


MEMORANDUM

To: Joseph Kahn  
Through: Trina Vielhauer and Al Linero  
From: Teresa Heron   
Date: December 3, 2007  
Re: City of Vero Beach Municipal Utilities  
FINAL Permit Renewal No. 0610029-007-AV

Attached is the FINAL package to renew the City of Vero Beach Title V Permit. No comments were received during the Public Notice period or EPA review.

We recommend your approval of the FINAL permit.

TLV/aal/tmh

Attachments

**NOTICE OF FINAL TITLE V PERMIT RENEWAL**

In the Matter of an  
Application for Permit by:

Mr. James Stevens  
Acting Director of Power Resources  
City of Vero Beach  
100 17<sup>th</sup> Street  
Vero Beach, FL 32961-1389

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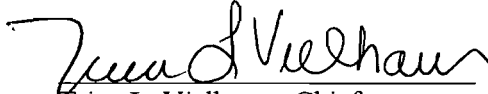
Indian River  
Title V Operation Permit Renewal  
FINAL Permit Project No.: 0610029-007-AV  
City of Vero Beach Municipal Utilities  
Facility ID No. **0610029**

Enclosed is the FINAL Permit Renewal, No. 0610029-007-AV for the City of Vero Beach Municipal Utilities facility located at 100 17th Street, Vero Beach, Indian River County.

This permit renewal is issued pursuant to Chapter 403, Florida Statutes (F.S.). There were no comments received from Region 4, U.S. EPA, regarding the PROPOSED Permit.

Any party to this order (permit renewal) has the right to seek judicial review of the permit renewal pursuant to Section 120.68, F.S., by the filing of a Notice of Appeal pursuant to Rule 9.110, Florida Rules of Appellate Procedure, with the Clerk of the Department in the Legal Office; and, by filing a copy of the Notice of Appeal accompanied by the applicable filing fees with the appropriate District Court of Appeal. The Notice of Appeal must be filed within 30 (thirty) days from the date this Notice is filed with the Clerk of the Department of Environmental Protection.

Executed in Tallahassee, Florida.

  
Trina L. Vielhauer, Chief  
Bureau of Air Regulation

TLV/aal/tmh

Enclosures

**CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

The undersigned duly designated deputy agency clerk hereby certifies that this "Notice of Final Permit" (including the Statement of Basis and the FINAL Permit package) was sent by electronic mail (received receipt requested) before the close of business on 2/27/01 to the persons listed below:

E-mail Copy furnished to:

John Lee, City of Vero Beach: [jlee@covb.org](mailto:jlee@covb.org)

Kennard F. Kosky, P.E., Golder Associates, Inc: [kkosky@golder.com](mailto:kkosky@golder.com)

James Stevens, City of Vero Beach: [JStevens@covb.org](mailto:JStevens@covb.org)

Jim Little, EPA Region 4: [little.james@epamail.epa.gov](mailto:little.james@epamail.epa.gov)

Kathy Forney, EPA Region 4: [forney.kathleen@epamail.epa.gov](mailto:forney.kathleen@epamail.epa.gov)

James Bradner, DEP: [james.bradner@dep.state.fl.us](mailto:james.bradner@dep.state.fl.us)

Clerk Stamp

**FILING AND ACKNOWLEDGMENT FILED**, on this date, pursuant to §120.52(7), Florida Statutes, with the designated Department Clerk, receipt of which is hereby acknowledged.

Richard J. Sunday 2/27/01  
(Clerk) (Date)

**FINAL DETERMINATION**

**I. Comments.**

The U.S. EPA Region 4 indicated that they were not going to send any comments nor any objections in regard to the permitting action.

**II. Conclusion.**

In conclusion, the permitting authority hereby issues the FINAL Permit.

## **STATEMENT OF BASIS**

City of Vero Beach  
City of Vero Beach Municipal Utilities  
Facility ID No.: 0610029  
Indian River County

FINAL Permit Project No. 0610029-007-AV  
Title V Operation Permit Renewal

The application is for a routine renewal of the 5 year Title V Operation Permit (Permit Renewal) for the City of Vero Beach power plant. There are few significant changes in the present renewal compared with the previous one. The changes made are described below.

This Title V Permit Renewal is issued under the provisions of Chapter 403, Florida Statutes (F.S.), and Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.) Chapters 62-4, 62-210, 62-213, and 62-214. The above named permittee is hereby authorized to perform the work or operate the facility shown on the application and approved drawing(s), plans, and other documents, attached hereto or on file with the permitting authority, in accordance with the terms and conditions of this permit.

The facility consists of four conventional units (Units 1, 2, 3 and 4) that range from 13 to 56 megawatts (MW) and use a range of fuel oil grades and natural gas. Only the largest one (Unit 4) is subject to a New Source Performance Standard at 40 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Part 60, Subpart D – Standards of Performance for Fossil Fuel-Fired Steam Generators for Which Construction is Commenced After August 17, 1971.

There is also a 38 MW distillate and natural gas-fired combined cycle unit (Unit 5) that is subject to 40 CFR 60 Subpart GG - Standards of Performance for New Stationary Combustion Turbines (Subpart GG).

Compliance assurance monitoring (CAM) plans were not required for Units 1-4 because they do not have add-on control equipment. CAM applies to Unit 5 when using water injection while burning oil. The CAM requirements from the present Title V Permit are rolled into the present Renewal as Appendix CAM.

The only significant changes between the Draft Permit Renewal and the current permit relate to using the features available under the most recent version of Subpart GG as revised on July 8, 2004. These provide specific procedures within the rule for maintaining records on fuel characteristics thus providing for deletion of a “custom fuel monitoring schedule” (Appendix M in the previous permit).

Acid Rain Allowances are revised for the year 2010 increasing them from 315 to 316 tons (E.U.003); from 107 to 116 tons (E.U.004) and 317 to 318 tons (E.U. 005). In addition, applicable requirements of the updated Subpart GG will be attached as Appendix GG to the permit.

Based on the Title V permit application received June 28, 2007, this facility is a major source of hazardous air pollutants (HAP).

City of Vero Beach  
City of Vero Beach Municipal Utilities  
**Facility ID No.:** 0610029  
Indian River County

Title V Air Operation Permit Renewal  
**FINAL Permit No.:** 0610029-007-AV



Permitting Authority:

State of Florida  
Department of Environmental Protection  
Division of Air Resource Management  
Bureau of Air Regulation

Mail Station #5505  
2600 Blair Stone Road  
Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400

Telephone: 850/488-0144  
Fax: 850/921-9533

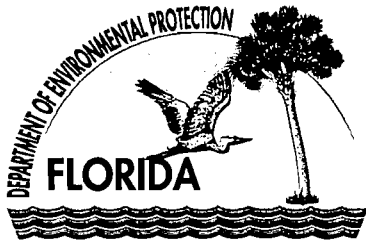
Compliance Authority:

Department of Environmental Protection  
Central District Office  
Air Section  
3319 Maguire Boulevard, Suite 232  
Orlando, FL 32803-3767  
Phone: 407/894-7555  
Fax: 407/897-2966

Title V Air Operation Permit Renewal  
**FINAL Permit No.: 0610029-007-AV**

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# Florida Department of Environmental Protection

Bob Martinez Center  
2600 Blairstone Road  
Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400

Charlie Crist  
Governor  
Jeff Kottkamp  
Lt. Governor  
Michael W. Sole  
Secretary

**Permittee:**

City of Vero Beach  
PO Box 1389  
Vero Beach, FL 32961-1389

**FINAL Permit No.:** 0610029-007-AV

**Facility ID No.:** 0610029

**SIC Nos.:** 49,4931

**Project:** Title V Air Operation Permit Renewal

This Title V air operation permit renewal is issued under the provisions of Chapter 403, Florida Statutes (F.S.), and Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.) Chapters 62-4, 62-210, 62-213, and 62-214. The above named permittee is hereby authorized to perform the work or operate the facility shown on the application and approved drawing(s), plans, and other documents, attached hereto or on file with the permitting authority, in accordance with the terms and conditions of this permit.

**Referenced attachments made a part of this permit:**

Appendix U-1, List of Unregulated Emissions Units and/or Activities  
Appendix I-1, List of Insignificant Emissions Units and/or Activities  
Appendix TV-6, Title V Conditions (version dated 06/23/06)  
Appendix SS-1, Stack Sampling Facilities (version dated 10/07/96)  
Table 297.310-1, Calibration Schedule (version dated 10/07/96)  
Figure 1 - Summary Report-Gaseous And Opacity Excess Emission And Monitoring System  
Performance Report (version dated 7/96)  
Phase II Acid Rain Application/Compliance Plan received September 3, 2002  
Alternate Sampling Procedure: ASP Number 97-B-01  
BACT Determination dated June 28, 1991  
Appendix CAM, Continuous Assurance Monitoring  
Appendix GG, New Source Performance Standards, Subpart GG, Stationary Gas Turbines

**Effective Date:** January 1, 2008

**Renewal Application Due Date:** July 5, 2012

**Expiration Date:** December 31, 2012

Joseph Kahn, Director  
Division of Air Resource  
Management

JK/tlv/aal/tmh



**Section I. Facility Information.**

**Subsection A. Facility Description.**

This facility is an electric power generating plant located adjacent to a wastewater treatment facility and consists of:

Fossil Fuel Steam Generating Unit 1 (Emissions Unit 001), rated at 13 MW;

Fossil Fuel Steam Generating Unit 2 (Emissions Unit 002), rated at 17 MW;

Fossil Fuel Steam Generating Unit 3 (Emissions Unit 003), rated at 34 MW;

Fossil Fuel Steam Generating Unit 4 (Emissions Unit 004), rated at 56 MW;

Combined Cycle Gas Turbine Unit 5 (Emissions Unit 005), rated at 38 MW.

Also included in this permit are miscellaneous unregulated/insignificant emissions units and/or activities.

Based on the Title V permit application received June 28, 2007, this facility is a major source of hazardous air pollutants (HAPs).

**Subsection B. Summary of Emissions Unit ID No(s). and Brief Description(s).**

<b>E.U. ID No.</b>	<b>Brief Description</b>
001	Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 1, rated at 13 MW, 202 mmBtu/hr for natural gas and 140 mmBtu/hr for fuel oil, capable of burning any combination of natural gas and numbers 2, 4 and 6 fuel oil, with emissions exhausted through a 200 ft. stack shared with Emissions Unit 002.
002	Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 2, rated at 17 MW, 248 mmBtu/hr for natural gas and 243 mmBtu/hr for fuel oil, capable of burning any combination of natural gas, numbers 2, 4 and 6 fuel oil, and propane as an ignitor fuel, with emissions exhausted through a 200 ft. stack shared with Emissions Unit 001.
003	Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 3, rated at 34 MW, 417 mmBtu/hr for natural gas and 410 mmBtu/hr for fuel oil, capable of burning any combination of natural gas, numbers 2, 4 and 6 fuel oil, and propane as an ignitor fuel, with emissions exhausted through a 200 ft. stack.
004	Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 4, rated at 56 MW, 685 mmBtu/hr, capable of burning any combination of natural gas, numbers 2, 4 and 6 fuel oil, and propane as an ignitor fuel, with emissions exhausted through a 200 ft. stack.
005	Combined Cycle Gas Turbine, Unit 5, rated at 38 MW, 455 mmBtu/hr for number 2 fuel oil and 414 mmBtu/hr for natural gas, capable of burning any combination of, number 2 fuel oil, and natural gas, with emissions exhausted through a 125 ft. stack.

<b>Unregulated Emissions Units and/or Activities, See Appendix U-1</b>	
006	Fuel oil, gasoline and lube oil storage tanks.
007	Waste water treatment plant.

*Please reference the Permit No., Facility ID No., and appropriate Emissions Unit(s) ID No(s). on all correspondence, test report submittals, applications, etc.*

**Subsection C. Relevant Documents.**

The documents listed below are not a part of this permit; however, they are specifically related to this permitting action.

These documents are provided to the permittee for information purposes only:

Appendix A-1, Abbreviations, Acronyms, Citations, and Identification Numbers

Appendix H-1, Permit History/ID Number Changes

Table 1-1, Summary of Air Pollutant Standards and Terms

Table 2-1, Summary of Compliance Requirements

Statement of Basis

These documents are on file with the permitting authority and the USEPA:

Title V Permit Renewal Application received July 1, 2002

Additional Information Request dated August 14, 2002

Additional Information Response received September 3, 2002

The Responsible Official has certified that the Risk Management Plan was submitted to the RMP Reporting Center (on USEPA files)

**Subsection D. Miscellaneous.**

The use of "Permitting Notes" throughout this permit are for informational purposes only and are not permit conditions.

**Section II. Facility-wide Conditions.**

**The following conditions apply facility-wide:**

1. APPENDIX TV-6, TITLE V CONDITIONS, is a part of this permit.  
{Permitting Notes: APPENDIX TV-6, TITLE V CONDITIONS, is distributed to the permittee only. Other persons requesting copies of these conditions shall be provided a copy when requested or otherwise appropriate.}
2. General Pollutant Emission Limiting Standards. Objectionable Odor Prohibited. The permittee shall not cause, suffer, allow, or permit the discharge of air pollutants which cause or contribute to an objectionable odor.  
[Rule 62-296.320(2), F.A.C.]
3. General Particulate Emission Limiting Standards. General Visible Emissions Standard. Except for emissions units that are subject to a particulate matter or opacity limit set forth or established by rule and reflected by conditions in this permit, no person shall cause, let, permit, suffer or allow to be discharged into the atmosphere the emissions of air pollutants from any activity, the density of which is equal to or greater than that designated as Number 1 on the Ringelmann Chart (20 percent opacity). EPA Method 9 is the method of compliance pursuant to Chapter 62-297, F.A.C.  
[Rule 62-296.320(4)(b)1. & 4, F.A.C.]
4. Prevention of Accidental Releases (Section 112(r) of the Clean Air Act.
  - a. As required by Section 112(r)(7)(B)(iii) of the CAA and 40 CFR 68, the owner or operator shall submit an updated Risk Management Plan (RMP) to the Chemical Emergency Preparedness and Prevention Office (CEPPO) RMP Reporting Center.
  - b. As required under Section 252.941(1)(c), F.S., the owner or operator shall report to the appropriate representative of the Department of Community Affairs (DCA), as established by department rule, within one working day of discovery of an accidental release of a regulated substance from the stationary source, if the owner or operator is required to report the release to the United States Environmental Protection Agency under Section 112(r)(6) of the CAA.
  - c. The owner or operator shall submit the required annual registration fee to the DCA on or before April 1, in accordance with Part IV, Chapter 252, F.S., and Rule 9G-21, F.A.C.

Any required written reports, notifications, certifications, and data required to be sent to the DCA, should be sent to:

Department of Community Affairs  
Division of Emergency Management  
2555 Shumard Oak Boulevard  
Tallahassee, FL 32399-2100  
Telephone: 850/413-9921, Fax: 850/488-1739

Any Risk Management Plans, original submittals, revisions or updates to submittals, should be sent to:

RMP Reporting Center  
Post Office Box 1515  
Lanham-Seabrook, Maryland 20703-1515  
Telephone: 301/429-5018

Any required reports to be sent to the National Response Center, should be sent to:  
National Response Center  
EPA Office of Solid Waste and Emergency Response  
USEPA (5305 W)  
401 M Street, SW  
Washington, D.C. 20460  
Telephone: 1/800/424-8802

Send the required annual registration fee using approved forms made payable to:

Cashier  
Department of Community Affairs  
State Emergency Response Commission  
2555 Shumard Oak Boulevard  
Tallahassee, FL 32399-2149

[Part IV, Chapter 252, F.S.; and, Rule 9G-21, F.A.C.]

**5. Unregulated Emissions Units and/or Activities.** Appendix U-1, List of Unregulated Emissions Units and/or Activities, is a part of this permit.  
[Rule 62-213.440(1), F.A.C.]

**6. Insignificant Emissions Units and/or Activities.** Appendix I-1, List of Insignificant Emissions Units and/or Activities, is a part of this permit.  
[Rules 62-213.440(1), 62-213.430(6), and 62-4.040(1)(b), F.A.C.]

7. Reserved.

**8. General Pollutant Emission Limiting Standards: Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) Emissions or Organic Solvents (OS) Emissions.** The permittee shall allow no person to store, pump, handle, process, load, unload or use in any process or installation, volatile organic compounds (VOC) or organic solvents (OS) without applying known and existing vapor emission control devices or systems deemed necessary and ordered by the Department.

- a. Tightly cover or close all VOC or OS containers when they are not in use.
- b. Tightly cover all open tanks which contain VOC or OS when they are not in use.
- c. Maintain all pipes, valves, fittings, etc., which handle VOC or OS in good operating condition.
- d. Immediately confine and clean up VOC or OS spills and make sure wastes are placed in closed containers for reuse, recycling or proper disposal.

[Rule 62-296.320(1)(a), F.A.C.]

**9. Reasonable Precautions.** Reasonable precautions to prevent emissions of unconfined particulate matter at this facility may include:

- a. Maintenance of paved areas as needed.
- b. Regular mowing of grass and care of vegetation.
- c. Limiting access to plant property by unnecessary vehicles.
- d. Care in handling and use of bagged chemical products.

[Rule 62-296.320(4)(c)2., F.A.C.; Items a, b, c, and d proposed by applicant in the renewal Title V permit application received June 28, 2007]

{Permitting note: This condition implements the requirements of Rules 62-296.320(4)(c)1., 3., & 4., F.A.C. (see Condition No. 57. of APPENDIX TV-6, TITLE V CONDITIONS).}

**10. Timely Recording, Monitoring and Reporting:** When appropriate, any recording, monitoring or reporting requirements that are time-specific shall be in accordance with the effective date of this permit, which defines day one.  
[Rule 62-213.440, F.A.C.]

**11. Statement of Compliance.** The annual statement of compliance pursuant to Rule 62-213.440(3)(a)2., F.A.C., shall be submitted to the Department and EPA within 60 (sixty) days after the end of the calendar year using DEP Form No. 62-213.900(7), F.A.C.  
[Rules 62-213.440(3) and 62-213.900, F.A.C.]

{Permitting Note: This condition implements the requirements of Rules 62-213.440(3)(a)2. & 3., F.A.C. (see Condition 51. of APPENDIX TV-6, TITLE V CONDITIONS).}

**12. State Compliance Authority:** The permittee shall submit all compliance related notifications and reports required of this permit to the Department's Central District office:

Department of Environmental Protection, Central District Office  
Air Section  
3319 Maguire Boulevard, Suite 232  
Orlando, FL 32803-3767  
Phone: 407/894-7555  
Fax: 407/897-2966

**13. EPA Compliance Authority:** Any reports, data, notifications, certifications, and requests required to be sent to the United States Environmental Protection Agency, Region 4, should be sent to:

United States Environmental Protection Agency  
Region 4  
Air, Pesticides & Toxics Management Division  
Air and EPCRA Enforcement Branch, Air Enforcement Section  
61 Forsyth Street  
Atlanta, Georgia 30303  
Telephone: 404/562-9155, Fax: 404/562-9164

**14. Certification by Responsible Official (RO).** In addition to the professional engineering certification required for applications by Rule 62-4.050(3), F.A.C., any application form, report, compliance statement, compliance plan and compliance schedule submitted pursuant to Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., shall contain a certification signed by a responsible official that, based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in the document are true, accurate, and complete. Any responsible official who fails to submit any required information or who has submitted incorrect information shall, upon becoming aware of such failure or incorrect submittal, promptly submit such supplementary information or correct information.

[Rule 62-213.420(4), F.A.C.]

**Section III. Emissions Units and Conditions.**

**Subsection A. This section addresses the following emissions unit.**

<b>E.U. ID No.</b>	<b>Brief Description</b>
001	Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 1, rated at 13 MW, 202 mmBtu/hr for natural gas and 140 mmBtu/hr for fuel oil, capable of burning any combination of natural gas and numbers 2, 4 and 6 fuel oil, with emissions exhausted through a 200 ft. stack shared with Emissions Unit 002.

{Permitting Notes: The emissions unit is regulated under Rule 62-296.406, F.A.C., Fossil Fuel Steam Generators with Less than 250 million Btu per Hour Heat Input. Fossil fuel fired steam generator Unit 1 began commercial operation in 1961.}

**The following specific conditions apply to the emissions unit listed above:**

**Essential Potential to Emit (PTE) Parameters**

**A.1. Permitted Capacity.** The maximum operation heat input rate is as follows:

Unit No.	mmBtu/hr Heat Input	Fuel Type
001	202	Natural Gas
	140	Fuel Oil

[Rules 62-4.160(2), 62-210.200(PTE) and 62-296.406, F.A.C.]

**A.2. Emissions Unit Operating Rate Limitation After Testing.** See specific condition **F.14.**

[Rule 62-297.310(2), F.A.C.]

**A.3. Methods of Operation. Fuels.** The only fuels allowed to be burned are any combination of natural gas and numbers 2, 4 and 6 fuel oil.

[Rule 62-213.410, F.A.C.]

**Emission Limitations and Standards**

{Permitting note: Unless otherwise specified, the averaging time for conditions **A.4.** and **A.5.** are based on the specified averaging time of the applicable test method.}

**A.4. Visible Emissions.** Visible emissions shall not exceed 20 percent opacity, except for one two-minute period per hour during which opacity shall not exceed 40 percent.

[Rule 62-296.406(1), F.A.C.]

**A.5. Visible emissions - Soot Blowing and Load Change.** Visible emissions shall not exceed 60 percent opacity during the 3-hours in any 24 hour period of excess emissions allowed for boiler cleaning (soot blowing) and load change.

A load change occurs when the operational capacity of a unit is in the 10 percent to 100 percent capacity range, other than startup or shutdown, which exceeds 10 percent of the unit's rated capacity and which occurs at a rate of 0.5 percent per minute or more.

[Rule 62-210.700(3), F.A.C.]

**A.6. Particulate Matter.** Particulate matter emissions shall be controlled by the firing of natural gas and/or fuel oil with a sulfur content as limited by specific condition **A.7** of this permit.  
[Rule 62-296.406(2), F.A.C., BACT Determination 2/14/91]

**A.7. Sulfur Dioxide - Sulfur Content.** The fuel oil sulfur content shall not exceed 1.5 percent, by weight.  
[Rule 62-296.406(3), F.A.C., BACT Determination 2/14/91]

#### **Test Methods and Procedures**

**A.8. Sulfur Dioxide - Sulfur Content.** The permittee shall demonstrate compliance with the liquid fuel sulfur limit by the vendor providing a fuel analysis upon each fuel delivery.  
[Rules 62-213.440 and 62-296.406(3), F.A.C.]

**A.9.** The fuel sulfur content, percent by weight, for liquid fuels shall be evaluated using one of ASTM D2622-94, ASTM D4294-90(95), ASTM D1552-95, ASTM D1266-91, or both ASTM D4057-88 and ASTM D129-95 or latest editions.  
[Rules 62-213.440, 62-296.406(3) and 62-297.440, F.A.C.]

#### **Monitoring of Operations**

**A.10. Annual Tests Required - VE.** Except as provided in specific conditions **F.6** through **F.8** of this permit, emission testing for visible emissions shall be performed annually, no later than August 1st of each year, except for units that are not operating because of scheduled maintenance outages and emergency repairs, which will be tested within thirty days of returning to service. Testing shall be conducted while burning number 6 fuel oil.  
[Rules 62-4.070(3) and 62-213.440, F.A.C.]

#### **Common Conditions**

**A.11.** This emissions unit is also subject to conditions **F.1** through **F.18** contained in **Subsection F. Common Conditions.**

**Subsection B. This section addresses the following emissions unit.**

E.U. ID No.	Brief Description
002	Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 2, rated at 17 MW, 248 mmBtu/hr for natural gas and 243 mmBtu/hr for fuel oil, capable of burning any combination of natural gas, numbers 2, 4 and 6 fuel oil, and propane as an ignitor fuel, with emissions exhausted through a 200 ft. stack shared with Emissions Unit 001.

{Permitting Notes: The emissions unit is regulated under Rule 62-296.406, F.A.C., Fossil Fuel Steam Generators with Less than 250 million Btu per Hour Heat Input. Fossil fuel fired steam generator Unit 2 began commercial operation in 1964.}

**The following specific conditions apply to the emissions unit listed above:**

**Essential Potential to Emit (PTE) Parameters**

**B.1. Permitted Capacity.** The maximum operation heat input rate is as follows:

Unit No.	mmBtu/hr Heat Input	Fuel Type
002	248	Natural Gas
	243	Fuel Oil

[Rules 62-4.160(2), 62-210.200(PTE) and 62-296.406, F.A.C.]

**B.2. Emissions Unit Operating Rate Limitation After Testing.** See specific condition **F.14**.  
 [Rule 62-297.310(2), F.A.C.]

**B.3. Methods of Operation. Fuels.** The only fuels allowed to be burned are any combination of natural gas and numbers 2, 4 and 6 fuel oil. Propane may be used as an ignitor fuel.  
 [Rule 62-213.410, F.A.C.]

**Emission Limitations and Standards**

{Permitting note: Unless otherwise specified, the averaging time for conditions **B.4. - B.5.** are based on the specified averaging time of the applicable test method.}

**B.4. Visible Emissions.** Visible emissions shall not exceed 20 percent opacity, except for one two-minute period per hour during which opacity shall not exceed 40 percent.  
 [Rule 62-296.406(1), F.A.C.]

**B.5. Visible emissions - Soot Blowing and Load Change.** Visible emissions shall not exceed 60 percent opacity during the 3-hours in any 24 hour period of excess emissions allowed for boiler cleaning (soot blowing) and load change.

A load change occurs when the operational capacity of a unit is in the 10 percent to 100 percent capacity range, other than startup or shutdown, which exceeds 10 percent of the unit's rated capacity and which occurs at a rate of 0.5 percent per minute or more.  
 [Rule 62-210.700(3), F.A.C.]



**B.6. Particulate Matter.** Particulate matter emissions shall be controlled by the firing of natural gas and/or fuel oil with a sulfur content as limited by specific condition **B.7** of this permit. [Rules 62-4.070(3) and 62-296.406(2), F.A.C., BACT for this source will be the same as that of the BACT Determination of 2/14/91 for EU 001]

**B.7. Sulfur Dioxide - Sulfur Content.** The fuel oil sulfur content shall not exceed 1.5 percent, by weight. [Rules 62-4.070(3) and 62-296.406(3), F.A.C., BACT for this source will be the same as that of the BACT Determination of 2/14/91 for EU 001]

#### **Test Methods and Procedures**

**B.8. Sulfur Dioxide - Sulfur Content.** The permittee shall demonstrate compliance with the liquid fuel sulfur limit by the vendor providing a fuel analysis upon each fuel delivery. [Rules 62-213.440 and 62-296.406(3), F.A.C.]

**B.9.** The fuel sulfur content, percent by weight, for liquid fuels shall be evaluated using one of ASTM D2622-94, ASTM D4294-90(95), ASTM D1552-95, ASTM D1266-91, or both ASTM D4057-88 and ASTM D129-95 or latest editions. [Rules 62-213.440, 62-296.406(3) and 62-297.440, F.A.C.]

#### **Monitoring of Operations**

**B.10. Annual Tests Required - VE.** Except as provided in specific conditions **F.6** through **F.8** of this permit, emission testing for visible emissions shall be performed annually, no later than August 1st of each year, except for units that are not operating because of scheduled maintenance outages and emergency repairs, which will be tested within thirty days of returning to service. Testing shall be conducted while burning number 6 fuel oil. [Rules 62-4.070(3) and 62-213.440, F.A.C.]

#### **Common Conditions**

**B.11.** This emissions unit is also subject to conditions **F.1** through **F.18** contained in **Subsection F. Common Conditions.**

**Subsection C. This section addresses the following emissions unit.**

003	Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 3, rated at 34 MW, 417 mmBtu/hr for natural gas and 410 mmBtu/hr for fuel oil, capable of burning any combination of natural gas, numbers 2, 4 and 6 fuel oil, and propane as an ignitor fuel, with emissions exhausted through a 200 ft. stack.
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{Permitting Notes: The emissions unit is regulated under Acid Rain, Phase II and Rule 62-296.405, F.A.C., Fossil Fuel Steam Generators with More than 250 million Btu per Hour Heat Input. Fossil fuel fired steam generator Unit 3 began commercial operation in 1971.}

**The following specific conditions apply to the emissions units listed above:**

**Essential Potential to Emit (PTE) Parameters**

**C.1. Permitted Capacity.** The maximum operation heat input rates are as follows:

Unit No.	mmBtu/hr Heat Input	Fuel Type
003	417	Natural Gas
	410	Fuel Oil

[Rules 62-4.160(2), 62-210.200(PTE) and 62-296.405, F.A.C.]

**C.2. Emissions Unit Operating Rate Limitation After Testing.** See specific condition **F.14**.  
 [Rule 62-297.310(2), F.A.C.]

**C.3. Methods of Operation. Fuels.** The only fuels allowed to be burned are any combination of natural gas and numbers 2, 4 and 6 fuel oil. Propane may be used as an ignitor fuel.  
 [Rule 62-213.410, F.A.C.]

**Emission Limitations and Standards**

{Permitting note: Unless otherwise specified, the averaging time for conditions **C.4.** - **C.5.** are based on the specified averaging time of the applicable test method.}

**C.4. Visible Emissions.** Visible emissions shall not exceed 20 percent opacity, except for one two-minute period per hour during which opacity shall not exceed 40 percent. Emissions units governed by this visible emissions limit shall compliance test for particulate matter emissions annually and as otherwise required by Chapter 62-297, F.A.C.  
 [Rule 62-296.405(1)(a), F.A.C.]

**C.5. Visible Emissions - Soot Blowing and Load Change.** Visible emissions shall not exceed 60 percent opacity during the 3-hours in any 24 hour period of excess emissions allowed for boiler cleaning (soot blowing) and load change.

A load change occurs when the operational capacity of a unit is in the 10 percent to 100 percent capacity range, other than startup or shutdown, which exceeds 10 percent of the unit's rated capacity and which occurs at a rate of 0.5 percent per minute or more.

Visible emissions above 60 percent opacity shall be allowed for not more than 4, six (6)-minute periods, during the 3-hour period of excess emissions allowed by this condition.

[Rule 62-210.700(3), F.A.C., Note: Unit 3 has an operational continuous opacity monitor.]

**C.6. Particulate Matter.** Particulate matter emissions shall not exceed 0.1 pound per million Btu heat input, as measured by applicable compliance methods.  
[Rule 62-296.405(1)(b), F.A.C.]

**C.7. Particulate Matter - Soot Blowing and Load Change.** Particulate matter emissions shall not exceed an average of 0.3 pound per million Btu heat input during the 3-hours in any 24-hour period of excess emissions allowed for boiler cleaning (soot blowing) and load change.  
[Rule 62-210.700(3), F.A.C.]

**C.8. Sulfur Dioxide.** When burning liquid fuel, sulfur dioxide emissions shall not exceed 2.75 pounds per million Btu heat input, as measured and determined in accordance with the fuel sampling and analysis requirements of 40 CFR 75, Appendix D. Any calculations used to demonstrate compliance shall be based solely on the Btu value and the percent sulfur of the liquid fuel being burned.  
[Rules 62-213.440 and 62-296.405(1)(c)1.j., F.A.C.]

### **Test Methods and Procedures**

**C.9. Particulate Matter.** The test methods for particulate emissions shall be EPA Methods 17, 5, 5B, or 5F, incorporated by reference in Chapter 62-297, F.A.C. The minimum sample volume shall be 30 dry standard cubic feet. EPA Method 5 may be used with filter temperature no more than 320 degrees Fahrenheit. For EPA Method 17, stack temperature shall be less than 375 degrees Fahrenheit. The owner or operator may use EPA Method 5 to demonstrate compliance. EPA Method 3 or 3A with Orsat analysis shall be used when the oxygen based F-factor, computed according to EPA Method 19, is used in lieu of heat input. Acetone wash shall be used with EPA Method 5 or 17.  
[Rules 62-213.440, 62-296.405(1)(e)2., and 62-297.401, F.A.C.]

**C.10. Sulfur Dioxide.** **The permittee elected to demonstrate compliance with the sulfur dioxide limitation using fuel sampling and analysis in accordance with the fuel sampling and analysis requirements of 40 CFR 75, Appendix D.** This protocol is allowed because the emissions unit does not have an operating flue gas desulfurization device. See specific conditions **C.11** and **C.12**.  
[Rule 62-296.405(1)(f)1.b., F.A.C.]

**C.11. Sulfur Dioxide.** The test methods for sulfur dioxide emissions shall be EPA Methods 6, 6A, 6B, or 6C, incorporated by reference in Chapter 62-297, F.A.C. Fuel sampling and analysis may be used as an alternate sampling procedure if such a procedure is incorporated into the operation permit for the emissions unit. If the emissions unit obtains an alternate procedure under the provisions of Rule 62-297.620, F.A.C., the procedure shall become a condition of the emissions unit's permit. The Department will retain the authority to require EPA Method 6 or 6C if it has reason to believe that exceedences of the sulfur dioxide emissions limiting standard are occurring. Results of an approved fuel sampling and analysis program shall have the same effect as EPA Method 6 test results for purposes of demonstrating compliance or noncompliance with sulfur dioxide standards. **The permittee may use the EPA test methods, referenced above, to demonstrate compliance; however, as an alternate sampling procedure**

**authorized by permit, the permittee elected to demonstrate compliance using fuel sampling and analysis. See specific condition C.12.**

[Rules 62-213.440, 62-296.405(1)(e)3. and 62-297.401, F.A.C.]

**C.12.** Compliance with the sulfur dioxide emission limitation shall be determined using fuel sampling and analysis in accordance with the fuel sampling and analysis requirements of 40 CFR 75, Appendix D.

[Rules 62-213.440, 62-296.405(1)(e)3., 62-296.405(1)(f)1.b. and 62-297.440, F.A.C.]

### **Monitoring of Operations**

**C.13. Annual Tests Required - PM and VE.** Except as provided in specific conditions **F.6** through **F.8** of this permit, emission testing for particulate matter emissions and visible emissions shall be performed annually, no later than August 1st of each year, except for units that are not operating because of scheduled maintenance outages and emergency repairs, which will be tested within thirty days of returning to service. Testing shall be conducted while burning number 6 fuel oil.

[Rules 62-4.070(3) and 62-213.440, F.A.C.]

### **Record Keeping and Reporting Requirements**

**C.14. Excess Emissions for Sulfur Dioxide - Report.** The owner or operator shall submit to the Central District Air Section a written report of emissions in excess of emission limiting standards for sulfur dioxide as set forth in this permit, for each calendar quarter. The nature and cause of the excess emissions shall be explained. This report does not relieve the owner or operator of the legal liability for violations.

[Rules 62-213.440 and 62-296.405(1)(g), F.A.C., and 0610029-004-AC (PSD-FL-152C)]

### **Common Conditions**

**C.15.** This emissions unit is also subject to conditions **F.1** through **F.18** contained in **Subsection F. Common Conditions.**

**Subsection D. This section addresses the following emissions unit.**

004	Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 4, rated at 56 MW, 685 mmBtu/hr, capable of burning any combination of natural gas, numbers 2, 4 and 6 fuel oil, and propane as an ignitor fuel, with emissions exhausted through a 200 ft. stack.
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{Permitting Notes: The emissions unit is regulated under Acid Rain, Phase II, and Rule 62-210.300, F.A.C., Permits Required and is subject to 40 CFR 60 Subpart D, Standards of Performance for Fossil-Fuel-Fired Steam Generators for Which Construction Is Commenced After August 17, 1971. The affected facility to which this subpart applies is fossil fuel steam generator, Unit 4, emissions unit 004. Fossil fuel fired steam generator Unit 4 began commercial operation in 1976.}

**The following specific conditions apply to the emissions units listed above:**

**Essential Potential to Emit (PTE) Parameters**

**D.1. Permitted Capacity.** The maximum operation heat input rates are as follows:

Unit No.	mmBtu/hr Heat Input	Fuel Type
004	685	Natural Gas
	685	Fuel Oil

[Rules 62-4.160(2), 62-210.200(PTE)]

**D.2. Emissions Unit Operating Rate Limitation After Testing.** See specific condition **F.14.**

[Rule 62-297.310(2), F.A.C.]

**D.3. Methods of Operation. Fuels.** The only fuels allowed to be burned are any combination of natural gas and numbers 2, 4 and 6 fuel oil. Propane may be used as an ignitor fuel.

[Rule 62-213.410, F.A.C., AO 31-229058, and applicant request in Title V application received June 14, 1996]

**Emission Limitations and Standards**

{Permitting note: Unless otherwise specified, the averaging time for conditions **D.4. - D.6.** are based on the specified averaging time of the applicable test method.}

**D.4. Pursuant to 40 CFR 60.42 Standard For Particulate Matter.**

(a) No owner or operator shall cause to be discharged into the atmosphere from any affected facility any gases which:

(1) Contain particulate matter in excess of 43 nanograms per joule heat input (0.10 lb per million Btu) derived from fossil fuel.

(2) Exhibit greater than 20 percent opacity except for one six-minute period per hour of not more than 27 percent opacity.

[40 CFR 60.42(a)(1) & (2)]

**D.5. Pursuant to 40 CFR 60.43 Standard For Sulfur Dioxide.**

(a) No owner or operator shall cause to be discharged into the atmosphere from any affected facility any gases which contain sulfur dioxide in excess of:

(1) 340 nanograms per joule heat input (0.80 lb per million Btu) derived from liquid fossil fuel.

(c) Compliance shall be based on the total heat input from all fossil fuels burned, including gaseous fuels.

[40 CFR 60.43(a) & (c)]

**D.6. Pursuant to 40 CFR 60.44 Standard For Nitrogen Oxides.**

(a) On and after the date on which the performance test required to be conducted by 40 CFR 60.8 is completed, no owner or operator subject to the provisions of 40 CFR 60, Subpart D, shall cause to be discharged into the atmosphere from any affected facility any gases which contain nitrogen oxides, expressed as NO<sub>2</sub> in excess of:

(1) 86 nanograms per joule heat input (0.20 lb per million Btu) derived from gaseous fossil fuel.

(2) 129 nanograms per joule heat input (0.30 lb per million Btu) derived from liquid fossil fuel

(b) When different fossil fuels are burned simultaneously in any combination, the applicable standard (in ng/J) is determined by proration using the following formula:

$$PS_{NO_x} = (86x + 130y) / (x + y)$$

where:

PS<sub>NO<sub>x</sub></sub> = is the prorated standard for nitrogen oxides when burning different fuels simultaneously, in nanograms per joule heat input derived from all fossil fuels fired;

x = is the percentage of total heat input derived from gaseous fossil fuel; and,

y = is the percentage of total heat input derived from liquid fossil fuel.

[40 CFR 60.44(a) & (b)]

**Test Methods and Procedures**

**D.7. Sulfur Dioxide. Pursuant to 40 CFR 60.45(b)(2), the owner or operator elected to use fuel sampling and analysis in lieu of installing a continuous monitoring system for SO<sub>2</sub>.**

This protocol is allowed because the emissions unit does not have an operating flue gas desulfurization device. Compliance with the sulfur dioxide emission limitation shall be determined in accordance with the fuel sampling and analysis requirements of 40 CFR 75, Appendix D.

[Rule 62-213.440, F.A.C., and 40 CFR 60.45(b)(2)]

**D.8. Pursuant to 40 CFR 60.46 Test methods and Procedures.**

(a) When conducting emissions tests, the owner or operator shall use as reference methods and procedures the test methods in Appendix A of 40 CFR 60 or other methods and procedures as specified in 40 CFR 60.46, except as provided in 40 CFR 60.8(b). Acceptable alternative methods and procedures are given in 40 CFR 60.46(d).

(b) The owner or operator shall determine compliance with the particulate matter, SO<sub>2</sub>, and NO<sub>x</sub> standards in 40 CFR 60.42, 60.43, and 60.44 as follows:

(1) The emission rate (E) of particulate matter, SO<sub>2</sub>, or NO<sub>x</sub> shall be computed for each run using the following equation:

$$E = C F_d (20.9)/(20.9 - \% O_2)$$

E = emission rate of pollutant, ng/J (1b/million Btu).

C = concentration of pollutant, ng/dscm (1b/dscf).

% O<sub>2</sub> = oxygen concentration, percent dry basis.

F<sub>d</sub> = factor as determined from Method 19.

(2) Method 5 shall be used to determine the particulate matter concentration (C) at affected facilities without wet flue-gas-desulfurization (FGD) systems and Method 5B shall be used to determine the particulate matter concentration (C) after FGD systems.

(i) The sampling time and sample volume for each run shall be at least 60 minutes and 0.85 dscm (30 dscf). The probe and filter holder heating systems in the sampling train may be set to provide a gas temperature no greater than 160 ± 14 °C (320 ± 25 °F).

(ii) The emission rate correction factor, integrated or grab sampling and analysis procedure of Method 3B shall be used to determine the O<sub>2</sub> concentration (%O<sub>2</sub>). The O<sub>2</sub> sample shall be obtained simultaneously with, and at the same traverse points as, the particulate sample. If the grab sampling procedure is used, the O<sub>2</sub> concentration for the run shall be the arithmetic mean of all the individual O<sub>2</sub> sample concentrations at each traverse point.

(iii) If the particulate run has more than 12 traverse points, the O<sub>2</sub> traverse points may be reduced to 12 provided that Method 1 is used to locate the 12 O<sub>2</sub> traverse points.

(3) Method 9 and the procedures in 40 CFR 60.11 shall be used to determine opacity.

(4) Method 6 shall be used to determine the SO<sub>2</sub> concentration.

(i) The sampling site shall be the same as that selected for the particulate sample. The sampling location in the duct shall be at the centroid of the cross section or at a point no closer to the walls than 1 m (3.28 ft). The sampling time and sample volume for each sample run shall be at least 20 minutes and 0.020 dscm (0.71 dscf). Two samples shall be taken during a 1-hour period, with each sample taken within a 30-minute interval.

(ii) The emission rate correction factor, integrated sampling and analysis procedure of Method 3B shall be used to determine the O<sub>2</sub> concentration (%O<sub>2</sub>). The O<sub>2</sub> sample shall be taken simultaneously with, and at the same point as, the SO<sub>2</sub> sample. The SO<sub>2</sub> emission rate shall be computed for each pair of SO<sub>2</sub> and O<sub>2</sub> samples. The SO<sub>2</sub> emission rate (E) for each run shall be the arithmetic mean of the results of the two pairs of samples.

(5) Method 7 shall be used to determine the NO<sub>x</sub> concentration.

(i) The sampling site and location shall be the same as for the SO<sub>2</sub> sample. Each run shall consist of four grab samples, with each sample taken at about 15-minute intervals.

(ii) For each NO<sub>x</sub> sample, the emission rate correction factor, grab sampling and analysis procedure of Method 3B shall be used to determine the O<sub>2</sub> concentration (%O<sub>2</sub>). The sample shall be taken simultaneously with, and at the same point as, the NO<sub>x</sub> sample.

(iii) The NO<sub>x</sub> emission rate shall be computed for each pair of NO<sub>x</sub> and O<sub>2</sub> samples. The NO<sub>x</sub> emission rate (E) for each run shall be the arithmetic mean of the results of the four pairs of samples.

(c) When combinations of fossil fuels are fired, the owner or operator (in order to compute the prorated standard as shown in 40 CFR 60.43(b) and 60.44(b)) shall determine the percentage (x or y) of the total heat input derived from each type of fuel as follows:

(1) The heat input rate of each fuel shall be determined by multiplying the gross calorific value of each fuel fired by the rate of each fuel burned.

(2) ASTM Methods D 240-76 (liquid fuels), or D 1826-77 (gaseous fuels) (incorporated by reference-see 40 CFR 60.17) shall be used to determine the gross calorific values of the fuels.

(3) Suitable methods shall be used to determine the rate of each fuel burned during each test period, and a material balance over the steam generating system shall be used to confirm the rate.  
(d) The owner or operator may use the following as alternatives to the reference methods and procedures in 40 CFR 60.46 or in other sections as specified:

(1) The emission rate (E) of particulate matter, SO<sub>2</sub> and NO<sub>x</sub> may be determined by using the F<sub>c</sub> factor, provided that the following procedure is used:

(i) The emission rate (E) shall be computed using the following equation:

$$E = C F_c (100 / \%CO_2)$$

where:

E = emission rate of pollutant, ng/J (lb/million Btu).

C = concentration of pollutant, ng/dscm (lb/dscf).

%CO<sub>2</sub> = carbon dioxide concentration, percent dry basis.

F<sub>c</sub> = factor as determined in appropriate sections of Method 19.

(ii) If and only if the average F<sub>c</sub> factor in Method 19 is used to calculate E and either E is from 0.97 to 1.00 of the emission standard or the relative accuracy of a continuous emission monitoring system is from 17 to 20 percent, then three runs of Method 3B shall be used to determine the O<sub>2</sub> and CO<sub>2</sub> concentration according to the procedures in 40 CFR 60.46(b) (2)(ii), (4)(ii), or (5)(ii). Then if F<sub>o</sub> (average of three runs), as calculated from the equation in Method 3B, is more than ± 3 percent than the average F<sub>o</sub> value, as determined from the average values of F<sub>d</sub> and F<sub>c</sub> in Method 19, i.e., F<sub>oa</sub> = 0.209 (F<sub>da</sub> / F<sub>ca</sub>), then the following procedure shall be followed:

(A) When F<sub>o</sub> is less than 0.97 F<sub>oa</sub>, then E shall be increased by that proportion under 0.97 F<sub>oa</sub>, e.g., if F<sub>o</sub> is 0.95 F<sub>oa</sub>, E shall be increased by 2 percent. This recalculated value shall be used to determine compliance with the emission standard.

(B) When F<sub>o</sub> is less than 0.97 F<sub>oa</sub> and when the average difference ( $\bar{d}$ ) between the continuous monitor minus the reference methods is negative, then E shall be increased by that proportion under 0.97 F<sub>oa</sub>, e.g., if F<sub>o</sub> is 0.95 F<sub>oa</sub>, E shall be increased by 2 percent. This recalculated value shall be used to determine compliance with the relative accuracy specification.

(C) When F<sub>o</sub> is greater than 1.03 F<sub>oa</sub> and when  $\bar{d}$  is positive, then E shall be decreased by that proportion over 1.03 F<sub>oa</sub>, e.g., if F<sub>o</sub> is 1.05 F<sub>oa</sub>, E shall be decreased by 2 percent. This recalculated value shall be used to determine compliance with the relative accuracy specification.

(2) For Method 5 or 5B, Method 17 may be used at facilities with or without wet FGD systems if the stack gas temperature at the sampling location does not exceed an average temperature of 160 °C (320 °F). The procedures of sections 2.1 and 2.3 of Method 5B may be used with Method 17 only if it is used after wet FGD systems. Method 17 shall not be used after wet FGD systems if the effluent gas is saturated or laden with water droplets.

(3) Particulate matter and SO<sub>2</sub> may be determined simultaneously with the Method 5 train provided that the following changes are made:

(i) The filter and impinger apparatus in sections 2.1.5 and 2.1.6 of Method 8 is used in place of the condenser (section 2.1.7) of Method 5.

(ii) All applicable procedures in Method 8 for the determination of SO<sub>2</sub> (including moisture) are used:

(4) For Method 6, Method 6C may be used. Method 6A may also be used whenever Methods 6 and 3B data are specified to determine the SO<sub>2</sub> emission rate, under the conditions in 40 CFR 60.46(d)(1).



(5) For Method 7, Method 7A, 7C, 7D, or 7E may be used. If Method 7C, 7D, or 7E is used, the sampling time for each run shall be at least 1 hour and the integrated sampling approach shall be used to determine the O<sub>2</sub> concentration (%O<sub>2</sub>) for the emission rate correction factor.

(6) For Method 3, Method 3A or 3B may be used.

(7) For Method 3B, Method 3A may be used.

[40 CFR 60.46(a), (b), (c) & (d)]

### **Monitoring of Operations**

**D.9. Annual Tests Required - PM, VE, SO<sub>2</sub> and NO<sub>x</sub>.** Except as provided in specific conditions **F.6** through **F.8** of this permit, emission testing for particulate matter emissions, visible emissions, sulfur dioxide and nitrogen oxides shall be performed annually, no later than August 1st of each year, except for units that are not operating because of scheduled maintenance outages and emergency repairs, which will be tested within thirty days of returning to service. [Rules 62-4.070(3) and 62-213.440, F.A.C.]

**D.10. Pursuant to 40 CFR 60.45 Emission and Fuel Monitoring.**

CMS for Opacity and NO<sub>x</sub> are Required, No CMS for SO<sub>2</sub> Required.

(a) Each owner or operator shall install, calibrate, maintain, and operate continuous monitoring systems for measuring the opacity of emissions, sulfur dioxide emissions, nitrogen oxides emissions, and either oxygen or carbon dioxide except as provided in 40 CFR 60.45(b).

(b) Certain of the continuous monitoring system requirements under 40 CFR 60.45(a) do not apply to owners or operators under the following conditions:

(2) For a fossil fuel-fired steam generator that does not use a flue gas desulfurization device, a continuous monitoring system for measuring sulfur dioxide emissions is not required if the owner or operator monitors sulfur dioxide emissions by fuel sampling and analysis under 40 CFR 60.45(d).

The owner or operator may comply with the applicable emission and fuel monitoring requirements of 40 CFR 60 by complying with the applicable emission and fuel monitoring requirements of 40 CFR 75.

[40 CFR 60.45(a) & (b); Request of applicant in comments on Draft permit received August 18, 1997]

Excess Emission Reports.

(g) Excess emission reports shall be submitted to the Department for every calendar quarter. All quarterly reports shall be postmarked by the 30th day following the end of each calendar quarter. Each excess emission report shall include the information required in 40 CFR 60.7(c). Periods of excess emissions that shall be reported are defined as follows:

(1) Opacity. Excess emissions are defined as any six-minute period during which the average opacity of emissions exceeds 20 percent opacity, except that one six-minute average per hour of up to 27 percent opacity need not be reported.

(3) Nitrogen oxides. Excess emissions for affected facilities using a continuous monitoring system for measuring nitrogen oxides are defined as any three-hour period during which the average emissions (arithmetic average of three contiguous one-hour periods) exceed the applicable standards under 40 CFR 60.44.

[40 CFR 60.45(g)]

**Other NSPS Subpart D Conditions**

**D.11.** Pursuant to 40 CFR 60.41 Definitions. As used in 40 CFR 60 Subpart D, all terms not defined in 40 CFR 60:41 shall have the meaning given them in the Act, and in Subpart A of 40 CFR 60.

**Common Conditions**

**D.12.** This emissions unit is also subject to conditions **F.1** and **F.4** through **F.18** contained in **Subsection F. Common Conditions**.

**D.13.** These emissions units are also subject to conditions **G.1** through **G.6** contained in **Subsection G. NSPS Common Conditions**.

**Subsection E. This section addresses the following emissions unit.**

005	Combined Cycle Gas Turbine, Unit 5, rated at 38 MW, 455 mmBtu/hr for number 2 fuel oil and 414 mmBtu/hr for natural gas, capable of burning any combination of, number 2 fuel oil, and natural gas, with emissions exhausted through a 125 ft. stack.
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{Permitting Notes: This emissions unit is regulated under Acid Rain, Phase II and Rule 62-210.300, F.A.C., Permits Required and is subject to 40 CFR 60, Subpart GG, Standards of Performance for New Stationary Gas Turbines. The affected facility to which this subpart applies is the combined cycle gas turbine, Unit 5. This unit underwent a BACT Determination dated June 28, 1991. BACT Limits were incorporated into the subsequent PSD permits including 0610029-004-AC (PSD-FL-152C). Exhaust is vented through the heat recovery steam generator that is not equipped with duct burners and then through a 125 ft. stack. Emissions are controlled by dry low-NOx burners when firing natural gas, and by water injection when firing fuel oil. This unit is subject to CAM when using water injection. An evaporative cooling system was installed at the compressor inlet of Unit 5 in accordance with Permit No. 0610029-004-AC (PSD-FL-152C). The system cools the inlet air to the turbine, which increases turbine output and decreases heat rate. The system may be operated at any time that Unit 5 is in operation. The turbine exhaust may also be vented through a bypass stack for simple cycle operation. The turbine began commercial operation in 1992.}

**The following specific conditions apply to the emissions unit listed above:**

**Essential Potential to Emit (PTE) Parameters**

**E.1. Permitted Capacity.** The maximum operation heat input rates are as follows:

Unit No.	mmBtu/hr Heat Input	Fuel Type
005	414*	Natural Gas
	455*	No. 2 Fuel Oil

\* Based on 101.3 kilopascals pressure, 288 Kelvin and 60% relative humidity (ISO standard day conditions), and lower heating value of the fuel fired.  
 [Rules 62-4.160(2) and 62-210.200(PTE), F.A.C., and 0610029-004-AC (PSD-FL-152C)]

**E.2. Emissions Unit Operating Rate Limitation After Testing.** See specific condition **E.10**.  
 [Rule 62-297.310(2), F.A.C.]

**E.3. Methods of Operation - Fuels.** Any combination of only natural gas and number 2 fuel oil shall be fired in the combustion turbine. See specific conditions **E.4** and **E.6** of this permit. {Note: The limitations of specific conditions **E.4** and **E.6** are more stringent than the NSPS sulfur dioxide limitation and thus assure compliance with 40 CFR 60.333 and 60.334.}  
 [Rule 62-213.410, F.A.C.]

**E.4. Fuel Oil Consumption Limits.** The permitted fuel oil utilization rates for this emissions unit are:

- a. Maximum annual consumption of number 2 fuel oil shall not exceed 10,000,000 gal./yr.
- b. Maximum annual firing using number 2 fuel oil shall not exceed 33% of the annual capacity factor.

[Rules 62-4.070(3) and 62-213.440, F.A.C., and 0610029-004-AC (PSD-FL-152C)]

**Emission Limitations and Standards**

{Permitting note: Unless otherwise specified, the averaging time for conditions **E.5.** - **E.7.** are based on the specified averaging time of the applicable test method.}

**E.5. Visible Emissions** Visible emissions shall not exceed 10% opacity.  
 [0610029-004-AC (PSD-FL-152C)]

**E.6. Sulfur Dioxide - Sulfur Content.** The No. 2 fuel oil sulfur content shall not exceed 0.25 percent, by weight. See specific conditions **E.11** and **E.12** of this permit. The natural gas sulfur content shall not exceed 10 grains per hundred cubic feet (standard conditions). See specific condition **E.15** of this permit.

{Note: The limitations of specific conditions **E.4** and **E.6** are more stringent than the NSPS sulfur dioxide limitation and thus assure compliance with 40 CFR 60.333 and 60.334. The sulfur limitation on natural gas has been added to assure compliance with 40 CFR 60.333.}  
 [Rules 62-4.070(3) and 62-213.440, F.A.C., and 0610029-004-AC (PSD-FL-152C)]

**E.7.** The maximum allowable emissions from Unit 5 shall not exceed the emission limitations listed below.

Pollutant	Emission Limits			Basis
	Gas	Number 2 Fuel Oil	Tons/Year <sup>a, b</sup>	
NOx <sup>c</sup>	25 ppmvd at 15% oxygen on a dry basis	42 ppmvd at 15% oxygen on a dry basis	243.7	BACT
SO <sub>2</sub>	Natural gas as fuel	0.25% S by weight	178.2	BACT
PM <sub>10</sub>	0.006 lb/mmBtu	0.025 lb/mmBtu	23.7	BACT
VOC	0.0112 lb/mmBtu	0.0113 lb/mmBtu	21.0	PSD-FL-152C
CO	0.0224 lb/mmBtu	0.0226 lb/mmBtu	42.1	PSD-FL-152C

- a Tons per year based on 67% capacity factor for natural gas firing, 33% capacity factor number 2 fuel oil firing.
- b Based on 455 mmBtu/hr for number 2 fuel oil and 414 mmBtu/hr for natural gas.
- c NOx emission limit during co-firing of natural gas and number 2 fuel oil shall be determined by the following:

$$\text{NOx Limit} = \frac{(\text{Lg} \times \text{Qg}) + (\text{Lo} \times \text{Qo})}{\text{Qg} + \text{Qo}}$$

where:

- Lg = Emission limit for natural gas
- Qg = Heat input of natural gas
- Lo = Emission limit for fuel oil
- Qo = Heat input of fuel oil

{Note: The limitations of specific condition **E.7** are more stringent than the NSPS nitrogen oxides limitation and thus ensure compliance with 40 CFR 60.332 and 60.334.}  
 [0610029-004-AC (PSD-FL-152C) and requested by applicant in the initial Title V permit application received June 14, 1996]

**Test Methods and Procedures**

**E.8. Annual Compliance Tests.** Except as provided in specific conditions F.6 and F.8 of this permit, emission testing for visible emissions and nitrogen oxides shall be performed annually, no later than August 1st of each year, in accordance with specific condition E.10, with the fuel(s) used for more than 400 hours in the preceding 12-month period. Tests shall be conducted using the following EPA reference methods in accordance with 40 CFR 60, Appendix A:

- a. Method 9 for VE;
- b. Method 20 for NOx.

If the unit is not operating because of scheduled maintenance outages and emergency repairs, it will be tested within thirty days of returning to service.

[Rules 62-4.070(3) and 62-213.440, F.A.C., and 0610029-004-AC (PSD-FL-152C)]

**E.9. Testing for PM, CO, VOC.** Except as provided in specific condition F.6 of this permit, emission testing for emissions of particulate matter and carbon monoxide shall be performed in the year prior to renewal of this permit, in accordance with specific condition E.10, while burning fuel oil. Emission testing for emissions of VOC shall be performed only if the CO test does not demonstrate compliance with the emissions limitation of specific condition E.7 of this permit. Particulate matter tests shall be conducted using EPA test methods 5 or 17. Carbon monoxide tests shall be conducted using EPA test method 10. VOC tests, if required, shall be conducted using EPA test method 25A.

[Rules 62-4.070(3) and 62-213.440, F.A.C., and 0610029-004-AC (PSD-FL-152C)]

**E.10. Additional Test Requirements.** Test results shall be the average of three valid runs. Testing of emissions shall be conducted with the emissions unit operating at permitted capacity, which is defined as 95-100 percent of the maximum heat input rate allowed by this permit, achievable for the average ambient air temperature during the test. If it is impracticable to test at permitted capacity, the emissions unit may be tested at less than permitted capacity. In such cases, subsequent operation is limited by adjusting downward the entire heat input vs. inlet temperature curve by the increment equal to the difference between the maximum permitted heat input value and 105 percent of the value reached during the test. Once the emissions unit is so limited, operation at higher capacities is allowed for no more than 15 consecutive days for the purpose of additional compliance testing to regain the authority to operate at the permitted capacity. Data, curves, and calculations necessary to demonstrate the heat input rate correction at both design and test conditions shall be submitted to the Department with the compliance test report.

[0610029-004-AC (PSD-FL-152C)]

**E.11. Sulfur Dioxide - Sulfur Content.** The permittee shall demonstrate compliance with the liquid fuel sulfur limit by fuel sampling and analysis. See specific conditions E.6 and E.12. The permittee shall demonstrate compliance with the gaseous fuel sulfur limit via record keeping. See specific condition E.15.

[Rules 62-4.070(3) and 62-213.440, F.A.C.]

**E.12. Fuel Sampling & Analysis - Sulfur.** Compliance with the liquid fuel sulfur limit shall be determined using fuel sampling and analysis in accordance with the fuel sampling and analysis requirements of 40 CFR 75, Appendix D.  
[Rule 62-213.440, F.A.C., and , and 0610029-004-AC (PSD-FL-152C)]

### **Monitoring of Operations**

**E.13. Continuous Monitoring Required.** A continuous monitoring system shall be maintained to record fuel consumption. A continuous monitoring system shall be maintained to record emissions of nitrogen oxides in accordance with the requirements of 40 CFR 75.  
[0610029-004-AC (PSD-FL-152C) and requested by applicant in the initial Title V permit application received June 14, 1996]

**E.14.1. Excess Emissions by CEMS.** The CEMS for NOx shall be used to determine periods of excess emissions. Excess emissions are defined for this emissions unit as any 60-minute period during which the average emissions exceed the emission limits of specific condition **E.7** of this permit. Periods of startup, shutdown, malfunction shall be monitored, recorded and reported with excess emissions following the format and requirements of 40 CFR 60.7.  
{Note: The requirements of specific condition **E.14** are more stringent than the NSPS monitoring provisions and thus assure compliance with 40 CFR 60.334 and 60.335.}  
[Rules 62-4.070(3) and 62-213.440, F.A.C.]

### **Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) Requirements**

**E.14.2. Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM).** This emissions unit is subject to the Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) requirements contained in the attached Appendix CAM. Failure to adhere to the monitoring requirements specified does not necessarily indicate an exceedance of a specific emissions limitation; however, it may constitute good reason to require compliance testing pursuant to Rule 62-297.310(7)(b), F.A.C..  
[40 CFR 64; and, Rules 62-204.800 and 62-213.440(4)(b)4., F.A.C.]

### **Record Keeping and Reporting Requirements**

**E.15. Natural Gas Sulfur Content Records Required.** The owner or operator shall monitor the sulfur content of natural gas in accordance with 40 CFR 60.334 (h)(3)(i).  
[Rules 62-4.070(3) and 62-213.440, F.A.C.]

**E.16. Additional Reports Required.** The owner or operator shall report the following with the Air Operating Report (AOR): sulfur content, by weight, and lower heating value of the fuel oil fired in the previous year; sulfur content of natural gas in accordance with 40 CFR 60.334 (h)(3)(i) or 40 CFR 60.334 (h)(3)(ii); annual fuel consumption of number 2 fuel oil and natural gas; and hours of operation per fuel usage (single fired and co-fired).  
[Rule 62-210.370(3), F.A.C., and, 0610029-004-AC (PSD-FL-152C)]

**Other Conditions**

**E.17.** This emissions unit is also subject to conditions **F.1** through **F.18**, **except for F.2, F.3, F.7 and F.8**, contained in **Subsection F. Common Conditions**.

**E.18.** This emissions unit is also subject to condition **G.1** through **G.6** contained in **Subsection G. NSPS Common Conditions**.

**Subsection F. Common Conditions.**

<b>E.U. ID No.</b>	<b>Brief Description</b>
001	Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 1
002	Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 2
003	Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 3
004	Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 4
005	Combined Cycle Gas Turbine, Unit 5

**The following conditions apply to the emissions units listed above:**

**Essential Potential to Emit (PTE) Parameters**

**F.1. Hours of Operation.** These emissions units may operate continuously, i.e., 8,760 hours/year.  
[Rule 62-210.200(PTE), F.A.C.]

**Emission Limitations and Standards**

{Permitting Notes: Table 1-1, Summary of Air Pollutant Standards and Terms, summarizes information for convenience purposes only. This table does not supersede any of the terms or conditions of this permit.}

**Excess Emissions**

{Permitting note: The Excess Emissions Rule at Rule 62-210.700, F.A.C., cannot vary any requirement of a NSPS or NESHAP provision.}

**F.2. (This condition is not applicable to emissions units 004 and 005.)** Excess emissions resulting from malfunction shall be permitted provided that best operational practices to minimize emissions are adhered to and the duration of excess emissions shall be minimized but in no case exceed two hours in any 24 hour period unless specifically authorized by the Department for longer duration.  
[Rule 62-210.700(1), F.A.C.]

**F.3. (This condition is not applicable to emissions units 004 and 005.)** Excess emissions resulting from startup or shutdown shall be permitted provided that best operational practices to minimize emissions are adhered to and the duration of excess emissions shall be minimized.  
[Rule 62-210.700(2), F.A.C.]

**F.4.** Excess emissions which are caused entirely or in part by poor maintenance, poor operation, or any other equipment or process failure which may reasonably be prevented during startup, shutdown or malfunction shall be prohibited.  
[Rule 62-210.700(4), F.A.C.]



**Monitoring of Operations**

**F.5. Determination of Process Variables.**

(a) **Required Equipment.** The owner or operator of an emissions unit for which compliance tests are required shall install, operate, and maintain equipment or instruments necessary to determine process variables, such as process weight input or heat input, when such data are needed in conjunction with emissions data to determine the compliance of the emissions unit with applicable emission limiting standards.

(b) **Accuracy of Equipment.** Equipment or instruments used to directly or indirectly determine process variables, including devices such as belt scales, weight hoppers, flow meters, and tank scales, shall be calibrated and adjusted to indicate the true value of the parameter being measured with sufficient accuracy to allow the applicable process variable to be determined within 10% of its true value.

[Rule 62-297.310(5), F.A.C.]

**F.6. Frequency of Compliance Tests.** The following provisions apply only to those emissions units that are subject to an emissions limiting standard for which compliance testing is required.

(a) **General Compliance Testing.**

2. For excess emission limitations for particulate matter specified in Rule 62-210.700, F.A.C., a compliance test shall be conducted annually while the emissions unit is operating under soot blowing conditions in each federal fiscal year during which soot blowing is part of normal emissions unit operation, except that such test shall not be required in any federal fiscal year in which a fossil fuel steam generator does not burn liquid and/or solid fuel for more than 400 hours other than during startup.
3. The owner or operator of an emissions unit that is subject to any emission limiting standard shall conduct a compliance test that demonstrates compliance with the applicable emission limiting standard prior to obtaining a renewed operation permit. Emissions units that are required to conduct an annual compliance test may submit the most recent annual compliance test to satisfy the requirements of this provision. In renewing an air operation permit pursuant to Rule 62-210.300(2)(a)3.b., c., or d., F.A.C., the Department shall not require submission of emission compliance test results for any emissions unit that, during the year prior to renewal:
  - a. Did not operate; or
  - b. In the case of a fuel burning emissions unit, burned liquid fuel for a total of no more than 400 hours.
4. During each federal fiscal year (October 1 -- September 30), unless otherwise specified by rule, order, or permit, the owner or operator of each emissions unit shall have a formal compliance test conducted for:
  - a. Visible emissions, if there is an applicable standard;
  - b. Each of the following pollutants, if there is an applicable standard, and if the emissions unit emits or has the potential to emit: 5 tons per year or more of lead or lead compounds measured as elemental lead; 30 tons per year or more of acrylonitrile; or 100 tons per year or more of any other regulated air pollutant; and
5. An annual compliance test for particulate matter emissions shall not be required for any fuel burning emissions unit that, in a federal fiscal year, does not burn liquid and/or solid fuel, other than during startup, for a total of more than 400 hours.
8. Any combustion turbine that does not operate for more than 400 hours per year shall conduct a visible emissions compliance test once per each five-year period, coinciding with the term of its air operation permit.
9. The owner or operator shall notify the Department, at least 15 days prior to the date on which each formal compliance test is to begin, of the date, time, and place of each such test,

and the test contact person who will be responsible for coordinating and having such test conducted for the owner or operator.

(b) Special Compliance Tests. When the Department, after investigation, has good reason (such as complaints, increased visible emissions or questionable maintenance of control equipment) to believe that any applicable emission standard contained in a Department rule or in a permit issued pursuant to those rules is being violated, it may require the owner or operator of the emissions unit to conduct compliance tests which identify the nature and quantity of pollutant emissions from the emissions unit and to provide a report on the results of said tests to the Department.

(c) Waiver of Compliance Test Requirements. If the owner or operator of an emissions unit that is subject to a compliance test requirement demonstrates to the Department, pursuant to the procedure established in Rule 62-297.620, F.A.C., that the compliance of the emissions unit with an applicable weight emission limiting standard can be adequately determined by means other than the designated test procedure, such as specifying a surrogate standard of no visible emissions for particulate matter sources equipped with a bag house or specifying a fuel analysis for sulfur dioxide emissions, the Department shall waive the compliance test requirements for such emissions units and order that the alternate means of determining compliance be used, provided, however, the provisions of Rule 62-297.310(7)(b), F.A.C., shall apply.  
[Rule 62-297.310(7), F.A.C.; SIP approved]

**F.7. (This condition is not applicable to emissions unit 005.) When PM Tests Not Required.** Annual and permit renewal compliance testing for particulate matter emissions is not required for these emissions units while burning:

- a. only gaseous fuel(s); or
- b. gaseous fuel(s) in combination with any amount of liquid fuel(s) for less than 400 hours per year; or
- c. only liquid fuel(s) for less than 400 hours per year.

[Rules 62-297.310(7)(a)3. & 5., F.A.C.; and, ASP Number 97-B-01.]

**F.8. (This condition is not applicable to emissions unit 005.) When VE Tests Not Required.** By this permit, annual emissions compliance testing for visible emissions is not required for these emissions units while burning:

- a. only gaseous fuel(s); or
- b. gaseous fuel(s) in combination with any amount of liquid fuel(s) for less than 400 hours per year; or
- c. only liquid fuel(s) for less than 400 hours per year.

[Rule 62-4.070(3), F.A.C.]

### **Test Methods and Procedures**

{Permitting Notes: The attached Table 2-1, Summary of Compliance Requirements, summarizes information for convenience purposes only. This table does not supersede any of the terms or conditions of this permit.}

**F.9. Visible Emissions - Boiler 4, Turbine**. The test method for visible emissions for emissions units 004 (Unit 4) and 005 (Turbine, Unit 5) shall be EPA Method 9, adopted and incorporated by reference in Rule 62-204.800, F.A.C., and referenced in Chapter 62-297, F.A.C.

[Rules 62-204.800 and 62-297.401, F.A.C.]

**F.10. Visible Emissions - Boilers, Units 1, 2 and 3**. The test method for visible emissions for emissions units 001 (Unit 1), 002 (Unit 2) and 003 (Unit 3) shall be DEP Method 9, incorporated

in Chapter 62-297, F.A.C. A transmissometer may be used and calibrated according to Rule 62-297.520, F.A.C. See specific condition **F.11**.  
[Rules 62-296.405(1)(e)1. and 62-297.401, F.A.C.]

**F.11. DEP Method 9.** The provisions of EPA Method 9 (40 CFR 60, Appendix A) are adopted by reference with the following exceptions:

1. EPA Method 9, Section 2.4, Recording Observations. Opacity observations shall be made and recorded by a certified observer at sequential fifteen second intervals during the required period of observation.
2. EPA Method 9, Section 2.5, Data Reduction. For a set of observations to be acceptable, the observer shall have made and recorded, or verified the recording of, at least 90 percent of the possible individual observations during the required observation period. For single-valued opacity standards (e.g., 20 percent opacity), the test result shall be the highest valid six-minute average for the set of observations taken. For multiple-valued opacity standards (e.g., 20 percent opacity, except that an opacity of 40 percent is permissible for not more than two minutes per hour) opacity shall be computed as follows:
  - a. For the basic part of the standard (i.e., 20 percent opacity) the opacity shall be determined as specified above for a single-valued opacity standard.
  - b. For the short-term average part of the standard, opacity shall be the highest valid short-term average (i.e., two-minute, three-minute average) for the set of observations taken.

In order to be valid, any required average (i.e., a six-minute or two-minute average) shall be based on all of the valid observations in the sequential subset of observations selected, and the selected subset shall contain at least 90 percent of the observations possible for the required averaging time. Each required average shall be calculated by summing the opacity value of each of the valid observations in the appropriate subset, dividing this sum by the number of valid observations in the subset, and rounding the result to the nearest whole number. The number of missing observations in the subset shall be indicated in parenthesis after the subset average value.  
[Rule 62-297.401, F.A.C.]

**F.12. Required Number of Test Runs.** For mass emission limitations, a compliance test shall consist of three complete and separate determinations of the total air pollutant emission rate through the test section of the stack or duct and three complete and separate determinations of any applicable process variables corresponding to the three distinct time periods during which the stack emission rate was measured provided, however, that three complete and separate determinations shall not be required if the process variables are not subject to variation during a compliance test, or if three determinations are not necessary in order to calculate the unit's emission rate. The three required test runs shall be completed within one consecutive five day period. In the event that a sample is lost or one of the three runs must be discontinued because of circumstances beyond the control of the owner or operator, and a valid third run cannot be obtained within the five day period allowed for the test, the Secretary or his or her designee may accept the results of the two complete runs as proof of compliance, provided that the arithmetic mean of the results of the two complete runs is at least 20 percent below the allowable emission limiting standards.  
[Rule 62-297.310(1), F.A.C.]

**F.13. Calculation of Emission Rate.** The indicated emission rate or concentration shall be the arithmetic average of the emission rate or concentration determined by each of the separate test runs unless otherwise specified in a particular test method or applicable rule.  
[Rule 62-297.310(3), F.A.C.]

**F.14. Operating Rate During Testing.** Testing of emissions shall be conducted with each emissions unit operation at permitted capacity, which is defined as 90 to 100 percent of the maximum operation rate allowed by the permit. If it is impracticable to test at permitted capacity, an emissions unit may be tested at less than the minimum permitted capacity; in this case, subsequent emissions unit operation is limited to 110 percent of the test load until a new test is conducted. Once the emissions unit is so limited, operation at higher capacities is allowed for no more than 15 consecutive days for the purpose of additional compliance testing to regain the authority to operate at the permitted capacity.

[Rules 62-297.310(2) & (2)(b), F.A.C.]

**F.15. Applicable Test Procedures.**

(a) Required Sampling Time.

1. Unless otherwise specified in the applicable rule, the required sampling time for each test run shall be no less than one hour and no greater than four hours, and the sampling time at each sampling point shall be of equal intervals of at least two minutes.

2. Opacity Compliance Tests. When either EPA Method 9 or DEP Method 9 is specified as the applicable opacity test method, the required minimum period of observation for a compliance test shall be sixty (60) minutes for emissions units which emit or have the potential to emit 100 tons per year or more of particulate matter, and thirty (30) minutes for emissions units which have potential emissions less than 100 tons per year of particulate matter and are not subject to a multiple-valued opacity standard. The opacity test observation period shall include the period during which the highest opacity emissions can reasonably be expected to occur. Exceptions to these requirements are as follows:

c. The minimum observation period for opacity tests conducted by employees or agents of the Department to verify the day-to-day continuing compliance of a unit or activity with an applicable opacity standard shall be twelve minutes.

(b) Minimum Sample Volume. Unless otherwise specified in the applicable rule, the minimum sample volume per run shall be 25 dry standard cubic feet.

(c) Required Flow Rate Range. For EPA Method 5 particulate sampling, acid mist/sulfur dioxide, and fluoride sampling which uses Greenburg Smith type impingers, the sampling nozzle and sampling time shall be selected such that the average sampling rate will be between 0.5 and 1.0 actual cubic feet per minute, and the required minimum sampling volume will be obtained.

(d) Calibration of Sampling Equipment. Calibration of the sampling train equipment shall be conducted in accordance with the schedule shown in Table 297.310-1.

(e) Allowed Modification to EPA Method 5. When EPA Method 5 is required, the following modification is allowed: the heated filter may be separated from the impingers by a flexible tube.

[Rule 62-297.310(4), F.A.C.]

**F.16. Required Stack Sampling Facilities.** When a mass emissions stack test is required, the owner or operator shall comply with the requirements contained in Appendix SS-1, Stack Sampling Facilities, attached to this permit.

[Rule 62-297.310(6), F.A.C.]

**Record Keeping and Reporting Requirements**

**F.17. Malfunctions - Notification.** In the case of excess emissions resulting from malfunctions, each owner or operator shall notify the Central District Air Section in accordance with Rule 62-4.130, F.A.C. A full written report on the malfunctions shall be submitted in a quarterly report, if requested by the Central District Air Section.

[Rule 62-210.700(6), F.A.C.]

**F.18. Test Reports.**

(a) The owner or operator of an emissions unit for which a compliance test is required shall file a report with the Central District Air Section on the results of each such test.

(b) The required test report shall be filed with the Central District Air Section as soon as practical but no later than 45 days after the last sampling run of each test is completed.

(c) The test report shall provide sufficient detail on the emissions unit tested and the test procedures used to allow the Central District Air Section to determine if the test was properly conducted and the test results properly computed. As a minimum, the test report, other than for an EPA or DEP Method 9 test, shall provide the following information:

1. The type, location, and designation of the emissions unit tested.
2. The facility at which the emissions unit is located.
3. The owner or operator of the emissions unit.
4. The normal type and amount of fuels used and materials processed, and the types and amounts of fuels used and material processed during each test run.
5. The means, raw data and computations used to determine the amount of fuels used and materials processed, if necessary to determine compliance with an applicable emission limiting standard.
6. The type of air pollution control devices installed on the emissions unit, their general condition, their normal operating parameters (pressure drops, total operating current and GPM scrubber water), and their operating parameters during each test run.
7. A sketch of the duct within 8 stack diameters upstream and 2 stack diameters downstream of the sampling ports, including the distance to any upstream and downstream bends or other flow disturbances.
8. The date, starting time and duration of each sampling run.
9. The test procedures used, including any alternative procedures authorized pursuant to Rule 62-297.620, F.A.C. Where optional procedures are authorized in this chapter, indicate which option was used.
10. The number of points sampled and configuration and location of the sampling plane.
11. For each sampling point for each run, the dry gas meter reading, velocity head, pressure drop across the stack, temperatures, average meter temperatures and sample time per point.
12. The type, manufacturer and configuration of the sampling equipment used.
13. Data related to the required calibration of the test equipment.
14. Data on the identification, processing and weights of all filters used.
15. Data on the types and amounts of any chemical solutions used.
16. Data on the amount of pollutant collected from each sampling probe, the filters, and the impingers, are reported separately for the compliance test.
17. The names of individuals who furnished the process variable data, conducted the test, analyzed the samples and prepared the report.
18. All measured and calculated data required to be determined by each applicable test procedure for each run.
19. The detailed calculations for one run that relate the collected data to the calculated emission rate.
20. The applicable emission standard, and the resulting maximum allowable emission rate for the emissions unit, plus the test result in the same form and unit of measure.
21. A certification that, to the knowledge of the owner or his authorized agent, all data submitted are true and correct. When a compliance test is conducted for the Department or its agent, the person who conducts the test shall provide the certification with respect to the test procedures used. The owner or his authorized agent shall certify that all data required and provided to the person conducting the test are true and correct to his knowledge.

[Rules 62-213.440 and 62-297.310(8), F.A.C.]

**Subsection G. NSPS Common Conditions.**

<b>E.U. ID No.</b>	<b>Brief Description</b>
004	Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 4
005	Combined Cycle Gas Turbine, Unit 5

{Permitting Notes: The emissions units above are subject to the following conditions from 40 CFR 60 Subpart A, General Provisions. The affected facilities to which this subpart applies are fossil fuel steam generator, Unit 4 and the combined cycle gas turbine, Unit 5. To the extent allowed by law, the Administrator shall mean the Department.}

**The following conditions apply to the NSPS emissions units listed above:**

**G.1. Pursuant to 40 CFR 60.7 Notification And Record Keeping.**

(a) Any owner or operator subject to the provisions of 40 CFR 60 shall furnish the Administrator written notification as follows:

(4) A notification of any physical or operational change to an existing facility which may increase the emission rate of any air pollutant to which a standard applies, unless that change is specifically exempted under an applicable subpart or in 40 CFR 60.14(e). This notice shall be postmarked 60 days or as soon as practicable before the change is commenced and shall include information describing the precise nature of the change, present and proposed emission control systems, productive capacity of the facility before and after the change, and the expected completion date of the change. The Administrator may request additional relevant information subsequent to this notice.

(b) The owner or operator subject to the provisions of 40 CFR 60 shall maintain records of the occurrence and duration of any startup, shutdown, or malfunction in the operation of an affected facility; any malfunction of the air pollution control equipment; or any periods during which a continuous monitoring system or monitoring device is inoperative.

(c) The owner or operator required to install a continuous monitoring system (CMS) or monitoring device shall submit an excess emissions and monitoring systems performance report (excess emissions are defined in applicable subparts) and/or a summary report form (see 40 CFR 60.7(d)) to the Administrator semiannually, except when: more frequent reporting is specifically required by an applicable subpart; or the CMS data are to be used directly for compliance determination, in which case quarterly reports shall be submitted; or the Administrator, on a case-by-case basis, determines that more frequent reporting is necessary to accurately assess the compliance status of the source. All reports shall be postmarked by the 30th day following the end of each calendar half (or quarter, as appropriate). Written reports of excess emissions shall include the following information:

(1) The magnitude of excess emissions computed in accordance with 40 CFR 60.13(h), any conversion factor(s) used, and the date and time of commencement and completion of each time period of excess emissions. The process operating time during the reporting period.

(2) Specific identification of each period of excess emissions that occurs during startups, shutdowns, and malfunctions of the affected facility. The nature and cause of any malfunction (if known), the corrective action taken or preventative measures adopted.

(3) The date and time identifying each period during which the continuous monitoring system was inoperative except for zero and span checks and the nature of the system repairs or adjustments.

(4) When no excess emissions have occurred or the continuous monitoring system(s) have not been inoperative, repaired, or adjusted, such information shall be stated in the report.

(d) The summary report form shall contain the information and be in the format shown in Figure 1 unless otherwise specified by the Administrator. One summary report form shall be submitted for each pollutant monitored at each affected facility.

(1) If the total duration of excess emissions for the reporting period is less than 1 percent of the total operating time for the reporting period and CMS downtime for the reporting period is less than 5 percent of the total operating time for the reporting period, only the summary report form shall be submitted and the excess emission report described in 40 CFR 60.7(c) need not be submitted unless requested by the Administrator.

(2) If the total duration of excess emissions for the reporting period is 1 percent or greater of the total operating time for the reporting period or the total CMS downtime for the reporting period is 5 percent or greater of the total operating time for the reporting period, the summary report form and the excess emission report described in 40 CFR 60.7(c) shall both be submitted.

*[See Attached Figure 1-Summary Report-Gaseous and Opacity Excess Emission and Monitoring System Performance]*

(e)(1) Notwithstanding the frequency of reporting requirements specified in paragraph (c) of this section, an owner or operator who is required by an applicable subpart to submit excess emissions and monitoring systems performance reports (and summary reports) on a quarterly (or more frequent) basis may reduce the frequency of reporting for that standard to semiannual if the following conditions are met:

(i) For one full year (e.g., four quarterly or twelve monthly reporting periods) the affected facility's excess emissions and monitoring systems reports submitted to comply with a standard under 40 CFR 60 continually demonstrate that the facility is in compliance with the applicable standard;

(ii) The owner or operator continues to comply with all record keeping and monitoring requirements specified in this subpart and the applicable standard; and

(iii) The Administrator does not object to reduced frequency of reporting for the affected facility, as provided in paragraph (e)(2) of this section.

(2) The frequency of reporting of excess emissions and monitoring systems performance (and summary) reports may be reduced only after the owner or operator notifies the Administrator in writing of his or her intention to make such a change and the Administrator does not object to the intended change. In deciding whether to approve a reduced frequency of reporting, the Administrator may review information concerning the source's entire previous performance history during the required record keeping period prior to the intended change, including performance test results, monitoring data, and evaluations of an owner or operator's conformance with operation and maintenance requirements. Such information may be used by the Administrator to make a judgment about the source's potential for noncompliance in the future. If the Administrator disapproves the owner or operator's request to reduce the frequency of reporting, the Administrator will notify the owner or operator in writing within 45 days after receiving notice of the owner or operator's intention. The notification from the Administrator to the owner or operator will specify the grounds on which the disapproval is based. In the absence of a notice of disapproval within 45 days, approval is automatically granted.

(3) As soon as monitoring data indicate that the affected facility is not in compliance with any emission limitation or operating parameter specified in the applicable standard, the frequency of reporting shall revert to the frequency specified in the applicable standard, and the owner or operator shall submit an excess emissions and monitoring systems performance report (and summary report, if required) at the next appropriate reporting period following the noncomplying event. After demonstrating compliance with the applicable standard for another full year, the owner or operator may again request approval from the Administrator to reduce the frequency of reporting for that standard as provided for in paragraphs (e)(1) and (e)(2) of this section.

(f) The owner or operator subject to the provisions of 40 CFR 60 shall maintain a file of all measurements, including continuous monitoring system, monitoring device, and performance testing measurements; all continuous monitoring system performance evaluations; all continuous monitoring system or monitoring device calibration checks; adjustments and maintenance performed on these systems or devices; and all other information required by 40 CFR 60 recorded in a permanent form suitable for inspection. The file shall be retained for at least five years following the date of such measurements, maintenance, reports, and records.  
[40 CFR 60.7 and Rule 62-213.440(1)(b)2.b., F.A.C.]

**G.2. Pursuant to 40 CFR 60.8 Performance Tests.**

(b) Performance tests shall be conducted and data reduced in accordance with the test methods and procedures contained in each applicable subpart, except as otherwise authorized by an approved alternative method.

(c) Performance tests shall be conducted under such conditions as the Administrator shall specify to the plant operator based on representative performance of the affected facility. The owner or operator shall make available to the Administrator such records as may be necessary to determine the conditions of the performance tests. Operations during periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction shall not constitute representative conditions for the purpose of a performance test nor shall emissions in excess of the level of the applicable emission limit during periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction be considered a violation of the applicable emission limit unless otherwise specified in the applicable standard.

(f) Unless otherwise specified in the applicable subpart, each performance test shall consist of three separate runs using the applicable test method. Each run shall be conducted for the time and under the conditions specified in the applicable standard. For the purpose of determining compliance with an applicable standard, the arithmetic means of results of the three runs shall apply. In the event that a sample is accidentally lost or conditions occur in which one of the three runs must be discontinued because of forced shutdown, failure of an irreplaceable portion of the sample train, extreme meteorological conditions, or other circumstances, beyond the owner or operator's control, compliance may, upon the Administrator's approval, be determined using the arithmetic mean of the results of the two other runs.

[40 CFR 60.8]

**G.3. Pursuant to 40 CFR 60.11 Compliance With Standards And Maintenance Requirements.**

(a) Compliance with standards in 40 CFR 60, other than opacity standards, shall be determined only by performance tests established by 40 CFR 60.8, unless otherwise specified in the applicable standard.

(b) **(This paragraph is only applicable to emissions unit 004.)** Compliance with opacity standards in 40 CFR 60 shall be determined by conducting observations in accordance with Reference Method 9 in appendix A of 40 CFR 60, any alternative method that is approved by the Administrator, or as provided in 40 CFR 60.11(e)(5).

(c) **(This paragraph is only applicable to emissions unit 004.)** The opacity standards set forth in 40 CFR 60 shall apply at all times except during periods of startup, shutdown, malfunction, and as otherwise provided in the applicable standard.

(d) At all times, including periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction, owners and operators shall, to the extent practicable, maintain and operate any affected facility including associated air pollution control equipment in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practice for minimizing emissions. Determination of whether acceptable operating and maintenance procedures are being used will be based on information available to the Administrator which may



include, but is not limited to, monitoring results, opacity observations, review of operating and maintenance procedures, and inspection of the source.

(e)(5) **(This paragraph is only applicable to emissions unit 004.)** The owner or operator of an affected facility subject to an opacity standard may submit, for compliance purposes, continuous opacity monitoring system (COMS) data results produced during any performance test required under 40 CFR 60.8 in lieu of Method 9 observation data. If an owner or operator elects to submit COMS data for compliance with the opacity standard, he shall notify the Administrator of that decision, in writing, at least 30 days before any performance test required under 40 CFR 60.8 is conducted. Once the owner or operator of an affected facility has notified the Administrator to that effect, the COMS data results will be used to determine opacity compliance during subsequent tests required under 40 CFR 60.8 until the owner or operator notifies the Administrator, in writing, to the contrary. For the purpose of determining compliance with the opacity standard during a performance test required under 40 CFR 60.8 using COMS data, the minimum total time of COMS data collection shall be averages of all 6-minute continuous periods within the duration of the mass emission performance test. Results of the COMS opacity determinations shall be submitted along with the results of the performance test required under 60.8. The owner or operator of an affected facility using a COMS for compliance purposes is responsible for demonstrating that the COMS meets the requirements specified in 40 CFR 60.13(c), that the COMS has been properly maintained and operated, and that the resulting data have not been altered in any way. If COMS data results are submitted for compliance with the opacity standard for a period of time during which Method 9 data indicates noncompliance, the Method 9 data will be used to determine opacity compliance.  
[40 CFR 60.11]

#### **G.4. Pursuant to 40 CFR 60.12 Circumvention.**

No owner or operator subject to the provisions of 40 CFR 60 shall build, erect, install, or use any article, machine, equipment or process, the use of which conceals an emission which would otherwise constitute a violation of an applicable standard. Such concealment includes, but is not limited to, the use of gaseous diluents to achieve compliance with an opacity standard or with a standard which is based on the concentration of a pollutant in the gases discharged to the atmosphere.

[40 CFR 60.12]

#### **G.5. Pursuant to 40 CFR 60.13 Monitoring Requirements.**

(a) For the purposes of this section, all continuous monitoring systems required under applicable subparts shall be subject to the provisions of this section upon promulgation of performance specifications for continuous monitoring systems under appendix B of 40 CFR 60 and, if the continuous monitoring system is used to demonstrate compliance with emission limits on a continuous basis, appendix F to 40 CFR 60, unless otherwise specified in an applicable subpart or by the Administrator. Appendix F is applicable December 4, 1987.

(c) If the owner or operator of an affected facility elects to submit continuous opacity monitoring system (COMS) data for compliance with the opacity standard as provided under 40 CFR 60.11(e)(5), he/she shall conduct a performance evaluation of the COMS as specified in Performance Specification 1, appendix B, of 40 CFR 60 before the performance test required under 40 CFR 60.8 is conducted. Otherwise, the owner or operator of an affected facility shall conduct a performance evaluation of the COMS or continuous emission monitoring system (CEMS) during any performance test required under 40 CFR 60.8 or within 30 days thereafter in accordance with the applicable performance specification in appendix B of 40 CFR 60. The

owner or operator of an affected facility shall conduct COMS or CEMS performance evaluations at such other times as may be required by the Administrator under section 114 of the Act.

(1) The owner or operator of an affected facility using a COMS to determine opacity compliance during any performance test required under 40 CFR 60.8 and as described in 40 CFR 60.11(e)(5), shall furnish the Administrator two or, upon request, more copies of a written report of the results of the COMS performance evaluation described in 40 CFR 60.13(c) at least 10 days before the performance test required under 40 CFR 60.8 is conducted.

(2) Except as provided in 40 CFR 60.13(c)(1), the owner or operator of an affected facility shall furnish the Administrator within 60 days of completion two or, upon request, more copies of a written report of the results of the performance evaluation.

(d)(1) Owners and operators of all continuous emission monitoring systems installed in accordance with the provisions of 40 CFR 60 shall check the zero (or low-level value between 0 and 20 percent of span value) and span (50 to 100 percent of span value) calibration drifts at least once daily in accordance with a written procedure. The zero and span shall, as a minimum, be adjusted whenever the 24-hour zero drift or 24-hour span drift exceeds two times the limits of the applicable performance specifications in appendix B. The system must allow the amount of excess zero and span drift measured at the 24-hour interval checks to be recorded and quantified, whenever specified. For continuous monitoring systems measuring opacity of emissions, the optical surfaces exposed to the effluent gases shall be cleaned prior to performing the zero and span drift adjustments except that for systems using automatic zero adjustments. The optical surfaces shall be cleaned when the cumulative automatic zero compensation exceeds 4 percent opacity.

(2) Unless otherwise approved by the Administrator, the following procedures shall be followed for continuous monitoring systems measuring opacity of emissions. Minimum procedures shall include a method for producing a simulated zero opacity condition and an upscale (span) opacity condition using a certified neutral density filter or other related technique to produce a known obscuration of the light beam. Such procedures shall provide a system check of the analyzer internal optical surfaces and all electronic circuitry including the lamp and photo detector assembly.

(e) Except for system breakdowns, repairs, calibration checks, and zero and span adjustments required under 40 CFR 60.13(d), all continuous monitoring systems shall be in continuous operation and shall meet minimum frequency of operation requirements as follows:

(1) All continuous monitoring systems referenced by 40 CFR 60.13(c) for measuring opacity of emissions shall complete a minimum of one cycle of sampling and analyzing for each successive 10-second period and one cycle of data recording for each successive 6-minute period.

(2) All continuous monitoring systems referenced by 40 CFR 60.13(c) for measuring emissions, except opacity, shall complete a minimum of one cycle of operation (sampling, analyzing, and data recording) for each successive 15-minute period.

(f) All continuous monitoring systems or monitoring devices shall be installed such that representative measurements of emissions or process parameters from the affected facility are obtained. Additional procedures for location of continuous monitoring systems contained in the applicable Performance Specifications of appendix B of 40 CFR 60 shall be used.

(g) When the effluents from a single affected facility or two or more affected facilities subject to the same emission standards are combined before being released to the atmosphere, the owner or operator may install applicable continuous monitoring systems on each effluent or on the combined effluent. When the affected facilities are not subject to the same emission standards, separate continuous monitoring systems shall be installed on each effluent. When the effluent from one affected facility is released to the atmosphere through more than one point, the owner or operator shall install an applicable continuous monitoring system on each separate effluent unless the installation of fewer systems is approved by the Administrator. When more than one continuous monitoring system is used to measure the emissions from one affected facility (e.g.,

multiple breechings, multiple outlets), the owner or operator shall report the results as required from each continuous monitoring system.

(h) Owners or operators of all continuous monitoring systems for measurement of opacity shall reduce all data to 6-minute averages and for continuous monitoring systems other than opacity to 1-hour averages for time periods as defined in 40 CFR 60.2. Six-minute opacity averages shall be calculated from 36 or more data points equally spaced over each 6-minute period. For continuous monitoring systems other than opacity, 1-hour averages shall be computed from four or more data points equally spaced over each 1-hour period. Data recorder during periods of continuous monitoring system breakdowns, repairs, calibration checks, and zero and span adjustments shall not be included in the data averages computed under this paragraph. An arithmetic or integrated average of all data may be used. The data may be recorded in reduced or non reduced form (e.g., ppm pollutant and percent O<sub>2</sub> or ng/J of pollutant). All excess emissions shall be converted into units of the standard using the applicable conversion procedures specified in subparts. After conversion into units of the standard, the data may be rounded to the same number of significant digits as used in the applicable subparts to specify the emission limit (e.g., rounded to the nearest 1 percent opacity).

[40 CFR 60.13]

**Section IV. This section is the Acid Rain Part.**

**Operated by:** City of Vero Beach  
**ORIS code:** 0693

**Subsection A. This subsection addresses Acid Rain, Phase II.**

The emissions units listed below are regulated under Acid Rain, Phase II.

<b>E.U. ID No.</b>	<b>Brief Description</b>
003	Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 3
004	Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 4
005	Combined Cycle Gas Turbine, Unit 5

**A.1.** The Phase II permit application(s) submitted for this facility, as approved by the Department, is a part of this permit. The owners and operators of these Phase II acid rain unit(s) must comply with the standard requirements and special provisions set forth in the application(s) listed below:

- a. DEP Form No. 62-210.900(1)(a), dated July 3, 2007.  
 [Chapter 62-213, F.A.C. and Rule 62-214.320, F.A.C.]

**A.2.** Sulfur dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>) allowance allocations for each Acid Rain unit are as follows:

<b>E.U. ID No.</b>	<b>EPA ID</b>	<b>Year</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>	<b>2012</b>
003	3	<b>SO<sub>2</sub> allowances, under Table 2 or 3 of 40 CFR Part 73</b>	315*	315*	316*	316*	316*
004	4	<b>SO<sub>2</sub> allowances, under Table 2 or 3 of 40 CFR Part 73</b>	107*	107*	116*	116*	116*
005	**5	<b>SO<sub>2</sub> allowances, under Table 2 or 3 of 40 CFR Part 73</b>	317*	317*	318*	318*	318*

\* The number of allowances held by an Acid Rain source in a unit account may differ from the number allocated by the USEPA under Table 2 or 3 of 40 CFR 73.

**A.3. Emission Allowances.** Emissions from sources subject to the Federal Acid Rain Program (Title IV) shall not exceed any allowances that the source lawfully holds under the Federal Acid Rain Program. Allowances shall not be used to demonstrate compliance with a non-Title IV applicable requirement of the Act.

1. No permit revision shall be required for increases in emissions that are authorized by allowances acquired pursuant to the Federal Acid Rain Program, provided that such increases do not require a permit revision pursuant to Rule 62-213.400(3), F.A.C.
2. No limit shall be placed on the number of allowances held by the source under the Federal Acid Rain Program.
3. Allowances shall be accounted for under the Federal Acid Rain Program.  
[Rule 62-213.440(1)(c), F.A.C.]

**A.4. Fast-Track Revisions of Acid Rain Parts.** Those Acid Rain sources making a change described at Rule 62-214.370(4), F.A.C., may request such change as provided in Rule 62-213.413, F.A.C.  
[Rules 62-213.413 and 62-214.370(4), F.A.C.]

**A.5.** No permit revision shall be required for increases in emissions that are authorized by allowances acquired pursuant to the Federal Acid Rain Program, provided that such increases do not require a permit revision pursuant to Rule 62-213.400, F.A.C.  
[Rule 62-213.440(1)(c)1., F.A.C.]

**A.6.** Where an applicable requirement of the Act is more stringent than an applicable requirement of regulations promulgated under Title IV of the Act, both provisions shall be incorporated into the permit and shall be enforceable by the Administrator.  
[40 CFR 70.6(a)(1)(ii); and, Rule 62-210.200, Definitions - Applicable Requirements, F.A.C.]

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**Appendix I-1, List of Insignificant Emissions Units and/or Activities**

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The facilities, emissions units, or pollutant-emitting activities listed in Rule 62-210.300(3)(a), F.A.C., Categorical Exemptions, are exempt from the permitting requirements of Chapters 62-210 and 62-4, F.A.C.; provided, however, that exempt emissions units shall be subject to any applicable emission limiting standards and the emissions from exempt emissions units or activities shall be considered in determining the potential emissions of the facility containing such emissions units. Emissions units and pollutant-emitting activities exempt from permitting under Rule 62-210.300(3)(a), F.A.C., shall not be exempt from the permitting requirements of Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., if they are contained within a Title V source; however, such emissions units and activities shall be considered insignificant for Title V purposes provided they also meet the criteria of Rule 62-213.430(6)(b), F.A.C. No emissions unit shall be entitled to an exemption from permitting under Rule 62.210.300(3)(a), F.A.C., if its emissions, in combination with the emissions of other units and activities at the facility, would cause the facility to emit or have the potential to emit any pollutant in such amount as to make the facility a Title V source.

The below listed emissions units and/or activities are considered insignificant pursuant to Rule 62-213.430(6), F.A.C.

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**Brief Description of Emissions Units and/or Activities**

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1. Startup generator diesel engine associated with Unit 5.
2. Vapor extractor rooftop vents, one each for Units 1-4.
3. Cooling tower.
4. Diesel fuel tank for vehicles and gasoline fuel tank for vehicles (500 gal. capacity each).
5. 750 kW diesel generator used 4 hrs/month at wastewater treatment plant.

**Appendix H-1, Permit History/ID Number Changes**

**Permit History and ID Number Changes (for tracking purposes):**

E.U. ID No.	Description	Permit No.	Issue Date	Expiration Date	Revised Date(s)
Unit 1	Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 1	AO31-184320	12/28/90	12/25/95	2/14/91
Unit 2	Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 2	AO31-226295	11/29/93	5/30/98	
Unit 3	Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 3	AO31-224290	11/2/93	2/25/98	
Unit 4	Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 4	AO31-229058	10/13/93	6/30/98	
		AC31-2182	10/11/73	11/1/75	
Unit 5	Combined Cycle Gas Turbine, Unit 5	AC31-184928	6/28/91	12/31/93	
		AC31-184928/ PSD-FL-152	7/1/91	9/30/94	1/13/94, 4/5/94, 7/12/94
		AC31-184928A/ PSD-FL-152A	3/27/95	7/31/95	10/6/93, 10/4/94, 1/31/95
Unit 5	Combined Cycle Gas Turbine, Unit 5	0610029-004-AC/ PSD-FL-152C*	4/04/01		9/27/95
		AO31-227564	10/7/93	9/30/98	

\* 0610029-004-AC/PSD-FL-152C effectively superseded the previous construction permits.

**Permit No. 0610029-002-AV**  
 Initial Title V permit.

**Permit No. 0610029-004-AC (PSD-FL-152C)**  
 Authorization to install an evaporative cooling system at the compressor inlet of Unit 5.

**Permit No. 0610029-005-AV**  
 Title V Permit Revision to include an evaporative cooling system installed at the compressor inlet of Unit 5.

**Permit No. 0610029-006-AV**  
 Title V Permit Renewal. Effective Date January 1, 2003.

**Permit No. 0610029-007-AV**  
 Title V Permit Renewal. Effective Date January 1, 2008.

Notes:

- 1 - AO permit(s) automatic extension(s) in Rule 62-210.300(2)(a)3.a., F.A.C., effective 03/21/96.
  - 2 - AC permit(s) automatic extension(s) in Rule 62-213.420(1)(a)4., F.A.C., effective 03/20/96.
- {Rule 62-213.420(1)(b)2., F.A.C., effective 03/20/96, allows Title V Sources to operate under existing valid permits}

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**Appendix U-1, List of Unregulated Emissions Units and/or Activities**

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Unregulated Emissions Units and/or Activities. An emissions unit which emits no “emissions-limited pollutant” and which is subject to no unit-specific work practice standard, though it may be subject to regulations applied on a facility-wide basis (e.g., unconfined emissions, odor, general opacity) or to regulations that require only that it be able to prove exemption from unit-specific emissions or work practice standards.

The below listed emissions units and/or activities are neither ‘regulated emissions units’ nor ‘insignificant emissions units’.

<b>E.U. ID No.</b>	<b>Brief Description of Emissions Units and/or Activity</b>
006	Fuel oil and lube oil storage tanks. Tanks are: Tank 1 (1,560,000 gal. capacity) fuel oil; Tank 2 (3,108,000 gal. capacity) fuel oil; Diesel tank for Unit 5 startup generator; Lube oil tanks and vents, one each for Units 1 - 5.
007	Waste water treatment plant, including headworks, liquid treatment processes and storage tanks.



**Table 1-1, Summary of Air Pollutant Emission Standards**

This table summarizes information for convenience purposes only. This table does not supersede any of the terms or conditions of this permit.

Emissions Unit		Brief Description							
001		Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 1, rated at 13 MW.							
002		Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 2, rated at 17 MW.							
Pollutant	Fuel(s)	Hours per Year	Allowable Emissions			Equivalent Emissions <sup>1</sup>		Regulatory Citations	See Permit Condition(s)
			Standard(s)	lb/hour	TPY	lb/hour	TPY		
<b>VE</b> Steady State	Oil, Natural Gas	8760	20% opacity, except for 40% for 2 min. each hour					Rule 62-296.406(1), F.A.C.	A.4, B.4
<b>VE</b> Soot Blowing or Load Change	Oil, Natural Gas	8760	60% opacity					Rule 62-210.700(3), F.A.C.	A.5, B.5
<b>PM, SO<sub>2</sub></b> Unit 1	Oil	8760	1.5% S by weight, fuel oil			230.2*	1008*	Rule 62-296.406(2), F.A.C., & BACT	A.6 & A.7
<b>PM, SO<sub>2</sub></b> Unit 2	Oil	8760	1.5% S by weight, fuel oil			399.5*	1750*	Rules 62-4.070(3) & 62-296.406(2), F.A.C., & BACT	B.6 & B.7

Notes for EU 001 & 002:

\* Lb/hour and TPY values are for SO<sub>2</sub> emissions using fuel oil.

Table 1-1, Continued

Emissions Unit		Brief Description							
003		Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 3, rated at 34 MW.							
Pollutant	Fuel(s)	Hours per Year	Allowable Emissions			Equivalent Emissions <sup>1</sup>		Regulatory Citations	See Permit Condition(s)
			Standard(s)	lb/hour	TPY	lb/hour	TPY		
VE Steady State	Oil, Natural Gas	8760	20% opacity, except for 40% for 2 min. each hour					Rule 62-296.405(1)(a), F.A.C.	C.4
VE Soot Blowing or Load Change	Oil, Natural Gas	8760	60 % opacity (>60% opacity for not more than 4, six-minute periods)					Rule 62-210.700(3), F.A.C.	C.5
PM Steady State	Oil, Natural Gas	8760	0.1 lb/mmBtu			41*	179.6*	Rule 62-296.405(1)(b), F.A.C.	C.6
PM Soot Blowing or Load Change	Oil, Natural Gas	8760	0.3 lb/mmBtu			123*	67.3*	Rule 62-210.700(3), F.A.C.	C.7
SO <sub>2</sub>	Oil, Natural Gas	8760	2.75 lb/mmBtu			1127.5**	4938**	Rules 62-213.440, & 62-296.405(1)(c)1.j. F.A.C.	C.8

Notes for EU 003:

\* Lb/hour and TPY values are for PM emissions using fuel oil.

\*\* Lb/hour and TPY values are for SO<sub>2</sub> emissions using fuel oil.

Table 1-1, Continued

Emissions Unit		Brief Description							
004		Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 4, rated at 56 MW.							
			Allowable Emissions			Equivalent Emissions <sup>1</sup>		Regulatory Citations	See Permit Condition(s)
Pollutant	Fuel(s)	Hours per Year	Standard(s)	lb/hour	TPY	lb/hour	TPY		
VE	Oil, Natural Gas	8760	20% opacity, except for 27% for 6 min. each hour					40 CFR 60.42(a)(2)	D.4
PM	Oil, Natural Gas	8760	0.10 lb/mmBtu			68.5*	300*	40 CFR 60.42(a)(1)	D.4
SO <sub>2</sub>	Oil, Natural Gas	8760	0.80 lb/mmBtu			548	2400	40 CFR 60.43(a)(1)	D.5
NO <sub>x</sub>	Natural Gas	8760	0.20 lb/mmBtu			137	600.1	40 CFR 60.44(a)(1)	D.6
NO <sub>x</sub>	Oil	8760	0.30 lb/mmBtu			205.5*	900.1*	40 CFR 60.44(a)(2)	D.6

Notes for EU 004:

\* Lb/hour and TPY values for PM and NO<sub>x</sub> emissions based on using number 4 fuel oil for total heat input.

Table 1-1, Continued

Emissions Unit		Brief Description							
005		Combined Cycle Gas Turbine, Unit 5, rated at 38 MW.							
			Allowable Emissions			Equivalent Emissions <sup>1</sup>			
Pollutant	Fuel(s)	Hours per Year	Standard(s)	lb/hour	TPY <sup>a</sup>	lb/hour <sup>b</sup>	TPY <sup>b</sup>	Regulatory Citations	See Permit Condition(s)
VE	No. 2 Fuel Oil, Natural Gas	8760	10 % opacity					0610029-004-AC (PSD-FL-152C)	E.5
SO <sub>2</sub>	"	8760	0.25% S by weight, fuel oil 10 gr S/ccf, natural gas		178.2	123	177	0610029-004-AC (PSD-FL-152C)	E.6
NO <sub>x</sub>	No. 2 Fuel Oil	8760	42 ppmvd at 15% oxygen on a dry basis		243.7	79	114.2	0610029-004-AC (PSD-FL-152C)	E.7
NO <sub>x</sub>	Natural Gas	8760	25 ppmvd at 15% oxygen on a dry basis		243.7	44.3	194	0610029-004-AC (PSD-FL-152C)	E.7
PM <sub>10</sub>	No. 2 Fuel Oil	8760	0.025 lb/mmBtu		23.7	11.4	16.4	0610029-004-AC (PSD-FL-152C)	E.7
PM <sub>10</sub>	Natural Gas	8760	0.006 lb/mmBtu		23.7	2.5	10.9	0610029-004-AC (PSD-FL-152C)	E.7

Table 1-1, Continued

Emissions Unit		Brief Description							
005		Combined Cycle Gas Turbine, Unit 5, rated at 38 MW.							
			Allowable Emissions			Equivalent Emissions			
Pollutant	Fuel(s)	Hours per Year	Standard(s)	lb/hour	TPY <sup>a</sup>	lb/hour <sup>b</sup>	TPY <sup>b</sup>	Regulatory Citations	See Permit Condition(s)
VOC	No. 2 Fuel Oil	8760	0.0113 lb/mmBtu		21.0	5.1	7.4	0610029-004-AC (PSD-FL-152C)	E.7
VOC	Natural Gas	8760	0.0112 lb/mmBtu		21.0	4.6	20.3	0610029-004-AC (PSD-FL-152C)	E.7
CO	No. 2 Fuel Oil	8760	0.0226 lb/mmBtu		42.1	10.3	14.9	0610029-004-AC (PSD-FL-152C)	E.7
CO	Natural Gas	8760	0.0224 lb/mmBtu		42.1	9.3	40.6	0610029-004-AC (PSD-FL-152C)	E.7

Notes for EU 005:

a, b Tons per year and equivalent emissions based on 67% capacity factor for natural gas firing, 33% capacity factor number 2 fuel oil firing, based on 455 mmBtu/hr for number 2 fuel oil and 414 mmBtu/hr for natural gas.

Notes:

<sup>1</sup> The "Equivalent Emissions" listed are for informational purposes only. [Rule 62-213.205, F.A.C.]

NA = not applicable

**Table 2-1, Summary of Compliance Requirements**

This table summarizes information for convenience purposes only. This table does not supersede any of the terms or conditions of this permit.

Emissions Unit		Brief Description					
001		Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 1, rated at 13 MW.					
002		Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 2, rated at 17 MW.					
Pollutant or Parameter	Fuel(s)	Compliance Method	Testing Frequency	Frequency Base Date <sup>1</sup>	Minimum Compliance Test Duration	CMS <sup>2</sup>	See Permit Condition(s)
VE	Oil, Natural Gas	DEP Method 9	Annual	August 1st	1 hour	No	A.10, B.10
PM, SO <sub>2</sub>	Oil	Fuel Sampling & Analysis	As Received			No	A.8 & A.9, B.8 & B.9

Emissions Unit		Brief Description					
003		Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 3, rated at 34 MW.					
Pollutant or Parameter	Fuel(s)	Compliance Method	Testing Frequency	Frequency Base Date <sup>1</sup>	Minimum Compliance Test Duration	CMS <sup>2</sup>	See Permit Condition(s)
VE	Oil, Natural Gas	DEP Method 9	Annual	August 1st	1 hour	No	C.13
PM	Oil, Natural Gas	EPA Test Methods 17, 5, 5B, or 5F	Annual	August 1st	3 hours	No	C.9, C.13
SO <sub>2</sub>	Oil, Natural Gas	Fuel Sampling & Analysis	Per 40 CFR 75, Appendix D			No	C.10, C.11, C.12

Table 2-1, Continued

Emissions Unit		Brief Description					
004		Fossil Fuel Steam Generator, Unit 4, rated at 56 MW.					
Pollutant or Parameter	Fuel(s)	Compliance Method	Testing Frequency	Frequency Base Date <sup>1</sup>	Minimum Compliance Test Duration	CMS <sup>2</sup>	See Permit Condition(s)
VE	Oil, Natural Gas	EPA Method 9	Annual	August 1st	1 hour	Yes	D.8
PM	Oil, Natural Gas	EPA Test Methods 5 or 17	Annual	August 1st	3 hours	No	D.8
SO <sub>2</sub>	Oil, Natural Gas	Fuel Sampling & Analysis	Per 40 CFR 75, Appendix D			No	D.7
NO <sub>x</sub>	Oil, Natural Gas	EPA Test Methods 7, 7A, 7C, 7D, or 7E	Annual	August 1st	3 hours	Yes	D.8

**Table 2-1, Continued**

Emissions Unit		Brief Description					
005		Combined Cycle Gas Turbine, Unit 5, rated at 38 MW.					
Pollutant or Parameter	Fuel(s)	Compliance Method	Testing Frequency	Frequency Base Date <sup>1</sup>	Minimum Compliance Test Duration	CMS <sup>2</sup>	See Permit Condition(s)
<b>VE</b>	No 2 Fuel Oil, Natural Gas	EPA Method 9	Annual	August 1st	1 hour	No	E.8
<b>SO<sub>2</sub></b>	"	Fuel Sampling & Analysis	Per 40 CFR 75, Appendix D			Yes*	E.11, E.12
<b>NO<sub>x</sub></b>	"	EPA Test Method 20	Annual	August 1st	3 hours	Yes	E.8
<b>PM<sub>10</sub></b>	"	EPA Test Methods 5 or 17	Prior to Renewal		3 hours	No	E.9
<b>VOC</b>	"	EPA Test Method 25A	Only if CO test fails			No	E.9
<b>CO</b>	"	EPA Test Method 10	Prior to Renewal			No	E.9

Notes for EU 005:

\* Continuous monitoring of fuel consumption required.

Notes:

<sup>1</sup> Frequency base date established for planning purposes only; see Rule 62-297.310, F.A.C.

<sup>2</sup> CMS = continuous monitoring system

See also Section F for general testing requirements.



City of Vero Beach  
City of Vero Beach Municipal Utilities  
**Facility ID No.:** 0610029  
Indian River County

**COMPLIANCE ASSURANCE MONITORING PLAN**

Unit 5 Combined Cycle Gas Turbine

**Emissions Unit -005**

005	Combined Cycle Gas Turbine, Unit 5, rated at 38 MW, 455 mmBtu/hr for number 2 fuel oil and 414 mmBtu/hr for natural gas, capable of burning any combination of, number 2 fuel oil, and natural gas, with emissions exhausted through a 125 ft. stack.
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I. Background

A. Emissions Unit

Description:	Combined Cycle Gas Turbine
Identification:	Emission Unit ID No. 005
Stack designation:	HRSO Stack
Facility ID No.	0610029
Facility:	City of Vero Beach Municipal Utilities Vero Beach, Florida

B. Applicable Regulation, Emission Limit, and Monitoring Requirements

Regulation No.:	BACT
Regulated pollutants:	Nitrogen Oxides (NO <sub>x</sub> )
Emission limit:	42 ppmvd at 15% O <sub>2</sub>
Monitoring requirements in permit:	40 CFR Part 75 CEM

C. Control Technology: Water Injection

II. Monitoring Approach

The key elements of the monitoring approach, including the indicators to be monitored, indicator ranges, and performance criteria are presented in Table 1.

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### III. Monitoring Approach Justification

#### A. Background

This facility consists of 5 regulated emission units that consist of 4 fossil fuel steam generators (Units 1-4) and a combined cycle gas turbine (Unit 5). Unit 5 is rated at a 38 MW with heat inputs of 414 MMBtu/hr when firing natural gas and 455 MMBtu/hr when firing distillate oil. Emissions of NOx are controlled using dry low-NOx (DLN) combustors when firing natural gas and water injection when firing fuel oil. The NOx emission limits are 25 ppmvd corrected to 15% oxygen when firing natural gas and 42 ppmvd corrected to 15% oxygen when firing distillate oil. The emission unit is authorized to co-fire natural gas and distillate oil with a prorated emission rate based on heat input of fuel. The use of DLN when firing only natural gas is an inherent process control and not a "control device" defined under the CAM regulations in 40 CFR Part 64, Section 64.1. The use of water injection when firing oil, or using water injection when co-firing natural gas and oil, is considered a control device under the Part 64 regulations and CAM would apply. This CAM Plan applies to the use of water injection.

#### B. Rationale for Selection of Performance Indicators

The emission unit is equipped with a CEM meeting the performance requirements of 40 CFR Part 75. Pursuant to 40 CFR 64.3(d) the use of CEMs to meet the requirements of 40 CFR Part 64 is required if a CEM is required pursuant to other authority under the Act or state law. Since a CEM to meet the requirements of 40 CFR Part 75 has been installed and is also required to provide monitoring data pursuant to the Title V permit. A 40 CFR Part 75 CEM presumptively meets the requirements of 40 CFR Part 64.

#### C. Rationale for Selection of Indicator Ranges

The indicator ranges and averaging times proposed for the indicator ranges are consistent with the emission limiting standards and monitoring requirements. The indicator range will be NOx emissions of 42 ppmvd corrected to 15% oxygen when firing distillate oil. If co-firing natural gas with distillate oil, a prorated, value calculated based on the heat input of natural gas and distillate oil will be used as the indicator range.

TABLE 1. COMPLIANCE ASSURANCE MONITORING APPROACH, UNIT 5 CITY OF VERO BEACH

	Indicator No. 1	
I. Indicator Measurement Approach	NOx emission rate.	
	NOx emission rate will be monitored by 40 CFR Part 75 CEM.	
II. Indicator Range	An excursion is defined as a NOx emission rate of 42 ppmvd corrected to 15% oxygen on a one-hour average basis, excluding periods of startup, shutdown and malfunction; excursions trigger an inspection and corrective action. The NOx emission rate will be prorated if co-firing occurs.	
III. Performance Criteria A. Data Representativeness B. Verification of Operational Status C. QA/QC Practices and Criteria D. Monitoring Frequency Data Collection Procedure Averaging Period	The CEMs is located in the exhaust stack and provides a direct measurement of the NOx concentration.	
	Not applicable	
	QA/QC practices will follow the requirements of 40 CFR Part 75	
	Measured continuously.	
	Recorded pursuant to 40 CFR Part 75.	
	One-hour average.	

**APPENDIX CAM**

**Compliance Assurance Monitoring Requirements**

## **Compliance Assurance Monitoring Requirements**

Pursuant to Rule 62-213.440(1)(b)1.a., F.A.C., the CAM plans that are included in this appendix contain the monitoring requirements necessary to satisfy 40 CFR 64. Conditions 1. – 17. are generic conditions applicable to all emissions units that are subject to the CAM requirements. Specific requirements related to each emissions unit are contained in the attached tables, as submitted by the applicant and approved by the Department.

### **40 CFR 64.6 Approval of Monitoring.**

1. The attached CAM plan(s), as submitted by the applicant, is/are approved for the purposes of satisfying the requirements of 40 CFR 64.3.  
[40 CFR 64.6(a)]
2. The attached CAM plan(s) include the following information:
  - (i) The indicator(s) to be monitored (such as temperature, pressure drop, emissions, or similar parameter);
  - (ii) The means or device to be used to measure the indicator(s) (such as temperature measurement device, visual observation, or CEMS); and
  - (iii) The performance requirements established to satisfy 40 CFR 64.3(b) or (d), as applicable.[40 CFR 64.6(c)(1)]
3. The attached CAM plan(s) describe the means by which the owner or operator will define an exceedance of the permitted limits or an excursion from the stated indicator ranges and averaging periods for purposes of responding to (see **CAM Conditions 5. - 9.**) and reporting exceedances or excursions (see **CAM Conditions 10. – 14.**).  
[40 CFR 64.6(c)(2)]
4. The permittee is required to conduct the monitoring specified in the attached CAM plan(s) and shall fulfill the obligations specified in the conditions below (see **CAM Conditions 5. - 17.**).  
[40 CFR 64.6(c)(3)]

### **40 CFR 64.7 Operation of Approved Monitoring.**

5. Commencement of operation. The owner or operator shall conduct the monitoring required under this appendix upon the effective date of this Title V permit.  
[40 CFR 64.7(a)]
6. Proper maintenance. At all times, the owner or operator shall maintain the monitoring, including but not limited to, maintaining necessary parts for routine repairs of the monitoring equipment.

[40 CFR 64.7(b)]

7. Continued operation. Except for, as applicable, monitoring malfunctions, associated repairs, and required quality assurance or control activities (including, as applicable, calibration checks and required zero and span adjustments), the owner or operator shall conduct all monitoring in continuous operation (or shall collect data at all required intervals) at all times that the pollutant-specific emissions unit is operating. Data recorded during monitoring malfunctions, associated repairs, and required quality assurance or control activities shall not be used for purposes of this part, including data averages and calculations, or fulfilling a minimum data availability requirement, if applicable. The owner or operator shall use all the data collected during all other periods in assessing the operation of the control device and associated control system. A monitoring malfunction is any sudden, infrequent, not reasonably preventable failure of the monitoring to provide valid data. Monitoring failures that are caused in part by poor maintenance or careless operation are not malfunctions.

[40 CFR 64.7(c)]

8. Response to excursions or exceedances.

a. Upon detecting an excursion or exceedance, the owner or operator shall restore operation of the pollutant-specific emissions unit (including the control device and associated capture system) to its normal or usual manner of operation as expeditiously as practicable in accordance with good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions. The response shall include minimizing the period of any startup, shutdown or malfunction and taking any necessary corrective actions to restore normal operation and prevent the likely recurrence of the cause of an excursion or exceedance (other than those caused by excused startup or shutdown conditions, if allowed by this permit). Such actions may include initial inspection and evaluation, recording that operations returned to normal without operator action (such as through response by a computerized distribution control system), or any necessary follow-up actions to return operation to within the indicator range, designated condition, or below the applicable emission limitation or standard, as applicable.

b. Determination of whether the owner or operator has used acceptable procedures in response to an excursion or exceedance will be based on information available, which may include but is not limited to, monitoring results, review of operation and maintenance procedures and records, and inspection of the control device, associated capture system, and the process.

[40 CFR 64.7(d)(1) & (2)]

9. Documentation of need for improved monitoring. If the owner or operator identifies a failure to achieve compliance with an emission limitation or standard for which the approved monitoring did not provide an indication of an excursion or exceedance while providing valid data, or the results of compliance or performance testing document a need to modify the existing indicator ranges or designated conditions, the owner or operator shall promptly notify the permitting authority and, if necessary, submit a proposed modification to the Title V permit to address the necessary monitoring

changes. Such a modification may include, but is not limited to, reestablishing indicator ranges or designated conditions, modifying the frequency of conducting monitoring and collecting data, or the monitoring of additional parameters.

[40 CFR 64.7(e)]

**40 CFR 64.8 Quality Improvement Plan (QIP) Requirements.**

10. Based on the results of a determination made under **CAM Condition 8.a.**, above, the permitting authority may require the owner or operator to develop and implement a QIP. Consistent with **CAM Condition 4.**, an accumulation of exceedances or excursions exceeding 5 percent duration of a pollutant-specific emissions unit's operating time for a reporting period, may require the implementation of a QIP. The threshold may be set at a higher or lower percent or may rely on other criteria for purposes of indicating whether a pollutant-specific emissions unit is being maintained and operated in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practices.

[40 CFR 64.8(a)]

11. Elements of a QIP:

a. The owner or operator shall maintain a written QIP, if required, and have it available for inspection.

b. The plan initially shall include procedures for evaluating the control performance problems and, based on the results of the evaluation procedures, the owner or operator shall modify the plan to include procedures for conducting one or more of the following actions, as appropriate:

(i) Improved preventive maintenance practices.

(ii) Process operation changes.

(iii) Appropriate improvements to control methods.

(iv) Other steps appropriate to correct control performance.

(v) More frequent or improved monitoring (only in conjunction with one or more steps under **CAM Condition 11.b(i)** through **(iv)**, above).

[40 CFR 64.8(b)]

12. If a QIP is required, the owner or operator shall develop and implement a QIP as expeditiously as practicable and shall notify the permitting authority if the period for completing the improvements contained in the QIP exceeds 180 days from the date on which the need to implement the QIP was determined.

[40 CFR 64.8(c)]

13. Following implementation of a QIP, upon any subsequent determination pursuant to **CAM Condition 8.b.**, the permitting authority may require that an owner or operator make reasonable changes to the QIP if the QIP is found to have:

a. Failed to address the cause of the control device performance problems; or

b. Failed to provide adequate procedures for correcting control device performance problems as expeditiously as practicable in accordance with good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions.

[40 CFR 64.8(d)]

14. Implementation of a QIP shall not excuse the owner or operator of a source from compliance with any existing emission limitation or standard, or any existing monitoring, testing, reporting or recordkeeping requirement that may apply under federal, state, or local law, or any other applicable requirements under the Act.  
[40 CFR 64.8(e)]

**40 CFR 64.9 Reporting And Recordkeeping Requirements.**

15. General reporting requirements.

- a. On and after the date specified in **CAM Condition 5**, by which the owner or operator must use monitoring that meets the requirements of this appendix, the owner or operator shall submit monitoring reports semi-annually to the permitting authority in accordance with Rule 62-213.440(1)(b)3.a., F.A.C.
- b. A report for monitoring under this part shall include, at a minimum, the information required under Rule 62-213.440(1)(b)3.a., F.A.C., and the following information, as applicable:
- (i) Summary information on the number, duration and cause (including unknown cause, if applicable) of excursions or exceedances, as applicable, and the corrective actions taken;
  - (ii) Summary information on the number, duration and cause (including unknown cause, if applicable) for monitor downtime incidents (other than downtime associated with zero and span or other daily calibration checks, if applicable); and
  - (iii) A description of the actions taken to implement a QIP during the reporting period as specified in **CAM Conditions 10. through 14.** Upon completion of a QIP, the owner or operator shall include in the next summary report documentation that the implementation of the plan has been completed and reduced the likelihood of similar levels of excursions or exceedances occurring.

[40 CFR 64.9(a)]

16. General recordkeeping requirements.

- a. The owner or operator shall comply with the recordkeeping requirements specified in Rule 62-213.440(1)(b)2., F.A.C. The owner or operator shall maintain records of monitoring data, monitor performance data, corrective actions taken, any written quality improvement plan required pursuant to **CAM Conditions 10. through 14.** and any activities undertaken to implement a quality improvement plan, and other supporting information required to be maintained under this part (such as data used to document the adequacy of monitoring, or records of monitoring maintenance or corrective actions).
- b. Instead of paper records, the owner or operator may maintain records on alternative media, such as microfilm, computer files, magnetic tape disks, or microfiche, provided that the use of such alternative media allows for expeditious inspection and review, and does not conflict with other applicable recordkeeping requirements.



[40 CFR 64.9(b)]

**40 CFR 64.10 Savings Provisions.**

17. It should be noted that nothing in this appendix shall:
- a. Excuse the owner or operator of a source from compliance with any existing emission limitation or standard, or any existing monitoring, testing, reporting or recordkeeping requirement that may apply under federal, state, or local law, or any other applicable requirements under the Act. The requirements of this appendix shall not be used to justify the approval of monitoring less stringent than the monitoring which is required under separate legal authority and are not intended to establish minimum requirements for the purpose of determining the monitoring to be imposed under separate authority under the Act, including monitoring in permits issued pursuant to title I of the Act. The purpose of this part is to require, as part of the issuance of a permit under Title V of the Act, improved or new monitoring at those emissions units where monitoring requirements do not exist or are inadequate to meet the requirements of this part.
  - b. Restrict or abrogate the authority of the Administrator or the permitting authority to impose additional or more stringent monitoring, recordkeeping, testing, or reporting requirements on any owner or operator of a source under any provision of the Act, including but not limited to sections 114(a)(1) and 504(b), or state law, as applicable.
  - c. Restrict or abrogate the authority of the Administrator or permitting authority to take any enforcement action under the Act for any violation of an applicable requirement or of any person to take action under section 304 of the Act.

[40 CFR 64.10]

**Friday, Barbara**

---

**To:** jlee@covb.org; 'KKosky@Golder.com'; JStevens@covb.org; 'Little.James@epamail.epa.gov'; Bradner, James  
**Cc:** Heron, Teresa  
**Subject:** FINAL Title V Permit Renewal No.: 0610029-007-AV - City of Vero Beach - City of Vero Beach Municipal Utilities  
**Attachments:** Appendix GG.pdf; 0610029-007\_CAM Plan.pdf; 0610029-007\_CAM.pdf; 0610029-007\_fpermit.pdf; 0610029-007FINALSOB.pdf; 0610029007FinalNotice&FinalDetermination.pdf; 0610029007FinalPermitSignaturePage.pdf

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Thank you,

DEP, Bureau of Air Regulation

12/27/2007

## Friday, Barbara

---

**From:** System Administrator  
**To:** Bradner, James  
**Sent:** Thursday, December 27, 2007 11:34 AM  
**Subject:** Delivered:FINAL Title V Permit Renewal No.: 0610029-007-AV - City of Vero Beach - City of Vero Beach Municipal Utilities

Your message

**To:** 'jlee@covb.org'; 'KKosky@Golder.com'; 'JStevens@covb.org'; 'Little.James@epamail.epa.gov'; Bradner, James  
**Cc:** Heron, Teresa  
**Subject:** FINAL Title V Permit Renewal No.: 0610029-007-AV - City of Vero Beach - City of Vero Beach Municipal Utilities  
**Sent:** 12/27/2007 11:34 AM

was delivered to the following recipient(s):

Bradner, James on 12/27/2007 11:34 AM

## Friday, Barbara

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**From:** System Administrator  
**To:** Heron, Teresa  
**Sent:** Thursday, December 27, 2007 11:34 AM  
**Subject:** Delivered:FINAL Title V Permit Renewal No.: 0610029-007-AV - City of Vero Beach - City of Vero Beach Municipal Utilities

Your message

**To:** 'jlee@covb.org'; 'KKosky@Golder.com'; 'JStevens@covb.org'; 'Little.James@epamail.epa.gov'; Bradner, James  
**Cc:** Heron, Teresa  
**Subject:** FINAL Title V Permit Renewal No.: 0610029-007-AV - City of Vero Beach - City of Vero Beach Municipal Utilities  
**Sent:** 12/27/2007 11:34 AM

was delivered to the following recipient(s):

Heron, Teresa on 12/27/2007 11:34 AM

## Friday, Barbara

---

**From:** Exchange Administrator  
**Sent:** Thursday, December 27, 2007 11:34 AM  
**To:** Friday, Barbara  
**Subject:** Delivery Status Notification (Relay)

**Attachments:** ATT137107.txt; FINAL Title V Permit Renewal No.: 0610029-007-AV - City of Vero Beach - City of Vero Beach Municipal Utilities



ATT137107.txt (357 B) FINAL Title V Permit Renewal N...

This is an automatically generated Delivery Status Notification.

Your message has been successfully relayed to the following recipients, but the requested delivery status notifications may not be generated by the destination.

jlee@covb.org  
JStevens@covb.org

## Friday, Barbara

---

**From:** Mail Delivery System [MAILER-DAEMON@mseive02.rtp.epa.gov]  
**Sent:** Thursday, December 27, 2007 11:34 AM  
**To:** Friday, Barbara  
**Subject:** Successful Mail Delivery Report

**Attachments:** Delivery report; Message Headers



Delivery report.txt  
(483 B)



Message  
Headers.txt (2 KB)

This is the mail system at host mseive02.rtp.epa.gov.

Your message was successfully delivered to the destination(s) listed below. If the message was delivered to mailbox you will receive no further notifications. Otherwise you may still receive notifications of mail delivery errors from other systems.

The mail system

<Little.James@epamail.epa.gov>: delivery via 127.0.0.1[127.0.0.1]:10025: 250  
OK, sent 4773D406\_3636\_54540\_1

## Friday, Barbara

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**From:** Mail Delivery System [MAILER-DAEMON@sophos.golder.com]  
**Sent:** Thursday, December 27, 2007 11:34 AM  
**To:** Friday, Barbara  
**Subject:** Successful Mail Delivery Report

**Attachments:** Delivery report; Message Headers



Delivery report.txt  
(456 B)

Message  
Headers.txt (2 KB)

This is the mail system at host sophos.golder.com.

Your message was successfully delivered to the destination(s) listed below. If the message was delivered to mailbox you will receive no further notifications. Otherwise you may still receive notifications of mail delivery errors from other systems.

The mail system

<KKosky@Golder.com>: delivery via 127.0.0.1[127.0.0.1]:10025: 250 OK, sent  
4773D409\_22562\_66\_2

## Friday, Barbara

---

**From:** Stevens, Jim [JStevens@covb.org]  
**To:** Friday, Barbara  
**Sent:** Thursday, December 27, 2007 11:35 AM  
**Subject:** Read: FINAL Title V Permit Renewal No.: 0610029-007-AV - City of Vero Beach - City of Vero Beach Municipal Utilities

Your message

To: JStevens@covb.org  
Subject:

was read on 12/27/2007 11:35 AM.



**Friday, Barbara**

---

**From:** Stevens, Jim [JStevens@covb.org]  
**Sent:** Thursday, December 27, 2007 11:38 AM  
**To:** Friday, Barbara  
**Cc:** Sloan, R.B.; Rea, Nancy; Lee, John  
**Subject:** RE: FINAL Title V Permit Renewal No.: 0610029-007-AV - City of Vero Beach - City of Vero Beach Municipal Utilities

Barbara,

I am sending this reply verifying the receipt of the documents.

**Jim Stevens**

Director of Power Resources  
Vero Beach Municipal Power Plant  
Vero Beach, Florida 32961  
Phone (772) 978 5051  
Fax (772) 978 5090  
Cell (772) 473 3202

-----Original Message-----

**From:** Friday, Barbara [mailto:Barbara.Friday@dep.state.fl.us]  
**Sent:** Thursday, December 27, 2007 11:34 AM  
**To:** Lee, John; KKosky@Golder.com; Stevens, Jim; Little.James@epamail.epa.gov; Bradner, James  
**Cc:** Heron, Teresa  
**Subject:** FINAL Title V Permit Renewal No.: 0610029-007-AV - City of Vero Beach - City of Vero Beach Municipal Utilities

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12/27/2007

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## Friday, Barbara

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**From:** Lee, John [JLee@covb.org]  
**To:** Friday, Barbara  
**Sent:** Thursday, December 27, 2007 11:54 AM  
**Subject:** Read: FINAL Title V Permit Renewal No.: 0610029-007-AV - City of Vero Beach - City of Vero Beach Municipal Utilities

Your message

To: JLee@covb.org  
Subject:

was read on 12/27/2007 11:54 AM.

## Friday, Barbara

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**From:** Bradner, James  
**To:** Friday, Barbara  
**Sent:** Thursday, December 27, 2007 2:13 PM  
**Subject:** Read: FINAL Title V Permit Renewal No.: 0610029-007-AV - City of Vero Beach - City of Vero Beach Municipal Utilities

Your message

**To:** 'jlee@covb.org'; 'KKosky@Golder.com'; 'JStevens@covb.org'; 'Little.James@epamail.epa.gov'; Bradner, James  
**Cc:** Heron, Teresa  
**Subject:** FINAL Title V Permit Renewal No.: 0610029-007-AV - City of Vero Beach - City of Vero Beach Municipal Utilities  
**Sent:** 12/27/2007 11:34 AM

was read on 12/27/2007 2:13 PM.

**Friday, Barbara**

---

**From:** Bradner, James  
**Sent:** Thursday, December 27, 2007 2:14 PM  
**To:** Friday, Barbara  
**Subject:** RE: FINAL Title V Permit Renewal No.: 0610029-007-AV - City of Vero Beach - City of Vero Beach Municipal Utilities

Received—thanks!

---

**From:** Friday, Barbara  
**Sent:** Thursday, December 27, 2007 11:34 AM  
**To:** 'jlee@covb.org'; 'KKosky@Golder.com'; 'JStevens@covb.org'; 'Little.James@epamail.epa.gov'; Bradner, James  
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