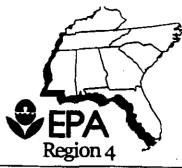
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Alabama, Rorick, Georgia, Kentucky, Masinippi, North Carolina South Carolina, Terramon

To:

Allingo

Fax#:

(P50) 922 - 6979

Subject:

Comments Re: PSD Preliminary

Determination for White Springs Chemicals

From:

Art Hofmeister

Phone #: 404-562-9115

Date

10-30-00

of Pages:

_____(including this sheet)

Comments:

Air & Radiation Technology Branch U.S. Environmental Protection Agency 41 Forsyth Street SW, 12th Floor Atlanta, Georgia 30303

> Phone: 484-542-9105 Fax: 404-562-9095



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

REGION 4
ATLANTA FEDERAL CENTER
61 FORSYTH STREET
ATLANTA, GEORGIA 30303-8960

OCT 3 0 2000

4APT ARB

Mr. A. A. Linero, P.E.
Admistrator
New Source Review Section
Floring Department of Environmental Protection
2600 Blair Stone Road
Talla assee, Florida 32399-2400

SUB Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) Preliminary Determination for White Springs Agricultural Chemicals, Inc. located in White Springs (Hamilton County), Florida PSD-FL-297

Dear Mr. Linero:

Thank you for submitting the above referenced PSD preliminary determination dated September 25, 2000, to the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) for comments. The proposed project involves the conversion of the B Phosphoric Acid Plant from prayon to a hemi-hydrate process and the increase in production capacities of B Phosphoric Acid Plant, D Phosphoric Acid Plant, Acid Clarification, C & D Phosphoric Acid Plant, and the X Train (dical) process. The total emissions increase of fluorides (F) resulting from the proposed project is above the significance threshold requiring PSD review.

Based on a review of the preliminary determination, EPA has the following comment. Although no ambient air quality standard or PSD increment exists for F, the applicant must still address the requirement for pre-construction monitoring of F. This is in direct accordance to Floria Rule 62-212-400(5)(f). A de minimis concentration has been specified for F (see Table C-3 of PA's New Source Review Workshop Manual) above which pre-construction monitoring would typically be required. The applicant needs to model the proposed increase in F emissions and compare the predicted impact to this de minimis level to determine whether or not preconstruction monitoring will be required. Also, the applicant must address the additional impacts on so is, vegetation, wildlife, and visibility with respect to F.

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Thank you for the opportunity to comment on the White Springs preliminary determination. If you have any questions regarding these comments, please direct them to either Art I offmeister at (404) 562-9115 or Jim Little at (404) 562-9118.

Sincerely,

R. Douglas Neeley

Chief

Air and Radiation Technology Branch

Air, Pesticides and Toxics

Management Division