

**NOTICE OF FINAL PERMIT**

In the Matter of an  
Application for Permit by:

Mr. William Reichel  
Plant General Manager  
Florida Power & Light Company  
P.O. Box 430  
Fort Myers, FL 33905

FINAL Permit No.: 0710002-010-AV  
Fort Myers Plant

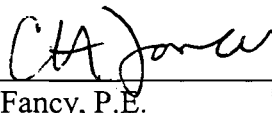
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Enclosed is FINAL Permit Number 0710002-010-AV for the operation of the Fort Myers Plant located at 10650 State Road 80, Fort Myers, Lee County, issued pursuant to Chapter 403, Florida Statutes (F.S.).

Any party to this order (permit) has the right to seek judicial review of the permit pursuant to Section 120.68, F.S., by the filing of a Notice of Appeal pursuant to Rule 9.110, Florida Rules of Appellate Procedure, with the Clerk of the permitting authority in the Legal Office; and by filing a copy of the Notice of Appeal accompanied by the applicable filing fees with the appropriate District Court of Appeal. The Notice of Appeal must be filed within 30 (thirty) days from the date this Notice is filed with the Clerk of the permitting authority.

Executed in Tallahassee, Florida.

**STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT  
OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION**



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C. H. Fancy, P.E.

Chief

Bureau of Air Regulation

**CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

The undersigned duly designated deputy agency clerk hereby certifies that this NOTICE OF FINAL PERMIT (including the FINAL permit) was sent by certified mail (\*) and copies were mailed by U.S. Mail before the close of business on 7/24/02 to the person(s) listed, or as otherwise noted:

Mr. William Reichel, Florida Power and Light Company\*  
Mr. Kevin Washington, Florida Power and Light Company  
Mr. Len Kozlov, DEP, Central District  
USEPA, Region 4 (INTERNET E-mail Memorandum)

Clerk Stamp

**FILING AND ACKNOWLEDGMENT FILED**, on this date, pursuant to Section 120.52(7), Florida Statutes, with the designated agency Clerk, receipt of which is hereby acknowledged.

Paulina J. Sautay 7/24/02  
(Clerk) (Date)

**SENDER: COMPLETE THIS SECTION**

- Complete items 1, 2, and 3. Also complete item 4 if Restricted Delivery is desired.
- Print your name and address on the reverse so that we can return the card to you.
- Attach this card to the back of the mailpiece, or on the front if space permits.

1. Article Addressed to:

Mr. William Reichel  
 Plant General Manager  
 Florida Power & Light Company  
 P.O. Box 430  
 Fort Myers, Florida 33905

2. Article Number (Copy from service label)

7000 0520 0020 9371 3216

PS Form 3811, July 1999

Domestic Return Receipt

102595-00-M-0952

**COMPLETE THIS SECTION ON DELIVERY**

A. Received by (Please Print Clearly) B. Date of Delivery

MARY K. RUSSELL 7-29-02

C. Signature

Mary K. Russell

Agent

Addressee

D. Is delivery address different from item 1?  Yes

If YES, enter delivery address below:  No

PO Box 430  
 Ft Myers FL 33902

3. Service Type

Certified Mail  Express Mail

Registered  Return Receipt for Merchandise

Insured Mail  C.O.D.

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**U.S. Postal Service  
 CERTIFIED MAIL RECEIPT  
 (Domestic Mail Only; No Insurance Coverage Provided)**

Mr. William Reichel

Postage	\$
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Return Receipt Fee (Endorsement Required)	
Restricted Delivery Fee (Endorsement Required)	
<b>Total Postage &amp; Fees</b>	<b>\$</b>

Postmark  
 Here

Recipient's Name (Please Print Clearly) (To be completed by mailer)

Mr. William Reichel

Street, Apt. No.; or PO Box No.

P.O. Box 430

City, State, ZIP+4

Fort Myers, Florida 33905

PS Form 3800, February 2000

See Reverse for Instructions

# **STATEMENT OF BASIS**

FINAL Title V Air Operation Permit Revision No.: 0710002-010-AV  
Florida Power and Light Company  
Fort Myers Plant  
Lee County

The initial Title V Air Operation Permit was issued on December 31, 1997. This Title V air operation permit revision is issued under the provisions of Chapter 403, Florida Statutes (F.S.), and Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.) Chapters 62-4, 62-210, 62-213, and 62-214, and is the second revision to the initial Title V permit. The above named permittee is hereby authorized to perform the work or operate the facility shown on the application and approved drawing(s), plans, and other documents, attached hereto or on file with the permitting authority, in accordance with the terms and conditions of this permit.

This Title V Air Operation Permit Revision incorporates the new specific conditions of construction permits: 0710002-004-AC, that authorized the installation of six (6) natural gas-fired combined cycle units to replace (repower) two (2) old residual oil-fired steam generating units; and, 0710002-008-AC, which granted specified periods of excess NO<sub>x</sub> emissions resulting from required steam blows during the initial change over from simple-cycle to combined-cycle operation.

The following revisions have been made to the Title V Air Operation permit in order to incorporate the above referenced changes to the facility.

1. Table of Contents was updated to reflect new Section III, Subsection C. The references to ASP Number 97-B-01 (With Scrivener's Order Dated July 9, 1997) and the Secretarial Orders (dated January 2, 1986) have been removed since they applied to boilers 1 and 2 which no longer exist.
2. The Placard page was changed to update the description of the current project and to revise the "Referenced Attachments" section.
3. The facility description in Section I, Subsection A. was changed to reflect the retirement of boilers 1 & 2, and to reflect the addition of the 6 new combined cycle combustion turbines.
4. The emissions unit identification table in Section I, Subsection B has been updated to reflect the new units.
5. The Relevant Documents section in Section I, subsection C has been updated to reflect documents associated with this project.
6. Section II., Condition 8. Reasonable Precautions, has been updated to reflect precautions taken to minimize fugitive dust during the construction periods.

7. Added the following Permitting note after Condition 8.:  
{Permitting Note: This condition represents the reasonable precautions to be implemented in accordance with Rule 62-296.320(4)(c), F.A.C., in lieu of the requirements of Condition No. 57 of Appendix TV-3.}
8. The following Specific Condition was added to Section III., Subsection A. to reflect the retirement of boilers 1 and 2:  
  
**A.0.** Boiler 1 and Boiler 2 were permanently removed from service on August 31 and September 1, 2001, respectively, in accordance with the conditions of repowering authorized by permit 0710002-004-AC. The boilers and the tall stacks associated with them will be dismantled and replaced by two relatively short stacks for each of the new combined cycle combustion turbines for simple and combined operation. The steam turbines that were associated with these boilers will be retained and will be driven by steam generated in the non-fired heat recovery steam generators associated with the new combined cycle combustion turbines 2A – 2F.  
  
All operational requirements and limitations associated with boilers 1 and 2 have been rescinded. The remainder of subsection A. is reserved.
9. No changes have been made to Section III., Subsection B.
10. The entire Section III., Subsection C. has been added to reflect the addition of the six new combined cycle combustion turbines that were authorized by permit number 0710002-004-AC. Also included are six natural gas pre-heaters to be used to heat the gas fuel when in simple cycle operation and during start-up to combined cycle operation. When in combined cycle mode, heat from the steam tubes will be used via a heat exchanger to preheat the gas prior to firing in the CT.
11. The Acid Rain Part, Section IV, has been updated to include the 6 new combined cycle combustion turbines.
12. Appendix U-1 has been updated to include a new unregulated cooling tower, emissions unit – 025.
13. Appendix H-1, Permit History, has been updated.
14. Table 1-1, Summary of Air Pollutant Standards and Terms and Table 2-1, Summary of Compliance Requirements, have been updated to reflect the retirement of boilers 1 and 2, and the addition of emission units –018 through –024.

# **Florida Power and Light Company**

**Fort Myers Plant**

Facility ID No.: 0710002

Lee County

## **Title V Air Operation Permit Revision**

**FINAL Permit No.: 0710002-010-AV**

(2<sup>nd</sup> Revision to Initial Title V Permit No.: 0710002-001-AV)

### **Permitting Authority:**

State of Florida

Department of Environmental Protection

Division of Air Resources Management

Bureau of Air Regulation

Title V Section

Mail Station #5505

2600 Blair Stone Road

Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400

Telephone: 850/488-0114

Fax: 850/922-6979

### **Compliance Authority:**

Department of Environmental Protection

South District

2295 Victoria Avenue, Suite 364

Fort Myers, Florida 33901

Telephone: 941/332-6975

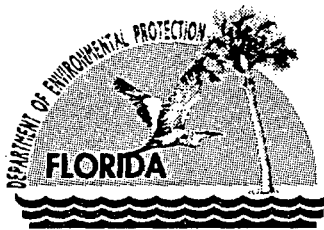
Fax: 941/332-6969

# Title V Air Operation Permit Revision

FINAL Permit No.: 0710002-010-AV

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# Department of Environmental Protection

Jeb Bush  
Governor

Twin Towers Office Building  
2600 Blair Stone Road  
Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400

David B. Struhs  
Secretary

**Permittee:**

Florida Power and Light Company  
P.O. Box 430  
Fort Myers, Florida 33905

**FINAL Permit No.:** 0710002-010-AV  
**Facility ID No.:** 0710002  
**SIC Nos.:** 49, 4911

**Project:** Title V Air Operation Permit Revision

This permit revision is for the incorporation of the specific conditions of construction permits 0710002-004-AC and 0710002-008-AC, which authorized the installation of six (6) combined cycle units to replace two (2) residual oil-fired steam generating units, and a temporary increase in nitrogen oxides emissions from the combustion turbines while they are being converted to combined cycle mode, respectively. Each of the new units is a 170-megawatt General Electric MS7241FA gas-fired combustion turbine-generator with an unfired heat recovery steam generator (HRSG) that will raise sufficient steam to produce another 80 MW via the existing steam-driven electrical generators. The boilers and the tall stacks associated with the existing residual oil-fired units (593 MW total capacity) will be dismantled and replaced by two relatively short stacks per unit for simple and combined operation. The project also includes a cooling tower for once-through brackish water and 6 direct-fired natural gas heaters with a 30-foot stack to heat the natural gas prior to use during simple cycle operation and cold start-ups.


This Project is exempt from the requirements of Rule 62-212.400, F.A.C., Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) as discussed stated in the Technical Evaluation and Preliminary Determination dated September 18, 1998. This facility is located at 10650 State Road 80, Fort Myers, Lee County; UTM Coordinates: Zone 17, 422.3 km East and 2952.9 km North; Latitude: 26° 41' 49" North and Longitude: 81° 46' 55" West.

**STATEMENT OF BASIS:** This Title V air operation permit revision is issued under the provisions of Chapter 403, Florida Statutes (F.S.), and Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.) Chapters 62-4, 62-210, 62-213, and 62-214. The above named permittee is hereby authorized to perform the work or operate the facility shown on the application and approved drawing(s), plans, and other documents, attached hereto or on file with the permitting authority, in accordance with the terms and conditions of this permit revision.

**Referenced attachments made a part of this permit revision:**

Appendix I-1, List of Insignificant Emissions Units and/or Activities  
Appendix U-1, List of Unregulated Emissions Units and/or Activities  
Appendix TV-3, Title V Conditions (Version Dated 4/30/99)  
Appendix SS-1, Stack Sampling Facilities (Version Dated 10/07/96)  
Figure 1, Summary Report-Gaseous and Opacity Excess Emission  
And Monitoring System Performance Report (Version Dated 7/96)  
Phase II Acid Rain Application/Compliance Plan received December 6, 1995  
Revised Phase II Acid Rain Application/Compliance Plan received July 17, 2000

**Effective Date:** January 1, 1998  
**1<sup>st</sup> Revision Effective Date:** October 22, 2000  
**2<sup>nd</sup> Revision Effective Date:** June 10, 2002  
**Renewal Application Due Date:** July 5, 2002  
**Expiration Date:** December 31, 2002

  
Howard L. Rhodes, Director,  
Division of Air Resources Management

HLR/sms/jh

"More Protection, Less Process"

Printed on recycled paper.



## Section I. Facility Information.

### Subsection A. Facility Description.

This facility consists of two fuel oil fired conventional steam electric generating stations, designated as Units 1 and 2, which will be retired as a result of this permit revision; 12 simple-cycle combustion turbines, designated as Units 3 through 14; and, 6 combined cycle combustion turbines, designated as Units 2A through 2F, by the Florida Power and Light Company.

Unit 1 was comprised of a Babcock and Wilcox outdoor-type boiler/steam generator and a Westinghouse outdoor reheat condensing steam turbine, which drives a hydrogen-cooled generator with a nameplate rating of 156.3 megawatts. Unit 2 was comprised of a Foster-Wheeler outdoor-type boiler/steam generator and a General Electric outdoor reheat condensing steam turbine, which drives a hydrogen-cooled generator with a generator nameplate rating of 402.1 megawatts. Although the boilers have been removed, their associated steam turbines have been retained and will be driven by the steam generated in the non-fired heat recovery steam generators associated with the new combined cycle combustion turbines 2A through 2F.

Units 3 through 14 are fuel oil fired combustion turbines manufactured by the General Electric Company, each with a rated gross capacity of 63 megawatts (MW). Foggers were installed at the compressor inlet to each of the twelve combustion turbines during 1999, and initial compliance testing was completed on November 30, 1999.

Units 2A through 2F are combined cycle units. Each unit is a 170-megawatt General Electric MS7241FA gas-fired combustion turbine-generator with an unfired heat recovery steam generator (HRSG) that will raise sufficient steam to produce another 80 MW via the existing steam-driven electrical generators. The tall stacks associated Units 1 and 2 will be dismantled and replaced by two relatively short stacks per new unit for simple and combined operation. The project also includes a cooling tower for once-through brackish water and 6 direct-fired natural gas heaters with a 30-foot stack to heat the natural gas prior to use during simple cycle operation and cold start-ups. This repowering project was exempt from the requirements of Rule 62-212.400, F.A.C., Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) as discussed stated in the Technical Evaluation and Preliminary Determination dated September 18, 1998.

Based on the initial Title V permit application received June 12, 1996, this facility is a major source of hazardous air pollutants (HAPs). However, as stated in the revision application received April 19, 2001, following completion of the repowering project, the facility will not be a major source of HAPs.

Also included in this permit are miscellaneous unregulated/insignificant emissions units and/or activities.

**Subsection B. Summary of Emissions Unit ID Nos. and Brief Descriptions.**

<b>E.U. ID No.</b>	<b>Brief Description</b>
-001	Fossil Fuel Fired Steam Generator #1
-002	Fossil Fuel Fired Steam Generator #2
-003	Combustion Turbine #1
-004	Combustion Turbine #2
-005	Combustion Turbine #3
-006	Combustion Turbine #4
-007	Combustion Turbine #5
-008	Combustion Turbine #6
-009	Combustion Turbine #7
-010	Combustion Turbine #8
-011	Combustion Turbine #9
-012	Combustion Turbine #10
-013	Combustion Turbine #11
-014	Combustion Turbine #12
-018	Combustion Turbine #2A
-019	Combustion Turbine #2B
-020	Combustion Turbine #2C
-021	Combustion Turbine #2D
-022	Combustion Turbine #2E
-023	Combustion Turbine #2F
-024	Natural Gas Pre-Heater
-025	Mechanical Draft Cooling Tower

Unregulated Emissions Units and/or Activities

-015	Painting of plant equipment and non-halogenated solvent cleaning operations
-016	Miscellaneous mobile equipment and internal combustion engines
-017	Emergency diesel generator
-025	Cooling Tower

*Please reference the Permit No., Facility ID No., and appropriate Emissions Unit(s) ID No(s). on all correspondence, test report submittals, applications, etc.*

**Subsection C. Relevant Documents.**

The documents listed below are not a part of this permit, however, are specifically related to this permitting action.

These documents are provided to the permittee for information purposes only:

Table 1-1, Summary of Air Pollutant Standards and Terms

Table 2-1, Summary of Compliance Requirements

Appendix A-1, Abbreviations, Acronyms, Citations, and Identification Numbers

Appendix H-1, Permit History/ID Number Changes

These documents are on file with permitting authority:

FINAL Title V Permit issued December 31, 1997.

Air construction permit 0710002-004-AC issued November 25, 1998.

Air construction permit 0710002-008-AC issued June 14, 2000.

Title V permit revision Application received April 19, 2001

Request for additional information dated June 18, 2001

FPL's response to additional information received September 21, 2001

FPL's waiver of 90-day time clock received December 14, 2001

FPL's letter to request clarification of "cold start-up", dated January 22, 2002

## Section II. Facility-wide Conditions.

The following conditions apply facility-wide:

1. APPENDIX TV-3, TITLE V CONDITIONS, is a part of this permit.  
{Permitting note: APPENDIX TV-3, TITLE V CONDITIONS, is distributed to the permittee only. Other persons requesting copies of these conditions shall be provided one copy when requested or otherwise appropriate.}
2. **Not federally enforceable.** General Pollutant Emission Limiting Standards. Objectionable Odor Prohibited. The permittee shall not cause, suffer, allow, or permit the discharge of air pollutants which cause or contribute to an objectionable odor.  
[Rule 62-296.320(2), F.A.C.]
3. Prevention of Accidental Releases (Section 112(r) of CAA).
  - a. The permittee shall submit its Risk Management Plan (RMP) to the Chemical Emergency Preparedness and Prevention Office (CEPPO) RMP Reporting Center when, and if, such requirement becomes applicable ; and
  - b. The permittee shall submit to the permitting authority Title V certification forms or a compliance schedule in accordance with Rule 62-213.440(2), F.A.C.  
[40 CFR 68]
4. Insignificant Emissions Units and/or Activities. Appendix I-1, List of Insignificant Emissions Units and/or Activities, is a part of this permit.  
[Rules 62-213.440(1), 62-213.430(6), and 62-4.040(1)(b), F.A.C.]
5. Unregulated Emissions Units and/or Activities. Appendix U-1, List of Unregulated Emissions Units and/or Activities, is a part of this permit.  
[Rule 62-213.440(1), F.A.C.]
6. General Pollutant Emission Limiting Standards. Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) Emissions or Organic Solvents (OS) Emissions. The permittee shall allow no person to store, pump, handle, process, load, unload or use in any process or installation, volatile organic compounds (VOC) or organic solvents (OS) without applying known and existing vapor emission control devices or systems deemed necessary and ordered by the Department.  
[Rule 62-296.320(1)(a), F.A.C.]
7. General Particulate Emission Limiting Standards. General Visible Emissions Standard. Except for emissions units that are subject to a particulate matter or opacity limit set forth or established by rule and reflected by conditions in this permit, no person shall cause, let, permit, suffer or allow to be discharged into the atmosphere the emissions of air pollutants from any activity, the density of which is equal to or greater than that designated as Number 1 on the Ringelmann Chart (20 percent opacity). EPA Method 9 is the method of compliance pursuant to Chapter 62-297, F.A.C.  
[Rule 62-296.320(4)(b)1. & 4., F.A.C.]
8. **Not federally enforceable.** Reasonable precautions to prevent emissions of unconfined particulate matter at this facility include the following:

- a. In order to perform sandblasting on fixed plant equipment, sandblasting enclosures are constructed and operated as necessary. Thick polyurethane flaps are used over the doorways to prevent any sandblasting material from leaving the sandblast facility.
- b. Maintenance of paved areas is performed as needed.
- c. Mowing of grass and care of vegetation are done on a regular basis.
- d. Access to plant property by unnecessary vehicles is controlled and limited.
- e. Bagged chemical products are stored in weather tight buildings until they are used. Spills of powdered chemical products are cleaned up as soon as practical.
- f. Vehicles are restricted to slow speeds on the plant site.
- g. During construction periods, unconfined particulate matter emissions shall be minimized by dust suppressing techniques such as covering and/or application of water or chemicals to the affected areas, as necessary.

[Rule 62-296.320(4)(c)2., F.A.C.; Proposed by applicant in the Title V permit applications received June 12, 1996 and April 19, 2001; and 0710002-004-AC.]

{Permitting Note: This condition represents the reasonable precautions to be implemented in accordance with Rule 62-296.320(4)(c), F.A.C., in lieu of the requirements of Condition No. 57 of Appendix TV-3.}

9. When appropriate, any recording, monitoring, or reporting requirements that are time-specific shall be in accordance with the effective date of the permit, which defines day one.

[Rule 62-213.440, F.A.C.]

10. The permittee shall submit all compliance-related notifications and reports required of this permit to the Department's South District office:

Department of Environmental Protection  
South District  
2295 Victoria Avenue, Suite 364  
Fort Myers, Florida 33901  
Telephone: 941/332-6975  
Fax: 941/332-6969

11. Any reports, data, notifications, certifications, and requests required to be sent to the United States Environmental Protection Agency, Region 4, should be sent to:

United States Environmental Protection Agency, Region 4  
Air, Pesticides & Toxics Management Division  
Air & EPCRA Enforcement Branch  
Air Enforcement Section  
61 Forsyth Street  
Atlanta, GA 30303-8960  
Phone: 404/562-9155  
Fax: 404/562-9163 or 404/562-9164

12. Statement of Compliance. The annual statement of compliance pursuant to Rule 62-213.440(3), F.A.C., shall be submitted within 60 (sixty) days after the end of the calendar year.

{See condition No. 51., Appendix TV-3, Title V Conditions.}

[Rule 62-214.420(11), F.A.C.]

**Section III. Emissions Units and Conditions.**

**Subsection A. This section addresses the following emissions units.**

<b>E.U. ID No.</b>	<b><u>Brief Description</u></b>
-001	Fossil Fuel Fired Steam Generator #1
-002	Fossil Fuel Fired Steam Generator #2

Fossil Fuel Fired Steam Generator #1 was a nominal 156.3-megawatt (electric) steam generator designated as Fort Myers Unit #1. The emission unit was fired on No. 2 or No. 6 fuel oil with a maximum heat input of 1,690 MMBtu per hour. Emissions from Unit #1 were uncontrolled. It commenced commercial operation in November, 1958 and was permanently retired on August 31, 2001.

Fossil Fuel Fired Steam Generator #2 was a nominal 402.1-megawatt (electric) steam generator designated as Fort Myers Unit #2. The emission unit was fired on No. 2 or No. 6 fuel oil with a maximum heat input of 4,000 MMBtu per hour. Particulate matter emissions were controlled by two UOP Aerotec mechanical dust collectors. It commenced commercial operation in July, 1969 and was permanently retired on September 1, 2001.

{Permitting note: these emissions units were regulated under Acid Rain, Phase II, and Rule 62-296.405, F.A.C., Fossil Fuel Steam Generators with More than 250 million Btu per Hour Heat Input.}

**The following specific conditions apply:**

**A.0.** Boiler 1 and Boiler 2 were permanently removed from service on August 31 and September 1, 2001, respectively, in accordance with the conditions of repowering authorized by permit 0710002-004-AC. The boilers and the tall stacks associated with them will be dismantled and replaced by two relatively short stacks for each of the new combined cycle combustion turbines for simple and combined operation. The steam turbines that were associated with these boilers will be retained and will be driven by steam generated in the non-fired heat recovery steam generators associated with the new combined cycle combustion turbines 2A – 2F.

All operational requirements and limitations associated with boilers 1 and 2 have been rescinded. The remainder of subsection A. is reserved.

### Section III. Emissions Units and Conditions.

#### Subsection B. This section addresses the following emissions unit(s).

<b>E.U. ID No.</b>	<b>Brief Description</b>
-003	Combustion Turbine #1
-004	Combustion Turbine #2
-005	Combustion Turbine #3
-006	Combustion Turbine #4
-007	Combustion Turbine #5
-008	Combustion Turbine #6
-009	Combustion Turbine #7
-010	Combustion Turbine #8
-011	Combustion Turbine #9
-012	Combustion Turbine #10
-013	Combustion Turbine #11
-014	Combustion Turbine #12

{Permitting notes: These emissions units are regulated under Rule 62-210.300, F.A.C., Permits Required. These emissions units are **not** subject to 40 CFR 60, Subpart GG, Standards of Performance for New Stationary Gas Turbines.}

Each unit has a rated gross capacity of 63 MW. The combustion turbines commenced commercial operation in May, 1974. Foggers were installed at the compressor inlet to each of the twelve combustion turbines during 1999, and initial compliance testing was completed on November 30, 1999.

**The following specific conditions apply to the emissions unit(s) listed above:**

#### Essential Potential to Emit (PTE) Parameters

**B.1. Permitted Capacity.** The maximum heat input rate to the combustion turbines shall not exceed 895 MMBtu/hr/unit, at 25 degrees F (or 760 MMBtu/hr/unit, at 59 degrees F). This maximum heat input rate will vary depending on the ambient conditions and the combustion turbine characteristics, as determined by manufacturer's curves corrected for site conditions.

[Rules 62-4.160(2) and 62-210.200(PTE), F.A.C.; AO36-223496, Specific Condition No. 1; 0710002-005-AC, Specific Condition No. 20]

**B.2. Methods of Operation - Fuels.** The only fuels authorized to be burned in these emissions units are No. 2 distillate fuel oil or on-specification used oil from Florida Power and Light Company operations. See Specific Condition **B.6**. These fuels may be mixed or burned simultaneously.

[Rule 62-213.410, F.A.C.; AO36-223496; and, 0710002-003-AO]

**B.3.1. Hours of Operation.** These emissions units are allowed to operate continuously, i.e., 8,760 hours/year.

[Rule 62-210.200(PTE), F.A.C.; AO36-223496, Specific Condition No. 8]

**B.3.2.** The twelve foggers may operate up to 6000 hours per year (average 500 hours per unit per year).  
[0710002-005-AC, Specific Condition No. 20]

**B.4.** Emissions Unit Operating Rate Limitation After Testing. See Specific Condition **B.11.**  
[Rule 62-297.310(2), F.A.C.]

**Emission Limitations and Standards**

{Permitting note: Table 1-1, Summary of Air Pollutant Standards and Terms, summarizes information for convenience purposes only. This table does not supersede any of the terms or conditions of this permit.}

**B.5.1.** Visible Emissions. Visible emissions from each turbine shall not be equal to or greater than 20 percent opacity.  
[Rule 62-296.320(4)(b)1., F.A.C.; and, AO36-223496, Specific Condition No. 3]

**B.5.2.** Nitrogen Oxides. NO<sub>x</sub> emissions shall not exceed 530 lb/hr/unit at 59 degrees F.  
[0710002-005-AC, Specific Condition No. 20]

**B.6.** "On-Specification" Used Oil. Only "on-specification" used oil generated by the Florida Power and Light Company in the production and distribution of electricity shall be fired in these emissions units. The total combined quantity allowed to be fired at this facility shall not exceed 1,500,000 gallons per calendar year. "On-specification" used oil is defined as each used oil delivery that meets the 40 CFR 279 (Standards for the Management of Used Oil) specifications listed below. Used oil that does not meet all of the following specifications is considered "off-specification" used oil and shall not be fired. See Specific Conditions **B.15., B.18., and B.19.**

CONSTITUENT/PROPERTY*	ALLOWABLE LEVEL
Arsenic	5 ppm maximum
Cadmium	2 ppm maximum
Chromium	10 ppm maximum
Lead	100 ppm maximum
Total Halogens	1000 ppm maximum
Flashpoint	100 degrees F minimum
PCBs	less than 2 ppm**

\* As determined by approved methods specified in EPA Publication SW-846 (Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods).

\*\*PCBs must be less than **2 ppm** for on-specification used oil to be fired in these emissions units.  
[40 CFR 279.11; AO36-22346; and, 0710002-003-AO]

**Excess Emissions**

**B.7.** Excess emissions from these emissions units resulting from startup, shutdown or malfunction shall be permitted provided that best operational practices to minimize emissions are adhered to and the duration of excess emissions shall be minimized but in no case exceed two hours in any 24 hour period unless specifically authorized by the Department for longer duration.  
[Rule 62-210.700(1), F.A.C.]



**B.8.** Excess emissions which are caused entirely or in part by poor maintenance, poor operation, or any other equipment or process failure which may reasonably be prevented during startup, shutdown or malfunction shall be prohibited.  
[Rule 62-210.700(4), F.A.C.]

### **Monitoring of Operations**

#### **B.9. Determination of Process Variables.**

(a) **Required Equipment.** The owner or operator of an emissions unit for which compliance tests are required shall install, operate, and maintain equipment or instruments necessary to determine process variables, such as process weight input or heat input, when such data are needed in conjunction with emissions data to determine the compliance of the emissions unit with applicable emission limiting standards.

(b) **Accuracy of Equipment.** Equipment or instruments used to directly or indirectly determine process variables, including devices such as belt scales, weight hoppers, flow meters, and tank scales, shall be calibrated and adjusted to indicate the true value of the parameter being measured with sufficient accuracy to allow the applicable process variable to be determined within 10% of its true value.

[Rule 62-297.310(5), F.A.C.]

### **Test Methods and Procedures**

{Permitting note: Table 2-1, Summary of Compliance Requirements, summarizes information for convenience purposes only. This table does not supersede any of the terms or conditions of this permit.}

**B.10.1. Visible Emissions.** The test method for visible emissions shall be EPA Method 9, adopted and incorporated by reference in Rule 62-204.800, F.A.C., and referenced in Chapter 62-297, F.A.C.

[Rules 62-204.800, 62-296.320(4)(b)4.a. & 62-297.401, F.A.C.]

**B.10.2. Nitrogen Oxides.** The test method for nitrogen oxides shall be EPA method 7 or 7E, adopted and incorporated by reference in Rule 62-204.800, F.A.C., and referenced in Chapter 62-297, F.A.C.

[Rules 62-204.800, 62-296.320(4)(b)4.a., and 62-297.401, F.A.C.; and, 0710002-006-AC, Specific Condition No. 10]

**B.11. Operating Rate During Testing.** Testing of emissions shall be conducted with the emissions unit operating at permitted capacity, which is defined as 90 to 100 percent of the maximum operation rate allowed by the permit. If it is impracticable to test at permitted capacity, an emissions unit may be tested at less than the minimum permitted capacity (i.e., at less than 90 percent of the maximum operation rate allowed by the permit); in this case,

subsequent emissions unit operation is limited to 110 percent of the test load until a new test is conducted, provided however, operations do not exceed 100 percent of the maximum operation rate allowed by the permit. Once the emissions unit is so limited, operation at higher capacities is allowed for no more than 15 consecutive days for the purpose of additional compliance testing to regain the authority to operate at the permitted capacity.

[Rules 62-297.310(2), F.A.C.]

#### **B.12. Applicable Test Procedures.**

##### **(a) Required Sampling Time.**

2. **Opacity Compliance Tests.** When either EPA Method 9 or DEP Method 9 is specified as the applicable opacity test method, the required minimum period of observation for a compliance test

shall be sixty (60) minutes for emissions units which emit or have the potential to emit 100 tons per year or more of particulate matter, and thirty (30) minutes for emissions units which have potential emissions less than 100 tons per year of particulate matter and are not subject to a multiple-valued opacity standard. The opacity test observation period shall include the period during which the highest opacity emissions can reasonably be expected to occur. Exceptions to these requirements are as follows:

- c. The minimum observation period for opacity tests conducted by employees or agents of the Department to verify the day-to-day continuing compliance of a unit or activity with an applicable opacity standard shall be twelve minutes.

[Rule 62-297.310(4)(a)2.c., F.A.C.]

**B.13. Frequency of Compliance Tests.** The following provisions apply only to those emissions units that are subject to an emissions limiting standard for which compliance testing is required.

(a) General Compliance Testing.

3. The owner or operator of an emissions unit that is subject to any emission limiting standard shall conduct a compliance test that demonstrates compliance with the applicable emission limiting standard prior to obtaining a renewed operation permit. Emissions units that are required to conduct an annual compliance test may submit the most recent annual compliance test to satisfy the requirements of this provision. In renewing an air operation permit pursuant to Rule 62-210.300(2)(a)3.b., c., or d., F.A.C., the Department shall not require submission of emission compliance test results for any emissions unit that, during the year prior to renewal:
  - a. Did not operate; or
  - b. In the case of a fuel burning emissions unit, burned liquid fuel for a total of no more than 400 hours.
4. During each federal fiscal year (October 1 - September 30), unless otherwise specified by rule, order, or permit, the owner or operator of each emissions unit shall have a formal compliance test conducted for:
  - a. Visible emissions, if there is an applicable standard;
  - b. The following pollutants, if there is an applicable standard, and if the emissions unit emits or has the potential to emit: 100 tons per year or more of any regulated air pollutant, other than lead, lead compounds measured as elemental lead, and acrylonitrile. See permit limiting standards and applicable test methods as noted in Specific Conditions **B.5., B.6., & B.10.**
8. Any combustion turbine that does not operate for more than 400 hours per year shall conduct a visible emissions compliance test once per each five-year period, coinciding with the term of its air operation permit. See Specific Conditions **B.13.(a).a. & b., and B.14.**
9. The owner or operator shall notify the Department, at least 15 days prior to the date on which each formal compliance test is to begin, of the date, time, and place of each such test, and the test contact person who will be responsible for coordinating and having such test conducted for the owner or operator.

(b) Special Compliance Tests. When the Department, after investigation, has good reason (such as complaints, increased visible emissions or questionable maintenance of control equipment) to believe that any applicable emission standard contained in a Department rule or in a permit issued pursuant to those rules is being violated, it may require the owner or operator of the emissions unit to conduct compliance tests which identify the nature and quantity of pollutant emissions from the emissions unit and to provide a report on the results of said tests to the Department.

(c) Waiver of Compliance Test Requirements. If the owner or operator of an emissions unit that is subject to a compliance test requirement demonstrates to the Department, pursuant to the procedure established in Rule 62-297.620, F.A.C., that the compliance of the emissions unit with an applicable weight emission limiting standard can be adequately determined by means other than the designated

test procedure, such as specifying a surrogate standard of no visible emissions for particulate matter sources equipped with a bag house or specifying a fuel analysis for sulfur dioxide emissions, the Department shall waive the compliance test requirements for such emissions units and order that the alternate means of determining compliance be used, provided, however, the provisions of Rule 62-297.310(7)(b), F.A.C., shall apply.

[Rule 62-297.310(7), F.A.C.; and, SIP approved]

**B.14.1. Visible Emissions Testing - Annual and Renewal.** By this permit, annual emissions compliance testing for visible emissions is not required for these emissions units while burning only liquid fuels for less than 400 hours per year. To meet **permit renewal** requirements, the permittee shall conduct visible emissions tests on 3 (three) of the CTs that did not operate more than 400 hours per year on liquid fuels during the previous five year period.

[Rules 62-297.310(7)(a)4. & 8., F.A.C.]

**B.14.2. Nitrogen Oxides Testing.** Nitrogen oxides emissions shall be determined by a stack test on one representative turbine. Testing shall be performed each federal fiscal year, no later than September 30<sup>th</sup>, and on a different turbine not previously tested.

[0710002-005-AC, Specific Condition No. 20]

**B.15.** Compliance with the “on-specification” used oil requirements, **including an analysis for PCBs**, will be determined from a sample collected from each batch delivered for firing. See Specific Conditions **B.6., B.18., and B.19.**

[Rules 62-4.070 and 62-213.440; and, 40 CFR 279]

### **Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements**

**B.16. Malfunction Reporting.** In the case of excess emissions resulting from malfunctions, each owner or operator shall notify the Department in accordance with Rule 62-4.130, F.A.C. A full written report on the malfunctions shall be submitted in a quarterly report, if requested by the Department.

[Rule 62-210.700(6), F.A.C.]

### **B.17. Test Reports.**

(a) The owner or operator of an emissions unit for which a compliance test is required shall file a report with the Department on the results of each such test.

(b) The required test report shall be filed with the Department as soon as practical but no later than 45 days after the last sampling run of each test is completed.

[Rule 62-297.310(8), F.A.C.]

**B.18.** Records shall be kept of each delivery of “on-specification” used oil with a statement of the origin of the used oil and the quantity delivered/stored for firing. In addition, monthly records shall be kept of the quantity of “on-specification” used oil fired in these emissions units. On a quarterly basis, for each quarter during which used oil is burned, a report shall be submitted to the Department’s South District office concerning the quantity and analysis of the on-specification used oil burned. The above records shall be maintained in a form suitable for inspection, retained for a minimum of five years, and be made available upon request. See Specific Conditions **B.6., B.15., and B.19.**

[Rule 62-213.440(1)(b)2.b., F.A.C.; 40 CFR 279.61 and 761.20(e); and, AO36-223496]

**B.19.** The permittee shall include in the “Annual Operating Report for Air Pollutant Emitting Facility” a summary of the “on-specification” used oil analyses for the calendar year and a statement of the total quantity of “on-specification” used oil fired in Combustion Turbines 1 to 12 during the calendar year. See Specific Conditions **B.6.**, **B.15.**, and **B.18.**  
[Rule 62-213.440(1)(b)2.b., F.A.C.]

**Section III. Emissions Units and Conditions.**

**Subsection C. This section addresses the following emissions unit(s).**

E.U. ID No.	Brief Description
-018	Combustion Turbine 2A – Combined Cycle Unit With Non-Fired HRSG
-019	Combustion Turbine 2B – Combined Cycle Unit With Non-Fired HRSG
-020	Combustion Turbine 2C – Combined Cycle Unit With Non-Fired HRSG
-021	Combustion Turbine 2D – Combined Cycle Unit With Non-Fired HRSG
-022	Combustion Turbine 2E – Combined Cycle Unit With Non-Fired HRSG
-023	Combustion Turbine 2F – Combined Cycle Unit With Non-Fired HRSG
-024	6 Direct-Fired Natural Gas Heaters

Emission Units -018 through -023 are each (nominal) 170 MW General Electric MS7241FA combustion turbines, each with an unfired heat recovery steam generator (HRSG). When operating in the combined cycle mode, the HRSG will produce enough steam to generate an additional 80 MW via the existing steam-driven electrical generators (250 MW total from each unit). Each of the combined cycle units will have two relatively short stacks, one for simple cycle mode and one for combined cycle mode. These units shall comply with all applicable provisions of 40CFR60, Subpart GG, Standards of Performance for Stationary Gas Turbines, adopted by reference in Rule 62-204.800(7)(b), F.A.C. The Subpart GG requirement to correct test data to ISO conditions applies. However, such correction is not required to demonstrate compliance with non-NSPS permit standard(s). These units also include six direct-fired heaters with 21-foot stacks to heat the natural gas prior to use during simple cycle operation and cold start-ups.

{Permitting notes: The units began commercial operation between September, 2000 and March, 2001. Stack height = 125 feet, exit diameter = 19.0 feet, exit temperature = 220 °F, actual volumetric flow rate = 1,196,162 acfm. Emissions from the CT are controlled by the use of dry low-NO<sub>x</sub> (DLN) burners when firing natural gas.}

**General**

**C.1. Definitions.** For the purposes of Rule 62-204.800(7), F.A.C., the definitions contained in the various provisions of 40 CFR 60 shall apply except that the term "Administrator" when used in 40 CFR 60, shall mean the Secretary or the Secretary's designee.  
[40 CFR 60.2; Rule 62-204.800(7)(a), F.A.C.]

**C.2. Circumvention.** No owner or operator subject to the provisions of 40 CFR 60 shall build, erect, install, or use any article, machine, equipment or process, the use of which conceals an emission which would otherwise constitute a violation of an applicable standard. Such concealment includes, but is not limited to, the use of gaseous diluents to achieve compliance with an opacity standard or with a standard which is based on the concentration of a pollutant in the gases discharged to the atmosphere.  
[40 CFR 60.12]

**C.3. Modifications.** Except as provided under 40 CFR 60.14(e) and (f), any physical or operational change to an existing facility which results in an increase in the emission rate to the atmosphere of any pollutant to which a standard applies shall be considered a modification within the meaning of section 11 of the Act. Upon modification, an existing facility shall become an affected facility for each pollutant to which a standard applies and for which there is an increase in the emission rate to the atmosphere.  
[40 CFR 60.14(a)]

**C.4. Operating Procedures.** Operating procedures shall include good operating practices and proper training of all operators and supervisors. The good operating practices shall meet the guidelines and procedures as established by the equipment manufacturers. All operators (including supervisors) of air pollution control devices shall be properly trained in plant specific equipment.  
[Rule 62-4.070(3), F.A.C.; and, 0710002-004-AC]

{Permitting Note: In addition to the requirements listed below, these emissions units are also subject to the standards and requirements contained in the Acid Rain Part of this permit (see Section IV).}

**Essential Potential to Emit (PTE) Parameters**

**C.5. Permitted Capacity.**

- a. CTs. The maximum heat input rates, based on the lower heating value (LHV) of the fuel to *each* combustion turbine at compressor inlet conditions of 59°F, 60% relative humidity, 100% load, and 14.7 psia shall not exceed 1,760 million Btu per hour (MMBtu/hr). This maximum heat input rate will vary depending upon turbine inlet conditions and the combustion turbine characteristics. Manufacturer's curves corrected for site conditions or equations for correction to other compressor inlet conditions shall be provided to the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) within 45 days of completing the initial compliance testing. [Design, Rule 62-210.200, F.A.C. (Definitions - Potential Emissions)]
- b. Direct Fired Heaters (DFHs). The maximum heat input rate, based on the lower heating value (LHV) of the fuel to the DFHs at ambient conditions of 59°F, 60% relative humidity, 100% load, and 14.7 psia shall not exceed 132 MMBtu per hour.

[Rules 62-4.160(2) and 62-210.200(PTE), F.A.C.; 40 CFR 60.332(b); and, 0710002-004-AC].

{Permitting note: The heat input limitations have been placed in each permit to identify the capacity of each unit for the purposes of confirming that emissions testing is conducted within 95 to 100 percent of the unit's rated capacity (or to limit future operation to 105 percent of the test load), to establish appropriate emission limits and to aid in determining future rule applicability. Regular record keeping is not required for heat input. Instead, the owner or operator is expected to determine heat input whenever emission testing is required, to demonstrate at what percentage of the rated capacity that the unit was tested. Rule 62-297.310(5), F.A.C., included in the permit, requires measurement of the process variables for emission tests. Such heat input determination may be based on measurements of fuel consumption by various methods including but not limited to fuel flow metering or tank drop measurements, using the heat value of the fuel determined by the fuel vendor or the owner or operator, to calculate average hourly heat input during the test.}

**C.6. Emissions Unit Operating Rate Limitation After Testing.** See specific condition **C.40.**

[Rule 62-297.310(2), F.A.C.]

**C.7. Methods of Operation.**

- a. **Fuels:** Only pipeline natural gas shall be fired in these units. The burning of other fuels requires review, public notice, and approval through the pre-construction process.
- b. **Control Technology:** Dry Low NO<sub>x</sub> (DLN) combustors shall be installed on each stationary combustion turbine to control nitrogen oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>) emissions.
- c. **Gas Heaters:** Gas heaters (emissions unit -024) shall be used to preheat the gas fuel when the CTs are operated in the simple cycle mode and cold start-ups. The gas heaters are not required for combined cycle mode as the gas fuel will be preheated by means of a hot water heat exchanger.

[Rules 62-4.070, F.A.C., 62-210.200, F.A.C. (Definitions - Potential Emissions), & 62-213.410, F.A.C.; Chapters 62-210 & 62-212, F.A.C.; 0710002-004-AC; and, Applicant Request]

**C.8. Maximum Annual Allowable Hours of operation for each of the six combustion turbines, and the gas heaters are 8,760.**

[Rule 62-210.200, F.A.C. (Definitions - Potential Emissions); and, 0710002-004-AC]

**Emission Limitations and Standards**

{Permitting Note: The attached Table 1-1, Summary of Air Pollutant Standards and Terms, summarizes information for convenience purposes only. This table does not supersede any of the terms or conditions of this permit.}

{Permitting Note: The following emission limits, as established by 0710002-004-AC, are determined for this project assuming full load.}

**C.9. Nitrogen Oxides - CTs.** The concentration of NO<sub>x</sub> concentrations in the exhaust gas of each CT shall not exceed 9 ppmvd at 15% O<sub>2</sub> on a 30-day rolling average basis as measured by the CEMS (maintained in accordance with 40 CFR 75). Based on CEMS data at the end of each operating day, a new 30-day average rate is calculated from the arithmetic average of all valid hourly emission rates during the previous 30 operating days. In addition, NO<sub>x</sub> emissions calculated as NO<sub>2</sub> (at ISO conditions) shall exceed neither 9 ppm @15% O<sub>2</sub> nor 65 lb/hr.

[0710002-004-AC]

**C.10. Nitrogen Oxides - Heaters.** Nitrogen oxides emissions from the six gas heaters shall not exceed 0.10 lb/MMBtu (at ISO conditions).

[0710002-004-AC & 0710002-008-AC]

**C.11. Sulfur Dioxide.**

- a. No owner or operator subject to the provisions of 40 CFR 60.333 shall burn in any stationary gas turbine any fuel which contains sulfur in excess of 0.8 percent.
- b. Sulfur dioxide emissions shall be controlled by the firing of pipeline quality natural gas, per Specific Condition C.7. Compliance with this condition assures compliance with the NSPS limit contained in Specific Condition C.11.a.

[0710002-004-AC; 40 CFR 60.333; and, Applicant Request.]

**C.12. Carbon Monoxide CTs.** The concentration of carbon monoxide emissions (@15% O<sub>2</sub> in the exhaust gas) shall not exceed 12 ppmvd as measured by EPA Method 10. CO emissions (at ISO conditions) shall not exceed 43 lb/hr (per CT) to be demonstrated by stack test.

[0710002-004-AC]

**C.13. Carbon Monoxide - Heaters.** Carbon monoxide emissions from the gas heaters shall not exceed 0.15 lb/MMBtu (at ISO conditions).  
[0710002-004-AC & 0710002-008-AC]

**C.14. Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs).** The concentration of VOC in the exhaust gas shall not exceed 1.4 ppmvd. VOC emissions (at ISO conditions) shall not exceed 2.9 lb/hr per CT.  
[0710002-004-AC]

**C.15. Visible Emissions - CTs.** Visible emissions from the CTs shall not exceed 10 percent opacity.  
[0710002-004-AC]

**C.16. Visible Emissions - Heaters.** Visible emissions from the gas heaters shall not exceed 10 percent opacity.  
[0710002-004-AC]

### **Excess Emissions**

{Permitting note: The Excess Emissions Rule at Rule 62-210.700, F.A.C., cannot vary any requirement of an NSPS or NESHAP provision.}

**C.17.** Excess emissions resulting from startup, shutdown, or malfunction of the *combustion turbines and heat recovery steam generators* shall be permitted provided that best operational practices are adhered to and the duration of excess emissions shall be minimized. Excess emissions occurrences shall in no case exceed two hours in any 24-hour period except during "cold start-up" to or shutdowns from combined cycle operation. During cold start-up to combined cycle operation, up to four hours of excess emissions are allowed. During shutdowns from combined cycle operation, up to three hours of excess emissions are allowed. Cold start-up is defined as a startup to combined cycle operation when the heat recovery steam generator high-pressure drum is below 450 psig for at least one hour.

Excess emissions from the combustion turbines resulting from startup of the *steam turbines system* shall be permitted provided that best operational practices are adhered to and the duration of excess emissions shall be minimized. Excess emissions occurrences shall in no case exceed 12 hours per cold startup of the steam turbine system.

The following NO<sub>x</sub> excess emissions periods are applicable only at the end of construction and shall not exceed a total of 90 days per combustion turbine:

Emissions of NO<sub>x</sub> from the combustion turbines (CTs), in excess of the BACT limit established in Specific Condition C.9., resulting from steam blow activities associated with bringing the heat recovery steam generators into operation shall be permitted provided that best operational practices are adhered to and that the Subpart GG NSPS limit of 75/110 ppmvd @15% O<sub>2</sub> is not exceeded. The period during which such excess emissions are authorized shall not exceed a total of 90 days per combustion turbine. The applicant shall record for each CT unit the periods of startup for each operating mode. Excess emissions during the periods of startup shall be reported to the FDEP South District office within 30 days.

[Applicant Request (FPL estimates that CT emissions will comply with the NSPS NO<sub>x</sub> limit following initial compliance testing, but that low load operation necessary for steam blow activities prior to initial combined cycle operation will result in NO<sub>x</sub> emissions above the BACT limit of 9 ppmvd @15 percent O<sub>2</sub>. Excess emissions of NO<sub>x</sub> resulting from steam blows may occur



intermittently over a period of up to 30 days per CT initially, followed by a period of up to 60 days of intermittent steam blows for the piping systems serving the six interconnected combined cycle units)].

[Applicant Request (FPL estimates that, on average, there will be approximately 12 startups to combined-cycle operation per year), G.E. Combined Cycle Startup Curves Data; Rules 62-210.700(1), F.A.C. & 62-4.130, F.A.C.; and, 0710002-004-AC]

**C.18.** Excess emissions which are caused entirely or in part by poor maintenance, poor operation, or any other equipment or process failure which may reasonably be prevented during startup, shutdown or malfunction shall be prohibited.

[Rule 62-210.700(4), F.A.C.]

### **Monitoring of Operations**

**C.19.** At all times, including periods of startup, shutdown and malfunction, owners and operators shall, to the extent practicable, maintain and operate any affected facility including associated pollution control equipment in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practice for minimizing emissions. Determination of whether acceptable operating and maintenance procedures are being used will be based on information available to the Administrator which may include, but is not limited to, monitoring results, opacity observations, review of operating and maintenance procedures, and inspection of the source.

[40 CFR 60.11(d)]

**C.20.** The owner or operator of any stationary gas turbine subject to the provisions of 40 CFR 60, Subpart GG shall monitor sulfur content and nitrogen content of the fuel being fired in the turbine. The frequency of determination of these values shall be as follows:

- (1) If the turbine is supplied its fuel from a bulk storage tank, the values shall be determined on each occasion that fuel is transferred to the storage tank from any other source.
- (2) If the turbine is supplied its fuel without intermediate bulk storage, the values shall be determined and recorded daily. Owners, operators or fuel vendors may develop custom schedules for determination of the values based on the design and operation of the affected facility and the characteristics of the fuel supply. These custom schedules shall be substantiated with data and must be approved by the Administrator before they can be used to comply with 40 CFR 60.334(b).

[40 CFR 60.334(b)(1) & (2)]

**C.21. Natural Gas Monitoring Schedule:** The following custom monitoring schedule for natural gas is approved in lieu of the daily sampling requirements of 40 CFR 60.334 (b)(2):

- a. The permittee shall apply for an Acid Rain permit within the deadlines specified in 40 CFR 72.30.
- b. The permittee shall submit a monitoring plan, certified by signature of the Designated Representative (DR), that commits to using a primary fuel of pipeline supplied natural gas (sulfur content less than 20 gr/100 scf pursuant to 40 CFR 75.11(d)(2)).
- c. Each unit shall be monitored for SO<sub>2</sub> emissions using methods consistent with the requirements of 40 CFR 75 and certified by the USEPA.

[0710002-004-AC]

**C.22. Determination of Process Variables.**

- (a) Required Equipment. The owner or operator of an emissions unit for which compliance tests are required shall install, operate, and maintain equipment or instruments necessary to determine process variables, such as process weight input or heat input, when such data are needed in conjunction with emissions data to determine the compliance of the emissions unit with applicable emission limiting standards.
- (b) Accuracy of Equipment. Equipment or instruments used to directly or indirectly determine process variables, including devices such as belt scales, weight hoppers, flow meters, and tank scales, shall be calibrated and adjusted to indicate the true value of the parameter being measured with sufficient accuracy to allow the applicable process variable to be determined within 10% of its true value.

[Rule 62-297.310(5), F.A.C.]

**Continuous Monitoring Requirements**

**C.23. Continuous Monitoring System:**

- a. The permittee shall have installed and shall calibrate, maintain, and operate a continuous emission monitor in the stack to measure and record the emissions of nitrogen oxides from each CT. Thirty-day rolling average periods when NO<sub>x</sub> emissions (ppmvd @ 15% oxygen) are above the standards, listed in Specific Conditions C.9. and C.10., shall be provided to the DEP South District Office within one working day (verbally) followed up by a written explanation not later than three (3) working days (alternately by facsimile within one working day).
- b. When NO<sub>x</sub> monitoring data is not available, substitution for missing data shall be handled as required by Title IV (40 CFR 75) to calculate the thirty-day rolling average emission rate.

[Rules 62-210.700 & 62-4.130, F.A.C.; and, 071002-004-AC]

**C.24. Continuous compliance with the NO<sub>x</sub> emission limits.** Continuous compliance with the NO<sub>x</sub> emission limits shall be demonstrated with the CEM system based on a 30-day rolling average. Based on CEMS data, a separate compliance determination is conducted at the end of each operating day and a new 30 day average emission rate is calculated from the arithmetic average of all valid hourly emission rates during the previous 30 operating days. Valid hourly emission rates shall not include periods of startup, shutdown, or malfunction. A valid hourly emission rate shall be calculated for each hour in which at least two NO<sub>x</sub> concentrations are obtained at least 15 minutes apart.

[Rules 62-4.070 F.A.C., 62-210.700, F.A.C.; 40CFR75; and, 0710002-004-AC]

**C.25. CEMS for reporting excess emissions:** The NO<sub>x</sub> CEMS may be used in lieu of the requirement for reporting excess emissions in 40 CFR 60.334(c)(1), Subpart GG (1997 version). Upon request from DEP, the CEMS emission rates for NO<sub>x</sub> on each CT shall be corrected to ISO conditions to demonstrate compliance with the NO<sub>x</sub> standard established in 40 CFR 60.332.

[0710002-004-AC]

**C.26.** For the purposes of 40 CFR 60.13, all continuous monitoring systems required under applicable subparts shall be subject to the provisions of 40 CFR 60.13 upon promulgation of performance specifications for continuous monitoring systems under Appendix B of 40 CFR 60 and, if the continuous monitoring system is used to demonstrate compliance with emission limits on a continuous basis, Appendix F of 40 CFR 60, unless otherwise specified in an applicable subpart or by the Administrator. Appendix F is applicable December 4, 1987.

[40 CFR 60.13(a)]

{Permitting Note: The requirements for the NO<sub>x</sub> CEMS which are installed and maintained in accordance with 40 CFR 75 are at least as stringent as the requirements of 40 CFR 60, and are an acceptable alternative to this condition.}

**C.27.** All continuous monitoring systems (CMS) or monitoring devices shall be installed such that representative measurements of emissions or process parameters from the affected facility are obtained. Additional procedures for location of continuous monitoring systems contained in the applicable Performance Specifications of Appendix B of 40 CFR 60 shall be used.  
[40 CFR 60.13(f)]

**Required Tests, Test Methods and Procedures**

{Permitting Note: The attached Table 2-1, Summary of Compliance Requirements, summarizes information for convenience purposes only. This table does not supersede any of the terms or conditions of this permit.}

**C.28. Annual Tests Required.** For the combustion turbines (emissions units 018 – 023), annual testing must be performed during every federal fiscal year (October 1 – September 30) for NO<sub>x</sub>, CO, and VE, in accordance with the requirements listed below. No other test methods may be used for compliance testing unless prior DEP approval is received in writing. PM testing is only required if the VE test indicates an exceedance of the standards. VOC testing is only required if the annual CO test indicates an exceedance of the CO standard. Annual compliance testing is not required for the six Direct-Fired Natural Gas Heaters (emissions unit 024).  
[0710002-004-AC; and Rule 62-297.310(7), F.A.C.]

**C.29. Compliance with the NO<sub>x</sub> emission limit:** If requested, the test method for emissions of nitrogen oxides shall be EPA Reference Method 20. During performance tests, to determine compliance with the NSPS NO<sub>x</sub> standard, measured NO<sub>x</sub> emissions at 15 percent oxygen will be adjusted to ISO ambient atmospheric conditions by the following correction factor:

$$NO_x = (NO_{xO}) (P_r/P_o)^{0.5} e^{19(H_o-0.00633)} (288^\circ K/T_a)^{1.53}$$

where:

NO<sub>x</sub> = emission rate of NO<sub>x</sub> at 15 percent O<sub>2</sub> and ISO standard ambient conditions, volume percent.

NO<sub>xO</sub> = observed NO<sub>x</sub> concentration, ppm by volume.

P<sub>r</sub> = reference combustor inlet absolute pressure at 101.3 kilopascals ambient pressure, mm Hg.

P<sub>o</sub> = observed combustor inlet absolute pressure at test, mm Hg.

H<sub>o</sub> = observed humidity of ambient air, g H<sub>2</sub>O/g air.

e = transcendental constant, 2.718.

T<sub>a</sub> = ambient temperature, °K.

[40 CFR 60.335(c)(1); Rule 62-297.401, F.A.C.; and 0710002-004-AC]

{Permitting Note: If testing is performed at 95% - 100% of rated capacity then the requirements of this specific condition to correct to ISO conditions are not applicable. The annual calibration RATA associated with the NO<sub>x</sub> CEMS in use on these units may be used in lieu of the required annual EPA Reference Method 20, as long as all of the requirements of Rule 62-297.310, F.A.C., are met (i.e., prior test notification, proper test result submittal, etc.).}

**C.30. Compliance with the CO emission limit:** Annual compliance testing for CO, using EPA Reference Method 10, may be conducted at less than capacity when compliance testing is conducted concurrent with the annual NO<sub>x</sub> RATA testing which is performed pursuant to 40 CFR 75.  
[0710002-004-AC]

**C.31. Compliance with the VOC emission limit:** The CO emission limit will be employed as a surrogate and no annual testing is required. If the results of the CO test do not demonstrate compliance with the CO limit, compliance with the VOC limit shall be demonstrated by conducting a stack test using EPA Method 18 or 25A.  
[0710002-004-AC]

**C.32. Compliance with the Visible Emissions limits.** EPA Reference Method 9 shall be used to demonstrate compliance with the visible emissions standard in Specific Conditions C.15. & C.16.  
[Rule 62-297.401, F.A.C.; 40 CFR 60, Appendix A; and, 0710002-004-AC]

**C.33. Nitrogen Oxides.** To compute the emissions of nitrogen oxides, the owner or operator shall use analytical methods and procedures that are accurate to within 5 percent and are approved by the Department to determine the nitrogen content of the fuel being fired.  
[40 CFR 60.335(a)]

**C.34.** Compliance with standards in 40 CFR 60, other than opacity standards, shall be determined only by performance tests established by 40 CFR 60.8, unless otherwise specified in the applicable standard.  
[40 CFR 60.11(a)]

**C.35. Compliance with the SO<sub>2</sub> and PM/PM<sub>10</sub> emission limits.** Notwithstanding the requirements of Rule 62-297.340, F.A.C., the use of pipeline natural gas is the method for determining compliance for SO<sub>2</sub> and PM<sub>10</sub>. For the purposes of demonstrating compliance with the 40 CFR 60.333, natural gas supplier data may be submitted or the natural gas sulfur content referenced in 40 CFR 75 Appendix D may be utilized. Gas analysis, if conducted, may be performed by the owner or operator, a service contractor retained by the owner or operator, the fuel vendor, or any other qualified agency pursuant to 40 CFR 60.335(e) (1997 version). However, the applicant is responsible for ensuring that the procedures in 40CFR 60.335 or 40CFR75 are used for determination of fuel sulfur content if gas analysis is done.  
[0710002-004-AC]

**C.36.** Performance tests shall be conducted under such conditions as the Administrator shall specify to the plant operator based on representative performance of the affected facility. The owner or operator shall make available to the Administrator such records as may be necessary to determine the conditions of the performance tests. Operations during periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction shall not constitute representative conditions for the purpose of a performance test nor shall emissions in excess of the level of the applicable emission limit during periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction be considered a violation of the applicable emission limit unless otherwise specified in the applicable standard.  
[40 CFR 60.8(c)]

**C.37.** The owner or operator shall provide, or cause to be provided, stack sampling and performance testing facilities as follows:

- (1) Sampling ports adequate for test methods applicable to such facilities.
- (2) Safe sampling platform(s).
- (3) Safe access to sampling platform(s).

(4) Utilities for sampling and testing equipment.  
[40 CFR 60.8(e)(1), (2), (3) & (4); and, PSD-FL-190]

**C.38. Required Stack Sampling Facilities.** When a mass emissions stack test is required, the permittee shall comply with the requirements contained in Appendix SS-1, Stack Sampling Facilities, **attached to this permit.**  
[Rule 62-297.310(6), F.A.C.]

**C.39. Required Number of Test Runs.** For mass emission limitations, a compliance test shall consist of three complete and separate determinations of the total air pollutant emission rate through the test section of the stack or duct and three complete and separate determinations of any applicable process variables corresponding to the three distinct time periods during which the stack emission rate was measured provided, however, that three complete and separate determinations shall not be required if the process variables are not subject to variation during a compliance test, or if three determinations are not necessary in order to calculate the unit's emission rate. The three required test runs shall be completed within one consecutive five-day period. In the event that a sample is lost or one of the three runs must be discontinued because of circumstances beyond the control of the owner or operator, and a valid third run cannot be obtained within the five day period allowed for the test, the Secretary or his or her designee may accept the results of the two complete runs as proof of compliance, provided that the arithmetic mean of the results of the two complete runs is at least 20 percent below the allowable emission limiting standards.  
[Rule 62-297.310(1), F.A.C.]

**C.40. Operating Rate During Testing/Testing procedures.** Testing of emissions shall be conducted with the combustion turbine operating at permitted capacity. Permitted capacity is defined as 95-100 percent of the maximum heat input rate allowed by the permit, corrected for the average compressor inlet temperature during the test (with 100 percent represented by a curve depicting heat input vs. compressor inlet temperature). If it is impracticable to test at permitted capacity, the source may be tested at less than permitted capacity. In this case, subsequent operation is limited by adjusting the entire heat input vs. compressor inlet temperature curve downward by an increment equal to the difference between the maximum permitted heat input (corrected for compressor inlet temperature) and 105 percent of the value reached during the test until a new test is conducted. Once the unit is so limited, operation at higher capacities is allowed for no more than 15 consecutive days for the purposes of additional compliance testing to regain the permitted capacity. The turbine manufacturer's capacity vs. temperature (ambient) curve shall be included with the compliance test results. Test procedures shall meet all applicable requirements (i.e., testing time frequency, minimum compliance duration, etc.) of Chapter 62-204 and 62-297 F.A.C.  
[Rules 62-297.310(2) & (2)(a), F.A.C.; and, 0710002-004-AC]

**C.41. Calculation of Emission Rate.** The indicated emission rate or concentration shall be the arithmetic average of the emission rate or concentration determined by each of the separate test runs unless otherwise specified in a particular test method or applicable rule.  
[Rule 62-297.310(3), F.A.C.]

**C.42. Applicable Test Procedures.**

(a) Required Sampling Time.

1. Unless otherwise specified in the applicable rule, the required sampling time for each test run shall be no less than one hour and no greater than four hours, and the sampling time at each sampling point shall be of equal intervals of at least two minutes.

2. **Opacity Compliance Tests.** When EPA Method 9 is specified as the applicable opacity test method, the required minimum period of observation for a compliance test shall be sixty (60) minutes for emissions units which emit or have the potential to emit 100 tons per year or more of particulate matter, and thirty (30) minutes for emissions units which have potential emissions less than 100 tons per year of particulate matter and are not subject to a multiple-valued opacity standard. The opacity test observation period shall include the period during which the highest opacity emissions can reasonably be expected to occur. Exceptions to these requirements are as follows:
    - c. The minimum observation period for opacity tests conducted by employees or agents of the Department to verify the day-to-day continuing compliance of a unit or activity with an applicable opacity standard shall be twelve minutes.
- (b) Minimum Sample Volume. Unless otherwise specified in the applicable rule, the minimum sample volume per run shall be 25 dry standard cubic feet.
- (d) Calibration of Sampling Equipment. Calibration of the sampling train equipment shall be conducted in accordance with the schedule shown in Table 297.310-1.
- [Rule 62-297.310(4), F.A.C.]

**TABLE 297.310-1  
CALIBRATION SCHEDULE**

<u>ITEM</u>	<u>MINIMUM CALIBRATION FREQUENCY</u>	<u>REFERENCE INSTRUMENT</u>	<u>TOLERANCE</u>
Liquid in glass thermometer	Annually	ASTM Hg in glass	+/-2% ref. thermometer or equivalent, or thermometric points
Bimetallic thermometer	Quarterly	Calib. liq. in	5 degrees F glass thermometer
Thermocouple	Annually	ASTM Hg in glass	5 degrees F ref. thermometer, NBS calibrated reference and potentiometer
Barometer	Monthly	Hg barometer or NOAA station	+/-1% scale
Pitot Tube	When required or when damaged	By construction or measurements in wind tunnel D greater than 16" and standard pitot tube	See EPA Method 2, Fig. 2-2 & 2-3
Probe Nozzles	Before each test or when nicked, dented, or corroded	Micrometer	+/-0.001" mean of at least three readings Max. deviation between readings .004"
Dry Gas Meter and Orifice Meter	1. Full Scale: When received, When 5% change observed, Annually	Spirometer or calibrated wet test or dry gas test meter	2%
	2. One Point: Semiannually 3. Check after each test series	Comparison check	5%

**C.43. Frequency of Compliance Tests.** The following provisions apply only to those emissions units that are subject to an emissions limiting standard for which compliance testing is required.

(a) General Compliance Testing.

3. The owner or operator of an emissions unit that is subject to any emission limiting standard shall conduct a compliance test that demonstrates compliance with the applicable emission limiting standard prior to obtaining a renewed operation permit. Emissions units that are required to conduct an annual compliance test may submit the most recent annual compliance test to satisfy the requirements of this provision. In renewing an air operation permit pursuant to Rule 62-210.300(2)(a)3.b., c., or d., F.A.C., the Department shall not require submission of emission compliance test results for any emissions unit that, during the year prior to renewal:
  - a. Did not operate; or,
  - b. In the case of a fuel burning emissions unit, burned liquid fuel for a total of no more than 400 hours.
4. During each federal fiscal year (October 1 - September 30), unless otherwise specified by rule, order, or permit, the owner or operator of each emissions unit shall have a formal compliance test conducted for:
  - a. Visible emissions, if there is an applicable standard;
  - b. Each of the following pollutants, if there is an applicable standard, and if the emissions unit emits or has the potential to emit: 5 tons per year or more of lead or lead compounds measured as elemental lead; 30 tons per year or more of acrylonitrile; or 100 tons per year or more of any other regulated air pollutant; and,
  - c. Each NESHAP pollutant, if there is an applicable emission standard.
8. Any combustion turbine that does not operate for more than 400 hours per year shall conduct a visible emissions compliance test once per each five-year period, coinciding with the term of its air operation permit.
9. The owner or operator shall notify the Department, at least 15 days prior to the date on which each formal compliance test is to begin, of the date, time, and place of each such test, and the test contact person who will be responsible for coordinating and having such test conducted for the owner or operator.

(b) Special Compliance Tests. When the Department, after investigation, has good reason (such as complaints, increased visible emissions or questionable maintenance of control equipment) to believe that any applicable emission standard contained in a Department rule or in a permit issued pursuant to those rules is being violated, it may require the owner or operator of the emissions unit to conduct compliance tests which identify the nature and quantity of pollutant emissions from the emissions unit and to provide a report on the results of said tests to the Department.

(c) Waiver of Compliance Test Requirements. If the owner or operator of an emissions unit that is subject to a compliance test requirement demonstrates to the Department, pursuant to the procedure established in Rule 62-297.620, F.A.C., that the compliance of the emissions unit with an applicable weight emission limiting standard can be adequately determined by means other than the designated test procedure, such as specifying a surrogate standard of no visible emissions for particulate matter sources equipped with a bag house or specifying a fuel analysis for sulfur dioxide emissions, the Department shall waive the compliance test requirements for such emissions units and order that the alternate means of determining compliance be used, provided, however, the provisions of Rule 62-297.310(7)(b), F.A.C., shall apply.

[Rule 62-297.310(7), F.A.C.; and, SIP approved]



### **Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements**

**C.44.** The owner or operator subject to the provisions of 40 CFR 60 shall furnish the Administrator written notification as follows:

(4) A notification of any physical or operational change to an existing facility which may increase the emission rate of any air pollutant to which a standard applies, unless that change is specifically exempted under an applicable subpart or in 40 CFR 60.14(e). This notice shall be postmarked 60 days or as soon as practicable before the change is commenced and shall include information describing the precise nature of the change, present and proposed emission control systems, productive capacity of the facility before and after the change, and the expected completion date of the change. The Administrator may request additional relevant information subsequent to this notice.

[40 CFR 60.7(a)(4)]

**C.45. Quarterly Reports.** Quarterly excess emission reports, in accordance with 40 CFR 60.7 (a)(7) (c) (1997 version), shall be submitted to the DEP's South District office.

[40 CFR 60.7(a)(7); and 0710002-004-AC]

**C.46.** The owner or operator subject to the provisions of 40 CFR 60 shall maintain records of the occurrence and duration of any startup, shutdown, or malfunction in the operation of an affected facility; any malfunction of the air pollution control equipment; or, any periods during which a continuous monitoring system or monitoring device is inoperative.

[40 CFR 60.7(b)]

**C.47. Excess Emissions Report.** In case of excess emissions resulting from malfunctions, the owner or operator shall notify DEP's South District office within (1) working day of: the nature, extent, and duration of the excess emissions; the cause of the excess emissions; and the actions taken to correct the problem. In addition, the Department may request a written summary report of the incident. Pursuant to the New Source Performance Standards, all excess emissions shall also be reported in accordance with 40 CFR 60.7, Subpart A. Following this format, 40 CFR 60.7, periods of startup, shutdown, malfunction, and fuel switching shall be monitored, recorded, and reported as excess emissions when emission levels exceed the permitted standards listed in Specific Conditions C.9. through C.16.

[Rules 62-4.130, 62-204.800, 62-210.700(6), F.A.C., and 40 CFR 60.7 (1997 version)].

**C.48.** The owner or operator required to install a continuous monitoring system (CMS) or monitoring device shall submit an excess emissions and monitoring systems performance report and/or a summary report form [see 40 CFR 60.7(d)] to the Administrator semiannually, except when: more frequent reporting is specifically required by an applicable subpart; or, the CMS data are to be used directly for compliance determination, in which case quarterly reports shall be submitted; or, the Administrator, on a case-by-case basis, determines that more frequent reporting is necessary to accurately assess the compliance status of the source. All reports shall be postmarked by the 30th day following the end of each calendar half (or quarter, as appropriate). Written reports of excess emissions shall include the following information:

(1) The magnitude of excess emissions computed in accordance with 40 CFR 60.13(h), any conversion factor(s) used, and the date and time of commencement and completion of each time period of excess emissions. The process operating time during the reporting period.

(2) Specific identification of each period of excess emissions that occurs during startups, shutdowns, and malfunctions of the affected facility. The nature and cause of any malfunction (if known), the corrective action taken or preventative measures adopted.

(3) The date and time identifying each period during which the continuous monitoring system was inoperative except for zero and span checks and the nature of the system repairs or adjustments.

(4) When no excess emissions have occurred or the continuous monitoring system(s) have not been inoperative, repaired, or adjusted, such information shall be stated in the report.

[40 CFR 60.7(c)(1), (2), (3), and (4)]

**C.49.** The summary report form shall contain the information and be in the format shown in Figure 1 (attached) unless otherwise specified by the Administrator. One summary report form shall be submitted for each pollutant monitored at each affected facility.

(1) If the total duration of excess emissions for the reporting period is less than 1 percent of the total operating time for the reporting period and CMS downtime for the reporting period is less than 5 percent of the total operating time for the reporting period, only the summary report form shall be submitted and the excess emission report described in 40 CFR 60.7(c) need not be submitted unless requested by the Administrator.

(2) If the total duration of excess emissions for the reporting period is 1 percent or greater of the total operating time for the reporting period or the total CMS downtime for the reporting period is 5 percent or greater of the total operating time for the reporting period, the summary report form and the excess emission report described in 40 CFR 60.7(c) shall both be submitted.

[40 CFR 60.7(d)(1) and (2)]

*{See attached Figure 1: Summary Report-Gaseous and Opacity Excess Emission and Monitoring System Performance}*

**C.50.** (1) Notwithstanding the frequency of reporting requirements specified in 40 CFR 60.7(c), an owner or operator who is required by an applicable subpart to submit excess emissions and monitoring systems performance reports (and summary reports) on a quarterly (or more frequent) basis may reduce the frequency of reporting for that standard to semiannual if the following conditions are met:

(i) For 1 full year (e.g., 4 quarterly or 12 monthly reporting periods) the affected facility's excess emissions and monitoring systems reports submitted to comply with a standard under this part continually demonstrate that the facility is in compliance with the applicable standard;

(ii) The owner or operator continues to comply with all recordkeeping and monitoring requirements specified in 40 CFR 60, Subpart A, and the applicable standard; and,

(iii) The Administrator does not object to a reduced frequency of reporting for the affected facility, as provided in 40 CFR 60.7(e)(2). The frequency of reporting of excess emissions and monitoring systems performance (and summary) reports may be reduced only after the owner or operator notifies the Administrator in writing of his or her intention to make such a change and the Administrator does not object to the intended change. In deciding whether to approve a reduced frequency of reporting, the Administrator may review information concerning the source's entire previous performance history during the required recordkeeping period prior to the intended change, including performance test results, monitoring data, and evaluations of an owner or operator's conformance with operation and maintenance requirements. Such information may be used by the Administrator to make a judgment about the source's potential for noncompliance in the future. If the Administrator disapproves the owner or operator's request to reduce the frequency of reporting, the Administrator will notify the owner or operator in writing within 45 days after receiving notice of the owner or operator's intention. The notification from the Administrator to the owner or operator

will specify the grounds on which the disapproval is based. In the absence of a notice of disapproval within 45 days, approval is automatically granted.

- (3) As soon as monitoring data indicate that the affected facility is not in compliance with any emission limitation or operating parameter specified in the applicable standard, the frequency of reporting shall revert to the frequency specified in the applicable standard, and the owner or operator shall submit an excess emissions and monitoring systems performance report (and summary report, if required) at the next appropriate reporting period following the noncomplying event. After demonstrating compliance with the applicable standard for another full year, the owner or operator may again request approval from the Administrator to reduce the frequency of reporting for that standard as provided for in 40 CFR 60.7(e)(1) & (e)(2).

[40 CFR 60.7(e)(1)]

**C.51.** The owner or operator subject to the provisions of 40 CFR 60 shall maintain a file of all measurements, including continuous monitoring system, monitoring device, and performance testing measurements; all continuous monitoring system performance evaluations; all continuous monitoring system or monitoring device calibration checks; adjustments and maintenance performed on these systems or devices; and, all other information required by 40 CFR 60 recorded in a permanent form suitable for inspection. The file shall be retained for at least 5 (five) years following the date of such measurements, maintenance, reports, and records. These records shall be made available to DEP representatives upon request.

[40 CFR 60.7(f); Rule 62-213.440(1)(b)2.b., F.A.C.; and; 0710002-004-AC]

**C.52. Test Reports.**

(a) The owner or operator of an emissions unit for which a compliance test is required shall file a report with the Department on the results of each such test.

(b) The required test report shall be filed with the Department as soon as practical but no later than 45 days after the last sampling run of each test is completed.

(c) The test report shall provide sufficient detail on the emissions unit tested and the test procedures used to allow the Department to determine if the test was properly conducted and the test results properly computed. As a minimum, the test report, other than for an EPA Method 9 test, shall provide the following information:

1. The type, location, and designation of the emissions unit tested.
2. The facility at which the emissions unit is located.
3. The owner or operator of the emissions unit.
4. The normal type and amount of fuels used and materials processed, and the types and amounts of fuels used and material processed during each test run.
5. The means, raw data and computations used to determine the amount of fuels used and materials processed, if necessary to determine compliance with an applicable emission-limiting standard.
6. The type of air pollution control devices installed on the emissions unit, their general condition, their normal operating parameters (pressure drops, total operating current and GPM scrubber water), and their operating parameters during each test run.
7. A sketch of the duct within 8 stack diameters upstream and 2 stack diameters downstream of the sampling ports, including the distance to any upstream and downstream bends or other flow disturbances.
8. The date, starting time and duration of each sampling run.

9. The test procedures used, including any alternative procedures authorized pursuant to Rule 62-297.620, F.A.C. Where optional procedures are authorized in this chapter, indicate which option was used.
10. The number of points sampled and configuration and location of the sampling plane.
11. For each sampling point for each run, the dry gas meter reading, velocity head, pressure drop across the stack, temperatures, average meter temperatures and sample time per point.
12. The type, manufacturer and configuration of the sampling equipment used.
13. Data related to the required calibration of the test equipment.
14. Data on the identification, processing and weights of all filters used.
15. Data on the types and amounts of any chemical solutions used.
16. Data on the amount of pollutant collected from each sampling probe, the filters, and the impingers, are reported separately for the compliance test.
17. The names of individuals who furnished the process variable data, conducted the test, analyzed the samples and prepared the report.
18. All measured and calculated data required to be determined by each applicable test procedure for each run.
19. The detailed calculations for one run that relate the collected data to the calculated emission rate.
20. The applicable emission standard, and the resulting maximum allowable emission rate for the emissions unit, plus the test result in the same form and unit of measure.
21. A certification that, to the knowledge of the owner or his authorized agent, all data submitted are true and correct. When a compliance test is conducted for the Department or its agent, the person who conducts the test shall provide the certification with respect to the test procedures used. The owner or his authorized agent shall certify that all data required and provided to the person conducting the test are true and correct to his knowledge.

[Rules 62-213.440 and 62-297.310(8), F.A.C.]

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**Section IV. This section is the Acid Rain Part.**

**Operated by: Florida Power and Light Company**

**ORIS code: 612**

**Subsection A. This subsection addresses Acid Rain, Phase II.**

The emissions units listed below are regulated under Acid Rain Part, Phase II.

<b>E.U. ID No.</b>	<b>EPA ID</b>	<b>Description</b>
-001	PFM1	Fossil Fuel Fired Steam Generator #1
-002	PFM2	Fossil Fuel Fired Steam Generator #2
-018	FM2CTA	Combined Cycle Unit With Non-Fired HRSG
-019	FM2CTB	Combined Cycle Unit With Non-Fired HRSG
-020	FM2CTC	Combined Cycle Unit With Non-Fired HRSG
-021	FM2CTD	Combined Cycle Unit With Non-Fired HRSG
-022	FM2CTE	Combined Cycle Unit With Non-Fired HRSG
-023	FM2CTF	Combined Cycle Unit With Non-Fired HRSG

1. The Phase II permit application submitted for this facility, as approved by the Department, is a part of this permit. The owners and operators of these Phase II acid rain units must comply with the standard requirements and special provisions set forth in the application listed below:

a. DEP Form No. 62-210.900(1)(a) (effective July 1, 1995) signed December 4, 1995, and received December 6, 1995.

[Chapter 62-213, F.A.C. and Rule 62-214.320, F.A.C.]

2. Sulfur dioxide (SO2) allowance allocations for each Acid Rain unit are as follows:

<b>E.U. ID No.</b>	<b>EPA ID</b>	<b>Year</b>	<b>2000</b>	<b>2001</b>	<b>2002</b>
-001	PFM1	SO2 allowances, under Table 2 of 40 CFR 73	3188*	3188*	3188*
-002	PFM2	SO2 allowances, under Table 2 of 40 CFR 73	9457*	9457*	9457*
-018	FM2CTA	SO2 allowances, under Table 2 of 40 CFR 73	0*	0*	0*

-019	FM2CTB	SO2 allowances, under Table 2 of 40 CFR 73	0*	0*	0*
-020	FM2CTC	SO2 allowances, under Table 2 of 40 CFR 73	0*	0*	0*
-021	FM2CTD	SO2 allowances, under Table 2 of 40 CFR 73	0*	0*	0*
-022	FM2CTE	SO2 allowances, under Table 2 of 40 CFR 73	0*	0*	0*
-023	FM2CTF	SO2 allowances, under Table 2 of 40 CFR 73	0*	0*	0*

\*The number of allowances held by an Acid Rain source in a unit account may differ from the number allocated by the USEPA under Table 2 of 40 CFR 73.

3. Emission Allowances. Emissions from sources subject to the Federal Acid Rain Program (Title IV) shall not exceed any allowances that the source lawfully holds under the Federal Acid Rain Program. Allowances shall not be used to demonstrate compliance with a non-Title IV applicable requirement of the Act.

1. No permit revision shall be required for increases in emissions that are authorized by allowances acquired pursuant to the Federal Acid Rain Program, provided that such increases do not require a permit revision pursuant to Rule 62-213.400(3), F.A.C.
2. No limit shall be placed on the number of allowances held by the source under the Federal Acid Rain Program.
3. Allowances shall be accounted for under the Federal Acid Rain Program.

[Rule 62-213.440(1)(c), F.A.C.]

4. Fast-Track Revisions of Acid Rain Parts. Those Acid Rain sources making a change described at Rule 62- 214.370(4), F.A.C., may request such change as provided in Rule 62-213.413, Fast Track Revisions of Acid Rain Parts.

[Rules 62-213.413 & 62-214.370(4), F.A.C.]

5. Where an applicable requirement of the Act is more stringent than an applicable requirement of the regulations promulgated under Title IV of the Act, both provisions shall be incorporated into the permit and shall be enforceable by the Administrator.

[40 CFR 70.6(a)(1)(ii); and, Rule 62-210.200, Definitions – Applicable Requirements, F.A.C.]

6. Comments, notes, and justifications: The addition of units FM2CTA – FM2CTF replace the old units PFM1 and PFM2, which have been retired as part of a repowering project.



**Appendix I-1: List of Insignificant Emissions Units and/or Activities.**

The facilities, emissions units, or pollutant-emitting activities listed in Rule 62-210.300(3)(a), F.A.C., Categorical Exemptions, are exempt from the permitting requirements of Chapters 62-210 and 62-4, F.A.C.; provided, however, that exempt emissions units shall be subject to any applicable emission limiting standards and the emissions from exempt emissions units or activities shall be considered in determining the potential emissions of the facility containing such emissions units. Emissions units and pollutant-emitting activities exempt from permitting under Rule 62-210.300(3)(a), F.A.C., shall not be exempt from the permitting requirements of Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., if they are contained within a Title V source; however, such emissions units and activities shall be considered insignificant for Title V purposes provided they also meet the criteria of Rule 62-213.430(6)(b), F.A.C. No emissions unit shall be entitled to an exemption from permitting under Rule 62.210.300(3)(a), F.A.C., if its emissions, in combination with the emissions of other units and activities at the facility, would cause the facility to emit or have the potential to emit any pollutant in such amount as to make the facility a Title V source.

The below listed emissions units and/or activities are considered insignificant pursuant to Rule 62-213.430(6), F.A.C.

	<b><u>Brief Description of Emissions Units and/or Activities</u></b>
1	Gas metering area relief valves
2	Hydrazine mixing tank and relief valves
3	Fuel oil storage tanks and related equipment
4	Lube oil tank vents and extraction vents
5	Oil/water separators and related equipment
6	Evaporation of Boiler Chemical Cleaning Waste

**Appendix U-1: List of Unregulated Emissions Units and/or Activities.**

Unregulated Emissions Units and/or Activities. An emissions unit which emits no “emissions-limited pollutant” and which is subject to no unit-specific work practice standard, though it may be subject to regulations applied on a facility-wide basis (e.g., unconfined emissions, odor, general opacity) or to regulations that require only that it be able to prove exemption from unit-specific emissions or work practice standards.

The below listed emissions units and/or activities are neither ‘regulated emissions units’ nor ‘insignificant emissions units’.

<b>E.U. ID No.</b>	<b><u>Brief Description of Emissions Units and/or Activities</u></b>
-015	Painting of plant equipment and non-halogenated solvent cleaning operations
-016	Miscellaneous mobile equipment and internal combustion engines
-017	Emergency diesel generator
-025	Cooling Tower

**Appendix H-1: Permit History**

E.U. ID No.	Project Description	Permit No.	Effective Date	Expiration Date	Project Type
001 - 014	2 fuel oil-fired boilers, 12 simple cycle combustion turbines	0710002-001-AV	1/1/98	12/31/02	Initial Title V
001 & 002 018 - 023 024 025	Repowering of Units 1 & 2, replaced by 6 CTs with HRSGs, 6 direct-fired natural gas heaters, and 1 Mechanical draft cooling tower	0710002-004-AC	11/25/98	12/31/02	Construction Modification
003 - 014	Installation of direct water spray inlet fogging systems on 12 existing simple cycle combustion turbines	0710002-005-AC	7/20/99	7/20/04	Construction Modification
003 - 014	Modification to allow the use of EPA Method 7E	0710002-006-AC	10/15/99	10/15/04	Construction Modification
003 - 014	Title V revision to incorporate conditions of 005-AC & 006-AC	0710002-007-AV	1/1/98	12/31/02	Title V Revision
018 - 023	Modification to 6 new combined cycle units (authorized by 004-AC) to allow excess NO <sub>x</sub> emissions due to steam blows necessary during plant conversion.	0710002-008-AC	6/14/00	12/31/02	Construction Modification
027 - 030	2 GE 7FA natural gas combustion turbine peaking units & 2 gas heaters	0710002-009-AC	12/22/00	4/30/03	New Construction
001 - 014 018 - 025	Title V revision to incorporate conditions of 004-AC & 008-AC	0710002-010-AV	6/10/02	12/31/02	Title V Revision

**Referenced Attachments**

**Phase II Acid Rain Application**

**Appendix A-1, Abbreviations, Definitions, Citations, and Identification Numbers**

**Appendix SS-1, Stack Sampling Facilities (version dated 10/7/96)**

**Appendix TV-3, Title V Conditions (version dated 4/30/99)**

**Figure 1 - Summary Report-Gaseous And Opacity Excess Emission And  
Monitoring System Performance Report (Version Dated 7/96)**

**Table 1-1, Summary of Air Pollutant Standards and Terms**

**Table 2-1, Compliance Requirements**

Florida Power and Light Company  
Fort Myers Plant

FINAL Permit No: 0710002-010-AV  
Facility ID #: 0710002

**Phase II Acid Rain Permit Application**



**FPL**

July 6, 2000

US EPA Acid Rain Program  
Mail Code 6204J  
401 M Street SW  
Washington, DC 20460

**RECEIVED**

JUL 17 2000

BUREAU OF AIR REGULATION

Re: **FPL Fort Myers Plant**  
Revised Acid Rain Phase II Application

Dear Sirs:

Enclosed please find copies of the revised subject application form for FPL's Fort Myers generating facility.

The Fort Myers station is an existing facility, to which FPL is adding 2 new combustion turbine peaking units. Please note that FPL is also in the process of repowering the two existing oil-fired steam boiler units with six, combined-cycle combustion turbines; a Phase II application for the repowering project was submitted to USEPA in November, 1998.

I would be pleased to answer any questions you may have. I can be reached at (561) 691-7058 or via email at rich\_piper@fpl.com.

Very truly yours,

Richard Piper  
Licensing Manager  
Florida Power & Light Company

cc:

Doug Neeley  
Clair Fancy

EPA Region IV  
FDEP

# Phase II Permit Application

For more information, see instructions and refer to 40 CFR 72.30 and 72.31 and Chapter 62-214, F.A.C.

This submission is:  New  Revised

Plant Name <i>Fort Myers Plant</i>	State <i>FL</i>	ORIS Code <i>000612</i>
------------------------------------	-----------------	-------------------------

**STEP 1**  
Identify the source by plant name, State, and ORIS code from NADB

**STEP 2**  
Enter the boiler ID# from NADB for each affected unit, and indicate whether a repowering plan is being submitted for the unit by entering "yes" or "no" at column c. For new units, enter the requested information in columns d and e

a Boiler ID#	Compliance Plan		d New Units Commence Operation Date	e New Units Monitor Certification Deadline
	b Unit Will Hold Allowances in Accordance with 40 CFR 72.9(c)(1)	c Repowering Plan		
PFM1	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A
PFM2	Yes	N/A	N/A	NA
FM2CTA	Yes	N/A	1/1/2001	4/1/2001
FM2CTB	Yes	N/A	2/1/2001	5/11/2001
FM2CTC	Yes	N/A	3/1/2001	6/1/2001
FM2CTD	Yes	N/A	4/1/2001	7/1/2001
FM2CTE	Yes	N/A	5/1/2001	8/1/2001
FM2CTF	Yes	N/A	6/1/2001	9/1/2001
PFM3A	Yes	N/A	12/1/2001	3/1/2002
PFM3B	Yes	N/A	12/1/2001	3/1/2002
	Yes			
	Yes			

For each unit that will be repowered, the Repowering Extension Plan form is included and the Repowering Technology Petition form has been submitted or will be submitted by

**STEP 3**  
Check the box if the response in column c of Step 2 is "Yes" for any unit

Plant Name (from Step 1) *Fort Myers Plant*

Phase II Permit - Page 2

**STEP 4**  
Read the standard requirements and certification, enter the name of the designated representative, and sign and date

**Standard Requirements**Permit Requirements.

ed representative of each Acid Rain source and each Acid Rain unit at the source shall: complete Acid Rain part application (including a compliance plan) under 40 CFR part 72, Rules 62-214.320 and 62-214.420, F.A.C.; and a timely manner any supplemental information that the permitting authority determines is necessary in order to issue or deny an Acid Rain permit; and operators of each Acid Rain source and each Acid Rain unit at the source shall: complete Acid Rain part application or a superseding Acid Rain part issued by the permitting authority; and Acid Rain Part.

Monitoring Requirements.

- (1) The owners and operators and, to the extent applicable, designated representative of each Acid Rain source and each Acid Rain unit at the source shall comply with the monitoring requirements as provided in 40 CFR part 75, and Rule 62-214.420, F.A.C.
- (2) The emissions measurements recorded and reported in accordance with 40 CFR part 75 shall be used to determine compliance by the unit with the Acid Rain emissions limitations and emissions reduction requirements for sulfur dioxide and nitrogen oxides under the Acid Rain Program.
- (3) The requirements of 40 CFR part 75 shall not affect the responsibility of the owners and operators to monitor emissions of other pollutants or other emissions characteristics at the unit under other applicable requirements of the Act and other provisions of the operating permit for the source.

Sulfur Dioxide Requirements.

- (1) The owners and operators of each source and each Acid Rain unit at the source shall: maintain, as of the allowance transfer deadline, in the unit's compliance subaccount (after deductions under 40 CFR part 75, and Rule 62-214.420, F.A.C.) an amount of allowances not less than the total annual emissions of sulfur dioxide for the previous calendar year from the unit; and comply with the applicable Acid Rain emissions limitations for sulfur dioxide.
- (2) Each ton of sulfur dioxide emitted in excess of the Acid Rain emissions limitations for sulfur dioxide shall constitute a separate violation of the Act.
- (3) An Acid Rain unit shall be subject to the requirements under paragraph (1) of the sulfur dioxide requirements as follows:
  - (a) For an Acid Rain unit under 40 CFR 72.6(a)(2); or
  - (b) For an Acid Rain unit under 40 CFR 72.6(a)(3) on or after the later of January 1, 2000, or the deadline for monitor certification under 40 CFR part 75, an Acid Rain unit under 40 CFR 72.6(a)(3).
- (4) Allowances shall be held in, deducted from, or transferred among Allowance Tracking System accounts in accordance with the Acid Rain Program.
- (5) An allowance shall not be deducted in order to comply with the requirements under paragraph (1)(i) of the sulfur dioxide requirements prior to the calendar year for which the allowance was allocated.
- (6) An allowance allocated by the Administrator under the Acid Rain Program is a limited authorization to emit sulfur dioxide in accordance with the Acid Rain Program. No provision of the Acid Rain Program, the Acid Rain permit application, the Acid Rain permit, or the written exemption under 40 CFR 72.7 and 72.8 shall be construed to limit the authority of the United States to terminate or limit such authorization.
- (7) An allowance allocated by the Administrator under the Acid Rain Program does not constitute a property right.

Nitrogen Oxides Requirements. The owners and operators of the source and each Acid Rain unit at the source shall comply with the applicable Acid Rain emissions limitation for nitrogen oxides.

Excess Emissions Requirements.

- (1) The designated representative of an Acid Rain unit that has excess emissions in any calendar year shall submit a proposed offset plan, as required under 40 CFR part 77.
- (2) The owners and operators of an Acid Rain unit that has excess emissions in any calendar year shall: pay upon demand the penalty required, and pay upon demand the interest on that penalty, as required by 40 CFR part 77; and comply with the terms of an approved offset plan, as required by 40 CFR part 77.

Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements.

- (1) Unless otherwise provided, the owners and operators of the source and each Acid Rain unit at the source shall keep on site at the source each of the following documents for a period of 5 years from the date the document is created. This period may be extended for cause, at any time prior to the end of 5 years, in writing by the Administrator or permitting authority:
  - (i) The certificate of representation for the designated representative for the source and each Acid Rain unit at the source that demonstrate the truth of the statements in the certificate of representation, in accordance with Rule 62-214.320, F.A.C.; provided that the certificate and documents shall be retained on site at the source beyond such 5-year period if the documents are superseded because of the submission of a new certificate of representation changing the date of representation;
  - (ii) The monitoring information, in accordance with 40 CFR part 75;
  - (iii) Copies of all reports, compliance certifications, and other submissions and all records made or required under the Acid Rain Program; and,



Plant Name (from Step 1) *Fort Myers Plant*

Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements (cont.)

f all documents used to complete an Acid Rain part application and any other submission under the Acid R  
o demonstrate compliance with the requirements of the Acid Rain Program.

(2) The designated representative of an Acid Rain source and each Acid Rain unit at the source shall submit the reports and compliance certifications required under the Acid Rain Program, including those under 40 CFR part 72 subpart I and 40 CFR part 75.

Liability.

(1) Any person who knowingly violates any requirement or prohibition of the Acid Rain Program, a complete Acid Rain part application, an Acid Rain part, or a written exemption under 40 CFR 72.7 or 72.8, including any requirement for the payment of any penalty owed to the United States, shall be subject to enforcement pursuant to section 113(c) of the Act.

(2) Any person who knowingly makes a false, material statement in any record, submission, or report under the Acid Rain Program shall be subject to criminal enforcement pursuant to section 113(c) of the Act and 18 U.S.C. 1001.

(3) No permit revision shall excuse any violation of the requirements of the Acid Rain Program that occurs prior to the date that the revision takes effect.

(4) Each Acid Rain source and each Acid Rain unit shall meet the requirements of the Acid Rain Program.

(5) Any provision of the Acid Rain Program that applies to an Acid Rain source (including a provision applicable to the designated representative of an Acid Rain source) shall also apply to the owners and operators of such source and of the Acid Rain units at the source.

(6) Any provision of the Acid Rain Program that applies to an Acid Rain unit (including a provision applicable to the designated representative of an Acid Rain unit) shall also apply to the owners and operators of such unit. Except as provided under 40 CFR 72.44 (Phase II repowering extension plans), and except with regard to the requirements applicable to units with a common stack under 40 CFR part 75 (including 40 CFR 75.16, 75.17, and 75.18), the owners and operators and the designated representative of one Acid Rain unit shall not be liable for any violation by any other Acid Rain unit of which they are not owners or operators or the designated representative and that is located at a source of which they are not owners or operators or the designated representative.

(7) Each violation of a provision of 40 CFR parts 72, 73, 75, 77, and 78 by an Acid Rain source or Acid Rain unit, or by an owner or operator or designated representative of such source or unit, shall be a separate violation of the Act.

Effect on Other Authorities. No provision of the Acid Rain Program, an Acid Rain part application, an Acid Rain part, or a written exemption under 40 CFR 72.7 or 72.8 shall be construed as:

(1) Except as expressly provided in title IV of the Act, exempting or excluding the owners and operators and, to the extent applicable, the designated representative of an Acid Rain source or Acid Rain unit from compliance with any other provision of the Act, including the provisions of title I of the Act relating to applicable National Ambient Air Quality Standards or State Implementation Plans;

(2) Limiting the number of allowances a unit can hold; *provided*, that the number of allowances held by the unit shall not affect the source's obligation to comply with any other provisions of the Act;

(3) Requiring a change of any kind in any State law regulating electric utility rates and charges, affecting any State law regarding such State regulation, or limiting such State regulation, including any prudence review requirements under such State law;

(4) Modifying the Federal Power Act or affecting the authority of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission under the Federal Power Act; or,

(5) Interfering with or impairing any program for competitive bidding for power supply in a State in which such program is established.

Certification

I am authorized to make this submission on behalf of the owners and operators of the Acid Rain source or Acid Rain units for which the submission is made. I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined, and am familiar with, the statements and information submitted in this document and all its attachments. Based on my inquiry of those individuals with primary responsibility for obtaining the information, I certify that the statements and information are to the best of my knowledge and belief true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false statements and information or omitting required statements and information, including the possibility of fine or imprisonment (see Attachment).

Name <i>David W. Knutson</i>	
Signature <i>David W. Knutson</i>	Date <i>7-10-00</i>

**STEP 5 (optional)**  
Enter the source AIRS  
and FINDS identification  
numbers, if known

AIRS
FINDS



# Certificate of Representation

For more information, see instructions and refer to 40 CFR 72.24

This submission is:  New  Revised

This submission includes combustion or process sources under 40 CFR part 74

**STEP 1**  
Identify the source by plant name, State, and ORIS code from NADB

Plant Name Fort Myers	State FL	000612 ORIS Code
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**STEP 2**  
Enter requested information for the designated representative.

Name David W. Knutson, General Manager Technical Services	
Address P. O. Box 14000 700 Universe Blvd. Juno Beach, Florida 33408-0420	
Phone Number (561) 691-2438	Fax Number (561) 691-2855

**STEP 3**  
Enter requested information for the alternate designated representative, if applicable.

Name Adalberto Alfonso, Vice President, Operations	
Address P. O. Box 14000 700 Universe Blvd. Juno Beach, Florida 33408-0420	
Phone Number (561) 691-2900	Fax Number (561) 691-2606

**STEP 4**  
Complete Step 5, read the certifications, and sign and date. For a designated representative of a combustion or process source under 40 CFR part 74, the references in the certifications to "affected unit" or "affected units" also apply to the combustion or process source under 40 CFR part 74 and the references to "affected source" also apply to the source at which the combustion or process source is located.

I certify that I was selected as the designated representative or alternate designated representative, as applicable, by an agreement binding on the owners and operators of the affected source and each affected unit at the source.

I certify that I have given notice of the agreement, selecting me as the designated representative or alternate designated representative, as applicable, for the affected source and each affected unit at the source identified in this certificate of representation, daily for a period of one week in a newspaper of general circulation in the area where the source is located or in a State publication designed to give general public notice.

I certify that I have all necessary authority to carry out my duties and responsibilities under the Acid Rain Program on behalf of the owners and operators of the affected source and of each affected unit at the source and that each such owner and operator shall be fully bound by my actions, inactions, or submissions.

I certify that I shall abide by any fiduciary responsibilities imposed by the agreement by which I was selected as designated representative or alternate designated representative, as applicable.

I certify that the owners and operators of the affected source and of each affected unit at the source shall be bound by any order issued to me by the Administrator, the permitting authority, or a court regarding the source or unit.

Where there are multiple holders of a legal or equitable title to, or a leasehold interest in, an affected unit, or where a utility or industrial customer purchases power from an affected unit under life-of-the unit, firm power contractual arrangements, I certify that:

I have given a written notice of my selection as the designated representative or alternate designated representative, as applicable, and of the agreement by which I was selected to each owner and operator of the affected source and of each affected unit at the source; and

Allowances and the proceeds of transactions involving allowances will be deemed to be held or distributed in proportion to each holder's legal, equitable, leasehold, or contractual reservation or entitlement or, if such multiple holders have expressly provided for a different distribution of allowances by contract, that allowances and the proceeds of transactions involving allowance will be deemed to be held or distributed in accordance with the contract.

The agreement by which I was selected as the alternate designated representative, if applicable, includes a procedure for the owners and operators of the source and affected units at the source to authorize the alternate designated representative to act in lieu of the designated representative.

I am authorized to make this submission on behalf of the owners and operators of the affected source or affected units for which the submission is made. I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined, and am familiar with, the statements and information submitted in this document and all its attachments. Based on my inquiry of those individuals with primary responsibility for obtaining the information, I certify that the statements and information are to the best of my knowledge and belief true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false statement and information or omitting required statements and information, including the possibility of fine or imprisonment.

Signature (designated representative) <i>Orin J. Knutson</i>	Date 7-10-00
Signature (alternate designated representative) <i>Robert W. Ryan</i>	Date 7/7/00

**STEP 5**  
Provide the name of every owner and operator of the source and each affected unit (or combustion or process source) at the source. Identify the units they own and/or operate by boiler ID# from DADB if applicable. For owners only, identify each state or local utility regulatory authority with ratemaking jurisdiction over each owner, if applicable.

Name Florida Power & Light Company					<input type="checkbox"/> Owner	<input type="checkbox"/> Operator
ID# PFM1	ID# PFM2	ID# FM2CTA	ID# FM2CTB	ID# FM2CTC		
ID# FM2CTD	ID# FM2CTE	ID# FM2CTF	ID# PFM3A	ID# PFM3B		
Regulatory Authorities						

Name					<input type="checkbox"/> Owner	<input type="checkbox"/> Operator
ID#	ID#	ID#	ID#	ID#		
ID#	ID#	ID#	ID#	ID#		
Regulatory Authorities						

Name					<input type="checkbox"/> Owner	<input type="checkbox"/> Operator
ID#	ID#	ID#	ID#	ID#		
ID#	ID#	ID#	ID#	ID#		
Regulatory Authorities						

Name					<input type="checkbox"/> Owner	<input type="checkbox"/> Operator
ID#	ID#	ID#	ID#	ID#		
ID#	ID#	ID#	ID#	ID#		

**Appendix A-1,**  
**Abbreviations, Definitions, Citations, and Identification Numbers**  
**(Version Dated 2/5/97)**

## Appendix A-1, Abbreviations, Acronyms, Citations, and Identification Numbers (version dated 02/05/97)

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### Abbreviations and Acronyms:

°F: Degrees Fahrenheit  
BACT: Best Available Control Technology  
CFR: Code of Federal Regulations  
DEP: State of Florida, Department of Environmental Protection  
DARM: Division of Air Resource Management  
EPA: United States Environmental Protection Agency  
F.A.C.: Florida Administrative Code  
F.S.: Florida Statute  
ISO: International Standards Organization  
LAT: Latitude  
LONG: Longitude  
MMBtu: million British thermal units  
MW: Megawatt  
ORIS: Office of Regulatory Information Systems  
SOA: Specific Operating Agreement  
UTM: Universal Transverse Mercator

---

### Citations:

*The following examples illustrate the methods used in this permit to abbreviate and cite the references of rules, regulations, guidance memorandums, permit numbers, and ID numbers.*

#### Code of Federal Regulations:

*Example:* [40 CFR 60.334]

Where:	40	reference to	Title 40
	CFR	reference to	Code of Federal Regulations
	60	reference to	Part 60
	60.334	reference to	Regulation 60.334

#### Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.) Rules:

*Example:* [Rule 62-213, F.A.C.]

Where:	62	reference to	Title 62
	62-213	reference to	Chapter 62-213
	62-213.205	reference to	Rule 62-213.205, F.A.C.

**ISO:** International Standards Organization refers to those conditions at 288 degrees K, 60 percent relative humidity, and 101.3 kilopascals pressure.

**Appendix A-1, Abbreviations, Acronyms, Citations, and Identification Numbers  
(version dated 02/05/97) (continued)**

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**Identification Numbers:**

Facility Identification (ID) Number:

*Example:* Facility ID No.: 1050221

*Where:*

105 = 3-digit number code identifying the facility is located in Polk County  
0221 = 4-digit number assigned by state database.

Permit Numbers:

*Example:* 1050221-002-AV, or  
1050221-001-AC

*Where:*

AC = Air Construction Permit  
AV = Air Operation Permit (Title V Source)  
105 = 3-digit number code identifying the facility is located in Polk County  
0221 = 4-digit number assigned by permit tracking database  
001 or 002 = 3-digit sequential project number assigned by permit tracking database

*Example:* PSD-FL-185  
PA95-01  
AC53-208321

*Where:*

PSD = Prevention of Significant Deterioration Permit  
PA = Power Plant Siting Act Permit  
AC = old Air Construction Permit numbering

**Appendix SS-1,**  
**Stack Sampling Facilities (version dated 10/7/96)**



## APPENDIX SS-1, STACK SAMPLING FACILITIES (version dated 10/07/96)

---

Stack Sampling Facilities Provided by the Owner of an Emissions Unit. This section describes the minimum requirements for stack sampling facilities that are necessary to sample point emissions units. Sampling facilities include sampling ports, work platforms, access to work platforms, electrical power, and sampling equipment support. Emissions units must provide these facilities at their expense. All stack sampling facilities must meet any Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) Safety and Health Standards described in 29 CFR Part 1910, Subparts D and E.

(a) Permanent Test Facilities. The owner or operator of an emissions unit for which a compliance test, other than a visible emissions test, is required on at least an annual basis, shall install and maintain permanent stack sampling facilities.

(b) Temporary Test Facilities. The owner or operator of an emissions unit that is not required to conduct a compliance test on at least an annual basis may use permanent or temporary stack sampling facilities. If the owner chooses to use temporary sampling facilities on an emissions unit, and the Department elects to test the unit, such temporary facilities shall be installed on the emissions unit within 5 days of a request by the Department and remain on the emissions unit until the test is completed.

(c) Sampling Ports.

1. All sampling ports shall have a minimum inside diameter of 3 inches.

2. The ports shall be capable of being sealed when not in use.

3. The sampling ports shall be located in the stack at least 2 stack diameters or equivalent diameters downstream and at least 0.5 stack diameter or equivalent diameter upstream from any fan, bend, constriction or other flow disturbance.

4. For emissions units for which a complete application to construct has been filed prior to December 1, 1980, at least two sampling ports, 90 degrees apart, shall be installed at each sampling location on all circular stacks that have an outside diameter of 15 feet or less. For stacks with a larger diameter, four sampling ports, each 90 degrees apart, shall be installed. For emissions units for which a complete application to construct is filed on or after December 1, 1980, at least two sampling ports, 90 degrees apart, shall be installed at each sampling location on all circular stacks that have an outside diameter of 10 feet or less. For stacks with larger diameters, four sampling ports, each 90 degrees apart, shall be installed. On horizontal circular ducts, the ports shall be located so that the probe can enter the stack vertically, horizontally or at a 45 degree angle.

5. On rectangular ducts, the cross sectional area shall be divided into the number of equal areas in accordance with EPA Method 1. Sampling ports shall be provided which allow access to each sampling point. The ports shall be located so that the probe can be inserted perpendicular to the gas flow.

(d) Work Platforms.

1. Minimum size of the working platform shall be 24 square feet in area. Platforms shall be at least 3 feet wide.

2. On circular stacks with 2 sampling ports, the platform shall extend at least 110 degrees around the stack.

3. On circular stacks with more than two sampling ports, the work platform shall extend 360 degrees around the stack.

4. All platforms shall be equipped with an adequate safety rail (ropes are not acceptable), toeboard, and hinged floor-opening cover if ladder access is used to reach the platform. The safety rail directly in line with the sampling ports shall be removable so that no obstruction exists in an area 14 inches below each sample port and 6 inches on either side of the sampling port.

(e) Access to Work Platform.

**APPENDIX SS-1, STACK SAMPLING FACILITIES (version dated 10/07/96)**  
**(continued)**

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1. Ladders to the work platform exceeding 15 feet in length shall have safety cages or fall arresters with a minimum of 3 compatible safety belts available for use by sampling personnel.

2. Walkways over free-fall areas shall be equipped with safety rails and toeboards.

**(f) Electrical Power.**

1. A minimum of two 120-volt AC, 20-amp outlets shall be provided at the sampling platform within 20 feet of each sampling port.

2. If extension cords are used to provide the electrical power, they shall be kept on the plant's property and be available immediately upon request by sampling personnel.

**(g) Sampling Equipment Support.**

1. A three-quarter inch eyebolt and an angle bracket shall be attached directly above each port on vertical stacks and above each row of sampling ports on the sides of horizontal ducts.

a. The bracket shall be a standard 3 inch x 3 inch x one-quarter inch equal-legs bracket which is 1 and one-half inches wide. A hole that is one-half inch in diameter shall be drilled through the exact center of the horizontal portion of the bracket. The horizontal portion of the bracket shall be located 14 inches above the centerline of the sampling port.

b. A three-eighth inch bolt which protrudes 2 inches from the stack may be substituted for the required bracket. The bolt shall be located 15 and one-half inches above the centerline of the sampling port.

c. The three-quarter inch eyebolt shall be capable of supporting a 500 pound working load. For stacks that are less than 12 feet in diameter, the eyebolt shall be located 48 inches above the horizontal portion of the angle bracket. For stacks that are greater than or equal to 12 feet in diameter, the eyebolt shall be located 60 inches above the horizontal portion of the angle bracket. If the eyebolt is more than 120 inches above the platform, a length of chain shall be attached to it to bring the free end of the chain to within safe reach from the platform.

2. A complete monorail or dualrail arrangement may be substituted for the eyebolt and bracket.

3. When the sample ports are located in the top of a horizontal duct, a frame shall be provided above the port to allow the sample probe to be secured during the test.

[Rule 62-297.310(6), F.A.C.]

**Appendix TV-3,**  
**Title V Conditions (version dated 4/30/99)**

## APPENDIX TV-3, TITLE V CONDITIONS (version dated 04/30/99)

[Note: This attachment includes "canned conditions" developed from the "Title V Core List."]

{Permitting note: APPENDIX TV-3, TITLE V CONDITIONS, is distributed to the permittee only. Other persons requesting copies of these conditions shall be provided one copy when requested or otherwise appropriate.}

### Chapter 62-4, F.A.C.

1. **Not federally enforceable. General Prohibition.** Any stationary installation which will reasonably be expected to be a source of pollution shall not be operated, maintained, or modified without the appropriate and valid permits issued by the Department, unless the source is exempted by Department rule. The Department may issue a permit only after it receives reasonable assurance that the installation will not cause pollution in violation of any of the provisions of Chapter 403, F.S., or the rules promulgated thereunder. A permitted installation may only be operated, maintained, constructed, expanded or modified in a manner that is consistent with the terms of the permit.

[Rule 62-4.030, Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.); Section 403.087, Florida Statute (F.S.)]

### 2. **Not federally enforceable. Procedure to Obtain Permits; Application.**

(1) Any person desiring to obtain a permit from the Department shall apply on forms prescribed by the Department and shall submit such additional information as the Department by law may require.

(2) All applications and supporting documents shall be filed in quadruplicate with the Department.

(3) To ensure protection of public health, safety, and welfare, any construction, modification, or operation of an installation which may be a source of pollution shall be in accordance with sound professional engineering practices pursuant to Chapter 471, F.S. All applications for a Department permit shall be certified by a professional engineer registered in the State of Florida except when the application is for renewal of an air pollution operation permit at a minor facility as defined in Rule 62-210.200, F.A.C., or where professional engineering is not required by Chapter 471, F.S. Where required by Chapter 471 or 492, F.S., applicable portions of permit applications and supporting documents which are submitted to the Department for public record shall be signed and sealed by the professional(s) who prepared or approved them.

(4) Processing fees for air construction permits shall be in accordance with Rule 62-4.050(4), F.A.C.

(5)(a) To be considered by the Department, each application must be accompanied by the proper processing fee. The fee shall be paid by check, payable to the Department of Environmental Protection. The fee is non-refundable except as provided in Section 120.60, F.S., and in this section.

(c) Upon receipt of the proper application fee, the permit processing time requirements of Sections 120.60(2) and 403.0876, F.S., shall begin.

(d) If the applicant does not submit the required fee within ten days of receipt of written notification, the Department shall either return the unprocessed application or arrange with the applicant for the pick up of the application.

(e) If an applicant submits an application fee in excess of the required fee, the permit processing time requirements of Sections 120.60(2) and 403.0876, F.S., shall begin upon receipt, and the Department shall refund to the applicant the amount received in excess of the required fee.

(6) Any substantial modification to a complete application shall require an additional processing fee determined pursuant to the schedule set forth in Rule 62-4.050, F.A.C., and shall restart the time requirements of Sections 120.60 and 403.0876, F.S. For purposes of this Subsection, the term "substantial modification" shall mean a modification which is reasonably expected to lead to substantially different environmental impacts which require a detailed review.

(7) Modifications to existing permits proposed by the permittee which require substantial changes in the existing permit or require substantial evaluation by the Department of potential impacts of the proposed modifications shall require the same fee as a new application.

[Rule 62-4.050, F.A.C.]

3. **Standards for Issuing or Denying Permits.** Except as provided at Rule 62-213.460, F.A.C., the issuance of a permit does not relieve any person from complying with the requirements of Chapter 403, F.S., or Department rules.

[Rule 62-4.070(7), F.A.C.]

4. Modification of Permit Conditions.

(1) For good cause and after notice and an administrative hearing, if requested, the Department may require the permittee to conform to new or additional conditions. The Department shall allow the permittee a reasonable time to conform to the new or additional conditions and on application of the permittee the Department may grant additional time. For the purpose of this section, good cause shall include, but not be limited to, any of the following: (also, see Condition No. 38)

- (a) A showing that an improvement in effluent or emission quality or quantity can be accomplished because of technological advances without unreasonable hardship.
- (b) A showing that a higher degree of treatment is necessary to effect the intent and purpose of Chapter 403, F.S.
- (c) A showing of any change in the environment or surrounding conditions that requires a modification to conform to applicable air or water quality standards.
- (e) Adoption or revision of Florida Statutes, rules, or standards which require the modification of a permit condition for compliance.

(2) A permittee may request a modification of a permit by applying to the Department.

(3) A permittee may request that a permit be extended as a modification of the permit. Such a request must be submitted to the Department in writing before the expiration of the permit. Upon timely submittal of a request for extension, unless the permit automatically expires by statute or rule, the permit will remain in effect until final agency action is taken on the request. For construction permits, an extension shall be granted if the applicant can demonstrate reasonable assurances that, upon completion, the extended permit will comply with the standards and conditions required by applicable regulation. For all other permits, an extension shall be granted if the applicant can demonstrate reasonable assurances that the extended permit will comply with the standards and conditions applicable to the original permit. A permit for which the permit application fee was prorated in accordance with Rule 62-4.050(4)(1), F.A.C., shall not be extended. In no event shall a permit be extended or remain in effect longer than the time limits established by statute or rule.

[Rule 62-4.080, F.A.C.]

5. Renewals. Prior to one hundred eighty (180) days before the expiration of a permit issued pursuant to Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., the permittee shall apply for a renewal of a permit using forms incorporated by reference in the specific rule chapter for that kind of permit. A renewal application shall be timely and sufficient. If the application is submitted prior to 180 days before expiration of the permit, it will be considered timely and sufficient. If the renewal application is submitted at a later date, it will not be considered timely and sufficient unless it is submitted and made complete prior to the expiration of the operation permit. When the application for renewal is timely and sufficient, the existing permit shall remain in effect until the renewal application has been finally acted upon by the Department or, if there is court review of the Department's final agency action, until a later date is required by Section 120.60, F.S., provided that, for renewal of a permit issued pursuant to Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., the applicant complies with the requirements of Rules 62-213.420(1)(b)3. and 4., F.A.C.

[Rule 62-4.090(1), F.A.C.]

6. Suspension and Revocation.

(1) Permits shall be effective until suspended, revoked, surrendered, or expired and shall be subject to the provisions of Chapter 403, F.S., and rules of the Department.

(2) Failure to comply with pollution control laws and rules shall be grounds for suspension or revocation.

(3) A permit issued pursuant to Chapter 62-4, F.A.C., shall not become a vested property right in the permittee. The Department may revoke any permit issued by it if it finds that the permit holder or the permit holder's agent:

- (a) Submitted false or inaccurate information in application or operational reports.
- (b) Has violated law, Department orders, rules or permit conditions.
- (c) Has failed to submit operational reports or other information required by Department rules.
- (d) Has refused lawful inspection under Section 403.091, F.S.

[Rule 62-4.100, F.A.C.]

7. **Not federally enforceable.** Financial Responsibility. The Department may require an applicant to submit proof of financial responsibility and may require the applicant to post an appropriate bond to guarantee compliance with the law and Department rules.

[Rule 62-4.110, F.A.C.]

**APPENDIX TV-3, TITLE V CONDITIONS (version dated 04/30/99) (continued)**

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**8. Transfer of Permits.**

(1) Within 30 days after the sale or legal transfer of a permitted facility, an "Application for Transfer of Permit" (DEP Form 62-1.201(1)) must be submitted to the Department. This form must be completed with the notarized signatures of both the permittee and the proposed new permittee.

(2) The Department shall approve the transfer of a permit unless it determines that the proposed new permittee cannot provide reasonable assurances that conditions of the permit will be met. The determination shall be limited solely to the ability of the new permittee to comply with the conditions of the existing permit, and it shall not concern the adequacy of these permit conditions. If the Department proposes to deny the transfer, it shall provide both the permittee and the proposed new permittee a written objection to such transfer together with notice of a right to request a Chapter 120, F.S., proceeding on such determination.

(3) Within 30 days of receiving a properly completed Application for Transfer of Permit form, the Department shall issue a final determination. The Department may toll the time for making a determination on the transfer by notifying both the permittee and the proposed new permittee that additional information is required to adequately review the transfer request. Such notification shall be served within 30 days of receipt of an Application for Transfer of Permit form, completed pursuant to Rule 62-4.120(1), F.A.C. If the Department fails to take action to approve or deny the transfer within 30 days of receipt of the completed Application for Transfer of Permit form, or within 30 days of receipt of the last item of timely requested additional information, the transfer shall be deemed approved.

(4) The permittee is encouraged to apply for a permit transfer prior to the sale or legal transfer of a permitted facility. However, the transfer shall not be effective prior to the sale or legal transfer.

(5) Until this transfer is approved by the Department, the permittee and any other person constructing, operating, or maintaining the permitted facility shall be liable for compliance with the terms of the permit. The permittee transferring the permit shall remain liable for corrective actions that may be required as a result of any violations occurring prior to the sale or legal transfer of the facility.

[Rule 62-4.120, F.A.C.]

**9. Plant Operation-Problems.** If the permittee is temporarily unable to comply with any of the conditions of the permit due to breakdown of equipment or destruction by hazard of fire, wind or by other cause, the permittee shall immediately notify the Department. Notification shall include pertinent information as to the cause of the problem, and what steps are being taken to correct the problem and to prevent its recurrence, and where applicable, the owner's intent toward reconstruction of destroyed facilities. Such notification does not release the permittee from any liability for failure to comply with Department rules. (also, see Condition No. 10)

[Rule 62-4.130, F.A.C.]

10. For purposes of notification to the Department pursuant to Condition No. 9, Condition No. 12(8), and Rule 62-4.130, F.A.C., Plant Operation-Problems, "immediately" shall mean the same day, if during a workday (i.e., 8:00 a.m. - 5:00 p.m.), or the first business day after the incident, excluding weekends and holidays; and, for purposes of 40 CFR 70.6(a)(3)(iii)(B), "prompt" shall have the same meaning as "immediately". [also, see Conditions Nos. 9 and 12(8)]

[40 CFR 70.6(a)(3)(iii)(B)]

**11. Not federally enforceable. Review.** Failure to request a hearing within 14 days of receipt of notice of proposed or final agency action on a permit application or as otherwise required in Chapter 62-103, F.A.C., shall be deemed a waiver of the right to an administrative hearing.

[Rule 62-4.150, F.A.C.]

**12. Permit Conditions.** All permits issued by the Department shall include the following general conditions:

(1) The terms, conditions, requirements, limitations and restrictions set forth in this permit, are "permit conditions" and are binding and enforceable pursuant to Sections 403.141, 403.727, or 403.859 through 403.861, F.S. The permittee is placed on notice that the Department will review this permit periodically and may initiate enforcement action for any violation of these conditions.

(2) This permit is valid only for the specific processes and operations applied for and indicated in the approved drawings or exhibits. Any unauthorized deviation from the approved drawings, exhibits, specifications, or conditions of this permit may constitute grounds for revocation and enforcement action by the Department.

(3) As provided in subsections 403.087(6) and 403.722(5), F.S., the issuance of this permit does not convey any vested rights or any exclusive privileges. Neither does it authorize any injury to public or private property or any invasion of personal rights, nor any infringement of federal, state, or local laws or regulations. This permit is not a waiver of or approval of any other Department permit that may be required for other aspects of the total project which are not addressed in this permit.

APPENDIX TV-3, TITLE V CONDITIONS (version dated 04/30/99) (continued)

- (4) This permit conveys no title to land or water, does not constitute State recognition or acknowledgment of title, and does not constitute authority for the use of submerged lands unless herein provided and the necessary title or leasehold interests have been obtained from the State. Only the Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund may express State opinion as to title.
- (5) This permit does not relieve the permittee from liability for harm or injury to human health or welfare, animal, or plant life, or property caused by the construction or operation of this permitted source, or from penalties therefore; nor does it allow the permittee to cause pollution in contravention of F.S. and Department rules, unless specifically authorized by an order from the Department.
- (6) The permittee shall properly operate and maintain the facility and systems of treatment and control (and related appurtenances) that are installed and used by the permittee to achieve compliance with the conditions of this permit, as required by Department rules. This provision includes the operation of backup or auxiliary facilities or similar systems when necessary to achieve compliance with the conditions of the permit and when required by Department rules.
- (7) The permittee, by accepting this permit, specifically agrees to allow authorized Department personnel, upon presentation of credentials or other documents as may be required by law and at reasonable times, access to the premises where the permitted activity is located or conducted to:
- (a) Have access to and copy any records that must be kept under conditions of the permit;
  - (b) Inspect the facility, equipment, practices, or operations regulated or required under this permit; and,
  - (c) Sample or monitor any substances or parameters at any location reasonable necessary to assure compliance with this permit or Department rules. Reasonable time may depend on the nature of the concern being investigated.
- (8) If, for any reason, the permittee does not comply with or will be unable to comply with any condition or limitation specified in this permit, the permittee shall immediately provide the Department with the following information: (also, see Condition No. 10)
- (a) A description of and cause of noncompliance; and,
  - (b) The period of noncompliance, including dates and times; or, if not corrected, the anticipated time the noncompliance is expected to continue, and steps being taken to reduce, eliminate, and prevent recurrence of the noncompliance. The permittee shall be responsible for any and all damages which may result and may be subject to enforcement action by the Department for penalties or for revocation of this permit.
- (9) In accepting this permit, the permittee understands and agrees that all records, notes, monitoring data and other information relating to the construction or operation of this permitted source which are submitted to the Department may be used by the Department as evidence in any enforcement case involving the permitted source arising under the F.S. or Department rules, except where such use is prescribed by Sections 403.111 and 403.73, F.S. Such evidence shall only be used to the extent it is consistent with the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure and appropriate evidentiary rules.
- (10) The permittee agrees to comply with changes in Department rules and F.S. after a reasonable time for compliance; provided, however, the permittee does not waive any other rights granted by F.S. or Department rules.
- (11) This permit is transferable only upon Department approval in accordance with Rule 62-4.120, F.A.C., as applicable. The permittee shall be liable for any non-compliance of the permitted activity until the transfer is approved by the Department.
- (12) This permit or a copy thereof shall be kept at the work site of the permitted activity.
- (14) The permittee shall comply with the following:
- (a) Upon request, the permittee shall furnish all records and plans required under Department rules. During enforcement actions, the retention period for all records will be extended automatically unless otherwise stipulated by the Department.
  - (b) The permittee shall hold at the facility or other location designated by this permit records of all monitoring information (including all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation) required by the permit, copies of all reports required by this permit, and records of all data used to complete the application for this permit. These materials shall be retained at least five (5) years from the date of the sample, measurement, report, or application unless otherwise specified by Department rule.
  - (c) Records of monitoring information shall include:
    - 1. the date, exact place, and time of sampling or measurements;
    - 2. the person responsible for performing the sampling or measurements;
    - 3. the dates analyses were performed;
    - 4. the person responsible for performing the analyses;
    - 5. the analytical techniques or methods used; and,
    - 6. the results of such analyses.
- (15) When requested by the Department, the permittee shall within a reasonable time furnish any information required by law which is needed to determine compliance with the permit. If the permittee becomes aware the relevant facts were not submitted or were incorrect in the permit application or in any report to the Department, such facts or information shall be corrected promptly.
- [Rules 62-4.160 and 62-213.440(1)(b), F.A.C.]

13. Construction Permits.

(1) No person shall construct any installation or facility which will reasonably be expected to be a source of air or water pollution without first applying for and receiving a construction permit from the Department unless exempted by statute or Department rule. In addition to the requirements of Chapter 62-4, F.A.C., applicants for a Department Construction Permit shall submit the following as applicable:

- (a) A completed application on forms furnished by the Department.
- (b) An engineering report covering:
  - 1. plant description and operations,
  - 2. types and quantities of all waste material to be generated whether liquid, gaseous or solid,
  - 3. proposed waste control facilities,
  - 4. the treatment objectives,
  - 5. the design criteria on which the control facilities are based, and,
  - 6. other information deemed relevant.

Design criteria submitted pursuant to Rule 62-4.210(1)(b)5., F.A.C., shall be based on the results of laboratory and pilot-plant scale studies whenever such studies are warranted. The design efficiencies of the proposed waste treatment facilities and the quantities and types of pollutants in the treated effluents or emissions shall be indicated. Work of this nature shall be subject to the requirements of Chapter 471, F.S. Where confidential records are involved, certain information may be kept confidential pursuant to Section 403.111, F.S.

- (c) The owners' written guarantee to meet the design criteria as accepted by the Department and to abide by Chapter 403, F.S. and the rules of the Department as to the quantities and types of materials to be discharged from the installation. The owner may be required to post an appropriate bond or other equivalent evidence of financial responsibility to guarantee compliance with such conditions in instances where the owner's financial resources are inadequate or proposed control facilities are experimental in nature.

(2) The construction permit may contain conditions and an expiration date as determined by the Secretary or the Secretary's designee.

(3) When the Department issues a permit to construct, the permittee shall be allowed a period of time, specified in the permit, to construct, and to operate and test to determine compliance with Chapter 403, F.S., and the rules of the Department and, where applicable, to apply for and receive an operation permit. The Department may require tests and evaluations of the treatment facilities by the permittee at his/her expense.

[Rule 62-4.210, F.A.C.]

14. **Not federally enforceable.** Operation Permit for New Sources. To properly apply for an operation permit for new sources, the applicant shall submit certification that construction was completed noting any deviations from the conditions in the construction permit and test results where appropriate.

[Rule 62-4.220, F.A.C.]

Chapters 28-106 and 62-110, F.A.C.

15. Public Notice, Public Participation, and Proposed Agency Action. The permittee shall comply with all of the requirements for public notice, public participation, and proposed agency action pursuant to Rule 62-110.106 and Rule 62-210.350, F.A.C.

[Rules 62-110.106, 62-210.350 and 62-213.430(1)(b), F.A.C.]

16. Administrative Hearing. The permittee shall comply with all of the requirements for a petition for administrative hearing or waiver of right to administrative proceeding pursuant to Rules 28-106.201, 28-106.301 and 62-110.106, F.A.C.

[Rules 28-106.201, 28-106.301 and 62-110.106, , F.A.C.]

Chapter 62-204, F.A.C.

17. Asbestos. This permit does not authorize any demolition or renovation of the facility or its parts or components which involves asbestos removal. This permit does not constitute a waiver of any of the requirements of Chapter 62-257, F.A.C., and 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart M, National Emission Standard for Asbestos, adopted and incorporated by reference in Rule 62-204.800, F.A.C. Compliance with Chapter 62-257, F.A.C., and 40 CFR 61, Subpart M, Section 61.145, is required for any asbestos demolition or renovation at the source.

[40 CFR 61; Rule 62-204.800, F.A.C.; and, Chapter 62-257, F.A.C.]



Chapter 62-210, F.A.C.

18. Permits Required. The owner or operator of any emissions unit which emits or can reasonably be expected to emit any air pollutant shall obtain an appropriate permit from the Department prior to beginning construction, modification, or initial or continued operation of the emissions unit unless exempted pursuant to Department rule or statute. All emissions limitations, controls, and other requirements imposed by such permits shall be at least as stringent as any applicable limitations and requirements contained in or enforceable under the State Implementation Plan (SIP) or that are otherwise federally enforceable. Except as provided at Rule 62-213.460, F.A.C., issuance of a permit does not relieve the owner or operator of an emissions unit from complying with any applicable requirements, any emission limiting standards or other requirements of the air pollution rules of the Department or any other such requirements under federal, state, or local law.

(1) Air Construction Permits.

(a) Unless exempt from permitting pursuant to Rule 62-210.300(3)(a) or (b), F.A.C., or Rule 62-4.040, F.A.C., an air construction permit shall be obtained by the owner or operator of any proposed new or modified facility or emissions unit prior to the beginning of construction or modification, in accordance with all applicable provisions of this chapter, Chapter 62-212, F.A.C., and Chapter 62-4, F.A.C. Except as provided under Rule 62-213.415, F.A.C., the owner or operator of any facility seeking to create or change an air emissions bubble shall obtain an air construction permit in accordance with all the applicable provisions of this chapter, Chapter 62-212, F.A.C., and Chapter 62-4, F.A.C. The construction permit shall be issued for a period of time sufficient to allow construction or modification of the facility or emissions unit and operation while the new or modified facility or emissions unit is conducting tests or otherwise demonstrating initial compliance with the conditions of the construction permit.

(b) Notwithstanding the expiration of an air construction permit, all limitations and requirements of such permit that are applicable to the design and operation of the permitted facility or emissions unit shall remain in effect until the facility or emissions unit is permanently shut down, except for any such limitation or requirement that is obsolete by its nature (such as a requirement for initial compliance testing) or any such limitation or requirement that is changed in accordance with the provisions of Rule 62-210.300(1)(b)1., F.A.C. Either the applicant or the Department can propose that certain conditions be considered obsolete. Any conditions or language in an air construction permit that are included for informational purposes only, if they are transferred to the air operation permit, shall be transferred for informational purposes only and shall not become enforceable conditions unless voluntarily agreed to by the permittee or otherwise required under Department rules.

1. Except for those limitations or requirements that are obsolete, all limitations and requirements of an air construction permit shall be included and identified in any air operation permit for the facility or emissions unit. The limitations and requirements included in the air operation permit can be changed, and thereby superseded, through the issuance of an air construction permit, federally enforceable state air operation permit, federally enforceable air general permit, or Title V air operation permit; provided, however, that:

- a. Any change that would constitute an administrative correction may be made pursuant to Rule 62-210.360, F.A.C.;
- b. Any change that would constitute a modification, as defined at Rule 62-210.200, F.A.C., shall be accomplished only through the issuance of an air construction permit; and
- c. Any change in a permit limitation or requirement that originates from a permit issued pursuant to 40 CFR 52.21, Rule 62-204.800(10)(d)2., F.A.C., Rule 62-212.400, F.A.C., Rule 62-212.500, F.A.C., or any former codification of Rule 62-212.400 or 62-212.500, F.A.C., shall be accomplished only through the issuance of a new or revised air construction permit under Rule 62-204.800(10)(d)2., F.A.C., 62-212.400 or 62-212.500, F.A.C., as appropriate.

2. The force and effect of any change in a permit limitation or requirement made in accordance with the provisions of Rule 62-210.300(1)(b)1. F.A.C., shall be the same as if such change were made to the original air construction permit.

3. Nothing in Rule 62-210.300(1)(b), F.A.C., shall be construed as to allow operation of a facility or emissions unit without a valid air operation permit.

(2) Air Operation Permits. Upon expiration of the air operation permit for any existing facility or emissions unit, subsequent to construction or modification and demonstration of initial compliance with the conditions of the construction permit for any new or modified facility or emissions unit, or as otherwise provided in Chapter 62-210 or Chapter 62-213, the owner or operator of such facility or emissions unit shall obtain a renewal air operation permit, an initial air operation permit, or an administrative correction or revision of an existing air operation permit, whichever is appropriate, in accordance with all applicable provisions of Chapter 62-210, Chapter 62-213, and Chapter 62-4, F.A.C.

(a) Minimum Requirements for All Air Operation Permits. At a minimum, a permit issued pursuant to this subsection shall:

1. Specify the manner, nature, volume and frequency of the emissions permitted, and the applicable emission limiting standards or performance standards, if any;
2. Require proper operation and maintenance of any pollution control equipment by qualified personnel, where applicable in accordance with the provisions of any operation and maintenance plan required by the air pollution rules of the Department.

3. Contain an effective date stated in the permit which shall not be earlier than the date final action is taken on the application and be issued for a period, beginning on the effective date, as provided below.
- a. The operation permit for an emissions unit which is in compliance with all applicable rules and in operational condition, and which the owner or operator intends to continue operating, shall be issued or renewed for a five-year period, except that, for Title V sources subject to Rule 62-213.420(1)(a)1., F.A.C., operation permits shall be extended until 60 days after the due date for submittal of the facility's Title V permit application as specified in Rule 62-213.420(1)(a)1., F.A.C.
  - b. Except as provided in Rule 62-210.300(2)(a)3.d., F.A.C., the operation permit for an emissions unit which has been shut down for six months or more prior to the expiration date of the current operation permit, shall be renewed for a period not to exceed five years from the date of shutdown, even if the emissions unit is not maintained in operational condition, provided:
    - (i) the owner or operator of the emissions unit demonstrates to the Department that the emissions unit may need to be reactivated and used, or that it is the owner's or operator's intent to apply to the Department for a permit to construct a new emissions unit at the facility before the end of the extension period; and,
    - (ii) the owner or operator of the emissions unit agrees to and is legally prohibited from providing the allowable emission permitted by the renewed permit as an emissions offset to any other person under Rule 62-212.500, F.A.C.; and,
    - (iii) the emissions unit was operating in compliance with all applicable rules as of the time the source was shut down.
  - c. Except as provided in Rule 62-210.300(2)(a)3.d., F.A.C., the operation permit for an emissions unit which has been shut down for five years or more prior to the expiration date of the current operation permit shall be renewed for a maximum period not to exceed ten years from the date of shutdown, even if the emissions unit is not maintained in operational condition, provided the conditions given in Rule 62-210.300(2)(a)3.b., F.A.C., are met and the owner or operator demonstrates to the Department that failure to renew the permit would constitute a hardship, which may include economic hardship.
  - d. The operation permit for an electric utility generating unit on cold standby or long-term reserve shutdown shall be renewed for a five-year period, and additional five-year periods, even if the unit is not maintained in operational condition, provided the conditions given in Rules 62-210.300(2)(a)3.b.(i) through (iii), F.A.C., are met.
4. In the case of an emissions unit permitted pursuant to Rules 62-210.300(2)(a)3.b., c., and d., F.A.C., include reasonable notification and compliance testing requirements for reactivation of such emissions unit and provide that the owner or operator demonstrate to the Department prior to reactivation that such reactivation would not constitute reconstruction pursuant to Rule 62-204.800(7), F.A.C.

[Rules 62-210.300(1) & (2), F.A.C.]

19. **Not federally enforceable. Notification of Startup.** The owner or operator of any emissions unit or facility which has a valid air operation permit and which has been shut down more than one (1) year, shall notify the Department in writing of the intent to start up such emissions unit or facility, a minimum of sixty (60) days prior to the intended startup date.

- (a) The notification shall include the planned startup date, anticipated emission rates or pollutants released, changes to processes or control devices which will result in changes to emission rates, and any other conditions which may differ from the valid outstanding operation permit.
- (b) If, due to an emergency, a startup date is not known 60 days prior thereto, the owner shall notify the Department as soon as possible after the date of such startup is ascertained.

[Rule 62-210.300(5), F.A.C.]

20. **Emissions Unit Reclassification.**

(a) Any emissions unit whose operation permit has been revoked as provided for in Chapter 62-4, F.A.C., shall be deemed permanently shut down for purposes of Rule 62-212.500, F.A.C. Any emissions unit whose permit to operate has expired without timely renewal or transfer may be deemed permanently shut down, provided, however, that no such emissions unit shall be deemed permanently shut down if, within 20 days after receipt of written notice from the Department, the emissions unit owner or operator demonstrates that the permit expiration resulted from inadvertent failure to comply with the requirements of Rule 62-4.090, F.A.C., and that the owner or operator intends to continue the emissions unit in operation, and either submits an application for an air operation permit or complies with permit transfer requirements, if applicable.

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(b) If the owner or operator of an emissions unit which is so permanently shut down, applies to the Department for a permit to reactivate or operate such emissions unit, the emissions unit will be reviewed and permitted as a new emissions unit.

[Rule 62-210.300(6), F.A.C.]

21. Public Notice and Comment.

(1) Public Notice of Proposed Agency Action.

(a) A notice of proposed agency action on permit application, where the proposed agency action is to issue the permit, shall be published by any applicant for:

1. An air construction permit;
2. An air operation permit, permit renewal or permit revision subject to Rule 62-210.300(2)(b), F.A.C., (i.e., a FESOP), except as provided in Rule 62-210.300(2)(b)1.b., F.A.C.; or
3. An air operation permit, permit renewal, or permit revision subject to Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., except those permit revisions meeting the requirements of Rule 62-213.412(1), F.A.C.

(b) The notice required by Rule 62-210.350(1)(a), F.A.C., shall be published in accordance with all otherwise applicable provisions of Rule 62-110.106, F.A.C. A public notice under Rule 62-210.350(1)(a)1., F.A.C., for an air construction permit may be combined with any required public notice under Rule 62-210.350(1)(a)2. or 3., F.A.C., for air operation permits. If such notices are combined, the public notice must comply with the requirements for both notices.

(c) Except as otherwise provided at Rules 62-210.350(2) and (5), F.A.C., each notice of intent to issue an air construction permit shall provide a 14-day period for submittal of public comments.

(2) Additional Public Notice Requirements for Emissions Units Subject to Prevention of Significant Deterioration or Nonattainment - Area Preconstruction Review.

(a) Before taking final agency action on a construction permit application for any proposed new or modified facility or emissions unit subject to the preconstruction review requirements of Rule 62-212.400 or 62-212.500, F.A.C., the Department shall comply with all applicable provisions of Rule 62-110.106, F.A.C., and provide an opportunity for public comment which shall include as a minimum the following:

1. A complete file available for public inspection in at least one location in the district affected which includes the information submitted by the owner or operator, exclusive of confidential records under Section 403.111, F.S., and the Department's analysis of the effect of the proposed construction or modification on ambient air quality, including the Department's preliminary determination of whether the permit should be approved or disapproved;
2. A 30-day period for submittal of public comments; and,
3. A notice, by advertisement in a newspaper of general circulation in the county affected, specifying the nature and location of the proposed facility or emissions unit, whether BACT or LAER has been determined, the degree of PSD increment consumption expected, if applicable, and the location of the information specified in paragraph 1. above; and notifying the public of the opportunity for submitting comments and requesting a public hearing.

(b) The notice provided for in Rule 62-210.350(2)(a)3., F.A.C., shall be prepared by the Department and published by the applicant in accordance with all applicable provisions of Rule 62-110.106, F.A.C., except that the applicant shall cause the notice to be published no later than thirty (30) days prior to final agency action.

(c) A copy of the notice provided for in Rule 62-210.350(2)(a)3., F.A.C., shall also be sent by the Department to the Regional Office of the U. S. Environmental Protection Agency and to all other state and local officials or agencies having cognizance over the location of such new or modified facility or emissions unit, including local air pollution control agencies, chief executives of city or county government, regional land use planning agencies, and any other state, Federal Land Manager, or Indian Governing Body whose lands may be affected by emissions from the new or modified facility or emissions unit.

(d) A copy of the notice provided for in Rule 62-210.350(2)(a)3., F.A.C., shall be displayed in the appropriate district, branch and local program offices.

(e) An opportunity for public hearing shall be provided in accordance with Chapter 120, F.S., and Rule 62-110.106, F.A.C.

(f) Any public comments received shall be made available for public inspection in the location where the information specified in Rule 62-210.350(2)(a)1., F.A.C., is available and shall be considered by the Department in making a final determination to approve or deny the permit.

(g) The final determination shall be made available for public inspection at the same location where the information specified in Rule 62-210.350(2)(a)1., F.A.C., was made available.

(h) For a proposed new or modified emissions unit which would be located within 100 kilometers of any Federal Class I area or whose emissions may affect any Federal Class I area, and which would be subject to the preconstruction review requirements of Rule 62-212.400, F.A.C., or Rule 62-212.500, F.A.C.:

1. The Department shall mail or transmit to the Administrator a copy of the initial application for an air construction permit and notice of every action related to the consideration of the permit application.

2. The Department shall mail or transmit to the Federal Land Manager of each affected Class I area a copy of any written notice of intent to apply for an air construction permit; the initial application for an air construction permit, including all required analyses and demonstrations; any subsequently submitted information related to the application; the preliminary determination and notice of proposed agency action on the permit application; and any petition for an administrative hearing regarding the application or the Department's proposed action. Each such document shall be mailed or transmitted to the Federal Land Manager within fourteen (14) days after its receipt by the Department.

(3) Additional Public Notice Requirements for Facilities Subject to Operation Permits for Title V Sources.

(a) Before taking final agency action to issue a new, renewed, or revised air operation permit subject to Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., the Department shall comply with all applicable provisions of Rule 62-110.106, F.A.C., and provide an opportunity for public comment which shall include as a minimum the following:

1. A complete file available for public inspection in at least one location in the district affected which includes the information submitted by the owner or operator, exclusive of confidential records under Section 403.111, F.S.; and,
2. A 30-day period for submittal of public comments.

(b) The notice provided for in Rule 62-210.350(3)(a), F.A.C., shall be prepared by the Department and published by the applicant in accordance with all applicable provisions of Rule 62-110.106, F.A.C., except that the applicant shall cause the notice to be published no later than thirty (30) days prior to final agency action.

(c) The notice shall identify:

1. The facility;
2. The name and address of the office at which processing of the permit occurs;
3. The activity or activities involved in the permit action;
4. The emissions change involved in any permit revision;
5. The name, address, and telephone number of a Department representative from whom interested persons may obtain additional information, including copies of the permit draft, the application, and all relevant supporting materials, including any permit application, compliance plan, permit, monitoring report, and compliance statement required pursuant to Chapter 62-213, F.A.C. (except for information entitled to confidential treatment pursuant to Section 403.111, F.S.), and all other materials available to the Department that are relevant to the permit decision;
6. A brief description of the comment procedures required by Rule 62-210.350(3), F.A.C.;
7. The time and place of any hearing that may be held, including a statement of procedure to request a hearing (unless a hearing has already been scheduled); and,
8. The procedures by which persons may petition the Administrator to object to the issuance of the proposed permit after expiration of the Administrator's 45-day review period.

[Rule 62-210.350, F.A.C.]

22. Administrative Permit Corrections.

(1) A facility owner shall notify the Department by letter of minor corrections to information contained in a permit. Such notifications shall include:

- (a) Typographical errors noted in the permit;
- (b) Name, address or phone number change from that in the permit;
- (c) A change requiring more frequent monitoring or reporting by the permittee;
- (d) Changes listed at 40 CFR 72.83(a)(1), (2), (6), (9) and (10), hereby adopted and incorporated by reference, to Title V sources subject to emissions limitations or reductions pursuant to 42 USC ss. 7651-7651o;
- (e) Changes listed at 40 CFR 72.83(a)(11), hereby adopted and incorporated by reference, to Title V sources subject to emissions limitations or reductions pursuant to 42 USC ss. 7651-7651o, provided the notification is accompanied by a copy of any EPA determination concerning the similarity of the change to those listed at Rule 62-210.360(1)(d), F.A.C.; and
- (f) Any other similar minor administrative change at the source.

(2) Upon receipt of any such notification the Department shall within 60 days correct the permit and provide a corrected copy to the owner.

(3) After first notifying the owner, the Department shall correct any permit in which it discovers errors of the types listed at Rule 62-210.360(1)(a) and (b), F.A.C., and provide a corrected copy to the owner.

(4) For Title V source permits, other than general permits, a copy of the corrected permit shall be provided to EPA and any approved local air program in the county where the facility or any part of the facility is located.

APPENDIX TV-3, TITLE V CONDITIONS (version dated 04/30/99) (continued)

(5) The Department shall incorporate requirements resulting from issuance of a new or revised construction permit into an existing Title V source permit, if the construction permit or permit revision incorporates requirements of federally enforceable preconstruction review, and if the applicant requests at the time of application that all of the requirements of Rule 62-213.430(1), F.A.C., be complied with in conjunction with the processing of the construction permit application.

[Rule 62-210.360, F.A.C.]

23. Reports.

(3) Annual Operating Report for Air Pollutant Emitting Facility.

(a) The Annual Operating Report for Air Pollutant Emitting Facility (DEP Form No. 62-210.900(5)) shall be completed each year.

(c) The annual operating report shall be submitted to the appropriate Department District or Department approved local air pollution control program office by March 1 of the following year unless otherwise indicated by permit condition or Department request.

[Rule 62-210.370(3), F.A.C.]

24. Circumvention. No person shall circumvent any air pollution control device, or allow the emission of air pollutants without the applicable air pollution control device operating properly.

[Rule 62-210.650, F.A.C.]

25. Forms and Instructions. The forms used by the Department in the stationary source control program are adopted and incorporated by reference in this section. The forms are listed by rule number, which is also the form number, with the subject, title and effective date. Forms 62-210.900(1),(3),(4) and (5), F.A.C., including instructions, are available from the Department as hard-copy documents or executable files on computer diskettes. Copies of forms (hard-copy or diskette) may be obtained by writing to the Department of Environmental Protection, Division of Air Resources Management, 2600 Blair Stone Road, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400. Notwithstanding the requirement of Rule 62-4.050(2), F.A.C., to file application forms in quadruplicate, if an air permit application is submitted using the Department's electronic application form, only one copy of the diskette and signature pages is required to be submitted.

(1) Application for Air Permit - Title V Source, Form and Instructions (Effective 2-11-99).

(a) Acid Rain Part (Phase II), Form and Instructions (Effective 7-1-95).

1. Repowering Extension Plan, Form and Instructions (Effective 7-1-95).

2. New Unit Exemption, Form and Instructions (Effective 7-1-95).

3. Retired Unit Exemption, Form and Instructions (Effective 7-1-95).

4. Phase II NOx Compliance Plan, Form and Instructions (Effective 1-6-98).

5. Phase II NOx Averaging Plan, Form (Effective 1-6-98).

(b) Reserved.

(5) Annual Operating Report for Air Pollutant Emitting Facility, Form and Instructions (Effective 2-11-99).

[Rule 62-210.900, F.A.C.]

Chapter 62-213, F.A.C.

26. Annual Emissions Fee. Each Title V source permitted to operate in Florida must pay between January 15 and March 1 of each year, upon written notice from the Department, an annual emissions fee in accordance with Rule 62-213.205, F.A.C., and the appropriate form and associated instructions.

[Rules 62-213.205 and 62-213.900(1), F.A.C.]

27. Annual Emissions Fee. Failure to pay timely any required annual emissions fee, penalty, or interest constitutes grounds for permit revocation pursuant to Rule 62-4.100, F.A.C.

[Rule 62-213.205(1)(g), F.A.C.]

28. Annual Emissions Fee. Any documentation of actual hours of operation, actual material or heat input, actual production amount, or actual emissions used to calculate the annual emissions fee shall be retained by the owner for a minimum of five (5) years and shall be made available to the Department upon request.

[Rule 62-213.205(1)(j), F.A.C.]

29. Annual Emissions Fee. A completed DEP Form 62-213.900(1), F.A.C., "Major Air Pollution Source Annual Emissions Fee Form", must be submitted by the responsible official with the annual emissions fee.

[Rule 62-213.205(1)(k), F.A.C.]

APPENDIX TV-3, TITLE V CONDITIONS (version dated 04/30/99) (continued)

30. Air Operation Permit Fees. After December 31, 1992, no permit application processing fee, renewal fee, modification fee or amendment fee is required for an operation permit for a Title V source.

[Rule 62-213.205(4), F.A.C.]

31. Permits and Permit Revisions Required. All Title V sources are subject to the permit requirements of Chapter 62-213, F.A.C.

(1) No Title V source may operate except in compliance with Chapter 62-213, F.A.C.

(2) Except as provided in Rule 62-213.410, F.A.C., no source with a permit issued under the provisions of this chapter shall make any changes in its operation without first applying for and receiving a permit revision if the change meets any of the following:

- (a) Constitutes a modification;
- (b) Violates any applicable requirement;
- (c) Exceeds the allowable emissions of any air pollutant from any unit within the source;
- (d) Contravenes any permit term or condition for monitoring, testing, recordkeeping, reporting or of a compliance certification requirement;
- (e) Requires a case-by-case determination of an emission limitation or other standard or a source specific determination of ambient impacts, or a visibility or increment analysis under the provisions of Chapters 62-212 or 62-296, F.A.C.;
- (f) Violates a permit term or condition which the source has assumed for which there is no corresponding underlying applicable requirement to which the source would otherwise be subject;
- (g) Results in the trading of emissions among units within a source except as specifically authorized pursuant to Rule 62-213.415, F.A.C.
- (h) Results in the change of location of any relocatable facility identified as a Title V source pursuant to paragraph (a)-(e), (g) or (h) of the definition of "major source of air pollution" at Rule 62-210.200, F.A.C.
- (i) Constitutes a change at an Acid Rain Source under the provisions of 40 CFR 72.81(a)(1),(2), or (3), (b)(1) or (b)(3), hereby incorporated by reference;
- (j) Constitutes a change in a repowering plan, nitrogen oxides averaging plan, or nitrogen oxides compliance deadline extension at an Acid Rain Source.
- (k) Is a request for exemption pursuant to Rule 62-214.340, F.A.C.

[Rule 62-213.400(1) & (2), F.A.C.]

32. Changes Without Permit Revision. Title V sources having a valid permit issued pursuant to Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., may make the following changes without permit revision, provided that sources shall maintain source logs or records to verify periods of operation in each alternative method of operation:

(1) Permitted sources may change among those alternative methods of operation allowed by the source's permit as provided by the terms of the permit;

(2) Permitted sources may implement the terms or conditions of a new or revised construction permit if;

- (a) The application for construction permit complied with the requirements of Rule 62-213.420(3) and (4), F.A.C.;
- (b) The terms or conditions were subject to federally enforceable preconstruction review pursuant to Chapter 62-212, F.A.C.; and,
- (c) The new or revised construction permit was issued after the Department and the applicant complied with all the requirements of Rule 62-213.430(1), F.A.C.;

(3) A permitted source may implement operating changes after the source submits any forms required by any applicable requirement and provides the Department and EPA with at least 7 days written notice prior to implementation. The source and the Department shall attach each notice to the relevant permit;

- (a) The written notice shall include the date on which the change will occur, and a description of the change within the permitted source, the pollutants emitted and any change in emissions, and any term or condition becoming applicable or no longer applicable as a result of the change;
- (b) The permit shield described in Rule 62-213.460, F.A.C., shall not apply to such changes;

(4) Permitted sources may implement changes involving modes of operation only in accordance with Rule 62-213.415, F.A.C.

[Rule 62-213.410, F.A.C.]

33. Immediate Implementation Pending Revision Process.

(1) Those permitted Title V sources making any change that constitutes a modification pursuant to the definition of modification at Rule 62-210.200, F.A.C., but which would not constitute a modification pursuant to 42 USC 7412(a) or to 40 CFR 52.01, 60.2, or 61.15, adopted and incorporated by reference at Rule 62-204.800, F.A.C., may implement such change prior to final issuance of a permit revision in accordance with this section, provided the change:

- (a) Does not violate any applicable requirement;
- (b) Does not contravene any permit term or condition for monitoring, testing, recordkeeping or reporting, or any compliance certification requirement;

APPENDIX TV-3, TITLE V CONDITIONS (version dated 04/30/99) (continued)

- (c) Does not require or change a case-by-case determination of an emission limitation or other standard, or a source-specific determination of ambient impacts, or a visibility or increment analysis under the provisions of Chapter 62-212 or 62-296, F.A.C.;
- (d) Does not seek to establish or change a permit term or condition for which there is no corresponding underlying applicable requirement and that the source has assumed to avoid an applicable requirement to which the source would otherwise be subject including any federally enforceable emissions cap or federally enforceable alternative emissions limit.
- (2) A Title V source may immediately implement such changes after they have been incorporated into the terms and conditions of a new or revised construction permit issued pursuant to Chapter 62-212, F.A.C., and after the source provides to EPA, the Department, each affected state and any approved local air program having geographic jurisdiction over the source, a copy of the source's application for operation permit revision. The Title V source may conform its application for construction permit to include all information required by Rule 62-213.420, F.A.C., in lieu of submitting separate application forms.
- (3) The Department shall process the application for operation permit revision in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., except that the Department shall issue a draft permit revision or a determination to deny the revision within 60 days of receipt of a complete application for operation permit revision or, if the Title V source has submitted a construction permit application conforming to the requirements of Rule 62-213.420, F.A.C., the Department shall issue a draft permit or a determination to deny the revision at the same time the Department issues its determination on issuance or denial of the construction permit application. The Department shall not take final action until all the requirements of Rule 62-213.430(1)(a), (c), (d), and (e), F.A.C., have been complied with.
- (4) Pending final action on the operation permit revision application, the source shall implement the changes in accordance with the terms and conditions of the source's new or revised construction permit.
- (5) The permit shield described in Rule 62-213.460, F.A.C., shall not apply to such changes until after the Department takes final action to issue the operation permit revision.
- (6) If the Department denies the source's application for operation permit revision, the source shall cease implementation of the proposed changes.
- [Rule 62-213.412, F.A.C.]

34. Permit Applications.

- (1) Duty to Apply. For each Title V source, the owner or operator shall submit a timely and complete permit application in compliance with the requirements of Rules 62-213.420, 62-4.050(1) & (2), and 62-210.900, F.A.C.
- (a) Timely Application.
3. For purposes of permit renewal, a timely application is one that is submitted in accordance with Rule 62-4.090, F.A.C.
- (b) Complete Application.
1. Any applicant for a Title V permit, permit revision or permit renewal must submit an application on DEP Form No. 62-210.900(1), which must include all the information specified by Rule 62-213.420(3), F.A.C., except that an application for permit revision must contain only that information related to the proposed change. The applicant shall include information concerning fugitive emissions and stack emissions in the application. Each application for permit, permit revision or permit renewal shall be certified by a responsible official in accordance with Rule 62-213.420(4), F.A.C.
2. For those applicants submitting initial permit applications pursuant to Rule 62-213.420(1)(a)1., F.A.C., a complete application shall be an application that substantially addresses all the information required by the application form number 62-210.900(1), and such applications shall be deemed complete within sixty days of receipt of a signed and certified application unless the Department notifies the applicant of incompleteness within that time. For all other applicants, the applications shall be deemed complete sixty days after receipt, unless the Department, within sixty days after receipt of a signed application for permit, permit revision or permit renewal, requests additional documentation or information needed to process the application. An applicant making timely and complete application for permit, or timely application for permit renewal as described by Rule 62-4.090(1), F.A.C., shall continue to operate the source under the authority and provisions of any existing valid permit or Florida Electrical Power Plant Siting Certification, provided the applicant complies with all the provisions of Rules 62-213.420(1)(b)3. and 4. F.A.C. Failure of the Department to request additional information within sixty days of receipt of a properly signed application shall not impair the Department's ability to request additional information pursuant to Rules 62-213.420(1)(b)3. and 4., F.A.C.

3. For those permit applications submitted pursuant to the provisions of Rule 62-213.420(1)(a)1., F.A.C., the Department shall notify the applicant if the Department becomes aware at any time during processing of the application that the application contains incorrect or incomplete information. The applicant shall submit the corrected or supplementary information to the Department within ninety days unless the applicant has requested and been granted additional time to submit the information. Failure of an applicant to submit corrected or supplementary information requested by the Department within ninety days or such additional time as requested and granted shall render the application incomplete.

4. For all applications other than those addressed at Rule 62-213.420(1)(b)3., F.A.C., should the Department become aware, during processing of any application that the application contains incorrect information, or should the Department become aware, as a result of comment from an affected State, an approved local air program, EPA, or the public that additional information is needed to evaluate the application, the Department shall notify the applicant within 30 days. When an applicant becomes aware that an application contains incorrect or incomplete information, the applicant shall submit the corrected or supplementary information to the Department. If the Department notifies an applicant that corrected or supplementary information is necessary to process the permit, and requests a response, the applicant shall provide the information to the Department within ninety days of the Department request unless the applicant has requested and been granted additional time to submit the information or, the applicant shall, within ninety days, submit a written request that the Department process the application without the information. Failure of an applicant to submit corrected or supplementary information requested by the Department within ninety days, or such additional time as requested and granted, or to demand in writing within ninety days that the application be processed without the information shall render the application incomplete. Nothing in this section shall limit any other remedies available to the Department.

[Rules 62-213.420(1)(a)3. and 62-213.420(1)(b)1., 2., 3. & 4., F.A.C.]

35. Confidential Information. Whenever an applicant submits information under a claim of confidentiality pursuant to Section 403.111, F.S., the applicant shall also submit a copy of all such information and claim directly to EPA. (also, see Condition No. 50.)

[Rule 62-213.420(2), F.A.C.]

36. Standard Application Form and Required Information. Applications shall be submitted under Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., on forms provided by the Department and adopted by reference in Rule 62-210.900(1), F.A.C. The information as described in Rule 62-210.900(1), F.A.C., shall be included for the Title V source and each emissions unit. An application must include information sufficient to determine all applicable requirements for the Title V source and each emissions unit and to evaluate a fee amount pursuant to Rule 62-213.205, F.A.C.

[Rule 62-213.420(3), F.A.C.]

37. Certification by Responsible Official (RO). In addition to the professional engineering certification required for applications by Rule 62-4.050(3), F.A.C., any application form, report, compliance statement, compliance plan and compliance schedule submitted pursuant to Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., shall contain a certification signed by a responsible official that, based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in the document are true, accurate, and complete.

[Rule 62-213.420(4), F.A.C.]

38. a. Permit Renewal and Expiration. Permits being renewed are subject to the same requirements that apply to permit issuance at the time of application for renewal. Permit renewal applications shall contain that information identified in Rules 62-210.900(1) and 62-213.420(3), F.A.C. Unless a Title V source submits a timely application for permit renewal in accordance with the requirements of Rule 62-4.090(1), F.A.C., the existing permit shall expire and the source's right to operate shall terminate.



b. Permit Revision Procedures. Permit revisions shall meet all requirements of Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., including those for content of applications, public participation, review by approved local programs and affected states; and review by EPA, as they apply to permit issuance and renewal, except that permit revisions for those activities implemented pursuant to Rule 62-213.412, F.A.C., need not meet the requirements of Rule 62-213.430(1)(b), F.A.C. The Department shall require permit revision in accordance with the provisions of Rule 62-4.080, F.A.C., and 40 CFR 70.7(f), whenever any source becomes subject to any condition listed at 40 CFR 70.7(f)(1), hereby adopted and incorporated by reference. The below requirements from 40 CFR 70.7(f) are adopted and incorporated by reference in Rule 62-213.430(4), F.A.C.:

o 40 CFR 70.7(f): Reopening for Cause. (also, see Condition No. 4)

(1) This section contains provisions from 40 CFR 70.7(f) that specify the conditions under which a Title V permit shall be reopened prior to the expiration of the permit. A Title V permit shall be reopened and revised under any of the following circumstances:

(i) Additional applicable requirements under the Act become applicable to a major Part 70 source with a remaining permit term of 3 or more years. Such a reopening shall be completed not later than 18 months after promulgation of the applicable requirement. No such reopening is required if the effective date of the requirement is later than the date on which the permit is due to expire, unless the original permit or any of its terms and conditions has been extended pursuant to 40 CFR 70.4(b)(10)(i) or (ii).

(ii) Additional requirements (including excess emissions requirements) become applicable to an affected source under the acid rain program. Upon approved by the Administrator, excess emissions offset plans shall be deemed to be incorporated into the permit.

(iii) The permitting authority or EPA determines that the permit contains a material mistake or that inaccurate statements were made in establishing the emissions standards or other terms or conditions of the permit.

(iv) The Administrator or the permitting authority determines that the permit must be revised or revoked to assure compliance with the applicable requirements.

(2) Proceedings to reopen and issue a permit shall follow the same procedures as apply to initial permit issuance and shall affect only those parts of the permit for which cause to reopen exists. Such reopening shall be made as expeditiously as practicable.

(3) Reopenings under 40 CFR 70.7(f)(1) shall not be initiated before a notice of such intent is provided to the Part 70 source by the permitting authority at least 30 days in advance of the date that the permit is to be reopened, except that the permitting authority may provide a shorter time period in the case of an emergency.

[Rules 62-213.430(3) & (4), F.A.C.; and, 40 CFR 70.7(f)]

39. Insignificant Emissions Units or Pollutant-Emitting Activities.

(a) All requests for determination of insignificant emissions units or activities made pursuant to Rule 62-213.420(3)(m), F.A.C., shall be processed in conjunction with the permit, permit renewal or permit revision application submitted pursuant to Chapter 62-213, F.A.C. Insignificant emissions units or activities shall be approved by the Department consistent with the provisions of Rule 62-4.040(1)(b), F.A.C. Emissions units or activities which are added to a Title V source after issuance of a permit under Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., shall be incorporated into the permit at its next renewal, provided such emissions units or activities have been exempted from the requirement to obtain an air construction permit and also qualify as insignificant pursuant to Rule 62-213.430(6), F.A.C.

(b) An emissions unit or activity shall be considered insignificant if:

1. Such unit or activity would be subject to no unit-specific applicable requirement;
2. Such unit or activity, in combination with other units or activities proposed as insignificant, would not cause the facility to exceed any major source threshold(s) as defined in Rule 62-213.420(3)(c)1., F.A.C., unless it is acknowledged in the permit application that such units or activities would cause the facility to exceed such threshold(s); and
3. Such unit or activity would not emit or have the potential to emit:
  - a. 500 pounds per year or more of lead and lead compounds expressed as lead;
  - b. 1,000 pounds per year or more of any hazardous air pollutant;
  - c. 2,500 pounds per year or more of total hazardous air pollutants; or
  - d. 5.0 tons per year or more of any other regulated pollutant.

[Rule 62-213.430(6), F.A.C.]

40. Permit Duration. Operation permits for Title V sources may not be extended as provided in Rule 62-4.080(3), F.A.C., if such extension will result in a permit term greater than five (5) years.

[Rule 62-213.440(1)(a), F.A.C.]

APPENDIX TV-3, TITLE V CONDITIONS (version dated 04/30/99) (continued)

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41. Monitoring Information. All records of monitoring information shall specify the date, place, and time of sampling or measurement and the operating conditions at the time of sampling or measurement, the date(s) analyses were performed, the company or entity that performed the analyses, the analytical techniques or methods used, and the results of such analyses.

[Rule 62-213.440(1)(b)2.a., F.A.C.]

42. Retention of Records. Retention of records of all monitoring data and support information shall be for a period of at least 5 years from the date of the monitoring sample, measurement, report, or application. Support information includes all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip-chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, and copies of all reports required by the permit.

[Rule 62-213.440(1)(b)2.b., F.A.C.]

43. Monitoring Reports. The permittee shall submit reports of any required monitoring at least every six (6) months. All instances of deviations from permit requirements must be clearly identified in such reports.

[Rule 62-213.440(1)(b)3.a., F.A.C.]

44. Deviation from Permit Requirements Reports. The permittee shall report in accordance with the requirements of Rules 62-210.700(6) and 62-4.130, F.A.C., any deviations from permit requirements, including those attributable to upset conditions as defined in the permit. Reports shall include the probable cause of such deviations, and any corrective actions or preventive measures taken.

[Rule 62-213.440(1)(b)3.b., F.A.C.]

45. Reports. All reports shall be accompanied by a certification by a responsible official, pursuant to Rule 62-213.420(4), F.A.C.

[Rule 62-213.440(1)(b)3.c., F.A.C.]

46. If any portion of the final permit is invalidated, the remainder of the permit shall remain in effect.

[Rule 62-213.440(1)(d)1., F.A.C.]

47. It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that maintaining compliance with any permit condition would necessitate halting of or reduction of the source activity.

[Rule 62-213.440(1)(d)3., F.A.C.]

48. A Title V source shall comply with all the terms and conditions of the existing permit until the Department has taken final action on any permit renewal or any requested permit revision, except as provided at Rule 62-213.412(2), F.A.C.

[Rule 62-213.440(1)(d)4., F.A.C.]

49. A situation arising from sudden and unforeseeable events beyond the control of the source which causes an exceedance of a technology-based emissions limitation because of unavoidable increases in emissions attributable to the situation and which requires immediate corrective action to restore normal operation, shall be an affirmative defense to an enforcement action in accordance with the provisions and requirements of 40 CFR 70.6(g)(2) and (3), hereby adopted and incorporated by reference.

[Rule 62-213.440(1)(d)5., F.A.C.]

50. Confidentiality Claims. Any permittee may claim confidentiality of any data or other information by complying with Rule 62-213.420(2), F.A.C. (also, see **Condition No. 35.**)

[Rule 62-213.440(1)(d)6., F.A.C.]

APPENDIX TV-3, TITLE V CONDITIONS (version dated 04/30/99) (continued)

51. **Statement of Compliance.** The permittee shall submit a statement of compliance with all terms and conditions of the permit. Such statements shall be submitted to the Department and EPA annually, or more frequently if specified by Rule 62-213.440(2), F.A.C., or by any other applicable requirement. Such statements shall be accompanied by a certification in accordance with Rule 62-213.420(4), F.A.C. The statement of compliance shall include all the provisions of 40 CFR 70.6(c)(5)(iii), incorporated by reference at Rule 62-204.800, F.A.C.

o 40 CFR 70.6(c)(5)(iii): The compliance certification shall include all of the following (provided that the identification of applicable information may cross-reference the permit or previous reports, as applicable):

(A) The identification of each term or condition of the permit that is the basis of the certification;

(B) The identification of the method(s) or other means used by the owner or operator for determining the compliance status with each term and condition during the certification period, and whether such methods or other means provide continuous or intermittent data. Such methods and other means shall include, at a minimum, the methods and means required under 40 CFR 70.6(a)(3). If necessary, the owner or operator also shall identify any other material information that must be included in the certification to comply with section 113(c)(2) of the Act, which prohibits knowingly making a false certification or omitting material information;

(C) The status of compliance with the terms and conditions of the permit for the period covered by the certification, based on the method or means designated in paragraph (c)(5)(iii)(B) of this section. The certification shall identify each deviation and take it into account in the compliance certification. The certification shall also identify as possible exceptions to compliance any periods during which compliance is required and in which an excursion or exceedance as defined under part 64 of this chapter occurred; and

(D) Such other facts as the permitting authority may require to determine the compliance status of the source.

The statement shall be accompanied by a certification by a responsible official, in accordance with Rule 62-213.420(4), F.A.C. The responsible official may treat compliance with all other applicable requirements as a surrogate for compliance with Rule 62-296.320(2), Objectionable Odor Prohibited.

[Rule 62-213.440(3), F.A.C.]

52. **Permit Shield.** Except as provided in Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., compliance with the terms and conditions of a permit issued pursuant to Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., shall be deemed compliance with any applicable requirements in effect as of the date of permit issuance, provided that the source included such applicable requirements in the permit application. Nothing in Rule 62-213.460, F.A.C., or in any permit shall alter or affect the ability of EPA or the Department to deal with an emergency, the liability of an owner or operator of a source for any violation of applicable requirements prior to or at the time of permit issuance, or the requirements of the Federal Acid Rain Program.

{Permitting note: The permit shield is not in effect until the effective date of the permit.}

[Rule 62-213.460, F.A.C.]

53. **Forms and Instructions.** The forms used by the Department in the Title V source operation program are adopted and incorporated by reference in Rule 62-213.900, F.A.C. The form is listed by rule number, which is also the form number, and with the subject, title, and effective date. Copies of forms may be obtained by writing to the Department of Environmental Protection, Division of Air Resources Management, 2600 Blair Stone Road, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400, or by contacting the appropriate permitting authority.

(1) Major Air Pollution Source Annual Emissions Fee (AEF) Form.

[Rule 62-213.900(1), F.A.C.]

Chapter 62-256, F.A.C.

54. **Not federally enforceable. Open Burning.** This permit does not authorize any open burning nor does it constitute any waiver of the requirements of Chapter 62-256, F.A.C. Source shall comply with Chapter 62-256, F.A.C., for any open burning at the source.

[Chapter 62-256, F.A.C.]

Chapter 62-281, F.A.C.

55. **Refrigerant Requirements.** Any facility having refrigeration equipment, including air conditioning equipment, which uses a Class I or II substance (listed at 40 CFR 82, Subpart A, Appendices A and B), and any facility which maintains, services, or repairs motor vehicles using a Class I or Class II substance as refrigerant must comply with all requirements of 40 CFR 82, Subparts B and F, and with Rule 62-281.100, F.A.C. Those requirements include the following restrictions:

(1) Any facility having any refrigeration equipment normally containing 50 (fifty) pounds of refrigerant, or more, must keep servicing records documenting the date and type of all service and the quantity of any refrigerant added pursuant to 40 CFR 82.166;

- (2) No person repairing or servicing a motor vehicle may perform any service on a motor vehicle air conditioner (MVAC) involving the refrigerant for such air conditioner unless the person has been properly trained and certified as provided at 40 CFR 82.34 and 40 CFR 82.40, and properly uses equipment approved pursuant to 40 CFR 82.36 and 40 CFR 82.38, and complies with 40 CFR 82.42;
- (3) No person may sell or distribute, or offer for sale or distribution, any substance listed as a Class I or Class II substance at 40 CFR 82, Subpart A, Appendices A and B, except in compliance with Rule 62-281.100, F.A.C., and 40 CFR 82.34(b), 40 CFR 82.42, and/or 40 CFR 82.166;
- (4) No person maintaining, servicing, repairing, or disposing of appliances may knowingly vent or otherwise release into the atmosphere any Class I or Class II substance used as a refrigerant in such equipment and no other person may open appliances (except MVACs as defined at 40 CFR 82.152) for service, maintenance or repair unless the person has been properly trained and certified pursuant to 40 CFR 82.161 and unless the person uses equipment certified for that type of appliance pursuant to 40 CFR 82.158 and unless the person observes the practices set forth at 40 CFR 82.156 and 40 CFR 82.166;
- (5) No person may dispose of appliances (except small appliances, as defined at 40 CFR 82.152) without using equipment certified for that type of appliance pursuant to 40 CFR 82.158 and without observing the practices set forth at 40 CFR 82.156 and 40 CFR 82.166;
- (6) No person may recover refrigerant from small appliances, MVACs and MVAC-like appliances (as defined at 40 CFR 82.152), except in compliance with the requirements of 40 CFR 82, Subpart F.
- [40 CFR 82; and, Chapter 62-281, F.A.C. (Chapter 62-281, F.A.C., is not federally enforceable)]

Chapter 62-296, F.A.C.

56. Industrial, Commercial, and Municipal Open Burning Prohibited. Open burning in connection with industrial, commercial, or municipal operations is prohibited, except when:

- (a) Open burning is determined by the Department to be the only feasible method of operation and is authorized by an air permit issued pursuant to Chapter 62-210 or 62-213, F.A.C.; or
- (b) An emergency exists which requires immediate action to protect human health and safety; or
- (c) A county or municipality would use a portable air curtain incinerator to burn yard trash generated by a hurricane, tornado, fire or other disaster and the air curtain incinerator would otherwise be operated in accordance with the permitting exemption criteria of Rule 62-210.300(3), F.A.C.

[Rule 62-296.320(3), F.A.C.]

57. Unconfined Emissions of Particulate Matter.

(4)(c)1. No person shall cause, let, permit, suffer or allow the emissions of unconfined particulate matter from any emissions unit whatsoever, including, but not limited to, vehicular movement, transportation of materials, construction, alteration, demolition or wrecking, or industrially related activities such as loading, unloading, storing or handling, without taking reasonable precautions to prevent such emission.

3. Reasonable precautions may include, but shall not be limited to the following:

- a. Paving and maintenance of roads, parking areas and yards.
- b. Application of water or chemicals to control emissions from such activities as demolition of buildings, grading roads, construction, and land clearing.
- c. Application of asphalt, water, oil, chemicals or other dust suppressants to unpaved roads, yards, open stock piles and similar emissions units.
- d. Removal of particulate matter from roads and other paved areas under the control of the owner or operator of the emissions unit to prevent reentrainment, and from buildings or work areas to prevent particulate from becoming airborne.
- e. Landscaping or planting of vegetation.
- f. Use of hoods, fans, filters, and similar equipment to contain, capture and/or vent particulate matter.
- g. Confining abrasive blasting where possible.
- h. Enclosure or covering of conveyor systems.

4. In determining what constitutes reasonable precautions for a particular facility, the Department shall consider the cost of the control technique or work practice, the environmental impacts of the technique or practice, and the degree of reduction of emissions expected from a particular technique or practice.

[Rules 62-296.320(4)(c)1., 3., & 4. F.A.C.]

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**Figure 1 - Summary Report-Gaseous And Opacity Excess Emission  
And Monitoring System Performance Report (Version Dated 7/96)**

# FIGURE 1--SUMMARY REPORT--GASEOUS AND OPACITY EXCESS EMISSION AND MONITORING SYSTEM PERFORMANCE

[Note: This form is referenced in 40 CFR 60.7, Subpart A-General Provisions]

Pollutant (*Circle One*):    SO<sub>2</sub>    NO<sub>x</sub>    TRS    H<sub>2</sub>S    CO    Opacity

Reporting period dates: From \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Company: \_\_\_\_\_

Emission Limitation: \_\_\_\_\_

Address: \_\_\_\_\_

Monitor Manufacturer: \_\_\_\_\_

Model No.: \_\_\_\_\_

Date of Latest CMS Certification or Audit: \_\_\_\_\_

Process Unit(s) Description: \_\_\_\_\_

Total source operating time in reporting period <sup>1</sup>: \_\_\_\_\_

Emission data summary <sup>1</sup>	CMS performance summary <sup>1</sup>
1. Duration of excess emissions in reporting period due to: a. Startup/shutdown ..... _____ b. Control equipment problems ..... _____ c. Process problems ..... _____ d. Other known causes ..... _____ e. Unknown causes ..... _____ 2. Total duration of excess emissions ..... _____ 3. Total duration of excess emissions x (100) / [Total source operating time] ..... % <sup>2</sup>	1. CMS downtime in reporting period due to: a. Monitor equipment malfunctions ..... _____ b. Non-Monitor equipment malfunctions ..... _____ c. Quality assurance calibration ..... _____ d. Other known causes ..... _____ e. Unknown causes ..... _____ 2. Total CMS Downtime ..... _____ 3. [Total CMS Downtime] x (100) / [Total source operating time] ..... % <sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup> For opacity, record all times in minutes. For gases, record all times in hours.  
<sup>2</sup> For the reporting period: If the total duration of excess emissions is 1 percent or greater of the total operating time or the total CMS downtime is 5 percent or greater of the total operating time, both the summary report form and the excess emission report described in 40 CFR 60.7(c) shall be submitted.

*Note: On a separate page, describe any changes since last quarter in CMS, process or controls.*

I certify that the information contained in this report is true, accurate, and complete.

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Title: \_\_\_\_\_

**Table 1-1, Summary of Air Pollutant Standards and Terms**

## Table 1-1, Summary of Air Pollutant Standards and Terms

Florida Power and Light Company  
Fort Myers Plant

FINAL Permit No.: 0710002-010-AV  
Facility ID No.: 0710002

This table summarizes information for convenience purposes only. This table does not supersede any of the terms or conditions of this permit.

E.U. ID No.		Brief Description		Allowable Emissions			Equivalent Emissions*		Regulatory Citation(s)	See permit condition(s)
-003 to -014		Combustion Turbines		Standard(s)	lbs./hour/uni	TPY	lbs./hour	TPY		
Pollutant Name	Fuel(s)	Hours/Year	Standard(s)	lbs./hour/uni	TPY	lbs./hour	TPY	Regulatory Citation(s)	See permit condition(s)	
Visible Emissions	oil	8760	< 20% Opacity					Rule 62-296.320(4)(b)1., F.A.C.	B.5	
Nitrogen Oxides	oil	8760***		530				0710002-005-AC	B.5.2.	
Arsenic	used oil		5.0 ppm					40 CFR 279.11	B.6	
Cadmium	used oil		2.0 ppm					40 CFR 279.11	B.6	
Chromium	used oil		10.0 ppm					40 CFR 279.11	B.6	
Lead	used oil		100.0 ppm					40 CFR 279.11	B.6	
Total Halogens	used oil		1,000.0 ppm					40 CFR 279.11	B.6	
PCB	used oil		2.0 ppm					40 CFR 279.11	B.6	

E.U. ID No.		Brief Description		Allowable Emissions			Equivalent Emissions*		Regulatory Citation(s)	See permit condition(s)
-018 to -023		Combined Cycle Combustion Turbines		Standard(s)	lbs./hour/uni	TPY	lbs./hour	TPY		
Pollutant Name	Fuel(s)	Hours/Year	Standard(s)	lbs./hour/uni	TPY	lbs./hour	TPY	Regulatory Citation(s)	See permit condition(s)	
Visible Emissions	Gas	8760	< 10% Opacity					0710002-004-AC	C.15.	
Nitrogen Oxides	Gas	8760	9 ppmvd	65.0			1,708:20	0710002-004-AC	C.9.	
Carbon Monoxide	Gas	8760	12.0 ppmvd	43.0			1,130:04	0710002-004-AC	C.12.	
VOC	Gas	8760	1.4 ppmvd	2.9			76:21	0710002-004-AC	C.14.	
Sulfur Dioxide	Gas	8760	Pipeline quality natural gas					0710002-004-AC	C.11.b.	

E.U. ID No.		Brief Description		Allowable Emissions			Equivalent Emissions*		Regulatory Citation(s)	See permit condition(s)
-024		6 gas fuel pre-heaters		Standard(s)	lbs./hour/uni	TPY	lbs./hour	TPY		
Pollutant Name	Fuel(s)	Hours/Year	Standard(s)	lbs./hour/uni	TPY	lbs./hour	TPY	Regulatory Citation(s)	See permit condition(s)	
Visible Emissions	Gas	8760	< 10% Opacity					0710002-004-AC	C.16.	
Nitrogen Oxides	Gas	8760	0.10 lb/MMBtu				13:2 (each); 346:9 (all.6)	0710002-004-AC	C.10.	
Carbon Monoxide	Gas	8760	0.15 ppmvd	43			19:8 (each); 524:34 (all.6)	0710002-004-AC	C.13.	

Notes: \*\*\*The 12 inlet foggers may operate up to 6000 hours per year in aggregate.

\* The "Equivalent Emissions" listed are for informational purposes only.

\*\* Values computed using the ratio of 3/21 for soot blowing/steady state per 24 hour day.



**Table 2-1, Summary of Compliance Requirements**

## Table 2-1, Summary of Compliance Requirements

Florida Power and Light Company  
Fort Myers Plant

FINAL Permit No.: 0710002-010-AV  
Facility ID No.: 0710002

This table summarizes information for convenience purposes only. This table does not supersede any of the terms or conditions of this permit.

E.U. ID No.		Brief Description					
-003 to -014		Combustion Turbines					
Pollutant Name or Parameter	Fuels	Compliance Method	Testing Time Frequency	Frequency Base Date *	Min. Compliance Test Duration	CMS**	See permit condition(s)
<b>Nitrogen Oxides</b>	Oil	EPA Method 7 or 7E	Annual	1-Oct			<b>B.10.2, B.14.2</b>
<b>Arsenic</b>	Used Oil	Fuel Analysis	Batch				<b>B.15</b>
<b>Cadmium</b>	Used Oil	Fuel Analysis	Batch				<b>B.15</b>
<b>Chromium</b>	Used Oil	Fuel Analysis	Batch				<b>B.15</b>
<b>Lead</b>	Used Oil	Fuel Analysis	Batch				<b>B.15</b>
<b>PCB</b>	Used Oil	Fuel Analysis	Batch				<b>B.15</b>
<b>Total Halogens</b>	Used Oil	Fuel Analysis	Batch				<b>B.15</b>
<b>Flash Point</b>	Used Oil	Fuel Analysis	Batch				<b>B.15</b>

E.U. ID No.		Brief Description					
-018 to -023		Combined Cycle Combustion Turbines					
Pollutant Name or Parameter	Fuels	Compliance Method	Testing Time Frequency	Frequency Base Date *	Min. Compliance Test Duration	CMS**	See permit condition(s)
<b>Nitrogen Oxides</b>	Gas	EPA Method 20 or RATA	Annual	1-Oct		Yes	<b>C.29.</b>
<b>Carbon Monoxide</b>	Gas	EPA Method 10	Annual	1-Oct			<b>C.30.</b>
<b>VOC</b>	Gas	EPA Method 18 or 25	Only if CO test indicates CO exceedence				<b>C.31</b>
<b>Sulfur Dioxide</b>	Gas	Fuel Analysis	Continuous				<b>C.35.</b>

E.U. ID No.		Brief Description					
-024		6 gas fuel pre-heaters					
Pollutant Name or Parameter	Fuels	Compliance Method	Testing Time Frequency	Frequency Base Date *	Min. Compliance Test Duration	CMS**	See permit condition(s)
<b>Nitrogen Oxides</b>	Gas	EPA Method 20				<b>C.29.</b>	
<b>Carbon Monoxide</b>	Gas	EPA Method 10				<b>C.30.</b>	


**Notes:**

\*Frequency base date established for planning purposes only; see Rule 62-297.310, F.A.C.

\*\*CMS [=] Continuous Monitoring System

## MEMO

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TO: Howard L. Rhodes  
FROM: Clair H. Fancy   
DATE: July 12, 2002  
SUBJECT: FINAL Permit No.: 0710002-010-AV  
Florida Power & Light Company  
Fort Myers Plant

This permit is the second revision to the initial Title V air operation permit for the subject facility. This Revision incorporates the new specific conditions of construction permits: 0710002-004-AC, that authorized the installation of six (6) natural gas-fired combined cycle units to replace (re-power) two (2) old residual oil-fired steam generating units; and, 0710002-008-AC, which granted specified periods of excess NO<sub>x</sub> emissions resulting from required steam blows during the initial change over from simple-cycle to combined-cycle operation.

The PROPOSED Title V permit was sent to EPA on April 16, 2002. No comments were received from EPA by day 55 (June 10). Therefore, the FINAL permit is being issued unchanged from the PROPOSED Permit Determination.

I recommend this permit for your signature.

Attachment

CHF/ss/jh