hand-held tools, ect.
4. General Boiler Building fire protection equipment
5. North Terminal - Diesel fire pump building flammable liquid cabinet
6. North Terminal - Foam Building Nat. foam XL - 3%; 2,600 gallons
7. South Terminal - Machine Shop sand blaster, drill press, welding, lathes, hand-held tools, ect.
8. Turbine - Fire Protection CO2 fire system
9. Fuel Storage foam fire protection system
10. General Site surface coating <6.0 gallons per day
11. General Site brazing, soldering and welding
12. Unit 1 Fly Ash Handling System

APPENDIX TV-3, TITLE V CONDITIONS (version dated 04/30/99)

[Note: This attachment includes "canned conditions" developed from the "Title V Core List."]

{Permitting note: APPENDIX TV-3, TITLE V CONDITIONS, is distributed to the permittee only. Other persons requesting copies of these conditions shall be provided one copy when requested or otherwise appropriate.}

Chapter 62-4, F.A.C.

1. Not federally enforceable. General Prohibition. Any stationary installation which will reasonably be expected to be a source of pollution shall not be operated, maintained, or modified without the appropriate and valid permits issued by the Department, unless the source is exempted by Department rule. The Department may issue a permit only after it receives reasonable assurance that the installation will not cause pollution in violation of any of the provisions of Chapter 403, F.S., or the rules promulgated thereunder. A permitted installation may only be operated, maintained, constructed, expanded or modified in a manner that is consistent with the terms of the permit.

[Rule 62-4.030, Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.); Section 403.087, Florida Statute (F.S.)]

2. Not federally enforceable. Procedure to Obtain Permits: Application.

(1) Any person desiring to obtain a permit from the Department shall apply on forms prescribed by the Department and shall submit such additional information as the Department by law may require.

(2) All applications and supporting documents shall be filed in quadruplicate with the Department.

(3) To ensure protection of public health, safety, and welfare, any construction, modification, or operation of an installation which may be a source of pollution shall be in accordance with sound professional engineering practices pursuant to Chapter 471, F.S. All applications for a Department permit shall be certified by a professional engineer registered in the State of Florida except when the application is for renewal of an air pollution operation permit at a minor facility as defined in Rule 62-210.200, F.A.C., or where professional engineering is not required by Chapter 471, F.S. Where required by Chapter 471 or 492, F.S., applicable portions of permit applications and supporting documents which are submitted to the Department for public record shall be signed and sealed by the professional(s) who prepared or approved them.

(4) Processing fees for air construction permits shall be in accordance with Rule 62-4.050(4), F.A.C.

(5)(a) To be considered by the Department, each application must be accompanied by the proper processing fee. The fee shall be paid by check, payable to the Department of Environmental Protection. The fee is non-refundable except as provided in Section 120.60, F.S., and in this section.

(c) Upon receipt of the proper application fee, the permit processing time requirements of Sections 120.60(2) and 403.0876, F.S., shall begin.

(d) If the applicant does not submit the required fee within ten days of receipt of written notification, the Department shall either return the unprocessed application or arrange with the applicant for the pick up of the application.

(e) If an applicant submits an application fee in excess of the required fee, the permit processing time requirements of Sections 120.60(2) and 403.0876, F.S., shall begin upon receipt, and the Department shall refund to the applicant the amount received in excess of the required fee.

(6) Any substantial modification to a complete application shall require an additional processing fee determined pursuant to the schedule set forth in Rule 62-4.050, F.A.C., and shall restart the time requirements of Sections 120.60 and 403.0876, F.S. For purposes of this Subsection, the term "substantial modification" shall mean a modification which is reasonably expected to lead to substantially different environmental impacts which require a detailed review.

(7) Modifications to existing permits proposed by the permittee which require substantial changes in the existing permit or require substantial evaluation by the Department of potential impacts of the proposed modifications shall require the same fee as a new application.

[Rule 62-4.050, F.A.C.]

3. Standards for Issuing or Denying Permits. Except as provided at Rule 62-213.460, F.A.C., the issuance of a permit does not relieve any person from complying with the requirements of Chapter 403, F.S., or Department rules.

[Rule 62-4.070(7), F.A.C.]

APPENDIX TV-3, TITLE V CONDITIONS (version dated 04/30/99) (continued)

4. Modification of Permit Conditions.

(1) For good cause and after notice and an administrative hearing, if requested, the Department may require the permittee to conform to new or additional conditions. The Department shall allow the permittee a reasonable time to conform to the new or additional conditions and on application of the permittee the Department may grant additional time. For the purpose of this section, good cause shall include, but not be limited to, any of the following: (also, see Condition No. 38)

- (a) A showing that an improvement in effluent or emission quality or quantity can be accomplished because of technological advances without unreasonable hardship.
- (b) A showing that a higher degree of treatment is necessary to effect the intent and purpose of Chapter 403, F.S.
- (c) A showing of any change in the environment or surrounding conditions that requires a modification to conform to applicable air or water quality standards.
- (e) Adoption or revision of Florida Statutes, rules, or standards which require the modification of a permit condition for compliance.

(2) A permittee may request a modification of a permit by applying to the Department.

(3) A permittee may request that a permit be extended as a modification of the permit. Such a request must be submitted to the Department in writing before the expiration of the permit. Upon timely submittal of a request for extension, unless the permit automatically expires by statute or rule, the permit will remain in effect until final agency action is taken on the request. For construction permits, an extension shall be granted if the applicant can demonstrate reasonable assurances that, upon completion, the extended permit will comply with the standards and conditions required by applicable regulation. For all other permits, an extension shall be granted if the applicant can demonstrate reasonable assurances that the extended permit will comply with the standards and conditions applicable to the original permit. A permit for which the permit application fee was prorated in accordance with Rule 62-4.050(4)(1), F.A.C., shall not be extended. In no event shall a permit be extended or remain in effect longer than the time limits established by statute or rule.

[Rule 62-4.080, F.A.C.]

5. Renewals. Prior to one hundred eighty (180) days before the expiration of a permit issued pursuant to Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., the permittee shall apply for a renewal of a permit using forms incorporated by reference in the specific rule chapter for that kind of permit. A renewal application shall be timely and sufficient. If the application is submitted prior to 180 days before expiration of the permit, it will be considered timely and sufficient. If the renewal application is submitted at a later date, it will not be considered timely and sufficient unless it is submitted and made complete prior to the expiration of the operation permit. When the application for renewal is timely and sufficient, the existing permit shall remain in effect until the renewal application has been finally acted upon by the Department or, if there is court review of the Department's final agency action, until a later date is required by Section 120.60, F.S., provided that, for renewal of a permit issued pursuant to Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., the applicant complies with the requirements of Rules 62-213.420(1)(b)3. and 4., F.A.C.

[Rule 62-4.090(1), F.A.C.]

6. Suspension and Revocation.

(1) Permits shall be effective until suspended, revoked, surrendered, or expired and shall be subject to the provisions of Chapter 403, F.S., and rules of the Department.

(2) Failure to comply with pollution control laws and rules shall be grounds for suspension or revocation.

(3) A permit issued pursuant to Chapter 62-4, F.A.C., shall not become a vested property right in the permittee. The Department may revoke any permit issued by it if it finds that the permit holder or the permit holder's agent:

- (a) Submitted false or inaccurate information in application or operational reports.
- (b) Has violated law, Department orders, rules or permit conditions.
- (c) Has failed to submit operational reports or other information required by Department rules.
- (d) Has refused lawful inspection under Section 403.091, F.S.

[Rule 62-4.100, F.A.C.]

7. Not federally enforceable. Financial Responsibility. The Department may require an applicant to submit proof of financial responsibility and may require the applicant to post an appropriate bond to guarantee compliance with the law and Department rules.

[Rule 62-4.110, F.A.C.]

APPENDIX TV-3, TITLE V CONDITIONS (version dated 04/30/99) (continued)

8. Transfer of Permits.

- (1) Within 30 days after the sale or legal transfer of a permitted facility, an "Application for Transfer of Permit" (DEP Form 62-1.201(1)) must be submitted to the Department. This form must be completed with the notarized signatures of both the permittee and the proposed new permittee.
- (2) The Department shall approve the transfer of a permit unless it determines that the proposed new permittee cannot provide reasonable assurances that conditions of the permit will be met. The determination shall be limited solely to the ability of the new permittee to comply with the conditions of the existing permit, and it shall not concern the adequacy of these permit conditions. If the Department proposes to deny the transfer, it shall provide both the permittee and the proposed new permittee a written objection to such transfer together with notice of a right to request a Chapter 120, F.S., proceeding on such determination.
- (3) Within 30 days of receiving a properly completed Application for Transfer of Permit form, the Department shall issue a final determination. The Department may toll the time for making a determination on the transfer by notifying both the permittee and the proposed new permittee that additional information is required to adequately review the transfer request. Such notification shall be served within 30 days of receipt of an Application for Transfer of Permit form, completed pursuant to Rule 62-4.120(1), F.A.C. If the Department fails to take action to approve or deny the transfer within 30 days of receipt of the completed Application for Transfer of Permit form, or within 30 days of receipt of the last item of timely requested additional information, the transfer shall be deemed approved.
- (4) The permittee is encouraged to apply for a permit transfer prior to the sale or legal transfer of a permitted facility. However, the transfer shall not be effective prior to the sale or legal transfer.
- (5) Until this transfer is approved by the Department, the permittee and any other person constructing, operating, or maintaining the permitted facility shall be liable for compliance with the terms of the permit. The permittee transferring the permit shall remain liable for corrective actions that may be required as a result of any violations occurring prior to the sale or legal transfer of the facility.

[Rule 62-4.120, F.A.C.]

9. Plant Operation-Problems. If the permittee is temporarily unable to comply with any of the conditions of the permit due to breakdown of equipment or destruction by hazard of fire, wind or by other cause, the permittee shall immediately notify the Department. Notification shall include pertinent information as to the cause of the problem, and what steps are being taken to correct the problem and to prevent its recurrence, and where applicable, the owner's intent toward reconstruction of destroyed facilities. Such notification does not release the permittee from any liability for failure to comply with Department rules. (also, see Condition No. 10)

[Rule 62-4.130, F.A.C.]

10. For purposes of notification to the Department pursuant to Condition No. 9, Condition No. 12(8), and Rule 62-4.130, F.A.C., Plant Operation-Problems, "immediately" shall mean the same day, if during a workday (i.e., 8:00 a.m. - 5:00 p.m.), or the first business day after the incident, excluding weekends and holidays; and, for purposes of 40 CFR 70.6(a)(3)(iii)(B), "prompt" shall have the same meaning as "immediately". [also, see Conditions Nos. 9 and 12(8)]

[40 CFR 70.6(a)(3)(iii)(B)]

11. Not federally enforceable. Review. Failure to request a hearing within 14 days of receipt of notice of proposed or final agency action on a permit application or as otherwise required in Chapter 62-103, F.A.C., shall be deemed a waiver of the right to an administrative hearing.

[Rule 62-4.150, F.A.C.]

12. Permit Conditions. All permits issued by the Department shall include the following general conditions:

- (1) The terms, conditions, requirements, limitations and restrictions set forth in this permit, are "permit conditions" and are binding and enforceable pursuant to Sections 403.141, 403.727, or 403.859 through 403.861, F.S. The permittee is placed on notice that the Department will review this permit periodically and may initiate enforcement action for any violation of these conditions.
- (2) This permit is valid only for the specific processes and operations applied for and indicated in the approved drawings or exhibits. Any unauthorized deviation from the approved drawings, exhibits, specifications, or conditions of this permit may constitute grounds for revocation and enforcement action by the Department.
- (3) As provided in subsections 403.087(6) and 403.722(5), F.S., the issuance of this permit does not convey any vested rights or any exclusive privileges. Neither does it authorize any injury to public or private property or any invasion of personal rights, nor any infringement of federal, state, or local laws or regulations. This permit is not a waiver of or approval of any other Department permit that may be required for other aspects of the total project which are not addressed in this permit.

APPENDIX TV-3, TITLE V CONDITIONS (version dated 04/30/99) (continued)

- (4) This permit conveys no title to land or water, does not constitute State recognition or acknowledgment of title, and does not constitute authority for the use of submerged lands unless herein provided and the necessary title or leasehold interests have been obtained from the State. Only the Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund may express State opinion as to title.
- (5) This permit does not relieve the permittee from liability for harm or injury to human health or welfare, animal, or plant life, or property caused by the construction or operation of this permitted source, or from penalties therefore; nor does it allow the permittee to cause pollution in contravention of F.S. and Department rules, unless specifically authorized by an order from the Department.
- (6) The permittee shall properly operate and maintain the facility and systems of treatment and control (and related appurtenances) that are installed and used by the permittee to achieve compliance with the conditions of this permit, as required by Department rules. This provision includes the operation of backup or auxiliary facilities or similar systems when necessary to achieve compliance with the conditions of the permit and when required by Department rules.
- (7) The permittee, by accepting this permit, specifically agrees to allow authorized Department personnel, upon presentation of credentials or other documents as may be required by law and at reasonable times, access to the premises where the permitted activity is located or conducted to:
- (a) Have access to and copy any records that must be kept under conditions of the permit;
 - (b) Inspect the facility, equipment, practices, or operations regulated or required under this permit; and,
 - (c) Sample or monitor any substances or parameters at any location reasonable necessary to assure compliance with this permit or Department rules. Reasonable time may depend on the nature of the concern being investigated.
- (8) If, for any reason, the permittee does not comply with or will be unable to comply with any condition or limitation specified in this permit, the permittee shall immediately provide the Department with the following information: (also, see Condition No. 10)
- (a) A description of and cause of noncompliance; and,
 - (b) The period of noncompliance, including dates and times; or, if not corrected, the anticipated time the noncompliance is expected to continue, and steps being taken to reduce, eliminate, and prevent recurrence of the noncompliance. The permittee shall be responsible for any and all damages which may result and may be subject to enforcement action by the Department for penalties or for revocation of this permit.
- (9) In accepting this permit, the permittee understands and agrees that all records, notes, monitoring data and other information relating to the construction or operation of this permitted source which are submitted to the Department may be used by the Department as evidence in any enforcement case involving the permitted source arising under the F.S. or Department rules, except where such use is prescribed by Sections 403.111 and 403.73, F.S. Such evidence shall only be used to the extent it is consistent with the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure and appropriate evidentiary rules.
- (10) The permittee agrees to comply with changes in Department rules and F.S. after a reasonable time for compliance; provided, however, the permittee does not waive any other rights granted by F.S. or Department rules.
- (11) This permit is transferable only upon Department approval in accordance with Rule 62-4.120, F.A.C., as applicable. The permittee shall be liable for any non-compliance of the permitted activity until the transfer is approved by the Department.
- (12) This permit or a copy thereof shall be kept at the work site of the permitted activity.
- (14) The permittee shall comply with the following:
- (a) Upon request, the permittee shall furnish all records and plans required under Department rules. During enforcement actions, the retention period for all records will be extended automatically unless otherwise stipulated by the Department.
 - (b) The permittee shall hold at the facility or other location designated by this permit records of all monitoring information (including all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation) required by the permit, copies of all reports required by this permit, and records of all data used to complete the application for this permit. These materials shall be retained at least five (5) years from the date of the sample, measurement, report, or application unless otherwise specified by Department rule.
 - (c) Records of monitoring information shall include:
 - 1. the date, exact place, and time of sampling or measurements;
 - 2. the person responsible for performing the sampling or measurements;
 - 3. the dates analyses were performed;
 - 4. the person responsible for performing the analyses;
 - 5. the analytical techniques or methods used; and,
 - 6. the results of such analyses.
- (15) When requested by the Department, the permittee shall within a reasonable time furnish any information required by law which is needed to determine compliance with the permit. If the permittee becomes aware the relevant facts were not submitted or were incorrect in the permit application or in any report to the Department, such facts or information shall be corrected promptly.
- [Rules 62-4.160 and 62-213.440(1)(b), F.A.C.]

APPENDIX TV-3, TITLE V CONDITIONS (version dated 04/30/99) (continued)

13. Construction Permits.

(1) No person shall construct any installation or facility which will reasonably be expected to be a source of air or water pollution without first applying for and receiving a construction permit from the Department unless exempted by statute or Department rule. In addition to the requirements of Chapter 62-4, F.A.C., applicants for a Department Construction Permit shall submit the following as applicable:

- (a) A completed application on forms furnished by the Department.
- (b) An engineering report covering:
 - 1. plant description and operations,
 - 2. types and quantities of all waste material to be generated whether liquid, gaseous or solid,
 - 3. proposed waste control facilities,
 - 4. the treatment objectives,
 - 5. the design criteria on which the control facilities are based, and,
 - 6. other information deemed relevant.

Design criteria submitted pursuant to Rule 62-4.210(1)(b)5., F.A.C., shall be based on the results of laboratory and pilot-plant scale studies whenever such studies are warranted. The design efficiencies of the proposed waste treatment facilities and the quantities and types of pollutants in the treated effluents or emissions shall be indicated. Work of this nature shall be subject to the requirements of Chapter 471, F.S. Where confidential records are involved, certain information may be kept confidential pursuant to Section 403.111, F.S.

- (c) The owners' written guarantee to meet the design criteria as accepted by the Department and to abide by Chapter 403, F.S. and the rules of the Department as to the quantities and types of materials to be discharged from the installation. The owner may be required to post an appropriate bond or other equivalent evidence of financial responsibility to guarantee compliance with such conditions in instances where the owner's financial resources are inadequate or proposed control facilities are experimental in nature.

(2) The construction permit may contain conditions and an expiration date as determined by the Secretary or the Secretary's designee.

(3) When the Department issues a permit to construct, the permittee shall be allowed a period of time, specified in the permit, to construct, and to operate and test to determine compliance with Chapter 403, F.S., and the rules of the Department and, where applicable, to apply for and receive an operation permit. The Department may require tests and evaluations of the treatment facilities by the permittee at his/her expense.

[Rule 62-4.210, F.A.C.]

14. Not federally enforceable. Operation Permit for New Sources. To properly apply for an operation permit for new sources, the applicant shall submit certification that construction was completed noting any deviations from the conditions in the construction permit and test results where appropriate.

[Rule 62-4.220, F.A.C.]

Chapters 28-106 and 62-110. F.A.C.

15. Public Notice, Public Participation, and Proposed Agency Action. The permittee shall comply with all of the requirements for public notice, public participation, and proposed agency action pursuant to Rule 62-110.106 and Rule 62-210.350, F.A.C.

[Rules 62-110.106, 62-210.350 and 62-213.430(1)(b), F.A.C.]

16. Administrative Hearing. The permittee shall comply with all of the requirements for a petition for administrative hearing or waiver of right to administrative proceeding pursuant to Rules 28-106.201, 28-106.301 and 62-110.106, F.A.C.

[Rules 28-106.201, 28-106.301 and 62-110.106, , F.A.C.]

Chapter 62-204. F.A.C.

17. Asbestos. This permit does not authorize any demolition or renovation of the facility or its parts or components which involves asbestos removal. This permit does not constitute a waiver of any of the requirements of Chapter 62-257, F.A.C., and 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart M, National Emission Standard for Asbestos, adopted and incorporated by reference in Rule 62-204.800, F.A.C. Compliance with Chapter 62-257, F.A.C., and 40 CFR 61, Subpart M, Section 61.145, is required for any asbestos demolition or renovation at the source.

[40 CFR 61; Rule 62-204.800, F.A.C.; and, Chapter 62-257, F.A.C.]

APPENDIX TV-3, TITLE V CONDITIONS (version dated 04/30/99) (continued)

Chapter 62-210. F.A.C.

18. Permits Required. The owner or operator of any emissions unit which emits or can reasonably be expected to emit any air pollutant shall obtain an appropriate permit from the Department prior to beginning construction, modification, or initial or continued operation of the emissions unit unless exempted pursuant to Department rule or statute. All emissions limitations, controls, and other requirements imposed by such permits shall be at least as stringent as any applicable limitations and requirements contained in or enforceable under the State Implementation Plan (SIP) or that are otherwise federally enforceable. Except as provided at Rule 62-213.460, F.A.C., issuance of a permit does not relieve the owner or operator of an emissions unit from complying with any applicable requirements, any emission limiting standards or other requirements of the air pollution rules of the Department or any other such requirements under federal, state, or local law.

(1) Air Construction Permits.

(a) Unless exempt from permitting pursuant to Rule 62-210.300(3)(a) or (b), F.A.C., or Rule 62-4.040, F.A.C., an air construction permit shall be obtained by the owner or operator of any proposed new or modified facility or emissions unit prior to the beginning of construction or modification, in accordance with all applicable provisions of this chapter, Chapter 62-212, F.A.C., and Chapter 62-4, F.A.C. Except as provided under Rule 62-213.415, F.A.C., the owner or operator of any facility seeking to create or change an air emissions bubble shall obtain an air construction permit in accordance with all the applicable provisions of this chapter, Chapter 62-212, F.A.C., and Chapter 62-4, F.A.C. The construction permit shall be issued for a period of time sufficient to allow construction or modification of the facility or emissions unit and operation while the new or modified facility or emissions unit is conducting tests or otherwise demonstrating initial compliance with the conditions of the construction permit.

(b) Notwithstanding the expiration of an air construction permit, all limitations and requirements of such permit that are applicable to the design and operation of the permitted facility or emissions unit shall remain in effect until the facility or emissions unit is permanently shut down, except for any such limitation or requirement that is obsolete by its nature (such as a requirement for initial compliance testing) or any such limitation or requirement that is changed in accordance with the provisions of Rule 62-210.300(1)(b)1., F.A.C. Either the applicant or the Department can propose that certain conditions be considered obsolete. Any conditions or language in an air construction permit that are included for informational purposes only, if they are transferred to the air operation permit, shall be transferred for informational purposes only and shall not become enforceable conditions unless voluntarily agreed to by the permittee or otherwise required under Department rules.

1. Except for those limitations or requirements that are obsolete, all limitations and requirements of an air construction permit shall be included and identified in any air operation permit for the facility or emissions unit. The limitations and requirements included in the air operation permit can be changed, and thereby superseded, through the issuance of an air construction permit, federally enforceable state air operation permit, federally enforceable air general permit, or Title V air operation permit; provided, however, that:

a. Any change that would constitute an administrative correction may be made pursuant to Rule 62-210.360, F.A.C.;

b. Any change that would constitute a modification, as defined at Rule 62-210.200, F.A.C., shall be accomplished only through the issuance of an air construction permit; and

c. Any change in a permit limitation or requirement that originates from a permit issued pursuant to 40 CFR 52.21, Rule 62-204.800(10)(d)2., F.A.C., Rule 62-212.400, F.A.C., Rule 62-212.500, F.A.C., or any former codification of Rule 62-212.400 or 62-212.500, F.A.C., shall be accomplished only through the issuance of a new or revised air construction permit under Rule 62-204.800(10)(d)2., F.A.C., 62-212.400 or 62-212.500, F.A.C., as appropriate.

2. The force and effect of any change in a permit limitation or requirement made in accordance with the provisions of Rule 62-210.300(1)(b)1. F.A.C., shall be the same as if such change were made to the original air construction permit.

3. Nothing in Rule 62-210.300(1)(b), F.A.C., shall be construed as to allow operation of a facility or emissions unit without a valid air operation permit.

(2) Air Operation Permits. Upon expiration of the air operation permit for any existing facility or emissions unit, subsequent to construction or modification and demonstration of initial compliance with the conditions of the construction permit for any new or modified facility or emissions unit, or as otherwise provided in Chapter 62-210 or Chapter 62-213, the owner or operator of such facility or emissions unit shall obtain a renewal air operation permit, an initial air operation permit, or an administrative correction or revision of an existing air operation permit, whichever is appropriate, in accordance with all applicable provisions of Chapter 62-210, Chapter 62-213, and Chapter 62-4, F.A.C.

(a) Minimum Requirements for All Air Operation Permits. At a minimum, a permit issued pursuant to this subsection shall:

1. Specify the manner, nature, volume and frequency of the emissions permitted, and the applicable emission limiting standards or performance standards, if any;

2. Require proper operation and maintenance of any pollution control equipment by qualified personnel, where applicable in accordance with the provisions of any operation and maintenance plan required by the air pollution rules of the Department.

APPENDIX TV-3, TITLE V CONDITIONS (version dated 04/30/99) (continued)

3. Contain an effective date stated in the permit which shall not be earlier than the date final action is taken on the application and be issued for a period, beginning on the effective date, as provided below.
- a. The operation permit for an emissions unit which is in compliance with all applicable rules and in operational condition, and which the owner or operator intends to continue operating, shall be issued or renewed for a five-year period, except that, for Title V sources subject to Rule 62-213.420(1)(a)1., F.A.C., operation permits shall be extended until 60 days after the due date for submittal of the facility's Title V permit application as specified in Rule 62-213.420(1)(a)1., F.A.C.
 - b. Except as provided in Rule 62-210.300(2)(a)3.d., F.A.C., the operation permit for an emissions unit which has been shut down for six months or more prior to the expiration date of the current operation permit, shall be renewed for a period not to exceed five years from the date of shutdown, even if the emissions unit is not maintained in operational condition, provided:
 - (i) the owner or operator of the emissions unit demonstrates to the Department that the emissions unit may need to be reactivated and used, or that it is the owner's or operator's intent to apply to the Department for a permit to construct a new emissions unit at the facility before the end of the extension period; and,
 - (ii) the owner or operator of the emissions unit agrees to and is legally prohibited from providing the allowable emission permitted by the renewed permit as an emissions offset to any other person under Rule 62-212.500, F.A.C.; and,
 - (iii) the emissions unit was operating in compliance with all applicable rules as of the time the source was shut down.
 - c. Except as provided in Rule 62-210.300(2)(a)3.d., F.A.C., the operation permit for an emissions unit which has been shut down for five years or more prior to the expiration date of the current operation permit shall be renewed for a maximum period not to exceed ten years from the date of shutdown, even if the emissions unit is not maintained in operational condition, provided the conditions given in Rule 62-210.300(2)(a)3.b., F.A.C., are met and the owner or operator demonstrates to the Department that failure to renew the permit would constitute a hardship, which may include economic hardship.
 - d. The operation permit for an electric utility generating unit on cold standby or long-term reserve shutdown shall be renewed for a five-year period, and additional five-year periods, even if the unit is not maintained in operational condition, provided the conditions given in Rules 62-210.300(2)(a)3.b.(i) through (iii), F.A.C., are met.
4. In the case of an emissions unit permitted pursuant to Rules 62-210.300(2)(a)3.b., c., and d., F.A.C., include reasonable notification and compliance testing requirements for reactivation of such emissions unit and provide that the owner or operator demonstrate to the Department prior to reactivation that such reactivation would not constitute reconstruction pursuant to Rule 62-204.800(7), F.A.C.

[Rules 62-210.300(1) & (2), F.A.C.]

19. Not federally enforceable. Notification of Startup. The owner or operator of any emissions unit or facility which has a valid air operation permit and which has been shut down more than one (1) year, shall notify the Department in writing of the intent to start up such emissions unit or facility, a minimum of sixty (60) days prior to the intended startup date.

- (a) The notification shall include the planned startup date, anticipated emission rates or pollutants released, changes to processes or control devices which will result in changes to emission rates, and any other conditions which may differ from the valid outstanding operation permit.
- (b) If, due to an emergency, a startup date is not known 60 days prior thereto, the owner shall notify the Department as soon as possible after the date of such startup is ascertained.

[Rule 62-210.300(5), F.A.C.]

20. Emissions Unit Reclassification.

(a) Any emissions unit whose operation permit has been revoked as provided for in Chapter 62-4, F.A.C., shall be deemed permanently shut down for purposes of Rule 62-212.500, F.A.C. Any emissions unit whose permit to operate has expired without timely renewal or transfer may be deemed permanently shut down, provided, however, that no such emissions unit shall be deemed permanently shut down if, within 20 days after receipt of written notice from the Department, the emissions unit owner or operator demonstrates that the permit expiration resulted from inadvertent failure to comply with the requirements of Rule 62-4.090, F.A.C., and that the owner or operator intends to continue the emissions unit in operation, and either submits an application for an air operation permit or complies with permit transfer requirements, if applicable.

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(b) If the owner or operator of an emissions unit which is so permanently shut down, applies to the Department for a permit to reactivate or operate such emissions unit, the emissions unit will be reviewed and permitted as a new emissions unit.
[Rule 62-210.300(6), F.A.C.]

21. Public Notice and Comment.

(1) Public Notice of Proposed Agency Action.

(a) A notice of proposed agency action on permit application, where the proposed agency action is to issue the permit, shall be published by any applicant for:

1. An air construction permit;
2. An air operation permit, permit renewal or permit revision subject to Rule 62-210.300(2)(b), F.A.C., (i.e., a FESOP), except as provided in Rule 62-210.300(2)(b)1.b., F.A.C.; or
3. An air operation permit, permit renewal, or permit revision subject to Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., except those permit revisions meeting the requirements of Rule 62-213.412(1), F.A.C.

(b) The notice required by Rule 62-210.350(1)(a), F.A.C., shall be published in accordance with all otherwise applicable provisions of Rule 62-110.106, F.A.C. A public notice under Rule 62-210.350(1)(a)1., F.A.C., for an air construction permit may be combined with any required public notice under Rule 62-210.350(1)(a)2. or 3., F.A.C., for air operation permits. If such notices are combined, the public notice must comply with the requirements for both notices.

(c) Except as otherwise provided at Rules 62-210.350(2) and (5), F.A.C., each notice of intent to issue an air construction permit shall provide a 14-day period for submittal of public comments.

(2) Additional Public Notice Requirements for Emissions Units Subject to Prevention of Significant Deterioration or Nonattainment - Area Preconstruction Review.

(a) Before taking final agency action on a construction permit application for any proposed new or modified facility or emissions unit subject to the preconstruction review requirements of Rule 62-212.400 or 62-212.500, F.A.C., the Department shall comply with all applicable provisions of Rule 62-110.106, F.A.C., and provide an opportunity for public comment which shall include as a minimum the following:

1. A complete file available for public inspection in at least one location in the district affected which includes the information submitted by the owner or operator, exclusive of confidential records under Section 403.111, F.S., and the Department's analysis of the effect of the proposed construction or modification on ambient air quality, including the Department's preliminary determination of whether the permit should be approved or disapproved;
2. A 30-day period for submittal of public comments; and
3. A notice, by advertisement in a newspaper of general circulation in the county affected, specifying the nature and location of the proposed facility or emissions unit, whether BACT or LAER has been determined, the degree of PSD increment consumption expected, if applicable, and the location of the information specified in paragraph 1. above; and notifying the public of the opportunity for submitting comments and requesting a public hearing.

(b) The notice provided for in Rule 62-210.350(2)(a)3., F.A.C., shall be prepared by the Department and published by the applicant in accordance with all applicable provisions of Rule 62-110.106, F.A.C., except that the applicant shall cause the notice to be published no later than thirty (30) days prior to final agency action.

(c) A copy of the notice provided for in Rule 62-210.350(2)(a)3., F.A.C., shall also be sent by the Department to the Regional Office of the U. S. Environmental Protection Agency and to all other state and local officials or agencies having cognizance over the location of such new or modified facility or emissions unit, including local air pollution control agencies, chief executives of city or county government, regional land use planning agencies, and any other state, Federal Land Manager, or Indian Governing Body whose lands may be affected by emissions from the new or modified facility or emissions unit.

(d) A copy of the notice provided for in Rule 62-210.350(2)(a)3., F.A.C., shall be displayed in the appropriate district, branch and local program offices.

(e) An opportunity for public hearing shall be provided in accordance with Chapter 120, F.S., and Rule 62-110.106, F.A.C.

(f) Any public comments received shall be made available for public inspection in the location where the information specified in Rule 62-210.350(2)(a)1., F.A.C., is available and shall be considered by the Department in making a final determination to approve or deny the permit.

(g) The final determination shall be made available for public inspection at the same location where the information specified in Rule 62-210.350(2)(a)1., F.A.C., was made available.

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(h) For a proposed new or modified emissions unit which would be located within 100 kilometers of any Federal Class I area or whose emissions may affect any Federal Class I area, and which would be subject to the preconstruction review requirements of Rule 62-212.400, F.A.C., or Rule 62-212.500, F.A.C.:

1. The Department shall mail or transmit to the Administrator a copy of the initial application for an air construction permit and notice of every action related to the consideration of the permit application.
2. The Department shall mail or transmit to the Federal Land Manager of each affected Class I area a copy of any written notice of intent to apply for an air construction permit; the initial application for an air construction permit, including all required analyses and demonstrations; any subsequently submitted information related to the application; the preliminary determination and notice of proposed agency action on the permit application; and any petition for an administrative hearing regarding the application or the Department's proposed action. Each such document shall be mailed or transmitted to the Federal Land Manager within fourteen (14) days after its receipt by the Department.

(3) Additional Public Notice Requirements for Facilities Subject to Operation Permits for Title V Sources.

(a) Before taking final agency action to issue a new, renewed, or revised air operation permit subject to Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., the Department shall comply with all applicable provisions of Rule 62-110.106, F.A.C., and provide an opportunity for public comment which shall include as a minimum the following:

1. A complete file available for public inspection in at least one location in the district affected which includes the information submitted by the owner or operator, exclusive of confidential records under Section 403.111, F.S.; and,
2. A 30-day period for submittal of public comments.

(b) The notice provided for in Rule 62-210.350(3)(a), F.A.C., shall be prepared by the Department and published by the applicant in accordance with all applicable provisions of Rule 62-110.106, F.A.C., except that the applicant shall cause the notice to be published no later than thirty (30) days prior to final agency action.

(c) The notice shall identify:

1. The facility;
2. The name and address of the office at which processing of the permit occurs;
3. The activity or activities involved in the permit action;
4. The emissions change involved in any permit revision;
5. The name, address, and telephone number of a Department representative from whom interested persons may obtain additional information, including copies of the permit draft, the application, and all relevant supporting materials, including any permit application, compliance plan, permit, monitoring report, and compliance statement required pursuant to Chapter 62-213, F.A.C. (except for information entitled to confidential treatment pursuant to Section 403.111, F.S.), and all other materials available to the Department that are relevant to the permit decision;
6. A brief description of the comment procedures required by Rule 62-210.350(3), F.A.C.;
7. The time and place of any hearing that may be held, including a statement of procedure to request a hearing (unless a hearing has already been scheduled); and,
8. The procedures by which persons may petition the Administrator to object to the issuance of the proposed permit after expiration of the Administrator's 45-day review period.

[Rule 62-210.350, F.A.C.]

22. Administrative Permit Corrections.

(1) A facility owner shall notify the Department by letter of minor corrections to information contained in a permit. Such notifications shall include:

- (a) Typographical errors noted in the permit;
- (b) Name, address or phone number change from that in the permit;
- (c) A change requiring more frequent monitoring or reporting by the permittee;
- (d) Changes listed at 40 CFR 72.83(a)(1), (2), (6), (9) and (10), hereby adopted and incorporated by reference, to Title V sources subject to emissions limitations or reductions pursuant to 42 USC ss. 7651-7651o;
- (e) Changes listed at 40 CFR 72.83(a)(11), hereby adopted and incorporated by reference, to Title V sources subject to emissions limitations or reductions pursuant to 42 USC ss. 7651-7651o, provided the notification is accompanied by a copy of any EPA determination concerning the similarity of the change to those listed at Rule 62-210.360(1)(d), F.A.C.; and
- (f) Any other similar minor administrative change at the source.

(2) Upon receipt of any such notification the Department shall within 60 days correct the permit and provide a corrected copy to the owner.

(3) After first notifying the owner, the Department shall correct any permit in which it discovers errors of the types listed at Rule 62-210.360(1)(a) and (b), F.A.C., and provide a corrected copy to the owner.

(4) For Title V source permits, other than general permits, a copy of the corrected permit shall be provided to EPA and any approved local air program in the county where the facility or any part of the facility is located.

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(5) The Department shall incorporate requirements resulting from issuance of a new or revised construction permit into an existing Title V source permit, if the construction permit or permit revision incorporates requirements of federally enforceable preconstruction review, and if the applicant requests at the time of application that all of the requirements of Rule 62-213.430(1), F.A.C., be complied with in conjunction with the processing of the construction permit application.

[Rule 62-210.360, F.A.C.]

23. Reports.

(3) Annual Operating Report for Air Pollutant Emitting Facility.

(a) The Annual Operating Report for Air Pollutant Emitting Facility (DEP Form No. 62-210.900(5)) shall be completed each year.

(c) The annual operating report shall be submitted to the appropriate Department District or Department approved local air pollution control program office by March 1 of the following year unless otherwise indicated by permit condition or Department request.

[Rule 62-210.370(3), F.A.C.]

24. Circumvention. No person shall circumvent any air pollution control device, or allow the emission of air pollutants without the applicable air pollution control device operating properly.

[Rule 62-210.650, F.A.C.]

25. Forms and Instructions. The forms used by the Department in the stationary source control program are adopted and incorporated by reference in this section. The forms are listed by rule number, which is also the form number, with the subject, title and effective date. Forms 62-210.900(1),(3),(4) and (5), F.A.C., including instructions, are available from the Department as hard-copy documents or executable files on computer diskettes. Copies of forms (hard-copy or diskette) may be obtained by writing to the Department of Environmental Protection, Division of Air Resources Management, 2600 Blair Stone Road, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400. Notwithstanding the requirement of Rule 62-4.050(2), F.A.C., to file application forms in quadruplicate, if an air permit application is submitted using the Department's electronic application form, only one copy of the diskette and signature pages is required to be submitted.

(1) Application for Air Permit - Title V Source, Form and Instructions (Effective 2-11-99).

(a) Acid Rain Part (Phase II), Form and Instructions (Effective 7-1-95).

1. Repowering Extension Plan, Form and Instructions (Effective 7-1-95).

2. New Unit Exemption, Form and Instructions (Effective 7-1-95).

3. Retired Unit Exemption, Form and Instructions (Effective 7-1-95).

4. Phase II NOx Compliance Plan, Form and Instructions (Effective 1-6-98).

5. Phase II NOx Averaging Plan, Form (Effective 1-6-98).

(b) Reserved.

(5) Annual Operating Report for Air Pollutant Emitting Facility, Form and Instructions (Effective 2-11-99).

[Rule 62-210.900, F.A.C.]

Chapter 62-213, F.A.C.

26. Annual Emissions Fee. Each Title V source permitted to operate in Florida must pay between January 15 and March 1 of each year, upon written notice from the Department, an annual emissions fee in accordance with Rule 62-213.205, F.A.C., and the appropriate form and associated instructions.

[Rules 62-213.205 and 62-213.900(1), F.A.C.]

27. Annual Emissions Fee. Failure to pay timely any required annual emissions fee, penalty, or interest constitutes grounds for permit revocation pursuant to Rule 62-4.100, F.A.C.

[Rule 62-213.205(1)(g), F.A.C.]

28. Annual Emissions Fee. Any documentation of actual hours of operation, actual material or heat input, actual production amount, or actual emissions used to calculate the annual emissions fee shall be retained by the owner for a minimum of five (5) years and shall be made available to the Department upon request.

[Rule 62-213.205(1)(j), F.A.C.]

29. Annual Emissions Fee. A completed DEP Form 62-213.900(1), F.A.C., "Major Air Pollution Source Annual Emissions Fee Form", must be submitted by the responsible official with the annual emissions fee.

[Rule 62-213.205(1)(k), F.A.C.]

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30. Air Operation Permit Fees. After December 31, 1992, no permit application processing fee, renewal fee, modification fee or amendment fee is required for an operation permit for a Title V source.

[Rule 62-213.205(4), F.A.C.]

31. Permits and Permit Revisions Required. All Title V sources are subject to the permit requirements of Chapter 62-213, F.A.C.

(1) No Title V source may operate except in compliance with Chapter 62-213, F.A.C.

(2) Except as provided in Rule 62-213.410, F.A.C., no source with a permit issued under the provisions of this chapter shall make any changes in its operation without first applying for and receiving a permit revision if the change meets any of the following:

- (a) Constitutes a modification;
- (b) Violates any applicable requirement;
- (c) Exceeds the allowable emissions of any air pollutant from any unit within the source;
- (d) Contravenes any permit term or condition for monitoring, testing, recordkeeping, reporting or of a compliance certification requirement;
- (e) Requires a case-by-case determination of an emission limitation or other standard or a source specific determination of ambient impacts, or a visibility or increment analysis under the provisions of Chapters 62-212 or 62-296, F.A.C.;
- (f) Violates a permit term or condition which the source has assumed for which there is no corresponding underlying applicable requirement to which the source would otherwise be subject;
- (g) Results in the trading of emissions among units within a source except as specifically authorized pursuant to Rule 62-213.415, F.A.C.
- (h) Results in the change of location of any relocatable facility identified as a Title V source pursuant to paragraph (a)-(e), (g) or (h) of the definition of "major source of air pollution" at Rule 62-210.200, F.A.C
- (i) Constitutes a change at an Acid Rain Source under the provisions of 40 CFR 72.81(a)(1),(2),or (3),(b)(1) or (b)(3), hereby incorporated by reference;
- (j) Constitutes a change in a repowering plan, nitrogen oxides averaging plan, or nitrogen oxides compliance deadline extension at an Acid Rain Source.
- (k) Is a request for exemption pursuant to Rule 62-214.340, F.A.C.

[Rule 62-213.400(1) & (2), F.A.C.]

32. Changes Without Permit Revision. Title V sources having a valid permit issued pursuant to Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., may make the following changes without permit revision, provided that sources shall maintain source logs or records to verify periods of operation in each alternative method of operation:

- (1) Permitted sources may change among those alternative methods of operation allowed by the source's permit as provided by the terms of the permit;
- (2) Permitted sources may implement the terms or conditions of a new or revised construction permit if;
 - (a) The application for construction permit complied with the requirements of Rule 62-213.420(3) and (4), F.A.C.;
 - (b) The terms or conditions were subject to federally enforceable preconstruction review pursuant to Chapter 62-212, F.A.C.;and,
 - (c) The new or revised construction permit was issued after the Department and the applicant complied with all the requirements of Rule 62-213.430(1), F.A.C.;
- (3) A permitted source may implement operating changes after the source submits any forms required by any applicable requirement and provides the Department and EPA with at least 7 days written notice prior to implementation. The source and the Department shall attach each notice to the relevant permit;
 - (a) The written notice shall include the date on which the change will occur, and a description of the change within the permitted source, the pollutants emitted and any change in emissions, and any term or condition becoming applicable or no longer applicable as a result of the change;
 - (b) The permit shield described in Rule 62-213.460, F.A.C., shall not apply to such changes;
- (4) Permitted sources may implement changes involving modes of operation only in accordance with Rule 62-213.415, F.A.C.

[Rule 62-213.410, F.A.C.]

33. Immediate Implementation Pending Revision Process.

(1) Those permitted Title V sources making any change that constitutes a modification pursuant to the definition of modification at Rule 62-210.200, F.A.C., but which would not constitute a modification pursuant to 42 USC 7412(a) or to 40 CFR 52.01, 60.2, or 61.15, adopted and incorporated by reference at Rule 62-204.800, F.A.C., may implement such change prior to final issuance of a permit revision in accordance with this section, provided the change:

- (a) Does not violate any applicable requirement;
- (b) Does not contravene any permit term or condition for monitoring, testing, recordkeeping or reporting, or any compliance certification requirement;

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- (c) Does not require or change a case-by-case determination of an emission limitation or other standard, or a source-specific determination of ambient impacts, or a visibility or increment analysis under the provisions of Chapter 62-212 or 62-296, F.A.C.;
- (d) Does not seek to establish or change a permit term or condition for which there is no corresponding underlying applicable requirement and that the source has assumed to avoid an applicable requirement to which the source would otherwise be subject including any federally enforceable emissions cap or federally enforceable alternative emissions limit.
- (2) A Title V source may immediately implement such changes after they have been incorporated into the terms and conditions of a new or revised construction permit issued pursuant to Chapter 62-212, F.A.C., and after the source provides to EPA, the Department, each affected state and any approved local air program having geographic jurisdiction over the source, a copy of the source's application for operation permit revision. The Title V source may conform its application for construction permit to include all information required by Rule 62-213.420, F.A.C., in lieu of submitting separate application forms.
- (3) The Department shall process the application for operation permit revision in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., except that the Department shall issue a draft permit revision or a determination to deny the revision within 60 days of receipt of a complete application for operation permit revision or, if the Title V source has submitted a construction permit application conforming to the requirements of Rule 62-213.420, F.A.C., the Department shall issue a draft permit or a determination to deny the revision at the same time the Department issues its determination on issuance or denial of the construction permit application. The Department shall not take final action until all the requirements of Rule 62-213.430(1)(a), (c), (d), and (e), F.A.C., have been complied with.
- (4) Pending final action on the operation permit revision application, the source shall implement the changes in accordance with the terms and conditions of the source's new or revised construction permit.
- (5) The permit shield described in Rule 62-213.460, F.A.C., shall not apply to such changes until after the Department takes final action to issue the operation permit revision.
- (6) If the Department denies the source's application for operation permit revision, the source shall cease implementation of the proposed changes.
- [Rule 62-213.412, F.A.C.]

34. Permit Applications.

- (1) Duty to Apply. For each Title V source, the owner or operator shall submit a timely and complete permit application in compliance with the requirements of Rules 62-213.420, 62-4.050(1) & (2), and 62-210.900, F.A.C.
- (a) Timely Application.
3. For purposes of permit renewal, a timely application is one that is submitted in accordance with Rule 62-4.090, F.A.C.
- (b) Complete Application.
1. Any applicant for a Title V permit, permit revision or permit renewal must submit an application on DEP Form No. 62-210.900(1), which must include all the information specified by Rule 62-213.420(3), F.A.C., except that an application for permit revision must contain only that information related to the proposed change. The applicant shall include information concerning fugitive emissions and stack emissions in the application. Each application for permit, permit revision or permit renewal shall be certified by a responsible official in accordance with Rule 62-213.420(4), F.A.C.
2. For those applicants submitting initial permit applications pursuant to Rule 62-213.420(1)(a)1., F.A.C., a complete application shall be an application that substantially addresses all the information required by the application form number 62-210.900(1), and such applications shall be deemed complete within sixty days of receipt of a signed and certified application unless the Department notifies the applicant of incompleteness within that time. For all other applicants, the applications shall be deemed complete sixty days after receipt, unless the Department, within sixty days after receipt of a signed application for permit, permit revision or permit renewal, requests additional documentation or information needed to process the application. An applicant making timely and complete application for permit, or timely application for permit renewal as described by Rule 62-4.090(1), F.A.C., shall continue to operate the source under the authority and provisions of any existing valid permit or Florida Electrical Power Plant Siting Certification, provided the applicant complies with all the provisions of Rules 62-213.420(1)(b)3. and 4. F.A.C. Failure of the Department to request additional information within sixty days of receipt of a properly signed application shall not impair the Department's ability to request additional information pursuant to Rules 62-213.420(1)(b)3. and 4., F.A.C.

3. For those permit applications submitted pursuant to the provisions of Rule 62-213.420(1)(a)1., F.A.C., the Department shall notify the applicant if the Department becomes aware at any time during processing of the application that the application contains incorrect or incomplete information. The applicant shall submit the corrected or supplementary information to the Department within ninety days unless the applicant has requested and been granted additional time to submit the information. Failure of an applicant to submit corrected or supplementary information requested by the Department within ninety days or such additional time as requested and granted shall render the application incomplete.

4. For all applications other than those addressed at Rule 62-213.420(1)(b)3., F.A.C., should the Department become aware, during processing of any application that the application contains incorrect information, or should the Department become aware, as a result of comment from an affected State, an approved local air program, EPA, or the public that additional information is needed to evaluate the application, the Department shall notify the applicant within 30 days. When an applicant becomes aware that an application contains incorrect or incomplete information, the applicant shall submit the corrected or supplementary information to the Department. If the Department notifies an applicant that corrected or supplementary information is necessary to process the permit, and requests a response, the applicant shall provide the information to the Department within ninety days of the Department request unless the applicant has requested and been granted additional time to submit the information or, the applicant shall, within ninety days, submit a written request that the Department process the application without the information. Failure of an applicant to submit corrected or supplementary information requested by the Department within ninety days, or such additional time as requested and granted, or to demand in writing within ninety days that the application be processed without the information shall render the application incomplete. Nothing in this section shall limit any other remedies available to the Department.

[Rules 62-213.420(1)(a)3. and 62-213.420(1)(b)1., 2., 3. & 4., F.A.C.]

35. Confidential Information. Whenever an applicant submits information under a claim of confidentiality pursuant to Section 403.111, F.S., the applicant shall also submit a copy of all such information and claim directly to EPA. (also, see Condition No. 50.) [Rule 62-213.420(2), F.A.C.]

36. Standard Application Form and Required Information. Applications shall be submitted under Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., on forms provided by the Department and adopted by reference in Rule 62-210.900(1), F.A.C. The information as described in Rule 62-210.900(1), F.A.C., shall be included for the Title V source and each emissions unit. An application must include information sufficient to determine all applicable requirements for the Title V source and each emissions unit and to evaluate a fee amount pursuant to Rule 62-213.205, F.A.C. [Rule 62-213.420(3), F.A.C.]

37. Certification by Responsible Official (RO). In addition to the professional engineering certification required for applications by Rule 62-4.050(3), F.A.C., any application form, report, compliance statement, compliance plan and compliance schedule submitted pursuant to Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., shall contain a certification signed by a responsible official that, based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in the document are true, accurate, and complete. [Rule 62-213.420(4), F.A.C.]

38. a. Permit Renewal and Expiration. Permits being renewed are subject to the same requirements that apply to permit issuance at the time of application for renewal. Permit renewal applications shall contain that information identified in Rules 62-210.900(1) and 62-213.420(3), F.A.C. Unless a Title V source submits a timely application for permit renewal in accordance with the requirements of Rule 62-4.090(1), F.A.C., the existing permit shall expire and the source's right to operate shall terminate.

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b. Permit Revision Procedures. Permit revisions shall meet all requirements of Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., including those for content of applications, public participation, review by approved local programs and affected states, and review by EPA, as they apply to permit issuance and renewal, except that permit revisions for those activities implemented pursuant to Rule 62-213.412, F.A.C., need not meet the requirements of Rule 62-213.430(1)(b), F.A.C. The Department shall require permit revision in accordance with the provisions of Rule 62-4.080, F.A.C., and 40 CFR 70.7(f), whenever any source becomes subject to any condition listed at 40 CFR 70.7(f)(1), hereby adopted and incorporated by reference. The below requirements from 40 CFR 70.7(f) are adopted and incorporated by reference in Rule 62-213.430(4), F.A.C.:

o 40 CFR 70.7(f): Reopening for Cause. (also, see Condition No. 4)

(1) This section contains provisions from 40 CFR 70.7(f) that specify the conditions under which a Title V permit shall be reopened prior to the expiration of the permit. A Title V permit shall be reopened and revised under any of the following circumstances:

(i) Additional applicable requirements under the Act become applicable to a major Part 70 source with a remaining permit term of 3 or more years. Such a reopening shall be completed not later than 18 months after promulgation of the applicable requirement. No such reopening is required if the effective date of the requirement is later than the date on which the permit is due to expire, unless the original permit or any of its terms and conditions has been extended pursuant to 40 CFR 70.4(b)(10)(i) or (ii).

(ii) Additional requirements (including excess emissions requirements) become applicable to an affected source under the acid rain program. Upon approved by the Administrator, excess emissions offset plans shall be deemed to be incorporated into the permit.

(iii) The permitting authority or EPA determines that the permit contains a material mistake or that inaccurate statements were made in establishing the emissions standards or other terms or conditions of the permit.

(iv) The Administrator or the permitting authority determines that the permit must be revised or revoked to assure compliance with the applicable requirements.

(2) Proceedings to reopen and issue a permit shall follow the same procedures as apply to initial permit issuance and shall affect only those parts of the permit for which cause to reopen exists. Such reopening shall be made as expeditiously as practicable.

(3) Reopenings under 40 CFR 70.7(f)(1) shall not be initiated before a notice of such intent is provided to the Part 70 source by the permitting authority at least 30 days in advance of the date that the permit is to be reopened, except that the permitting authority may provide a shorter time period in the case of an emergency.

[Rules 62-213.430(3) & (4), F.A.C.; and, 40 CFR 70.7(f)]

39. Insignificant Emissions Units or Pollutant-Emitting Activities.

(a) All requests for determination of insignificant emissions units or activities made pursuant to Rule 62-213.420(3)(m), F.A.C., shall be processed in conjunction with the permit, permit renewal or permit revision application submitted pursuant to Chapter 62-213, F.A.C. Insignificant emissions units or activities shall be approved by the Department consistent with the provisions of Rule 62-4.040(1)(b), F.A.C. Emissions units or activities which are added to a Title V source after issuance of a permit under Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., shall be incorporated into the permit at its next renewal, provided such emissions units or activities have been exempted from the requirement to obtain an air construction permit and also qualify as insignificant pursuant to Rule 62-213.430(6), F.A.C.

(b) An emissions unit or activity shall be considered insignificant if:

1. Such unit or activity would be subject to no unit-specific applicable requirement;
2. Such unit or activity, in combination with other units or activities proposed as insignificant, would not cause the facility to exceed any major source threshold(s) as defined in Rule 62-213.420(3)(c)1., F.A.C., unless it is acknowledged in the permit application that such units or activities would cause the facility to exceed such threshold(s); and
3. Such unit or activity would not emit or have the potential to emit:
 - a. 500 pounds per year or more of lead and lead compounds expressed as lead;
 - b. 1,000 pounds per year or more of any hazardous air pollutant;
 - c. 2,500 pounds per year or more of total hazardous air pollutants; or
 - d. 5.0 tons per year or more of any other regulated pollutant.

[Rule 62-213.430(6), F.A.C.]

40. Permit Duration. Operation permits for Title V sources may not be extended as provided in Rule 62-4.080(3), F.A.C., if such extension will result in a permit term greater than five (5) years.

[Rule 62-213.440(1)(a), F.A.C.]

APPENDIX TV-3, TITLE V CONDITIONS (version dated 04/30/99) (continued)

41. Monitoring Information. All records of monitoring information shall specify the date, place, and time of sampling or measurement and the operating conditions at the time of sampling or measurement, the date(s) analyses were performed, the company or entity that performed the analyses, the analytical techniques or methods used, and the results of such analyses.
[Rule 62-213.440(1)(b)2.a., F.A.C.]
42. Retention of Records. Retention of records of all monitoring data and support information shall be for a period of at least 5 years from the date of the monitoring sample, measurement, report, or application. Support information includes all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip-chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, and copies of all reports required by the permit.
[Rule 62-213.440(1)(b)2.b., F.A.C.]
43. Monitoring Reports. The permittee shall submit reports of any required monitoring at least every six (6) months. All instances of deviations from permit requirements must be clearly identified in such reports.
[Rule 62-213.440(1)(b)3.a., F.A.C.]
44. Deviation from Permit Requirements Reports. The permittee shall report in accordance with the requirements of Rules 62-210.700(6) and 62-4.130, F.A.C., any deviations from permit requirements, including those attributable to upset conditions as defined in the permit. Reports shall include the probable cause of such deviations, and any corrective actions or preventive measures taken.
[Rule 62-213.440(1)(b)3.b., F.A.C.]
45. Reports. All reports shall be accompanied by a certification by a responsible official, pursuant to Rule 62-213.420(4), F.A.C.
[Rule 62-213.440(1)(b)3.c., F.A.C.]
46. If any portion of the final permit is invalidated, the remainder of the permit shall remain in effect.
[Rule 62-213.440(1)(d)1., F.A.C.]
47. It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that maintaining compliance with any permit condition would necessitate halting of or reduction of the source activity.
[Rule 62-213.440(1)(d)3., F.A.C.]
48. A Title V source shall comply with all the terms and conditions of the existing permit until the Department has taken final action on any permit renewal or any requested permit revision, except as provided at Rule 62-213.412(2), F.A.C.
[Rule 62-213.440(1)(d)4., F.A.C.]
49. A situation arising from sudden and unforeseeable events beyond the control of the source which causes an exceedance of a technology-based emissions limitation because of unavoidable increases in emissions attributable to the situation and which requires immediate corrective action to restore normal operation, shall be an affirmative defense to an enforcement action in accordance with the provisions and requirements of 40 CFR 70.6(g)(2) and (3), hereby adopted and incorporated by reference.
[Rule 62-213.440(1)(d)5., F.A.C.]
50. Confidentiality Claims. Any permittee may claim confidentiality of any data or other information by complying with Rule 62-213.420(2), F.A.C. (also, see Condition No. 35.)
[Rule 62-213.440(1)(d)6., F.A.C.]

APPENDIX TV-3, TITLE V CONDITIONS (version dated 04/30/99) (continued)

51. Statement of Compliance. The permittee shall submit a statement of compliance with all terms and conditions of the permit. Such statements shall be submitted to the Department and EPA annually, or more frequently if specified by Rule 62-213.440(2), F.A.C., or by any other applicable requirement. Such statements shall be accompanied by a certification in accordance with Rule 62-213.420(4), F.A.C. The statement of compliance shall include all the provisions of 40 CFR 70.6(c)(5)(iii), incorporated by reference at Rule 62-204.800, F.A.C.

o 40 CFR 70.6(c)(5)(iii). The compliance certification shall include all of the following (provided that the identification of applicable information may cross-reference the permit or previous reports, as applicable):

(A) The identification of each term or condition of the permit that is the basis of the certification;

(B) The identification of the method(s) or other means used by the owner or operator for determining the compliance status with each term and condition during the certification period, and whether such methods or other means provide continuous or intermittent data. Such methods and other means shall include, at a minimum, the methods and means required under 40 CFR 70.6(a)(3). If necessary, the owner or operator also shall identify any other material information that must be included in the certification to comply with section 113(c)(2) of the Act, which prohibits knowingly making a false certification or omitting material information;

(C) The status of compliance with the terms and conditions of the permit for the period covered by the certification, based on the method or means designated in paragraph (c)(5)(iii)(B) of this section. The certification shall identify each deviation and take it into account in the compliance certification. The certification shall also identify as possible exceptions to compliance any periods during which compliance is required and in which an excursion or exceedance as defined under part 64 of this chapter occurred; and

(D) Such other facts as the permitting authority may require to determine the compliance status of the source.

The statement shall be accompanied by a certification by a responsible official, in accordance with Rule 62-213.420(4), F.A.C. The responsible official may treat compliance with all other applicable requirements as a surrogate for compliance with Rule 62-296.320(2), Objectionable Odor Prohibited.

[Rule 62-213.440(3), F.A.C.]

52. Permit Shield. Except as provided in Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., compliance with the terms and conditions of a permit issued pursuant to Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., shall be deemed compliance with any applicable requirements in effect as of the date of permit issuance, provided that the source included such applicable requirements in the permit application. Nothing in Rule 62-213.460, F.A.C., or in any permit shall alter or affect the ability of EPA or the Department to deal with an emergency, the liability of an owner or operator of a source for any violation of applicable requirements prior to or at the time of permit issuance, or the requirements of the Federal Acid Rain Program.

{Permitting note: The permit shield is not in effect until the effective date of the permit.}

[Rule 62-213.460, F.A.C.]

53. Forms and Instructions. The forms used by the Department in the Title V source operation program are adopted and incorporated by reference in Rule 62-213.900, F.A.C. The form is listed by rule number, which is also the form number, and with the subject, title, and effective date. Copies of forms may be obtained by writing to the Department of Environmental Protection, Division of Air Resources Management, 2600 Blair Stone Road, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400, or by contacting the appropriate permitting authority.

(1) Major Air Pollution Source Annual Emissions Fee (AEF) Form.

[Rule 62-213.900(1), F.A.C.]

Chapter 62-256, F.A.C.

54. Not federally enforceable. Open Burning. This permit does not authorize any open burning nor does it constitute any waiver of the requirements of Chapter 62-256, F.A.C. Source shall comply with Chapter 62-256, F.A.C., for any open burning at the source.

[Chapter 62-256, F.A.C.]

Chapter 62-281, F.A.C.

55. Refrigerant Requirements. Any facility having refrigeration equipment, including air conditioning equipment, which uses a Class I or II substance (listed at 40 CFR 82, Subpart A, Appendices A and B), and any facility which maintains, services, or repairs motor vehicles using a Class I or Class II substance as refrigerant must comply with all requirements of 40 CFR 82, Subparts B and F, and with Rule 62-281.100, F.A.C. Those requirements include the following restrictions:

(1) Any facility having any refrigeration equipment normally containing 50 (fifty) pounds of refrigerant, or more, must keep servicing records documenting the date and type of all service and the quantity of any refrigerant added pursuant to 40 CFR 82.166;

APPENDIX TV-3, TITLE V CONDITIONS (version dated 04/30/99) (continued)

- (2) No person repairing or servicing a motor vehicle may perform any service on a motor vehicle air conditioner (MVAC) involving the refrigerant for such air conditioner unless the person has been properly trained and certified as provided at 40 CFR 82.34 and 40 CFR 82.40, and properly uses equipment approved pursuant to 40 CFR 82.36 and 40 CFR 82.38, and complies with 40 CFR 82.42;
- (3) No person may sell or distribute, or offer for sale or distribution, any substance listed as a Class I or Class II substance at 40 CFR 82, Subpart A, Appendices A and B, except in compliance with Rule 62-281.100, F.A.C., and 40 CFR 82.34(b), 40 CFR 82.42, and/or 40 CFR 82.166;
- (4) No person maintaining, servicing, repairing, or disposing of appliances may knowingly vent or otherwise release into the atmosphere any Class I or Class II substance used as a refrigerant in such equipment and no other person may open appliances (except MVACs as defined at 40 CFR 82.152) for service, maintenance or repair unless the person has been properly trained and certified pursuant to 40 CFR 82.161 and unless the person uses equipment certified for that type of appliance pursuant to 40 CFR 82.158 and unless the person observes the practices set forth at 40 CFR 82.156 and 40 CFR 82.166;
- (5) No person may dispose of appliances (except small appliances, as defined at 40 CFR 82.152) without using equipment certified for that type of appliance pursuant to 40 CFR 82.158 and without observing the practices set forth at 40 CFR 82.156 and 40 CFR 82.166;
- (6) No person may recover refrigerant from small appliances, MVACs and MVAC-like appliances (as defined at 40 CFR 82.152), except in compliance with the requirements of 40 CFR 82, Subpart F.
[40 CFR 82; and, Chapter 62-281, F.A.C. (Chapter 62-281, F.A.C., is not federally enforceable)]

Chapter 62-296, F.A.C.

56. Industrial, Commercial, and Municipal Open Burning Prohibited. Open burning in connection with industrial, commercial, or municipal operations is prohibited, except when:

- (a) Open burning is determined by the Department to be the only feasible method of operation and is authorized by an air permit issued pursuant to Chapter 62-210 or 62-213, F.A.C.; or
- (b) An emergency exists which requires immediate action to protect human health and safety; or
- (c) A county or municipality would use a portable air curtain incinerator to burn yard trash generated by a hurricane, tornado, fire or other disaster and the air curtain incinerator would otherwise be operated in accordance with the permitting exemption criteria of Rule 62-210.300(3), F.A.C.

[Rule 62-296.320(3), F.A.C.]

58. Unconfined Emissions of Particulate Matter.

(4)(c)1. No person shall cause, let, permit, suffer or allow the emissions of unconfined particulate matter from any emissions unit whatsoever, including, but not limited to, vehicular movement, transportation of materials, construction, alteration, demolition or wrecking, or industrially related activities such as loading, unloading, storing or handling, without taking reasonable precautions to prevent such emission.

3. Reasonable precautions may include, but shall not be limited to the following:

- a. Paving and maintenance of roads, parking areas and yards.
- b. Application of water or chemicals to control emissions from such activities as demolition of buildings, grading roads, construction, and land clearing.
- c. Application of asphalt, water, oil, chemicals or other dust suppressants to unpaved roads, yards, open stock piles and similar emissions units.
- d. Removal of particulate matter from roads and other paved areas under the control of the owner or operator of the emissions unit to prevent reentrainment, and from buildings or work areas to prevent particulate from becoming airborne.
- e. Landscaping or planting of vegetation.
- f. Use of hoods, fans, filters, and similar equipment to contain, capture and/or vent particulate matter.
- g. Confining abrasive blasting where possible.
- h. Enclosure or covering of conveyor systems.

4. In determining what constitutes reasonable precautions for a particular facility, the Department shall consider the cost of the control technique or work practice, the environmental impacts of the technique or practice, and the degree of reduction of emissions expected from a particular technique or practice.

[Rules 62-296.320(4)(c)1., 3., & 4. F.A.C.]

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Appendix H-1, Permit History/ID Number Changes

Florida Power Corporation
P. L. Bartow

Revised DRAFT Permit No.: 1030011-002-AV
Facility ID No.: 1030011

Permit History (for tracking purposes):

E.U.						
<u>ID No</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Permit No.</u>	<u>Issue Date</u>	<u>Expiration Date</u>	<u>Extended Date^{1,2}</u>	<u>Revised Date(s)</u>
-001	Bartow Plant Unit #1	AO52-233149	12/29/93	12/28/98		02/19/97
-002	Bartow Plant Boiler #2	AO52-216412	01/26/93	09/16/98		02/19/97
-003	Bartow Plant Boiler #3	AO52-216413	01/27/93	09/16/98		08/16/95 02/19/97
-004	Bartow Pipeline Heater Boiler	AO52-244478	04/18/94	04/18/99		
-005	Gas Turbine Peaking Unit #P-1	AO52-253215	11/23/94	11/01/99		01/13/97
-006	Gas Turbine Peaking Unit #P-2	AO52-253216	11/23/94	11/01/99		01/13/97
-007	Gas Turbine Peaking Unit #P-3	AO52-253217	11/23/94	11/01/99		01/13/97
-008	Gas Turbine Peaking Unit #P-4	AO52-253218	11/23/94	11/01/99		01/13/97
-009	Flyash Storage Silo w/Baghouse	AO52-232464	08/30/93	08/26/98		09/04/98
-009	Flyash Storage Silo w/Baghouse	1030011-005-AC	09/04/98			
-009	Flyash Storage Silo w/Baghouse	1030011-006-AC				
-xxx	Relocatable Diesel Generator(s)	AO09-205952		03/31/97		

(if applicable) ID Number Changes (for tracking purposes):

From: **Facility ID No.:** 40PNL520011

To: **Facility ID No.:** 1030011

Notes:

1 - AO permit(s) automatic extension(s) in Rule 62-210.300(2)(a)3.a., F.A.C., effective 03/21/96.

2 - AC permit(s) automatic extension(s) in Rule 62-213.420(1)(a)4., F.A.C., effective 03/20/96.

{Rule 62-213.420(1)(b)2., F.A.C., allows Title V Sources to operate under existing valid permits that were in effect at the time of application until the Title V permit becomes effective}

Table 1-1, Summary of Air Pollutant Standards and Terms

Florida Power Corporation
Bartow Plant

Revised DRAFT Permit No.: 1030011-002-AV
Facility ID No.: 1030011

This table summarizes information for convenience purposes only. This table does not supersede any of the terms or conditions of this permit.

E.U. ID No.	Brief Description
[-001]	No. 1 Unit, Fossil Fuel Fired Steam Generator with Electrostatic Precipitator
[-002]	No. 2 Unit, Fossil Fuel Fired Steam Generator
[-003]	No. 3 Unit, Fossil Fuel Fired Steam Generator

Pollutant Name	Fuel(s)	Hours/Year	Allowable Emissions			Equivalent Emissions*		Regulatory Citation(s)	See permit condition(s)
			Standard(s)	lbs./hour	TPY	lbs./hour	TPY		
PM [EU-001]	All	8,760	0.1 lb/MMBtu	122.0	534.4			Rules 62-296.405(1)(b), 62-296.700(4)(b) & 62-296.702(2)(a)	A.7.
PM [EU-002]	All	8,760	0.1 lb/MMBtu	131.7	576.9			Rules 62-296.405(1)(b), 62-296.700(4)(b) & 62-296.702(2)(a)	A.7.
PM [EU-003]	All	8,760	0.1 lb/MMBtu	221.1	968.6			Rules 62-296.405(1)(b), 62-296.700(4)(b) & 62-296.702(2)(a)	A.7.
PM [EU-001]	All	8,760	0.3 lb/MMBtu	366.0				Rules 62-210.700(3) & 62-296.700(4)(b)	A.8.
PM [EU-002]	All	8,760	0.3 lb/MMBtu	395.1				Rules 62-210.700(3) & 62-296.700(4)(b)	A.8.
PM [EU-003]	All	8,760	0.3 lb/MMBtu	663.3				Rules 62-210.700(3) & 62-296.700(4)(b)	A.8.
SO ₂ [EU-001]	Liquid	8,760	2.75 lb/MMBtu			3,385.0	14,894.3	Rule 62-296.405(1)(c)1.j.	A9.
SO ₂ [EU-002]	Liquid	8,760	2.75 lb/MMBtu			3,621.75	15,863.26	Rule 62-296.405(1)(c)1.j.	A9.
SO ₂ [EU-003]	Liquid	8,760	2.75 lb/MMBtu			5,080.25	25,031.5	Rule 62-296.405(1)(c)1.j.	A9.
SO ₂	Liquid	8,760	2.5% by weight sulfur					Rule 62-296.405(1)(e)3.	A10.
VE	All	8,760	40% opacity					Rule 62-296.405(1)(a) & OGC Orders 86-1577 & 87-1261	A.5.
VE	All	3 hr/24 hr	60% opacity					Rule 62-210.700(3)	A.6.

Notes:
* The "Equivalent Emissions" listed are for informational purposes only.

Table 1-1, Summary of Air Pollutant Standards and Terms

Florida Power Corporation
Bartow Plant

Revised DRAFT Permit No.: 1030011-002-AV
Facility ID No.: 1030011

This table summarizes information for convenience purposes only. This table does not supersede any of the terms or conditions of this permit.

E.U. ID No. **Brief Description**
[-004] Bartow-Anclote Pipeline Heating Boiler

Pollutant Name	Fuel(s)	Hours/Year	Allowable Emissions			Equivalent Emissions*		Regulatory Citation(s)	See permit condition(s)
			Standard(s)	lbs./hour	TPY	lbs./hour	TPY		
SO ₂	Liquid	8,760	0.5% by weight sulfur			8.52	37.34	Rule 62-296.406(3)	B.7.
VE	All	8,760	20% except 40% 2 min/hr					Rule 62-296.406(1)	B.5.
VE	All	3 hr/24 hr	60% opacity					Rule 62-210.700(3)	B.6.

Notes:
* The "Equivalent Emissions" listed are for informational purposes only.

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Table 1-1, Summary of Air Pollutant Standards and Terms

Florida Power Corporation
Bartow Plant

Revised DRAFT Permit No.: 1030011-002-AV
Facility ID No.: 1030011

This table summarizes information for convenience purposes only. This table does not supersede any of the terms or conditions of this permit.

E.U. ID No.	Brief Description
[-005]	Gas Turbine Peaking Unit #P-1
[-006]	Gas Turbine Peaking Unit #P-2
[-007]	Gas Turbine Peaking Unit #P-3
[-008]	Gas Turbine Peaking Unit #P-4

Pollutant Name	Fuel(s)	Hours/Year	Allowable Emissions			Equivalent Emissions*		Regulatory Citation(s)	See permit condition(s)
			Standard(s)	lbs./hour	TPY	lbs./hour	TPY		
SO ₂	Liquid	8,760	0.5% by weight sulfur			392.7	1,720.0	AO52-253215A, 253216A, 253217A & 253218A	C.6.
VE	All	8,760	20% opacity					Rule 62-296.320(4)(b)1.	C.5.

Notes:
* The "Equivalent Emissions" listed are for informational purposes only.

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Table 1-1, Summary of Air Pollutant Standards and Terms

Florida Power Corporation
Bartow Plant

Revised DRAFT Permit No.: 1030011-002-AV
Facility ID No.: 1030011

This table summarizes information for convenience purposes only. This table does not supersede any of the terms or conditions of this permit.

E.U. ID No. **Brief Description**
[-xxx] Relocatable Diesel Fired Generator(s)

Pollutant Name	Fuel(s)	Hours/Year	Allowable Emissions			Equivalent Emissions*		Regulatory Citation(s)	See permit condition(s)
			Standard(s)	lbs./hour	TPY	lbs./hour	TPY		
SO ₂	Liquid	2,970	0.5% by weight Sulfur			14.16	21.02	Applicant request & AC09-202080	D.4. & D.6.
VE	All	2,970	20% opacity					Applicant request & A009-205952	D.5.

Notes:
* The "Equivalent Emissions" listed are for informational purposes only.

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Table 2-1, Summary of Compliance Requirements

Florida Power Corporation
Bartow Plant

Revised DRAFT Permit No.: 1030011-002-AV
Facility ID No.: 1030011

This table summarizes information for convenience purposes only. This table does not supersede any of the terms or conditions of this permit.

E.U. ID No.	Brief Description
[-001]	No. 1 Unit, Fossil Fuel Fired Steam Generator with Electrostatic Precipitator
[-002]	No. 2 Unit, Fossil Fuel Fired Steam Generator
[-003]	No. 3 Unit, Fossil Fuel Fired Steam Generator

Pollutant Name or Parameter	Fuel(s)	Compliance Method	Testing Time Frequency	Frequency Base Date *	Min. Compliance Test Duration	CMS**	
						CMS**	See permit condition(s)
VE EUJ-001]	All	EPA Method 9	6 months	3/16 & 9/16	60 min	Yes	A.19., A.29.and A.30.
VE EUJ-002 & -003]	All	EPA Method 9	Annual	5/28 & 4/28	60 min		A.19.and A.30.
PM EUJ-001]	All	EPA Method 17, 5, 5B or 5F	6 months	3/16 & 9/16	1 hr		A.20., A.29.and A.31.
PM EUJ-002 & -003]	All	EPA Method 17, 5, 5B or 5F	Annual	5/28 & 4/28	1 hr		A.20.and A.31.
SO ₂	Liquid	EPA Method 6, 6A, 6B, or 6C; or fuel analysis	Annual	w/ PM test	1 hr		A.21.and A.22.
Used oil	On-specification	EPA SW-846	each batch				A.11., A.12., A.13., & A.32.

Notes:
 * The frequency base date is established for planning purposes only; see Rule 62-297.310, F.A.C.
 **CMS [=] continuous monitoring system

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Table 2-1, Summary of Compliance Requirements

Florida Power Corporation
Bartow Plant

Revised DRAFT Permit No.: 1030011-002-AV
Facility ID No.: 1030011

This table summarizes information for convenience purposes only. This table does not supersede any of the terms or conditions of this permit.

E.U. ID No. **Brief Description**
[-004] Bartow-Anclote Pipeline Heating Boiler

Pollutant Name or Parameter	Fuel(s)	Compliance Method	Testing Time Frequency	Frequency Base Date *	Min. Compliance Test Duration	See permit condition(s)	
						CMS **	
VE SO ₂	All Liquid	DEP Method 9 ASTM Methods	Annual each delivery	31-May	30 min		B.12. & B.13. B.14. & B.15.

Notes:
* The frequency base date is established for planning purposes only; see Rule 62-297.310, F.A.C.
** CMS [=] continuous monitoring system

[electronic file name: 10300112.xls]

Table 2-1, Summary of Compliance Requirements

Florida Power Corporation
Bartow Plant

Revised DRAFT Permit No.: 1030011-002-AV
Facility ID No.: 1030011

This table summarizes information for convenience purposes only. This table does not supersede any of the terms or conditions of this permit.

E.U. ID No.	Brief Description
I-005I	Gas Turbine Peaking Unit #P-1
I-006I	Gas Turbine Peaking Unit #P-2
I-007I	Gas Turbine Peaking Unit #P-3
I-008I	Gas Turbine Peaking Unit #P-4

Pollutant Name or Parameter	Fuel(s)	Compliance Method	Testing Time	Frequency	Min. Compliance	CMS**	See permit condition(s)
			Frequency	Base Date *	Test Duration		
VE SO ₂	All Liquid	EPA Method 9 ASTM Methods	Annual	1-Feb	30 min		C.11. & C.16. C.12.
			each delivery				

Notes:
 * The frequency base date is established for planning purposes only; see Rule 62-297.310, F.A.C.
 **CMS [=] continuous monitoring system

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Table 2-1, Summary of Compliance Requirements

Florida Power Corporation
Bartow Plant

Revised DRAFT Permit No.: 1030011-002-AV
Facility ID No.: 1030011

This table summarizes information for convenience purposes only. This table does not supersede any of the terms or conditions of this permit.

E.U. ID No. **Brief Description**
[-xxx] Relocatable Diesel Fired Generator(s)

Pollutant Name or Parameter	Fuel(s)	Compliance Method	Testing Time Frequency	Frequency Base Date *	Min. Compliance Test Duration	CMS **	See permit condition(s)

Notes:
 * The frequency base date is established for planning purposes only; see Rule 62-297.310, F.A.C.
 ** CMS [=] continuous monitoring system

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