

Department of Environmental Protection

Jeb Bush Governor Twin Towers Office Building 2600 Blair Stone Road Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400

David B. Struhs Secretary

NOTICE OF FINAL TITLE V AIR OPERATION PERMIT REVISION

In the Matter of an Application for Permit Revision by: Ms. Karen Sheffield General Manager Hookers Point Station Tampa Electric Company 1700 Hemlock Street

FINAL Permit Project No.: 0570038-003-AV Hookers Point Station Hillsborough County

Enclosed is the FINAL Permit, No. 0570038-001-AV, for the Title V Air Operation Revision. The purpose is to incorporate the terms and conditions of the air construction permit, No. 0570038-002-AC, to add thirty Caterpillar XQ2000 Power Modules at the Hookers Point Station. The facility is located in Hillsborough County. This permit revision is issued pursuant to Chapter 403, Florida Statutes (F.S.). There were no comments received from Region 4, U.S. EPA, regarding the PROPOSED Permit.

Any party to this order (permit revision) has the right to seek judicial review of the permit revision pursuant to Section 120.68, F.S., by the filing of a Notice of Appeal pursuant to Rule 9.110, Florida Rules of Appellate Procedure, with the Clerk of the Department in the Legal Office; and, by filing a copy of the Notice of Appeal accompanied by the applicable filing fees with the appropriate District Court of Appeal. The Notice of Appeal must be filed within 30 (thirty) days from the date this Notice is filed with the Clerk of the Department.

Executed in Tallahassee, Florida.

C. H. Fancy, P.E.

Chief

Bureau of Air Regulation

CHF/CLP

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

The undersigned duly designated deputy agency clerk hereby certifies that this NOTICE OF FINAL TITLE V AIR OPERATION PERMIT REVISION (including the FINAL Determination and the FINAL Permit) was sent by certified mail before the close of business on to Karen Sheffield.

The undersigned duly designated deputy agency clerk hereby certifies that a copy of this NOTICE OF FNAL TITLE V AIR OPERATION PERMIT REVISION was sent by U.S. Mail before the close of business on person(s) listed or as otherwise noted:

Thomas W. Davis, P.E.

Rob Kalch, EPCHC

Laura Crouch, TEC

Jerry Kissel, SWD FDEP

USEPA, Region 4 (INTERNET E-mail Memorandum)

Clerk Stamp

FILING AND ACKNOWLEDGMENT FILED, on this date, pursuant to §120.52(7), Florida Statutes, with the designated Department Clerk receipt of which is hereby acknowledged.

"More Protection, Less Process"

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COMPLETE THIS SECTION ON DELIVERY SENDER: COMPLETE THIS SECTION Received by (Please Print Clearly) B. Date of Delivery 7-12-02 Complete items 1, 2, and 3. Also complete item 4 if Restricted Delivery is desired. ■ Print your name and address on the reverse so that we can return the card to you. 🛕 Agent Attach this card to the back of the mailpiece, Addressee for on the front if space permits. ☐ Yes D. Is delivery address different from item 1? ☐ No 1. Article Addressed to: If YES, enter delivery address below: Ms. Karen Sheffield - General Manager Hookers Point Station Tampa Electric Company Service Type 1700 Hemlock Street Tampa, Florida 33605-6660 ☐ Return Receipt for Merchandise ☐ Registered Insured Mail ☐ C.O.D. 4. Restricted Delivery? (Extra Fee) ☐ Yes 2. Article Number (Copy from service label) 7000 0520 0020 9371 3193 102595-00-M-0952 Domestic Return Receipt PS Form 3811, July 1999

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3143	Má. Karen Si	leffield	
9371	Postage .* Certified Fee	\$	
0200	Return Receipt Fee (Endorsement Required) Restricted Delivery Fee (Endorsement Required)		Postmark Here
	Total Postage & Fees	\$	
Recipient's Name (Please Print Clearly) (To be completed by mailer) Ms. Karen Sheffield Street, Apt. No.; or PO Box No. 1700 Hemlock Street Gity, State, ZIP-1 Tampa, Florida 33605-6660			
	PS Form 3800, Februa	ary 2000	See Reverse for Instructions

FINAL Determination

Title V Air Operation Permit Revision FINAL Permit Project No.: 0570038-003-AV

Revision to Title V Air Operation Permit No.: 0570038-001-AV

Tampa Electric Company

Hookers Point Page 1 of 1

I. Comments.

No comments were received from the USEPA during their 45 day review period of the PROPOSED Permit.

II. Conclusion.

In conclusion, the permitting authority hereby issues the FINAL Permit.

STATEMENT OF BASIS

Tampa Electric Company Hookers Point Station Facility ID No.: 0570038 Hillsborough County

Title V Air Operation Permit Revision FINAL Permit No.: 0570038-003-AV

The initial Title V Air Operation Permit, No. 0570038-001-AV, was effective on January 1, 1998. This Title V Air Operation Permit Revision is issued under the provisions of Chapter 403, Florida Statutes (F.S.), and Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.) Chapters 62-4, 62-210 and 62-213. The above named permittee is hereby authorized to operate the facility shown on the application and approved drawing(s), plans, and other documents, attached hereto or on file with the permitting authority, in accordance with the terms and conditions of this permit.

This permit revision is being issued for the purpose of incorporating the terms and conditions of the air construction permit, No. 0570038-002-AC, to add thirty Caterpillar XQ2000 Power Modules at the Hookers Point Station.

Each Power Module consists of one Caterpillar 3516B 16-cylinder, 4-stroke cycle diesel internal combustion (IC) engine and one Caterpillar SR4B generator. The Caterpillar 3516B IC engine has a power rating of 2,593 brake horsepower (bhp) at 100 percent load. The Caterpillar SR4B generator has a power output rating of 1,825 kilowatts (kW) at 100 percent load. The IC engines will be fired exclusively with low-sulfur (maximum of 0.05 weight percent sulfur) diesel fuel oil.

Also included in this permit are miscellaneous insignificant emissions units and/or activities.

Based on the initial Title V permit application received June 15, 1996, this facility is a major source of hazardous air pollutants (HAP).

Tampa Electric Company Hookers Point Station Facility ID No.: 0570038 Hillsborough County

Title V Air Operation Permit Revision

FINAL Permit No.: 0570038-003-AV

Permitting Authority:

Florida Department of Environmental Protection
Bureau of Air Regulation
MS 5505
2600 Blair Stone Road
Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400
Telephone: (850) 488-0114

Fax: (850) 922-6979

Compliance Authority:

Hillsborough County Environmental Protection Commission
Air Management Division
1410 North 21 Street
Tampa, Florida 33605

Telephone: (813) 272-5530 Fax: (813) 272-5605

Title V Air Operation Permit Revision

FINAL Permit No.: 0570038-003-AV

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Department of Environmental Protection

Jeb Bush Governor Twin Towers Office Building 2600 Blair Stone Road Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400

David B. Struhs Secretary

Permittee:

Tampa Electric Company Hookers Point Station 1700 Hemlock Street Tampa, FL 33605-6660 FINAL Permit No.: 0570038-003-AV

Facility ID No.: 0570038 SIC Nos.: 49, 4911

Project: Title V Air Operation Permit Revision

This permit revision is being issued for the purpose of incorporating the terms and conditions of the air construction permit, No. 0570038-002-AC, to add 30 Caterpillar XQ2000 Power Modules at the Hookers Point Station. This facility is located at 1700 Hemlock Street, Tampa, Hillsborough County; UTM Coordinates: Zone 17, 358.0 km East and 3,901.0 km North; Latitude: 27° 56′ 17" North, Longitude: 82° 26′ 36" West.

STATEMENT OF BASIS: This Title V Air Operation Permit Revision is issued under the provisions of Chapter 403, Florida Statutes (F.S.), and Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.) Chapters 62-4, 62-210, 62-213 and 62-214. The above named permittee is hereby authorized to operate the facility shown on the application and approved drawing(s), plans, and other documents, attached hereto or on file with the permitting authority, in accordance with the terms and conditions of this permit.

Referenced attachments made a part of this permit:

Appendix I-1, List of Insignificant Emissions Units and/or Activities APPENDIX TV-3, TITLE V CONDITIONS version dated 04/30/99 APPENDIX SS-1, STACK SAMPLING FACILITIES version dated 10/07/96 TABLE 297.310-1, CALIBRATION SCHEDULE version dated 10/07/96 Appendix OM-1, Operation and Maintenance Procedures Phase II Acid Rain Application/Compliance Plan received December 26, 1995

Effective Date: January 1, 1998

Revision Effective Date: June 24, 2002

Renewal Application Due Date: July 5, 2002

Expiration Date: December 31, 2002

Howard L. Rhodes, Director

Division of Air Resources

Management

HLR/SMS/CLP

FINAL Permit No.: 0570038-003-AV

Section I. Facility Information.

Subsection A. Facility Description.

This facility consists of six oil-fired boilers and thirty Caterpillar XQ200 Power Modules. The boilers are regulated under Rule 62-296.405, F.A.C.

Also included in this permit are miscellaneous insignificant emissions units and/or activities.

Based on the initial Title V permit application received June 15, 1996, this facility is a major source of hazardous air pollutants (HAP).

B. Summary of Emissions Unit ID Nos. and Brief Descriptions

<u>E. U.</u>	
I.D. No.	Brief Description/Maximum Heat Input
001	Boiler #1 298 MMBtu/hr
002	Boiler #2 298 MMBtu/hr
003	Boiler #3 411 MMBtu/hr
004	Boiler #4 411 MMBtu/hr
005	Boiler #5 610 MMBtu/hr
006	Boiler #6 778 MMBtu/hr
007-036	30 Caterpillar XQ2000 Power Modules. Each Power Module consists of one Caterpillar
	3516B 16-cylinder, 4-stroke cycle diesel internal combustion (IC) engine and one Caterpillar
	SR4B generator. The Caterpillar 3516B IC engine has a power rating of 2,593 brake
	horsepower (bhp) at 100 percent load. The Caterpillar SR4B generator has a power output
	rating of 1,825 kilowatts (kW) at 100 percent load. The IC engines will be fired exclusively
	with low-sulfur (maximum of 0.05 weight percent sulfur) diesel fuel oil.

Please reference the Permit No., Facility ID No., and appropriate Emissions Unit ID Nos. on all correspondence, test report submittals, applications, etc.

Subsection C. Relevant Documents.

The documents listed below are not a part of this permit; however, they are specifically related to this permitting action.

These documents are provided to the permittee for information purposes only:

Table 1-1, Summary of Air Pollutant Standards and Terms

Table 2-1, Summary of Compliance Requirements

Appendix A-1: Abbreviations, Acronyms, Citations, and Identification Numbers

Appendix H-1: Permit History

Statement of Basis

These documents are on file with the permitting authority:

Initial Title V Air Operation Permit effective January 1, 1998.

Application for a Title V Air Operation Permit Revision received November 1, 2001.

Section II. Facility-wide Conditions.

The following conditions apply facility-wide:

1. APPENDIX TV-3, TITLE V CONDITIONS, is a part of this permit. {Permitting note: APPENDIX TV-3, TITLE V CONDITIONS, is distributed to the permittee only. Other persons requesting copies of these conditions shall be provided a copy when requested or otherwise appropriate.}

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- 2. [Not federally enforceable.] General Pollutant Emission Limiting Standards. Objectionable Odor Prohibited. No person shall cause, suffer, allow, or permit the discharge of air pollutants which cause or contribute to an objectionable odor. [Rule 62-296.320(2), F.A.C.]
- 3. General Particulate Emission Limiting Standards. General Visible Emissions Standard. Except for emissions units that are subject to a particulate matter or opacity limit set forth or established by rule and reflected by conditions in this permit, no person shall cause, let, permit, suffer or allow to be discharged into the atmosphere the emissions of air pollutants from any activity, the density of which is equal to or greater than that designated as Number 1 on the Ringelmann Chart (20 percent opacity). EPA Method 9 is the method of compliance pursuant to Chapter 62-297, F.A.C. [Rules 62-296.320(4)(b)1. & 4., F.A.C.]
- 4. Prevention of Accidental Releases (Section 112(r) of CAA).
- a. The permittee shall submit its Risk Management Plan (RMP) to the Chemical Emergency Preparedness and Prevention Office (CEPPO) RMP Reporting Center when, and if, such requirement becomes applicable. Any Risk Management Plans, original submittals, revisions or updates to submittals, should be sent to:

RMP Reporting Center Post Office Box 3346 Merrifield, VA 22116-3346 Telephone: 703/816-4434

and,

- **b.** The permittee shall submit to the permitting authority Title V certification forms or a compliance schedule in accordance with Rule 62-213.440(2), F.A.C. [40 CFR 68]
- 5. <u>Insignificant Emissions Units and/or Activities.</u> Appendix I-1: List of Insignificant Emissions Units and/or Activities, is a part of this permit. [Rules 62-213.440(1), 62-213.430(6) and 62-4.040(1)(b), F.A.C.]
- 6. [Not federally enforceable.] Precautions to prevent emissions of unconfined particulate matter: Reasonable precautions to prevent emissions of unconfined particulate matter at this facility shall include the following on an as-needed basis:
 - a. Chemical or water application to unpaved roads and yard areas;
 - b. Paving and maintenance of roads, parking areas and yards;
 - c. Landscaping or planting of vegetation;
 - d. Confining abrasive blasting where possible; and
 - e. Other techniques, as necessary.

[Rule 62-296.320(4)(c)2., F.A.C.; proposed by applicant in the initial Title V permit application received June 15, 1996]

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- 7. When appropriate, any recording, monitoring, or reporting requirements that are time-specific shall be in accordance with the effective date of the permit, which defines day one. [Rule 62-213.440, F.A.C.]
- 8. Statement of Compliance. The annual statement of compliance pursuant to Rule 62-213.440(3)(a)2., F.A.C., shall be submitted to the Department and EPA within 60 (sixty) days after the end of the calendar year using DEP Form No. 62-213.900(7), F.A.C. [Rules 62-213.440(3) and 62-213.900, F.A.C.]
- 9. The permittee shall submit all compliance related notifications and reports required of this permit to the Department's delegated Local Program office:

Hillsborough County Environmental Protection Commission
Air Management Division
1410 North 21 Street
Tampa, Florida 33605
Telephone: (813) 272-5530
Fax: (813) 272-5605

10. Any reports, data, notifications, certifications, and requests required to be sent to the United States Environmental Protection Agency, Region 4, should be sent to:

United States Environmental Protection Agency
Region 4

Air, Pesticides & Toxics Management Division
Air and EPCRA Enforcement Branch
Air Enforcement Section
61 Forsyth Street
Atlanta, Georgia 30303-8960

Telephone: 404/562-9155; Fax: 404/562-9163

Section III. Emissions Units and Conditions.

Subsection A. This section addresses the following emissions units.

<u>E.U.</u>	
ID No.	Brief Description/Maximum Heat Input
001	Boiler #1 298 MMBtu/hr
002	Boiler #2 298 MMBtu/hr
003	Boiler #3 411 MMBtu/hr
004	Boiler #4 411 MMBtu/hr
005	Boiler #5 610 MMBtu/hr
006	Boiler #6 778 MMBtu/hr

Hookers Point Station has six boilers, and all are fired using No. 6 fuel oil. The boilers may also fire a limited quantity of on-specification used oil. Boiler numbers 1, 4, and 5 utilize No. 2 fuel oil for ignition during startup. Propane is used for ignition during startup for Boiler number 6. The total generating capacity at this facility is 227 megawatts.

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Steam produced by Boiler numbers 1 through 5 is ducted to a common steam header, which feeds four steam-turbine generators. Steam produced by Boiler number 6 is routed to its own steam-turbine generator. Boiler numbers 1, 2, and 5 exhaust through stack #1. Boilers 3 and 4 exhaust through boiler number 2 stack, while Boiler number 6 exhausts through its own stack (stack #3). These boilers were brought into service in the late 1940's and throughout the 1950's.

The boilers have no add-on pollution control equipment. Air pollutant emissions are controlled by efficient combustion and firing clean fuel.

{Permitting Note: These emission units are regulated under Acid Rain Phase II, and Rule 62-296.405, F.A.C., Fossil Fuel Steam Generators with More than 250 Million Btu per Hour Heat Input, and Rule 62-296.702, F.A.C., Fossil Fuel Steam Generators.}

The following specific conditions apply to each of the six boilers as referenced above:

Essential Potential to Emit (PTE) Parameters

A.1. <u>Permitted Capacity</u>. For each emissions unit, the maximum heat input (MMBtu per hour heat input) firing No. 6 fuel oil shall not exceed:

Boiler #1: 298 MMBtu/hr Boiler #2: 298 MMBtu/hr Boiler #3: 411 MMBtu/hr Boiler #4: 411 MMBtu/hr Boiler #5: 610 MMBtu/hr Boiler #6: 778 MMBtu/hr

[Rules 62-4.160(2), 62-210.200(PTE) and 62-296.405, F.A.C.; AO29-202997 through AO29-203002]

A.2. Emissions Unit Operating Rate Limitation After Testing. See specific condition A.19. [Rule 62-297.310(2), F.A.C.]

A.3. Methods of Operation. Fuels.

- a. Startup: The only fuels allowed to be burned are No. 2 fuel oil or propane.
- b. Normal: The only fuels allowed to be burned are No. 6 fuel oil and on-specification used oil. The used oil shall comply with the limits listed below per 40 CFR 279. No more than 250,000 gallons shall be burned annually. Off-specification used oil shall not be burned. See specific conditions A.29.

 [Rule 62-213.440, F.A.C.]

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A.4. Hours of Operation. This emissions unit may operate continuously, i.e., 8,760 hours per year.

[Rule 62-210.200(PTE), F.A.C.,]

Emission Limitations and Standards

{Permitting Note: Table 1-1, Summary of Air Pollutant Standards and Terms, summarizes information for convenience purposes only. This table does not supersede any of the terms or conditions of this permit.}

- A.5. <u>Visible Emissions</u>. Visible emissions shall not exceed 20 percent opacity, except for one six-minute period per hour during which opacity shall not exceed 27 percent. Emissions units governed by this visible emissions limit shall compliance test for particulate matter emissions annually and as otherwise required by Chapter 62-297, F.A.C. [Rule 62-296.405(1)(a), F.A.C.]
- A.6. <u>Visible Emissions Soot Blowing and Load Change</u>. Visible emissions shall not exceed 60 percent opacity during the 3-hours in any 24 hour period of excess emissions allowed for boiler cleaning (soot blowing) and load change.

A load change occurs when the operational capacity of a unit is in the 10 percent to 100 percent capacity range, other than startup or shutdown, which exceeds 10 percent of the unit's rated capacity and which occurs at a rate of 0.5 percent per minute or more. [Rule 62-210.700(3), F.A.C.]

- A.7. Particulate Matter. Particulate matter emissions shall not exceed 0.1 pound per million Btu heat input, as measured by applicable compliance methods. [Rule 62-296.405(1)(b), F.A.C.]
- A.8. Particulate Matter Soot Blowing and Load Change. Particulate matter emissions shall not exceed an average of 0.3 pound per million Btu heat input during the 3-hours in any 24-hour period of excess emissions allowed for boiler cleaning (soot blowing) and load change. [Rule 62-210.700(3), F.A.C.]
- A.9. <u>Sulfur Dioxide</u>. When burning liquid fuel, sulfur dioxide emissions shall not exceed 1.1 pounds per million Btu heat input, as measured by applicable compliance methods. [Rules 62-213.440 and 62-296.405(1)(d)1, F.A.C.]

Excess Emissions

A.10. Excess emissions resulting from malfunction shall be permitted provided that best operational practices to minimize emissions are adhered to and the duration of excess emissions shall be minimized but in no case exceed two hours in any 24 hour period unless specifically authorized by the Department for longer duration.

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[Rule 62-210.700(1), F.A.C.]

A.11. Excess emissions resulting from startup or shutdown shall be permitted provided that best operational practices to minimize emissions are adhered to and the duration of excess emissions shall be minimized.

[Rule 62-210.700(2), F.A.C.]

A.12. Excess emissions which are caused entirely or in part by poor maintenance, poor operation, or any other equipment or process failure which may reasonably be prevented during startup, shutdown or malfunction shall be prohibited.

[Rule 62-210.700(4), F.A.C.]

Monitoring of Operations

{Permitting Note: The attached Table 2-1, Summary of Compliance Requirements, summarizes information for convenience purposes only. This table does not supersede any of the terms or conditions of this permit.}

A.13. Determination of Process Variables.

- (a) Required Equipment. The owner or operator of an emissions unit for which compliance tests are required shall install, operate, and maintain equipment or instruments necessary to determine process variables, such as process weight input or heat input, when such data are needed in conjunction with emissions data to determine the compliance of the emissions unit with applicable emission limiting standards.
- (b) Accuracy of Equipment. Equipment or instruments used to directly or indirectly determine process variables, including devices such as belt scales, weight hoppers, flow meters, and tank scales, shall be calibrated and adjusted to indicate the true value of the parameter being measured with sufficient accuracy to allow the applicable process variable to be determined within 10% of its true value.

[Rule 62-297.310(5), F.A.C.]

Test Methods and Procedures

- A.14. <u>Visible emissions</u>. The test method for visible emissions shall be DEP Method 9, incorporated in Chapter 62-297, F.A.C. A transmissometer may be used and calibrated according to Rule 62-297.520, F.A.C. See specific condition A.16. [Rule 62-296.405(1)(e)1., F.A.C.]
- A.15. <u>DEP Method 9</u>. The provisions of EPA Method 9 (40 CFR 60, Appendix A) are adopted by reference with the following exceptions:
 - 1. EPA Method 9, Section 2.4, Recording Observations. Opacity observations shall be made and recorded by a certified observer at sequential fifteen second intervals during the required period of observation.
 - 2. EPA Method 9, Section 2.5, Data Reduction. For a set of observations to be acceptable, the observer shall have made and recorded, or verified the recording of, at least 90 percent of

the possible individual observations during the required observation period. For single-valued opacity standards (e.g., 20 percent opacity), the test result shall be the highest valid six-minute average for the set of observations taken. For multiple-valued opacity standards (e.g., 20 percent opacity, except that an opacity of 40 percent is permissible for not more than two minutes per hour) opacity shall be computed as follows:

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- a. For the basic part of the standard (i.e., 20 percent opacity) the opacity shall be determined as specified above for a single-valued opacity standard.
- b. For the short-term average part of the standard, opacity shall be the highest valid short-term average (i.e., two-minute, three-minute average) for the set of observations taken.

In order to be valid, any required average (i.e., a six-minute or two-minute average) shall be based on all of the valid observations in the sequential subset of observations selected, and the selected subset shall contain at least 90 percent of the observations possible for the required averaging time. Each required average shall be calculated by summing the opacity value of each of the valid observations in the appropriate subset, dividing this sum by the number of valid observations in the subset, and rounding the result to the nearest whole number. The number of missing observations in the subset shall be indicated in parenthesis after the subset average value.

[Rule 62-297.401, F.A.C.]

A.16. Particulate Matter. The test methods for particulate emissions shall be EPA Methods 17, 5, 5B, or 5F, incorporated by reference in Chapter 62-297, F.A.C. The minimum sample volume shall be 30 dry standard cubic feet. EPA Method 5 may be used with filter temperature no more than 320 degrees Fahrenheit. For EPA Method 17, stack temperature shall be less than 375 degrees Fahrenheit. The owner or operator may use EPA Method 5 to demonstrate compliance. EPA Method 3 or 3A with Orsat analysis shall be used when the oxygen based F-factor, computed according to EPA Method 19, is used in lieu of heat input. Acetone wash shall be used with EPA Method 5 or 17.

[Rules 62-296.405(1)(e)2. and 62-297.401, F.A.C.]

A.17. Sulfur Dioxide. The test methods for sulfur dioxide emissions shall be EPA Methods 6, 6A, 6B, or 6C, incorporated by reference in Chapter 62-297, F.A.C. The Department will retain the authority to require EPA Method 6 or 6C if it has reason to believe that exceedances of the sulfur dioxide emissions limiting standard are occurring.

[Rules 62-213.440, 62-296.405($\overline{1}$)(e)3. and 62-297.401, F.A.C.; and, AO29-202997 through A029-3002.]

A.18. Required Number of Test Runs. For mass emission limitations, a compliance test shall consist of three complete and separate determinations of the total air pollutant emission rate through the test section of the stack or duct and three complete and separate determinations of any applicable process variables corresponding to the three distinct time periods during which the stack emission rate was measured provided, however, that three complete and separate determinations shall not be required if the process variables are not subject to variation during a compliance test, or if three determinations are not necessary in order to calculate the unit's emission rate. The three required test runs shall be completed within one consecutive five day period. In the event that a sample is lost or one of the three runs must be discontinued because of circumstances beyond the control of the owner or operator, and a valid third run cannot be obtained within the five day period allowed for the test, the Secretary or his or her designee may accept the results of the two complete runs as proof of compliance, provided that the arithmetic

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mean of the results of the two complete runs is at least 20 percent below the allowable emission limiting standards.

[Rule 62-297.310(1), F.A.C.]

- A.19. Operating Rate During Testing. Testing of emissions shall be conducted with the emissions unit operation at permitted capacity, which is defined as 90 to 100 percent of the maximum operation rate allowed by the permit. If it is impracticable to test at permitted capacity, an emissions unit may be tested at less than the minimum permitted capacity; in this case, subsequent emissions unit operation is limited to 110 percent of the test load until a new test is conducted. Once the emissions unit is so limited, operation at higher capacities is allowed for no more than 15 consecutive days for the purpose of additional compliance testing to regain the authority to operate at the permitted capacity. [Rules 62-297.310(2) & (2)(b), F.A.C.]
- A.20. Calculation of Emission Rate. The indicated emission rate or concentration shall be the arithmetic average of the emission rate or concentration determined by each of the separate test runs unless otherwise specified in a particular test method or applicable rule. [Rule 62-297.310(3), F.A.C.]

A.21. Applicable Test Procedures.

- (a) Required Sampling Time.
 - 1. Unless otherwise specified in the applicable rule, the required sampling time for each test run shall be no less than one hour and no greater than four hours, and the sampling time at each sampling point shall be of equal intervals of at least two minutes.
 - 2. Opacity Compliance Tests. When either EPA Method 9 or DEP Method 9 is specified as the applicable opacity test method, the required minimum period of observation for a compliance test shall be sixty (60) minutes for emissions units which emit or have the potential to emit 100 tons per year or more of particulate matter, and thirty (30) minutes for emissions units which have potential emissions less than 100 tons per year of particulate matter and are not subject to a multiple-valued opacity standard. The opacity test observation period shall include the period during which the highest opacity emissions can reasonably be expected to occur. Exceptions to these requirements are as follows:
 - c. The minimum observation period for opacity tests conducted by employees or agents of the Department to verify the day-to-day continuing compliance of a unit or activity with an applicable opacity standard shall be twelve minutes.
- (b) Minimum Sample Volume. Unless otherwise specified in the applicable rule, the minimum sample volume per run shall be 25 dry standard cubic feet.
- (c) Required Flow Rate Range. For EPA Method 5 particulate sampling, acid mist/sulfur dioxide, and fluoride sampling which uses Greenburg Smith type impingers, the sampling nozzle and sampling time shall be selected such that the average sampling rate will be between 0.5 and 1.0 actual cubic feet per minute, and the required minimum sampling volume will be obtained.
- (d) Calibration of Sampling Equipment. Calibration of the sampling train equipment shall be conducted in accordance with the schedule shown in Table 297.310-1.
- (e) Allowed Modification to EPA Method 5. When EPA Method 5 is required, the following modification is allowed: the heated filter may be separated from the impingers by a flexible tube. [Rule 62-297.310(4), F.A.C.]

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A.22. Required Stack Sampling Facilities. When a mass emissions stack test is required, the permittee shall comply with the requirements contained in Appendix SS-1, Stack Sampling Facilities, attached to this permit.

[Rule 62-297.310(6), F.A.C.1

- A.23. Frequency of Compliance Tests. The following provisions apply only to those emissions units that are subject to an emissions limiting standard for which compliance testing is required.
- (a) General Compliance Testing.
 - 1. (Not applicable.)
 - 2. For excess emission limitations for particulate matter specified in Rule 62-210.700, F.A.C., a compliance test shall be conducted annually while the emissions unit is operating under soot blowing conditions in each federal fiscal year during which soot blowing is part of normal emissions unit operation, except that such test shall not be required in any federal fiscal year in which a fossil fuel steam generator does not burn liquid fuel for more than 400 hours other than during startup.
 - 3. The owner or operator of an emissions unit that is subject to any emission limiting standard shall conduct a compliance test that demonstrates compliance with the applicable emission limiting standard prior to obtaining a renewed operation permit. Emissions units that are required to conduct an annual compliance test may submit the most recent annual compliance test to satisfy the requirements of this provision. In renewing an air operation permit pursuant to Rule 62-210.300(2)(a)3.b., c., or d., F.A.C., the Department shall not require submission of emission compliance test results for any emissions unit that, during the year prior to renewal:
 - a. Did not operate; or
 - b. In the case of a fuel burning emissions unit, burned liquid fuel for a total of no more than 400 hours.
 - 4. During each federal fiscal year (October 1 September 30), unless otherwise specified by rule, order, or permit, the owner or operator of each emissions unit shall have a formal compliance test conducted for:
 - a. Visible emissions, if there is an applicable standard;
 - b. Each of the following pollutants, if there is an applicable standard, and if the emissions unit emits or has the potential to emit: 5 tons per year or more of lead or lead compounds measured as elemental lead; 30 tons per year or more of acrylonitrile; or 100 tons per year or more of any other regulated air pollutant; and
 - c. Each NESHAP pollutant, if there is an applicable emission standard.
 - 5. An annual compliance test for particulate matter emissions shall not be required for any fuel burning emissions unit that, in a federal fiscal year, does not burn liquid fuel, other than during startup, for a total of more than 400 hours.
 - 6. (Not applicable.)
 - 7. (Not applicable.)
 - 8. (Not applicable.)
 - 9. (See Specific Condition A.29.)
 - 10. (Not applicable.)
- (b) Special Compliance Tests. When the Department, after investigation, has good reason (such as complaints, increased visible emissions or questionable maintenance of control equipment) to believe that any applicable emission standard contained in a Department rule or in a permit issued pursuant to those rules is being violated, it may require the owner or operator of the emissions unit to conduct compliance tests which identify the nature and quantity of pollutant

emissions from the emissions unit and to provide a report on the results of said tests to the Department.

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- (c) <u>Waiver of Compliance Test Requirements</u>. If the owner or operator of an emissions unit that is subject to a compliance test requirement demonstrates to the Department, pursuant to the procedure established in Rule 62-297.620, F.A.C., that the compliance of the emissions unit with an applicable weight emission limiting standard can be adequately determined by means other than the designated test procedure, such as specifying a surrogate standard of no visible emissions for particulate matter sources equipped with a bag house or specifying a fuel analysis for sulfur dioxide emissions, the Department shall waive the compliance test requirements for such emissions units and order that the alternate means of determining compliance be used, provided, however, the provisions of Rule 62-297.310(7)(b), F.A.C., shall apply. [Rule 62-297.310(7)(a)2., 3., 4., 5., 10., (b) & (c), F.A.C.; SIP approved]
- A.24. Annual emissions compliance testing for visible emissions is not required for these emissions units while burning only liquid fuels for less than 400 hours per year. [Rule 62-297.310(7)(a)4., F.A.C.]

Record keeping and Reporting Requirements

- A.25. In the case of excess emissions resulting from malfunctions, each owner or operator shall notify the Department or the Hillsborough County Environmental Protection Commission in accordance with Rule 62-4.130, F.A.C. A full written report on the malfunctions shall be submitted in a quarterly report, if requested by the Department or the Hillsborough County Environmental Protection Commission.

 [Rule 62-210.700(6), F.A.C.]
- A.26. Submit to the Department or the Hillsborough County Environmental Protection Commission a written report of emissions in excess of emission limiting standards as set forth in Rule 62-296.405(1), F.A.C., for each calendar quarter. The nature and cause of the excess emissions shall be explained. This report does not relieve the owner or operator of the legal liability for violations. All recorded data shall be maintained on file by the Source for a period of five years.

[Rule 62-213.440 and 62-2963405(1)(g), F.A.C.]

A.27. Test Reports.

- (a) The owner or operator of an emissions unit for which a compliance test is required shall file a report with the Department or the Hillsborough County Environmental Protection Commission on the results of each such test.
- (b) The required test report shall be filed with the Department or the Hillsborough County Environmental Protection Commission as soon as practical but no later than 45 days after the last sampling run of each test is completed.
- (c) The test report shall provide sufficient detail on the emissions unit tested and the test procedures used to allow the Department or the Hillsborough County Environmental Protection Commission to determine if the test was properly conducted and the test results properly computed. As a minimum, the test report, other than for an EPA or DEP Method 9 test, shall provide the following information:
 - 1. The type, location, and designation of the emissions unit tested.
 - 2. The facility at which the emissions unit is located.
 - 3. The owner or operator of the emissions unit.

4. The normal type and amount of fuels used and materials processed, and the types and amounts of fuels used and material processed during each test run.

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- 5. The means, raw data and computations used to determine the amount of fuels used and materials processed, if necessary to determine compliance with an applicable emission limiting standard.
- 6. The type of air pollution control devices installed on the emissions unit, their general condition, their normal operating parameters (pressure drops, total operating current and GPM scrubber water), and their operating parameters during each test run.
- 7. A sketch of the duct within 8 stack diameters upstream and 2 stack diameters downstream of the sampling ports, including the distance to any upstream and downstream bends or other flow disturbances.
- 8. The date, starting time and duration of each sampling run.
- 9. The test procedures used, including any alternative procedures authorized pursuant to Rule 62-297.620, F.A.C. Where optional procedures are authorized in this chapter, indicate which option was used.
- 10. The number of points sampled and configuration and location of the sampling plane.
- 11. For each sampling point for each run, the dry gas meter reading, velocity head, pressure drop across the stack, temperatures, average meter temperatures and sample time per point.
- 12. The type, manufacturer and configuration of the sampling equipment used.
- 13. Data related to the required calibration of the test equipment.
- 14. Data on the identification, processing and weights of all filters used.
- 15. Data on the types and amounts of any chemical solutions used.
- 16. Data on the amount of pollutant collected from each sampling probe, the filters, and the impingers, are reported separately for the compliance test.
- 17. The names of individuals who furnished the process variable data, conducted the test, analyzed the samples and prepared the report.
- 18. All measured and calculated data required to be determined by each applicable test procedure for each run.
- 19. The detailed calculations for one run that relate the collected data to the calculated emission rate.
- 20. The applicable emission standard, and the resulting maximum allowable emission rate for the emissions unit, plus the test result in the same form and unit of measure.
- 21. A certification that, to the knowledge of the owner or his authorized agent, all data submitted are true and correct. When a compliance test is conducted for the Department or its agent, the person who conducts the test shall provide the certification with respect to the test procedures used. The owner or his authorized agent shall certify that all data required and provided to the person conducting the test are true and correct to his knowledge.

[Rules 62-213.440 and 62-297.310(8), F.A.C.]

A.28. Operation and Maintenance Plan. The permittee shall comply with the requirements contained in Appendix OM-1, Operation and Maintenance Plan, which is a part of this permit. [Rule 62-296.700(6), F.A.C.]

Miscellaneous Conditions

- A.29. <u>Used Oil</u>. Burning of on-specification used oil is allowed by these emissions units in accordance with all other conditions of this permit and the following conditions:
- a. On-specification Used Oil Emissions Limitations: This emissions unit is permitted to burn on-specification used oil, which contains a PCB concentration of less than 50 ppm. On-

specification used oil is defined as used oil that meets the specifications of 40 CFR 279 - Standards for the Management of Used Oil, listed below. "Off-specification" used oil shall not be burned. Used oil which fails to comply with any of these specification levels is considered "off-specification" used oil.

CONSTITUENT/PROPERTY	ALLOWABLE LEVEL
Arsenic	5 ppm maximum
Cadmium	2 ppm maximum
Chromium	10 ppm maximum
Lead	100 ppm maximum
Total Halogens	1000 ppm maximum
Flash point	100 degrees F minimum

- b. Quantity Limitation: This emissions unit is permitted to burn "on-specification" used oil that is generated by TECO in the production and distribution of electricity, not to exceed 250,000 gallons during any consecutive 12 month period.
- c. <u>PCB Limitation</u>: Used oil containing a PCB concentration of 50 or more ppm shall not be burned at this facility. Used oil shall not be blended to meet this requirement.
- d. Operational Requirements: On-specification used oil with a PCB concentration of greater than or equal to 2, and less than 50 ppm shall be burned only at normal source operating temperatures. On-specification used oil with a PCB concentration of greater than or equal to 2 ppm shall not be burned during periods of startup or shutdown.
- e. <u>Testing Requirements</u>: The owner or operator shall sample and analyze each batch of used oil to be burned for the following parameters:

Arsenic, cadmium, chromium, lead, total halogens, flash point and PCBs. Testing (sampling, extraction and analysis) shall be performed using approved methods specified in EPA Publication SW-846 (Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods).

- f. <u>Record Keeping Requirements</u>: The owner or operator shall obtain, make, and keep the following records related to the use of used oil in a form suitable for inspection at the facility by the Department and the Hillsborough County Environmental Protection Commission:
- (1) The gallons of on-specification used oil generated and burned each month. (This record shall be completed no later than the fifteenth day of the succeeding month.)
- (2) The total gallons of on-specification used oil burned in the preceding consecutive 12-month period. (This record shall be completed no later than the fifteenth day of the succeeding month.)
 - (3) Results of the analyses required above.
- g. <u>Reporting Requirements</u>: The owner or operator shall submit to the Hillsborough County Environmental Protection Commission, within thirty days of the end of each calendar quarter, the analytical results and the total amount of on-specification used oil generated and burned during the quarter.

The owner or operator shall submit, with the Annual Operation Report form, the analytical results and the total amount of on-specification used oil burned during the previous calendar year.

[Rule 62-4.070(3) and 62-213.440, F.A.C., 40 CFR 279 and 40 CFR 761, unless otherwise noted.]

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- A.30. The owner or operator shall notify the Hillsborough County Environmental Protection Commission at least 15 days prior to the date on which each formal compliance test is to begin, of the date, time, and place of each such test, and the test contact person who will be responsible for coordinating and having such test conducted for the owner or operator. [Rule 62-297.310(7)(a)9., F.A.C.]
- A.31. For each 12-month period that the thirty internal combustion engines (EU007-EU036) operate below 22,100 engine-hours, the six oil-fired boilers 001 through 006 may operate to reach the facility-wide NO_x cap of 682 tpy. NO_x emissions from the six oil-fired boilers (EU001-EU006) shall not exceed 100 tpy. The six oil-fired boilers shall use the CEM system to demonstrate compliance with the emission limits for NO_x. [Rule 62-212.400, F.A.C. (PSD avoidance)]
- A.32. The six oil-fired boilers may not operate simultaneously with the internal combustion engines unless the facility must do so to avoid interrupting customers. In the event that the facility does operate the two sources together, upon request from the Department, the owner and operator shall provide the necessary documentation to show the necessity of operating the two sources simultaneously. [Applicant Request]
- A.33. The six oil-fired boilers may operate with a NO_x emissions cap of 100 tpy after the internal combustion engines cease operation in June 2003. [Applicant Request]

Subsection B. This section addresses the following emissions units.

E.U. ID No. Brid

Brief Description

007 - 036

30 Caterpillar XQ2000 Power Modules. Each Power Module consists of one Caterpillar 3516B 16-cylinder, 4-stroke cycle diesel internal combustion (IC) engine and one Caterpillar SR4B generator. The Caterpillar 3516B IC engine has a power rating of 2,593 brake horsepower (bhp) at 100 percent load. The Caterpillar SR4B generator has a power output rating of 1,825 kilowatts (kW) at 100 percent load. The IC engines will be fired exclusively with low-sulfur (maximum of 0.05 weight percent sulfur) diesel fuel oil.

The following specific conditions apply to the emissions unit(s) listed above:

PERFORMANCE RESTRICTIONS

- B.1. <u>Internal Combustion Engines</u>: The permittee is authorized to install, tune, operate and maintain thirty new internal combustion engines with electrical generator sets (Caterpillar XQ2000 Power modules). The thirty generators are designed to produce a maximum 54.75 MW of electrical power. [Applicant Request]
- B. 2. Future PSD Review: The internal combustion engines shall not exceed the permitted hours of operation, nor the permitted NO_x emission limits allowed by this permit. This restriction is based on the permittee's request, which formed the basis of the PSD non-applicability determination and resulted in the emission standards specified in this permit. For any request to modify this emission unit in any way (whether a physical or operational modification, including a change in the allowable hours of operation or heat input) the permittee shall submit a full PSD permit application. [Rules 62-212.400(2)(g) and 62-212.400(6)(b), F.A.C.]
- B.3. Allowable Fuel: The internal combustion engine shall be fired primarily with No. 2 fuel oil. The permittee shall demonstrate compliance with the fuel sulfur limit by keeping the records specified in this permit. [Applicant Request, Rule 62-210.200, F.A.C. (Definition PTE)]
- B.4. <u>Plant Operation Problems</u>: If temporarily unable to comply with any of the conditions of the permit due to breakdown of equipment or destruction by fire, wind or other cause, the permittee shall notify the Compliance Authority as soon as possible, but at least within one working day, excluding weekends and holidays. The notification shall include: pertinent information as to the cause of the problem; steps being taken to correct the problem and prevent future recurrence; and, where applicable, the owner's intent toward reconstruction of destroyed facilities. Such notification does not release the permittee from any liability for failure to comply with the conditions of this permit or the regulations. [Rule 62-4.130, F.A.C.]
- B.5. Noise Nuisance: The permittee shall comply with the noise nuisance ordinances as outlined in Chapter 1-10 of the Rules of Environmental Protection Commission of Hillsborough County. [Rule 1-10.01(B)(9) and Rule 1-10.03, EPCHC]

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EMISSIONS CONTROLS

B.6. Unconfined Emissions of Particulate Matter: [Rule 62-296.320(4)(c), F.A.C.]

- (a) No person shall cause, let, permit, suffer or allow the emissions of unconfined particulate matter from any activity, including vehicular movement; transportation of materials; construction, alteration, demolition or wrecking; or industrially related activities such as loading, unloading, storing or handling; without taking reasonable precautions to prevent such emissions.
- (b) Any permit issued to a facility with emissions of unconfined particulate matter shall specify the reasonable precautions to be taken by that facility to control the emissions of unconfined particulate matter.
- (c) Reasonable precautions include the following:
 - Paving and maintenance of roads, parking areas and yards.
 - Application of water or chemicals to control emissions from such activities as demolition of buildings, grading roads, construction, and land clearing.
 - Application of asphalt, water, oil, chemicals or other dust suppressants to unpaved roads, yards, open stock piles and similar activities.
 - Removal of particulate matter from roads and other paved areas under the control of the owner or operator of the facility to prevent re-entrainment, and from buildings or work areas to prevent particulate from becoming airborne.
 - Landscaping or planting of vegetation.
 - Use of hoods, fans, filters, and similar equipment to contain, capture and/or vent particulate matter.
 - · Confining abrasive blasting where possible.
 - Enclosure or covering of conveyor systems.
- (d) In determining what constitutes reasonable precautions for a particular source, the Department shall consider the cost of the control technique or work practice, the environmental impacts of the technique or practice, and the degree of reduction of emissions expected from a particular technique or practice.

EMISSION STANDARDS

B.7. Nitrogen Oxides (NO_x):

 NO_X emissions from each internal combustion engine shall not exceed 53 lb/hr. Additionally, annual emissions of NO_X in tpy from these emission units shall be calculated by using the NO_X emission rate of 53 lb/hr multiplied by the total operating hours for the thirty engines divided by 2000. This NO_X emission in tpy when combined with the NO_X emissions for the existing emission units (EU001-EU006) in tpy shall not exceed 682 TPY, based upon a consecutive 12-month period. This facility-wide annual emissions cap shall become effective on the fifth day of the month following the start-up of the first internal combustion engine, and compliance shall begin based upon the first twelve months of operation thereafter. NO_X emissions from the existing emission units (EU001-EU006) shall not exceed 100 TPY. NO_X emissions from the existing emission units shall be determined using CEM's and converted to tpy.

[Rule 62-212.400, F.A.C. (PSD avoidance)]

B.8. General Visible Emissions Standard:

Except for emissions units that are subject to a particulate matter or opacity limit set forth or established by rule and reflected by conditions in this permit, no person shall cause, let, permit, suffer, or allow to be discharged into the atmosphere the emissions of air pollutants from any activity, the density if which is equal to or greater than that designated as Number 1 on the Ringelmann Chart (20% opacity). The test method for visible emissions shall be EPA Method 9, incorporated and adopted by reference in Chapter 62-297, F.A.C. Test procedures shall meet all applicable requirements of Chapter 62-297, F.A.C. [Rule 62-296.320(4)(b)1, F.A.C.]

EXCESS EMISSIONS

- B.9. Excess Emissions Prohibited: Excess emissions caused entirely or in part by poor maintenance, poor operation, or any other equipment or process failure that may reasonably be prevented during startup, shutdown or malfunction, shall be prohibited. [Rule 62-210.700(4), F.A.C.]
- B.10. Excess Emissions Allowed: Providing the permittee adheres to best operational practices to minimize the amount and duration of excess emissions, the following conditions shall apply:
 - (a) During startup and shutdown, visible emissions shall not exceed 27% opacity for up to 2 hours in any 24-hour period. [Design; Rule 62-210.700(1), F.A.C.]

OPERATIONAL LIMITATIONS

- B.11. <u>Fuel Oil Specification:</u> Only No. 2 fuel oil can be fired in the internal combustion engines. The maximum sulfur content of the No. 2 fuel oil shall not exceed 0.05 percent, by weight. [Rule 62-210.200, F.A.C. (Definitions PTE)]
- B.12. <u>Fuel Oil Consumption:</u> The maximum No. 2 fuel oil allowed to be burned in thirty internal combustion engines combined is 2,713,880 gallons per year, which is equivalent to 22,100 engine-hours per year at 100% load. [Rule 62-210.200, F.A.C. (Definitions PTE)]
- B.13. <u>Permitted Capacity</u>: The heat input to each internal combustion engine from firing No. 2 fuel oil shall not exceed 17 MMBtu per hour at 100% load. [Design, Rule 62-210.200, F.A.C. (Definition PTE)]
- B.14. <u>Hours of Operation</u>: The thirty internal combustion engines shall operate no more than 22,100 engine-hours during any consecutive 12-month period. The permittee shall install, calibrate, operate and maintain a monitoring system to measure the hours of operation on each internal combustion engine. [Rule 62-210.200, F.A.C. (Definitions PTE)]
- B.15. Operational Period: The thirty internal combustion engines shall cease operation in June 2003. [Applicant Request]

EMISSIONS PERFORMANCE TESTING

B.16. <u>Sampling Facilities</u>: The permittee shall design the internal combustion engine stack to accommodate adequate testing and sampling locations in order to determine compliance with the applicable emission limits specified by this permit. [Rule 62-297.310(6), F.A.C.]

- B.17. <u>Performance Test Methods</u>: Initial (I) and Annual (A) compliance tests shall be performed in accordance with the following reference methods as described in 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, and adopted by reference in Chapter 62-204.800, F.A.C.
 - (a) EPA Method 7 or 7E Determination of Nitrogen Oxide Emissions from Stationary Sources (I, A);
 - (b) EPA Method 9 Visual Determination of the Opacity of Emissions from Stationary Sources (I, A);

No other test methods may be used for compliance testing unless prior DEP approval is received, in writing, from the DEP Emissions Monitoring Section Administrator.

- B.18. <u>Fuel Oil Monitoring</u>: The fuel shall be monitored annually for the sulfur content using ASTM D4294 Method (or equivalent). The permittee shall also maintain daily records of fuel oil consumption for the emission units. [Rules 62-297.440, F.A.C., and 62-210.200, F.A.C.]
- B.19. <u>Test Notification</u>: The permittee shall notify the Compliance Authority in writing at least 15 days prior to the date on which each formal compliance test is to begin, of the date, time, and place of each such test, and the test contact person who will be responsible for coordinating and having such test conducted for the owner or operator. [Rule 62-297.310(7)(a)9., F.A.C.]
- B.20. <u>Initial Tests Required</u>: A set of randomly picked five internal combustion engines (different from the five internal combustion engines tested during the first year of operation) shall be tested for nitrogen oxides and visible emissions during the second year of operation. [Rule 62-297.310(7)(a)1., and 62-297.310(7)(c), F.A.C.]
- B.21. Annual Performance Tests: To demonstrate compliance with the emission standards specified in this permit, the permittee shall conduct annual performance tests for NO_x and visible emissions on the emission units that operated for more than 3,700 hours in the preceding 12-month period. Tests required on an annual basis shall be conducted at least once during each federal fiscal year (October 1st to September 30th). [Rule 62-297.310(7)(a)4., and 62-297.310(7)(c), F.A.C.]
- B.22. Tests Prior to Permit Renewal: Prior to renewing the air operation permit, the permittee shall conduct performance tests for NO_x and visible emissions on one of the internal combustion engines. These tests shall be conducted within the 12-month period prior to renewing the air operation permit. For pollutants required to be tested annually, the permittee may submit the most recent annual compliance test to satisfy the requirements of this provision. [Rule 62-297.310(7)(a)3., F.A.C.]
- B.23. Internal Combustion Engine Testing Capacity: Performance tests for compliance with standards specified in this permit shall be conducted with the emission unit operating at permitted capacity. Permitted capacity is defined as 90-100 percent of the maximum heat input rate allowed by the permit. If it is impracticable to test at permitted capacity, the source may be tested at less than permitted capacity. However, subsequent operation is limited to 110 percent of the value reached during the test until a new test is conducted. Once the unit is so limited, operation at higher capacities is allowed for no more than 15 consecutive days for the purposes of additional compliance testing to regain the permitted capacity. Emissions performance tests shall meet all applicable requirements of Chapters 62-204 and 62-297, F.A.C. [Rule 62-297.310(2), F.A.C.]
- B.24. <u>Calculation of Emission Rate</u>: For each emissions performance test, the indicated emission rate or concentration shall be the arithmetic average of the emission rate or

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concentration determined by each of the three separate test runs unless otherwise specified in a particular test method or applicable rule. [Rule 62-297.310(3), F.A.C.]

B.25. Applicable Test Procedures

- (a) Required Sampling Time.
 - 1. Unless otherwise specified in the applicable rule, the required sampling time for each test run shall be no less than one hour and no greater than four hours, and the sampling time at each sampling point shall be of equal intervals of at least two minutes. [Rule 62-297.310(4)(a)1., F.A.C.]
 - 2. The minimum observation period for a visible emissions compliance test shall be thirty (30) minutes. The observation period shall include the period during which the highest opacity can reasonably be expected to occur. [Rule 62-297.310(4)(a)2., F.A.C.]
- (b) Minimum Sample Volume. Unless otherwise specified in the applicable rule or test method, the minimum sample volume per run shall be 25 dry standard cubic feet. [Rule 62-297.310(4)(b), F.A.C.]
- (c) Calibration of Sampling Equipment. Calibration of the sampling train equipment shall be conducted in accordance with the schedule shown in Table 297.310-1, F.A.C. [Rule 62-297.310(4)(d), F.A.C.]

B.26. Determination of Process Variables

- (a) Required Equipment. The owner or operator of an emissions unit for which compliance tests are required shall install, operate, and maintain equipment or instruments necessary to determine process variables, such as process weight input or heat input, when such data are needed in conjunction with emissions data to determine the compliance of the emissions unit with applicable emission limiting standards. [Rule 62-297.310(5)(a), F.A.C.]
- (b) Accuracy of Equipment. Equipment or instruments used to directly or indirectly determine process variables, including devices such as belt scales, weight hoppers, flow meters, and tank scales, shall be calibrated and adjusted to indicate the true value of the parameter being measured with sufficient accuracy to allow the applicable process variable to be determined within 10% of its true value. [Rule 62-297.310(5)(b), F.A.C.]
- B.27. Special Compliance Tests: When the Department, after investigation, has good reason (such as complaints, increased visible emissions or questionable maintenance of control equipment) to believe that any applicable emission standard contained in a Department rule or in a permit issued pursuant to those rules is being violated, it shall require the owner or operator of the emissions unit to conduct compliance tests which identify the nature and quantity of pollutant emissions from the emissions unit and to provide a report on the results of said tests to the Department. [Rule 62-297.310(7)(b), F.A.C.]

RECORDKEEPING AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

B.28. Records Retention: All measurements, records, and other data required by this permit shall be documented in a permanent, legible format and retained for at least five (5) years following the date on which such measurements, records, or data are recorded. Records shall be made available to the Department upon request. [Rules 62-4.160(14) and 62-213.440(1)(b)2., F.A.C.]

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B.29. Emissions Performance Test Reports: A report indicating the results of any required emissions performance test shall be submitted to the Compliance Authority no later than 45 days after completion of the last test run. The test report shall provide sufficient detail on the tested emission unit and the procedures used to allow the Department to determine if the test was properly conducted and if the test results were properly computed. At a minimum, the test report shall provide the applicable information listed in Rule 62-297.310(8)(c), F.A.C. [Rule 62-297.310(8), F.A.C.]

B. 30. Monthly Operations Summary: By the fifth calendar day of each month, the permittee shall record the 12- month hours of operation of the internal combustion engines, 12-month emission totals for NO_x and amount of the No. 2 fuel oil fired for the internal combustion engines. The information shall be recorded in a written or electronic log and shall be available for inspection and/or printing within at least one day of a request from the Compliance Authority. [Rule 62-4.160(15), F.A.C.]

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IV. This section is the Acid Rain Part

Operated by: Tampa Electric Company

ORIS Code: 647

A. Acid Rain Part - Phase II

{Permit note: The Phase II permit is issued by FDEP.}

The emissions units listed below are regulated under Acid Rain, Phase II

<u>E.U.</u>	
ID No.	Brief Description/Maximum Heat Input
001	Boiler #1 298 MMBtu/hr
002	Boiler #2 298 MMBtu/hr
003	Boiler #3 411 MMBtu/hr
004	Boiler #4 411 MMBtu/hr
005	Boiler #5 610 MMBtu/hr
006	Boiler #6 778 MMBtu/hr

A.1. The Phase II application submitted for this facility, as approved by the Department, is a part of this permit. The owners and operators of these Phase II acid rain units must comply with the standard requirements and special provisions set forth in the application listed below:

a. DEP Form No. 62-210.900(1)(a), dated July 1, 1995. [Chapter 62-213, F.A.C. and Rule 62-214.320, F.A.C.]

A.2. Sulfur dioxide (SO₂) allowance allocations for each Acid Rain unit are as follows:

E.U. ID No.	EPA ID	Year	2000	2001	2002
-001	HB01	SO2 allowances, under Table 2, 3, or 4 of 40 CFR 73	177*	177*	177*
-002	НВ02	SO2 allowances, under Table 2, 3, or 4 of 40 CFR 73	202*	202*	202*
-003	HB03	SO2 allowances, under Table 2, 3, or 4 of 40 CFR 73	461*	461*	461*
-004	HB04	SO2 allowances, under Table 2, 3, or 4 of 40 CFR 73	692*	692*	692*
-005	HB05	SO2 allowances, under Table 2, 3, or 4 of 40 CFR 73	1234*	1234*	1234*
-006	НВ06	SO2 allowances, under Table 2, 3, or 4 of 40 CFR 73	472*	472*	472*

*The number of allowances held by an Acid Rain source in a unit account may differ from the number allocated by the USEPA under Table 2, 3, or 4 of 40 CFR 73.

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- A.3. Emission Allowances. Emissions from sources subject to the Federal Acid Rain Program (Title IV) shall not exceed any allowances that the source lawfully holds under the Federal Acid Rain Program. Allowances shall not be used to demonstrate compliance with a non-Title IV applicable requirement of the Act.
- a. No permit revision shall be required for increases in emissions that are authorized by allowances acquired pursuant to the Federal Acid Rain Program, provided that such increases do not require a permit revision pursuant to Rule 62-213.400(3), F.A.C.
- b. No limit shall be placed on the number of allowances held by the source under the Federal Acid Rain Program.
- c. Allowances shall be accounted for under the Federal Acid Rain Program. [Rule 62-213.440(1)(c)1., 2. & 3., F.A.C.]
- A.4. <u>Fast-Track Revisions of Acid Rain Parts</u>. Those Acid Rain sources making a change described at Rule 62-214.370(4), F.A.C., may request such change as provided in Rule 62-213.413, Fast-Track Revisions of Acid Rain Parts.
 [Rule 62-214.370(4), and Rule 62-213.413, F.A.C]
- A.5. Comments, notes, and justifications: none.

B. Acid Rain Part - Phase I

{Permit note: The U.S. EPA issues Acid Rain Phase I permits}

The emissions units listed below are substitution units regulated under Acid Rain Part, Phase I, for Tampa Electric Company, Hookers Point Station, Facility ID No. 0570038, ORIS code: 0647.

<u>E.U.</u>	
ID No.	Brief Description/Maximum Heat Input
001	Boiler #1 298 MMBtu/hr
002	Boiler #2 298 MMBtu/hr
003	Boiler #3 411 MMBtu/hr
004	Boiler #4 411 MMBtu/hr
005	Boiler #5 610 MMBtu/hr
006	Boiler #6 778 MMBtu/hr

Appendix I-1, List of Insignificant Emissions Units and/or Activities.

Tampa Electric Company FINAL Permit No.: 0570038-003-AV

Hookers Point Station Facility ID No.: 0570038

The facilities, emissions units, or pollutant-emitting activities listed in Rule 62-210.300(3)(a), F.A.C., Categorical Exemptions, or that meet the criteria specified in Rule 62-210.300(3)(b)1., F.A.C., Generic Emissions Unit Exemption, are exempt from the permitting requirements of Chapters 62-210, 62-212 and 62-4, F.A.C.; provided, however, that exempt emissions units shall be subject to any applicable emission limiting standards and the emissions from exempt emissions units or activities shall be considered in determining the potential emissions of the facility containing such emissions units. Emissions units and pollutant-emitting activities exempt from permitting under Rules 62-210.300(3)(a) and (b)1., F.A.C., shall not be exempt from the permitting requirements of Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., if they are contained within a Title V source; however, such emissions units and activities shall be considered insignificant for Title V purposes provided they also meet the criteria of Rule 62-213.430(6)(b), F.A.C. No emissions unit shall be entitled to an exemption from permitting under Rules 62-210.300(3)(a) and (b)1., F.A.C., if its emissions, in combination with the emissions of other units and activities at the facility, would cause the facility to emit or have the potential to emit any pollutant in such amount as to make the facility a Title V source.

The below listed emissions units and/or activities are considered insignificant pursuant to Rule 62-213.430(6), F.A.C.

Brief Description of Emissions Units and/or Activities

- 1. Brazing, soldering & welding.
- 2. Emergency generators.
- 3. Heating units.
- 4. Storage tanks.
- 5. Laboratory equipment used for chemical or physical analyses.
- 6. Fire safety equipment.
- 7. Turbine vapor extractor.
- 8. Parts cleaning and degreasing stations using non-halogenated solvents.
- 9. Architectural (equipment) maintenance painting.
- 10. (6) Fuel Oil Storage Tanks
- 11. No. 2, No. 6., and used oil barge and truck unloading.
- 12. Surface coating operations within a single facility if the total quantity of coatings containing greater than 5.0 percent VOCs, by volume, used is 6.0 gallons per day or less, averaged monthly, provided:
 - a. Such operations are not subject to a volatile organic compound Reasonably Available Control Technology (RACT) requirement of Chapter 62-296, F.A.C.; and
 - b. The amount of coatings used shall include any solvents and thinners used in the process including those used for cleanup.
- 13. Surface coating operations utilizing only coatings containing 5.0 percent or less VOCs, by volume.
- 14. Degreasing units using heavier-than-air vapors exclusively, except any such unit using or emitting any substance classified as a hazardous air pollutant.
- 15. Evaporation of non-hazardous boiler chemical cleaning waste which was generated on-site.

APPENDIX TV-3, TITLE V CONDITIONS (version dated 04/30/99)

[Note: This attachment includes "canned conditions" developed from the "Title V Core List."]

{Permitting note: APPENDIX TV-3, TITLE V CONDITIONS, is distributed to the permittee only. Other persons requesting copies of these conditions shall be provided one copy when requested or otherwise appropriate.}

Chapter 62-4, F.A.C.

1. Not federally enforceable. General Prohibition. Any stationary installation which will reasonably be expected to be a source of pollution shall not be operated, maintained, or modified without the appropriate and valid permits issued by the Department, unless the source is exempted by Department rule. The Department may issue a permit only after it receives reasonable assurance that the installation will not cause pollution in violation of any of the provisions of Chapter 403, F.S., or the rules promulgated thereunder. A permitted installation may only be operated, maintained, constructed, expanded or modified in a manner that is consistent with the terms of the permit.

[Rule 62-4.030, Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.); Section 403.087, Florida Statute (F.S.)]

- 2. Not federally enforceable. Procedure to Obtain Permits; Application.
- (1) Any person desiring to obtain a permit from the Department shall apply on forms prescribed by the Department and shall submit such additional information as the Department by law may require.
- (2) All applications and supporting documents shall be filed in quadruplicate with the Department.
- (3) To ensure protection of public health, safety, and welfare, any construction, modification, or operation of an installation which may be a source of pollution shall be in accordance with sound professional engineering practices pursuant to Chapter 471, F.S. All applications for a Department permit shall be certified by a professional engineer registered in the State of Florida except when the application is for renewal of an air pollution operation permit at a minor facility as defined in Rule 62-210.200, F.A.C., or where professional engineering is not required by Chapter 471, F.S. Where required by Chapter 471 or 492, F.S., applicable portions of permit applications and supporting documents which are submitted to the Department for public record shall be signed and sealed by the professional(s) who prepared or approved them.
- (4) Processing fees for air construction permits shall be in accordance with Rule 62-4.050(4), F.A.C.
- (5)(a) To be considered by the Department, each application must be accompanied by the proper processing fee. The fee shall be paid by check, payable to the Department of Environmental Protection. The fee is non-refundable except as provided in Section 120.60, F.S., and in this section.
 - (c) Upon receipt of the proper application fee, the permit processing time requirements of Sections 120.60(2) and 403.0876, F.S., shall begin.
 - (d) If the applicant does not submit the required fee within ten days of receipt of written notification, the Department shall either return the unprocessed application or arrange with the applicant for the pick up of the application.
 - (e) If an applicant submits an application fee in excess of the required fee, the permit processing time requirements of Sections 120.60(2) and 403.0876, F.S., shall begin upon receipt, and the Department shall refund to the applicant the amount received in excess of the required fee.
- (6) Any substantial modification to a complete application shall require an additional processing fee determined pursuant to the schedule set forth in Rule 62-4.050, F.A.C., and shall restart the time requirements of Sections 120.60 and 403.0876, F.S. For purposes of this Subsection, the term "substantial modification" shall mean a modification which is reasonably expected to lead to substantially different environmental impacts which require a detailed review.
- (7) Modifications to existing permits proposed by the permittee which require substantial changes in the existing permit or require substantial evaluation by the Department of potential impacts of the proposed modifications shall require the same fee as a new application.

[Rule 62-4.050, F.A.C.]

3. Standards for Issuing or Denying Permits. Except as provided at Rule 62-213.460, F.A.C., the issuance of a permit does not relieve any person from complying with the requirements of Chapter 403, F.S., or Department rules. [Rule 62-4.070(7), F.A.C.]

APPENDIX TV-3, TITLE V CONDITIONS (version dated 04/30/99) (continued)

4. Modification of Permit Conditions.

- (1) For good cause and after notice and an administrative hearing, if requested, the Department may require the permittee to conform to new or additional conditions. The Department shall allow the permittee a reasonable time to conform to the new or additional conditions and on application of the permittee the Department may grant additional time. For the purpose of this section, good cause shall include, but not be limited to, any of the following: (also, see Condition No. 38)
 - (a) A showing that an improvement in effluent or emission quality or quantity can be accomplished because of technological advances without unreasonable hardship.
 - (b) A showing that a higher degree of treatment is necessary to effect the intent and purpose of Chapter 403, F.S.
 - (c) A showing of any change in the environment or surrounding conditions that requires a modification to conform to applicable air or water quality standards.
 - (e) Adoption or revision of Florida Statutes, rules, or standards which require the modification of a permit condition for compliance.
- (2) A permittee may request a modification of a permit by applying to the Department.
- (3) A permittee may request that a permit be extended as a modification of the permit. Such a request must be submitted to the Department in writing before the expiration of the permit. Upon timely submittal of a request for extension, unless the permit automatically expires by statute or rule, the permit will remain in effect until final agency action is taken on the request. For construction permits, an extension shall be granted if the applicant can demonstrate reasonable assurances that, upon completion, the extended permit will comply with the standards and conditions required by applicable regulation. For all other permits, an extension shall be granted if the applicant can demonstrate reasonable assurances that the extended permit will comply with the standards and conditions applicable to the original permit. A permit for which the permit application fee was prorated in accordance with Rule 62-4.050(4)(1), F.A.C., shall not be extended. In no event shall a permit be extended or remain in effect longer than the time limits established by statute or rule.

[Rule 62-4.080, F.A.C.]

5. Renewals. Prior to one hundred eighty (180) days before the expiration of a permit issued pursuant to Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., the permittee shall apply for a renewal of a permit using forms incorporated by reference in the specific rule chapter for that kind of permit. A renewal application shall be timely and sufficient. If the application is submitted prior to 180 days before expiration of the permit, it will be considered timely and sufficient. If the renewal application is submitted at a later date, it will not be considered timely and sufficient unless it is submitted and made complete prior to the expiration of the operation permit. When the application for renewal is timely and sufficient, the existing permit shall remain in effect until the renewal application has been finally acted upon by the Department or, if there is court review of the Department's final agency action, until a later date is required by Section 120.60, F.S., provided that, for renewal of a permit issued pursuant to Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., the applicant complies with the requirements of Rules 62-213.420(1)(b)3. and 4., F.A.C.

[Rule 62-4.090(1), F.A.C.]

6. Suspension and Revocation.

- (1) Permits shall be effective until suspended, revoked, surrendered, or expired and shall be subject to the provisions of Chapter 403, F.S., and rules of the Department.
- (2) Failure to comply with pollution control laws and rules shall be grounds for suspension or revocation.
- (3) A permit issued pursuant to Chapter 62-4, F.A.C., shall not become a vested property right in the permittee. The Department may revoke any permit issued by it if it finds that the permit holder or the permit holder's agent:
 - (a) Submitted false or inaccurate information in application or operational reports.
 - (b) Has violated law, Department orders, rules or permit conditions.
 - (c) Has failed to submit operational reports or other information required by Department rules.
 - (d) Has refused lawful inspection under Section 403.091, F.S.

[Rule 62-4.100, F.A.C.]

7. Not federally enforceable. <u>Financial Responsibility</u>. The Department may require an applicant to submit proof of financial responsibility and may require the applicant to post an appropriate bond to guarantee compliance with the law and Department rules. [Rule 62-4.110, F.A.C.]

- 8. Transfer of Permits.
- (1) Within 30 days after the sale or legal transfer of a permitted facility, an "Application for Transfer of Permit" (DEP Form 62-1.201(1)) must be submitted to the Department. This form must be completed with the notarized signatures of both the permittee and the proposed new permittee.
- (2) The Department shall approve the transfer of a permit unless it determines that the proposed new permittee cannot provide reasonable assurances that conditions of the permit will be met. The determination shall be limited solely to the ability of the new permittee to comply with the conditions of the existing permit, and it shall not concern the adequacy of these permit conditions. If the Department proposes to deny the transfer, it shall provide both the permittee and the proposed new permittee a written objection to such transfer together with notice of a right to request a Chapter 120, F.S., proceeding on such determination.
- (3) Within 30 days of receiving a properly completed Application for Transfer of Permit form, the Department shall issue a final determination. The Department may toll the time for making a determination on the transfer by notifying both the permittee and the proposed new permittee that additional information is required to adequately review the transfer request. Such notification shall be served within 30 days of receipt of an Application for Transfer of Permit form, completed pursuant to Rule 62-4.120(1), F.A.C. If the Department fails to take action to approve or deny the transfer within 30 days of receipt of the completed Application for Transfer of Permit form, or within 30 days of receipt of the last item of timely requested additional information, the transfer shall be deemed approved.
- (4) The permittee is encouraged to apply for a permit transfer prior to the sale or legal transfer of a permitted facility. However, the transfer shall not be effective prior to the sale or legal transfer.
- (5) Until this transfer is approved by the Department, the permittee and any other person constructing, operating, or maintaining the permitted facility shall be liable for compliance with the terms of the permit. The permittee transferring the permit shall remain liable for corrective actions that may be required as a result of any violations occurring prior to the sale or legal transfer of the facility.

[Rule 62-4.120, F.A.C.]

9. Plant Operation-Problems. If the permittee is temporarily unable to comply with any of the conditions of the permit due to breakdown of equipment or destruction by hazard of fire, wind or by other cause, the permittee shall immediately notify the Department. Notification shall include pertinent information as to the cause of the problem, and what steps are being taken to correct the problem and to prevent its recurrence, and where applicable, the owner's intent toward reconstruction of destroyed facilities. Such notification does not release the permittee from any liability for failure to comply with Department rules. (also, see Condition No. 10)

[Rule 62-4.130, F.A.C.]

- 10. For purposes of notification to the Department pursuant to Condition No. 9, Condition No. 12(8), and Rule 62-4.130, F.A.C., Plant Operation-Problems, "immediately" shall mean the same day, if during a workday (i.e., 8:00 a.m. 5:00 p.m.), or the first business day after the incident, excluding weekends and holidays; and, for purposes of 40 CFR 70.6(a)(3)(iii)(B), "prompt" shall have the same meaning as "immediately". [also, see Conditions Nos. 9 and 12(8)]

 [40 CFR 70.6(a)(3)(iii)(B)]
- 11. Not federally enforceable. Review. Failure to request a hearing within 14 days of receipt of notice of proposed or final agency action on a permit application or as otherwise required in Chapter 62-103, F.A.C., shall be deemed a waiver of the right to an administrative hearing.

 [Rule 62-4.150, F.A.C.]
- 12. Permit Conditions. All permits issued by the Department shall include the following general conditions:
- (1) The terms, conditions, requirements, limitations and restrictions set forth in this permit, are "permit conditions" and are binding and enforceable pursuant to Sections 403.141, 403.727, or 403.859 through 403.861, F.S. The permittee is placed on notice that the Department will review this permit periodically and may initiate enforcement action for any violation of these conditions.
- (2) This permit is valid only for the specific processes and operations applied for and indicated in the approved drawings or exhibits. Any unauthorized deviation from the approved drawings, exhibits, specifications, or conditions of this permit may constitute grounds for revocation and enforcement action by the Department.
- (3) As provided in subsections 403.087(6) and 403.722(5), F.S., the issuance of this permit does not convey any vested rights or any exclusive privileges. Neither does it authorize any injury to public or private property or any invasion of personal rights, nor any infringement of federal, state, or local laws or regulations. This permit is not a waiver of or approval of any other Department permit that may be required for other aspects of the total project which are not addressed in this permit.

APPENDIX TV-3, TITLE V CONDITIONS (version dated 04/30/99) (continued)

- (4) This permit conveys no title to land or water, does not constitute State recognition or acknowledgment of title, and does not constitute authority for the use of submerged lands unless herein provided and the necessary title or leasehold interests have been obtained from the State. Only the Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund may express State opinion as to title.
- (5) This permit does not relieve the permittee from liability for harm or injury to human health or welfare, animal, or plant life, or property caused by the construction or operation of this permitted source, or from penalties therefore; nor does it allow the permittee to cause pollution in contravention of F.S. and Department rules, unless specifically authorized by an order from the Department.
- (6) The permittee shall properly operate and maintain the facility and systems of treatment and control (and related appurtenances) that are installed and used by the permittee to achieve compliance with the conditions of this permit, as required by Department rules. This provision includes the operation of backup or auxiliary facilities or similar systems when necessary to achieve compliance with the conditions of the permit and when required by Department rules.
- (7) The permittee, by accepting this permit, specifically agrees to allow authorized Department personnel, upon presentation of credentials or other documents as may be required by law and at reasonable times, access to the premises where the permitted activity is located or conducted to:
 - (a) Have access to and copy any records that must be kept under conditions of the permit;
 - (b) Inspect the facility, equipment, practices, or operations regulated or required under this permit; and,
 - (c) Sample or monitor any substances or parameters at any location reasonable necessary to assure compliance with this permit or Department rules. Reasonable time may depend on the nature of the concern being investigated.
- (8) If, for any reason, the permittee does not comply with or will be unable to comply with any condition or limitation specified in this permit, the permittee shall immediately provide the Department with the following information: (also, see Condition No. 10)
 - (a) A description of and cause of noncompliance; and,
 - (b) The period of noncompliance, including dates and times; or, if not corrected, the anticipated time the noncompliance is expected to continue, and steps being taken to reduce, eliminate, and prevent recurrence of the noncompliance. The permittee shall be responsible for any and all damages which may result and may be subject to enforcement action by the Department for penalties or for revocation of this permit.
- (9) In accepting this permit, the permittee understands and agrees that all records, notes, monitoring data and other information relating to the construction or operation of this permitted source which are submitted to the Department may be used by the Department as evidence in any enforcement case involving the permitted source arising under the F.S. or Department rules, except where such use is prescribed by Sections 403.111 and 403.73, F.S. Such evidence shall only be used to the extent it is consistent with the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure and appropriate evidentiary rules.
- (10) The permittee agrees to comply with changes in Department rules and F.S. after a reasonable time for compliance; provided, however, the permittee does not waive any other rights granted by F.S. or Department rules.
- (11) This permit is transferable only upon Department approval in accordance with Rule 62-4.120, F.A.C., as applicable. The permittee shall be liable for any non-compliance of the permitted activity until the transfer is approved by the Department.
- (12) This permit or a copy thereof shall be kept at the work site of the permitted activity.
- (14) The permittee shall comply with the following:
 - (a) Upon request, the permittee shall furnish all records and plans required under Department rules. During enforcement actions, the retention period for all records will be extended automatically unless otherwise stipulated by the Department.
 - (b) The permittee shall hold at the facility or other location designated by this permit records of all monitoring information (including all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation) required by the permit, copies of all reports required by this permit, and records of all data used to complete the application for this permit. These materials shall be retained at least five (5) years from the date of the sample, measurement, report, or application unless otherwise specified by Department rule.
 - (c) Records of monitoring information shall include:
 - 1. the date, exact place, and time of sampling or measurements;
 - 2. the person responsible for performing the sampling or measurements;
 - 3. the dates analyses were performed;
 - 4. the person responsible for performing the analyses;
 - 5. the analytical techniques or methods used; and,
 - the results of such analyses.
- (15) When requested by the Department, the permittee shall within a reasonable time furnish any information required by law which is needed to determine compliance with the permit. If the permittee becomes aware the relevant facts were not submitted or were incorrect in the permit application or in any report to the Department, such facts or information shall be corrected promptly. [Rules 62-4.160 and 62-213.440(1)(b), F.A.C.]

APPENDIX TV-3, TITLE V CONDITIONS (version dated 04/30/99) (continued)

- 13. Construction Permits.
- (1) No person shall construct any installation or facility which will reasonably be expected to be a source of air or water pollution without first applying for and receiving a construction permit from the Department unless exempted by statute or Department rule. In addition to the requirements of Chapter 62-4, F.A.C., applicants for a Department Construction Permit shall submit the following as applicable:
 - (a) A completed application on forms furnished by the Department.
 - (b) An engineering report covering:
 - 1. plant description and operations,
 - 2. types and quantities of all waste material to be generated whether liquid, gaseous or solid,
 - 3. proposed waste control facilities,
 - 4. the treatment objectives,
 - 5. the design criteria on which the control facilities are based, and,
 - 6. other information deemed relevant.

Design criteria submitted pursuant to Rule 62-4.210(1)(b)5., F.A.C., shall be based on the results of laboratory and pilot-plant scale studies whenever such studies are warranted. The design efficiencies of the proposed waste treatment facilities and the quantities and types of pollutants in the treated effluents or emissions shall be indicated. Work of this nature shall be subject to the requirements of Chapter 471, F.S. Where confidential records are involved, certain information may be kept confidential pursuant to Section 403.111, F.S.

- (c) The owners' written guarantee to meet the design criteria as accepted by the Department and to abide by Chapter 403, F.S. and the rules of the Department as to the quantities and types of materials to be discharged from the installation. The owner may be required to post an appropriate bond or other equivalent evidence of financial responsibility to guarantee compliance with such conditions in instances where the owner's financial resources are inadequate or proposed control facilities are experimental in nature.
- (2) The construction permit may contain conditions and an expiration date as determined by the Secretary or the Secretary's designee.
- (3) When the Department issues a permit to construct, the permittee shall be allowed a period of time, specified in the permit, to construct, and to operate and test to determine compliance with Chapter 403, F.S., and the rules of the Department and, where applicable, to apply for and receive an operation permit. The Department may require tests and evaluations of the treatment facilities by the permittee at his/her expense.

[Rule 62-4.210, F.A.C.]

14. Not federally enforceable. Operation Permit for New Sources. To properly apply for an operation permit for new sources, the applicant shall submit certification that construction was completed noting any deviations from the conditions in the construction permit and test results where appropriate.

[Rule 62-4.220, F.A.C.]

Chapters 28-106 and 62-110, F.A.C.

- 15. <u>Public Notice</u>, <u>Public Participation</u>, and <u>Proposed Agency Action</u>. The permittee shall comply with all of the requirements for public notice, public participation, and proposed agency action pursuant to Rule 62-110.106 and Rule 62-210.350, F.A.C. [Rules 62-110.106, 62-210.350 and 62-213.430(1)(b), F.A.C.]
- 16. Administrative Hearing. The permittee shall comply with all of the requirements for a petition for administrative hearing or waiver of right to administrative proceeding pursuant to Rules 28-106.201, 28-106.301 and 62-110.106, F.A.C. [Rules 28-106.201, 28-106.301 and 62-110.106, F.A.C.]

Chapter 62-204, F.A.C.

17. <u>Asbestos</u>. This permit does not authorize any demolition or renovation of the facility or its parts or components which involves asbestos removal. This permit does not constitute a waiver of any of the requirements of Chapter 62-257, F.A.C., and 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart M, National Emission Standard for Asbestos, adopted and incorporated by reference in Rule 62-204.800, F.A.C. Compliance with Chapter 62-257, F.A.C., and 40 CFR 61, Subpart M, Section 61.145, is required for any asbestos demolition or renovation at the source.

[40 CFR 61; Rule 62-204.800, F.A.C.; and, Chapter 62-257, F.A.C.]

Chapter 62-210, F.A.C.

- 18. Permits Required. The owner or operator of any emissions unit which emits or can reasonably be expected to emit any air pollutant shall obtain an appropriate permit from the Department prior to beginning construction, modification, or initial or continued operation of the emissions unit unless exempted pursuant to Department rule or statute. All emissions limitations, controls, and other requirements imposed by such permits shall be at least as stringent as any applicable limitations and requirements contained in or enforceable under the State Implementation Plan (SIP) or that are otherwise federally enforceable. Except as provided at Rule 62-213.460, F.A.C., issuance of a permit does not relieve the owner or operator of an emissions unit from complying with any applicable requirements, any emission limiting standards or other requirements of the air pollution rules of the Department or any other such requirements under federal, state, or local law.
 - (a) Unless exempt from permitting pursuant to Rule 62-210.300(3)(a) or (b), F.A.C., or Rule 62-4.040, F.A.C., an air construction permit shall be obtained by the owner or operator of any proposed new or modified facility or emissions unit prior to the beginning of construction or modification, in accordance with all applicable provisions of this chapter, Chapter 62-212, F.A.C., and Chapter 62-4, F.A.C. Except as provided under Rule 62-213.415, F.A.C., the owner or operator of any facility seeking to create or change an air emissions bubble shall obtain an air construction permit in accordance with all the applicable provisions of this chapter, Chapter 62-212, F.A.C., and Chapter 62-4, F.A.C. The construction permit shall be issued for a period of time sufficient to allow construction or modification of the facility or emissions unit and operation while the new or modified facility or emissions unit is conducting tests or otherwise demonstrating initial compliance with the conditions of the construction permit.
 - (b) Notwithstanding the expiration of an air construction permit, all limitations and requirements of such permit that are applicable to the design and operation of the permitted facility or emissions unit shall remain in effect until the facility or emissions unit is permanently shut down, except for any such limitation or requirement that is obsolete by its nature (such as a requirement for initial compliance testing) or any such limitation or requirement that is changed in accordance with the provisions of Rule 62-210.300(1)(b)1., F.A.C. Either the applicant or the Department can propose that certain conditions be considered obsolete. Any conditions or language in an air construction permit that are included for informational purposes only, if they are transferred to the air operation permit, shall be transferred for informational purposes only and shall not become enforceable conditions unless voluntarily agreed to by the permittee or otherwise required under Department rules.
 - 1. Except for those limitations or requirements that are obsolete, all limitations and requirements of an air construction permit shall be included and identified in any air operation permit for the facility or emissions unit. The limitations and requirements included in the air operation permit can be changed, and thereby superseded, through the issuance of an air construction permit, federally enforceable state air operation permit, federally enforceable air general permit, or Title V air operation permit; provided, however, that:
 - a. Any change that would constitute an administrative correction may be made pursuant to Rule 62-210.360, F.A.C.;
 - b. Any change that would constitute a modification, as defined at Rule 62-210.200, F.A.C., shall be accomplished only through the issuance of an air construction permit; and
 - c. Any change in a permit limitation or requirement that originates from a permit issued pursuant to 40 CFR 52.21, Rule 62-204.800(10)(d)2., F.A.C., Rule 62-212.400, F.A.C., Rule 62-212.500, F.A.C., or any former codification of Rule 62-212.400 or 62-212.500, F.A.C., shall be accomplished only through the issuance of a new or revised air construction permit under Rule 62-204.800(10)(d)2., F.A.C., 62-212.400 or 62-212.500, F.A.C., as appropriate.
 - 2. The force and effect of any change in a permit limitation or requirement made in accordance with the provisions of Rule 62-210.300(1)(b)1. F.A.C., shall be the same as if such change were made to the original air construction permit.

 3. Nothing in Rule 62-210.300(1)(b), F.A.C., shall be construed as to allow operation of a facility or emissions unit without a valid air operation permit.
- (2) Air Operation Permits. Upon expiration of the air operation permit for any existing facility or emissions unit, subsequent to construction or modification and demonstration of initial compliance with the conditions of the construction permit for any new or modified facility or emissions unit, or as otherwise provided in Chapter 62-210 or Chapter 62-213, the owner or operator of such facility or emissions unit shall obtain a renewal air operation permit, an initial air operation permit, or an administrative correction or revision of an existing air operation permit, whichever is appropriate, in accordance with all applicable provisions of Chapter 62-210, Chapter 62-213, and Chapter 62-4, F.A.C.
 - (a) Minimum Requirements for All Air Operation Permits. At a minimum, a permit issued pursuant to this subsection shall:
 - 1. Specify the manner, nature, volume and frequency of the emissions permitted, and the applicable emission limiting standards or performance standards, if any;
 - 2. Require proper operation and maintenance of any pollution control equipment by qualified personnel, where applicable in accordance with the provisions of any operation and maintenance plan required by the air pollution rules of the Department.

- 3. Contain an effective date stated in the permit which shall not be earlier than the date final action is taken on the application and be issued for a period, beginning on the effective date, as provided below.
 - a. The operation permit for an emissions unit which is in compliance with all applicable rules and in operational condition, and which the owner or operator intends to continue operating, shall be issued or renewed for a five-year period, except that, for Title V sources subject to Rule 62-213.420(1)(a)1., F.A.C., operation permits shall be extended until 60 days after the due date for submittal of the facility's Title V permit application as specified in Rule 62-213.420(1)(a)1., F.A.C.
 - b. Except as provided in Rule 62-210.300(2)(a)3.d., F.A.C., the operation permit for an emissions unit which has been shut down for six months or more prior to the expiration date of the current operation permit, shall be renewed for a period not to exceed five years from the date of shutdown, even if the emissions unit is not maintained in operational condition, provided:
 - (i) the owner or operator of the emissions unit demonstrates to the Department that the emissions unit may need to be reactivated and used, or that it is the owner's or operator's intent to apply to the Department for a permit to construct a new emissions unit at the facility before the end of the extension period; and,
 - (ii) the owner or operator of the emissions unit agrees to and is legally prohibited from providing the allowable emission permitted by the renewed permit as an emissions offset to any other person under Rule 62-212.500, F.A.C.; and,
 - (iii) the emissions unit was operating in compliance with all applicable rules as of the time the source was shut down.
 - c. Except as provided in Rule 62-210.300(2)(a)3.d., F.A.C., the operation permit for an emissions unit which has been shut down for five years or more prior to the expiration date of the current operation permit shall be renewed for a maximum period not to exceed ten years from the date of shutdown, even if the emissions unit is not maintained in operational condition, provided the conditions given in Rule 62-210.300(2)(a)3.b., F.A.C., are met and the owner or operator demonstrates to the Department that failure to renew the permit would constitute a hardship, which may include economic hardship.
 - d. The operation permit for an electric utility generating unit on cold standby or long-term reserve shutdown shall be renewed for a five-year period, and additional five-year periods, even if the unit is not maintained in operational condition, provided the conditions given in Rules 62-210.300(2)(a)3.b.(i) through (iii), F.A.C., are met.
- 4. In the case of an emissions unit permitted pursuant to Rules 62-210.300(2)(a)3.b., c., and d., F.A.C., include reasonable notification and compliance testing requirements for reactivation of such emissions unit and provide that the owner or operator demonstrate to the Department prior to reactivation that such reactivation would not constitute reconstruction pursuant to Rule 62-204.800(7), F.A.C.

[Rules 62-210.300(1) & (2), F.A.C.]

- 19. Not federally enforceable. Notification of Startup. The owner or operator of any emissions unit or facility which has a valid air operation permit and which has been shut down more than one (1) year, shall notify the Department in writing of the intent to start up such emissions unit or facility, a minimum of sixty (60) days prior to the intended startup date.
 - (a) The notification shall include the planned startup date, anticipated emission rates or pollutants released, changes to processes or control devices which will result in changes to emission rates, and any other conditions which may differ from the valid outstanding operation permit.
 - (b) If, due to an emergency, a startup date is not known 60 days prior thereto, the owner shall notify the Department as soon as possible after the date of such startup is ascertained.

[Rule 62-210.300(5), F.A.C.]

20. Emissions Unit Reclassification.

(a) Any emissions unit whose operation permit has been revoked as provided for in Chapter 62-4, F.A.C., shall be deemed permanently shut down for purposes of Rule 62-212.500, F.A.C. Any emissions unit whose permit to operate has expired without timely renewal or transfer may be deemed permanently shut down, provided, however, that no such emissions unit shall be deemed permanently shut down if, within 20 days after receipt of written notice from the Department, the emissions unit owner or operator demonstrates that the permit expiration resulted from inadvertent failure to comply with the requirements of Rule 62-4.090, F.A.C., and that the owner or operator intends to continue the emissions unit in operation, and either submits an application for an air operation permit or complies with permit transfer requirements, if applicable.

- (b) If the owner or operator of an emissions unit which is so permanently shut down, applies to the Department for a permit to reactivate or operate such emissions unit, the emissions unit will be reviewed and permitted as a new emissions unit. [Rule 62-210.300(6), F.A.C.]
- 21. Public Notice and Comment.
- (1) Public Notice of Proposed Agency Action.
 - (a) A notice of proposed agency action on permit application, where the proposed agency action is to issue the permit, shall be published by any applicant for:
 - 1. An air construction permit;
 - 2. An air operation permit, permit renewal or permit revision subject to Rule 62-210.300(2)(b), F.A.C., (i.e., a FESOP), except as provided in Rule 62-210.300(2)(b)1.b., F.A.C.; or
 - 3. An air operation permit, permit renewal, or permit revision subject to Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., except those permit revisions meeting the requirements of Rule 62-213,412(1), F.A.C.
 - (b) The notice required by Rule 62-210.350(1)(a), F.A.C., shall be published in accordance with all otherwise applicable provisions of Rule 62-110.106, F.A.C. A public notice under Rule 62-210.350(1)(a)1., F.A.C., for an air construction permit may be combined with any required public notice under Rule 62-210.350(1)(a)2. or 3., F.A.C., for air operation permits. If such notices are combined, the public notice must comply with the requirements for both notices.
 - (c) Except as otherwise provided at Rules 62-210.350(2) and (5), F.A.C., each notice of intent to issue an air construction permit shall provide a 14-day period for submittal of public comments.
- (2) Additional Public Notice Requirements for Emissions Units Subject to Prevention of Significant Deterioration or Nonattainment Area Preconstruction Review.
 - (a) Before taking final agency action on a construction permit application for any proposed new or modified facility or emissions unit subject to the preconstruction review requirements of Rule 62-212.400 or 62-212.500, F.A.C., the Department shall comply with all applicable provisions of Rule 62-110.106, F.A.C., and provide an opportunity for public comment which shall include as a minimum the following:
 - 1. A complete file available for public inspection in at least one location in the district affected which includes the information submitted by the owner or operator, exclusive of confidential records under Section 403.111, F.S., and the Department's analysis of the effect of the proposed construction or modification on ambient air quality, including the Department's preliminary determination of whether the permit should be approved or disapproved;
 - 2. A 30-day period for submittal of public comments; and,
 - 3. A notice, by advertisement in a newspaper of general circulation in the county affected, specifying the nature and location of the proposed facility or emissions unit, whether BACT or LAER has been determined, the degree of PSD increment consumption expected, if applicable, and the location of the information specified in paragraph 1. above; and notifying the public of the opportunity for submitting comments and requesting a public hearing.
 - (b) The notice provided for in Rule 62-210.350(2)(a)3., F.A.C., shall be prepared by the Department and published by the applicant in accordance with all applicable provisions of Rule 62-110.106, F.A.C., except that the applicant shall cause the notice to be published no later than thirty (30) days prior to final agency action.
 - (c) A copy of the notice provided for in Rule 62-210.350(2)(a)3., F.A.C., shall also be sent by the Department to the Regional Office of the U. S. Environmental Protection Agency and to all other state and local officials or agencies having cognizance over the location of such new or modified facility or emissions unit, including local air pollution control agencies, chief executives of city or county government, regional land use planning agencies, and any other state, Federal Land Manager, or Indian Governing Body whose lands may be affected by emissions from the new or modified facility or emissions unit.
 - (d) A copy of the notice provided for in Rule 62-210.350(2)(a)3., F.A.C., shall be displayed in the appropriate district, branch and local program offices.
 - (e) An opportunity for public hearing shall be provided in accordance with Chapter 120, F.S., and Rule 62-110.106, F.A.C.
 - (f) Any public comments received shall be made available for public inspection in the location where the information specified in Rule 62-210.350(2)(a)1., F.A.C., is available and shall be considered by the Department in making a final determination to approve or deny the permit.
 - (g) The final determination shall be made available for public inspection at the same location where the information specified in Rule 62-210.350(2)(a)1., F.A.C., was made available.

- (h) For a proposed new or modified emissions unit which would be located within 100 kilometers of any Federal Class I area or whose emissions may affect any Federal Class I area, and which would be subject to the preconstruction review requirements of Rule 62-212.400, F.A.C., or Rule 62-212.500, F.A.C.:
 - 1. The Department shall mail or transmit to the Administrator a copy of the initial application for an air construction permit and notice of every action related to the consideration of the permit application.
 - 2. The Department shall mail or transmit to the Federal Land Manager of each affected Class I area a copy of any written notice of intent to apply for an air construction permit; the initial application for an air construction permit, including all required analyses and demonstrations; any subsequently submitted information related to the application; the preliminary determination and notice of proposed agency action on the permit application; and any petition for an administrative hearing regarding the application or the Department's proposed action. Each such document shall be mailed or transmitted to the Federal Land Manager within fourteen (14) days after its receipt by the Department.
- (3) Additional Public Notice Requirements for Facilities Subject to Operation Permits for Title V Sources.
 - (a) Before taking final agency action to issue a new, renewed, or revised air operation permit subject to Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., the Department shall comply with all applicable provisions of Rule 62-110.106, F.A.C., and provide an opportunity for public comment which shall include as a minimum the following:
 - 1. A complete file available for public inspection in at least one location in the district affected which includes the information submitted by the owner or operator, exclusive of confidential records under Section 403.111, F.S.; and,
 - 2. A 30-day period for submittal of public comments.
 - (b) The notice provided for in Rule 62-210.350(3)(a), F.A.C., shall be prepared by the Department and published by the applicant in accordance with all applicable provisions of Rule 62-110.106, F.A.C., except that the applicant shall cause the notice to be published no later than thirty (30) days prior to final agency action.
 - (c) The notice shall identify:
 - 1. The facility;
 - 2. The name and address of the office at which processing of the permit occurs;
 - 3. The activity or activities involved in the permit action;
 - 4. The emissions change involved in any permit revision;
 - 5. The name, address, and telephone number of a Department representative from whom interested persons may obtain additional information, including copies of the permit draft, the application, and all relevant supporting materials, including any permit application, compliance plan, permit, monitoring report, and compliance statement required pursuant to Chapter 62-213, F.A.C. (except for information entitled to confidential treatment pursuant to Section 403.111, F.S.), and all other materials available to the Department that are relevant to the permit decision;
 - 6. A brief description of the comment procedures required by Rule 62-210.350(3), F.A.C.;
 - 7. The time and place of any hearing that may be held, including a statement of procedure to request a hearing (unless a hearing has already been scheduled); and,
 - 8. The procedures by which persons may petition the Administrator to object to the issuance of the proposed permit after expiration of the Administrator's 45-day review period.

[Rule 62-210.350, F.A.C.]

22. Administrative Permit Corrections.

- (1) A facility owner shall notify the Department by letter of minor corrections to information contained in a permit. Such notifications shall include:
 - (a) Typographical errors noted in the permit;
 - (b) Name, address or phone number change from that in the permit;
 - (c) A change requiring more frequent monitoring or reporting by the permittee;
 - (d) Changes listed at 40 CFR 72.83(a)(1), (2), (6), (9) and (10), hereby adopted and incorporated by reference, to Title V sources subject to emissions limitations or reductions pursuant to 42 USC ss. 7651-76510;
 - (e) Changes listed at 40 CFR 72.83(a)(11), hereby adopted and incorporated by reference, to Title V sources subject to emissions limitations or reductions pursuant to 42 USC ss. 7651-76510, provided the notification is accompanied by a copy of any EPA determination concerning the similarity of the change to those listed at Rule 62-210.360(1)(d), F.A.C.; and
 - (f) Any other similar minor administrative change at the source.
- (2) Upon receipt of any such notification the Department shall within 60 days correct the permit and provide a corrected copy to the owner.
- (3) After first notifying the owner, the Department shall correct any permit in which it discovers errors of the types listed at Rule 62-210.360(1)(a) and (b), F.A.C., and provide a corrected copy to the owner.
- (4) For Title V source permits, other than general permits, a copy of the corrected permit shall be provided to EPA and any approved local air program in the county where the facility or any part of the facility is located.

(5) The Department shall incorporate requirements resulting from issuance of a new or revised construction permit into an existing Title V source permit, if the construction permit or permit revision incorporates requirements of federally enforceable preconstruction review, and if the applicant requests at the time of application that all of the requirements of Rule 62-213.430(1), F.A.C., be complied with in conjunction with the processing of the construction permit application.

[Rule 62-210.360, F.A.C.]

23. Reports.

- (3) Annual Operating Report for Air Pollutant Emitting Facility.
 - (a) The Annual Operating Report for Air Pollutant Emitting Facility (DEP Form No. 62-210.900(5)) shall be completed each year.
 - (c) The annual operating report shall be submitted to the appropriate Department District or Department approved local air pollution control program office by March 1 of the following year unless otherwise indicated by permit condition or Department request.

[Rule 62-210.370(3), F.A.C.]

- 24. <u>Circumvention</u>. No person shall circumvent any air pollution control device, or allow the emission of air pollutants without the applicable air pollution control device operating properly.

 [Rule 62-210.650, F.A.C.]
- 25. Forms and Instructions. The forms used by the Department in the stationary source control program are adopted and incorporated by reference in this section. The forms are listed by rule number, which is also the form number, with the subject, title and effective date. Forms 62-210.900(1),(3),(4) and (5), F.A.C., including instructions, are available from the Department as hard-copy documents or executable files on computer diskettes. Copies of forms (hard-copy or diskette) may be obtained by writing to the Department of Environmental Protection, Division of Air Resources Management, 2600 Blair Stone Road, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400. Notwithstanding the requirement of Rule 62-4.050(2), F.A.C., to file application forms in quadruplicate, if an air permit application is submitted using the Department's electronic application form, only one copy of the diskette and signature pages is required to be submitted.
- (1) Application for Air Permit Title V Source, Form and Instructions (Effective 2-11-99).
 - (a) Acid Rain Part (Phase II), Form and Instructions (Effective 7-1-95).
 - 1. Repowering Extension Plan, Form and Instructions (Effective 7-1-95).
 - 2. New Unit Exemption, Form and Instructions (Effective 7-1-95).
 - 3. Retired Unit Exemption, Form and Instructions (Effective 7-1-95).
 - 4. Phase II NOx Compliance Plan, Form and Instructions (Effective 1-6-98).
 - 5. Phase II NOx Averaging Plan, Form (Effective 1-6-98).
 - (b) Reserved.
- (5) Annual Operating Report for Air Pollutant Emitting Facility, Form and Instructions (Effective 2-11-99). [Rule 62-210.900, F.A.C.]

Chapter 62-213, F.A.C.

26. Annual Emissions Fee. Each Title V source permitted to operate in Florida must pay between January 15 and March 1 of each year, upon written notice from the Department, an annual emissions fee in accordance with Rule 62-213.205, F.A.C., and the appropriate form and associated instructions.

[Rules 62-213.205 and 62-213.900(1), F.A.C.]

- 27. Annual Emissions Fee. Failure to pay timely any required annual emissions fee, penalty, or interest constitutes grounds for permit revocation pursuant to Rule 62-4.100, F.A.C. [Rule 62-213.205(1)(g), F.A.C.]
- 28. <u>Annual Emissions Fee.</u> Any documentation of actual hours of operation, actual material or heat input, actual production amount, or actual emissions used to calculate the annual emissions fee shall be retained by the owner for a minimum of five (5) years and shall be made available to the Department upon request. [Rule 62-213.205(1)(j), F.A.C.]
- 29. Annual Emissions Fee. A completed DEP Form 62-213.900(1), F.A.C., "Major Air Pollution Source Annual Emissions Fee Form", must be submitted by the responsible official with the annual emissions fee. [Rule 62-213.205(1)(k), F.A.C.]

- 30. <u>Air Operation Permit Fees</u>. After December 31, 1992, no permit application processing fee, renewal fee, modification fee or amendment fee is required for an operation permit for a Title V source. [Rule 62-213.205(4), F.A.C.]
- 31. Permits and Permit Revisions Required. All Title V sources are subject to the permit requirements of Chapter 62-213, F.A.C.
- (1) No Title V source may operate except in compliance with Chapter 62-213, F.A.C.
- (2) Except as provided in Rule 62-213.410, F.A.C., no source with a permit issued under the provisions of this chapter shall make any changes in its operation without first applying for and receiving a permit revision if the change meets any of the following:
 - (a) Constitutes a modification;
 - (b) Violates any applicable requirement;
 - (c) Exceeds the allowable emissions of any air pollutant from any unit within the source;
 - (d) Contravenes any permit term or condition for monitoring, testing, recordkeeping, reporting or of a compliance certification requirement;
 - (e) Requires a case-by-case determination of an emission limitation or other standard or a source specific determination of ambient impacts, or a visibility or increment analysis under the provisions of Chapters 62-212 or 62-296, F.A.C.;
 - (f) Violates a permit term or condition which the source has assumed for which there is no corresponding underlying applicable requirement to which the source would otherwise be subject;
 - (g) Results in the trading of emissions among units within a source except as specifically authorized pursuant to Rule 62-213.415, F.A.C.
 - (h) Results in the change of location of any relocatable facility identified as a Title V source pursuant to paragraph (a)-(e), (g) or (h) of the definition of "major source of air pollution" at Rule 62-210.200, F.A.C
 - (i) Constitutes a change at an Acid Rain Source under the provisions of 40 CFR 72.81(a)(1),(2),or (3),(b)(1) or (b)(3), hereby incorporated by reference;
 - (j) Constitutes a change in a repowering plan, nitrogen oxides averaging plan, or nitrogen oxides compliance deadline extension at an Acid Rain Source.
- (k) Is a request for exemption pursuant to Rule 62-214.340, F.A.C. [Rule 62-213.400(1) & (2), F.A.C.]
- 32. Changes Without Permit Revision. Title V sources having a valid permit issued pursuant to Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., may make the following changes without permit revision, provided that sources shall maintain source logs or records to verify periods of operation in each alternative method of operation:
- (1) Permitted sources may change among those alternative methods of operation allowed by the source's permit as provided by the terms of the permit;
- (2) Permitted sources may implement the terms or conditions of a new or revised construction permit if;
 - (a) The application for construction permit complied with the requirements of Rule 62-213.420(3) and (4), F.A.C.;
 - (b) The terms or conditions were subject to federally enforceable preconstruction review pursuant to Chapter 62-212, F.A.C.; and.
 - (c) The new or revised construction permit was issued after the Department and the applicant complied with all the requirements of Rule 62-213.430(1), F.A.C.;
- (3) A permitted source may implement operating changes after the source submits any forms required by any applicable requirement and provides the Department and EPA with at least 7 days written notice prior to implementation. The source and the Department shall attach each notice to the relevant permit;
 - (a) The written notice shall include the date on which the change will occur, and a description of the change within the permitted source, the pollutants emitted and any change in emissions, and any term or condition becoming applicable or no longer applicable as a result of the change;
 - (b) The permit shield described in Rule 62-213.460, F.A.C., shall not apply to such changes;
- (4) Permitted sources may implement changes involving modes of operation only in accordance with Rule 62-213.415, F.A.C. [Rule 62-213.410, F.A.C.]
- 33. Immediate Implementation Pending Revision Process.
- (1) Those permitted Title V sources making any change that constitutes a modification pursuant to the definition of modification at Rule 62-210.200, F.A.C., but which would not constitute a modification pursuant to 42 USC 7412(a) or to 40 CFR 52.01, 60.2, or 61.15, adopted and incorporated by reference at Rule 62-204.800, F.A.C., may implement such change prior to final issuance of a permit revision in accordance with this section, provided the change:
 - (a) Does not violate any applicable requirement;
 - (b) Does not contravene any permit term or condition for monitoring, testing, recordkeeping or reporting, or any compliance certification requirement;

- (c) Does not require or change a case-by-case determination of an emission limitation or other standard, or a source-specific determination of ambient impacts, or a visibility or increment analysis under the provisions of Chapter 62-212 or 62-296, F.A.C.;
- (d) Does not seek to establish or change a permit term or condition for which there is no corresponding underlying applicable requirement and that the source has assumed to avoid an applicable requirement to which the source would otherwise be subject including any federally enforceable emissions cap or federally enforceable alternative emissions limit.
- (2) A Title V source may immediately implement such changes after they have been incorporated into the terms and conditions of a new or revised construction permit issued pursuant to Chapter 62-212, F.A.C., and after the source provides to EPA, the Department, each affected state and any approved local air program having geographic jurisdiction over the source, a copy of the source's application for operation permit revision. The Title V source may conform its application for construction permit to include all information required by Rule 62-213.420, F.A.C., in lieu of submitting separate application forms.
- (3) The Department shall process the application for operation permit revision in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., except that the Department shall issue a draft permit revision or a determination to deny the revision within 60 days of receipt of a complete application for operation permit revision or, if the Title V source has submitted a construction permit application conforming to the requirements of Rule 62-213.420, F.A.C., the Department shall issue a draft permit or a determination to deny the revision at the same time the Department issues its determination on issuance or denial of the construction permit application. The Department shall not take final action until all the requirements of Rule 62-213.430(1)(a), (c), (d), and (e), F.A.C., have been complied with.
- (4) Pending final action on the operation permit revision application, the source shall implement the changes in accordance with the terms and conditions of the source's new or revised construction permit.
- (5) The permit shield described in Rule 62-213.460, F.A.C., shall not apply to such changes until after the Department takes final action to issue the operation permit revision.
- (6) If the Department denies the source's application for operation permit revision, the source shall cease implementation of the proposed changes.

[Rule 62-213.412, F.A.C.]

34. Permit Applications.

- (1) Duty to Apply. For each Title V source, the owner or operator shall submit a timely and complete permit application in compliance with the requirements of Rules 62-213.420, 62-4.050(1) & (2), and 62-210.900, F.A.C.
 - (a) Timely Application.
 - 3. For purposes of permit renewal, a timely application is one that is submitted in accordance with Rule 62-4.090, F.A.C.
 - (b) Complete Application.
 - 1. Any applicant for a Title V permit, permit revision or permit renewal must submit an application on DEP Form No. 62-210.900(1), which must include all the information specified by Rule 62-213.420(3), F.A.C., except that an application for permit revision must contain only that information related to the proposed change. The applicant shall include information concerning fugitive emissions and stack emissions in the application. Each application for permit, permit revision or permit renewal shall be certified by a responsible official in accordance with Rule 62-213.420(4), F.A.C.
 - 2. For those applicants submitting initial permit applications pursuant to Rule 62-213.420(1)(a)1., F.A.C., a complete application shall be an application that substantially addresses all the information required by the application form number 62-210.900(1), and such applications shall be deemed complete within sixty days of receipt of a signed and certified application unless the Department notifies the applicant of incompleteness within that time. For all other applicants, the applications shall be deemed complete sixty days after receipt, unless the Department, within sixty days after receipt of a signed application for permit, permit revision or permit renewal, requests additional documentation or information needed to process the application. An applicant making timely and complete application for permit, or timely application for permit renewal as described by Rule 62-4.090(1), F.A.C., shall continue to operate the source under the authority and provisions of any existing valid permit or Florida Electrical Power Plant Siting Certification, provided the applicant complies with all the provisions of Rules 62-213.420(1)(b)3. and 4. F.A.C. Failure of the Department to request additional information within sixty days of receipt of a properly signed application shall not impair the Department's ability to request additional information pursuant to Rules 62-213.420(1)(b)3. and 4., F.A.C.

3. For those permit applications submitted pursuant to the provisions of Rule 62-213.420(1)(a)1., F.A.C., the Department shall notify the applicant if the Department becomes aware at any time during processing of the application that the application contains incorrect or incomplete information. The applicant shall submit the corrected or supplementary information to the Department within ninety days unless the applicant has requested and been granted additional time to submit the information. Failure of an applicant to submit corrected or supplementary information requested by the Department within ninety days or such additional time as requested and granted shall render the application incomplete. 4. For all applications other than those addressed at Rule 62-213.420(1)(b)3., F.A.C., should the Department become aware, during processing of any application that the application contains incorrect information, or should the Department become aware, as a result of comment from an affected State, an approved local air program, EPA, or the public that additional information is needed to evaluate the application, the Department shall notify the applicant within 30 days. When an applicant becomes aware that an application contains incorrect or incomplete information, the applicant shall submit the corrected or supplementary information to the Department. If the Department notifies an applicant that corrected or supplementary information is necessary to process the permit, and requests a response, the applicant shall provide the information to the Department within ninety days of the Department request unless the applicant has requested and been granted additional time to submit the information or, the applicant shall, within ninety days, submit a written request that the Department process the application without the information. Failure of an applicant to submit corrected or supplementary information requested by the Department within ninety days, or such additional time as requested and granted, or to demand in writing within ninety days that the application be processed without the information shall render the application incomplete. Nothing in this section shall limit any other remedies available to the Department.

[Rules 62-213.420(1)(a)3. and 62-213.420(1)(b)1., 2., 3. & 4., F.A.C.]

35. <u>Confidential Information</u>. Whenever an applicant submits information under a claim of confidentiality pursuant to Section 403.111, F.S., the applicant shall also submit a copy of all such information and claim directly to EPA. (also, see Condition No. 50.)

[Rule 62-213.420(2), F.A.C.]

36. <u>Standard Application Form and Required Information</u>. Applications shall be submitted under Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., on forms provided by the Department and adopted by reference in Rule 62-210.900(1), F.A.C. The information as described in Rule 62-210.900(1), F.A.C., shall be included for the Title V source and each emissions unit. An application must include information sufficient to determine all applicable requirements for the Title V source and each emissions unit and to evaluate a fee amount pursuant to Rule 62-213.205, F.A.C.

[Rule 62-213.420(3), F.A.C.]

- 37. <u>Certification by Responsible Official (RO)</u>. In addition to the professional engineering certification required for applications by Rule 62-4.050(3), F.A.C., any application form, report, compliance statement, compliance plan and compliance schedule submitted pursuant to Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., shall contain a certification signed by a responsible official that, based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in the document are true, accurate, and complete. [Rule 62-213.420(4), F.A.C.]
- 38. a. Permit Renewal and Expiration. Permits being renewed are subject to the same requirements that apply to permit issuance at the time of application for renewal. Permit renewal applications shall contain that information identified in Rules 62-210.900(1) and 62-213.420(3), F.A.C. Unless a Title V source submits a timely application for permit renewal in accordance with the requirements of Rule 62-4.090(1), F.A.C., the existing permit shall expire and the source's right to operate shall terminate.

- b. <u>Permit Revision Procedures.</u> Permit revisions shall meet all requirements of Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., including those for content of applications, public participation, review by approved local programs and affected states, and review by EPA, as they apply to permit issuance and renewal, except that permit revisions for those activities implemented pursuant to Rule 62-213.412, F.A.C., need not meet the requirements of Rule 62-213.430(1)(b), F.A.C. The Department shall require permit revision in accordance with the provisions of Rule 62-4.080, F.A.C., and 40 CFR 70.7(f), whenever any source becomes subject to any condition listed at 40 CFR 70.7(f)(1), hereby adopted and incorporated by reference. The below requirements from 40 CFR 70.7(f) are adopted and incorporated by reference in Rule 62-213.430(4), F.A.C.:
- (1) This section contains provisions from 40 CFR 70.7(f) that specify the conditions under which a Title V permit shall be reopened prior to the expiration of the permit. A Title V permit shall be reopened and revised under any of the following circumstances:
 - (i) Additional applicable requirements under the Act become applicable to a major Part 70 source with a remaining permit term of 3 or more years. Such a reopening shall be completed not later than 18 months after promulgation of the applicable requirement. No such reopening is required if the effective date of the requirement is later than the date on which the permit is due to expire, unless the original permit or any of its terms and conditions has been extended pursuant to 40 CFR 70.4(b)(10)(i) or (ii).
 - (ii) Additional requirements (including excess emissions requirements) become applicable to an affected source under the acid rain program. Upon approved by the Administrator, excess emissions offset plans shall be deemed to be incorporated into the permit.
 - (iii) The permitting authority or EPA determines that the permit contains a material mistake or that inaccurate statements were made in establishing the emissions standards or other terms or conditions of the permit.
 - (iv) The Administrator or the permitting authority determines that the permit must be revised or revoked to assure compliance with the applicable requirements.
- (2) Proceedings to reopen and issue a permit shall follow the same procedures as apply to initial permit issuance and shall affect only those parts of the permit for which cause to reopen exists. Such reopening shall be made as expeditiously as practicable.
- (3) Reopenings under 40 CFR 70.7(f)(1) shall not be initiated before a notice of such intent is provided to the Part 70 source by the permitting authority at least 30 days in advance of the date that the permit is to be reopened, except that the permitting authority may provide a shorter time period in the case of an emergency.

[Rules 62-213.430(3) & (4), F.A.C.; and, 40 CFR 70.7(f)]

- 39. Insignificant Emissions Units or Pollutant-Emitting Activities.
 - (a) All requests for determination of insignificant emissions units or activities made pursuant to Rule 62-213.420(3)(m), F.A.C., shall be processed in conjunction with the permit, permit renewal or permit revision application submitted pursuant to Chapter 62-213, F.A.C. Insignificant emissions units or activities shall be approved by the Department consistent with the provisions of Rule 62-4.040(1)(b), F.A.C. Emissions units or activities which are added to a Title V source after issuance of a permit under Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., shall be incorporated into the permit at its next renewal, provided such emissions units or activities have been exempted from the requirement to obtain an air construction permit and also qualify as insignificant pursuant to Rule 62-213.430(6), F.A.C.
 - (b) An emissions unit or activity shall be considered insignificant if:

o 40 CFR 70.7(f): Reopening for Cause. (also, see Condition No. 4)

- 1. Such unit or activity would be subject to no unit-specific applicable requirement;
- 2. Such unit or activity, in combination with other units or activities proposed as insignificant, would not cause the facility to exceed any major source threshold(s) as defined in Rule 62-213.420(3)(c)1., F.A.C., unless it is acknowledged in the permit application that such units or activities would cause the facility to exceed such threshold(s); and
- 3. Such unit or activity would not emit or have the potential to emit:
 - a. 500 pounds per year or more of lead and lead compounds expressed as lead;
 - b. 1,000 pounds per year or more of any hazardous air pollutant;
 - c. 2,500 pounds per year or more of total hazardous air pollutants; or
 - d. 5.0 tons per year or more of any other regulated pollutant.

[Rule 62-213.430(6), F.A.C.]

40. <u>Permit Duration</u>. Operation permits for Title V sources may not be extended as provided in Rule 62-4.080(3), F.A.C., if such extension will result in a permit term greater than five (5) years. [Rule 62-213.440(1)(a), F.A.C.]

- 41. Monitoring Information. All records of monitoring information shall specify the date, place, and time of sampling or measurement and the operating conditions at the time of sampling or measurement, the date(s) analyses were performed, the company or entity that performed the analyses, the analytical techniques or methods used, and the results of such analyses. [Rule 62-213.440(1)(b)2.a., F.A.C.]
- 42. <u>Retention of Records.</u> Retention of records of all monitoring data and support information shall be for a period of at least 5 years from the date of the monitoring sample, measurement, report, or application. Support information includes all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip-chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, and copies of all reports required by the permit.

[Rule 62-213.440(1)(b)2.b., F.A.C.]

- 43. Monitoring Reports. The permittee shall submit reports of any required monitoring at least every six (6) months. All instances of deviations from permit requirements must be clearly identified in such reports.

 [Rule 62-213.440(1)(b)3.a., F.A.C.]
- 44. <u>Deviation from Permit Requirements Reports</u>. The permittee shall report in accordance with the requirements of Rules 62-210.700(6) and 62-4.130, F.A.C., any deviations from permit requirements, including those attributable to upset conditions as defined in the permit. Reports shall include the probable cause of such deviations, and any corrective actions or preventive measures taken.

[Rule 62-213.440(1)(b)3.b., F.A.C.]

- 45. Reports. All reports shall be accompanied by a certification by a responsible official, pursuant to Rule 62-213.420(4), F.A.C. [Rule 62-213.440(1)(b)3.c, F.A.C.]
- 46. If any portion of the final permit is invalidated, the remainder of the permit shall remain in effect. [Rule 62-213.440(1)(d)1., F.A.C.]
- 47. It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that maintaining compliance with any permit condition would necessitate halting of or reduction of the source activity.

 [Rule 62-213.440(1)(d)3., F.A.C.]
- 48. A Title V source shall comply with all the terms and conditions of the existing permit until the Department has taken final action on any permit renewal or any requested permit revision, except as provided at Rule 62-213.412(2), F.A.C. [Rule 62-213.440(1)(d)4., F.A.C.]
- 49. A situation arising from sudden and unforeseeable events beyond the control of the source which causes an exceedance of a technology-based emissions limitation because of unavoidable increases in emissions attributable to the situation and which requires immediate corrective action to restore normal operation, shall be an affirmative defense to an enforcement action in accordance with the provisions and requirements of 40 CFR 70.6(g)(2) and (3), hereby adopted and incorporated by reference.

 [Rule 62-213.440(1)(d)5., F.A.C.]
- 50. Confidentiality Claims. Any permittee may claim confidentiality of any data or other information by complying with Rule 62-213.420(2), F.A.C. (also, see Condition No. 35.)
 [Rule 62-213.440(1)(d)6., F.A.C.]

- 51. Statement of Compliance. The permittee shall submit a statement of compliance with all terms and conditions of the permit. Such statements shall be submitted to the Department and EPA annually, or more frequently if specified by Rule 62-213.440(2), F.A.C., or by any other applicable requirement. Such statements shall be accompanied by a certification in accordance with Rule 62-213.420(4), F.A.C. The statement of compliance shall include all the provisions of 40 CFR 70.6(c)(5)(iii), incorporated by reference at Rule 62-204.800, F.A.C.
- o 40 CFR 70.6(c)(5)(iii). The compliance certification shall include all of the following (provided that the identification of applicable information may cross-reference the permit or previous reports, as applicable):
 - (A) The identification of each term or condition of the permit that is the basis of the certification;
 - (B) The identification of the method(s) or other means used by the owner or operator for determining the compliance status with each term and condition during the certification period, and whether such methods or other means provide continuous or intermittent data. Such methods and other means shall include, at a minimum, the methods and means required under 40 CFR 70.6(a)(3). If necessary, the owner or operator also shall identify any other material information that must be included in the certification to comply with section 113(c)(2) of the Act, which prohibits knowingly making a false certification or omitting material information;
 - (C) The status of compliance with the terms and conditions of the permit for the period covered by the certification, based on the method or means designated in paragraph (c)(5)(iii)(B) of this section. The certification shall identify each deviation and take it into account in the compliance certification. The certification shall also identify as possible exceptions to compliance any periods during which compliance is required and in which an excursion or exceedance as defined under part 64 of this chapter occurred; and
- (D) Such other facts as the permitting authority may require to determine the compliance status of the source. The statement shall be accompanied by a certification by a responsible official, in accordance with Rule 62-213.420(4), F.A.C. The responsible official may treat compliance with all other applicable requirements as a surrogate for compliance with Rule 62-296.320(2), Objectionable Odor Prohibited.

[Rule 62-213.440(3), F.A.C.]

52. Permit Shield. Except as provided in Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., compliance with the terms and conditions of a permit issued pursuant to Chapter 62-213, F.A.C., shall be deemed compliance with any applicable requirements in effect as of the date of permit issuance, provided that the source included such applicable requirements in the permit application. Nothing in Rule 62-213.460, F.A.C., or in any permit shall alter or affect the ability of EPA or the Department to deal with an emergency, the liability of an owner or operator of a source for any violation of applicable requirements prior to or at the time of permit issuance, or the requirements of the Federal Acid Rain Program.

{Permitting note: The permit shield is not in effect until the effective date of the permit.} [Rule 62-213.460, F.A.C.]

- 53. Forms and Instructions. The forms used by the Department in the Title V source operation program are adopted and incorporated by reference in Rule 62-213.900, F.A.C. The form is listed by rule number, which is also the form number, and with the subject, title, and effective date. Copies of forms may be obtained by writing to the Department of Environmental Protection, Division of Air Resources Management, 2600 Blair Stone Road, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400, or by contacting the appropriate permitting authority.
- (1) Major Air Pollution Source Annual Emissions Fee (AEF) Form. [Rule 62-213.900(1), F.A.C.]

Chapter 62-256, F.A.C.

54. Not federally enforceable. Open Burning. This permit does not authorize any open burning nor does it constitute any waiver of the requirements of Chapter 62-256, F.A.C. Source shall comply with Chapter 62-256, F.A.C., for any open burning at the source.

[Chapter 62-256, F.A.C.]

Chapter 62-281, F.A.C.

- 55. Refrigerant Requirements. Any facility having refrigeration equipment, including air conditioning equipment, which uses a Class I or II substance (listed at 40 CFR 82, Subpart A, Appendices A and B), and any facility which maintains, services, or repairs motor vehicles using a Class I or Class II substance as refrigerant must comply with all requirements of 40 CFR 82, Subparts B and F, and with Rule 62-281.100, F.A.C. Those requirements include the following restrictions:
- (1) Any facility having any refrigeration equipment normally containing 50 (fifty) pounds of refrigerant, or more, must keep servicing records documenting the date and type of all service and the quantity of any refrigerant added pursuant to 40 CFR 82.166;

- (2) No person repairing or servicing a motor vehicle may perform any service on a motor vehicle air conditioner (MVAC) involving the refrigerant for such air conditioner unless the person has been properly trained and certified as provided at 40 CFR 82.34 and 40 CFR 82.40, and properly uses equipment approved pursuant to 40 CFR 82.36 and 40 CFR 82.38, and complies with 40 CFR 82.42;
- (3) No person may sell or distribute, or offer for sale or distribution, any substance listed as a Class I or Class II substance at 40 CFR 82, Subpart A, Appendices A and B, except in compliance with Rule 62-281.100, F.A.C., and 40 CFR 82.34(b), 40 CFR 82.42, and/or 40 CFR 82.166;
- (4) No person maintaining, servicing, repairing, or disposing of appliances may knowingly vent or otherwise release into the atmosphere any Class I or Class II substance used as a refrigerant in such equipment and no other person may open appliances (except MVACs as defined at 40 CFR 82.152) for service, maintenance or repair unless the person has been properly trained and certified pursuant to 40 CFR 82.161 and unless the person uses equipment certified for that type of appliance pursuant to 40 CFR 82.158 and unless the person observes the practices set forth at 40 CFR 82.156 and 40 CFR 82.166;
- (5) No person may dispose of appliances (except small appliances, as defined at 40 CFR 82.152) without using equipment certified for that type of appliance pursuant to 40 CFR 82.158 and without observing the practices set forth at 40 CFR 82.156 and 40 CFR 82.166:
- (6) No person may recover refrigerant from small appliances, MVACs and MVAC-like appliances (as defined at 40 CFR 82.152), except in compliance with the requirements of 40 CFR 82, Subpart F.

[40 CFR 82; and, Chapter 62-281, F.A.C. (Chapter 62-281, F.A.C., is not federally enforceable)]

Chapter 62-296, F.A.C.

- 56. <u>Industrial, Commercial, and Municipal Open Burning Prohibited</u>. Open burning in connection with industrial, commercial, or municipal operations is prohibited, except when:
 - (a) Open burning is determined by the Department to be the only feasible method of operation and is authorized by an air permit issued pursuant to Chapter 62-210 or 62-213, F.A.C.; or
 - (b) An emergency exists which requires immediate action to protect human health and safety; or
 - (c) A county or municipality would use a portable air curtain incinerator to burn yard trash generated by a hurricane, tomado, fire or other disaster and the air curtain incinerator would otherwise be operated in accordance with the permitting exemption criteria of Rule 62-210.300(3), F.A.C.

[Rule 62-296.320(3), F.A.C.]

57. Unconfined Emissions of Particulate Matter.

- (4)(c)1. No person shall cause, let, permit, suffer or allow the emissions of unconfined particulate matter from any emissions unit whatsoever, including, but not limited to, vehicular movement, transportation of materials, construction, alteration, demolition or wrecking, or industrially related activities such as loading, unloading, storing or handling, without taking reasonable precautions to prevent such emission.
 - 3. Reasonable precautions may include, but shall not be limited to the following:
 - a. Paving and maintenance of roads, parking areas and yards.
 - b. Application of water or chemicals to control emissions from such activities as demolition of buildings, grading roads, construction, and land clearing.
 - c. Application of asphalt, water, oil, chemicals or other dust suppressants to unpaved roads, yards, open stock piles and similar emissions units.
 - d. Removal of particulate matter from roads and other paved areas under the control of the owner or operator of the emissions unit to prevent reentrainment, and from buildings or work areas to prevent particulate from becoming airborne.
 - e. Landscaping or planting of vegetation.
 - f. Use of hoods, fans, filters, and similar equipment to contain, capture and/or vent particulate matter.
 - g. Confining abrasive blasting where possible.
 - h. Enclosure or covering of conveyor systems.
- 4. In determining what constitutes reasonable precautions for a particular facility, the Department shall consider the cost of the control technique or work practice, the environmental impacts of the technique or practice, and the degree of reduction of emissions expected from a particular technique or practice.

[Rules 62-296.320(4)(c)1., 3., & 4. F.A.C.]

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APPENDIX SS-1, STACK SAMPLING FACILITIES (version dated 10/07/96)

Stack Sampling Facilities Provided by the Owner of an Emissions Unit. This section describes the minimum requirements for stack sampling facilities that are necessary to sample point emissions units. Sampling facilities include sampling ports, work platforms, access to work platforms, electrical power, and sampling equipment support. Emissions units must provide these facilities at their expense. All stack sampling facilities must meet any Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) Safety and Health Standards described in 29 CFR Part 1910, Subparts D and E.

(a) Permanent Test Facilities. The owner or operator of an emissions unit for which a compliance test, other than a visible emissions test, is required on at least an annual basis,

shall install and maintain permanent stack sampling facilities.

(b) Temporary Test Facilities. The owner or operator of an emissions unit that is not required to conduct a compliance test on at least an annual basis may use permanent or temporary stack sampling facilities. If the owner chooses to use temporary sampling facilities on an emissions unit, and the Department elects to test the unit, such temporary facilities shall be installed on the emissions unit within 5 days of a request by the Department and remain on the emissions unit until the test is completed.

(c) Sampling Ports.

1. All sampling ports shall have a minimum inside diameter of 3 inches.

2. The ports shall be capable of being sealed when not in use.

3. The sampling ports shall be located in the stack at least 2 stack diameters or equivalent diameters downstream and at least 0.5 stack diameter or equivalent diameter

upstream from any fan, bend, constriction or other flow disturbance.

- 4. For emissions units for which a complete application to construct has been filed prior to December 1, 1980, at least two sampling ports, 90 degrees apart, shall be installed at each sampling location on all circular stacks that have an outside diameter of 15 feet or less. For stacks with a larger diameter, four sampling ports, each 90 degrees apart, shall be installed. For emissions units for which a complete application to construct is filed on or after December 1, 1980, at least two sampling ports, 90 degrees apart, shall be installed at each sampling location on all circular stacks that have an outside diameter of 10 feet or less. For stacks with larger diameters, four sampling ports, each 90 degrees apart, shall be installed. On horizontal circular ducts, the ports shall be located so that the probe can enter the stack vertically, horizontally or at a 45 degree angle.
- 5. On rectangular ducts, the cross sectional area shall be divided into the number of equal areas in accordance with EPA Method 1. Sampling ports shall be provided which allow access to each sampling point. The ports shall be located so that the probe can be inserted perpendicular to the gas flow.

(d) Work Platforms.

- 1. Minimum size of the working platform shall be 24 square feet in area. Platforms shall be at least 3 feet wide.
- 2. On circular stacks with 2 sampling ports, the platform shall extend at least 110 degrees around the stack.

3. On circular stacks with more than two sampling ports, the work platform shall

extend 360 degrees around the stack.

- 4. All platforms shall be equipped with an adequate safety rail (ropes are not acceptable), toeboard, and hinged floor-opening cover if ladder access is used to reach the platform. The safety rail directly in line with the sampling ports shall be removable so that no obstruction exists in an area 14 inches below each sample port and 6 inches on either side of the sampling port.
- (e) Access to Work Platform.

APPENDIX SS-1, STACK SAMPLING FACILITIES (version dated 10/07/96) (continued)

- 1. Ladders to the work platform exceeding 15 feet in length shall have safety cages or fall arresters with a minimum of 3 compatible safety belts available for use by sampling personnel.
- 2. Walkways over free-fall areas shall be equipped with safety rails and toeboards. (f) Electrical Power.

1. A minimum of two 120-volt AC, 20-amp outlets shall be provided at the sampling platform within 20 feet of each sampling port.

2. If extension cords are used to provide the electrical power, they shall be kept on the plant's property and be available immediately upon request by sampling personnel.

(g) Sampling Equipment Support.

1. A three-quarter inch eyebolt and an angle bracket shall be attached directly above each port on vertical stacks and above each row of sampling ports on the sides of horizontal ducts.

a. The bracket shall be a standard 3 inch x 3 inch x one-quarter inch equal-legs bracket which is 1 and one-half inches wide. A hole that is one-half inch in diameter shall be drilled through the exact center of the horizontal portion of the bracket. The horizontal portion of the bracket shall be located 14 inches above the centerline of the sampling port.

b. A three-eighth inch bolt which protrudes 2 inches from the stack may be substituted for the required bracket. The bolt shall be located 15 and one-half inches above the centerline of the sampling port.

c. The three-quarter inch eyebolt shall be capable of supporting a 500 pound working load. For stacks that are less than 12 feet in diameter, the eyebolt shall be located 48 inches above the horizontal portion of the angle bracket. For stacks that are greater than or equal to 12 feet in diameter, the eyebolt shall be located 60 inches above the horizontal portion of the angle bracket. If the eyebolt is more than 120 inches above the platform, a length of chain shall be attached to it to bring the free end of the chain to within safe reach from the platform.

2. A complete monorail or dualrail arrangement may be substituted for the eyebolt and bracket.

3. When the sample ports are located in the top of a horizontal duct, a frame shall be provided above the port to allow the sample probe to be secured during the test. [Rule 62-297.310(6), F.A.C.]

TABLE 297.310-1 CALIBRATION SCHEDULE (version dated 10/07/96)

[Note: This table is referen-	ced in Rule 62-297.310, F.A.C.]		
ITEM	MINIMUM CALIBRATION FREQUENCY	REFERENCE INSTRUMENT	TOLERANCE
Liquid in glass thermometer	Annually	ASTM Hg in glass ref. thermometer or equivalent, or thermometric points	+/-2%
Bimetallic thermometer	Quarterly	Calib. liq. in glass thermometer	5 degrees F
Thermocouple Barometer	Annually Monthly	ASTM Hg in glass ref. thermometer, NBS calibrated reference and potentiometer Hg barometer or	5 degrees F
Barometer	Monuny	NOAA station	+/-1% scale
Pitot Tube	When required or when damaged	By construction or measurements in wind tunnel D greater than 16" and standard pitot tube	See EPA Method 2, Fig. 2-2 & 2-3
Probe Nozzles	Before each test or when nicked, dented, or corroded	Micrometer	+/-0.001" mean of at least three readings Max. deviation between readings .004"
Dry Gas Meter and Orifice Meter	1. Full Scale: When received, When 5% change observed, Annually 2. One Point: Semiannually	Spirometer or calibrated wet test or dry gas test meter	2%
	3. Check after each test series	Comparison check	5%

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APPENDIX OM-1 OPERATION & MAINTENANCE PLAN

For: Hookers Point Station Facility ID 0570038

A. Process System Performance Parameters:

- 1) Source Designator: Hooker's Point Unit #1
- 2) Design Fuel Consumption Rate: 43 barrels per hour
- 3) Steam Flow: 220,000 pounds per hour
- 4) Operating Temperature: 900 F.
- 5) Operating Pressure: 960 psi
- B. The following observations, checks, and operations apply to this source while in operation and shall be conducted on the schedule specified:

Continuously Monitored and Recorded

Steam Flow Steam Temperature Steam Pressure Excess Air

Daily

Check visible emissions.

Maintain optimum flame pattern for efficient fuel combustion.

<u>Monthly</u>

Monitor and back calculate station fuel input rate.

Fuel Oil Analyses

Sample all fuel oil cargos for composite analysis.

During major Outages

Inspect boiler, controls, auxiliaries, and ductwork and repair as necessary.

Prior to Startup

Inspect burners and clean as necessary.

Inspect burner tips and replace as necessary.

- A. Process System Performance Parameters:
 - 1) Source Designator: Hooker's Point Unit #2
 - 2) Design Fuel Consumption Rate: 43 barrels per hour
 - 3) Steam Flow: 220,000 pounds per hour
 - 4) Operating Temperature: 900 F.
 - 5) Operating Pressure: 960 psi
- B. The following observations, checks, and operations apply to this source while in operation and shall be conducted on the schedule specified:

Continuously Monitored and Recorded

Steam Flow Steam Temperature Steam Pressure Excess Air

Daily

Check visible emissions.

Maintain optimum flame pattern for efficient fuel combustion.

Monthly

Monitor and back calculate station fuel input rate.

Fuel Oil Analyses

Sample all fuel oil cargos for composite analysis.

During major Outages

Inspect boiler, controls, auxiliaries, and ductwork and repair as necessary.

Prior to Startup

Inspect burners and clean as necessary.

Inspect burner tips and replace as necessary.

A. Process System Performance Parameters:

1) Source Designator: Hooker's Point Unit #3

2) Design Fuel Consumption Rate: 59.4 barrels per hour

3) Steam Flow: 303,000 pounds per hour

4) Operating Temperature: 900 F.

5) Operating Pressure: 960 psi

B. The following observations, checks, and operations apply to this source while in operation and shall be conducted on the schedule specified:

Continuously Monitored and Recorded

Steam Flow Steam Temperature Steam Pressure Excess Air

Daily

Check visible emissions.

Maintain optimum flame pattern for efficient fuel combustion.

Monthly

Monitor and back calculate station fuel input rate.

Fuel Oil Analyses

Sample all fuel oil cargos for composite analysis.

During major Outages

Inspect boiler, controls, auxiliaries, and ductwork and repair as necessary.

Prior to Startup

Inspect burners and clean as necessary.

Inspect burner tips and replace as necessary.

- A. Process System Performance Parameters:
 - 1) Source Designator: Hooker's Point Unit #4
 - 2) Design Fuel Consumption Rate: 59.4 barrels per hour
 - 3) Steam Flow: 303,000 pounds per hour
 - 4) Operating Temperature: 900 T.
 - 5) Operating Pressure: 960 psi
- B. The following observations, checks, and operations apply to this source while in operation and shall be conducted on the schedule specified:

Continuously Monitored and Recorded

Steam Flow Steam Temperature Steam Pressure Excess Air

Daily

Check visible emissions.

Maintain optimum flame pattern for efficient fuel combustion.

Monthly

Monitor and back calculate station fuel input rate.

Fuel Oil Analyses

Sample all fuel oil cargos for composite analysis.

During major Outages

Inspect boiler, controls, auxiliaries, and ductwork and repair as necessary.

Prior to Startup

Inspect burners and clean as necessary.

Inspect burner tips and replace as necessary.

A. Process System Performance Parameters:

- 1) Source Designator: Hooker's Point Unit #5
- 2) Design Fuel Consumption Rate: 86.2 barrels per hour
- 3) Steam Flow: 440,000 pounds per hour
- 4) Operating Temperature: 900 F.
- 5) Operating Pressure: 975 psi
- B. The following observations, checks, and operations apply to this source while in operation and shall be conducted on the schedule specified:

Continuously Monitored and Recorded

Steam Flow Steam Temperature Steam Pressure Excess Air

Daily

Check visible emissions.

Maintain optimum flame pattern for efficient fuel combustion.

Monthly

Monitor and back calculate station fuel input rate.

Fuel Oil Analyses

Sample all fuel oil cargos for composite analysis.

During major Outages

Inspect boiler, controls, auxiliaries, and ductwork and repair as necessary.

Prior to Startup

Inspect burners and clean as necessary.

Inspect burner tips and replace as necessary.

A. Process System Performance Parameters:

1) Source Designator: Hooker's Point Unit #6

2) Design Fuel Consumption Rate: 126 barrels per hour

3) Steam Flow: 625,000 pounds per hour

4) Operating Temperature: 950 T.

5) Operating Pressure: 1450 psi

B. The following observations, checks, and operations apply to this source while in operation and shall be conducted on the schedule specified:

Continuously Monitored and Recorded

Steam Flow Steam Temperature Steam Pressure Excess Air

Daily

Check visible emissions.

Maintain optimum flame pattern for efficient fuel combustion.

Monthly

Monitor and back calculate station fuel input rate.

Fuel Oil Analyses

Sample all fuel oil cargos for composite analysis.

During major Outages

Inspect boiler, controls, auxiliaries, and ductwork and repair as necessary.

Prior to Startup

Inspect burners and clean as necessary.

Inspect burner tips and replace as necessary.

Phase II Permit Application

Page 1

For more information, see instruction	s and refer to 40 CFR 72.30 and	f 72.31 and Chapter 62-214, F.A.C.
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This submission is: X New Revised

STEP 1 Identify the source by plant name, State, and ORIS code from NADB

Hookers Point	FL State	647 ORIS Code

STEP 2
Enter the boiler ID#
from NADB for each
affected unit, and
indicate whether a
repowering plan is
being submitted for
the unit by entering
"yes" or "no" at
column c. For new
units, enter the requested information
in columns d and e

·	Compi Pla	liance an		
a	ь	, c	d	e
Boiler ID#	Unit Will Hold Allow- ances in Accordance with 40 CFR 72.9(c)(1)	Repowering Plan	New Units Commence Operation Date	New Units Monitor Certification
				Deadline
нв01	Yes	No		
нв02	Yes	No		
нв03	Yes	No		·
HB04	Yes	No		
нв05	Yos	No		
нв06	Yes	No		
	Yos			
	Yos			
	Yes			

STEP 3 Check the box if the response in column c of Step 2 is "Yes" for any unit For each unit that will be repowered, the Repowering Extension Plan form is included and the Repowering Technology Petition form has been submitted or will be submitted by June 1, 1997.

DEP Form No. 62-210.900(1)(a) - Form

Effective: 7-1-95

STEP 4
Read the standard requirements and certification, enter the name of the designated representative, and sign and date

Standard Requirements

Permit Requirements.

- (1) The designated representative of each Acid Rain source and each Acid Rain unit at the source shall: (i) Submit a complete Acid Rain part application (including a compliance plan) under 40 CFR part 72, Rules 62-214.320 and 330, F.A.C. in accordance with the deadlines specified in Rule 62-214,320, F.A.C.; and
 - (ii) Submit in a timely manner any supplemental information that the permitting authority determines is necessary in order to review an Acid Rain part application and issue or dany an Acid Rain permitting.
- (2) The owners and operators of each Acid Rain source and each Acid Rain unit at the source shall: (i) Operate the unit in compliance with a complete Acid Rain part application or a supersading Acid Rain part issued by the permitting authority; and (ii) Have an Acid Rain Part.

Monitoring Requirements

- (1) The owners and operators and, to the extent applicable, designated representative of each Acid Rain source and each Acid Rain unit at the source shall comply with the monitoring requirements as provided in 40 CFR part 75, and Rule 62-214,420, F.A.C.
- (2) The emissions measurements recorded and reported in accordance with 40 CFR part 75 shall be used to determine compliance by the unit with the Acid Rain emissions limitations and emissions reduction requirements for sulfur dioxide and nitrogen oxides under the Acid Rain Program.
 (3) The requirements of 40 CFR part 75 shall not affect the responsibility of the owners and operators to
- (3) The requirements of 40 CFR part 75 shall not affect the responsibility of the owners and operators to monitor emissions of other pollutants or other emissions characteristics at the unit under other applicable requirements of the Act and other provisions of the operating permit for the source.

Sulfur Dioxide Requirements.

- (1) The owners and operators of each source and each Acid Rain unit at the source shall:

 Hold allowances, as of the allowance transfer deadline, in the unit's compliance subaccount (after deductions under 40 CFR 73.34(c)) not less than the total annual emissions of sulfur dioxide for the previous calendar year from the unit; and
 Comply with the applicable Acid Rain emissions limitations for sulfur dioxide.
- (2) Each ton of sulfur dioxide emitted in excess of the Acid Rain emissions limitations for sulfur dioxide shall constitute a separate violation of the Act.
- (3) An Acid Rain unit shall be subject to the requirements under paragraph (1) of the sulfur dioxide requirements as follows:
 - (i) Starting January 1, 2000, an Acid Rain unit under 40 CFR 72.6(a)(2); or
 - (ii) Starting on the later of January 1, 2000 or the deadline for monitor certification under 40 CFR part 75, an Acid Rain unit under 40 CFR 72.6(a)(3).
- (4) Allowances shall be held in, deducted from, or transferred among Allowance Tracking System accounts in accordance with the Acid Rain Program.
- (5) An allowance shall not be deducted in order to comply with the requirements under paragraph (1)(i) of the sulfur dioxide requirements prior to the calendar year for which the allowance was allocated.
 (6) An allowance allocated by the Administrator under the Acid Rain Program is a limited authorization to
- emit sulfur dioxide in accordance with the Acid Rein Program. No provision of the Acid Rein Program, the Acid Rein permit application, the Acid Rein permit, or the written exemption under 40 CFR 72.7 and 72.8 and no provision of law shall be construed to limit the authority of the United States to terminate or limit such authorization.
- (7) An allowance allocated by the Administrator under the Acid Rain Program does not constitute a property right.

Nitrogen Oxides Requirements. The owners and operators of the source and each Acid Rain unit at the source shall comply with the applicable Acid Rain emissions limitation for nitrogen oxides.

Excess Emissions Requirements.

- 11. The designated representative of an Acid Rain unit that has excess emissions in any calendar year shall submit a proposed offset plan, as required under 40 CFR part 77.
- (2) The owners and operators of an Acid Rain unit that has excess emissions in any calendar year shall:
 (i) Pay without demand the penalty required, and pay upon demand the interest on that penalty, as required by 40 CFR part 77; and
 - (iii) Comply with the terms of an approved offset plan, as required by 40 CFR part 77.

Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements.

- (1) Unless otherwise provided, the owners and operators of the source and each Acid Rain unit at the source shall keep on site at the source each of the following documents for a period of 5 years from the date the document is created. This period may be extended for cause, at any time prior to the end of 5 years, in writing by the Administrator or permitting authority:
 - (i) The certificate of representation for the designated representative for the source and each Acid Rain unit at the source and all documents that demonstrate the truth of the statements in the certificate of representation, in accordance with Rule 62-214.350, F.A.C.; provided that the certificate and documents shall be retained on site at the source beyond such 5-year period until such documents are superseded because of the submission of a new certificate of representation changing the designated representative;
 - (ii) All emissions monitoring information, in accordance with 40 CFR part 75;
 - (iii) Copies of all reports, compliance certifications, and other submissions and all records made or required under the Acid Rain Program; and,

Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements (cont.)

- (iv) Copies of all documents used to complete an Acid Rain part application and any other submission under the Acid Rain Program or to demonstrate compliance with the requirements of the Acid Rain Program.
- (2) The designated representative of an Acid Rain source and each Acid Rain unit at the source shall submit the reports and compliance certifications required under the Acid Rain Program, including those under 40 CFR part 72 subpart I and 40 CFR part 75.

Liability.

- (1) Any person who knowingly violates any requirement or prohibition of the Acid Rain Program, a complete Acid Rain part application, an Acid Rain part, or a written exemption under 40 CFR 72.7 or 72.8, including any requirement for the payment of any penalty owed to the United States, shall be subject to enforcement pursuant to section 113(c) of the Act.
- (2) Any person who knowingly makes a false, material statement in any record, submission, or report under the Acid Rain Program shall be subject to criminal enforcement pursuant to section 113(c) of the Act and 18 U.S.C. 1001.
- (3) No permit revision shall excuse any violation of the requirements of the Acid Rain Program that occurs prior to the date that the revision takes effect.
- (4) Each Acid Rain source and each Acid Rain unit shall meet the requirements of the Acid Rain Program. (5) Any provision of the Acid Rain Program that applies to an Acid Rain source (including a provision applicable to the designated representative of an Acid Rain source) shall also apply to the owners and operators of such source and of the Acid Rain units at the source.
- (5) Any provision of the Acid Rain Program that applies to an Acid Rain unit (including a provision applicable to the designated representative of an Acid Rain unit) shall also apply to the owners and operators of such unit. Except as provided under 40 CFR 72.44 (Phase II repowering extension plans), and except with regard to the requirements applicable to units with a common stack under 40 CFR part 75 (including 40 CFR 75.16, 75.17, and 75.18), the owners and operators and the designated representative of one Acid Rain unit shall not be liable for any violation by any other Acid Rain unit of which they are not owners or operators or the designated representative and that is located at a source of which they are not owners or operators or the designated representative.
- (7) Each violation of a provision of 40 CFR parts 72, 73, 75, 77, and 78 by an Acid Rain source or Acid Rain unit, or by an owner or operator or designated representative of such source or unit, shall be a separate violation of the Act.

Effect on Other Authorities. No provision of the Acid Rain Program, an Acid Rain part application, an Acid Rain part, or a written exemption under 40 CFR 72.7 or 72.8 shall be construed as:

- (1) Except as expressly provided in title IV of the Act, exempting or excluding the owners and operators and, to the extent applicable, the designated representative of an Acid Rain source or Acid Rain unit from compliance with any other provision of the Act, including the provisions of title I of the Act relating to applicable National Ambient Air Quality Standards or State Implementation Plans;
- (2) Limiting the number of allowances a unit can hold; provided, that the number of allowances held by the unit shall not affect the source's obligation to comply with any other provisions of the Act; (3) Requiring a change of any kind in any State law regulating electric utility rates and charges, affecting any State law regarding such State regulation, or limiting such State regulation, including any prudence review requirements under such State law;
- (4) Modifying the Federal Power Act or affecting the authority of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission under the Federal Power Act; or,
- (5) Interfering with or impering any program for competitive bidding for power supply in a State in which such program is established.

Certification

am authorized to make this submission on benalf of the owners and operators of the Acid Rain source or Acid Rain units for which the submission is made. I cartify under penalty of law that I have personally examined, and am familiar with, the statements and information submitted in this document and all its attachments. Based on my inquiry of those individuals with primary responsibility for obtaining the information, I certify that the statements and information are to the best of my knowledge and belief true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false statements and information or omitting required statements and information, including the possibility of fine or imprisonment.

Name	Hugh W. Smith			
Signatu	· Hugh W. Smith	Date	12/19/95	

Hective: 7-1-95

STEP 5 (optional) Enter the source AIRS and FINDS Identification numbers, If known

AIRS 0570038
FINDS

DEP Form No. 62-210.900(1)(a) - Form Effective: 7-1-95

Tampa Electric Company

FINAL Permit #: 0570038-003-AV

Hookers Point

Facility ID #: 0570038

This table summarizes information for convenience purposes only, & does not supersede any terms or conditions of this permit.

E.U. -001 20 MW 298 MMBtu/hour Boiler # 1

			Allowable	e Emissions		Equivalent Emissions*]	See Permit
ollutant/Paramete	Fuel	Hours/Year	Standard(s)	lbs/hour	TPY	lbs./hour	TPY	Regulatory Citations	Condition
SO2	#6 oil	8760	1,1 lbs./MMBtu			327.8	1435.8	Rule 62-296.405(1)(d)1	III. A.9
РМ	#6 oil		0.1 lbs/MMBtu 0.3 lbs/MMBtu for 3hr. per 24 hours (sootblowing)	;		37.3	163.2**	Rule 62-296.405(1)(b) Rule 62-210.700(3)	III. A.7 III. A.8
VE	#6 oil		20%; 40%@ 2min/hr. 60% for 3hr./24 hours (sootblowing)				n/a	Rule 62-296.405(1)(a) Rule 62-296.700(3)	III. A.5 III. A.6

^{** --} Annual emissions (TPY) based on 3 hours per day at 0.3 lb/mmBtu and 21 hours per day at 0.1lb/MMBtu.

^{* --} Equivalent Emissions provided for information only.

Table 1-1, Summary of Air Pollutant Standards and Terms

Tampa Electric Company Hookers Point FINAL Permit #: 0570038-003-AV

Facility ID #: 0570038

This table summarizes information for convenience purposes only, & does not supersede any terms or conditions of this permit.

E.U. -002 20 MW 298 MMBtu/hour Boller # 2

			Allowabl	e Emissions		Equivalent Emissions*		<u> </u>	See Permit
ollutant/Paramete	Fuel	Hours/Year	Standard(s)	lbs/hour	TPY	lbs./hour	TPY	Regulatory Citations	Condition
SO2	#6 oil	8760	1.1 lbs./MMBtu			327.8	1435.8	Rule 62-296.405(1)(d)1	III. A.9
PM	#6 oil		0.1 lbs/MMBtu 0.3 lbs/MMBtu for 3hr. per 24 hours (sootblowing)			37.3	163.2**	Rule 62-296.405(1)(b) Rule 62-210.700(3)	III. A.7 III. A.8
VE	#6 oil		20%; 40%@ 2min/hr. 60% for 3hr./24 hours (sootblowing)				n/a	Rule 62-296.405(1)(a) Rule 62-296.700(3)	III. A.5 III. A.6

^{** -} Annual emissions (TPY) based on 3 hours per day at 0.3 lb/mmBtu and 21 hours per day at 0.1lb/MMBtu.

^{* --} Equivalent Emissions provided for information only.

Tampa Electric Company Hookers Point FINAL Permit #: 0570038-003-AV

Facility ID #: 0570038

This table summarizes information for convenience purposes only, & does not supersede any terms or conditions of this permit.

E.U. -003 35 MW 411 MMBtu/hour Boiler # 3

			Allowabl	e Emissions		Equivalent Emissions*			
ollutant/Paramete	Fuel	Hours/Year	Standard(s)	lbs/hour	TPY	lbs./hour	TPY	Regulatory Citations	Condition
SO2	#6 oil	8760	1.1 lbs./MMBtu			452.1	1980.2	Rule62-296.405(1)(d)1	III. A.9
PM	#6 oil		0.1 lbs/MMBtu 0.3 lbs/MMBtu for 3hr. per 24 hours (sootblowing)			51.4	225**	Rule 62-296.405(1)(b) Rule 62-210.700(3)	III. A.7 III. A.8
VE	#6 oil		20%; 40%@ 2min/hr. 60% for 3hr./24 hours (sootblowing)				n/a	Rule 62-296.405(1)(a) Rule 62-296.700(3)	III. A.5 III. A.6

^{** -} Annual emissions (TPY) based on 3 hours per day at 0.3 lb/mmBtu and 21 hours per day at 0.1 lb/MMBtu.

^{* --} Equivalent Emissions provided for information only.

Tampa Electric Company

FINAL Permit #: 0570038-003-AV Facility ID #: 0570038

Hookers Point

This table summarizes information for convenience purposes only, & does not supersede any terms or conditions of this permit.

E.U. -004 35 MW 411 MMBtu/hour Boiler # 4

			Allowable	Emmissions		Equivalent Emissions*			See Permit
ollutant/Paramete	Fuel	Hours/Year	Standard(s)	lbs/hour	TPY	lbs./hour	TPY	Regulatory Citations	Condition
SO2	#6 oil	8760	1.1lbs./MMBtu			452.1	1980.2	Rule 62-296.405(1)(d)1	III. A.9
РМ	#6 oil		0.1 lbs/MMBtu 0.3 lbs/MMBtu for 3hr. per 24 hours (sootblowing)			51.4	225**	Rule 62-296.405(1)(b) Rule 62-210.700(3)	III. A.7 III. A.8
VE	#6 oil		20%; 40%@ 2min/hr. 60% for 3hr./24 hours (sootblowing)				n√a	Rule 62-296.405(1)(a) Rule 62-296.700(3)	III. A.5 III. A.6

^{** --} Annual emissions (TPY) based on 3 hours per day at 0.3 lb/mmBtu and 21 hours per day at 0.1lb/MMBtu.

^{* -} Equivalent Emissions provided for information only.

Tampa Electric Company Hookers Point FINAL Permit #: 0570038-003-AV

Facility ID #: 0570038

This table summarizes information for convenience purposes only, & does not supersede any terms or conditions of this permit.

E.U. -005 45 MW 610 MMBtu/Hour Boiler # 5

		==:-	Allowabl	e Emissions		Equivalent Emissions*			See Permit
ollutant/Paramete	Fuel	Hours/Year	Standard(s)	lbs/hour	TPY	lbs./hour	TPY	Regulatory Citations	Condition
SO2	#6 oil	8760	1.1 lbs./MMBtu			671	2939	Rule 62-296.405(1)(d)1	III. A.9
PM	#6 oil		0.1 lbs/MMBtu 0.3 lbs/MMBtu for 3hr. per 24 hours (sootblowing)			76.3	334**	Rule 62-296.405(1)(b) Rule 62-210.700(3)	III. A.7 III. A.8
VE	#6 oil		20%; 40%@ 2min/hr. 60% for 3hr./24 hours (sootblowing)				n/a	Rule 62-296.405(1)(a) Rule 62-296.700(3)	III. A.5 III. A.6

^{** --} Annual emissions (TPY) based on 3 hours per day at 0.3 lb/mmBtu and 21 hours per day at 0.1lb/MMBtu.

^{* --} Equivalent Emissions provided for information only.

Tampa Electric Company

Hookers Point Facility ID #: 0570038

This table summarizes information for convenience purposes only, & does not supersede any terms or conditions of this permit.

E.U. -006 72 MW 778 MMBtu/hour Boiler # 6

			Allowabl	e Emissions		Equivalent l	Emissions*]	See Permit
ollutant/Paramete	Fuel	Hours/Year	Standard(s)	lbs/hour	TPY	lbs./hour	TPY	Regulatory Citations	Condition
SO2	#6 oil	8760	1.1 lbs./MMBtu			855.8	3748.4	Rule 62-296.405(1)(d)1	III. A.9
PM	#6 oil		0.1 lbs/MMBtu 0.3 lbs/MMBtu for 3hr. per 24 hours (sootblowing)			97.3	426**	Rule 62-296.405(1)(b) Rule 62-210.700(3)	III. A.7 III. A.8
VE	#6 oil		20%; 40%@ 2min/hr. 60% for 3hr./24 hours (sootblowing)				r√a	Rule 62-296.405(1)(a) Rule 62-296.700(3)	III. A.5 III. A.6
				·					

FINAL Permit #: 0570038-003-AV

Notes:

** -- Annual emissions (TPY) based on 3 hours per day at 0.3 lb/mmBtu and 21 hours per day at 0.1lb/MMBtu.

^{* -} Equivalent Emissions provided for information only.

Table 2-1, Summary of Compliance Requirements

Tampa Electric Company Hookers Point FINAL Permit No.: 0570038-003-AV

Facility ID No.: 0570038

Boiler Numbers 1 - 6

This table summarizes information for convenience purposes only & does not supersede any of the terms or conditions of this permit

			Frequency	Frequency	Min. Compliance		
Pollutant/		Compliance	of	Base	Test		Permit
Parameter	Fuel	Method	Sampling	Date *	Duration	CMS**	Condition
SO2	#6 oil	Fuel sampling & analysis	After each fuel oil shipment	not applicable	not applicable		III. A.13, 18, 19
PM	#6 oil	EPA Method 5 or 17***	annual	10-May	3 hour		III. A.17
VE	#6 oil	DEP Method 9	annual	10- M ay	1 hour		III. A.15

^{*}Frequency base date established for planning purposes only; see Rule 62-297.310, F.A.C.

^{**}CMS = continuous monitoring system

^{***}EPA Method 17 may be used only if the stack gas exit temperature is less than 375 degrees F.

Appendix A-1, Abbreviations, Acronyms, Citations, and Identification Numbers (version dated 02/05/97)

Abbreviations and Acronyms:

°F: Degrees Fahrenheit

BACT: Best Available Control Technology

CFR: Code of Federal Regulations

DEP: State of Florida, Department of Environmental Protection

DARM: Division of Air Resource Management

EPA: United States Environmental Protection Agency

F.A.C.: Florida Administrative Code

F.S.: Florida Statute

ISO: International Standards Organization

LAT: Latitude LONG: Longitude

MMBtu: million British thermal units

MW: Megawatt

ORIS: Office of Regulatory Information Systems

SOA: Specific Operating Agreement **UTM**: Universal Transverse Mercator

Citations:

The following examples illustrate the methods used in this permit to abbreviate and cite the references of rules, regulations, guidance memorandums, permit numbers, and ID numbers.

Code of Federal Regulations:

Example: [40 CFR 60.334]

Where: 40 reference to Title 40

CFR reference to Code of Federal Regulations

60 reference to Part 60

60.334 reference to Regulation 60.334

Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.) Rules:

Example: [Rule 62-213, F.A.C.]

Where: 62 reference to Title 62

62-213 reference to Chapter 62-213

62-213.205 reference to Rule 62-213.205, F.A.C.

ISO: International Standards Organization refers to those conditions at 288 degrees K, 60 percent relative humidity, and 101.3 kilopascals pressure.

[electronic file name: a-1.doc] Page 1 of 2

Appendix A-1, Abbreviations, Acronyms, Citations, and Identification Numbers (version dated 02/05/97) (continued)

Identification Numbers:

Facility Identification (ID) Number:

Example: Facility ID No.: 1050221

Where:

105 = 3-digit number code identifying the facility is located in Polk County

0221 = 4-digit number assigned by state database.

Permit Numbers:

Example: 1050221-002-AV, or

1050221-001-AC

Where:

AC = Air Construction Permit

AV = Air Operation Permit (Title V Source)

105 = 3-digit number code identifying the facility is located in Polk County

0221 = 4-digit number assigned by permit tracking database

001 or 002 = 3-digit sequential project number assigned by permit tracking database

Example: PSD-FL-185

PA95-01

AC53-208321

Where:

PSD = Prevention of Significant Deterioration Permit

PA = Power Plant Siting Act Permit

AC = old Air Construction Permit numbering

Appendix H-1: Permit History

Tampa Electric Company Hookers Point Station

FINAL Permit No.: 0570038-003-AV

Facility ID No.: 0570038

Permit History (for tracking purposes):

E.U.					
ID No.	Description	Permit No.	Effective Date	Expiration Date	Project Type ¹
001-006	Facility	0570038-001-AV	01/01/98	12/31/02	Initial
001	Oil-Fired Boiler #1	0570038-003-AV	Pending	12/31/02	Revision
002	Oil-Fired Boiler #2	0570038-003-AV	Pending	12/31/02	Revision
003	Oil-Fired Boiler #3	0570038-003-AV	Pending	12/31/02	Revision
004	Oil-Fired Boiler #4	0570038-003-AV	Pending	12/31/02	Revision
005	Oil-Fired Boiler #6	0570038-003-AV	Pending	12/31/02	Revision
006	Oil-Fired Boiler #6	0570038-003-AV	Pending	12/31/02	Revision
007-036	30 Power Modules	0570038-002-AC	04/20/01	03/01/02	Construction
		0570038-003-AV	Pending	12/31/02	Initial

Note: Since units 001-006 have been in service for over 30 years, no AC permits were issued.

¹ Project Type (select one): Revision, Renewal, or Admin. Correction; Construction (new or mod.); or, Extension (AC only).