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October 6, 2005

Ms. Trina Vielhauer, Florida Department of Environmental Protection Division of Air Resource Management 111 South Magnolia, Suite 23 Tallahassee, FL 32301 Via FedEx Airbill No. 7925 4700 9400

Re: Tampa Electric Company (TEC)

Big Bend Station

Title V Permit Number 0570039-023-AV
Notification of Insignificant Emissions and
Request for Generic Exemption-Fluxing

Dear Ms. Vielhauer,

The purpose of this correspondence is to notify the Florida Department of Environmental Protection (Department) that Tampa Electric Company (TEC) intends to introduce fluxing material, specifically iron ore, in the combustion process. TEC intends to store the fluxing material in the former residual fuel building at Big Bend Station.

TEC's Big Bend Station is subject to the provisions of a Consent Decree entered in the United States of America v. Tampa Electric Company, Civil Action Number 99-2524 CIV-T-23F. Paragraphs 29 and 30 of the Consent Decree authorize operation of Units 1, 2 and 3 during outages of the Flue Gas Desulfurization ("FGD") systems serving those units, but requires that an alternative low sulfur coal be utilized during those outages. The use of the alternative low sulfur coal results in several operational and safety changes due to the potential of trapping combustible gases within the slag tank. Big Bend Station Units 1 through 3 are Riley-Stoker Turbo[®] furnace wet-bottom boilers. Proper operation of these boilers requires an ash fusion temperature of the coal such that the ash will stay in a molten state and tap out of the bottom of the boiler. If the ash does not stay in a molten state, then the tap will close trapping combustible gases within the slag tank. The use of iron ore will assist in lowering the ash fusion temperature of this alternative low sulfur coal. Although, iron ore is a material that is known to lower fusion temperature, the extent to which the temperature will be lowered is unknown with this fuel and in the Big Bend Station boilers. If the iron ore is successful in mitigating the current situation with alternative coal, we will be able to maintain reliable operations.

TEC intends to use the building formerly used to store residual fuel at the Big Bend Station to store the iron ore that will be used for fluxing. The iron ore will be brought in by truck at infrequent intervals and stored in the former residual fuel building pending an FGD outage.

TAMPA ELECTRIC COMPANY P. O. BOX 111 TAMPA, FL 33601-0111

(813) 228-4111

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When the iron ore is required, Big Bend Station will transfer the iron ore using the existing hopper and conveyor system in the former residual fuel building or loaded directly onto the K conveyors. This activity will occur only on an infrequent basis, and it is estimated that the maximum amount of iron ore handled in the former residual fuel building will be no more than 5,000 tons per year. The former residual fuel building is enclosed on three sides ensuring that the iron ore will have minimal dust potential.

The iron ore will be emptied into the former residual fuel building from a nominal 24.5 ton dump truck and a bulldozer will either push the material into the dozer trap in the rear of the building onto the BF conveyor or load onto the K conveyors. The conveyors are fully enclosed to prevent fugitive emissions.

TEC requests that the Department confirm that this operation qualifies for a generic exemption from permitting requirements pursuant to the provisions of Rule 62-210.300(3)(b), Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.). The activity is not subject to any unit specific applicable requirement. The activity will not result in the emission of lead or any hazardous air pollutants, and the activity will fall well below the 5 ton per year threshold for fugitive emissions of particulate matter. Emissions from this activity, in combination with the emissions of other units and activities of the facility, will not cause the facility to exceed any major source threshold either alone, or in combination with emissions from all other insignificant sources. This activity does not constitute a modification of any emissions unit at Big Bend Station.

TEC believes the activity also qualifies as an insignificant emissions activity pursuant to Rule 62-213.430(6), F.A.C. As noted above, the activity is not subject to any unit specific applicable requirement, no lead or hazardous air pollutants are emitted, and the activity will not exceed any major source thresholds, by itself or in combination with emissions from all other insignificant sources. The emissions will fall well below the 5 ton per year threshold for fugitive emissions. We understand that the activity, if determined insignificant, will be incorporated into the Title V permit at its next renewal, assuming that the generic exemption is approved.

Based on the foregoing, TEC believes that the operation is exempt from permitting under Rule 62-210.300(3)(b), and constitutes an insignificant pollutant emitting activity under Rule 62-213.430(6), F.A.C. Enclosed are the emissions calculations and professional engineer's certification. TEC would appreciate the Department providing written concurrence regarding this matter. Thank you for your prompt consideration.

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If you have any questions or need additional information, please contact Shelly Castro or me at (813) 228-4408.

Sincerely,

for Byron T. Barrows, P.E. Manager - Air Programs

Environmental, Health & Safety

EHS/rlk/SSC

Enclosures

c/enc: Mr. David Lloyd, EPA Region IV

Mr. Jason Waters, FDEP SW

Mr. Al Linero, FDEP

Ms. Alice Harman, EPCHC

	EMISSION IN	NVENTOF	RY WO!	RKSHEET	-			Iron Ore		
Tampa Electric Company - Big Bend Station										
		EMISSIC	ON SOUR	CE TYPE						
FUG	ITIVE PM - MATE	RIAL TRANS	SFER (DR	OPS)			Figure:	_		
	FACILITY AND SOURCE DESCRIPTION									
Emission Source Description:	Fugitive PM	- Truck Unloading	g of Iron Ore I	Flux						
Emission Control Method(s)/ID No.(s):	Moist materia	al								
Emission Point ID:	IOT-001			o dan da	<u></u>					
	<u> </u>	MISSION ES	TIMATIO	N EQUATION	5 ::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::					
PM Emission (lb/hr) = 0.74 x 0.0032 x [(Wind Speed/										
PM Emission (ton/yr) = 0.74 x 0.0032 x [(Wind Speed	1/5) ^{1.3} / (Material Moisture 0	Content/2) ^{1.4}] x Mate	erial Handled (to	on/yr) x (1 ton/2,000	(b)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Source: Section 13.2.4, AP-42, January 1995.										
	INPUT	DATA AND	EMISSION	IS CALCULA	TIONS					
Mean Wind Speed:	8.6 mph									
		Material Transfer Rates		Uncontrolled	Control	Controlled Emission Factor				
Material Transfer Point	Source			Emission Factor			Potential PM			
	ID ID				Efficiency		Emiss	ion Rates		
		(ton/hr)	(ton/yr)	(lb PM/ton)	(%)	(lb PM/ton)	(ib/hr)	(ton/yr)		
Truck Unloading to Storage Building	iOT-001A	73.5	5,000	0.000504	25.0	0.000378	0.0278	0.000		
Transfer to "K" Conveyors	IOT-001B	73.5	5,000	0.000504	0.0	0.000504	0.0370	0.001		
						Totals	0.0648	0.002		
					-					
					-	1				
			-			1	•			
						[4			
		SOURCE	S OF INP							
Parameter		Data Source								
Mean Wind Speed, mph		Climate of the States (Tampa, FL), Third Edition, 1985.								
Material Moisture Content Material Transfer Point Identification		TEC, 2005.								
Material Transfer Point identification Material Transfer Rates		TEC, 2005.								
Control Efficiency		TEC, 2005.								
·		Table 3.2.17-2, Workbook on Estimation and Dispersion Modeling for Fugitive Particulate Sources, UARG, September 1981.								
		•		RVATIONS						
Control Efficiency: Side Enclosure (25%)	-		•							
		DA	TA CONTI	ROL						
Data Collected by:	S. Castro									
Evaluated by:	T. Davis		_			•	Date:	10/05		
Data Entered by:		T. Davis Date:								

Iron Ore.xis

EMISSION INVENTORY WORKSHEET Tampa Electric Company - Big Bend Station									
FUG	TIVE PM ₁₀ - MAT	ERIAL TRAN	ISFER (DR	(OPS)			Figure:		
	F/	ACILITY AND	SOURCE	DESCRIPTION	אכ				
Emission Source Description:	Fugitive PM	o - Truck Unloadi	ng of Iron Ore	Flux					
Emission Control Method(s)/ID No.(s):	Moist materi	al							
Emission Point ID:	IOT-001		والمعاوضا لاراد والمنتوة		i Zasasasasas				
		MISSION ES	HIMATIO	V EQUATION	5 ;;;;;;;;;;;;				
PM ₁₀ Emission (lb/hr) = 0.35 x 0.0032 x [(Wind Spee	5/5) ^{1,3} / (Material Moisture	Content/2) ^{1.4}] x Mat	erial Handled (to	on/hr)					
PM_{10} Emission (ton/yr) = 0.35 x 0.0032 x [(Wind Spe	ed/5) ^{1.3} / (Material Moisture	e Content/2) ^{1,4}] x Ma	aterial Handled	(ton/yr) x (1 ton/2,00	0 lb)				
Source: Section 13.2.4, AP-42, January 1995.									
Source: Section 13.2.4, AF-42, January 1993.									
	INPUT	DATA AND	EMISSION	IS CALCULA	TIONS				
Mean Wind Speed:	8.6 mph								
	<u> </u>			Uncontrolled	T	Controlled			
	Source	Material		Emission	Control	Emission Factor	Poter	ntial PM ₁₀	
Material Transfer Point	ID	Transfer Rates		Factor	Efficiency		Emiss	ion Rates	
		(ton/hr)	(ton/yr)	(lb PM/ton)	(%)	(lb PM/ton)	(lb/hr)	(ton/yr)	
Truck Unloading to Storage Building	IOT-001A	73.5	5.000	0.000238	25.0	0.000179	0.0131	0.00	
Transfer to "K" Conveyors	IOT-001B	73.5	5,000	0.000238	0.0	0.000238	0.0175	0.00	
		***************************************	,						
						Totals	0.0306	0.001	
						1		•	
<u> </u>									
								•	
					 	 			
		SOURCE	S OF INP	UT DATA					
Parameter		Data Source							
Mean Wind Speed, mph	Climate of t	Climate of the States (Tampa, FL), Third Edition, 1985.							
Material Moisture Content	TEC, 2005.								
Material Transfer Point Identification		TEC, 2005.							
Material Transfer Rates		TEC, 2005.							
Control Efficiency		•		and Dispersion Mo	deling for Fugi	tive Particulate			
	Sources, L	JARG, Septembe							
		NOTES A	ND OBSEI	RVATIONS					
Control Efficiency: Side Enclosure (25%)			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
		DΔ	TA CONTI	7OL					
Data Collected by:	S. Castro		Date:	10/05					
Evaluated by:	T. Davis							10/05	
Data Entered by:	T. Davis		Date:	10/05					

	EMISSIOI	V INVE	NTORY	WORK	SHEET			Truck Traffic		
Tampa Electric Company - Big Bend Station								(Paved Roads)		
			EMISSION S							
	FUG				N PAVED RC	ADS				
		FACILI	TY AND SO	URCE DE	SCRIPTION					
Emission Source Description:		Fugitive PM	1 - Iron Ore Flu	x Truck Traff	ic on Paved Roa	ds				
Emission Control Method(s)/ID No	.(s):	Watering, A	As Necessary							
Emission Point ID:		IOT-002								
		EMISS	SION ESTIM	ATION EC	DUATIONS					
PM Emission (lb/hr) = ((0.082 x [(Silt Load										
PM Emission (ton/yr) = ((0.082 x [(Silt Loa	ding Factor/2) ^{0.65}] x [(Truc	k Weight/3) ^{1.5)}) - 0.00047) x (1-(("Wet" Days/1,4	160)) x Vehicle Miles	Traveled (VMT)/yr x	(1 ton/2,000 lb) x (1 - (C	Control Eff. / 100))		
Source: Section 13.2.1, AP-42, De	ecember 2003.									
		(S) (T) S X T	ia i da al simi dimini di	(00)0000	AVANCE HA	78000000000000				
			1		ALCULATIO					
Uncontrolled Silt Loading Factor:	70.0	g/m²		I Number of		100				
Operating Hours:	1	hr/dy		dy/yr	75	hr/yr	 .			
fron Ore Received by Truck:	5,000	ton/yr	+	Distance (or		4,300 ft				
Hourly Truck Count:	2	trucks/hr	Annual Truc	K Count:	204	trucks/yr		***		
			Vehicle	Miles	Vehicle	Control	Potenti	al PM		
Truck Traffic Type	Source ID		Traveled		Weight	Efficiency	Emission			
Track Traine Type	- Cource I	Codice ID		(VMT/hr) (VMT/yr)		(%)	(lb/hr)	(ton/yr)		
	<u> </u>		[(******)	(ton)		, (12,111)			
Iron Ore Trucks (Empty)	IOT-002	a .	1.629	166	16.0	90.0	1.545	0.07		
Iron Ore Trucks (Full)	IOT-002		1.629	166	40.5	90.0	6.223	0.31		
						Totals	7.77	0.39		
				·						
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<u></u>										
					<u></u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			
Parameter		::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	OURCES C	JI. INPUT I		Sauraa				
Parameter			Data Source							
Uncontrolled Silt Loading Factor		Based on factor for sand and gravel processing, Suggested by FDEP, 2005.								
			Figure 13.2.1-2, Section 13.2.1, AP-42, November 2003. TEC, 2005.							
Truck Weights, ton	C, 2005.									
Control Efficiency	mated. ECT 2005.									
Control Emolericy		Latinated	, LOT 2003.							
		N/	OTES AND	ORSERVA	TIONS					
				J J J L I I Y M		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>				
, , -,, -,, -,, -,, -,, -,, -,, -,, -,,						-				
			DATA	CONTROL						
Data Callacted by	ete Collected h.v.			DATA CONTROL						
Data Collected by:		S. Castro			ate:	10/05				
Evaluated by:		T. Davis					ate:	10/05		
Data Entered by:		T. Davis				D	ate:	10/05		

EMISSION INVENTORY WORKSHEET Truck Traffic Tampa Electric Company - Big Bend Station (Paved Roads) EMISSION SOURCE TYPE FUGITIVE PM₁₀ - TRUCK TRAFFIC ON PAVED ROADS FACILITY AND SOURCE DESCRIPTION Fugitive PM₁₀ - Iron Ore Flux Truck Traffic on Paved Roads Emission Source Description: Emission Control Method(s)/ID No.(s): Watering, As Necessary IOT-002 Emission Point ID: EMISSION ESTIMATION EQUATIONS PM₁₀ Errission (Ib/hr) = ((0.016 x [(Silt Loading Factor/2)^{0.65}] x [(Truck Weight/3)^{1.50} - 0.00047) x (1 - ("Wet" Days/1,460)) x Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT)/hr x (1 - (Control Eff. / 100)) PM₁₀ Emission (tor/yr) = ((0.016 x [(Silt Loading Factor/2)^{9.65}] x [(Truck Weight/3)^{1.5||)} - 0.00047) x (1-("Wei" Days/1,460)) x Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT)/yr x (1 ton/2,000 b) x (1 - (Control Eff. / 100)) Source: Section 13.2.1, AP-42, December 2003. INPUT DATA AND EMISSIONS CALCULATIONS Mean Annual Number of "Wet" Days: Uncontrolled Silt Loading Factor: 70.0 g/m² 100 8 hr/dy Operating Hours: 75 dy/yr 600 hr/yr Iron Ore Received by Truck: 5,000 ton/yr Truck Travel Distance (one way): 4,300 ft Hourly Truck Count: Annual Truck Count: 204 trucks/yr 2 trucks/hr Vehicle Miles Vehicle Control Potential PM₁₀ Truck Traffic Type Source ID Traveled Weight Efficiency **Emission Rates** (VMT/hr) (VMT/vr) (ton) (%) (lb/hr) (ton/yr) Iron Ore Trucks (Empty) IOT-002a 1.629 166 16.0 90.0 0.301 0.015 Iron Ore Trucks (Full) 1.629 166 40.5 90.0 1.214 0.062 IOT-002b Totals 1.52 0.077 SOURCES OF INPUT DATA **Parameter Data Source** Uncontrolled Silt Loading Factor Based on factor for sand and gravel processing, Suggested by FDEP, 2005. Mean Annual Number of "Wet" Days Figure 13.2.1-2, Section 13.2.1, AP-42, November 2003. Vehicle Miles Traveled, VMT TEC, 2005. Truck Weights, ton TEC, 2005. Estimated, ECT 2005. Control Efficiency NOTES AND OBSERVATIONS DATA CONTROL Data Collected by: S. Castro 10/05 Date: Evaluated by: T. Davis Date: 10/05 Data Entered by: T. Davis Date: 10/05