

Screen For PO.HISTORY Show Purchase History for a Part

Resin Stripper

* Part Number 400141 Desc: STRIPPER

Accounting Value 38.840
Last Actual Cost 38.840
Avg Actual Cost 38.840

gallons

-- Deliveries --

*Vendor	PO Nbr	Unit Cost	Quantity	PO Date	First	Last
*202	MINI-CRAFT FLORIDA 904336	38.840/		5 12-14-90	12-17-90	
*294	PROGRESS SALES COR 902508	1 35.000/		10 06-29-90	07-18-90	
*294	PROGRESS SALES COR 902508	35.000/		5 06-29-90	07-18-90	
*294	PROGRESS SALES COR 902199	35.000/		10 06-08-90	06-15-90	
*294	PROGRESS SALES COR 901435	35.000/		5 04-17-90	04-30-90	
*294	PROGRESS SALES COR 900971	1 35.000/		10 03-06-90	03-09-90	
*294	PROGRESS SALES COR 900971	35.000/		5 03-06-90	03-09-90	
*294	PROGRESS SALES COR 892163	32.000/		5 12-06-89	12-08-89	
*294	PROGRESS SALES COR 892364	32.000/		5 11-10-89	11-13-89	
*294	PROGRESS SALES COR 892212	32.000/		10 08-25-89	08-29-89	

4-90
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* Part Number 400141 Desc: STRIPPER UM: GL

Accounting Value 38.840
Last Actual Cost 38.840
Avg Actual Cost 38.840

-- Deliveries --

*Vendor	PO Nbr	Unit Cost	Quantity	PO Date	First	Last
*294	PROGRESS SALES COR 891836	26.000/		5 04-14-89	03-15-89	
*294	PROGRESS SALES COR 891494	26.000/		5 07-12-88	07-12-88	
*294	PROGRESS SALES COR 891436	26.000/		10 04-14-89	04-14-89	
*294	PROGRESS SALES COR 890861	26.000/		5 02-06-89	02-13-89	
*294	PROGRESS SALES COR 85769	20.500/		30 12-12-88	12-15-88	
*294	PROGRESS SALES COR 85490	26.000/		10 10-28-88	11-03-88	
*294	PROGRESS SALES COR 85200	26.000/		10 09-23-88	09-27-88	
*294	PROGRESS SALES COR 84925	30.000/		10 08-12-88	08-16-88	
*294	PROGRESS SALES COR 84350	26.000/		10 05-18-88	05-19-88	

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5-89

4-89
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5-88

150 @

~~10.8 lb/gal~~

10.8 lb/gal

150 gal / 2 yrs

x 10.8 lb/gal

x 1/2000

x 1/2

= 0.40 ty

Screen For FO.HISTORY Show Purchase History for a Part

Foam Gun Cleaner

Spec: FOAM GUN CLEANER UN 92

Accounting Value 9.730

Last Actual Cost 9.730

gallons Avg Actual Cost 9.730

Deliveries

*Vendor PO Mbr Unit Cost quantity PO Date

*#340 FCI INC. 901151 9.730/ 25 08/01/88

5/90

*#343 FCI INC. 64777 5.733/ 55 07/24/88

*#348 FCI INC. 64711 9.732/ 10 08/01/88

*#348 FCI INC. 64851 9.730/ 10 08/01/88

5/89

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 100 \text{ gal/yr} \\
 & \times 8.5 \text{ lb/gal} \\
 & = 850 \text{ lb/yr} \\
 & \times 1/2 \text{ yr} \\
 & = 0.42 \text{ try}
 \end{aligned}$$

Screen For PO.HISTORY Show Purchase History for a Part

* Part Number 400185 Desc LACQUER THINNER UM CT *

Accounting Value 149.000 *

Last Actual Cost 149.000 *

Avg Actual Cost 149.000 *

--- Deliveries --- *

*Vendor	PO Nbr	Unit Cost	Quantity	PO Date	First	Last
*125	HORIZON CHEMICALS, 903400	149.000/	1	2 08-30-90	08-30-90	
*125	HORIZON CHEMICALS, 903401	149.000/	55	09-30-90	08-30-90	
*125	HORIZON CHEMICALS, 903100	8.430/	2	08-30-90	08-30-90	
*125	HORIZON CHEMICALS, 902688	19.950/	2	07-05-90	07-05-90	
	HORIZON CHEMICALS, 902316	19.950/	2	06-10-90	06-10-90	
	HORIZON CHEMICALS, 902317	19.950/	1	05-20-90	05-20-90	
*125	HORIZON CHEMICALS, 900804	149.000/	1	03-20-90	03-20-90	
*125	HORIZON CHEMICALS, 909020	19.950/	1	03-20-90	03-20-90	
*125	HORIZON CHEMICALS, 901498	19.950/	2	03-20-90	03-20-90	
*125	HORIZON CHEMICALS, 901092	19.950/	2	03-20-90	03-20-90	

gallons

8/90

* Part Number 400186 Desc LACQUER THINNER UM CT *

Accounting Value 149.000 *

Last Actual Cost 149.000 *

Avg Actual Cost 149.000 *

--- Deliveries --- *

*Vendor	PO Nbr	Unit Cost	Quantity	PO Date	First	Last
*125	HORIZON CHEMICALS, 900821	19.950/	2	01-15-90	01-15-90	
*125	HORIZON CHEMICALS, 900601	19.950/	2	01-15-90	01-15-90	
*125	HORIZON CHEMICALS, 900400	19.950/	1	01-15-90	01-15-90	

1/90

$$\begin{aligned}
 &75 \text{ gal} / 8 \text{ mo} \\
 &= 112.5 \text{ gal/yr} \\
 &\times 6.9 \text{ lb/gal} \\
 &= 776 \text{ lb/yr} \\
 &\times 1/2000 \\
 &= 0.39 \text{ try}
 \end{aligned}$$

21:53:43 12 OCT 1989

Acct Nbr Part 0

Screen For PD.HISTORY Show Purchase History for a Part

*Vendor	PO Nbr	Unit Cost	Quantity	PO Date	First	Last
*358	GLS CHEMICAL FIBER 904252	13.500/		55 11-30-90	12-03-90	
*844	GLASSCOAT, INC. 903759	13.350/		61 10-04-90	10-09-90	
*358	GLS CHEMICAL FIBER 903269	13.500/		55 09-29-90	09-31-90	
*358	GLS CHEMICAL FIBER 902208	13.500/		55 05-11-90	05-05-90	
*358	GLS CHEMICAL FIBER 901509	13.500/		55 04-27-90		
*358	GLS CHEMICAL FIBER 1509	13.500/		55 04-27-90		
*881	SPECIALTY PRODUCTS 890909	9.770/		55 03-05-89	03-12-89	
	SPECIALTY PRODUCTS 890845	17.180/		55 01-26-89	02-02-90	
	SPECIALTY PRODUCTS 892975	17.180/		55 11-13-89	11-20-89	
	SPECIALTY PRODUCTS 892351	17.180/		55 10-03-89	10-10-89	

gallons

--- Deliveries ---

4-90

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*Vendor	PO Nbr	Unit Cost	Quantity	PO Date	First	Last
*384	SPECIALTY PRODUCTS 892047	17.180/		55 09-22-89	09-06-89	
*384	SPECIALTY PRODUCTS 891625	17.180/		55 06-27-89	07-25-89	
*384	SPECIALTY PRODUCTS 891074	17.180/		55 05-02-89	05-14-89	
*384	SPECIALTY PRODUCTS 890468	17.180/		55 02-27-89	03-02-89	
*384	SPECIALTY PRODUCTS 890083	17.180/		55 01-12-89	02-01-89	
*384	SPECIALTY PRODUCTS 65725	17.200/		57 12-01-88	12-15-88	
*384	SPECIALTY PRODUCTS 65211	17.200/		55 09-24-88	10-10-88	
*384	SPECIALTY PRODUCTS 64968	17.200/		55 08-22-88	09-05-88	
*384	SPECIALTY PRODUCTS 64522	22.490/		45 06-16-88	06-24-88	
*384	SPECIALTY PRODUCTS 64345	22.490/		30 05-17-88	05-20-88	

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5-89

4-89

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847
52 @
7.2 lb/gal

PRO-LINE BOATS:

10/15/90 Apx; Saw, Sanding, & Router/shaper Dust

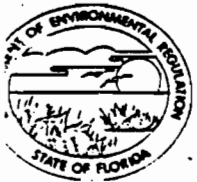
From our woodshop and ^(*)cabinet shop. (^{*}only in operation fully for 6 months) we generate (\pm) 2½ 55 gal drums per day. We have small dust collectors (55gal Vac. type) connected to all but one of our machines

JK Kennedy

0170029

6170029

AC 09-180015



Florida Department of Environmental Regulation

Twin Towers Office Bldg. • 2600 Blair Stone Road • Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400

DER Form # _____
Form Title _____
Effective Date _____
DER Application No. _____ (Filed in by DER)

D.E.R.

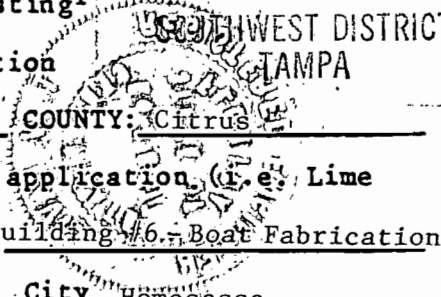
APPLICATION TO OPERATE/CONSTRUCT AIR POLLUTION SOURCES

MAY 14 1990

SOURCE TYPE: Boat Manufacturing Facility [] New [X] Existing

APPLICATION TYPE: [X] Construction [] Operation [] Modification

COMPANY NAME: Pro-Line Boats



Identify the specific emission point source(s) addressed in this application (i.e. Lime Kiln No. 4 with Venturi Scrubber; Peaking Unit No. 2, Gas Fired) Building #6 - Boat Fabrication

SOURCE LOCATION: Street 1520 South Suncoast Boulevard City Homosassa

UTM: East _____ North _____

Latitude 28 ° 50 ' 30 "N Longitude 82 ° 34 ' 20 "W

APPLICANT NAME AND TITLE: Mr. Ken Hall, President and CEO, Pro-Line Boats

APPLICANT ADDRESS: P.O. Box 1348, Crystal River, Florida 32629

SECTION I: STATEMENTS BY APPLICANT AND ENGINEER

A. APPLICANT

I am the undersigned owner or authorized representative* of Pro-Line Boats

I certify that the statements made in this application for a Construction permit are true, correct and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief. Further, I agree to maintain and operate the pollution control source and pollution control facilities in such a manner as to comply with the provision of Chapter 403, Florida Statutes, and all the rules and regulations of the department and revisions thereof. I also understand that a permit, if granted by the department, will be non-transferable and I will promptly notify the department upon sale or legal transfer of the permitted establishment.

*Attach letter of authorization

Signed: Ken Hall

Ken Hall, President and CEO
Name and Title (Please Type)

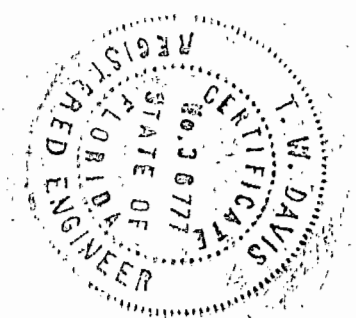
Date: 5/11/90 Telephone No. (904)795-4111

B. PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER REGISTERED IN FLORIDA (where required by Chapter 471, F.S.)

This is to certify that the engineering features of this pollution control project have been designed/examined by me and found to be in conformity with modern engineering principles applicable to the treatment and disposal of pollutants characterized in the permit application. There is reasonable assurance, in my professional judgment, that

1 See Florida Administrative Code Rule 17-2.100(57) and (104)

the pollution control facilities, when properly maintained and operated, will discharge an effluent that complies with all applicable statutes of the State of Florida and the rules and regulations of the department. It is also agreed that the undersigned will furnish, if authorized by the owner, the applicant a set of instructions for the proper maintenance and operation of the pollution control facilities and, if applicable, pollution sources.



Signed Thomas W. Davis

Thomas W. Davis
Name (Please Type)

Environmental Science and Engineering
Company Name (Please Type)

P.O. Box 1703, Gainesville, Florida 32602
Mailing Address (Please Type)

Florida Registration No. 36777 Date: 5/7/90 Telephone No. (904) 332-3318

SECTION II: GENERAL PROJECT INFORMATION

A. Describe the nature and extent of the project. Refer to pollution control equipment, and expected improvements in source performance as a result of installation. State whether the project will result in full compliance. Attach additional sheet if necessary.

See Attachment A

B. Schedule of project covered in this application (Construction Permit Application Only)

Start of Construction --- Completion of Construction November 1971

C. Costs of pollution control system(s): (Note: Show breakdown of estimated costs only for individual components/units of the project serving pollution control purposes. Information on actual costs shall be furnished with the application for operation permit.)

None

D. Indicate any previous DER permits, orders and notices associated with the emission point, including permit issuance and expiration dates.

Warning Notice WN90-0004AP09SWD

E. Requested permitted equipment operating time: hrs/day 16 ; days/wk 7 ; wks/yr 52 ;
if power plant, hrs/yr _____; if seasonal, describe: _____

F. If this is a new source or major modification, answer the following questions.
(Yes or No)

See Attachment B

1. Is this source in a non-attainment area for a particular pollutant? No

a. If yes, has "offset" been applied? _____

b. If yes, has "Lowest Achievable Emission Rate" been applied? _____

c. If yes, list non-attainment pollutants. _____

2. Does best available control technology (BACT) apply to this source?
If yes, see Section VI. No

3. Does the State "Prevention of Significant Deterioration" (PSD)
requirement apply to this source? If yes, see Sections VI and VII. No

4. Do "Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources" (NSPS)
apply to this source? No

5. Do "National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants"
(NESHAP) apply to this source? No

H. Do "Reasonably Available Control Technology" (RACT) requirements apply
to this source? No

a. If yes, for what pollutants? _____

b. If yes, in addition to the information required in this form,
any information requested in Rule 17-2.650 must be submitted.

Attach all supportive information related to any answer of "Yes". Attach any justifi-
cation for any answer of "No" that might be considered questionable.

SECTION III: AIR POLLUTION SOURCES & CONTROL DEVICES (Other than Incinerators)

A. Raw Materials and Chemicals Used in your Process, if applicable:

Description	Contaminants		Utilization Rate - lbs/hr	Relate to Flow Diagram
	Type	% Wt		
Polylite Resin	VOC	45%	340 lb/hr*	Building No. 6, Fans
Gel Coat	VOC	34.4%	62 lb/hr*	Building No. 6, Fans
*Assumes 16 hr/day, 7 day/week, 52 week/year operation				
MSDS's are included as Attachment C				

B. Process Rate, if applicable: (See Section V, Item 1)

1. Total Process Input Rate (lbs/hr): Not Applicable

2. Product Weight (lbs/hr): Not Applicable

C. Airborne Contaminants Emitted: (Information in this table must be submitted for each emission point, use additional sheets as necessary)

Name of Contaminant	Emission ¹		Allowed Emission Rate per Rule 17-2	Allowable ³ Emission lbs/hr	Potential ⁴ Emission		Relate to Flow Diagram
	Maximum lbs/hr	Actual T/yr			lbs/yr	T/yr	
VOC	174.3	507.6	N/A	N/A	1,015,200	507.6	Building
							No. 6, Fans

¹See Section V, Item 2. See Attachment D for calculations

²Reference applicable emission standards and units (e.g. Rule 17-2.600(5)(b)2. Table II, E. (1) - 0.1 pounds per million BTU heat input)

³Calculated from operating rate and applicable standard.

⁴Emission, if source operated without control (See Section V, Item 3).

D. Control Devices: (See Section V, Item 4)

Name and Type (Model & Serial No.)	Contaminant	Efficiency	Range of Particles Size Collected (in microns) (If applicable)	Basis for Efficiency (Section V Item 5)
None				

E. Fuels Not Applicable

Type (Be Specific)	Consumption*		Maximum Heat Input (MMBTU/hr)
	avg/hr	max./hr	

*Units: Natural Gas--MMCF/hr; Fuel Oils--gallons/hr; Coal, wood, refuse, other--lbs/hr.

Fuel Analysis:

Percent Sulfur: _____ Percent Ash: _____

Density: _____ lbs/gal Typical Percent Nitrogen: _____

Heat Capacity: _____ BTU/lb _____ BTU/gal

Other Fuel Contaminants (which may cause air pollution): _____

F. If applicable, indicate the percent of fuel used for space heating.

Annual Average Not Applicable Maximum _____

G. Indicate liquid or solid wastes generated and method of disposal.

Hazardous waste is handled through Pro-Line Boats' FDER approved processing procedures.

Non-hazardous solid waste is handled in compliance with the applicable state and local regulations.

H. Emission Stack Geometry and Flow Characteristics (Provide data for each stack):

Stack Height: _____ ft. Stack Diameter: _____ ft.

Gas Flow Rate: _____ ACFM _____ DSCFM Gas Exit Temperature: _____ °F.

Water Vapor Content: _____ % Velocity: _____ FPS

Stacks are not present. Fan data is provided in Attachment D.

SECTION IV: INCINERATOR INFORMATION

Not Applicable

Type of Waste	Type 0 (Plastics)	Type I (Rubbish)	Type II (Refuse)	Type III (Garbage)	Type IV (Pathological)	Type V (Liq. & Gas By-prod.)	Type VI (Solid By-prod.)
Actual lb/hr Incinerated							
Uncontrolled (lbs/hr)							

Description of Waste _____

Total Weight Incinerated (lbs/hr) _____ Design Capacity (lbs/hr) _____

Approximate Number of Hours of Operation per day _____ day/wk _____ wks/yr. _____

Manufacturer _____

Date Constructed _____ Model No. _____

	Volume (ft) ³	Heat Release (BTU/hr)	Fuel		Temperature (°F)
			Type	BTU/hr	
Primary Chamber					
Secondary Chamber					

Stack Height: _____ ft. Stack Diameter: _____ Stack Temp. _____

Gas Flow Rate: _____ ACFM _____ DSCFM* Velocity: _____ FPS

*If 50 or more tons per day design capacity, submit the emissions rate in grains per standard cubic foot dry gas corrected to 50% excess air.

Type of pollution control device: Cyclone Wet Scrubber Afterburner
 Other (specify) _____

Brief description of operating characteristics of control devices: _____

Ultimate disposal of any effluent other than that emitted from the stack (scrubber water, ash, etc.):

NOTE: Items 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, and 10 in Section V must be included where applicable.

SECTION V: SUPPLEMENTAL REQUIREMENTS

Please provide the following supplements where required for this application.

1. Total process input rate and product weight -- show derivation [Rule 17-2.100(127)]
2. To a construction application, attach basis of emission estimate (e.g., design calculations, design drawings, pertinent manufacturer's test data, etc.) and attach proposed methods (e.g., FR Part 60 Methods 1, 2, 3, 4, 5) to show proof of compliance with applicable standards. To an operation application, attach test results or methods used to show proof of compliance. Information provided when applying for an operation permit from a construction permit shall be indicative of the time at which the test was made.
3. Attach basis of potential discharge (e.g., emission factor, that is, AP42 test).
4. With construction permit application, include design details for all air pollution control systems (e.g., for baghouse include cloth to air ratio; for scrubber include cross-section sketch, design pressure drop, etc.)
5. With construction permit application, attach derivation of control device(s) efficiency. Include test or design data. Items 2, 3 and 5 should be consistent: actual emissions = potential (1-efficiency).
6. An 8 1/2" x 11" flow diagram which will, without revealing trade secrets, identify the individual operations and/or processes. Indicate where raw materials enter, where solid and liquid waste exit, where gaseous emissions and/or airborne particles are evolved and where finished products are obtained.
7. An 8 1/2" x 11" plot plan showing the location of the establishment, and points of airborne emissions, in relation to the surrounding area, residences and other permanent structures and roadways (Example: Copy of relevant portion of USGS topographic map).
8. An 8 1/2" x 11" plot plan of facility showing the location of manufacturing processes and outlets for airborne emissions. Relate all flows to the flow diagram.

9. The appropriate application fee in accordance with Rule 17-4.05. The check should be made payable to the Department of Environmental Regulation.
10. With an application for operation permit, attach a Certificate of Completion of Construction indicating that the source was constructed as shown in the construction permit.

SECTION VI: BEST AVAILABLE CONTROL TECHNOLOGY

Not Applicable

- A. Are standards of performance for new stationary sources pursuant to 40 C.F.R. Part 60 applicable to the source?

Yes No

Contaminant

Rate or Concentration

Contaminant	Rate or Concentration

- B. Has EPA declared the best available control technology for this class of sources (If yes, attach copy)

Yes No

Contaminant

Rate or Concentration

Contaminant	Rate or Concentration

- C. What emission levels do you propose as best available control technology?

Contaminant

Rate or Concentration

Contaminant	Rate or Concentration

- D. Describe the existing control and treatment technology (if any).

- | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. Control Device/System: | 2. Operating Principles: |
| 3. Efficiency:* | 4. Capital Costs: |

*Explain method of determining

5. Useful Life:

6. Operating Costs:

7. Energy:

8. Maintenance Cost:

9. Emissions:

Contaminant	Rate or Concentration

10. Stack Parameters

- a. Height: ft. b. Diameter: ft.
- c. Flow Rate: ACFM d. Temperature: °F.
- e. Velocity: FPS

E. Describe the control and treatment technology available (As many types as applicable, use additional pages if necessary).

1.

- a. Control Device: b. Operating Principles:
- c. Efficiency:¹ d. Capital Cost:
- e. Useful Life: f. Operating Cost:
- g. Energy:² h. Maintenance Cost:
- i. Availability of construction materials and process chemicals:
- j. Applicability to manufacturing processes:
- k. Ability to construct with control device, install in available space, and operate within proposed levels:

2.

- a. Control Device: b. Operating Principles:
- c. Efficiency:¹ d. Capital Cost:
- e. Useful Life: f. Operating Cost:
- g. Energy:² h. Maintenance Cost:
- i. Availability of construction materials and process chemicals:

¹Explain method of determining efficiency.

²Energy to be reported in units of electrical power - KWH design rate.

- j. Applicability to manufacturing processes:
- k. Ability to construct with control device, install in available space, and operate within proposed levels:

3.

- a. Control Device:
- b. Operating Principles:
- c. Efficiency:¹
- d. Capital Cost:
- e. Useful Life:
- f. Operating Cost:
- g. Energy:²
- h. Maintenance Cost:
- i. Availability of construction materials and process chemicals:
- j. Applicability to manufacturing processes:
- k. Ability to construct with control device, install in available space, and operate within proposed levels:

4.

- a. Control Device:
- b. Operating Principles:
- c. Efficiency:¹
- d. Capital Costs:
- e. Useful Life:
- f. Operating Cost:
- g. Energy:²
- h. Maintenance Cost:
- i. Availability of construction materials and process chemicals:
- j. Applicability to manufacturing processes:
- k. Ability to construct with control device, install in available space, and operate within proposed levels:

F. Describe the control technology selected:

- 1. Control Device:
- 2. Efficiency:¹
- 3. Capital Cost:
- 4. Useful Life:
- 5. Operating Cost:
- 6. Energy:²
- 7. Maintenance Cost:
- 8. Manufacturer:
- 9. Other locations where employed on similar processes:
- a. (1) Company:
- (2) Mailing Address:
- (3) City:
- (4) State:

¹Explain method of determining efficiency.

²Energy to be reported in units of electrical power - KWH design rate.

(5) Environmental Manager:

(6) Telephone No.:

(7) Emissions:¹

Contaminant

Rate or Concentration

Contaminant	Rate or Concentration

(8) Process Rate:¹

b. (1) Company:

(2) Mailing Address:

(3) City:

(4) State:

(5) Environmental Manager:

(6) Telephone No.:

(7) Emissions:¹

Contaminant

Rate or Concentration

Contaminant	Rate or Concentration

(8) Process Rate:¹

10. Reason for selection and description of systems:

¹Applicant must provide this information when available. Should this information not be available, applicant must state the reason(s) why.

SECTION VII - PREVENTION OF SIGNIFICANT DETERIORATION

Not Applicable

A. Company Monitored Data

1. _____ no. sites _____ TSP _____ () SO₂* _____ Wind spd/dir

Period of Monitoring _____ / _____ / _____ to _____ / _____ / _____
month day year month day year

Other data recorded _____

Attach all data or statistical summaries to this application.

*Specify bubbler (B) or continuous (C).

2. Instrumentation, Field and Laboratory

a. Was instrumentation EPA referenced or its equivalent? [] Yes [] No

b. Was instrumentation calibrated in accordance with Department procedures?
[] Yes [] No [] Unknown

B. Meteorological Data Used for Air Quality Modeling

1. _____ Year(s) of data from _____ / _____ / _____ to _____ / _____ / _____
month day year month day year

2. Surface data obtained from (location) _____

3. Upper air (mixing height) data obtained from (location) _____

4. Stability wind rose (STAR) data obtained from (location) _____

C. Computer Models Used

1. _____ Modified? If yes, attach description.

2. _____ Modified? If yes, attach description.

3. _____ Modified? If yes, attach description.

4. _____ Modified? If yes, attach description.

Attach copies of all final model runs showing input data, receptor locations, and principle output tables.

D. Applicants Maximum Allowable Emission Data

Pollutant	Emission Rate
TSP	_____ grams/sec
SO ²	_____ grams/sec

E. Emission Data Used in Modeling

Attach list of emission sources. Emission data required is source name, description of point source (on NEDS point number), UTM coordinates, stack data, allowable emissions, and normal operating time.

F. Attach all other information supportive to the PSD review.

G. Discuss the social and economic impact of the selected technology versus other applicable technologies (i.e., jobs, payroll, production, taxes, energy, etc.). Include assessment of the environmental impact of the sources.

H. Attach scientific, engineering, and technical material, reports, publications, journals, and other competent relevant information describing the theory and application of the requested best available control technology.

Attachment A

Nature and Extent of Project

Pro-Line Boats has been manufacturing pleasure boats at the company's Homosassa, Florida, facility since November, 1971. A map giving the plant location is provided as Figure 1. As part of the manufacturing operation, Pro-Line builds boats and boat components utilizing fiberglass and polyester resin. Pro-Line coats the manufactured components with acrylic paint. These operations, which release volatile organic compounds (VOC), are conducted in Building No. 6 at Pro-Line's Homosassa plant. The location of Building No. 6 may be seen on the facility plot plan provided as Figure 2.

Building No. 6 consists principally of two large open rooms that contain the fabricating and coating operations. Fabricating is conducted during the day shift, while coating is performed during the second shift. Building ventilation to meet applicable industrial hygiene standards is accomplished by using seven large exhaust fans to draw air from the building (see Figure 3). Building doors are left open to allow replacement air to flow into the building. The building also has 11 large roof vents to aid building ventilation, but the effectiveness of these openings to maintain adequate indoor VOC levels without assistance from the fans is questionable.

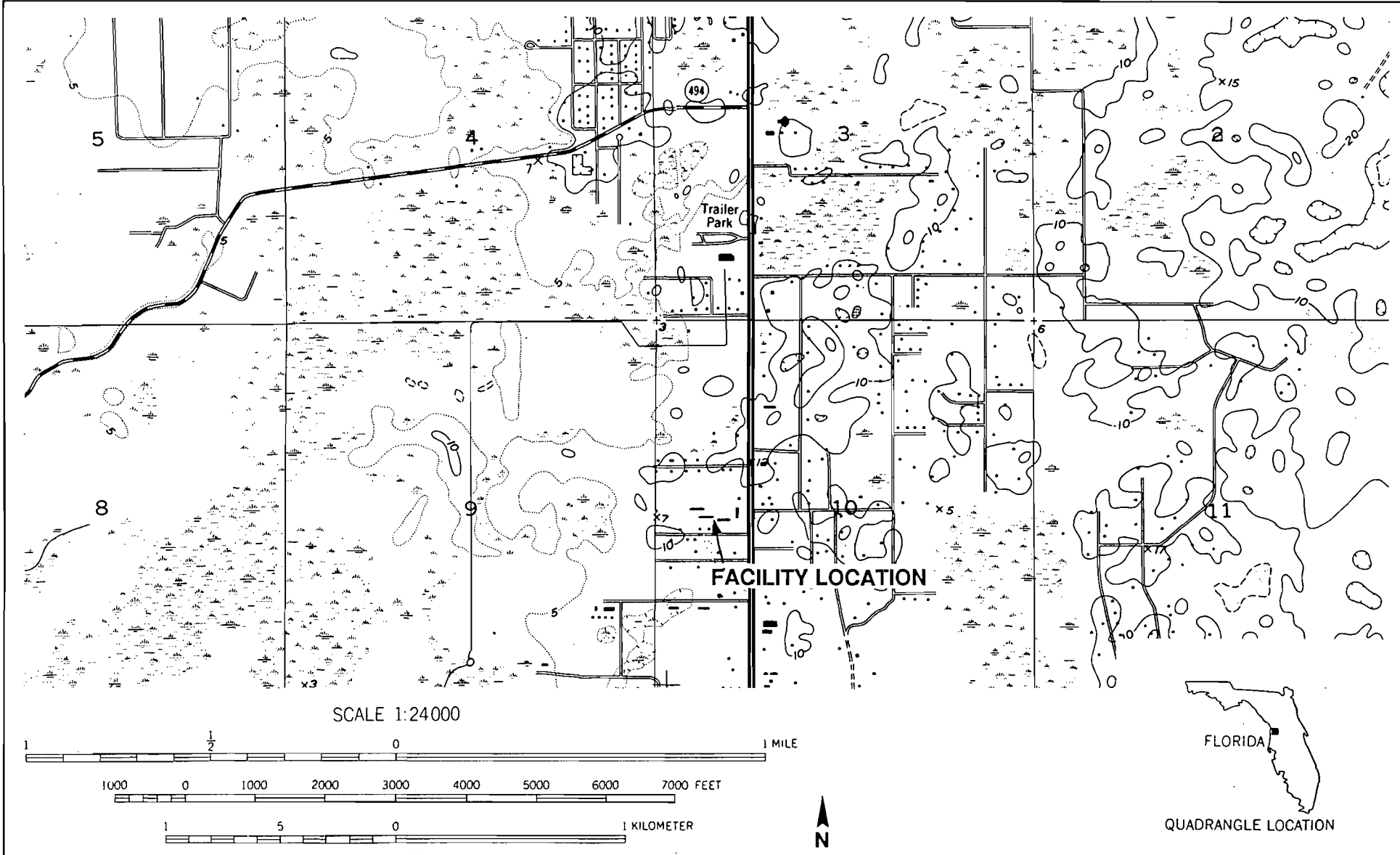
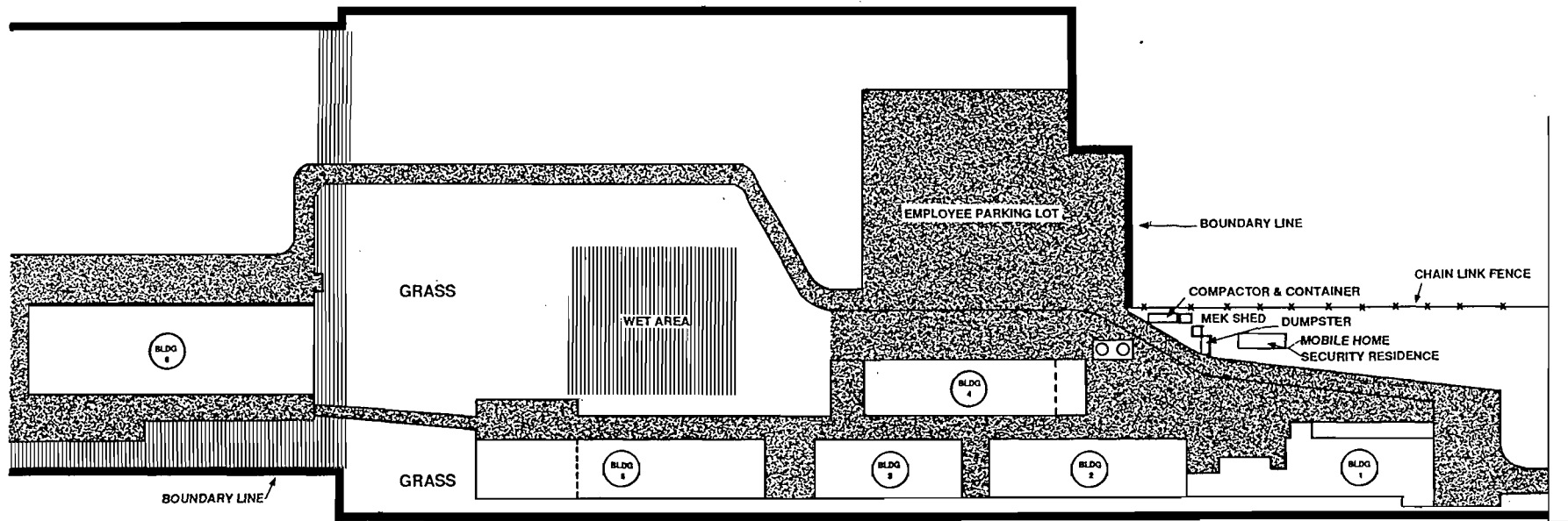


Figure 1
LOCATION OF PRO-LINE BOATS
MANUFACTURING FACILITY

SOURCE: USGS, 1988.

ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE
& ENGINEERING, INC.



NO SCALE



KEY

-  PAVED
-  WET AREA

Figure 2
PRO-LINE BOAT MANUFACTURING
FACILITIES PLOT PLAN

SOURCE: PRO-LINE BOATS, 1990.

ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE
& ENGINEERING, INC.

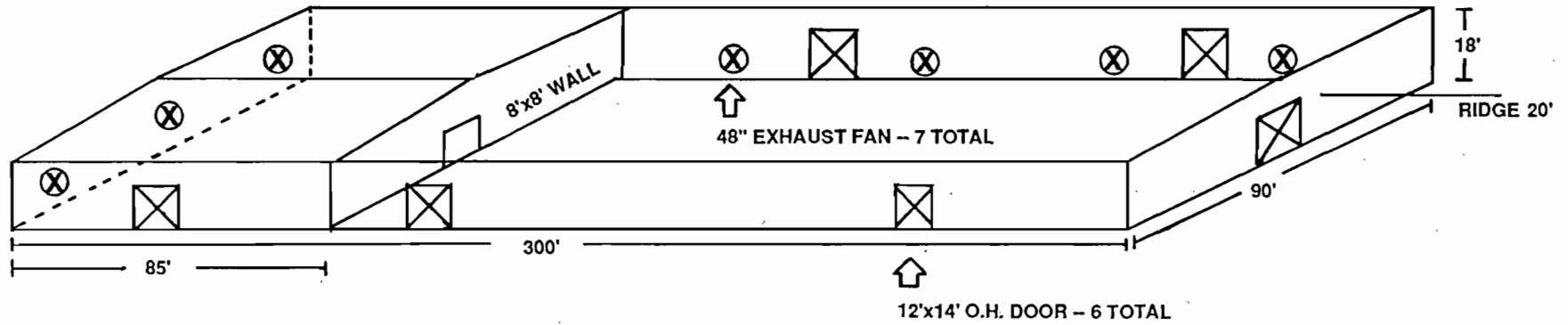


Figure 3
BUILDING NO. 6
VENTILATION ARRANGEMENT

SOURCE: PRO-LINE BOATS, 1990.

ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE
& ENGINEERING, INC.

Attachment B

Explanation of Section II, Item F.3

The Pro-Line Boat facility at Homosassa began operations in November, 1971, prior to January 18, 1972. Therefore, the facility is defined as an existing source under Chapter 17-2.100 (68) and Prevention of Significant Deterioration requirements do not apply.

Attachment C
Material Safety Data Sheets

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

CO-PLAS INCORPORATED
 5106 WHEELER AVE.
 FORT SMITH, AR 72901

INFORMATION & EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO.: 501-646-7865
 CHEMTREC : 800-424-9300

PREPARATION DATE: 02/13/90

REPLACES DATE: NEW MSDS

PREPARER: MGG

SECTION I - PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

WHITE GEL COAT

WG-30497

SECTION II - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

CHEMICAL NAME	CAS NUMBER	WT. PERCENT IS LESS THAN	OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS			VAPOR PRESSURE mmHg 20C	KNOWN OR SUSPECTED CARCINOGEN	SEC 313
			(TLV-TWA)	(TLV-STEL)	(PEL)			
METHYL METHACRYLATE MONOMER	80-62-6	5%	100 PPM	75 PPM	NO INFO	29.0	NO	NO
STYRENE	100-42-5	30%	50 PPM	100 PPM	100 PPM	4.5	YES	YES
PIGMENT WHITE 6	13463-67-7	15%	10 MG/M3	NO INFO	15 MG/M3	0.0	NO	NO
SILICON DIOXIDE	7631-86-9	5%	10 MG/M3	NO INFO	20 MPPCF	0.0	NO	NO

THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS ONE OR MORE MATERIALS SUBJECT TO THE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 313 OF THE EMERGENCY PLANNING AND THE COMMUNITY RIGHT-TO-KNOW ACTS OF 1986 AND OF 40 CFR 372.

N.A. - NOT APPLICABLE

SECTION III - PHYSICAL DATA

BOILING RANGE	: 214-295 F	VAPOR DENSITY	: IS HEAVIER THAN AIR
ODOR	: AROMATIC	EVAPORATION RATE:	: IS SLOWER THAN ETHER
APPEARANCE	: WHITE LIQUID	SOLUBILITY	: INSOLUBLE
VOLATILE BY WEIGHT:	34.4%	PRODUCT DENSITY	: 10.8 LBS./GAL. (U.S.)
VOLATILE BY VOLUME:	51.0%		

SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION:	FLASH POINT: 82 F	LEL: 1.1 %
OSHA - FLAMMABLE LIQUID - CLASS IC	(SETAFLASH CLOSED CUP)	UEL: 12.5 %
DOT - FLAMMABLE LIQUID OR SOLID		

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: CARBON DIOXIDE DRY CHEMICAL FOAM

=====

SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: KEEP CONTAINERS TIGHTLY CLOSED. ISOLATE FROM HEAT, SPARKS, AND OPEN FLAME. CLOSED CONTAINERS MAY EXPLODE WHEN EXPOSED TO EXTREME HEAT.

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: WATER MAY BE USED TO COOL CLOSED CONTAINERS TO PREVENT PRESSURE BUILD-UP AND POSSIBLE AUTOIGNITION OR EXPLOSION WHEN EXPOSED TO EXTREME HEAT. USE SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS.

=====

SECTION V - HEALTH HAZARD DATA

EFFECTS OF OVER EXPOSURE: INHALATION: IRRITATION TO RESPIRATORY TRACT, HEADACHE, DIZZINESS AND NAUSEA. SKIN CONTACT: PRIMARY IRRITATION. EYE CONTACT: PRIMARY IRRITATION. PROLONGED OR REPEATED EXPOSURE CAN CAUSE LIVER AND KIDNEY DAMAGE AND ALLERGIC SKIN REACTION. SOME REPORTS INDICATE THAT STYRENE AND A POTENTIAL METABOLITE OF STYRENE, STYRENE OXIDE, ARE MUTAGENIC. THERE IS ALSO EVIDENCE THAT STYRENE AND ITS OXIDE CAN DAMAGE CHROMOSOMES.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS PRONE TO AGGRAVATION BY EXPOSURE: PRE-EXISTING SENSITIVITY TO SOLVENTS CAN CAUSE A HEIGHTENED REACTION TO EXPOSURE TO THIS PRODUCT.

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: INHALATION DERMAL

EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES: INHALATION: REMOVE TO FRESH AIR, RESTORE BREATHING. CONSULT A PHYSICIAN. SKIN CONTACT: FLUSH WITH WATER. EYE CONTACT: FLUSH IMMEDIATELY WITH LARGE AMOUNTS OF WATER. CONSULT A PHYSICIAN. IF SWALLOWED, DILUTE BY GIVING 2 GLASSES OF WATER, CONSULT PHYSICIAN. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. NEVER GIVE ANYTHING BY MOUTH TO AN UNCONSCIOUS VICTIM.

=====

=====
SECTION VI - REACTIVITY DATA
=====

STABILITY: THIS PRODUCT IS STABLE UNDER NORMAL STORAGE CONDITIONS.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: COULD OCCUR UNDER NORMAL CONDITIONS. CARE MUST BE EXERCISED.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: ON BURNING, EMITS ACRID FUMES, CARBON DIOXIDE AND CARBON MONOXIDE.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: HEAT AND DIRECT SUNLIGHT

INCOMPATABILITY: STRONG ACIDS, PEROXIDES AND OTHER OXIDIZING AGENTS, ORGANIC METAL SOAP.

=====
SECTION VII - SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES
=====

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: KEEP SPECTATORS AWAY. ELIMINATE IGNITION SOURCES. USE SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS (PRESSURE DEMAND, OSHA/NIOSH-APPROVED), IMPERVIOUS CLOTHING AND BOOTS. DIKE AND CONTAIN SPILL WITH SAND OR EARTH. TRANSFER LIQUID TO CONTAINERS FOR RECOVERY OR DISPOSAL AND SOLID DIKING MATERIAL TO SEPERATE CONTAINERS FOR DISPOSAL.

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD: INCINERATE LIQUID AND CONTAMINATED DIKING MATERIAL IN ACCORDANCE WITH LOCAL, STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.

=====
SECTION VIII - SAFE HANDLING AND USE INFORMATION
=====

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: NONE NEEDED IF GOOD VENTILATION IS MAINTAINED. OTHERWISE WEAR SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS (PRESSURE DEMAND, OSHA/NIOSH APPROVED OR EQUIVALENT).

VENTILATION: SUFFICIENT VENTILATION, IN VOLUME AND PATTERN, SHOULD BE PROVIDED TO KEEP AIR CONTAMINATION BELOW CURRENT APPLICABLE OSHA PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LIMIT OR ACGIH'S TLV LIMIT.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES: RECOMMENDED FOR PROLONGED OR REPEATED CONTACT.

EYE PROTECTION: CHEMICAL GOGGLES WITH SIDE SHIELDS OR FACE SHIELD RECOMMENDED.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: USE PROTECTIVE CREAMS WHERE SKIN CONTACT IS LIKELY. REMOVE AND WASH CONTAMINATED CLOTHING BEFORE REUSE. EYEWASH FACILITY, SAFETY SHOWER, IMPERVIOUS CLOTHING

HYGIENIC PRACTICES: WASH HANDS BEFORE EATING OR SMOKING. SMOKE IN DESIGNATED AREAS ONLY.

=====

=====

SECTION IX - SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE: STORE IN A COOL DRY AREA WITH VENTILATION SUITABLE FOR STORING MATERIALS SHOWN IN SECTION II.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS: PROVIDE RESPIRATORY PROTECTION AGAINST FUMES GENERATED DURING BURNING. PROVIDE RESPIRATORY PROTECTION AGAINST DUST CREATED BY SANDING AND/OR GRINDING OF FINISHED PARTS.

=====

SECTION X - HMIS RATINGS

HEALTH: 2

FLAMMABILITY: 3

REACTIVITY: 2

THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS, TO THE BEST OF OUR KNOWLEDGE AND BELIEF, ACCURATE. HOWEVER, SINCE THE CONDITIONS OF HANDLING AND USE ARE BEYOND OUR CONTROL, WE MAKE NO GUARANTEE OF RESULTS, AND ASSUME NO LIABILITY FOR DAMAGES INCURRED BY USE OF THIS MATERIAL. IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE USER TO COMPLY WITH ALL APPLICABLE FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL LAWS AND REGULATIONS.

REICHOLD**MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET**REICHOLD CHEMICALS, INC.
Reactive Polymers Division
800 Capitola Drive
Research Triangle Park
Durham, NC 27713

Information Telephone No. 919-544-9225

ALL CHEMICAL EMERGENCIES
1-800-424-9300

Feb 19 1980

Safety/Environmental Manager
PRO-LINE BOATS, INC
1500 SOUTH SUNCOAST BLVD

MEMPHIS, FL 32946

Dear Customer:

To ensure safe use of our products and to comply with OSHA Hazard Communication Standards, we are pleased to send you the latest Material Safety Data Sheet(s) for the following Reichhold product code(s):

33-236

This information is being forwarded to you through our computer-aided program, which automatically generates and mails a revised or updated MSDS to all purchasers of the product at the time of the first shipment.

To be sure that the enclosed MSDS(s) serves its purpose, please pass it along to all personnel who handle or use the product and to the appropriate product safety personnel.

Sincerely,

Customer Service

REICHOLD

REICHOLD CHEMICALS, INC.
 Reactive Polymers Division
 800 Capicola Drive
 Research Triangle Park
 Durham, NC 27713

Information Telephone No. 919-544-9225

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

ALL CHEMICAL EMERGENCIES
1-800-424-9300

Issue Date: 08/05/90

Page 1

SECTION I - PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

Product Code: 33-236-00
 Trade Name: **polylite**(R) 33-236-00
 Product Class: Unsaturated Polyester
 C.A.S. Number: Mixture

SECTION II - INGREDIENTS

Ingredients	CAS #	Weight	Exposure
		max. %	Limits
Polyester resin	Proprietary	65.0	None assigned
Styrene Monomer	100-42-5	45.0	50.0 ppm

SECTION III - PHYSICAL DATA

Boiling Point: 295 Deg. F. Vapor Density: Heavier than Air.
 Volatile %: 38 - 45 Specific Grav: 1.10
 Evap. Rate: Slower than n-Butyl Acetate.
 Appearance: Purple opaque liquid. Pungent odor.

SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

Flammability Class: 1C Flash Point: 89 Deg. F. LEL: 1.1

-EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

Water spray, foam, dry chemical, carbon dioxide or any Class B extinguishing agent.

-SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES:

Firefighters and others exposed to vapors or products of combustion should wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Equipment should be thoroughly decontaminated after use.

-UNUSUAL FIRE & EXPLOSION HAZARDS:

At elevated temperatures, such as in a fire, polymerization may take place. If polymerization takes place in a closed container, there is the possibility of violent rupture of the container. Product vapors may form an explosive mixture in air.

SECTION V - HEALTH HAZARD DATA

-PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LEVEL

OSHA PEL and ACGIH TLV for styrene are both 50 ppm for an 8-hour Time Weighted Average (TWA). The OSHA and ACGIH Short Term Exposure Level (STEL) are 100 ppm for a 15-minute period. Exposure to styrene may exceed the STEL during a 15-minute period (no ceiling for brief exposures), however the average for 15 min.

REICHOLD**MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET**

REICHOLD CHEMICALS, INC.
 Reactive Polymers Division
 800 Capitola Drive
 Research Triangle Park
 Durham, NC 27713

Information Telephone No. 919-544-9225

ALL CHEMICAL EMERGENCIES
1-800-424-9300

Product Code: 33-336-00

Issue Date: 09/05/90

Page 2

SECTION V - HEALTH HAZARD DATA (cont.)

-PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LEVEL (cont.)

a single STEL period must not exceed 100 ppm.

-EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE:

SKIN: Prolonged or frequent contact may cause defatting and dryness of the skin with resultant irritation and possible dermatitis. Styrene may be absorbed through the skin in toxic amounts.

EYES: May cause irritation. Liquid splashes may result in more serious injuries. May cause lachrymation (tears).

INHALATION: Vapors may cause mucous membrane irritation and upper respiratory tract discomfort. High concentrations may result in headache, nausea, insensibility and other central nervous system effects. Repeated exposure to high concentrations may cause liver and kidney damage.

INGESTION: May cause gastrointestinal disturbances, pain and discomfort.

-FIRST AID:

SKIN: Wash with soap and water.

EYES: Flush with copious amounts of water for 15 minutes. Seek immediate medical aid.

INHALATION: Remove victim from exposure. If victim is unconscious, administer artificial respiration and/or oxygen as needed. Seek medical aid.

INGESTION: DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING (aspiration hazard). Seek immediate medical aid.

-PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY:

Inhalation and Skin Absorption

-CARCINOGENICITY:

The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has classified styrene as possibly carcinogenic to humans (class 2B). The IARC 2B classification is not based on significant new evidence that styrene might be a carcinogen, but on a revised IARC classification scheme and new data on styrene oxide.

SECTION VI - REACTIVITY DATA

STABILITY: Unstable Stable

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: May occur Will not occur

-INCOMPATIBILITY:

Strong acids and oxidizing agents.

-CONDITIONS TO AVOID:

Heat and direct sunlight

REICHHOLD**MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET**

REICHHOLD CHEMICALS, INC.
 Reactive Polymers Division
 800 Capitola Drive
 Research Triangle Park
 Durham, NC 27713

Information Telephone No. 919-544-9225

ALL CHEMICAL EMERGENCIES
1-800-424-9300

Product Code: 33-236-00

Issue Date: 02/05/90

Page 3

SECTION VI - REACTIVITY DATA (cont.)

-HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:

Heating of this material to decomposition may cause the emission of irritating, acrid fumes.

SECTION VII - SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

-STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED:

Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate area. Absorb spill with an absorbent material such as sawdust, vermiculite or sand and place in a closed container. If large spill, dike the area to prevent this material from entering water systems or sewers.

-WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD:

This material has been tested and found to have a flash point below 140 F. If discarded, this material and containers should be treated as hazardous wastes based on the characteristic of ignitability as defined under the federal RCRA regulations (40 CFR 261). Disposal of this material and its container, requires compliance with applicable labeling, packaging, and record keeping standards. Extreme care should be taken to ensure that it is disposed of only in a facility permitted for disposal of hazardous wastes.

For further information, contact your state or local solid waste agency or the United States Environmental Protection Agency's RCRA hotline (1-800-424-9346 or 202-382-3000).

SECTION VIII - SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

-RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:

A canister-type respirator must be worn to prevent the inhalation of vapors or spray mists when the TLV or PEL is exceeded.

-VENTILATION:

General ventilation is required during normal use. Local ventilation may be required during certain operations to keep exposure levels below the TLV listed in Section II of this data sheet.

-PROTECTIVE GLOVES:

Wear appropriate impervious gloves to prevent skin contact.

-EYE PROTECTION:

Wear face shield or chemical goggles.

REICHHOLD**MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET**

REICHHOLD CHEMICALS, INC.
 Reactive Polymers Division
 800 Capitola Drive
 Research Triangle Park
 Durham, NC 27713

Information Telephone No. 919-544-9225

ALL CHEMICAL EMERGENCIES
1-800-424-9300

Product Code: 33-836-00

Issue Date: 02/05/90

Page 4

SECTION VIII - SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION (cont.)

-OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:

Wear protective clothing to prevent skin contact.
 Eye wash station and safety shower should be available.

SECTION IX - SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

-PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING:

Avoid storage above 100 Deg. F. Avoid prolonged or repeated skin contact. Avoid inhalation of heated vapors or spray mists.

-OTHER PRECAUTIONS:

Avoid improper addition of promoter and/or catalyst. A promoter and catalyst used with this product should always be mixed separately with the product and must never be mixed together.

SECTION X - SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

-REGULATORY INFORMATION:

SCAQM Rule 1162 establishes specific process, control, housekeeping, and recordkeeping requirements for fabrication operations using polyester resin materials. It is the responsibility of the fabricator to ensure compliance with these requirements.

-SARA STATUS:

One or more of the chemical substances listed in section 11 of this MSDS is subject to the reporting requirements of section 312 of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986 and 40 CFR 372.

This material has been categorized as having the following hazard(s) as defined by SARA Title III regulations (40 CFR 370):
 acute, chronic, fire, reactive.

-DOT PROPER SHIPPING NAME:

Resin Solution

-UN NUMBER:

UN1862

-DOT HAZARD CLASS:

Flammable liquid

Attachment D

VOC Emission Calculations

(1) Basic Equation For VOC Emission Calculation

$$E = \sum_{i=1}^{n=i} U_i \times V_i \times 112 \text{ hrs/week} \times 52 \text{ weeks/year}$$

Where: U_i = Utilization rate of material i
 V_i = Percent VOC of material by weight
 N = The number of different materials

(2) Calculations

Substance i = 1, Polylyte Resin

$$\begin{aligned} E_1 &= 340 \text{ lb/hr} \times 0.45 \times 112 \text{ hrs/week} \times 52 \text{ weeks/year} \\ &= 891,072 \text{ lb/year} \\ &= 445.5 \text{ tons/year} \end{aligned}$$

Substance i = 2, Gel Coat

$$\begin{aligned} E_2 &= 62 \text{ lb/hr} \times 0.344 \times 112 \text{ hrs/week} \times 52 \text{ weeks/year} \\ &= 124,214 \text{ lb/year} \\ &= 62.1 \text{ tons/year} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} E &= E_1 + E_2 \\ &= 445.5 \text{ tons/year} + 62.1 \text{ tons/year} \\ &= 507.6 \text{ tons/year} \\ &= 1,015,200 \text{ lb/year} \\ &= 174.3 \text{ lb/operating hour} \end{aligned}$$

Attachment E

Building No. 6, Fan Data

Number of fans - 7

Fan diameter - 4 feet

Height of fan discharge above grade - 2 feet

Volume of air moved per fan - 21,925 ft³/min

Total volume of air moved - 153,475 ft³/min

Temperature of air moved - Ambient

Velocity of air through fan - 29 ft/sec



KOOGLER & ASSOCIATES
ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES
4014 NW THIRTEENTH STREET
GAINESVILLE, FLORIDA 32609
904/377-5822 • FAX 377-7158

KA 412-91-01

October 4, 1991

Mr. C.H. Fancy
Florida Department of
Environmental Regulation
2600 Blair Stone Road
Tallahassee, FL 32399-2400

Subject: Revision of Permit Application
Air Construction Permit AC09-180615

RECEIVED
OCT 7 1991
Division of Air
Resources Management

Dear Mr. Fancy:

Enclosed is a copy of Air Construction Permit Application AC09-180615, revised on October 4, 1991 and submitted on behalf of Pro-Line Boats, Inc. This application was originally submitted to the Department in May 1990 and amended and resubmitted in June 1991.

Four copies of this application are being sent to Mr. John Reynolds of your staff.

If you have any questions concerning the enclosed application, please do not hesitate to give me a call.

Very truly yours,

KOOGLER & ASSOCIATES


John B. Koogler, Ph.D., P.E.

JBK:mab

cc: Mr. John Reynolds, FDER, Tallahassee
Mr. Bill Thomas, FDER, Tampa
Mr. Cecil Davis, Pro-Line Boats, Inc.
Mr. Ralph DeMeo, Huey, Gilday, Kuersteiner et al.

A CONSTRUCTION PERMIT APPLICATION
AND SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION
FOR A BOAT MANUFACTURING FACILITY

Prepared for:

PRO-LINE BOATS, INC
CRYSTAL RIVER, FLORIDA

Prepared by:

ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING, INC.
GAINESVILLE, FLORIDA

May 1990

Revised by:

KOGLER & ASSOCIATES
ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES
4014 N.W. 13TH STREET
GAINESVILLE, FL 32609

October 1991

Revised 10/4/91



TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.0	INTRODUCTION	1-1
1.1	Background	1-1
1.2	Regulatory Requirements	1-1
2.0	FACILITY DESCRIPTION	2-1
2.1	General Description and Layout	2-1
2.2	Emission Points	2-1
3.0	TECHNICAL APPROACH	3-1
4.0	FDER CONSTRUCTION PERMIT APPLICATION	4-1
5.0	EMISSION RATE CALCULATIONS	5-1
6.0	SOURCE IMPACT ANALYSIS	6-1
	APPENDIX A	Material Safety Data Sheets
	APPENDIX B	Dispersion Modeling Output
	APPENDIX C	Material Use Summaries

Revised 10/4/91



LIST OF TABLES

2-1	MATERIAL USAGE RATES	2-3
5-1	VOC EMISSION RATES	5-3
5-2	PM EMISSION RATE	5-4
6-1	SUMMARY OF AMBIENT IMPACTS	6-3

LIST OF FIGURES

1-1	FACILITY LOCATION	1-3
2-1	PLOT PLAN	2-4
2-2	BUILDING 1 VENTILATION ARRANGEMENT	2-5

Revised 10/4/91



1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Background

Pro-Line Boats, Inc., a boat manufacturing facility located in Homosassa, Florida, has been in operation since November 1971. A map showing the location of the plant is provided as Figure 1-1.

Pro-Line Boats submitted an air pollution construction permit application to the Florida Department of Environmental Regulation (FDER) in May 1990 and amended the application in June 1991. Attached is a second amendment incorporating more reliable and updated emission factors (from AP-42) and a more representative materials use estimate (a two year summary - 5/88-4/90).

1.2 Regulatory Requirements

FDER defines "major facility" as a facility which emits or has the potential to emit 100 tons per year or more of any regulated pollutant (except lead and acrylonitrile).

Rule 17-2.500(2)(d), FAC states that PSD review applies to new major facilities that have the potential to emit greater than or equal to 250 tons per year of a regulated pollutant or 100 tons per year or more for facilities which belong to any of the facility categories listed in Table 500-1, FAC. Modification of existing major facilities are subject to PSD review if (1) the existing facility would be subject to PSD review if it

Revised 10/4/91



were itself a proposed new facility, and (2) the modification would result in a significant net emission increase of any regulated pollutant.

Because Pro-Line Boats began operations in November 1971 (prior to January 18, 1972), it is an existing source as defined under Rule 17-2.100(73),FAC. Potential VOC emissions from Pro-Line Boats are less than 100 tons per year based on 1988 AP-42 emission factors. Therefore, the facility is classified as a minor existing facility.

The VOCs released from the Pro-Line polyester resin (fiberglass boat building) activity are styrene and acetone. Both have a low odor threshold and are photoreactive. Currently, there are no standards for styrene or acetone emissions from such processes in the state of Florida. However, there is a FDER policy for controlling toxic emissions from stationary sources. The ambient guidelines established by the Air Toxics Policy are referred to as No Threat Levels (NTLs). An ample margin of safety is incorporated in the NTLs, making them conservative enough to protect the public from simultaneous exposures to multiple air toxics, and from additional exposures to the same toxics through other environmental pathways.

Revised 10/4/91



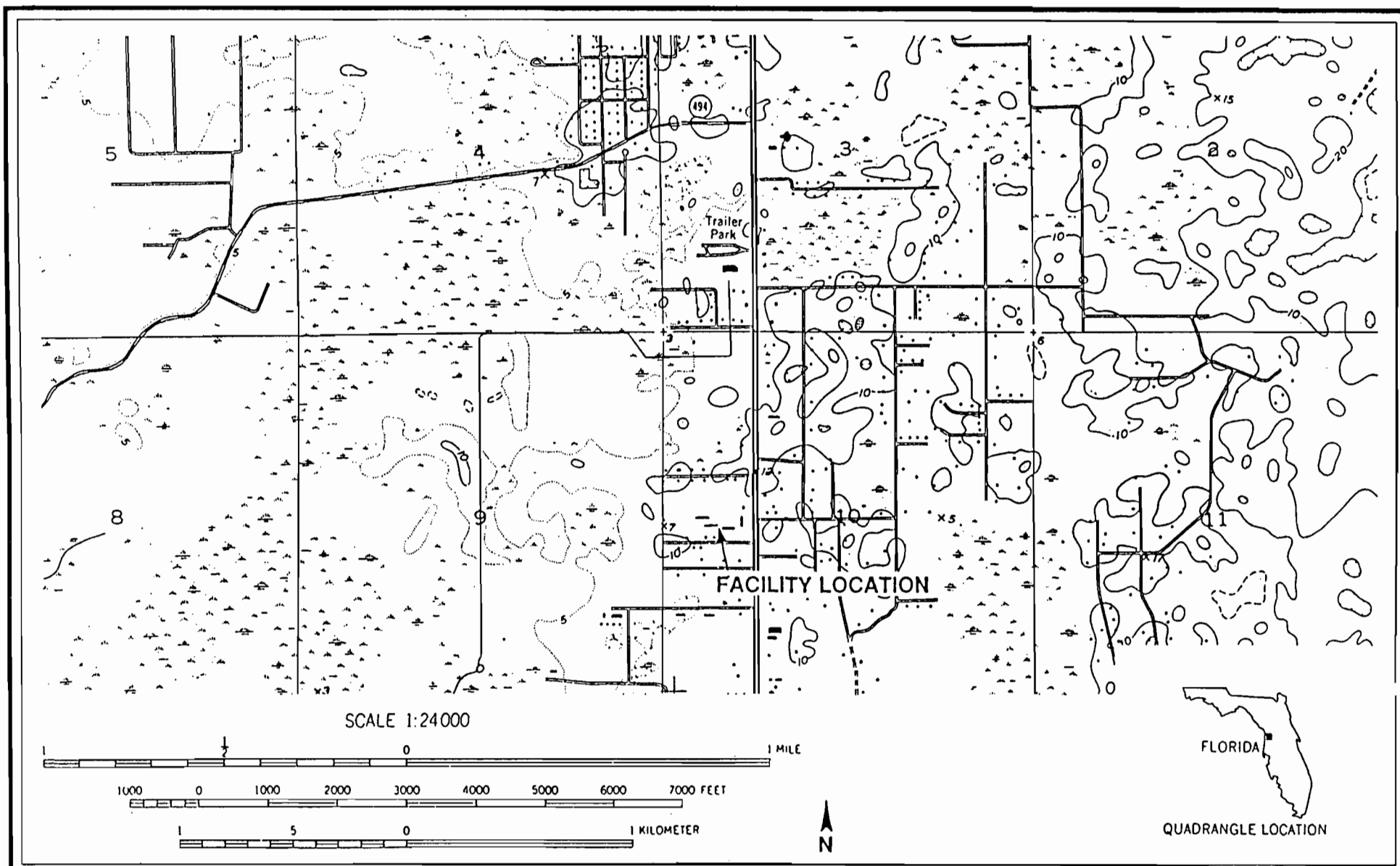


Figure 1-1
LOCATION OF PRO-LINE BOATS
MANUFACTURING FACILITY

SOURCE: USGS, 1988.

ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE
& ENGINEERING, INC.

2.0 FACILITY DESCRIPTION

2.1 General Description and Layout

Pro-Line Boats builds pleasure boats and components using fiberglass and polyester resin. The manufactured boat components are then coated with gel coat and acrylic paint. Generally, fabrication is conducted during the day shift and coating during the evening shift.

These operations, which release volatile organic compounds (VOCs), are performed in Building No. 1 at the Homosassa plant. Wood and cabinet works, which emit small amounts of particulate matter (PM), are also conducted in Building No. 1. Figure 2-1 displays the facility plot plan showing locations of the buildings.

2.2 Emission Points

Building No. 1 is divided into two large rooms where the fabricating and coating operations take place. Proper ventilation to meet applicable industrial hygiene standards is accomplished by using seven large exhaust fans which draw air from the building (see Figure 2-2). The doors are left open to allow replacement air to flow into the building. The building also has eleven roof vents to aid ventilation, but the effectiveness of these openings without assistance from the fans is questionable. Chemical usages are shown in Table 2-1, and specifications of the exhaust fans are as follows:

Revised 10/4/91



Number of fans - 7
Fan Diameter - 4 feet
Height of discharge above grade - 6 feet
Volume of air moved per fan - 21,925 cubic feet/min
Temperature of air - Ambient
Exit velocity - 29 feet/sec

Wood working (cabinet shop) takes place at the northeast corner, and molding repairs are done at the southeast corner of Building No. 1. There are two canister-type dust collectors pulling air from the wood working areas. These collectors use filters which are similar to the ones used in home vacuum cleaners and are cleaned or replaced as needed (typically three times a day).

Revised 10/4/91



TABLE 2-1
SUMMARY OF MATERIALS USAGE
PRO-LINE BOATS, INC.
CRYSTAL RIVER, FLORIDA

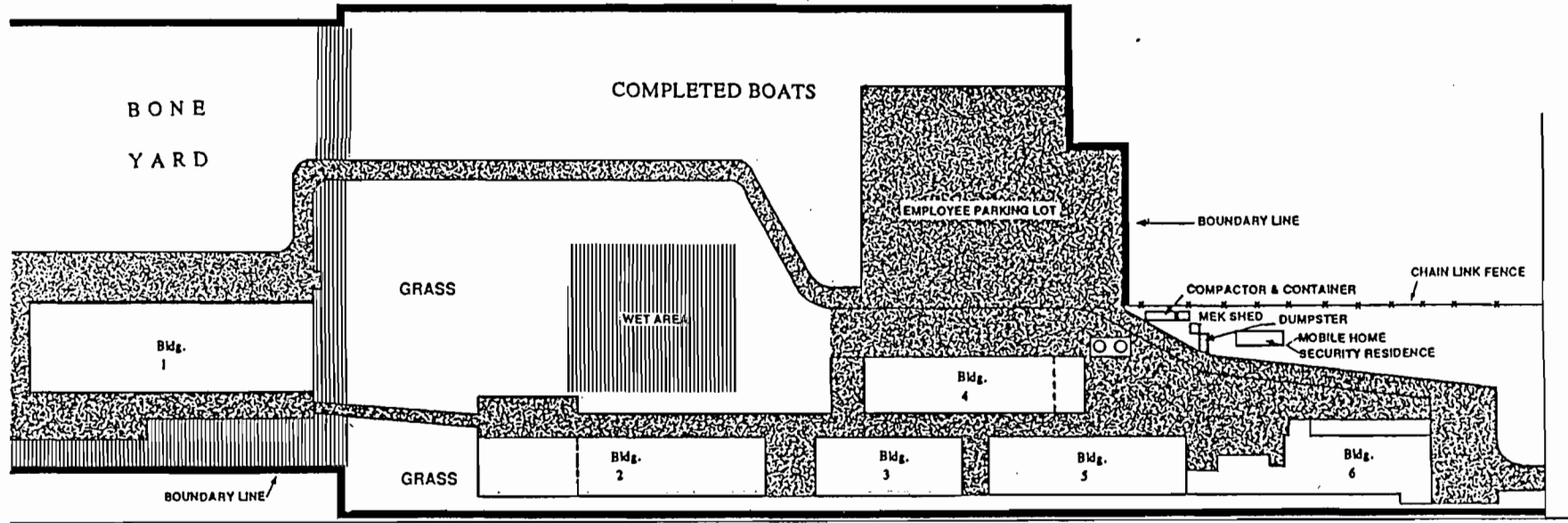
Material	Reported Usage		Density (lb/gal)	Avg. Annual Use(1) (tons/yr)	VOC Content (wt. fraction)
	5/88-4/89	5/89-4/90			
Polyester Resin	1,005,720	1,302,200 lb	9.2	577.0	0.40
Tooling Resin	13,500	12,500 lb	9.2	6.5	0.40
RESIN TOTAL				583.5	0.40
Gel-Coat	227,118	233,631 lb	10.8	115.2	0.34
Acetone	19,457	17,260 gal	6.5	59.7	1.00
Resin Stripper	100	60 gal	10.8	0.4	0.98
Foam Gun Cleaner	NR	100 gal	8.5	0.4	0.01
Lacquer Thinner	NR	75 gal(2)	6.9	0.4	1.00
Wax, Golden Liquid	352	495 gal	7.2	1.5	0.90

(1) Average over the two year period 5/88 - 4/90.

(2) Use during the 8 month period 1/90 - 8/90.

Revised 10/4/91





NO SCALE



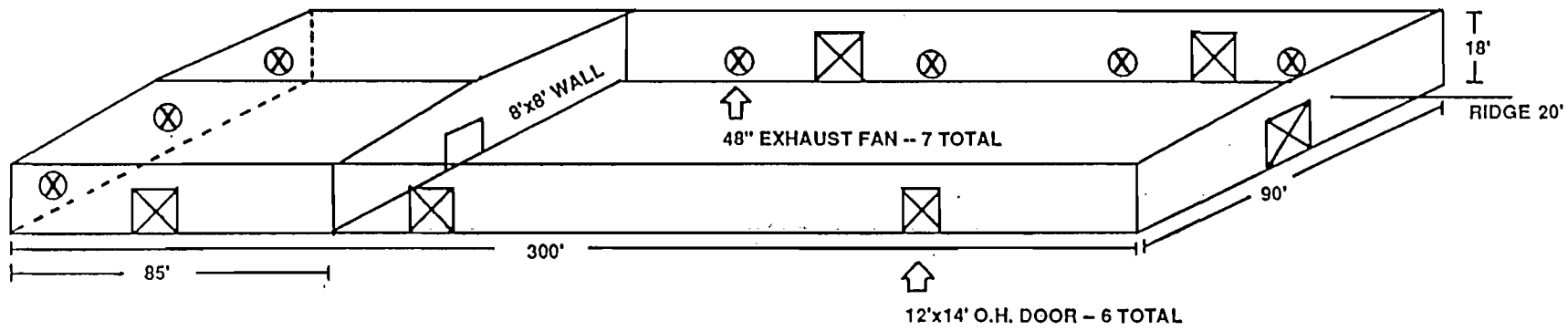
KEY

-  PAVED
-  WET AREA

Figure 2-1
PRO-LINE BOAT MANUFACTURING
FACILITIES PLOT PLAN

SOURCE: PRO-LINE BOATS, 1990.

ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE
& ENGINEERING, INC.



SCALE
0 5' FEET

Figure 2-2
BUILDING NO. 1
VENTILATION ARRANGEMENT

SOURCE: PRO-LINE BOATS, 1990.

ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE
& ENGINEERING, INC.

3.0 TECHNICAL APPROACH

In 1988, VOC emission factors for fiberglass impregnation and fabrication processes were published by EPA as Section 4.12 of publication AP-42. A copy of this section is attached.

A source impact analysis was also performed to demonstrate that ambient air quality guidelines (NTLs) will not be exceeded. Dispersion modeling was performed using the latest available Industrial Source Complex (ISC) model (EPA, 1987. Section 6.0 discusses model inputs and results in detail.

Revised 10/4/91



4.12 POLYESTER RESIN PLASTICS PRODUCT FABRICATION

4.12.1 General Description¹⁻²

A growing number of products are fabricated from liquid polyester resin reinforced with glass fibers and extended with various inorganic filler materials such as calcium carbonate, talc, mica or small glass spheres. These composite materials are often referred to as fiberglass reinforced plastic (FRP), or simply "fiberglass". The Society Of The Plastics Industry designates these materials as "reinforced plastics/composites" (RP/C). Also, advanced reinforced plastics products are now formulated with fibers other than glass, such as carbon, aramid and aramid/carbon hybrids. In some processes, resin products are fabricated without fibers. One major product using resins with fillers but no reinforcing fibers is the synthetic marble used in manufacturing bathroom countertops, sinks and related items. Other applications of nonreinforced resin plastics include automobile body filler, bowling balls and coatings.

Fiber reinforced plastics products have a wide range of application in industry, transportation, home and recreation. Industrial uses include storage tanks, skylights, electrical equipment, ducting, pipes, machine components, and corrosion resistant structural and process equipment. In transportation, automobile and aircraft applications are increasing rapidly. Home and recreational items include bathroom tubs and showers, boats (building and repair), surfboards and skis, helmets, swimming pools and hot tubs, and a variety of sporting goods.

The thermosetting polyester resins considered here are complex polymers resulting from the cross-linking reaction of a liquid unsaturated polyester with a vinyl type monomer, most often styrene. The unsaturated polyester is formed from the condensation reaction of an unsaturated dibasic acid or anhydride, a saturated dibasic acid or anhydride, and a polyfunctional alcohol. Table 4.12-1 lists the most common compounds used for each component of the polyester "backbone", as well as the principal cross-linking monomers. The chemical reactions that form both the unsaturated polyester and the cross-linked polyester resin are shown in Figure 4.12-1. The emission factors presented here apply to fabrication processes that use the finished liquid resins (as received by fabricators from chemical manufacturers), and not to the chemical processes used to produce these resins. (See Chapter 5, Chemical Process Industry.)

In order to be used in the fabrication of products, the liquid resin must be mixed with a catalyst to initiate polymerization into a solid thermoset. Catalyst concentrations generally range from 1 to 2 percent by original weight of resin; within certain limits, the higher the catalyst concentration, the faster the cross-linking reaction proceeds. Common catalysts are organic peroxides, typically methyl ethyl ketone peroxide or benzoyl peroxide. Resins may contain inhibitors, to avoid self curing during resin storage, and promoters, to allow polymerization to occur at lower temperatures.

TABLE 4.12-1. TYPICAL COMPONENTS OF RESINS

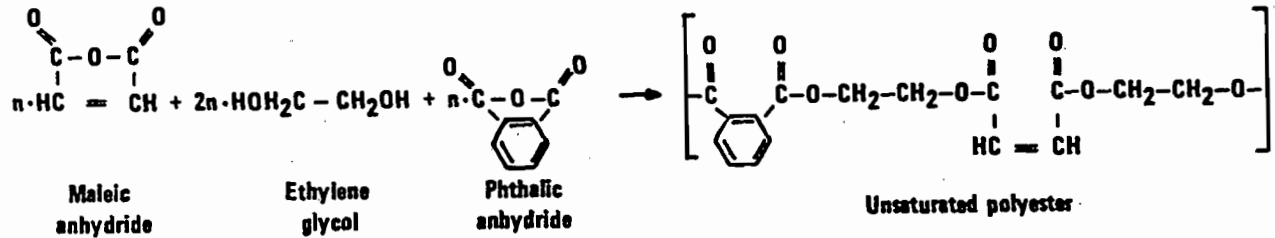
To Form the Unsaturated Polyester		
<u>Unsaturated Acids</u>	<u>Saturated Acids</u>	<u>Polyfunctional Alcohols</u>
Maleic anhydride Fumaric acid	Phthalic anhydride Isophthalic acid Adipic acid	Propylene glycol Ethylene glycol Diethylene glycol Dipropylene glycol Neopentyl glycol Pentaerythritol
Cross-linking Agents (Monomers)		
Styrene Methyl methacrylate Vinyl toluene Vinyl acetate Diallyl phthalate Acrylamide 2-ethyl hexylacrylate		

The polyester resin/fiberglass industry consists of many small facilities (such as boat repair and small contract firms) and relatively few large firms that consume the major fraction of the total resin. Resin usage at these operations ranges from less than 5,000 kilograms per year to over 3 million kilograms per year.

Reinforced plastics products are fabricated using any of several processes, depending on their size, shape and other desired physical characteristics. The principal processes include hand layup, spray layup (sprayup), continuous lamination, pultrusion, filament winding and various closed molding operations.

Hand layup, using primarily manual techniques combined with open molds, is the simplest of the fabrication processes. Here, the reinforcement is manually fitted to a mold wetted with catalyzed resin mix, after which it is saturated with more resin. The reinforcement is in the form of either a chopped strand mat, a woven fabric or often both. Layers of reinforcement and resin are added to build the desired laminate thickness. Squeegees, brushes and rollers are used to smooth and compact each layer as it is applied. A release agent is usually first applied to the mold to facilitate removal of the composite. This is often a wax, which can be treated with a water soluble barrier coat such as polyvinyl alcohol to promote paint adhesion on parts that are to be painted. In many operations,

REACTION 1



REACTION 2

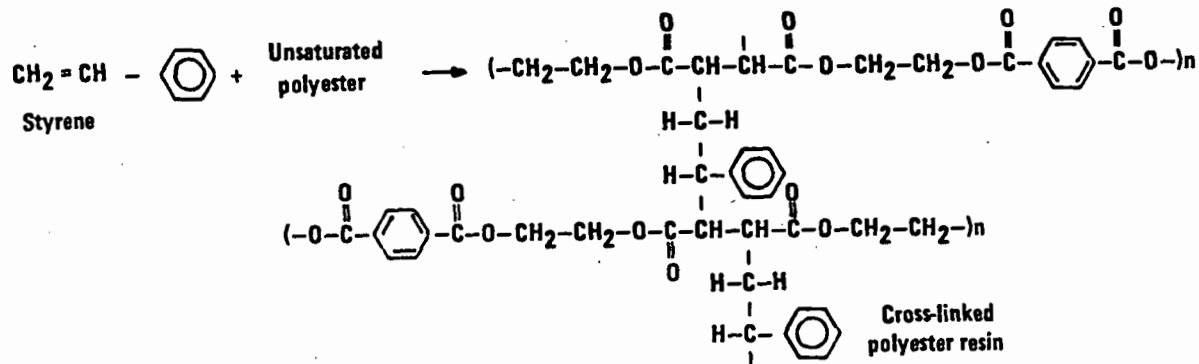


Figure 4.12-1. Typical reactions for unsaturated polyester and polyester resin formation.

the mold is first sprayed with gel coat, a clear or pigmented resin mix that forms the smooth outer surface of many products. Gel coat spray systems consist of separate sources of resin and catalyst, with an airless hand spray gun that mixes them together into an atomized resin/catalyst stream. Typical products are boat hulls and decks, swimming pools, bathtubs and showers, electrical consoles and automobile components.

Spray layup, or "sprayup", is another open mold process, differing from hand layup in that it uses mechanical spraying and chopping equipment for depositing the resin and glass reinforcement. This process allows a greater production rate and more uniform parts than does hand layup, and often uses more complex molds. As in hand layup, gel coat is frequently applied to the mold before fabrication to produce the desired surface qualities. It is common practice to combine hand layup and sprayup operations.

For the reinforced layers, a device is attached to the sprayer system to chop glass fiber "roving" (uncut fiber) into predetermined lengths and project it to merge with the resin mix stream. The stream precoats the chop, and both are deposited simultaneously to the desired layer thickness on the mold surface (or on the gel coat that was applied to the mold). Layers are built up and rolled out on the mold as necessary to form the part. Products manufactured by sprayup are similar to those made by hand layup, except that more uniform and complex parts can generally be produced more efficiently with sprayup techniques. However, compared to hand layup, more resin generally is used to produce similar parts by spray layup because of the inevitable overspray of resin during application.

Continuous lamination of reinforced plastics materials involves impregnating various reinforcements with resins on an in-line conveyor. The resulting laminate is cured and trimmed as it passes through the various conveyor zones. In this process, the resin mix is metered onto a bottom carrier film, using a blade to control thickness. This film, which defines the panel's surface, is generally polyester, cellophane or nylon, and may have a smooth, embossed or matte surface. Methyl methacrylate is sometimes used as the cross-linking agent, either alone or in combination with styrene, to increase strength and weather resistance. Chopped glass fibers free-fall into the resin mix and are allowed to saturate with resin, or "wet out". A second carrier film is applied on top of the panel before subsequent forming and curing. The cured panel is then stripped of its films, trimmed and cut to the desired length. Principal products include translucent industrial skylights and greenhouse panels, wall and ceiling liners for food areas, garage doors and cooling tower louvers. Figure 4.12-2 shows the basic elements of a continuous laminating production line.

Pultrusion, which can be thought of as extrusion by pulling, is used to produce continuous cross-sectional lineals similar to those made by extruding metals such as aluminum. Reinforcing fibers are pulled through a liquid resin mix bath and into a long machined steel die, where heat initiates an exothermic reaction to polymerize the thermosetting resin matrix. The composite profile emerges from the die as a hot, constant cross-sectional that cools sufficiently to be fed into a clamping and pulling mechanism. The product can then be cut to desired lengths. Example products include electrical insulation materials, ladders, walkway gratings, structural supports, and rods and antennas.

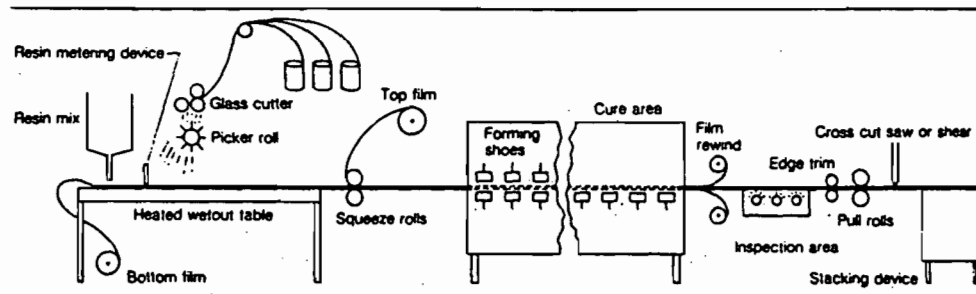


Figure 4.12-2. Typical continuous lamination production process.²

Filament winding is the process of laying a band of resin impregnated fibers onto a rotating mandrel surface in a precise geometric pattern, and curing them to form the product. This is an efficient method of producing cylindrical parts with optimum strength characteristics suited to the specific design and application. Glass fiber is most often used for the filament, but aramid, graphite, and sometimes boron and various metal wires may be used. The filament can be wetted during fabrication, or previously impregnated filament ("prepreg") can be used. Figure 4.12-3 shows the filament winding process, and indicates the three most common winding patterns. The process illustration depicts circumferential winding, while the two smaller pictures show helical and polar winding. The various winding patterns can be used alone or in combination to achieve the desired strength and shape characteristics. Mandrels are made of a wide variety of materials and, in some applications, remain inside the finished product as a liner or core. Example products are storage tanks, fuselages, wind turbine and helicopter blades, and tubing and pipe.

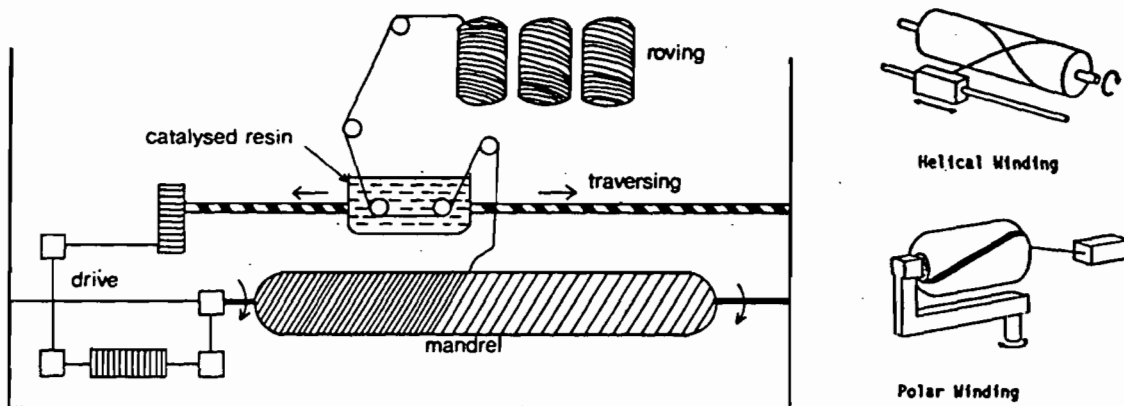


Figure 4.12-3. Typical filament winding process.³

Closed, such as compression or injection, molding operations involve the use of two matched dies to define the entire outer surface of the part. When closed and filled with a resin mix, the matched die mold is subjected to heat and pressure to cure the plastic. For the most durable production configuration, hardened metal dies are used (matched metal molding). Another closed molding process is vacuum or pressure bag molding. In bag molding, a hand layup or sprayup is covered with a plastic film, and vacuum or pressure is applied to rigidly define the part and improve surface quality. The range of closed molded parts includes tool and appliance housings, cookware, brackets and other small parts, and automobile body and electrical components.

Synthetic marble casting, a large segment of the resin products industry, involves production of bathroom sinks, vanity tops, bathtubs and accessories using filled resins that have the look of natural marble. No reinforcing fibers are used in these products. Pigmented or clear gel coat can either be applied to the mold itself or sprayed onto the product after casting to simulate the look of natural polished marble. Marble casting can be an open mold process, or it may be considered a semiclosed process if cast parts are removed from a closed mold for subsequent gel coat spraying.

4.12.2 Emissions And Controls

Organic vapors consisting of volatile organic compounds (VOC) are emitted from fresh resin surfaces during the fabrication process and from the use of solvents (usually acetone) for cleanup of hands, tools, molds and spraying equipment. Cleaning solvent emissions can account for over 36 percent of the total plant VOC emissions.⁴ There also may be some release of particulate emissions from automatic fiber chopping equipment, but these emissions have not been quantified.

Organic vapor emissions from polyester resin/fiberglass fabrication processes occur when the cross-linking agent (monomer) contained in the liquid resin evaporates into the air during resin application and curing. Styrene, methyl methacrylate and vinyl toluene are three of the principal monomers used as cross-linking agents. Styrene is by far the most common. Other chemical components of resins are emitted only at trace levels, because they not only have low vapor pressures but also are substantially converted to polymers.⁵⁻⁶

Since emissions result from evaporation of monomer from the uncured resin, they depend upon the amount of resin surface exposed to the air and the time of exposure. Thus, the potential for emissions varies with the manner in which the resin is mixed, applied, handled and cured. These factors vary among the different fabrication processes. For example, the spray layup process has the highest potential for VOC emissions because the atomization of resin into a spray creates an extremely large surface area from which volatile monomer can evaporate. By contrast, the emission potential in synthetic marble casting and closed molding operations is considerably lower, because of the lower monomer content in the casting resins (30 to 38 percent, versus about 43 percent) and of the enclosed nature of these molding operations. It has been found that styrene

evaporation increases with increasing gel time, wind speed and ambient temperature, and that increasing the hand rolling time on a hand layup or sprayup results in significantly higher styrene losses.¹ Thus, production changes that lessen the exposure of fresh resin surfaces to the air should be effective in reducing these evaporation losses.

In addition to production changes, resin formulation can be varied to affect the VOC emission potential. In general, a resin with lower monomer content should produce lower emissions. Evaluation tests with low-styrene-emission laminating resins having a 36 percent styrene content found a 60 to 70 percent decrease in emission levels, compared to conventional resins (42 percent styrene), with no sacrifice in the physical properties of the laminate.⁷ Vapor suppressing agents also are sometimes added to resins to reduce VOC emissions. Most vapor suppressants are paraffin waxes, stearates or polymers of proprietary composition, constituting up to several weight percent of the mix. Limited laboratory and field data indicate that vapor suppressing resins reduce styrene losses by 30 to 70 percent.⁷⁻⁸

Emission factors for several fabrication processes using styrene content resins have been developed from the results of facility source tests (B Rating) and laboratory tests (C Rating), and through technology transfer estimations (D Rating).¹ Industry experts also provided additional information that was used to arrive at the final factors presented in Table 4.12-2.⁶ Since the styrene content varies over a range of approximately 30 to 50 weight percent, these factors are based on the quantity of styrene monomer used in the process, rather than on the total amount of resin used. The factors for vapor-suppressed resins are typically 30 to 70 percent of those for regular resins. The factors are expressed as ranges, because of the observed variability in source and laboratory test results and of the apparent sensitivity of emissions to process parameters.

Emissions should be calculated using actual resin monomer contents. When specific information about the percentage of styrene is unavailable, the representative average values in Table 4.12-3 should be used. The sample calculation illustrates the application of the emission factors.

Sample Calculation - A fiberglass boat building facility consumes an average of 250 kg per day of styrene-containing resins using a combination of hand layup (75%) and spray layup (25%) techniques. The laminating resins for hand and spray layup contain 41.0 and 42.5 weight percent, respectively, of styrene. The resin used for hand layup contains a vapor-suppressing agent.

From Table 4.12-2, the factor for hand layup using a vapor-suppressed resin is 2 - 7 (0.02 to 0.07 fraction of total styrene emitted); the factor for spray layup is 9 - 13 (0.09 to 0.13 fraction emitted). Assume the midpoints of these emission factor ranges.

Total VOC emissions are:

$$(250 \text{ kg/day}) [(0.41)(0.045)(0.75) + (0.425)(0.11)(0.25)] \\ = 6.4 \text{ kg/day.}$$

TABLE 4.12-2. EMISSION FACTORS FOR UNCONTROLLED POLYESTER RESIN PRODUCT FABRICATION PROCESSES^a

(100 x mass of VOC emitted/mass of monomer input)

Process	Resin		Emission Factor Rating	Gel Coat		Emission Factor Rating
	NVS	VS ^b		NVS	VS ^b	
Hand layup	5 - 10	2 - 7	C	26 - 35	8 - 25	D
Spray layup	9 - 13	3 - 9	B	26 - 35	8 - 25	B
Continuous lamination	4 - 7	1 - 5	B	c	c	--
Pultrusion ^d	4 - 7	1 - 5	D	c	c	--
Filament winding ^e	5 - 10	2 - 7	D	c	c	--
Marble casting	1 - 3	1 - 2	B	f	f	--
Closed molding ^g	1 - 3	1 - 2	D	c	c	--

Use 7.5%

Use 11.0%

Use 30.5%

^aReference 9. Ranges represent the variability of processes and sensitivity of emissions to process parameters. Single value factors should be selected with caution. NVS = nonvapor-suppressed resin. VS = vapor-suppressed resin.

^bFactors are 30-70% of those for nonvapor-suppressed resins.

^cGel coat is not normally used in this process.

^dResin factors for the continuous lamination process are assumed to apply.

^eResin factors for the hand layup process are assumed to apply.

^fFactors unavailable. However, when cast parts are subsequently sprayed with gel coat, hand and spray layup gel coat factors are assumed to apply.

^gResin factors for marble casting, a semiclosed process, are assumed to apply.

TABLE 4.12-3. TYPICAL RESIN STYRENE PERCENTAGES

Use data from MSDS

Resin Application	Resin Styrene Content ^a (wgt. %)
Hand layup	43
Spray layup	43
Continuous lamination	40
Filament winding	40
Marble casting	32
Closed molding	35
Gel coat	35

^aMay vary by at least +5 percentage points.

Emissions from use of gel coat would be calculated in the same manner. If the monomer content of the resins were unknown, a representative value of 43 percent could be selected from Table 4.12-3 for this process combination. It should be noted that these emissions represent evaporation of styrene monomer only, and not of acetone or other solvents used for clean-up.

In addition to process changes and materials substitution, add-on control equipment can be used to reduce vapor emissions from styrene resins. However, control equipment is infrequently used at RP/C fabrication facilities, due to low exhaust VOC concentrations and the potential for contamination of adsorbent materials. Most plants use forced ventilation techniques to reduce worker exposure to styrene vapors, but vent the vapors directly to the atmosphere with no attempt at collection. At one continuous lamination facility where incineration was applied to vapors vented from the impregnation table, a 98.6 percent control efficiency was measured.¹ Carbon adsorption, absorption and condensation also have been considered for recovering styrene and other organic vapors, but these techniques have not been applied to any significant extent in this industry.

Emissions from cleanup solvents can be controlled through good house-keeping and use practices, reclamation of spent solvent, and substitution with water based solvent substitutes.

References for Section 4.12

1. M. B. Rogozen, Control Techniques for Organic Gas Emissions from Fiberglass Impregnation and Fabrication Processes, ARB/R-82/165, California Air Resources Board, Sacramento, CA, (NTIS PB82-251109), June 1982.
2. Modern Plastics Encyclopedia, 1986-1987, 63 (10A), October 1986.
3. C. A. Brighton, G. Pritchard and G. A. Skinner, Styrene Polymers: Technology and Environmental Aspects, Applied Science Publishers, Ltd., London, 1979.
4. M. Elsherif, Staff Report, Proposed Rule 1162 - Polyester Resin Operations, South Coast Air Quality Management District, Rule Development Division, El Monte, CA, January 23, 1987.
5. M. S. Crandall, Extent of Exposure to Styrene in the Reinforced Plastic Boat Making Industry, Publication No. 82-110, National Institute For Occupational Safety And Health, Cincinnati, OH, March 1982.
6. Written communication from R. C. Lepple, Aristech Chemical Corporation, Polyester Unit, Linden, NJ, to A. A. MacQueen, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Research Triangle Park, NC, September 16, 1987.
7. L. Walewski and S. Stockton, "Low-Styrene-Emission Laminating Resins Prove It in the Workplace", Modern Plastics, 62(8):78-80, August 1985.

8. M. J. Duffy, "Styrene Emissions - How Effective Are Suppressed Polyester Resins?", Ashland Chemical Company, Dublin, OH, presented at 34th Annual Technical Conference, Reinforced Plastics/Composites Institute, The Society Of The Plastics Industry, 1979.
9. G. A. LaFlam, Emission Factor Documentation for AP-42 Section 4.12: Polyester Resin Plastics Product Fabrication, Pacific Environmental Services, Inc., Durham, NC, November 1987.

SECTION 4.0
PERMIT APPLICATION

Revised 10/4/91



Florida Department of Environmental Regulation
Twin Towers Office Bldg. • 2600 Blair Stone Road • Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400

DER Form #
Form Title
Effective Date
DER Application No. Filed in DEP

APPLICATION TO OPERATE/CONSTRUCT AIR POLLUTION SOURCES

SOURCE TYPE: Boat Manufacturing Facility [] New¹ [X] Existing¹

APPLICATION TYPE: [X] Construction [] Operation [] Modification

COMPANY NAME: Pro-Line Boats COUNTY: Citrus

Identify the specific emission point source(s) addressed in this application (i.e. Lime Kiln No. 4 with Venturi Scrubber; Peaking Unit No. 2, Gas Fired) Bldg. #6 Boat Fabrication

SOURCE LOCATION: Street 1520 South Suncoast Boulevard City Homosassa

UTM: East 346.609 km North 3191.248 km

Latitude 28 ° 50 ' 30 "N Longitude 82 ° 34 ' 20 "W

APPLICANT NAME AND TITLE: Mr. Ken Hall, President and CEO

APPLICANT ADDRESS: P.O. Box 1348, Crystal River, FL 32629

SECTION I: STATEMENTS BY APPLICANT AND ENGINEER

A. APPLICANT

I am the undersigned owner or authorized representative* of Pro-Line Boats

I certify that the statements made in this application for a construction permit are true, correct and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief. Further, I agree to maintain and operate the pollution control source and pollution control facilities in such a manner as to comply with the provision of Chapter 403, Florida Statutes, and all the rules and regulations of the department and revisions thereof. I also understand that a permit, if granted by the department, will be non-transferable and I will promptly notify the department upon sale or legal transfer of the permitted establishment.

*Attach letter of authorization

Signed: Original Application Signed by Applicant

Ken Hall, President and CEO.
Name and Title (Please Type)

Date: Telephone No. (904) 795-4111

B. PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER REGISTERED IN FLORIDA (where required by Chapter 471, F.S.)

This is to certify that the engineering features of this pollution control project have been designed/examined by me and found to be in conformity with modern engineering principles applicable to the treatment and disposal of pollutants characterized in the permit application. There is reasonable assurance, in my professional judgment, that

¹ See Florida Administrative Code Rule 17-2.100(57) and (104)

the pollution control facilities, when properly maintained and operated, will discharge an effluent that complies with all applicable statutes of the State of Florida and the rules and regulations of the department. It is also agreed that the undersigned will furnish, if authorized by the owner, the applicant a set of instructions for the proper maintenance and operation of the pollution control facilities and, if applicable, pollution sources.



Signed _____

John B. Koogler, Ph.D., P.E.

Name (Please Type)

Koogler & Associates, Environmental Services

Company Name (Please Type)

4014 N.W. 13th Street, Gainesville, FL 32609

Mailing Address (Please Type)

Florida Registration No. 12925 Date: 10/4/91 Telephone No. (904) 377-5822

SECTION II: GENERAL PROJECT INFORMATION

A. Describe the nature and extent of the project. Refer to pollution control equipment, and expected improvements in source performance as a result of installation. State whether the project will result in full compliance. Attach additional sheet if necessary.

See Section 1.0

B. Schedule of project covered in this application (Construction Permit Application Only)

Start of Construction _____ Completion of Construction _____

C. Costs of pollution control system(s): (Note: Show breakdown of estimated costs only for individual components/units of the project serving pollution control purposes. Information on actual costs shall be furnished with the application for operation permit.)

D. Indicate any previous DER permits, orders and notices associated with the emission point, including permit issuance and expiration dates.

E. Requested permitted equipment operating time: hrs/day 16 ; days/wk 7 ; wks/yr 52 ;
if power plant, hrs/yr _____ ; if seasonal, describe: _____

F. If this is a new source or major modification, answer the following questions..
(Yes or No)

See Section 1.2

1. Is this source in a non-attainment area for a particular pollutant? No

a. If yes, has "offset" been applied? _____

b. If yes, has "Lowest Achievable Emission Rate" been applied? _____

c. If yes, list non-attainment pollutants. _____

2. Does best available control technology (BACT) apply to this source?
If yes, see Section VI. No

3. Does the State "Prevention of Significant Deterioration" (PSD)
requirement apply to this source? If yes, see Sections VI and VII. No

4. Do "Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources" (NSPS)
apply to this source? No

5. Do "National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants"
(NESHAP) apply to this source? No

H. Do "Reasonably Available Control Technology" (RACT) requirements apply
to this source? No

a. If yes, for what pollutants? _____

b. If yes, in addition to the information required in this form,
any information requested in Rule 17-2.650 must be submitted.

Attach all supportive information related to any answer of "Yes". Attach any justifi-
cation for any answer of "No" that might be considered questionable.

SECTION III: AIR POLLUTION SOURCES & CONTROL DEVICES (Other than Incinerators)

A. Raw Materials and Chemicals Used in your Process, if applicable:

See Table 2-1

Description	Contaminants		Utilization Rate - lbs/hr	Relate to Flow Diagram
	Type	% Wt		

B. Process Rate, if applicable: (See Section V, Item 1)

1. Total Process Input Rate (lbs/hr): Not Applicable
2. Product Weight (lbs/hr): Not Applicable

C. Airborne Contaminants Emitted: (Information in this table must be submitted for each emission point, use additional sheets as necessary)

Name of Contaminant	Emission ¹		Allowed Emission Rate per Rule 17-2	Allowable ³ Emission lbs/hr	Potential ⁴ Emission		Relate to Flow Diagram
	Maximum lbs/hr	Actual T/yr			lbs/yr	T/yr	
VOC (1)	32.29	94.0	NA	NA	32.29	94.0	Bldg 1-Fans
PM (1)	0.11	0.32	NA	NA	11.09	32.4	
(1) See Section 5.0 for details; including Tables 5-1 and 5-2.							

¹See Section V, Item 2.

²Reference applicable emission standards and units (e.g. Rule 17-2.600(5)(b)2. Table II, E. (1) - 0.1 pounds per million BTU heat input)

³Calculated from operating rate and applicable standard.

⁴Emission, if source operated without control (See Section V, Item 3).

D. Control Devices: (See Section V, Item 4) None

Name and Type (Model & Serial No.)	Contaminant	Efficiency	Range of Particles Size Collected (in microns) (If applicable)	Basis for Efficiency (Section V Item 5)

E. Fuels Not Applicable

Type (Be Specific)	Consumption*		Maximum Heat Input (MMBTU/hr)
	avg/hr	max./hr	

*Units: Natural Gas--MMCF/hr; Fuel Oils--gallons/hr; Coal, wood, refuse, other--lbs/hr.

Fuel Analysis:

Percent Sulfur: _____ Percent Ash: _____

Density: _____ lbs/gal Typical Percent Nitrogen: _____

Heat Capacity: _____ BTU/lb _____ BTU/gal

Other Fuel Contaminants (which may cause air pollution): _____

F. If applicable, indicate the percent of fuel used for space heating. Not Applicable

Annual Average _____ Maximum _____

G. Indicate liquid or solid wastes generated and method of disposal.

Hazardous waste is handled through FDER approved processing procedures. Non-hazardous
solid waste is handled in compliance with applicable state and local regulations.

H. Emission Stack Geometry and Flow Characteristics (Provide data for each stack):

Stack Height: _____ ft. Stack Diameter: _____ ft.
 Gas Flow Rate: _____ ACFM _____ DSCFM Gas Exit Temperature: _____ °F.
 Water Vapor Content: _____ % Velocity: _____ FPS

Exhaust fan data is provided in Section 2.2.

SECTION IV: INCINERATOR INFORMATION

Not Applicable

Type of Waste	Type 0 (Plastics)	Type I (Rubbish)	Type II (Refuse)	Type III (Garbage)	Type IV (Pathological)	Type V (Liq. & Gas By-prbd.)	Type VI (Solid By-prod.)
Actual lb/hr Incinerated							
Uncontrolled (lbs/hr)							

Description of Waste _____

Total Weight Incinerated (lbs/hr) _____ Design Capacity (lbs/hr) _____

Approximate Number of Hours of Operation per day _____ day/wk _____ wks/yr. _____

Manufacturer _____

Date Constructed _____ Model No. _____

	Volume (ft) ³	Heat Release (BTU/hr)	Fuel		Temperature (°F)
			Type	BTU/hr	
Primary Chamber					
Secondary Chamber					

Stack Height: _____ ft. Stack Diameter: _____ Stack Temp. _____

Gas Flow Rate: _____ ACFM _____ DSCFM* Velocity: _____ FPS

*If 50 or more tons per day design capacity, submit the emissions rate in grains per standard cubic foot dry gas corrected to 50% excess air.

Type of pollution control device: Cyclone Wet Scrubber Afterburner
 Other (specify) _____

Brief description of operating characteristics of control devices: _____

Ultimate disposal of any effluent other than that emitted from the stack (scrubber water, ash, etc.):

NOTE: Items 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, and 10 in Section V must be included where applicable.

SECTION V: SUPPLEMENTAL REQUIREMENTS

Please provide the following supplements where required for this application.

1. Total process input rate and product weight -- show derivation [Rule 17-2.100(127)] N/A
2. To a construction application, attach basis of emission estimate (e.g., design calculations, design drawings, pertinent manufacturer's test data, etc.) and attach proposed methods (e.g., FR Part 60 Methods 1, 2, 3, 4, 5) to show proof of compliance with applicable standards. To an operation application, attach test results or methods used to show proof of compliance. Information provided when applying for an operation permit from a construction permit shall be indicative of the time at which the test was made.
Section 5.0
3. Attach basis of potential discharge (e.g., emission factor, that is, AP42 test). Section 3.0
4. With construction permit application, include design details for all air pollution control systems (e.g., for baghouse include cloth to air ratio; for scrubber include cross-section sketch, design pressure drop, etc.)
5. With construction permit application, attach derivation of control device(s) efficiency. Include test or design data. Items 2, 3 and 5 should be consistent: actual emissions = potential (1-efficiency).
6. An 8 1/2" x 11" flow diagram which will, without revealing trade secrets, identify the individual operations and/or processes. Indicate where raw materials enter, where solid and liquid waste exit, where gaseous emissions and/or airborne particles are evolved and where finished products are obtained.
7. An 8 1/2" x 11" plot plan showing the location of the establishment, and points of airborne emissions, in relation to the surrounding area, residences and other permanent structures and roadways (Example: Copy of relevant portion of USGS topographic map).
Figures 1-1, 2-1
8. An 8 1/2" x 11" plot plan of facility showing the location of manufacturing processes and outlets for airborne emissions. Relate all flows to the flow diagram.
Figure 2-2

9. The appropriate application fee in accordance with Rule 17-4.05. The check should be made payable to the Department of Environmental Regulation.
10. With an application for operation permit, attach a Certificate of Completion of Construction indicating that the source was constructed as shown in the construction permit.

SECTION VI: BEST AVAILABLE CONTROL TECHNOLOGY Not Applicable

A. Are standards of performance for new stationary sources pursuant to 40 C.F.R. Part 60 applicable to the source?

Yes No

Contaminant	Rate or Concentration

B. Has EPA declared the best available control technology for this class of sources (If yes, attach copy)

Yes No

Contaminant	Rate or Concentration

C. What emission levels do you propose as best available control technology?

Contaminant	Rate or Concentration

D. Describe the existing control and treatment technology (if any).

- | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. Control Device/System: | 2. Operating Principles: |
| 3. Efficiency:* | 4. Capital Costs: |

*Explain method of determining

5. Useful Life:

6. Operating Costs:

7. Energy:

8. Maintenance Cost:

9. Emissions:

Contaminant

Rate or Concentration

Contaminant	Rate or Concentration

10. Stack Parameters

a. Height:

ft.

b. Diameter:

ft.

c. Flow Rate:

ACFM

d. Temperature:

°F.

e. Velocity:

FPS

E. Describe the control and treatment technology available (As many types as applicable, use additional pages if necessary).

1.

a. Control Device:

b. Operating Principles:

c. Efficiency:¹

d. Capital Cost:

e. Useful Life:

f. Operating Cost:

g. Energy:²

h. Maintenance Cost:

i. Availability of construction materials and process chemicals:

j. Applicability to manufacturing processes:

k. Ability to construct with control device, install in available space, and operate within proposed levels:

2.

a. Control Device:

b. Operating Principles:

c. Efficiency:¹

d. Capital Cost:

e. Useful Life:

f. Operating Cost:

g. Energy:²

h. Maintenance Cost:

i. Availability of construction materials and process chemicals:

¹Explain method of determining efficiency.

²Energy to be reported in units of electrical power - KWH design rate.

- j. Applicability to manufacturing processes:
- k. Ability to construct with control device, install in available space, and operate within proposed levels:

3.

- a. Control Device:
- b. Operating Principles:
- c. Efficiency:¹
- d. Capital Cost:
- e. Useful Life:
- f. Operating Cost:
- g. Energy:²
- h. Maintenance Cost:
- i. Availability of construction materials and process chemicals:
- j. Applicability to manufacturing processes:
- k. Ability to construct with control device, install in available space, and operate within proposed levels:

4.

- a. Control Device:
- b. Operating Principles:
- c. Efficiency:¹
- d. Capital Costs:
- e. Useful Life:
- f. Operating Cost:
- g. Energy:²
- h. Maintenance Cost:
- i. Availability of construction materials and process chemicals:
- j. Applicability to manufacturing processes:
- k. Ability to construct with control device, install in available space, and operate within proposed levels:

F. Describe the control technology selected:

- 1. Control Device:
- 2. Efficiency:¹
- 3. Capital Cost:
- 4. Useful Life:
- 5. Operating Cost:
- 6. Energy:²
- 7. Maintenance Cost:
- 8. Manufacturer:
- 9. Other locations where employed on similar processes:
- a. (1) Company:
- (2) Mailing Address:
- (3) City:
- (4) State:

¹Explain method of determining efficiency.

²Energy to be reported in units of electrical power - KWH design rate.

(5) Environmental Manager:

(6) Telephone No.:

(7) Emissions:¹

Contaminant	Rate or Concentration

(8) Process Rate:¹

b. (1) Company:

(2) Mailing Address:

(3) City:

(4) State:

(5) Environmental Manager:

(6) Telephone No.:

(7) Emissions:¹

Contaminant	Rate or Concentration

(8) Process Rate:¹

10. Reason for selection and description of systems:

¹Applicant must provide this information when available. Should this information not be available, applicant must state the reason(s) why.

SECTION VII - PREVENTION OF SIGNIFICANT DETERIORATION Not Applicable

A. Company Monitored Data

1. _____ no. sites _____ TSP _____ () SO₂+ _____ Wind spd/dir

Period of Monitoring _____ / _____ / _____ to _____ / _____ / _____
month day year month day year

Other data recorded _____

Attach all data or statistical summaries to this application.

*Specify bubbler (B) or continuous (C).

2. Instrumentation, Field and Laboratory

a. Was instrumentation EPA referenced or its equivalent? [] Yes [] No

b. Was instrumentation calibrated in accordance with Department procedures?
[] Yes [] No [] Unknown

B. Meteorological Data Used for Air Quality Modeling

1. _____ Year(s) of data from _____ / _____ / _____ to _____ / _____ / _____
month day year month day year

2. Surface data obtained from (location) _____

3. Upper air (mixing height) data obtained from (location) _____

4. Stability wind rose (STAR) data obtained from (location) _____

C. Computer Models Used

- 1. _____ Modified? If yes, attach description.
- 2. _____ Modified? If yes, attach description.
- 3. _____ Modified? If yes, attach description.
- 4. _____ Modified? If yes, attach description.

Attach copies of all final model runs showing input data, receptor locations, and principle output tables.

D. Applicants Maximum Allowable Emission Data

Pollutant	Emission Rate
TSP	_____ grams/sec
SO ²	_____ grams/sec

E. Emission Data Used in Modeling

Attach list of emission sources. Emission data required is source name, description of point source (on NEDS point number), UTM coordinates, stack data, allowable emissions, and normal operating time.

F. Attach all other information supportive to the PSD review.

G. Discuss the social and economic impact of the selected technology versus other applicable technologies (i.e., jobs, payroll, production, taxes, energy, etc.). Include assessment of the environmental impact of the sources.

H. Attach scientific, engineering, and technical material, reports, publications, journals, and other competent relevant information describing the theory and application of the requested best available control technology.

5.0 EMISSION RATE CALCULATIONS

Potential VOC emission rates from the facility, based on material consumption rates, are estimated using the following general equation:

$$E = \sum_1^{n-i} (U_i \times C_i \times EF_i)$$

where E = VOC emissions, tons/year

U_i = annual usage rate of material i, tons/year (Table 2-1)

C_i = fraction of VOC in the material i, wt%/100 (Table 2-1)

EF_i = emission factor for process combination (AP-42, Sect.4-12)

n = number of different materials

Potential emission rates, as defined in the FDER permit application form, represent uncontrolled emissions. In the case of Pro-Line Boats, potential VOC emissions are equal to actual emissions. Details of the emission rates are presented in Table 5-1 and 5-2.

VOC emission factors are based upon the quantity of styrene monomer rather than the amount of resin/gel coat which can have a wide range of volatile monomer content. All of the VOC emissions from the resin and gel coat are treated as styrene which is by far the primary cross-linking agent. Release factors for acetone and other solvents are conservatively assumed as 1.0, or 100%.

Particulate emissions are calculated by using the daily sawdust production rate and assuming a control efficiency of 99.99 percent.

Revised 10/4/91



TABLE 5-1
SUMMARY OF VOC EMISSIONS

PRO-LINE BOATS, INC.
CRYSTAL RIVER, FLORIDA

Material	Annual Usage (tons/yr)	VOC Content (wt. fraction)	Fraction VOC Released (%)	VOC Emissions (tpy) (lb/hr)(2)	
Resin					
Hand layup (67%)	390.9	0.40	7.5(1)	11.7	4.02
Spray layup (33%)	192.6	0.40	11.0(1)	8.5	2.92
TOTAL	583.5				
Gel-Coat					
Hand layup (67%)	77.2	0.34	30.5(1)	8.0	2.75
Spray layup (33%)	38.0	0.34	30.5(1)	3.9	1.34
TOTAL	115.2				
Acetone	59.7	1.00	100	59.7	20.50
Resin Stripper	0.4	0.98	100	0.4	0.14
Foam Gun Cleaner	0.4	0.01	100	0.0	0.00
Lacquer Thinner	0.4	1.00	100	0.4	0.14
Wax, Golden Liquid	1.5	0.90	100	1.4	0.48
TOTAL				94.0	32.29

(1) Emission factors from AP-42, Sect. 4.12, Table 4.12-2.

(2) Based on two 8-hour shifts per day, 7 day/wk, 52 wk/yr.

Revised 10/4/91



TABLE 5-2
 SUMMARY OF PARTICULATE MATTER EMISSIONS
 PRO-LINE BOATS, INC.
 CRYSTAL RIVER, FLORIDA

Process	Daily Output (lb/day)	Filter Efficiency (%)	Emission Rate	
			ton/yr	lb/hr*
Wood Shop	177.5	99.99	0.32	0.11

*Based on 16 hours/day, 7 days/week, 52 weeks/year

SOURCE: ESE, 1991



6.0 SOURCE IMPACT ANALYSIS

For air quality modeling purposes, the areas within a 3-km radius surrounding Pro-Line Boats, Inc. would be classified as rural and as having "simple" terrain. For a modeling application of this type, Industrial Source Complex (ISC) model is considered appropriate. The ISC model is a steady-state Gaussian plume model that can be used to assess air quality impacts from a wide variety of sources. It is capable of calculating concentrations for averaging times ranging from 1-hour to annual. The latest short-term version of ISC (ISC-ST) is used for this study for the following reasons:

1. It is an EPA approved model;
2. It is generally the most commonly used model;
3. It is capable of predicting impacts from multiple sources (including stack, area, and volume sources) that are distributed over large areas;
4. It is appropriate in areas of flat or gently rolling terrain;
5. Rural or urban mode can be selected; and
6. Either cartesian or polar receptor coordinate grids can be used.

Meteorological data used in the study is 1986 surface and upper air/mixing height data from Tampa International Airport. This data was obtained from FDER and would be representative of conditions of Pro-Line Boats. Tampa

Revised 10/4/91



International Airport is located approximately 55 miles south of Homosassa.

A polar coordinate receptor system is used with its center at the southeast corner of Building 6. Radials are placed in 10* increments surrounding the facility. Starting from the property boundary, rings are located at 25-meter increments to 100 meters, then at 50-meter increments to 500 meters, then at 100-meter increments to 1000 meters, and finally at 1000-meter increments to 10,000 meters. Additional receptors are sited along the property boundary (fence line).

All of the vents are treated as point sources, and styrene emissions are analyzed. The regulatory default option, which is recommended by EPA, was turned on. The use of this option automatically selects appropriate wind profile exponents and other model parameters. Downwash effects are included using GEP (Version 1.21), a computer program developed by Bowman Environmental Engineering in Dallas Texas, to evaluate directional downwash.

Results of the dispersion modeling are presented in Table 6-1.

Revised 10/4/91



TABLE 6-1
SUMMARY OF HIGHEST OFF-SITE AMBIENT IMPACTS

VOC	Averaging Time	Maximum Concentration ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	No Threat Level ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	Location (meters/degrees)
Styrene	8	111	2,150	159/310
	24	38	516	159/310
Acetone	8	206	35,600	159/310
	24	70	8,544	159/310
Other	8	8	NA	159/310
	24	3	NA	159/310

Revised 10/4/91



APPENDIX A
MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEETS



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

REICHOLD CHEMICALS, INC.
 Reactive Polymers Division
 800 Capitola Drive
 Research Triangle Park
 Durham, NC 27713

Information Telephone No. 919-544-9225

ALL CHEMICAL EMERGENCIES
 1-800-424-9300

Issue Date: 08/05/99

Page 1

SECTION I - PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

Product Code: 33-236-00
 Trade Name: Polyurethane 33-236-00
 Product Class: Unsaturated Polyester
 C.A.S. Number: Mixture

RESIN

SECTION II - INGREDIENTS

Ingredients	CAS #	Weight Exposure	
		max. %	Limit
Polyester resin	Proprietary	65.0	None assigned
Styrene Monomer	100-42-5	45.0	50.0 ppm

SECTION III - PHYSICAL DATA

Boiling Point: 399 Deg. F. Vapor Density: Heavier than Air.
 Volatile %: 35 - 45 Use 40% VOC Specific Grav: 1.10
 Evap. Rate: Slower than n-Butyl Acetate.
 Appearance: Purple opaque liquid. Pungent odor.

SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

Flammability Class: 1.1 Flash Point: 69 Deg. F. LEL: 1.1

-EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Water spray, foam, dry chemical, carbon dioxide or any Class B extinguishing agent

-SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES

Firefighters and others exposed to vapors or products of combustion should wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Equipment should be thoroughly decontaminated after use.

-UNUSUAL FIRE & EXPLOSION HAZARDS

At elevated temperatures, such as in a fire, polymerization may take place. If polymerization takes place in a closed container, there is the possibility of violent rupture of the container. Product vapors may form an explosive mixture.

SECTION V - HEALTH HAZARD DATA

-ADMINISTRATIVE EXPOSURE LIMITS

OSHA PEL and ACGIH TLV for styrene are both 50 ppm for an 8-hour time weighted average (TWA). The OSHA and ACGIH Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL) are 100 ppm for a 15-minute period. Because of styrene vapors, the STEL during a 15-minute period will not be exceeded if the average for 8 hours is 50 ppm.

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REICHOLD**MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET**

REICHOLD CHEMICALS, INC.
 Reactive Polymers Division
 800 Capitola Drive
 Research Triangle Park
 Durham, NC 27713

Information Telephone No. 919-544-9225

ALL CHEMICAL EMERGENCIES
1-800-424-9300

Product Code 33-236-00

Issue Date: 02/05/90

Page 2

SECTION V - HEALTH HAZARD DATA (cont.)

-PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LEVEL (PEL):

a single STEL period must not exceed 100 ppm.

-EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE:

SKIN: Prolonged or frequent contact may cause defatting and dryness of the skin with resultant irritation and possible dermatitis. Styrene may be absorbed through the skin in toxic amounts.

EYES: May cause irritation. Liquid splashes may result in more serious injuries. May cause lachrymation (tears).

INHALATION: Vapors may cause mucous membrane irritation and upper respiratory tract discomfort. High concentrations may result in headache, nausea, insensibility and other central nervous system effects. Repeated exposure to high concentrations may cause liver and kidney damage.

INGESTION: May cause gastrointestinal disturbances, pain and discomfort.

-FIRST AID:

SKIN: Wash with soap and water.

EYES: Flush with copious amounts of water for 15 minutes. Seek immediate medical aid.

INHALATION: Remove victim from exposure. If victim is unconscious, administer artificial respiration and/or oxygen as needed. Seek medical aid.

INGESTION: DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING (aspiration hazard). Seek immediate medical aid.

-PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY:

Inhalation and Skin Absorption

-CARCINOGENICITY:

The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has classified styrene as possibly carcinogenic to humans (class IIb). The IARC IIb classification is not based on significant new evidence that styrene might be a carcinogen, but on a revised IARC classification scheme and new data on styrene oxide.

SECTION VI - REACTIVITY DATA

STABILITY [] Unstable [x] Stable

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION [x] May occur [] Will not occur

-INCOMPATIBILITY:

Strong acids and oxidizing agents.

-CONDITIONS TO AVOID:

Heat and direct sunlight

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REICHOLD**MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET**

REICHOLD CHEMICALS, INC.
 Reactive Polymers Division
 800 Capitola Drive
 Research Triangle Park
 Durham, NC 27713

Information Telephone No. 919-544-9225

ALL CHEMICAL EMERGENCIES
1-800-424-9300

Product Code: 32-236-00

Issue Date: 02/05/90

Page 3

SECTION VI - REACTIVITY DATA (cont)

-HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:

Heating of this material to decomposition may cause the emission of irritating, acid fumes.

SECTION VII - SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

-STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED:

Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate area. Absorb spill with an absorbent material such as sawdust, vermiculite or sand and place in a closed container. If large spill, dike the area to prevent this material from entering water systems or sewers.

-WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

This material has been tested and found to have a flash point below 140 F. If discarded, this material and containers should be treated as hazardous wastes based on the characteristic of ignitability as defined under the federal RCRA regulations (40 CFR 261). Disposal of this material and its container, requires compliance with applicable labeling, packaging, and record keeping standards. Extreme care should be taken to ensure that it is disposed of only in a facility permitted for disposal of hazardous wastes.

For further information, contact your state or local solid waste agency or the United States Environmental Protection Agency's RCRA hotline (1-800-424-9346 or 202-382-3000).

SECTION VIII - SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

-RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:

A canister-type respirator must be worn to prevent the inhalation of vapors or spray mists when the TLV or PEL is exceeded.

-VENTILATION:

General ventilation is required during normal use. Local ventilation may be required during certain operations to keep exposure levels below the TLV listed in Section 11 of this data sheet.

-PROTECTIVE GLOVES:

Wear appropriate impervious gloves to prevent skin contact.

-EYE PROTECTION:

Wear face shield or chemical goggles.

REICHOLD**MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET**

REICHOLD CHEMICALS, INC.
 Reactive Polymers Division
 800 Capicola Drive
 Research Triangle Park
 Durham, NC 27713

Information Telephone No. 919-544-9225

ALL CHEMICAL EMERGENCIES
 1-800-424-9300

Product Code: 33-236-00

Issue Date: 02/05/90

Page 4

SECTION VIII - SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION (cont.)

-OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:

Wear protective clothing to prevent skin contact.
 Eye wash station and safety shower should be available

SECTION IX - SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

-PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING:

Avoid storage above 100 Deg. F. Avoid prolonged or repeated skin contact. Avoid inhalation of heated vapors or spray mists.

-OTHER PRECAUTIONS:

Avoid improper addition of promoter and/or catalyst. A promoter and catalyst used with this product should always be mixed separately with the product and must never be mixed together.

SECTION X - SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

-REGULATORY INFORMATION:

SCAQMD Rule 116E establishes specific process, control, housekeeping, and recordkeeping requirements for fabrication operations using polyester resin materials. It is the responsibility of the fabricator to ensure compliance with these requirements.

-SARA STATUS:

One or more of the chemical substances listed in section II of this MSDS is subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986 and 40 CFR 372

This material has been categorized as having the following hazard(s) as defined by SARA Title III regulations (40 CFR 370):
 acute, chronic, fire, reactive

-DOT PROPER SHIPPING NAME:

Resin Solution

-UN NUMBER:

UN1866

-DOT HAZARD CLASS:

Flammable liquid

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

CO-PLAS INCORPORATED
 5106 WHEELER AVE.
 FORT SMITH, AR 72901

INFORMATION & EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO.: 501-646-7865
 CHEMTREC : 800-424-9300

PREPARATION DATE: 02/13/90

REPLACES DATE: NEW MSDS

PREPARER: MGG

SECTION I - PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

WHITE GEL COAT

WG-30497

SECTION II - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

CHEMICAL NAME	CAS NUMBER	WT. PERCENT IS LESS THAN	OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS			VAPOR	KNOWN OR	SEC
			(TLV-TWA)	(TLV-STEL)	(PEL)	PRESSURE mmHg 20C	SUSPECTED CARCINOGEN	
METHYL METHACRYLATE MONOMER	80-62-6	5%	100 PPM	75 PPM	NO INFO	29.0	NO	NO
STYRENE	100-42-5	30%	50 PPM	100 PPM	100 PPM	4.5	YES	YES
PIGMENT WHITE 6	13463-67-7	15%	10 MG/M3	NO INFO	15 MG/M3	0.0	NO	NO
SILICON DIOXIDE	7631-86-9	5%	10 MG/M3	NO INFO	20 MPPCF	0.0	NO	NO

THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS ONE OR MORE MATERIALS SUBJECT TO THE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 313 OF THE EMERGENCY PLANNING AND THE COMMUNITY RIGHT-TO-KNOW ACTS OF 1986 AND OF 40 CFR 372.

N.A. - NOT APPLICABLE

SECTION III - PHYSICAL DATA

BOILING RANGE	: 214-295 F	VAPOR DENSITY	: IS HEAVIER THAN AIR
ODOR	: AROMATIC	EVAPORATION RATE:	: IS SLOWER THAN ETHER
APPEARANCE	: WHITE LIQUID	SOLUBILITY	: INSOLUBLE
VOLATILE BY WEIGHT:	34.4% VOC	PRODUCT DENSITY	: 10.9 LBS./GAL. (U.S.)
VOLATILE BY VOLUME:	51.0%		

SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION:

FLASH POINT: 82 F
 (SETAFLASH CLOSED CUP)

LEL: 1.1 %
 UEL: 12.5 %

OSHA - FLAMMABLE LIQUID - CLASS IC
 DOT - FLAMMABLE LIQUID OR SOLID

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: CARBON DIOXIDE DRY CHEMICAL FOAM

=====

SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: KEEP CONTAINERS TIGHTLY CLOSED. ISOLATE FROM HEAT, SPARKS, AND OPEN FLAME. CLOSED CONTAINERS MAY EXPLODE WHEN EXPOSED TO EXTREME HEAT.

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: WATER MAY BE USED TO COOL CLOSED CONTAINERS TO PREVENT PRESSURE BUILD-UP AND POSSIBLE AUTOIGNITION OR EXPLOSION WHEN EXPOSED TO EXTREME HEAT. USE SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS.

=====

SECTION V - HEALTH HAZARD DATA

EFFECTS OF OVER EXPOSURE: INHALATION: IRRITATION TO RESPIRATORY TRACT, HEADACHE, DIZZINESS AND NAUSEA. SKIN CONTACT: PRIMARY IRRITATION. EYE CONTACT: PRIMARY IRRITATION. PROLONGED OR REPEATED EXPOSURE CAN CAUSE LIVER AND KIDNEY DAMAGE AND ALLERGIC SKIN REACTION. SOME REPORTS INDICATE THAT STYRENE AND A POTENTIAL METABOLITE OF STYRENE, STYRENE OXIDE, ARE MUTAGENIC. THERE IS ALSO EVIDENCE THAT STYRENE AND ITS OXIDE CAN DAMAGE CHROMOSOMES.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS PRONE TO AGGRAVATION BY EXPOSURE: PRE-EXISTING SENSITIVITY TO SOLVENTS CAN CAUSE A HEIGHTENED REACTION TO EXPOSURE TO THIS PRODUCT.

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: INHALATION DERMAL

EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES: INHALATION: REMOVE TO FRESH AIR, RESTORE BREATHING. CONSULT A PHYSICIAN. SKIN CONTACT: FLUSH WITH WATER. EYE CONTACT: FLUSH IMMEDIATELY WITH LARGE AMOUNTS OF WATER. CONSULT A PHYSICIAN. IF SWALLOWED, DILUTE BY GIVING 2 GLASSES OF WATER, CONSULT PHYSICIAN. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. NEVER GIVE ANYTHING BY MOUTH TO AN UNCONSCIOUS VICTIM.

=====

SECTION VI - REACTIVITY DATA

STABILITY: THIS PRODUCT IS STABLE UNDER NORMAL STORAGE CONDITIONS.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: COULD OCCUR UNDER NORMAL CONDITIONS. CARE MUST BE EXERCISED.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: ON BURNING, EMITS ACRID FUMES, CARBON DIOXIDE AND CARBON MONOXIDE.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: HEAT AND DIRECT SUNLIGHT

INCOMPATABILITY: STRONG ACIDS, PEROXIDES AND OTHER OXIDIZING AGENTS, ORGANIC METAL SOAP.

=====

SECTION VII - SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: KEEP SPECTATORS AWAY. ELIMINATE IGNITION SOURCES. USE SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS (PRESSURE DEMAND, OSHA/NIOSH-APPROVED), IMPERVIOUS CLOTHING AND BOOTS. DIKE AND CONTAIN SPILL WITH SAND OR EARTH. TRANSFER LIQUID TO CONTAINERS FOR RECOVERY OR DISPOSAL AND SOLID DIKING MATERIAL TO SEPERATE CONTAINERS FOR DISPOSAL.

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD: INCINERATE LIQUID AND CONTAMINATED DIKING MATERIAL IN ACCORDANCE WITH LOCAL, STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.

=====

SECTION VIII - SAFE HANDLING AND USE INFORMATION

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: NONE NEEDED IF GOOD VENTILATION IS MAINTAINED. OTHERWISE WEAR SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS (PRESSURE DEMAND, OSHA/NIOSH APPROVED OR EQUIVALENT).

VENTILATION: SUFFICIENT VENTILATION, IN VOLUME AND PATTERN, SHOULD BE PROVIDED TO KEEP AIR CONTAMINATION BELOW CURRENT APPLICABLE OSHA PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LIMIT OR ACGIH'S TLV LIMIT.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES: RECOMMENDED FOR PROLONGED OR REPEATED CONTACT.

EYE PROTECTION: CHEMICAL GOGGLES WITH SIDE SHIELDS OR FACE SHIELD RECOMMENDED.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: USE PROTECTIVE CREAMS WHERE SKIN CONTACT IS LIKELY. REMOVE AND WASH CONTAMINATED CLOTHING BEFORE REUSE. EYEWASH FACILITY, SAFETY SHOWER, IMPERVIOUS CLOTHING

HYGIENIC PRACTICES: WASH HANDS BEFORE EATING OR SMOKING. SMOKE IN DESIGNATED AREAS ONLY.

=====

=====
SECTION IX - SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS
=====

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE: STORE IN A COOL DRY AREA WITH VENTILATION SUITABLE FOR STORING MATERIALS SHOWN IN SECTION II.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS: PROVIDE RESPIRATORY PROTECTION AGAINST FUMES GENERATED DURING BURNING. PROVIDE RESPIRATORY PROTECTION AGAINST DUST CREATED BY SANDING AND/OR GRINDING OF FINISHED PARTS.

=====
SECTION X - HMIS RATINGS
=====

HEALTH: 2

FLAMMABILITY: 3

REACTIVITY: 2
=====

THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS, TO THE BEST OF OUR KNOWLEDGE AND BELIEF, ACCURATE. HOWEVER, SINCE THE CONDITIONS OF HANDLING AND USE ARE BEYOND OUR CONTROL, WE MAKE NO GUARANTEE OF RESULTS, AND ASSUME NO LIABILITY FOR DAMAGES INCURRED BY USE OF THIS MATERIAL. IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE USER TO COMPLY WITH ALL APPLICABLE FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL LAWS AND REGULATIONS.

REICHOLD

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

REICHOLD CHEMICALS, INC.
Reactive Polymers Division
800 Capitola Drive
Research Triangle Park
Durham, NC 27713

Information Telephone No. 919-544-9225

ALL CHEMICAL EMERGENCIES
1-800-424-9300

FEB 19 1988

Senior Environmental Manager
OFF-LINE BOATS INC
1700 SOUTH SWINGLASS BLVD

WINDSOR, FL 32086

Dear Customer

To ensure safe use of our products and to comply with OSHA Hazard Communication Standards, we are pleased to send you the latest Material Safety Data Sheet(s) for the following Reichhold product code(s):

33-236

The information is being forwarded to you through our computer-activated program, which automatically generates and mails a copy of updated MSDS to all purchasers of the product at the time of the first shipment.

To be sure that the enclosed MSDS(s) serves its purpose, please pass it along to all personnel who handle or use the product and to the appropriate product safety personnel.

Sincerely,

Customer Service

This information is furnished without warranty, representation, inducement or license of any kind, except that it is accurate to the best of Reichhold Chemicals, Inc.'s knowledge or obtained from sources believed by Reichhold Chemicals, Inc. to be accurate, and Reichhold Chemicals, Inc. does not assume any legal responsibility for use or reliance upon same. Customers are encouraged to conduct their own tests. Before using any product, read its label.



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

24-HOUR EMERGENCY TELEPHONE (606) 324-1133

009478

ACETONE

PAGE: 1

ACCEPTED BY O.S.H.A. AS ESSENTIALLY SIMILIAR TO O.S.H.A. FORM 20

ASHLAND PRODUCT NAME: ACETONE
CAS NUMBER: 67 64 1

HORIZON CHEMICALS & PAINTERS SUPPLY INC
14805 49TH STREET
CLEARWATER FL 33520

DS 50 097 4313520-
DATA SHEET NO: 0004335-004
LATEST REVISION DATE: 04/88-85092
PRODUCT: 3010000
INVOICE: 273551
INVOICE DATE: 03/30/88

ATTN: PLANT MGR./SAFETY DIR.

SECTION I-PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

GENERAL OR GENERIO ID: KETONE
HAZARD CLASSIFICATION: (03) FLAMMABLE LIQUID (173.115)

SECTION II-HAZARDOUS COMPONENTS

Table with 5 columns: INGREDIENT, PERCENT, PEL, TLV, and B. Row 1: ACETONE, 99.5, 1000, 750 PPM, -

SECTION III-PHYSICAL DATA

Table with 3 columns: PROPERTY, REFINEMENT, MEASUREMENT. Rows include INITIAL BOILING POINT, VAPOR PRESSURE, VAPOR DENSITY, SPECIFIC GRAVITY, PERCENT VOLATILES, and EVAPORATION RATE.

SECTION IV-FIRE AND EXPLOSION DATA

FLASH POINT(TDC) -4.00 DEG F (-20.00 DEG C)
EXPLOSIVE LIMIT (PRODUCT) LOWER - 2.6%
EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: ALCOHOL FOAM OR CARBON DIOXIDE OR DRY CHEMICAL
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: MAY FORM TOXIC MATERIALS, CARBON DIOXIDE AND CARBON MONOXIDE, VARIOUS HYDROCARBONS, ETC.
SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: WEAR SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS WITH A FULL FACEPIECE OPERATED IN PRESSURE-DEMAND OR OTHER POSITIVE PRESSURE MODE WHEN FIGHTING FIRES.
UNUSUAL FIRE & EXPLOSION HAZARDS: MATERIAL IS HIGHLY VOLATILE AND READILY GIVES OFF VAPORS WHICH MAY TRAVEL ALONG THE GROUND OR BE MOVED BY VENTILATION AND IGNITED BY PILOT LIGHTS, OTHER FLAMES, SPARKS, HEATERS, SMOKING, ELECTRIC MOTORS, STATIC DISCHARGE, OR OTHER IGNITION SOURCES AT LOCATIONS DISTANT FROM MATERIAL HANDLING POINT.
NEVER USE WELDING OR CUTTING TORCH ON OR NEAR DRUM (EVEN EMPTY) BECAUSE PRODUCT (EVEN JUST RESIDUE) CAN IGNITE EXPLOSIVELY.

SECTION V-HEALTH HAZARD DATA

PERMISSIBLE EXPOURE LEVEL 1000 PPM
THRESHOLD LIMIT VALUE 750 PPM
SEE SECTION II
EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE: FOR PRODUCT
EYES - CAUSES IRRITATION, REDNESS, TEARING.
SKIN - CAN CAUSE SLIGHT IRRITATION.
BREATHING - EXCESSIVE INHALATION OF VAPORS CAN CAUSE NASAL IRRITATION, DIZZINESS, WEAKNESS, FATIGUE, NAUSEA, HEADACHE, POSSIBLE UNCONSCIOUSNESS, AND EVEN ASPHYXIATION.
SWALLOWING - CAN CAUSE GASTROINTESTINAL IRRITATION, NAUSEA, VOMITING, AND DIARRHEA.
FIRST AID:

 SECTION V-HEALTH HAZARD DATA (CONTINUED)

IF ON SKIN: THOROUGHLY WASH EXPOSED AREA WITH SOAP AND WATER. REMOVE CONTAMINATED CLOTHING. LAUNDRY-CONTAMINATED CLOTHING BEFORE RE-USE.

IF IN EYES: FLUSH WITH LARGE AMOUNTS OF WATER, LIFTING UPPER AND LOWER LIDS OCCASIONALLY, GET MEDICAL ATTENTION.

IF SWALLOWED: IMMEDIATELY DRINK TWO GLASSES OF WATER AND INDUCE VOMITING BY EITHER GIVING IPECAC SYRUP OR BY PLACING FINGER AT BACK OF THROAT. NEVER GIVE ANYTHING BY MOUTH TO AN UNCONSCIOUS PERSON. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY.

IF BREATHED: IF AFFECTED, REMOVE INDIVIDUAL TO FRESH AIR. IF BREATHING IS DIFFICULT, ADMINISTER OXYGEN. IF BREATHING HAS STOPPED GIVE ARTIFICIAL RESPIRATION. KEEP PERSON WARM, QUIET AND GET MEDICAL ATTENTION.

 SECTION VI-REACTIVITY DATA

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: CANNOT OCCUR

STABILITY: STABLE

INCOMPATIBILITY: AVOID CONTACT WITH: STRONG OXIDIZING AGENTS., STRONG ALKALIES., STRONG MINERAL ACIDS.

 SECTION VII-SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED:

SMALL SPILL: ABSORB LIQUID ON PAPER, VERMICULITE, FLOOR ABSORBENT, OR OTHER ABSORBENT MATERIAL AND TRANSFER TO HOOD.

LARGE SPILL: ELIMINATE ALL IGNITION SOURCES (FLARES, FLAMES INCLUDING PILOT LIGHTS, ELECTRICAL SPARKS). PERSONS NOT WEARING PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT SHOULD BE EXCLUDED FROM AREA OF SPILL UNTIL CLEAN-UP HAS BEEN COMPLETED. STOP SPILL AT SOURCE, DIKE AREA OF SPILL TO PREVENT SPREADING, PUMP LIQUID TO SALVAGE TANK. REMAINING LIQUID MAY BE TAKEN UP ON SAND, CLAY, EARTH, FLOOR ABSORBENT, OR OTHER ABSORBENT MATERIAL AND SHOVELED INTO CONTAINERS.

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD:

SMALL SPILL: ALLOW VOLATILE PORTION TO EVAPORATE IN HOOD. ALLOW SUFFICIENT TIME FOR VAPORS TO COMPLETELY CLEAR HOOD DUCT WORK. DISPOSE OF REMAINING MATERIAL IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE REGULATIONS.

LARGE SPILL: DESTROY BY LIQUID INCINERATION. CONTAMINATED ABSORBENT MAY BE DEPOSITED IN A LANDFILL IN ACCORDANCE WITH LOCAL, STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.

 SECTION VIII-PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT TO BE USED

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: IF TLV OF THE PRODUCT OR ANY COMPONENT IS EXCEEDED, A NIOSH/MSHA JOINTLY APPROVED AIR SUPPLIED RESPIRATOR IS ADVISED IN ABSENCE OF PROPER ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL. OSHA REGULATIONS ALSO PERMIT OTHER NIOSH/MSHA RESPIRATORS UNDER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS. (SEE YOUR SAFETY EQUIPMENT SUPPLIER). ENGINEERING OR ADMINISTRATIVE CONTROLS SHOULD BE IMPLEMENTED TO REDUCE EXPOSURE.

VENTILATION: PROVIDE SUFFICIENT MECHANICAL (GENERAL AND/OR LOCAL EXHAUST) VENTILATION TO MAINTAIN EXPOSURE BELOW TLV(S).

PROTECTIVE GLOVES: WEAR RESISTANT GLOVES SUCH AS: NATURAL RUBBER, NEOPRENE, NITRILE RUBBER

EYE PROTECTION: CHEMICAL SPLASH GOGGLES IN COMPLIANCE WITH OSHA REGULATIONS ARE ADVISED; HOWEVER, OSHA REGULATIONS ALSO PERMIT OTHER TYPE SAFETY GLASSES. (CONSULT YOUR SAFETY EQUIPMENT SUPPLIER)

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: TO PREVENT REPEATED OR PROLONGED SKIN CONTACT, WEAR IMPERVIOUS CLOTHING AND BOOTS.

 SECTION IX-SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS OR OTHER COMMENTS

CONTAINERS OF THIS MATERIAL MAY BE HAZARDOUS WHEN EMPTIED SINCE EMPTIED CONTAINERS RETAIN PRODUCT RESIDUES (VAPOR, LIQUID, AND/OR SOLID), ALL HAZARD PRECAUTIONS GIVEN IN THE DATA SHEET MUST BE OBSERVED.

OVEREXPOSURE TO MATERIAL HAS APPARENTLY BEEN FOUND TO CAUSE THE FOLLOWING EFFECTS IN LABORATORY ANIMALS: KIDNEY DAMAGE, EYE DAMAGE

THE INFORMATION ACCUMULATED HEREIN IS BELIEVED TO BE ACCURATE BUT IS NOT WARRANTED TO BE WHETHER ORIGINATING WITH ASHLAND OR NOT. RECIPIENTS ARE ADVISED TO CONFIRM IN ADVANCE OF NEED THAT THE INFORMATION IS CURRENT, APPLICABLE, AND SUITABLE TO THEIR CIRCUMSTANCES.

M A T E R I A L S A F E T Y D A T A S H E E T

CHARLES A. CROSBIE LABS., INC. 1821 Randolph St. L.A., CA 90001 213/582-1000

TRADE NAME: . CC-2000 & CC-2001DT **COATINGS REMOVERS**

Eff. 3-12-86

Resin Stripper

1. PHYSICAL DATA:

BOILING POINT: 145°F SP. GRAVITY: 1.3
VAP PRESS: 300 mm % VOLATILE by VOLUME: 98%
VAP DENSITY: Greater than 1 EVAPORATION RATE(ether=1): Less than 1
SOL. IN WATER: Slight ODOR: Ethereal
APPEARANCE: Gelatinous, Flocculent Liquid White to Light Yellow

2. INGREDIENTS:

Over 80% Methylene Chloride, Technical. Inasmuch as the other ingredients do not modify the information applying to Methylene Chloride, Technical, we are using the following Material Safety Data Sheet for Methylene Chloride, Technical, provided by DOW Chemical, effective 10/04/85 as the MSDS for Crosbie CC-2000 & CC-2001 DT Coatings Removers.

M A T E R I A L S A F E T Y D A T A S H E E T

DOW CHEMICAL U.S.A. Midland, MI 48674 Emergency Phone: 517-636-4400

MSD: 000009

Page: 1

PRODUCT NAME: METHYLENE CHLORIDE, TECHNICAL

Effective Date: 10/04/85

Date Printed: 10/16/85

Product Code: 55590

1. INGREDIENTS:

Methylene Chloride CAS# 000075-09-2 99.9

2. FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA:

FLASH POINT: NONE

FLAMMABLE LIMITS

METHOD USED: TOC, TCC, COC

LFL: 13% @ 25C

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: WATER FOG

UFL: 23% @ 25C

FIRE & EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Forms flammable vapor-air mixtures at temperatures above ambient. Lower temperatures increase the difficulty of getting it to ignite. Avoid open flames & welding arcs. (see reactivity data).

FIRE FIGHTING EQUIPMENT: Wear positive pressure self-contained respiratory equipment.

3. REACTIVITY DATA:

STABILITY: (CONDITIONS TO AVOID) Hydrolysis producing small amounts of hydrochloric acid possible with gross water contamination.

3. REACTIVITY DATA: (CONTINUED)

INCOMPATIBILITY: (SPECIFIC MATERIALS TO AVOID) Aluminum, possibly Sodium, Potassium, Magnesium, Chromic Anhydride, Lead Perchlorate and Perchloric Acid.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Open flames and welding arcs can cause thermal degradation with the evolution of hydrogen chloride and very small amounts of phosgene and chlorine.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur.

4. ENVIRONMENTAL AND DISPOSAL INFORMATION:

ACTION TO TAKE FOR SPILLS/LEAKS: Small spills: Mop up, wipe up or soak up immediately. Remove to out of doors. Large spills: Evacuate area. Contain liquid; transfer to closed metal containers. Keep out of water supply.

DISPOSAL METHOD: When disposing of the unused contents, the preferred options are to send to licensed reclaimer, permitted incinerators, or to evaporate very small quantities in compliance with local, state, and federal regulations including Subtitle C of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act. Dumping into sewers, on the ground, or with any body of water is strongly discouraged, and may be illegal. Consult The Dow Chemical Company for further information.

5. HEALTH HAZARD DATA:

EYE: May cause moderate eye irritation and slight corneal injury. Vapors may irritate eyes. In animals, irritation and corneal injury healed primarily within 8 days.

SKIN CONTACT: Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause skin irritation, even a burn. Repeated contact may cause drying or flaking of skin.

SKIN ABSORPTION: A single prolonged exposure is not likely to result in the material being absorbed through skin in harmful amounts. The dermal LD50 has not been determined.

INGESTION: Single dose oral toxicity is low. The oral LD50 for rats is in the range of 1500-2500 mg/kg. If aspirated (liquid enters the lung), may be rapidly absorbed through the lungs and result in injury to other body systems.

INHALATION: Minimal anesthetic or narcotic effects may be seen in the range of 500-1000 ppm methylene chloride. Progressively higher levels over 1000 ppm can cause dizziness, drunkenness; concentrations as low as 10,000 ppm can cause unconsciousness and death. These high levels may also cause cardiac arrhythmias (irregular heartbeats).

Excessive exposure may cause irritation to upper respiratory tract. In confined or poorly ventilated areas, vapors can readily accumulate and can cause unconsciousness and death.

SYSTEMIC & OTHER EFFECTS: Excessive exposure may cause carboxy-hemoglobinemia, thereby impairing the blood's ability to transport oxygen.

5. HEALTH HAZARD DATA: (CONTINUED)

Excessive exposure may cause central nervous system, liver or kidney effects. Methylene Chloride has been shown to increase the rate of spontaneously occurring malignant tumors in one strain of laboratory mouse and benign tumors in laboratory rats. Other animal studies, as well as several human epidemiology studies, failed to show a tumorigenic response relatable to methylene chloride. Methylene Chloride is not believed to pose a measurable carcinogenic risk to man when handled as recommended. Birth defects are unlikely. Exposures having no effect on the mother should have no effect on the fetus. Did not cause birth defects in animals; other effects were seen in the fetus only at doses which caused toxic effects to the mother. In animal studies, has been shown not to interfere with reproduction. Negative or equivocal results have been obtained in mutagenicity test using mammalian cells or animals. This is consistent with the lack of interaction with DNA in rats and hamsters. Although results of Ames bacterial tests have generally been positive, overall the data suggest that genotoxic potential does not appear to be a significant factor in the toxicity of Methylene Chloride.

6. FIRST AID:

EYES: Irrigate with flowing water immediately and continuously for 15 minutes. Consult medical personnel.

SKIN: Wash off in flowing water or shower. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

INGESTION: Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician and/or transport to emergency facility immediately.

INHALATION: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Call a physician.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Because rapid absorption may occur through lungs if aspirated and cause systemic effects, the decision of whether to induce vomiting or not should be made by a physician. If lavage is performed, suggest endotracheal and/or esophageal control. Danger from lung aspiration must be weighed against toxicity when considering emptying the stomach. Exposure may increase "myocardial irritability." Do not administer sympathomimetic drugs unless absolutely necessary. If burn is present, treat as any thermal burn, after decontamination. No specific antidote. Supportive care. Treatment based on judgment of the physician in response to reactions of the patient.

7. HANDLING PRECAUTIONS:

EXPOSURE GUIDELINE (S): ACGIH TLV is 100 ppm. OSHA PEL is 500 ppm; ACC is 1000 ppm; MAC is 2000 ppm.

VENTILATION: Controlling airborne concentrations below the ACGIH TLV exposure guideline is recommended. Use only with adequate ventilation. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations. Lethal concentrations may exist in areas with poor ventilation.

7. HANDLING PRECAUTIONS: (CONTINUED)

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: Atmospheric levels should be maintained below the exposure guideline. When respiratory protection is required for certain operations, use an approved air-purifying respirator. For emergency and other conditions where the exposure guideline may be greatly exceeded, use an approved positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus. In confined or poorly ventilated areas, use an approved positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus.

SKIN PROTECTION: For brief contact, no precautions other than clean body-covering clothing should be needed. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact could occur, use protective clothing impervious to this material. Selection of specific items such as gloves, boots, apron or full-body suit will depend on operation.

EYE PROTECTION: Use safety glasses. Where contact with liquid is likely, chemical goggles are recommended because eye contact with this material may cause pain, even though it is unlikely to cause injury.

8. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:

SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE: Exercise reasonable care and caution. Avoid breathing vapors. Store in cool place. Concentrated vapors of this product are heavier than air and will collect in low areas such as pits, degreasers, storage tanks, and other confined areas. Do not enter these areas where vapors of this product are suspected unless special breathing apparatus is used and observer is present for assistance. Do not pressure product out of vessel or transport container with air.

MSDS STATUS: Revised 1, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9.

The Information Herein Is Given In Good Faith, No Warranty, Expressed Or Implied, Is Made. Consult The Dow Chemical Company For Further Information.

**PROGRESS SALES
CORPORATION**

Binks/Poly-Craft Systems
1792 Northgate Blvd.
SARASOTA, FLORIDA 34234
Phone (813) 355-6627

All information, recommendations and suggestions appearing herein concerning our product are based upon tests and data believed to be reliable. However, it is the user's responsibility to determine the safety, toxicity, and suitability for his own use of the product described herein. Since the actual use by others is beyond our control, no guarantee, expressed or implied, is made by Charles A. Crosbie Labs., Inc. as to the effects of such use, the results to be obtained, or the safety and toxicity of the product nor does Charles A. Crosbie Labs., Inc. assume any liability arising out of use, by others, of the product referred to herein. The information herein is not to be construed as absolutely complete since additional information may be necessary or desirable when particular or exceptional conditions or circumstances exist or because of applicable laws or government regulations.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Ashland Chemical Company

DIVISION OF ASHLAND OIL, INC.

P. O. BOX 2219, COLUMBUS, OHIO 43216 • (614) 889-3333

24-HOUR EMERGENCY TELEPHONE (606) 324-1133



DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL

004018

.THIS MSDS COMPLIES WITH 29 CFR 1910.1200 (THE HAZARD COMMUNICATION STANDARD)

Product Name: DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL
CAS NUMBER: 25265-71-8

FOAM CRAFT, INC.
6235 S. MCINTOSH ROAD
SARASOTA FL 33583

05 50 093 3331750-

Data Sheet No: 0003556-002
Prepared: 03/04/86
Supersedes: 03/06/85

PRODUCT: 330000
INVOICE: 347448
INVOICE DATE: 06/02/89
TO: SAME

ATTN: PLANT MGR./SAFETY DIR.

SECTION I - PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

General or Generic ID: GLYCOL
DOT Hazard Classification: NOT APPLICABLE

SECTION II - COMPONENTS

IF PRESENT, IARC, NTP AND OSHA CARCINOGENS AND CHEMICALS SUBJECT TO THE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS OF SARA TITLE III SECTION 313 ARE IDENTIFIED IN THIS SECTION. SEE DEFINITION PAGE FOR CLARIFICATION

Table with 5 columns: INGREDIENT, % (by WT), PEL, TLV, Note. Row 1: DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL, CAS #: 25265-71-8, 100, (1)

Notes:

(1) PEL/TLV NOT ESTABLISHED FOR THIS MATERIAL

SECTION III - PHYSICAL DATA

Table with 2 columns: Property, Value. Rows include Boiling Point, Vapor Pressure, Specific Vapor Density, Specific Gravity, Percent Volatiles, and Evaporation Rate.

SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION INFORMATION

FLASH POINT (PMCC) 250.0 Deg F (121.1 Deg C)
EXPLOSIVE LIMIT (PRODUCT) LOWER - 2.2%
EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: ALCOHOL FOAM OR WATER FOG OR CARBON DIOXIDE OR DRY CHEMICAL
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: MAY FORM TOXIC MATERIALS; CARBON DIOXIDE AND CARBON MONOXIDE, ETC.
FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: WEAR SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS WITH A FULL FACEPIECE OPERATED IN THE POSITIVE PRESSURE DEMAND MODE WHEN FIGHTING FIRES:
SPECIAL FIRE & EXPLOSION HAZARDS: NEVER USE WELDING OR CUTTING TORCH ON OR NEAR DRUM (EVEN EMPTY) BECAUSE PRODUCT (EVEN JUST RESIDUE) CAN IGNITE EXPLOSIVELY.

SECTION V - HEALTH HAZARD DATA

PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LEVEL: NOT ESTABLISHED.
EFFECTS OF ACUTE OVEREXPOSURE: FOR PRODUCT
EYES - CAN CAUSE MODERATE IRRITATION, REDNESS, TEARING.
SKIN - MAY CAUSE IRRITATION.
BREATHING - OF MIST CAN CAUSE IRRITATION OF NASAL AND RESPIRATORY PASSAGES.
SWALLOWING - CAN CAUSE GASTROINTESTINAL IRRITATION, NAUSEA, VOMITING, AND DIARRHEA.
FIRST AID:
IF ON SKIN: THOROUGHLY WASH EXPOSED AREA WITH SOAP AND WATER. REMOVE CONTAMINATED CLOTHING. LAUNDRY CONTAMINATED CLOTHING BEFORE RE-USE.
IF IN EYES: FLUSH WITH LARGE AMOUNTS OF WATER, LIFTING UPPER AND LOWER LIDS OCCASIONALLY, GET MEDICAL ATTENTION.
IF SWALLOWED: IMMEDIATELY DRINK TWO GLASSES OF WATER AND INDUCE VOMITING BY EITHER GIVING IPECAC SYRUP OR BY PLACING FINGER AT BACK OF THROAT. NEVER GIVE ANYTHING BY MOUTH TO AN UNCONSCIOUS PERSON. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY.


**MATERIAL SAFETY
DATA SHEET**

004018

DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL

Page: 2

SECTION IV - HEALTH HAZARD DATA (Continued)

IF BREATHED: IF AFFECTED, REMOVE INDIVIDUAL TO FRESH AIR. IF BREATHING IS DIFFICULT, ADMINISTER OXYGEN. IF BREATHING HAS STOPPED GIVE ARTIFICIAL RESPIRATION. KEEP PERSON WARM, QUIET AND GET MEDICAL ATTENTION.

EFFECTS OF CHRONIC OVEREXPOSURE: FOR PRODUCT

OVEREXPOSURE TO THIS MATERIAL (OR ITS COMPONENTS) HAS APPARENTLY BEEN FOUND TO CAUSE THE FOLLOWING EFFECTS IN LABORATORY ANIMALS: LIVER ABNORMALITIES, KIDNEY DAMAGE

SECTION V - REACTIVITY DATA

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: CANNOT OCCUR

STABILITY: STABLE

INCOMPATIBILITY: AVOID CONTACT WITH: STRONG OXIDIZING AGENTS.

SECTION VI - SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES
STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED:

SMALL SPILL: ABSORB LIQUID ON PAPER, VERMICULITE, FLOOR ABSORBENT, OR OTHER ABSORBENT MATERIAL AND TRANSFER TO HOOD.

LARGE SPILL: PREVENT RUN-OFF TO SEWERS, STREAMS OR OTHER BODIES OF WATER. IF RUN-OFF OCCURS, NOTIFY PROPER AUTHORITIES AS REQUIRED, THAT A SPILL HAS OCCURED.

PERSONS NOT WEARING PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT SHOULD BE EXCLUDED FROM AREA OF SPILL UNTIL CLEAN-UP HAS BEEN COMPLETED. STOP SPILL AT SOURCE, DIKE AREA OF SPILL TO PREVENT SPREADING, PUMP LIQUID TO SALVAGE TANK. REMAINING LIQUID MAY BE TAKEN UP ON SAND, CLAY, EARTH, FLOOR ABSORBENT, OR OTHER ABSORBENT MATERIAL AND SHOVELED INTO CONTAINERS.

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD:

SMALL SPILL: DISPOSE OF IN ACCORDANCE WITH ALL LOCAL, STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.

LARGE SPILL: CONTAMINATED ABSORBENT MAY BE DEPOSITED IN A LANDFILL IN ACCORDANCE WITH LOCAL, STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.

DISPOSE OF IN ACCORDANCE WITH ALL LOCAL, STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.

SECTION VII - PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT TO BE USED

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: IF OVEREXPOSURE HAS BEEN DETERMINED OR DOCUMENTED, A NIOSH/MSHA JOINTLY APPROVED AIR SUPPLIED RESPIRATOR IS ADVISED IN ABSENCE OF PROPER ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL. OSHA REGULATIONS ALSO PERMIT OTHER NIOSH/MSHA RESPIRATORS UNDER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS. (SEE YOUR SAFETY EQUIPMENT SUPPLIER). ENGINEERING OR ADMINISTRATIVE CONTROLS SHOULD BE IMPLEMENTED TO REDUCE EXPOSURE.

VENTILATION: PROVIDE SUFFICIENT MECHANICAL (GENERAL AND/OR LOCAL EXHAUST) VENTILATION TO MAINTAIN EXPOSURE BELOW LEVEL OF OVEREXPOSURE (FROM KNOWN, SUSPECTED OR APPARENT ADVERSE EFFECTS).

PROTECTIVE GLOVES: WEAR RESISTANT GLOVES (CONSULT YOUR SAFETY EQUIPMENT SUPPLIER).

EYE PROTECTION: CHEMICAL SPLASH GOGGLES IN COMPLIANCE WITH OSHA REGULATIONS ARE ADVISED; HOWEVER, OSHA REGULATIONS ALSO PERMIT OTHER TYPE SAFETY GLASSES. (CONSULT YOUR SAFETY EQUIPMENT SUPPLIER)

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: TO PREVENT REPEATED OR PROLONGED SKIN CONTACT, WEAR IMPERVIOUS CLOTHING AND BOOTS.

SECTION VIII - SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS OR OTHER COMMENTS

CONTAINERS OF THIS MATERIAL MAY BE HAZARDOUS WHEN EMPTIED. SINCE EMPTIED CONTAINERS RETAIN PRODUCT RESIDUES (VAPOR, LIQUID, AND/OR SOLID), ALL HAZARD PRECAUTIONS GIVEN IN THE DATA SHEET MUST BE OBSERVED.

THE INFORMATION ACCUMULATED HEREIN IS BELIEVED TO BE ACCURATE BUT IS NOT WARRANTED TO BE WHETHER ORIGINATING WITH THE COMPANY OR NOT. RECIPIENTS ARE ADVISED TO CONFIRM IN ADVANCE OF NEED THAT THE INFORMATION IS CURRENT, APPLICABLE, AND SUITABLE TO THEIR CIRCUMSTANCES.

#3622 ALL PURPOSE LACQUER THINNER
MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

ACCEPTED BY O.S.H.A. AS ESSENTIALLY SIMILAR TO O.S.H.A. FORM 20

DATE: May 23, 1989

PREPARER'S SIGNATURE

MANUFACTURER'S NAME: HORIZON CHEMICALS, INC.

EMERGENCY PHONE #813-535-6474

14805 49TH ST. NO., CLEARWATER, FL 34622

SECTION I PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT CODE: 3622 GENERAL OR GENERIC: Solvent Blend HAZARDOUS CLASSIFICATION: Flammable liquid N1263

SECTION II - HAZARDOUS COMPONENTS

INGREDIENT	CAS#	PERCENT	TLV	LEL	VAPOUR PRESSURE MM HG
Toluol	108-88-3	63.9	100	200	23
Acetone	67-64-1	18.8	750	1000	186
Isopropyl Alcohol	67-63-0	3.7	400	400	33
Methyl-2 Pentanone	108-10-1	4.2	50	100	16
Xylene :	1330-20-7	8.2	100	100	5.1
Ethoxyethyl Acetate	111-15-9	1.2	5	100	2

SECTION III - PHYSICAL DATA

PROPERTY

BOILING POINT (estimated) (°F) 133 PERCENT VOLATILE BY VOLUME (X) 100 SPECIFIC GRAVITY (H₂O=1) .83
 EVAPORATION RATE FASTER SLOWER X THAN ETHER VAPOUR DENSITY HEAVIER X LIGHTER , THAN AIR

SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION DATA

FLASH POINT (TCC) Less than 20°F FLAMMABLE LIMITS See Sec. II EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Alcohol foam or carbon dioxide or dry chemical

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES: Self contained breathing apparatus with a full face piece operated in pressure - demand or other positive pressure mode.

UNUSUAL FIRE & EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along the ground or may be moved by ventilation and ignited by pilot lights, other flames, sparks, heaters, smoking, electric motors, or other ignition sources at locations distant from material handling point. Never use welding or cutting torch on or near drums (even empty) because product (even just residue) can ignite explosively.

SECTION V - HEALTH HAZARD DATA

THRESHOLD LIMIT: See Section II

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE:

SKIN: Prolonged or repeated contact can cause moderate irritation, defatting, dermatitis.

BREATHING: Excessive inhalation of vapors can cause nasal and respiratory irritation, dizziness, weariness, fatigue, nausea, headache, possible unconsciousness, and even asphyxiation.

SWALLOWING: Can cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea. Aspiration of materials into the lungs can cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal.

EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES:

IF ON SKIN: Thoroughly wash exposed area with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Launder contaminated clothing before re-use.

IF IN EYES: Flush with large amounts of water, lifting upper and lower lids occasionally, get medical attention.

IF SWALLOWED: Do not induce vomiting. Call physician or transport to an emergency facility.

IF BREATHED: If affected, remove individual to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If breathing has stopped give artificial respiration. Keep person warm, quiet and get medical attention.

SECTION IX - SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS OR OTHER COMMENTS

#3622

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING:

CONTAINERS OF THIS MATERIAL MAY BE HAZARDOUS WHEN EMPTIED. SINCE EMPTIED CONTAINERS RETAIN PRODUCT RESIDUES (VAPOR, LIQUID, AND/OR SOLID), ALL HAZARD PRECAUTIONS GIVEN IN THIS DATA SHEET MUST BE OBSERVED.

THE INFORMATION ACCUMULATED HEREIN IS BELIEVED TO BE ACCURATE BUT IS NOT WARRANTED TO BE WHETHER ORIGINATING WITH HORIZON OR NOT. RECIPIENTS ARE ADVISED TO CONFIRM IN ADVANCE OF NEED THAT THE INFORMATION IS CURRENT, APPLICABLE, AND SUITABLE TO THEIR CIRCUMSTANCES.

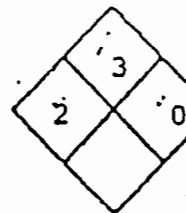
SECTION X - TOXIC CHEMICALS SARA TITLE III

THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING TOXIC CHEMICALS SUBJECT TO THE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 313 OF THE EMERGENCY PLANNING AND COMMUNITY RIGHT TO KNOW ACT OF 1986 AND OF 40 CFR 372

CHEMICAL	CAS NUMBER	WEIGHT %
Toluol	108-88-3	63.9
Acetone	67-64-1	18.8
Isopropyl Alcohol	67-63-0	3.7
Methyl-2 Pentanone	108-10-1	4.2
Xylene	1330-20-7	8.2



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET



Revised August 1986

MANUFACTURER'S NAME

SPECIALTY PRODUCTS COMPANY

STREET ADDRESS

P.O. Box 306,

CITY, STATE AND ZIP CODE

Jersey City, NJ 07303

PHONE:

(201) 434-4700

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO.

Transportation Emergencies call CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300

PRODUCT: Golden Wax Liquid
COMMON NAME: Mixture
ERIC NAME: NA
CHEMICAL NAME: Not Applicable
CHEMICAL FAMILY: Aromatic and Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Mixture.
DOT PROPER SHIPPING NAME:
 Not Applicable

WARNING STATEMENT:

Warning: Flammable
 DO NOT induce vomiting if swallowed
 For industrial use only.

Section I: INGREDIENTS

	CAS. NUMBER	TLV*	TL
Toluene	108883 Y	200A	
Xylene	1330-207 Y	100A	
Stoddard Solvent	8052413 N	500A	
Nonane	111842 N	200B	
Naphthalene	91203 Y	10A	
Trimethyl Benzenes		25B	
Paraffins, Cycloparaffins & Aromatics		NE*	
Isopropanol	67630 Y	400	

*Threshold Limit Value

A. OSHA

B. ACGIH

C. See Section III

D. Other

*Not Established

Wax Liquid Section II -- EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES

EMERGENCY: Have a physician call LOS ANGELES POISON CONTROL CENTER (24 hrs.) 213/664-2121

Eye Contact	If this product comes in contact with the eyes, flush with large quantities of water for at least 15 minutes and seek immediate medical attention.
Skin Contact	If this product comes in contact with the skin, wash with soap and large quantities of water and seek medical attention if irritation from contact persists.
Inhalation	If breathing difficulties, dizziness; or lightheadedness occur when working in areas with high vapor concentrations, victim should seek air free of vapors. If victim experiences continued breathing difficulties, administer oxygen until medical assistance can be rendered. If breathing stops, begin artificial respiration and seek immediate medical attention.
Ingestion	If this product is swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Seek immediate medical advice and/or attention.

Section III -- PHYSIOLOGICAL EFFECTS AND HEALTH INFORMATION

Eye Effects	This product may be an eye irritant.
Skin Effects	This product may cause skin irritation upon prolonged or repeated contact.
Systemic Effects	<p>Various studies have shown a possible association with exposure to this product and the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Respiratory tract irritation Central nervous system depression in high concentrations Liver and kidney damage Brain cell damage may result from long term inhalation of toluene vapor (6/1/82)

Section VII - STORAGE AND SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

and Precautions	Keep product containers cool, dry and away from sources of ignition. Use and store this product with adequate ventilation (see Section IV).
Other Precautions	Personnel should avoid inhalation of vapors (see Sections I, II, III, V, VI).

Section VIII - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

DOT Flammability Classification	Flammable Liquid	Flash Point Range: <input type="checkbox"/> Below 20° F, <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 20° F - 100° F <input type="checkbox"/> 100° F - 200° F <input type="checkbox"/> Over 200° F <input type="checkbox"/> None to boiling
Extinguishing Media	Use foam, CO ₂ or dry chemical fire fighting apparatus.	
Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards	Keep work areas free of hot metal surfaces and other sources of ignition.	
Fire Fighting Procedures	The use of self-contained breathing apparatus is recommended for fire fighters. Water may be unsuitable as an extinguishing media, but helpful in keep adjacent containers cool. Avoid spreading burning liquid with water used for cooling purposes.	

Section IX - PHYSICAL DATA

Approximate Boiling Range, ° F	231 - 310	Vapor Density: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Heavier <input type="checkbox"/> Lighter Than Air	VOC
Evaporation Rate: <input type="checkbox"/> Faster <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Slower Than Ether		Percent Volatiles	Solubility in Water: Negligible
Specific Gravity: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lighter <input type="checkbox"/> Heavier Than Water		Weight per Gallon: 7.2	

Appearance and Odor:

This product is light yellow and has a characteristic odor.

Section X - DOCUMENTARY INFORMATION

Golden Wax Liquid

Issue Date 5-12-86

The above information is believed to be correct as of the date hereof. However, no warranty of merchantability, fitness for any use, or any other warranty is expressed or is to be implied regarding the accuracy of these data, the results to be obtained from the use of the material, or the hazards connected with such use. Since the information contained herein may be applied under conditions beyond our control and with which we may be unfamiliar, and since data made available subsequent to the date hereof may suggest modification of the information, we do not assume responsibility for the results of its use. This information is furnished the condition that the person receiving it shall make his own determination as to the suitability of the material for his particular purpose and on the condition that he assume the risk of his use thereof.

Wax Liquid

Section IV - SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

Respiratory Protection (See 9.2)	The use of respiratory protection depends on vapor concentration above the time-weighted TLV; use a NIOSH approved cartridge respirator or gas mask.		
Ventilation	General mechanical ventilation may be sufficient to keep product vapor concentrations within specified time-weighted TLV ranges. If general ventilation proves inadequate to maintain safe vapor concentrations, supplemental local exhaust may be required. Other special precautions such as respiratory masks or environmental containment devices may be required in extreme cases.		
Protective Gloves	The use of impermeable gloves is advised to prevent skin irritation in sensitive individuals.	Eye Protection	Safety glasses; chemical goggles and/or face shields are recommended to safeguard against potential eye contact, irritation, or injury.
Other Protective Equipment	Impermeable aprons are advised when working with this product. The availability of eye washes and safety showers in work areas is recommended.		

Section V - REACTIVITY DATA

Stability	Unstable		Conditions to Avoid:
	Stable	X	
Incompatibility (Materials to Avoid)	This product is incompatible with strong oxidizing agents, strong acids or bases, and selected amines.		
Hazardous Decomposition Products	Thermal decomposition in the presence of air may yield carbon monoxide and/or carbon dioxide.		
Hazardous Polymerization	May Occur		Conditions to Avoid:
	Will Not Occur	X	

Section VI - SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

HIGHWAY OR RAILWAY SPILLS - CALL CHEMTREC 800/424-9300

Precautions In Case of Release or Spill	Keep sources of ignition and hot metal surfaces isolated from the spill. Flush spilled material into suitable retaining areas or containers with large quantities of water. Small amounts of spilled material may be absorbed into an appropriate absorbant. *
Reportable Quantity	Notify Coast Guard National Response Center; Phone No. 800-424-8802, if Spill is Greater Than 1000 lb (Kilograms)
Waste Disposal Method	Dispose of product in accordance with applicable local, county, state and federal regulations.

APPENDIX B
DISPERSION MODELING OUTPUT

SOURCE: ESE, 1991
REVISED 10/4/91

*** PROLINE BOATS - AIR TOXICS ANALYSIS - 1986 TAMPA MET DATA ***

CALCULATE (CONCENTRATION=1,DEPOSITION=2)	ISW(1) = 1
RECEPTOR GRID SYSTEM (RECTANGULAR=1 OR 3, POLAR=2 OR 4)	ISW(2) = 4
DISCRETE RECEPTOR SYSTEM (RECTANGULAR=1,POLAR=2)	ISW(3) = 2
TERRAIN ELEVATIONS ARE READ (YES=1,NO=0)	ISW(4) = 0
CALCULATIONS ARE WRITTEN TO TAPE (YES=1,NO=0)	ISW(5) = 0
LIST ALL INPUT DATA (NO=0,YES=1,MET DATA ALSO=2)	ISW(6) = 1
COMPUTE AVERAGE CONCENTRATION (OR TOTAL DEPOSITION)	
WITH THE FOLLOWING TIME PERIODS:	
HOURLY (YES=1,NO=0)	ISW(7) = 0
2-HOUR (YES=1,NO=0)	ISW(8) = 0
3-HOUR (YES=1,NO=0)	ISW(9) = 0
4-HOUR (YES=1,NO=0)	ISW(10) = 0
6-HOUR (YES=1,NO=0)	ISW(11) = 0
8-HOUR (YES=1,NO=0)	ISW(12) = 1
12-HOUR (YES=1,NO=0)	ISW(13) = 0
24-HOUR (YES=1,NO=0)	ISW(14) = 1
PRINT 'N'-DAY TABLE(S) (YES=1,NO=0)	ISW(15) = 1
PRINT THE FOLLOWING TYPES OF TABLES WHOSE TIME PERIODS ARE SPECIFIED BY ISW(7) THROUGH ISW(14):	
DAILY TABLES (YES=1,NO=0)	ISW(16) = 0
HIGHEST & SECOND HIGHEST TABLES (YES=1,NO=0)	ISW(17) = 1
MAXIMUM 50 TABLES (YES=1,NO=0)	ISW(18) = 1
METEOROLOGICAL DATA INPUT METHOD (PRE-PROCESSED=1,CARD=2)	ISW(19) = 1
RURAL-URBAN OPTION (RU.=0,UR. MODE 1=1,UR. MODE 2=2,UR. MODE 3=3)	ISW(20) = 0
WIND PROFILE EXPONENT VALUES (DEFAULTS=1,USER ENTERS=2,3)	ISW(21) = 1
VERTICAL POT. TEMP. GRADIENT VALUES (DEFAULTS=1,USER ENTERS=2,3)	ISW(22) = 1
SCALE EMISSION RATES FOR ALL SOURCES (NO=0,YES>0)	ISW(23) = 0
PROGRAM CALCULATES FINAL PLUME RISE ONLY (YES=1,NO=2)	ISW(24) = 1
PROGRAM ADJUSTS ALL STACK HEIGHTS FOR DOWNWASH (YES=2,NO=1)	ISW(25) = 2
PROGRAM USES BUOYANCY INDUCED DISPERSION (YES=1,NO=2)	ISW(26) = 1
CONCENTRATIONS DURING CALM PERIODS SET = 0 (YES=1,NO=2)	ISW(27) = 1
REG. DEFAULT OPTION CHOSEN (YES=1,NO=2)	ISW(28) = 1
TYPE OF POLLUTANT TO BE MODELLED (1=SO2,2=OTHER)	ISW(29) = 2
DEBUG OPTION CHOSEN (YES=1,NO=2)	ISW(30) = 1
ABOVE GROUND (FLAGPOLE) RECEPTORS USED (YES=1,NO=0)	ISW(31) = 0
NUMBER OF INPUT SOURCES	NSOURC = 7
NUMBER OF SOURCE GROUPS (=0,ALL SOURCES)	NGROUP = 0
TIME PERIOD INTERVAL TO BE PRINTED (=0,ALL INTERVALS)	IPERD = 0
NUMBER OF X (RANGE) GRID VALUES	NXPPTS = 26
NUMBER OF Y (THETA) GRID VALUES	NYPPTS = 36
NUMBER OF DISCRETE RECEPTORS	NXWYPT = 36
SOURCE EMISSION RATE UNITS CONVERSION FACTOR	TK = .10000E+07
HEIGHT ABOVE GROUND AT WHICH WIND SPEED WAS MEASURED	ZR = 10.00 METERS
LOGICAL UNIT NUMBER OF METEOROLOGICAL DATA	IMET = 9
DECAY COEFFICIENT FOR PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL DEPLETION	DECAY = 0.000000E+00
SURFACE STATION NO.	ISS = 12842
YEAR OF SURFACE DATA	ISY = 86
UPPER AIR STATION NO.	IUS = 12842
YEAR OF UPPER AIR DATA	IUY = 86
ALLOCATED DATA STORAGE	LIMIT = 500000 WORDS
REQUIRED DATA STORAGE FOR THIS PROBLEM RUN	MIMIT = 15181 WORDS

*** PROLINE BOATS - AIR TOXICS ANALYSIS - 1986 TAMPA MET DATA ***

*** RANGES OF POLAR GRID SYSTEM ***
(METERS)

25.0,	50.0,	75.0,	100.0,	150.0,	200.0,	250.0,	300.0,	350.0,	400.0,
450.0,	500.0,	600.0,	700.0,	800.0,	900.0,	1000.0,	2000.0,	3000.0,	4000.0,
5000.0,	6000.0,	7000.0,	8000.0,	9000.0,	10000.0,				

*** RADIAL ANGLES OF POLAR GRID SYSTEM ***
(DEGREES)

10.0,	20.0,	30.0,	40.0,	50.0,	60.0,	70.0,	80.0,	90.0,	100.0,
110.0,	120.0,	130.0,	140.0,	150.0,	160.0,	170.0,	180.0,	190.0,	200.0,
210.0,	220.0,	230.0,	240.0,	250.0,	260.0,	270.0,	280.0,	290.0,	300.0,
310.0,	320.0,	330.0,	340.0,	350.0,	360.0,				

*** RANGE, THETA COORDINATES OF DISCRETE RECEPTORS ***
(METERS, DEGREES)

(119.0,	10.0),	(124.0,	20.0),	(135.0,	30.0),	(152.0,	40.0),	(180.0,	50.0),
(230.0,	60.0),	(255.0,	70.0),	(263.0,	80.0),	(393.0,	90.0),	(186.0,	100.0),
(94.0,	110.0),	(62.0,	120.0),	(49.0,	130.0),	(41.0,	140.0),	(37.0,	150.0),
(33.0,	160.0),	(24.0,	170.0),	(23.0,	180.0),	(24.0,	190.0),	(25.0,	200.0),
(27.0,	210.0),	(31.0,	220.0),	(37.0,	230.0),	(47.0,	240.0),	(66.0,	250.0),
(126.0,	260.0),	(122.0,	270.0),	(125.0,	280.0),	(130.0,	290.0),	(140.0,	300.0),
(159.0,	310.0),	(170.0,	320.0),	(150.0,	330.0),	(138.0,	340.0),	(132.0,	350.0),
(129.0,	360.0),	(

*** PROLINE BOATS - AIR TOXICS ANALYSIS - 1986 TAMPA MET DATA ***

*** SOURCE DATA ***

SOURCE NUMBER	P	K	Y A NUMBER	PART. CATS.	EMISSION RATE TYPE=0,1 (GRAMS/SEC) TYPE=2 (GRAMS/SEC) *PER METER**2	X (METERS)	Y (METERS)	BASE ELEV. (METERS)	HEIGHT (METERS)	TEMP.	EXIT VEL.	BLDG. HEIGHT (METERS)	BLDG. LENGTH (METERS)	BLDG. WIDTH (METERS)	
										(DEG.K); TYPE=0 TYPE=1	(M/SEC); TYPE=0 TYPE=1,2				
1	0	0	0	0	0.21300E+01	-300.0	10.0	0.0	1.83	298.00	8.84	6.00	-5.49	277.60	277.60
2	0	0	0	0	0.21300E+01	-300.0	45.0	0.0	1.83	298.00	8.84	6.00	-5.49	277.60	227.60
3	0	0	0	0	0.21300E+01	-300.0	75.0	0.0	1.83	298.00	8.84	6.00	-5.49	277.60	277.60
4	0	0	0	0	0.21300E+01	-185.0	90.0	0.0	1.83	298.00	8.84	6.00	-5.49	277.60	277.60
5	0	0	0	0	0.21300E+01	-135.0	90.0	0.0	1.83	298.00	8.84	6.00	-5.49	277.60	277.60
6	0	0	0	0	0.21300E+01	-85.0	90.0	0.0	1.83	298.00	8.84	6.00	-5.49	277.60	277.60
7	0	0	0	0	0.21300E+01	-45.0	90.0	0.0	1.83	298.00	8.84	6.00	-5.49	277.60	277.60

Note: Revised VOC Emissions

Styrene - 11.03 lb/hr or 1.39 g/s

Acetone - 20.51 lb/hr or 2.58 g/s

Other - 0.76 lb/hr or 0.10 g/s

Modeled emissions = $2.13 \times 7 = 14.91 \text{ g/s}$

*** PROLINE BOATS - AIR TOXICS ANALYSIS - 1986 TAMPA MET DATA ***

*** DIRECTION SPECIFIC BUILDING DIMENSIONS ***

SOURCE 1

IFV	BH	BW	IFV	BH	BW	IFV	BH	BW	IFV	BH	BW	IFV	BH	BW
1	5.5	311.1,	2	5.5	312.7,	3	5.5	304.8,	4	5.5	287.7,	5	5.5	261.8,
7	5.5	187.2,	8	5.5	140.7,	9	5.5	90.0,	10	5.5	140.7,	11	5.5	187.2,
13	5.5	261.8,	14	5.5	287.7,	15	5.5	304.8,	16	5.5	312.7,	17	5.5	311.1,
19	5.5	311.1,	20	5.5	312.7,	21	5.5	304.8,	22	5.5	287.7,	23	5.5	261.8,
25	5.5	187.2,	26	5.5	140.7,	27	5.5	90.0,	28	5.5	140.7,	29	5.5	187.2,
31	5.5	261.8,	32	5.5	287.7,	33	5.5	304.8,	34	5.5	312.7,	35	5.5	311.1,
												36	5.5	300.0,

SOURCE 2

IFV	BH	BW	IFV	BH	BW	IFV	BH	BW	IFV	BH	BW	IFV	BH	BW
1	5.5	311.1,	2	5.5	312.7,	3	5.5	304.8,	4	5.5	287.7,	5	5.5	261.8,
7	5.5	187.2,	8	5.5	140.7,	9	5.5	90.0,	10	5.5	140.7,	11	5.5	187.2,
13	5.5	261.8,	14	5.5	287.7,	15	5.5	304.8,	16	5.5	312.7,	17	5.5	311.1,
19	5.5	311.1,	20	5.5	312.7,	21	5.5	304.8,	22	5.5	287.7,	23	5.5	261.8,
25	5.5	187.2,	26	5.5	140.7,	27	5.5	90.0,	28	5.5	140.7,	29	5.5	187.2,
31	5.5	261.8,	32	5.5	287.7,	33	5.5	304.8,	34	5.5	312.7,	35	5.5	311.1,
												36	5.5	300.0,

SOURCE 3

IFV	BH	BW	IFV	BH	BW	IFV	BH	BW	IFV	BH	BW	IFV	BH	BW
1	5.5	311.1,	2	5.5	312.7,	3	5.5	304.8,	4	5.5	287.7,	5	5.5	261.8,
7	5.5	187.2,	8	5.5	140.7,	9	5.5	90.0,	10	5.5	140.7,	11	5.5	187.2,
13	5.5	261.8,	14	5.5	287.7,	15	5.5	304.8,	16	5.5	312.7,	17	5.5	311.1,
19	5.5	311.1,	20	5.5	312.7,	21	5.5	304.8,	22	5.5	287.7,	23	5.5	261.8,
25	5.5	187.2,	26	5.5	140.7,	27	5.5	90.0,	28	5.5	140.7,	29	5.5	187.2,
31	5.5	261.8,	32	5.5	287.7,	33	5.5	304.8,	34	5.5	312.7,	35	5.5	311.1,
												36	5.5	300.0,

SOURCE 4

IFV	BH	BW	IFV	BH	BW	IFV	BH	BW	IFV	BH	BW	IFV	BH	BW
1	5.5	311.1,	2	5.5	312.7,	3	5.5	304.8,	4	5.5	287.7,	5	5.5	261.8,
7	5.5	187.2,	8	5.5	140.7,	9	5.5	90.0,	10	5.5	140.7,	11	5.5	187.2,
13	5.5	261.8,	14	5.5	287.7,	15	5.5	304.8,	16	5.5	312.7,	17	5.5	311.1,
19	5.5	311.1,	20	5.5	312.7,	21	5.5	304.8,	22	5.5	287.7,	23	5.5	261.8,
25	5.5	187.2,	26	5.5	140.7,	27	5.5	90.0,	28	5.5	140.7,	29	5.5	187.2,
31	5.5	261.8,	32	5.5	287.7,	33	5.5	304.8,	34	5.5	312.7,	35	5.5	311.1,
												36	5.5	300.0,

SOURCE 5

IFV	BH	BW	IFV	BH	BW	IFV	BH	BW	IFV	BH	BW	IFV	BH	BW
1	5.5	311.1,	2	5.5	312.7,	3	5.5	304.8,	4	5.5	287.7,	5	5.5	261.8,
7	5.5	187.2,	8	5.5	140.7,	9	5.5	90.0,	10	5.5	140.7,	11	5.5	187.2,
13	5.5	261.8,	14	5.5	287.7,	15	5.5	304.8,	16	5.5	312.7,	17	5.5	311.1,
19	5.5	311.1,	20	5.5	312.7,	21	5.5	304.8,	22	5.5	287.7,	23	5.5	261.8,
25	5.5	187.2,	26	5.5	140.7,	27	5.5	90.0,	28	5.5	140.7,	29	5.5	187.2,
31	5.5	261.8,	32	5.5	287.7,	33	5.5	304.8,	34	5.5	312.7,	35	5.5	311.1,
												36	5.5	300.0,

*** PROLINE BOATS - AIR TOXICS ANALYSIS - 1986 TAMPA MET DATA ***

*** DIRECTION SPECIFIC BUILDING DIMENSIONS ***

SOURCE 6

IFV	BH	BW	IFV	BH	BW	IFV	BH	BW	IFV	BH	BW	IFV	BH	BW
1	5.5,	311.1,	2	5.5,	312.7,	3	5.5,	304.8,	4	5.5,	287.7,	5	5.5,	261.8,
7	5.5,	187.2,	8	5.5,	140.7,	9	5.5,	90.0,	10	5.5,	140.7,	11	5.5,	187.2,
13	5.5,	261.8,	14	5.5,	287.7,	15	5.5,	304.8,	16	5.5,	312.7,	17	5.5,	311.1,
19	5.5,	311.1,	20	5.5,	312.7,	21	5.5,	304.8,	22	5.5,	287.7,	23	5.5,	261.8,
25	5.5,	187.2,	26	5.5,	140.7,	27	5.5,	90.0,	28	5.5,	140.7,	29	5.5,	187.2,
31	5.5,	261.8,	32	5.5,	287.7,	33	5.5,	304.8,	34	5.5,	312.7,	35	5.5,	311.1,
												36	5.5,	300.0,

SOURCE 7

IFV	BH	BW	IFV	BH	BW	IFV	BH	BW	IFV	BH	BW	IFV	BH	BW
1	5.5,	311.1,	2	5.5,	312.7,	3	5.5,	304.8,	4	5.5,	287.7,	5	5.5,	261.8,
7	5.5,	187.2,	8	5.5,	140.7,	9	5.5,	90.0,	10	5.5,	140.7,	11	5.5,	187.2,
13	5.5,	261.8,	14	5.5,	287.7,	15	5.5,	304.8,	16	5.5,	312.7,	17	5.5,	311.1,
19	5.5,	311.1,	20	5.5,	312.7,	21	5.5,	304.8,	22	5.5,	287.7,	23	5.5,	261.8,
25	5.5,	187.2,	26	5.5,	140.7,	27	5.5,	90.0,	28	5.5,	140.7,	29	5.5,	187.2,
31	5.5,	261.8,	32	5.5,	287.7,	33	5.5,	304.8,	34	5.5,	312.7,	35	5.5,	311.1,
												36	5.5,	300.0,

*** PROLINE BOATS - AIR TOXICS ANALYSIS - 1986 TAMPA MET DATA ***

* HIGHEST 8-HOUR AVERAGE CONCENTRATION (MICROGRAMS/CUBIC METER) *
* FROM ALL SOURCES *
* FOR THE RECEPTOR GRID *

* MAXIMUM VALUE EQUALS 2602.99400 AND OCCURRED AT (75.0, 340.0) *

DIRECTION / (DEGREES) /	RANGE (METERS)				
	25.0	50.0	75.0	100.0	150.0
360.0 /	261.79860 (60, 2)	830.20750 (60, 2)	969.91710 (27, 2)	297.73780 (184, 2)	264.52100 (58, 2)
350.0 /	329.20350 (60, 2)	915.17100 (60, 2)	1694.27800 (27, 2)	390.65180 (208, 2)	314.92880 (58, 2)
340.0 /	433.15690 (60, 2)	441.11910 (27, 2)	2602.99400 (60, 2)	394.12840 (184, 2)	244.94450 (58, 2)
330.0 /	498.08730 (60, 2)	555.74970 (5, 2)	969.20960 (5, 2)	1105.99100 (27, 2)	288.82430 (58, 2)
320.0 /	464.49740 (60, 2)	709.21660 (60, 2)	992.35580 (60, 2)	1989.08100 (27, 2)	348.98210 (58, 2)
310.0 /	348.53920 (60, 2)	360.23610 (60, 2)	399.81080 (27, 2)	1123.65500 (5, 2)	521.61880 (208, 2)
300.0 /	234.86440 (5, 2)	244.94030 (27, 2)	541.69200 (5, 2)	535.58960 (60, 2)	459.95450 (27, 2)
290.0 /	223.22490 (80, 2)	288.32970 (60, 2)	467.05870 (60, 2)	255.00030 (60, 2)	725.90390 (60, 2)
280.0 /	233.23460 (80, 2)	323.46390 (60, 2)	194.69000 (80, 2)	265.97740 (60, 2)	227.47000 (11, 1)
270.0 /	228.70900 (80, 2)	288.10940 (5, 2)	205.97250 (80, 2)	288.03520 (5, 2)	288.03370 (5, 2)
260.0 /	218.21240 (80, 2)	253.96350 (5, 2)	183.06510 (60, 2)	211.46590 (5, 2)	213.72030 (27, 2)
250.0 /	206.91910 (80, 2)	224.29460 (5, 2)	170.71640 (60, 2)	156.89350 (5, 2)	124.80910 (112, 2)
240.0 /	197.40780 (80, 2)	204.70790 (5, 2)	141.72100 (80, 2)	135.11610 (80, 2)	136.76000 (112, 2)
230.0 /	187.65600 (80, 2)	186.46110 (5, 2)	131.93570 (80, 2)	123.64250 (80, 2)	136.05280 (112, 2)
220.0 /	178.76870 (80, 2)	165.34860 (5, 2)	127.77390 (80, 2)	117.54700 (65, 2)	129.38480 (112, 2)
210.0 /	170.17040 (80, 2)	143.89670 (80, 2)	124.70180 (80, 2)	121.13230 (112, 2)	123.88380 (112, 2)
200.0 /	180.87750 (5, 2)	133.55970 (80, 2)	122.25330 (80, 2)	123.45310 (112, 2)	122.77310 (112, 2)
190.0 /	203.23940 (5, 2)	129.32320 (60, 2)	115.68640 (80, 2)	122.69810 (112, 2)	127.19050 (112, 2)
180.0 /	206.86000 (5, 2)	129.27670 (60, 2)	117.62830 (112, 2)	121.81800 (112, 2)	134.05170 (112, 2)
170.0 /	184.65650 (5, 2)	142.79750 (5, 2)	121.08170 (112, 2)	122.25930 (112, 2)	134.56300 (112, 2)
160.0 /	159.90900 (112, 2)	142.04980 (112, 2)	128.58720 (112, 2)	124.30650 (112, 2)	130.01160 (112, 2)
150.0 /	181.33850 (60, 2)	153.44410 (112, 2)	142.53540 (112, 2)	134.50630 (112, 2)	128.92400 (112, 2)
140.0 /	204.41470 (60, 2)	160.10510 (112, 2)	154.60810 (112, 2)	148.33110 (112, 2)	137.65570 (112, 2)
130.0 /	219.28040 (60, 2)	166.17370 (112, 2)	165.56440 (112, 2)	160.20740 (112, 2)	143.43100 (112, 2)
120.0 /	220.98970 (60, 2)	174.76970 (112, 2)	171.14610 (112, 2)	158.63300 (112, 2)	140.00820 (65, 2)
110.0 /	213.43560 (60, 2)	189.81590 (60, 2)	172.09670 (60, 2)	147.65780 (112, 2)	154.64120 (65, 2)
100.0 /	207.10250 (60, 2)	229.51830 (60, 2)	165.47950 (27, 2)	169.61780 (65, 2)	181.61340 (65, 2)
90.0 /	211.92200 (60, 2)	239.66120 (60, 2)	199.65490 (27, 2)	194.74880 (65, 2)	195.72710 (106, 2)
80.0 /	230.39260 (60, 2)	213.35370 (27, 2)	239.48900 (27, 2)	211.77530 (27, 2)	211.22700 (19, 2)
70.0 /	258.86130 (60, 2)	250.43370 (27, 2)	280.72140 (27, 2)	237.89290 (19, 2)	226.09770 (19, 2)
60.0 /	290.34440 (60, 2)	296.62300 (27, 2)	314.37860 (27, 2)	269.05250 (19, 2)	311.69060 (184, 2)
50.0 /	317.62680 (60, 2)	349.01170 (27, 2)	341.64200 (27, 2)	347.31950 (27, 2)	363.64910 (184, 2)
40.0 /	333.09760 (60, 2)	406.28150 (27, 2)	397.49070 (27, 2)	340.52010 (184, 2)	218.39920 (184, 2)
30.0 /	328.15080 (60, 2)	465.26060 (27, 2)	504.19740 (27, 2)	449.01910 (184, 2)	194.64340 (192, 2)
20.0 /	298.84190 (60, 2)	513.57960 (27, 2)	644.74070 (27, 2)	454.33390 (184, 2)	204.12850 (58, 2)
10.0 /	262.02960 (60, 2)	524.37870 (27, 2)	796.76900 (27, 2)	363.97190 (184, 2)	327.01350 (58, 2)

*** PROLINE BOATS - AIR TOXICS ANALYSIS - 1986 TAMPA MET DATA ***

* HIGHEST 8-HOUR AVERAGE CONCENTRATION (MICROGRAMS/CUBIC METER) *
* FROM ALL SOURCES *
* FOR THE RECEPTOR GRID *

* MAXIMUM VALUE EQUALS 2602.99400 AND OCCURRED AT (75.0, 340.0) *

DIRECTION / (DEGREES) /	RANGE (METERS)				
	200.0	250.0	300.0	350.0	400.0
360.0 /	248.18770 (58, 2)	168.56240 (58, 2)	101.95630 (79, 2)	95.83265 (79, 2)	91.51348 (79, 2)
350.0 /	226.51660 (58, 2)	126.75340 (79, 2)	107.10100 (79, 2)	106.25780 (79, 2)	104.30130 (79, 2)
340.0 /	222.11110 (58, 2)	114.16700 (79, 2)	91.23466 (79, 2)	97.35930 (78, 2)	98.23174 (210, 2)
330.0 /	232.40030 (58, 2)	99.51912 (73, 2)	119.52930 (78, 2)	98.80344 (78, 2)	122.63500 (79, 2)
320.0 /	235.33250 (73, 2)	128.89160 (72, 2)	145.36650 (72, 2)	149.95010 (78, 2)	106.16170 (79, 2)
310.0 /	218.67740 (58, 2)	129.74680 (72, 2)	162.38390 (72, 2)	147.52930 (79, 2)	154.29530 (72, 2)
300.0 /	148.97110 (58, 2)	204.07370 (58, 2)	177.38390 (78, 2)	123.33120 (68, 2)	129.78360 (68, 2)
290.0 /	793.30640 (11, 1)	279.77540 (154, 2)	422.18720 (78, 2)	136.01710(244, 3)	145.79630 (72, 2)
280.0 /	333.30220 (8, 2)	700.46440 (27, 2)	577.79720 (80, 2)	241.64940 (318, 2)	215.48540 (318, 2)
270.0 /	413.76150 (27, 2)	734.00830 (27, 2)	206.42690 (80, 1)	429.46230 (8, 2)	232.80890 (318, 2)
260.0 /	260.27660 (60, 2)	679.57950 (60, 2)	213.23000 (11, 1)	175.48520 (8, 2)	287.15780 (8, 2)
250.0 /	194.15530 (60, 2)	221.15550 (80, 2)	132.26320 (80, 2)	126.33090 (11, 1)	134.04040 (340, 2)
240.0 /	159.05120 (60, 2)	134.50860 (80, 2)	95.67581 (317, 3)	100.47840 (290, 2)	108.30720 (317, 3)
230.0 /	122.65500 (60, 2)	97.74564 (80, 2)	115.31660 (5, 2)	75.40804 (87, 2)	87.56219 (290, 2)
220.0 /	106.45520 (112, 2)	80.38080 (80, 2)	104.12590 (5, 2)	59.01408 (46, 2)	63.80115 (87, 2)
210.0 /	101.85220 (112, 2)	70.93475 (80, 2)	60.63285 (319, 2)	81.33456 (5, 2)	64.48605 (11, 2)
200.0 /	98.67555 (112, 2)	85.17983 (112, 2)	72.30603 (46, 2)	67.89987 (319, 2)	89.27420 (5, 2)
190.0 /	99.89925 (112, 2)	90.85093 (112, 2)	80.34959 (337, 2)	82.22020 (46, 2)	71.31915 (319, 2)
180.0 /	109.93600 (112, 2)	88.69033 (112, 2)	84.55457 (112, 2)	81.45300 (337, 2)	84.26559 (46, 2)
170.0 /	126.57200 (112, 2)	99.59311 (112, 2)	84.18124 (46, 2)	80.08458 (46, 2)	75.47641 (46, 2)
160.0 /	134.41110 (112, 2)	122.79160 (112, 2)	101.26070 (112, 2)	81.98647 (112, 2)	69.68324 (112, 2)
150.0 /	131.20770 (112, 2)	131.09520 (112, 2)	123.26770 (112, 2)	110.49220 (112, 2)	96.37548 (112, 2)
140.0 /	131.07690 (112, 2)	127.26340 (112, 2)	121.96690 (112, 2)	114.45880 (112, 2)	105.69570 (112, 2)
130.0 /	133.94730 (65, 2)	120.77020 (65, 2)	103.91710 (112, 2)	93.88581 (112, 2)	91.53261 (200, 3)
120.0 /	147.88200 (65, 2)	151.15590 (65, 2)	149.91550 (65, 2)	144.89380 (65, 2)	137.47180 (65, 2)
110.0 /	162.65680 (65, 2)	163.69060 (65, 2)	161.34550 (65, 2)	156.28620 (65, 2)	150.00920 (65, 2)
100.0 /	178.32140 (65, 2)	174.31920 (65, 2)	166.67080 (65, 2)	152.28000 (65, 2)	134.12950 (65, 2)
90.0 /	175.68710 (106, 2)	169.25070 (19, 2)	165.10400 (19, 2)	159.97870 (19, 2)	160.38990 (358, 2)
80.0 /	201.69140 (19, 2)	200.93880 (99, 1)	196.89110 (99, 1)	196.16510 (184, 2)	198.16410 (184, 2)
70.0 /	259.83000 (184, 2)	284.05950 (184, 2)	255.43860 (184, 2)	207.28800 (184, 2)	164.55710 (62, 2)
60.0 /	310.51600 (184, 2)	194.01020 (62, 2)	159.39320 (62, 2)	136.49350 (192, 2)	129.65690 (192, 2)
50.0 /	182.03810 (98, 2)	174.09270 (192, 2)	157.72590 (192, 2)	132.18740 (115, 2)	123.29450 (58, 2)
40.0 /	189.12400 (192, 2)	155.05540 (115, 2)	186.32680 (58, 2)	205.10720 (58, 2)	212.31750 (58, 2)
30.0 /	207.63820 (58, 2)	247.01060 (58, 2)	250.58410 (58, 2)	229.76420 (58, 2)	195.46610 (58, 2)
20.0 /	295.24820 (58, 2)	261.68520 (58, 2)	209.68560 (58, 2)	158.53470 (58, 2)	112.11220 (58, 2)
10.0 /	278.90300 (58, 2)	215.57550 (58, 2)	148.05650 (58, 2)	88.45246 (58, 2)	88.19265 (35, 2)

*** PROLINE BOATS - AIR TOXICS ANALYSIS - 1986 TAMPA MET DATA ***

* HIGHEST 8-HOUR AVERAGE CONCENTRATION (MICROGRAMS/CUBIC METER)
* FROM ALL SOURCES *
* FOR THE RECEPTOR GRID *

* MAXIMUM VALUE EQUALS 2602.99400 AND OCCURRED AT (75.0, 340.0) *

DIRECTION / (DEGREES) /	RANGE (METERS)				
	450.0	500.0	600.0	700.0	800.0
360.0 /	96.05589 (79, 2)	100.28150 (79, 2)	105.29170 (79, 2)	98.63767 (79, 2)	85.42078 (79, 2)
350.0 /	112.61810 (79, 2)	116.30870 (79, 2)	111.53010 (79, 2)	96.94276 (37, 2)	81.61640 (345, 2)
340.0 /	112.02750 (79, 2)	123.51620 (79, 2)	80.17091 (75, 2)	87.60834 (334, 2)	78.52106 (232, 3)
330.0 /	107.24100 (79, 2)	83.92004 (75, 2)	82.72942 (75, 2)	85.57594 (73, 1)	84.25201 (73, 1)
320.0 /	79.84401 (148, 2)	80.94706 (72, 2)	96.48383 (72, 2)	94.22305 (73, 1)	82.40976 (215, 1)
310.0 /	178.47500 (72, 2)	143.54060 (72, 2)	139.77310 (72, 1)	142.09640 (72, 1)	136.53070 (72, 1)
300.0 /	131.73420 (68, 2)	136.20360 (68, 2)	137.57340 (68, 2)	142.24950 (328, 2)	135.73970 (328, 2)
290.0 /	158.21420 (147, 2)	168.15970 (147, 2)	157.84600 (147, 2)	135.93290 (147, 2)	110.90970 (147, 2)
280.0 /	198.43250 (314, 2)	194.49080 (314, 2)	167.35950 (314, 2)	167.83270 (94, 3)	162.76990 (94, 3)
270.0 /	244.60790 (318, 2)	243.33350 (318, 2)	215.51850 (318, 2)	182.80860 (318, 2)	169.54160 (314, 2)
260.0 /	239.19140 (340, 2)	209.28660 (130, 2)	163.70680 (89, 2)	140.92150 (258, 2)	133.44420 (356, 3)
250.0 /	160.00070 (317, 3)	198.82030 (340, 2)	214.57270 (340, 2)	224.63810 (318, 1)	216.27380 (318, 1)
240.0 /	116.24630 (317, 3)	128.35810 (290, 2)	159.31610 (290, 2)	154.88880 (317, 3)	148.42860 (340, 2)
230.0 /	95.68681 (290, 2)	100.12200 (290, 2)	111.29300 (301, 2)	140.04090 (301, 2)	139.67150 (301, 2)
220.0 /	69.60345 (87, 2)	72.74197 (11, 2)	81.65134 (301, 2)	92.18533 (301, 2)	99.12752 (301, 2)
210.0 /	63.70059 (11, 2)	59.70481 (11, 2)	70.33123 (11, 2)	75.81072 (11, 2)	64.74770 (11, 2)
200.0 /	72.29071 (5, 2)	69.50856 (11, 2)	64.94099 (11, 2)	58.55653 (11, 2)	58.07943 (11, 2)
190.0 /	75.48105 (5, 2)	92.94138 (5, 2)	68.09253 (5, 2)	54.44212C(103, 3)	60.98485C(150, 3)
180.0 /	81.78275 (46, 2)	73.02814C(127, 3)	78.70113 (5, 2)	90.08131 (5, 2)	78.91692 (5, 2)
170.0 /	78.87802 (337, 2)	79.83757 (5, 2)	78.34121 (5, 2)	76.94688C(127, 3)	76.26482 (5, 2)
160.0 /	65.96863 (46, 2)	61.82749 (13, 2)	64.05393 (337, 2)	62.10598 (337, 2)	57.34191 (5, 2)
150.0 /	83.29427 (112, 2)	72.29274 (112, 2)	60.96636 (103, 2)	64.67288C(227, 3)	64.72588C(284, 3)
140.0 /	96.50711 (112, 2)	87.49656 (112, 2)	75.41513 (103, 2)	77.50204C(278, 3)	76.54042C(278, 3)
130.0 /	93.12605 (200, 3)	91.53719 (200, 3)	85.74613 (200, 3)	86.98016C(141, 3)	90.24913C(141, 3)
120.0 /	128.81970 (65, 2)	119.78750 (65, 2)	106.86880C(229, 3)	106.61610C(229, 3)	106.04580 (200, 3)
110.0 /	143.28920 (65, 2)	136.46190 (65, 2)	123.42890C(229, 3)	133.96970C(229, 3)	139.88260C(229, 3)
100.0 /	120.89450 (229, 2)	113.95660 (229, 2)	112.52830C(160, 3)	110.61640C(160, 3)	109.53510C(226, 3)
90.0 /	163.82560 (358, 2)	163.29170 (358, 2)	153.84900 (358, 2)	138.65630 (358, 2)	122.27400 (358, 2)
80.0 /	192.72100 (184, 2)	182.29690 (184, 2)	155.00810 (184, 2)	127.64400 (184, 2)	104.14920 (184, 2)
70.0 /	146.35680 (62, 2)	127.01170 (62, 2)	136.04780 (183, 1)	132.58640 (183, 1)	120.50030 (183, 1)
60.0 /	118.15820 (192, 2)	126.09570 (184, 1)	153.68340 (184, 1)	166.83440 (184, 1)	170.69370 (184, 1)
50.0 /	135.63300 (58, 2)	143.02990 (58, 2)	144.41930 (58, 2)	134.75890 (58, 2)	121.73610 (58, 2)
40.0 /	206.03850 (58, 2)	191.79790 (58, 2)	155.62540 (58, 2)	121.10890 (58, 2)	95.66986 (321, 3)
30.0 /	159.02670 (58, 2)	125.86390 (58, 2)	75.58253 (58, 2)	78.18176C(324, 3)	80.16616C(324, 3)
20.0 /	87.25268 (63, 2)	86.47449 (63, 2)	72.97225 (63, 2)	87.34008 (203, 1)	106.72120 (203, 1)
10.0 /	91.08692 (35, 2)	88.12215 (35, 2)	96.87102 (210, 3)	106.70270 (210, 3)	92.06796 (210, 3)

*** PROLINE BOATS - AIR TOXICS ANALYSIS - 1986 TAMPA MET DATA ***

* HIGHEST 8-HOUR AVERAGE CONCENTRATION (MICROGRAMS/CUBIC METER) *
* FROM ALL SOURCES *
* FOR THE RECEPTOR GRID *

* MAXIMUM VALUE EQUALS 2602.99400 AND OCCURRED AT (75.0, 340.0) *

DIRECTION / (DEGREES) /	RANGE (METERS)				
	900.0	1000.0	2000.0	3000.0	4000.0
360.0 /	74.72575 (10, 3)	75.67863 (330, 3)	52.98735 (159, 3)	49.17126 (110, 3)	39.57549 (110, 3)
350.0 /	77.33337 (345, 2)	71.65424 (185, 3)	56.60619 (159, 3)	47.18876C(204, 3)	48.16026C(204, 3)
340.0 /	89.75096 (232, 3)	98.37396 (232, 3)	110.68050 (232, 3)	91.44633 (232, 3)	70.96223C(180, 1)
330.0 /	90.39701 (73, 1)	113.35780 (232, 3)	115.24410C(164, 1)	78.84008 (151, 1)	75.94732 (151, 1)
320.0 /	98.14356 (215, 1)	107.31470 (215, 1)	87.78739 (215, 1)	81.00508 (139, 1)	67.15086 (139, 1)
310.0 /	132.39730 (72, 1)	131.02930 (72, 1)	119.52120C(241, 1)	90.79753C(241, 1)	65.89067 (160, 1)
300.0 /	122.97350 (77, 3)	120.28470 (169, 3)	139.37790 (272, 3)	136.78310 (272, 3)	116.05490 (272, 3)
290.0 /	121.09980 (333, 1)	130.62100 (333, 1)	184.63900C(257, 1)	167.46210C(257, 1)	139.36180C(257, 1)
280.0 /	148.64410 (94, 3)	146.46730 (311, 3)	124.13280 (271, 3)	113.89780 (187, 1)	93.91939 (187, 1)
270.0 /	166.53660 (314, 2)	155.83240 (314, 2)	89.83363C(251, 3)	80.28448 (312, 1)	66.94091 (312, 1)
260.0 /	139.12090 (356, 3)	136.69460 (356, 3)	204.01840 (242, 3)	203.80720 (242, 3)	158.63990 (242, 3)
250.0 /	191.25630 (318, 1)	163.05430 (318, 1)	176.34550 (259, 1)	164.57860 (261, 3)	146.96870 (263, 1)
240.0 /	141.24640 (340, 2)	125.16300 (340, 2)	121.76790 (156, 1)	105.26180 (156, 1)	79.31081 (156, 1)
230.0 /	119.61790 (301, 2)	106.62440 (339, 2)	114.93110C(247, 1)	63.76619 (279, 3)	66.95425 (261, 1)
220.0 /	105.64520 (301, 2)	111.34470 (301, 2)	57.33707 (301, 2)	55.16039 (290, 3)	65.23892 (290, 3)
210.0 /	56.50639 (306, 2)	62.45598 (306, 2)	54.22020C(276, 3)	51.66529C(254, 3)	43.90739C(254, 3)
200.0 /	58.34358 (11, 2)	56.65963 (11, 2)	50.66875 (294, 3)	39.53628 (294, 3)	28.41522C(213, 3)
190.0 /	68.34311C(150, 3)	65.57456C(150, 3)	72.05035 (331, 3)	50.93455 (331, 3)	43.10300 (331, 3)
180.0 /	60.57211 (5, 2)	54.06236C(103, 3)	45.43045C(323, 3)	41.58775C(195, 3)	36.30534C(195, 3)
170.0 /	78.52825 (5, 2)	79.85038 (5, 2)	54.92005 (279, 3)	51.75228 (279, 3)	44.46990 (279, 3)
160.0 /	57.80491C(127, 3)	59.37978C(127, 3)	42.27518 (5, 2)	41.02429C(284, 3)	41.08396C(284, 3)
150.0 /	64.64324C(127, 3)	65.69833C(127, 3)	61.35101C(127, 3)	50.12560C(127, 3)	45.72620C(255, 3)
140.0 /	79.56230C(284, 3)	84.44707C(284, 3)	104.15170C(284, 3)	86.68448C(284, 3)	67.95139C(284, 3)
130.0 /	93.04232C(141, 3)	95.46288C(141, 3)	102.94750C(141, 3)	89.12946C(141, 3)	73.46628C(141, 3)
120.0 /	106.47440 (200, 3)	104.07300 (200, 3)	78.50517 (201, 1)	70.24855 (201, 1)	58.52370 (201, 1)
110.0 /	142.05060C(229, 3)	141.47570C(229, 3)	105.59560C(229, 3)	87.77733C(228, 1)	70.89468C(228, 1)
100.0 /	115.43580C(226, 3)	118.35950C(226, 3)	87.57686C(226, 3)	62.93793 (112, 1)	58.74291 (112, 1)
90.0 /	106.89060 (358, 2)	93.40758 (358, 2)	75.63696 (202, 1)	59.02479C(213, 1)	54.37437C(213, 1)
80.0 /	85.21421 (184, 2)	80.38486 (212, 1)	83.62796C(282, 3)	67.73370 (183, 1)	55.58124 (183, 1)
70.0 /	109.96950 (183, 1)	103.63820 (183, 1)	94.47199 (184, 1)	76.44528C(228, 1)	64.49637C(228, 1)
60.0 /	168.01930 (184, 1)	159.20920 (184, 1)	131.45970 (192, 1)	117.83660 (192, 1)	93.63077 (192, 1)
50.0 /	108.41980 (58, 2)	112.85380 (322, 1)	110.65690 (190, 3)	104.36340 (190, 3)	73.68916 (190, 3)
40.0 /	93.92584 (321, 3)	86.77008 (321, 3)	89.15606C(324, 3)	68.31136C(231, 1)	78.01041C(231, 1)
30.0 /	86.94115C(159, 1)	96.84313C(159, 1)	112.60090 (203, 1)	62.91274 (323, 1)	48.51109 (58, 1)
20.0 /	115.36050 (203, 1)	113.13340 (210, 3)	56.45958 (225, 3)	42.18087 (42, 1)	32.43447 (42, 1)
10.0 /	76.51321 (10, 3)	74.63033 (10, 3)	58.92157 (41, 3)	60.38298C(343, 3)	54.64881C(343, 3)

*** PROLINE BOATS - AIR TOXICS ANALYSIS - 1986 TAMPA MET DATA ***

* HIGHEST 8-HOUR AVERAGE CONCENTRATION (MICROGRAMS/CUBIC METER) *
* FROM ALL SOURCES *
* FOR THE DISCRETE RECEPTOR POINTS *

- RNG -	- DIR -	CON.	(DAY, PER.)	- RNG -	- DIR -	CON.	(DAY, PER.)
119.0	10.0	229.96720	(208, 2)	124.0	20.0	194.83640	(208, 2)
135.0	30.0	193.72950	(230, 2)	152.0	40.0	207.63500	(98, 2)
180.0	50.0	229.34740	(184, 2)	230.0	60.0	238.08930	(184, 2)
255.0	70.0	283.12980	(184, 2)	263.0	80.0	200.35460	(99, 1)
393.0	90.0	159.55030	(358, 2)	186.0	100.0	179.26510	(65, 2)
94.0	110.0	150.79900	(112, 2)	62.0	120.0	174.86370	(112, 2)
49.0	130.0	166.09110	(112, 2)	41.0	140.0	165.43820	(60, 2)
37.0	150.0	158.87140	(112, 2)	33.0	160.0	154.75240	(112, 2)
24.0	170.0	185.85790	(5, 2)	23.0	180.0	212.12640	(5, 2)
24.0	190.0	208.48620	(5, 2)	25.0	200.0	180.87750	(5, 2)
27.0	210.0	167.96300	(80, 2)	31.0	220.0	176.44640	(60, 2)
37.0	230.0	177.19860	(60, 2)	47.0	240.0	213.89700	(5, 2)
66.0	250.0	177.38030	(80, 2)	126.0	260.0	182.93670	(27, 2)
122.0	270.0	202.32630	(80, 2)	125.0	280.0	333.66580	(60, 2)
130.0	290.0	350.41960	(5, 2)	140.0	300.0	876.93700	(27, 3)
159.0	310.0	1189.17500	(58, 2)	170.0	320.0	251.68550	(58, 2)
150.0	330.0	288.82430	(58, 2)	138.0	340.0	315.28430	(58, 2)
132.0	350.0	256.77150	(58, 2)	129.0	360.0	405.14900	(58, 2)

$$\text{Max 8-hr impacts} = \left(\frac{\text{Actual emissions}}{\text{Modelled emissions}} \right)$$

X 1189.175

Styrene = 110.9 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$
 Acetone = 205.8 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$
 Other = 8.0 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$

*** PROLINE BOATS - AIR TOXICS ANALYSIS - 1986 TAMPA MET DATA ***

* 50 MAXIMUM 8-HOUR AVERAGE CONCENTRATION (MICROGRAMS/CUBIC METER) *

* FROM ALL SOURCES *

RANK	CON.	PER. DAY	X OR RANGE (METERS)	Y(METERS) OR DIRECTION (DEGREES)	RANK	CON.	PER. DAY	X OR RANGE (METERS)	Y(METERS) OR DIRECTION (DEGREES)
1	2602.99400	2 60	75.0	340.0	26	700.46440	2 27	250.0	280.0
2	1989.08100	2 27	100.0	320.0	27	683.24080	2 27	75.0	340.0
3	1694.27800	2 27	75.0	350.0	28	679.57950	2 60	250.0	260.0
4	1451.65600	3 27	75.0	340.0	29	671.23500	3 27	100.0	320.0
5	1189.17500	2 58	159.0	310.0	30	653.69140	2 8	100.0	320.0
6	1123.65500	2 5	100.0	310.0	31	648.28500	3 99	140.0	300.0
7	1105.99100	2 27	100.0	330.0	32	644.74070	2 27	75.0	20.0
8	992.35580	2 60	75.0	320.0	33	618.74740	2 27	100.0	310.0
9	969.91710	2 27	75.0	360.0	34	615.76750	2 60	100.0	320.0
10	969.20960	2 5	75.0	330.0	35	588.51960	3 8	100.0	320.0
11	945.29440	2 27	75.0	330.0	36	577.79720	2 80	300.0	280.0
12	915.17100	2 60	50.0	350.0	37	555.74970	2 5	50.0	330.0
13	876.93700	3 27	140.0	300.0	38	543.56400	2 8	100.0	310.0
14	830.20750	2 60	50.0	360.0	39	541.69200	2 5	75.0	300.0
15	827.12700	2 60	140.0	300.0	40	535.58960	2 60	100.0	300.0
16	803.69650	3 26	100.0	320.0	41	532.75190	3 60	75.0	340.0
17	796.76900	2 27	75.0	10.0	42	529.36180	1 99	100.0	330.0
18	793.30640	1 11	200.0	290.0	43	526.57240	2 26	75.0	340.0
19	746.49320	3 60	100.0	320.0	44	524.37870	2 27	50.0	10.0
20	746.16470	2 80	140.0	300.0	45	521.61880	2 208	150.0	310.0
21	734.00830	2 27	250.0	270.0	46	518.64730	2 80	75.0	330.0
22	725.90390	2 60	150.0	290.0	47	516.91100	3 27	150.0	290.0
23	717.47810	2 60	250.0	270.0	48	513.57960	2 27	50.0	20.0
24	709.21660	2 60	50.0	320.0	49	511.80130	2 26	140.0	300.0
25	704.58780	3 27	75.0	320.0	50	504.28450	2 26	75.0	350.0

*** PROLINE BOATS - AIR TOXICS ANALYSIS - 1986 TAMPA MET DATA ***

* HIGHEST 24-HOUR AVERAGE CONCENTRATION (MICROGRAMS/CUBIC METER) *
* FROM ALL SOURCES *
* FOR THE RECEPTOR GRID *

* MAXIMUM VALUE EQUALS 1096.80700 AND OCCURRED AT (75.0, 340.0) *

DIRECTION / (DEGREES) /	RANGE (METERS)				
	25.0	50.0	75.0	100.0	150.0
360.0 /	160.51520 (27, 1)	393.99100C(60, 1)	323.33370 (27, 1)	106.15570 (184, 1)	101.28850 (58, 1)
350.0 /	173.18640C(60, 1)	362.21400C(60, 1)	579.77260 (27, 1)	166.17160C(208, 1)	115.63460 (58, 1)
340.0 /	225.57580C(60, 1)	265.23160 (27, 1)	1096.80700C(60, 1)	137.55290 (184, 1)	91.68733 (58, 1)
330.0 /	248.95130C(60, 1)	284.83440C(60, 1)	337.11670C(5, 1)	368.66380 (27, 1)	107.03030 (58, 1)
320.0 /	217.80020C(60, 1)	302.49160C(60, 1)	484.18450C(60, 1)	898.99970 (27, 1)	128.76800 (58, 1)
310.0 /	156.13890C(60, 1)	152.85240 (27, 1)	235.14450 (27, 1)	390.83680C(5, 1)	221.55210C(208, 1)
300.0 /	110.39970 (27, 1)	139.54380 (27, 1)	188.44150C(5, 1)	292.44160C(60, 1)	153.31880 (27, 1)
290.0 /	105.21630 (27, 1)	164.75340C(60, 1)	197.98680C(60, 1)	146.50650 (27, 1)	358.91170C(60, 1)
280.0 /	100.90230 (27, 1)	164.37240C(60, 1)	95.00266 (27, 1)	157.79680C(60, 1)	137.43110 (8, 1)
270.0 /	95.63881 (27, 1)	121.67290C(60, 1)	84.06200 (80, 1)	108.69230C(60, 1)	100.65590C(5, 1)
260.0 /	89.64846 (27, 1)	88.81583C(5, 1)	87.10078C(60, 1)	73.95281C(5, 1)	77.96758 (27, 1)
250.0 /	91.01266C(60, 1)	84.28123 (80, 1)	77.16084C(60, 1)	70.31793 (106, 1)	55.66710 (27, 1)
240.0 /	89.27043C(60, 1)	80.37466 (80, 1)	67.87856 (106, 1)	63.03893 (80, 1)	50.56740 (112, 1)
230.0 /	85.50366C(60, 1)	76.00949 (80, 1)	63.86698 (106, 1)	58.13415 (80, 1)	51.17476 (112, 1)
220.0 /	80.91345C(60, 1)	69.71191 (80, 1)	59.50323 (106, 1)	52.34707C(65, 1)	49.53157 (112, 1)
210.0 /	76.41329C(60, 1)	64.15757 (106, 1)	56.47327 (106, 1)	49.15989C(65, 1)	48.00952 (112, 1)
200.0 /	72.85573C(60, 1)	63.65690 (106, 1)	55.54121 (106, 1)	47.15563C(65, 1)	47.94684 (112, 1)
190.0 /	71.18027C(60, 1)	63.47392 (106, 1)	55.90991 (106, 1)	46.69901C(65, 1)	49.95593 (112, 1)
180.0 /	72.24082C(60, 1)	63.65905 (106, 1)	57.15790 (106, 1)	47.28369C(65, 1)	52.09468 (112, 1)
170.0 /	76.36521C(60, 1)	64.28461 (106, 1)	59.18000 (106, 1)	50.68626 (106, 1)	51.51707 (112, 1)
160.0 /	82.99774C(60, 1)	65.34820 (106, 1)	61.59990 (106, 1)	55.30879 (106, 1)	49.51059 (112, 1)
150.0 /	90.69971C(60, 1)	66.76982 (106, 1)	64.28725 (106, 1)	59.87503 (106, 1)	49.75458 (112, 1)
140.0 /	97.33738C(60, 1)	70.47454C(60, 1)	67.23180 (106, 1)	64.61657 (106, 1)	56.73939 (106, 1)
130.0 /	101.07200C(60, 1)	73.78073C(60, 1)	70.56427 (106, 1)	69.60117 (106, 1)	64.75208 (106, 1)
120.0 /	100.92250C(60, 1)	76.21700 (27, 1)	74.12296 (106, 1)	74.51261 (106, 1)	72.91890 (106, 1)
110.0 /	98.25378C(60, 1)	85.77502C(60, 1)	79.27073C(60, 1)	79.84496 (106, 1)	82.32530 (106, 1)
100.0 /	100.53730 (27, 1)	102.83390C(60, 1)	84.23757 (27, 1)	88.15308 (106, 1)	95.89798 (106, 1)
90.0 /	106.28510 (27, 1)	111.43340C(60, 1)	92.05019 (106, 1)	101.63910 (106, 1)	110.00330 (106, 1)
80.0 /	112.28760 (27, 1)	114.66080 (27, 1)	104.07100 (106, 1)	117.79260 (106, 1)	115.11390 (106, 1)
70.0 /	118.72910 (27, 1)	124.77430 (27, 1)	118.65400 (106, 1)	130.99900 (106, 1)	103.05320 (99, 1)
60.0 /	128.71590C(60, 1)	135.35730 (27, 1)	131.45020 (106, 1)	132.16020 (106, 1)	129.71430 (99, 1)
50.0 /	139.46390C(60, 1)	148.50280 (27, 1)	139.40920 (106, 1)	120.00940 (99, 1)	130.54480 (184, 1)
40.0 /	145.76970C(60, 1)	166.86540 (27, 1)	141.74570 (106, 1)	149.57520 (99, 1)	97.68470C(98, 1)
30.0 /	144.64510C(60, 1)	193.09580 (27, 1)	168.06680 (27, 1)	158.48050 (99, 1)	84.58554 (183, 1)
20.0 /	149.22150 (27, 1)	231.38270 (27, 1)	214.91390 (27, 1)	158.27820 (184, 1)	86.22231 (58, 1)
10.0 /	154.35140 (27, 1)	287.59700 (27, 1)	265.59050 (27, 1)	128.28670 (184, 1)	124.60400 (58, 1)

*** PROLINE BOATS - AIR TOXICS ANALYSIS - 1986 TAMPA MET DATA ***

* HIGHEST 24-HOUR AVERAGE CONCENTRATION (MICROGRAMS/CUBIC METER) *
* FROM ALL SOURCES *
* FOR THE RECEPTOR GRID *

* MAXIMUM VALUE EQUALS 1096.80700 AND OCCURRED AT (75.0, 340.0) *

DIRECTION / (DEGREES) /	RANGE (METERS)				
	200.0	250.0	300.0	350.0	400.0
360.0 /	96.72876 (58, 1)	73.90568 (58, 1)	45.04906 (58, 1)	42.27923C(210, 1)	45.24821C(210, 1)
350.0 /	87.58661 (58, 1)	53.45198 (58, 1)	44.28166C(210, 1)	47.85200C(210, 1)	56.28898C(210, 1)
340.0 /	83.72975 (58, 1)	40.52083 (58, 1)	44.45848C(73, 1)	47.06926C(210, 1)	51.86349C(210, 1)
330.0 /	84.93115 (58, 1)	47.34285C(73, 1)	44.08304 (78, 1)	49.12881C(210, 1)	46.53465C(210, 1)
320.0 /	85.00636C(73, 1)	64.16031 (72, 1)	87.08916 (72, 1)	57.01026 (78, 1)	44.09472 (78, 1)
310.0 /	78.78274 (58, 1)	57.92223 (72, 1)	100.42790 (72, 1)	71.55200 (72, 1)	93.19203 (72, 1)
300.0 /	55.89991 (58, 1)	75.07832 (72, 1)	85.66998 (72, 1)	49.54307 (72, 1)	47.72318 (147, 1)
290.0 /	371.91820 (11, 1)	114.86880C(154, 1)	141.35290 (78, 1)	79.79694C(94, 1)	71.47741C(94, 1)
280.0 /	205.70760 (8, 1)	260.43310 (27, 1)	219.76440 (80, 1)	80.99782 (318, 1)	71.97119 (9, 1)
270.0 /	167.24050 (27, 1)	406.68850 (27, 1)	111.70150 (80, 1)	283.49330 (8, 1)	107.70530 (8, 1)
260.0 /	121.96140C(60, 1)	299.77340C(60, 1)	109.63520 (80, 1)	76.75388 (8, 1)	143.65330 (8, 1)
250.0 /	92.59915C(60, 1)	92.86266 (80, 1)	54.31966 (80, 1)	75.12770 (11, 1)	64.08878 (340, 1)
240.0 /	71.28063C(60, 1)	59.79257 (80, 1)	34.75454C(87, 1)	41.73378C(87, 1)	46.50785C(87, 1)
230.0 /	51.35748C(60, 1)	43.31869 (80, 1)	40.23454C(5, 1)	33.91011C(87, 1)	39.12732C(87, 1)
220.0 /	40.07978 (99, 1)	33.41136 (80, 1)	36.43072C(5, 1)	26.23695C(87, 1)	28.69900C(87, 1)
210.0 /	38.35031 (112, 1)	35.85346 (99, 1)	27.36256 (80, 1)	28.50623C(5, 1)	30.15563 (11, 1)
200.0 /	38.85006 (112, 1)	37.61973 (99, 1)	26.58503 (80, 1)	27.94502 (80, 1)	31.29459C(5, 1)
190.0 /	41.65246 (112, 1)	35.40218 (112, 1)	33.70094 (99, 1)	28.01230 (80, 1)	28.75415 (80, 1)
180.0 /	46.96906 (112, 1)	38.39615 (112, 1)	34.74935 (112, 1)	31.51585 (99, 1)	30.34316 (337, 1)
170.0 /	53.22501 (112, 1)	45.20663 (112, 1)	37.67940 (112, 1)	34.63136 (112, 1)	32.12717 (112, 1)
160.0 /	54.85658 (112, 1)	54.57487 (112, 1)	48.27019 (112, 1)	40.99364 (112, 1)	36.03817 (112, 1)
150.0 /	52.37174 (112, 1)	55.65125 (112, 1)	56.06599 (112, 1)	53.49350 (112, 1)	49.03601 (112, 1)
140.0 /	52.83423 (112, 1)	53.46905 (112, 1)	53.74269 (112, 1)	53.05679 (112, 1)	51.54136 (112, 1)
130.0 /	59.92569C(65, 1)	54.01579C(65, 1)	51.10088C(200, 1)	52.92022C(200, 1)	53.55497C(200, 1)
120.0 /	69.41241 (106, 1)	67.66911C(65, 1)	67.06962C(65, 1)	64.76753C(65, 1)	61.38746C(65, 1)
110.0 /	83.68547 (106, 1)	83.19193 (106, 1)	80.95202 (106, 1)	77.33861 (106, 1)	73.02989 (106, 1)
100.0 /	98.77336 (106, 1)	97.13004 (106, 1)	93.18900 (106, 1)	87.55829 (106, 1)	81.21947 (106, 1)
90.0 /	104.31910 (106, 1)	94.71655 (106, 1)	83.31056 (106, 1)	76.21177 (201, 1)	73.23032 (201, 1)
80.0 /	89.28622 (99, 1)	96.86491 (99, 1)	101.64850 (99, 1)	101.97900 (99, 1)	96.67644 (99, 1)
70.0 /	117.06630 (99, 1)	105.49510 (184, 1)	99.05145 (184, 1)	84.21897 (184, 1)	67.89520 (184, 1)
60.0 /	114.74540 (184, 1)	83.24339C(157, 1)	81.02644 (183, 1)	86.43893 (183, 1)	87.85009 (183, 1)
50.0 /	87.17157C(98, 1)	89.34328 (183, 1)	89.84077 (183, 1)	86.59633 (183, 1)	81.80949 (202, 1)
40.0 /	89.18295 (183, 1)	83.28111 (202, 1)	83.43385 (202, 1)	89.67752 (58, 1)	101.20110 (58, 1)
30.0 /	85.41509 (58, 1)	98.91951 (58, 1)	107.76760 (58, 1)	111.17910 (58, 1)	105.92360 (58, 1)
20.0 /	112.20070 (58, 1)	107.66050 (58, 1)	98.83730 (58, 1)	84.47408 (58, 1)	66.96396 (58, 1)
10.0 /	106.78160 (58, 1)	93.82699 (58, 1)	72.99004 (58, 1)	50.15607 (58, 1)	37.80025C(210, 1)

*** PROLINE BOATS - AIR TOXICS ANALYSIS - 1986 TAMPA MET DATA ***

* HIGHEST 24-HOUR AVERAGE CONCENTRATION (MICROGRAMS/CUBIC METER) *
* FROM ALL SOURCES *
* FOR THE RECEPTOR GRID *

* MAXIMUM VALUE EQUALS 1096.80700 AND OCCURRED AT (75.0, 340.0) *

DIRECTION / (DEGREES) /	RANGE (METERS)				
	450.0	500.0	600.0	700.0	800.0
360.0 /	54.06712C(210, 1)	60.63840C(210, 1)	51.37878 (10, 1)	44.95182 (10, 1)	38.49048 (10, 1)
350.0 /	56.41025C(210, 1)	53.57919C(210, 1)	43.70470C(210, 1)	42.95083 (37, 1)	37.98063 (37, 1)
340.0 /	51.33394C(210, 1)	44.79900 (79, 1)	35.31822 (330, 1)	45.41435 (334, 1)	43.21167 (334, 1)
330.0 /	43.94534 (78, 1)	36.64621C(73, 1)	37.74178 (298, 1)	37.92103 (298, 1)	37.45634 (298, 1)
320.0 /	51.58458 (72, 1)	47.92699 (72, 1)	51.38985 (72, 1)	44.96248 (72, 1)	43.54110 (78, 1)
310.0 /	95.21170 (72, 1)	88.92955 (72, 1)	83.44131 (72, 1)	85.68716 (72, 1)	85.35271 (72, 1)
300.0 /	47.08927 (147, 1)	49.04115 (147, 1)	55.80262 (147, 1)	69.45486 (72, 1)	71.25816 (72, 1)
290.0 /	70.63527 (72, 1)	78.12607 (147, 1)	79.01365 (147, 1)	76.47919 (147, 1)	72.34166 (147, 1)
280.0 /	83.26796 (314, 1)	101.60910C(94, 1)	114.30010C(94, 1)	113.14000C(94, 1)	102.87110C(94, 1)
270.0 /	93.38097 (318, 1)	87.59508 (124, 1)	73.11523 (124, 1)	75.88695 (314, 1)	83.29321 (314, 1)
260.0 /	106.91760 (8, 1)	111.10250 (318, 1)	98.69351 (318, 1)	83.50971 (318, 1)	88.26755 (260, 1)
250.0 /	77.80495 (340, 1)	95.50909 (340, 1)	107.50930 (340, 1)	116.91240 (318, 1)	123.67240 (318, 1)
240.0 /	49.75412C(87, 1)	52.54014C(87, 1)	64.56443 (290, 1)	72.52192 (340, 1)	83.86503 (340, 1)
230.0 /	42.01304C(87, 1)	39.85125C(87, 1)	48.36080C(301, 1)	61.37875C(301, 1)	64.15652C(301, 1)
220.0 /	31.08248C(87, 1)	32.98137C(87, 1)	32.45815C(87, 1)	34.49295C(301, 1)	37.72174C(301, 1)
210.0 /	33.29065 (11, 1)	34.19912 (11, 1)	35.39951 (11, 1)	36.42770 (11, 1)	33.39857 (11, 1)
200.0 /	32.29626 (11, 1)	36.34624 (11, 1)	40.06257 (11, 1)	38.86799 (11, 1)	36.01556 (11, 1)
190.0 /	31.56837 (80, 1)	32.87749C(5, 1)	27.94343 (11, 1)	29.81265 (11, 1)	29.63128 (11, 1)
180.0 /	29.72891C(127, 1)	28.73249C(127, 1)	28.42222 (80, 1)	32.05463C(5, 1)	28.36591C(5, 1)
170.0 /	29.86329C(13, 1)	29.83296 (337, 1)	29.37936C(5, 1)	29.07349C(5, 1)	29.08323C(5, 1)
160.0 /	33.58764 (112, 1)	32.14365 (112, 1)	28.19494 (112, 1)	25.65866 (337, 1)	25.39687 (337, 1)
150.0 /	43.98437 (112, 1)	39.26540 (112, 1)	32.44081 (112, 1)	28.73769 (112, 1)	26.63014 (99, 1)
140.0 /	49.39392 (112, 1)	46.84591 (112, 1)	41.34934 (112, 1)	37.80636C(200, 1)	35.91115C(200, 1)
130.0 /	52.62005C(200, 1)	50.57187C(200, 1)	45.96350C(200, 1)	42.64037C(200, 1)	40.69417C(200, 1)
120.0 /	57.46297C(65, 1)	56.04391C(229, 1)	53.86902C(229, 1)	50.86424C(229, 1)	50.39519C(200, 1)
110.0 /	68.53209 (106, 1)	64.14832 (106, 1)	63.78282C(229, 1)	63.49302C(229, 1)	62.37754C(229, 1)
100.0 /	74.79864 (106, 1)	68.63540 (106, 1)	71.48515C(230, 1)	72.00630C(230, 1)	70.32515C(230, 1)
90.0 /	69.87463 (201, 1)	67.87448 (99, 1)	65.83967C(358, 1)	61.40009C(358, 1)	55.95192C(358, 1)
80.0 /	87.98473 (99, 1)	78.23888 (99, 1)	65.04036 (184, 1)	55.86421 (212, 1)	52.11075 (212, 1)
70.0 /	67.89353 (183, 1)	72.29303 (183, 1)	76.41169 (183, 1)	74.08235 (183, 1)	68.86256 (183, 1)
60.0 /	87.65524 (183, 1)	86.96759 (183, 1)	84.34773 (183, 1)	79.74623 (183, 1)	73.55667 (183, 1)
50.0 /	79.73376 (202, 1)	75.86922 (202, 1)	72.46654 (58, 1)	75.35536 (58, 1)	74.77840 (58, 1)
40.0 /	107.22670 (58, 1)	108.03200 (58, 1)	99.41231 (58, 1)	84.84024 (58, 1)	70.10715 (58, 1)
30.0 /	94.53567 (58, 1)	81.03546 (58, 1)	57.08438 (58, 1)	45.77354C(231, 1)	46.96325C(231, 1)
20.0 /	51.04205 (58, 1)	42.59006C(324, 1)	45.77486C(209, 1)	47.63840C(209, 1)	45.57782C(210, 1)
10.0 /	44.35326C(209, 1)	47.00290C(209, 1)	55.44799C(210, 1)	59.63251C(210, 1)	53.09571 (10, 1)

*** PROLINE BOATS - AIR TOXICS ANALYSIS - 1986 TAMPA MET DATA ***

* HIGHEST 24-HOUR AVERAGE CONCENTRATION (MICROGRAMS/CUBIC METER) *
* FROM ALL SOURCES *
* FOR THE RECEPTOR GRID *

* MAXIMUM VALUE EQUALS 1096.80700 AND OCCURRED AT (75.0, 340.0) *

DIRECTION / (DEGREES) /	RANGE (METERS)				
	900.0	1000.0	2000.0	3000.0	4000.0
360.0 /	36.61635 (37, 1)	36.06090 (37, 1)	18.73407 (334, 1)	17.10278C(206, 1)	14.42082 (36, 1)
350.0 /	36.44680 (334, 1)	38.30415 (334, 1)	26.64411 (36, 1)	22.43289C(204, 1)	21.08372C(204, 1)
340.0 /	45.37636 (232, 1)	49.43783 (232, 1)	43.28243 (232, 1)	33.21637 (232, 1)	22.56218 (232, 1)
330.0 /	43.30244 (232, 1)	50.91906 (232, 1)	37.20195C(164, 1)	26.29375 (151, 1)	25.32257 (151, 1)
320.0 /	42.98678C(215, 1)	46.35138C(215, 1)	45.76694 (344, 1)	36.23524 (344, 1)	25.62825 (344, 1)
310.0 /	83.33675 (72, 1)	78.70350 (72, 1)	42.25375 (147, 1)	34.23341 (147, 1)	26.36123 (147, 1)
300.0 /	68.72027 (147, 1)	66.82846 (147, 1)	62.26844 (272, 1)	57.00359 (272, 1)	46.19469 (272, 1)
290.0 /	68.57132 (147, 1)	64.88527 (147, 1)	69.38724C(270, 1)	57.21114C(270, 1)	44.50636C(270, 1)
280.0 /	90.05482C(94, 1)	78.97784 (311, 1)	65.71433 (223, 1)	51.63223 (223, 1)	39.70130 (223, 1)
270.0 /	84.95834 (314, 1)	83.87221 (314, 1)	53.12797 (312, 1)	42.57682 (312, 1)	33.54087C(286, 1)
260.0 /	90.01772 (260, 1)	88.20986 (260, 1)	108.15250 (242, 1)	105.75600 (242, 1)	83.53078 (242, 1)
250.0 /	120.59410 (318, 1)	112.00640 (318, 1)	76.16666 (263, 1)	84.25564 (263, 1)	75.18056 (263, 1)
240.0 /	86.20618 (340, 1)	83.55119 (340, 1)	70.21806C(247, 1)	50.72606C(247, 1)	32.28939 (156, 1)
230.0 /	59.41446C(301, 1)	54.13777C(301, 1)	41.37862C(300, 1)	30.64578C(86, 1)	25.98354 (261, 1)
220.0 /	40.93847C(301, 1)	43.87719C(301, 1)	35.50037C(300, 1)	36.36239 (290, 1)	36.74950 (290, 1)
210.0 /	29.18308 (11, 1)	26.29860 (306, 1)	22.75884 (306, 1)	14.76151C(254, 1)	12.70992 (294, 1)
200.0 /	34.46714 (11, 1)	33.03654 (11, 1)	24.35823 (289, 1)	17.10821 (289, 1)	12.59307 (338, 1)
190.0 /	28.63724 (11, 1)	29.32497 (303, 1)	24.01678 (331, 1)	19.05163 (289, 1)	14.80480 (289, 1)
180.0 /	22.52584C(5, 1)	20.22204C(279, 1)	22.82035 (303, 1)	19.77725 (303, 1)	15.55323 (303, 1)
170.0 /	29.65362C(5, 1)	29.98922C(5, 1)	25.18699C(279, 1)	23.41547C(279, 1)	20.01831C(279, 1)
160.0 /	24.68280 (337, 1)	23.46250 (337, 1)	15.87474C(5, 1)	15.95389C(284, 1)	15.97709C(284, 1)
150.0 /	25.87964 (99, 1)	24.55212 (99, 1)	19.52913C(127, 1)	17.61631C(279, 1)	15.02600C(279, 1)
140.0 /	32.96657C(200, 1)	32.84053C(284, 1)	40.50346C(284, 1)	33.71063C(284, 1)	26.42554C(284, 1)
130.0 /	39.68800C(200, 1)	39.37526C(200, 1)	39.40801C(200, 1)	30.34783C(200, 1)	23.32224C(200, 1)
120.0 /	49.85330C(200, 1)	48.25994C(200, 1)	27.02460 (201, 1)	23.84298 (201, 1)	19.81065 (201, 1)
110.0 /	61.95983C(228, 1)	63.37251C(228, 1)	62.28146C(228, 1)	50.48531C(228, 1)	40.51117C(228, 1)
100.0 /	67.06208C(230, 1)	62.81835C(230, 1)	28.68296C(226, 1)	20.97971 (112, 1)	19.58109 (112, 1)
90.0 /	52.22232 (201, 1)	49.92215 (201, 1)	39.01356 (201, 1)	31.21343 (201, 1)	25.02611 (201, 1)
80.0 /	47.94839 (212, 1)	43.74034 (212, 1)	30.28579 (183, 1)	24.85474 (183, 1)	20.00058 (183, 1)
70.0 /	64.01941 (183, 1)	60.48685 (183, 1)	43.91005 (183, 1)	36.33151C(228, 1)	28.25652C(228, 1)
60.0 /	66.34809 (183, 1)	58.97587 (183, 1)	62.01583C(191, 1)	48.06953C(191, 1)	33.69196C(191, 1)
50.0 /	75.87411 (322, 1)	77.79342 (322, 1)	47.16360C(190, 1)	44.23790C(190, 1)	31.22744C(190, 1)
40.0 /	58.97572C(211, 1)	57.07120C(211, 1)	33.58063C(211, 1)	28.48526C(231, 1)	28.06784C(231, 1)
30.0 /	48.00634C(231, 1)	48.86936C(231, 1)	43.52037C(203, 1)	29.91228C(210, 1)	21.75392C(210, 1)
20.0 /	50.62342C(210, 1)	53.93781C(210, 1)	29.14734 (185, 1)	17.03525C(52, 1)	12.34587C(102, 1)
10.0 /	49.52481 (10, 1)	43.82710 (10, 1)	27.07136 (41, 1)	23.13508 (42, 1)	17.27863 (42, 1)

*** PROLINE BOATS - AIR TOXICS ANALYSIS - 1986 TAMPA MET DATA ***

* HIGHEST 24-HOUR AVERAGE CONCENTRATION (MICROGRAMS/CUBIC METER) *
* FROM ALL SOURCES *
* FOR THE RECEPTOR GRID *

* MAXIMUM VALUE EQUALS 1096.80700 AND OCCURRED AT (75.0, 340.0) *

DIRECTION / (DEGREES) /	5000.0	6000.0	RANGE (METERS) 7000.0	8000.0	9000.0
360.0 /	13.38300 (36, 1)	12.20103 (36, 1)	11.00860 (36, 1)	9.90723 (36, 1)	8.93830 (36, 1)
350.0 /	17.72058C(204, 1)	14.73301C(164, 1)	12.98524C(164, 1)	11.36038C(164, 1)	9.94648C(164, 1)
340.0 /	18.64838C(180, 1)	16.22520C(180, 1)	13.82616C(180, 1)	11.76554C(180, 1)	10.06019C(180, 1)
330.0 /	22.76920 (151, 1)	19.71854 (151, 1)	16.88324 (151, 1)	14.50846 (151, 1)	12.55693 (151, 1)
320.0 /	18.80619C(163, 1)	16.00075C(163, 1)	13.60827C(163, 1)	11.90180 (139, 1)	10.55807 (139, 1)
310.0 /	22.62529C(160, 1)	19.91348C(160, 1)	17.57625C(160, 1)	15.62954C(160, 1)	14.23563 (71, 1)
300.0 /	37.38470 (272, 1)	30.79880 (272, 1)	25.85752 (272, 1)	22.10885 (272, 1)	19.19760 (272, 1)
290.0 /	35.46956C(270, 1)	29.04392C(270, 1)	24.32530C(270, 1)	20.78985C(270, 1)	18.09492C(257, 1)
280.0 /	31.54007 (223, 1)	25.80126 (223, 1)	21.59960 (223, 1)	18.44393 (223, 1)	16.30997C(288, 1)
270.0 /	29.43556C(286, 1)	25.73243C(286, 1)	22.60297C(286, 1)	20.02615C(286, 1)	17.89972C(286, 1)
260.0 /	65.40060 (242, 1)	52.24693 (242, 1)	42.69967 (242, 1)	35.69012 (242, 1)	30.38629 (242, 1)
250.0 /	64.56295 (263, 1)	55.38125 (263, 1)	47.88313 (263, 1)	41.88542 (263, 1)	37.03041 (263, 1)
240.0 /	27.59871C(251, 1)	25.12329C(251, 1)	22.39858C(251, 1)	19.89966C(251, 1)	17.72143C(251, 1)
230.0 /	23.17685 (261, 1)	20.03840 (261, 1)	17.27206 (261, 1)	14.99132 (261, 1)	13.30624C(21, 1)
220.0 /	33.82378 (290, 1)	29.81189 (290, 1)	25.89429 (290, 1)	22.45201 (290, 1)	19.56754 (290, 1)
210.0 /	12.87232C(176, 1)	12.67718C(176, 1)	11.97779C(176, 1)	11.09655C(176, 1)	10.18676C(176, 1)
200.0 /	11.01725 (338, 1)	9.49438 (338, 1)	8.19158 (338, 1)	7.11814 (338, 1)	6.24041 (338, 1)
190.0 /	12.22789 (331, 1)	10.66806C(12, 1)	9.71082C(12, 1)	8.70858C(12, 1)	8.24063C(113, 1)
180.0 /	12.74701C(284, 1)	12.30518C(284, 1)	11.55244C(284, 1)	10.69224C(284, 1)	9.82585C(284, 1)
170.0 /	17.50027C(279, 1)	15.47148C(279, 1)	13.73585C(279, 1)	12.25046C(279, 1)	10.97386C(279, 1)
160.0 /	14.72200C(284, 1)	12.92734C(284, 1)	11.14080C(284, 1)	9.58042C(284, 1)	8.27033C(284, 1)
150.0 /	12.56505C(255, 1)	10.65144C(255, 1)	8.99230C(255, 1)	8.11954C(60, 1)	7.47845C(60, 1)
140.0 /	21.24515C(284, 1)	17.54046C(284, 1)	14.79857C(284, 1)	12.72044C(284, 1)	11.09406C(284, 1)
130.0 /	18.69559C(200, 1)	15.48832C(200, 1)	13.14963C(200, 1)	11.39127C(200, 1)	10.03485C(13, 1)
120.0 /	16.54453 (201, 1)	14.00908 (201, 1)	12.03838 (201, 1)	10.49907 (201, 1)	9.26629 (201, 1)
110.0 /	33.18615C(228, 1)	27.75541C(228, 1)	23.64658C(228, 1)	20.49571C(228, 1)	18.00220C(228, 1)
100.0 /	17.77787 (112, 1)	16.02555 (112, 1)	14.44934 (112, 1)	13.07022 (112, 1)	11.89080 (112, 1)
90.0 /	20.51846 (201, 1)	17.18871 (201, 1)	14.67470 (201, 1)	12.75217 (201, 1)	11.23042 (201, 1)
80.0 /	16.35915 (183, 1)	13.63688 (183, 1)	11.57537 (183, 1)	9.99369 (183, 1)	8.74636 (183, 1)
70.0 /	21.92930C(228, 1)	17.34402C(228, 1)	14.52579 (183, 1)	12.53264 (183, 1)	10.95696 (183, 1)
60.0 /	24.92172 (192, 1)	20.61434 (183, 1)	18.33224 (183, 1)	16.34795 (183, 1)	14.64557 (183, 1)
50.0 /	22.07131C(190, 1)	16.39802C(190, 1)	12.79916C(190, 1)	10.65186C(191, 1)	9.58785C(191, 1)
40.0 /	26.14777C(231, 1)	23.59479C(231, 1)	21.03493C(231, 1)	18.73985C(231, 1)	16.74857C(231, 1)
30.0 /	15.23806C(210, 1)	12.33149 (37, 1)	11.67213C(191, 1)	10.90451C(191, 1)	10.11398C(191, 1)
20.0 /	10.64933C(102, 1)	9.02899C(102, 1)	7.66643C(102, 1)	6.56117C(102, 1)	5.66995C(102, 1)
10.0 /	13.27250C(49, 1)	11.04887C(354, 1)	9.75670C(354, 1)	8.66848C(354, 1)	7.74804C(354, 1)

*** PROLINE BOATS - AIR TOXICS ANALYSIS - 1986 TAMPA MET DATA ***

* HIGHEST 24-HOUR AVERAGE CONCENTRATION (MICROGRAMS/CUBIC METER) *
* FROM ALL SOURCES *
* FOR THE RECEPTOR GRID *

* MAXIMUM VALUE EQUALS 1096.80700 AND OCCURRED AT (75.0, 340.0) *

DIRECTION / RANGE (METERS)
(DEGREES) / 10000.0

360.0 /	8.09830 (36, 1)
350.0 /	8.74734C(164, 1)
340.0 /	8.66646C(180, 1)
330.0 /	10.95833 (151, 1)
320.0 /	9.45688 (139, 1)
310.0 /	13.13442 (71, 1)
300.0 /	16.88254 (272, 1)
290.0 /	16.12116C(257, 1)
280.0 /	14.68455C(288, 1)
270.0 /	16.12630C(286, 1)
260.0 /	26.26448 (242, 1)
250.0 /	33.04530 (263, 1)
240.0 /	15.85553C(251, 1)
230.0 /	12.26403C(21, 1)
220.0 /	17.17602 (290, 1)
210.0 /	9.32134C(176, 1)
200.0 /	5.52013 (338, 1)
190.0 /	8.02922C(113, 1)
180.0 /	9.00710C(284, 1)
170.0 /	9.87753C(279, 1)
160.0 /	7.18636C(284, 1)
150.0 /	6.89685C(60, 1)
140.0 /	9.79229C(284, 1)
130.0 /	9.14690C(13, 1)
120.0 /	8.30441 (66, 1)
110.0 /	15.98931C(228, 1)
100.0 /	10.87799 (112, 1)
90.0 /	10.00138 (201, 1)
80.0 /	7.74544 (183, 1)
70.0 /	9.68824 (183, 1)
60.0 /	13.19335 (183, 1)
50.0 /	8.65262C(191, 1)
40.0 /	15.04351C(231, 1)
30.0 /	9.35642C(191, 1)
20.0 /	4.94816C(102, 1)
10.0 /	6.96452C(354, 1)

*** PROLINE BOATS - AIR TOXICS ANALYSIS - 1986 TAMPA MET DATA ***

* HIGHEST 24-HOUR AVERAGE CONCENTRATION (MICROGRAMS/CUBIC METER) *
* FROM ALL SOURCES *
* FOR THE DISCRETE RECEPTOR POINTS *

- RNG -	- DIR -	CON.	(DAY,PER.)	- RNG -	- DIR -	CON.	(DAY,PER.)
119.0	10.0	98.50470C	(208, 1)	124.0	20.0	83.97906C	(98, 1)
135.0	30.0	91.41723C	(98, 1)	152.0	40.0	96.16335C	(98, 1)
180.0	50.0	95.76904C	(98, 1)	230.0	60.0	91.98473	(184, 1)
255.0	70.0	105.55580	(184, 1)	263.0	80.0	98.36617	(99, 1)
393.0	90.0	73.67988	(201, 1)	186.0	100.0	98.27154	(106, 1)
94.0	110.0	79.40721	(106, 1)	62.0	120.0	73.81577	(106, 1)
49.0	130.0	74.55091C	(60, 1)	41.0	140.0	78.40448C	(60, 1)
37.0	150.0	76.51970C	(60, 1)	33.0	160.0	74.15807C	(60, 1)
24.0	170.0	77.53738C	(60, 1)	23.0	180.0	73.93343C	(60, 1)
24.0	190.0	72.52547C	(5, 1)	25.0	200.0	72.85573C	(60, 1)
27.0	210.0	77.99339C	(60, 1)	31.0	220.0	86.08252C	(60, 1)
37.0	230.0	88.62416C	(60, 1)	47.0	240.0	81.45205	(80, 1)
66.0	250.0	71.68142	(80, 1)	126.0	260.0	75.31845	(106, 1)
122.0	270.0	79.13853	(99, 1)	125.0	280.0	139.16450	(8, 1)
130.0	290.0	161.95340	(27, 1)	140.0	300.0	401.11890	(27, 1)
159.0	310.0	406.72430	(58, 1)	170.0	320.0	93.09900	(58, 1)
150.0	330.0	107.03030	(58, 1)	138.0	340.0	117.16970	(58, 1)
132.0	350.0	100.17140	(58, 1)	129.0	360.0	151.12930	(58, 1)

Max 24-hr impacts = $\left(\frac{\text{Actual emissions}}{\text{Modeled emissions}} \right)$
 X 406.72430

Styrene = 39.9 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$
 Acetone = 70.4 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$
 Other = 2.7 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$

*** PROLINE BOATS - AIR TOXICS ANALYSIS - 1986 TAMPA MET DATA ***

* 50 MAXIMUM 24-HOUR AVERAGE CONCENTRATION (MICROGRAMS/CUBIC METER) *

* FROM ALL SOURCES *

RANK	CON.	PER.	DAY	X OR RANGE (METERS)	Y(METERS) OR DIRECTION (DEGREES)	RANK	CON.	PER.	DAY	X OR RANGE (METERS)	Y(METERS) OR DIRECTION (DEGREES)
1	1096.80700C	1	60	75.0	340.0	26	323.33370	1	27	75.0	360.0
2	898.99970	1	27	100.0	320.0	27	302.49160C	1	60	50.0	320.0
3	719.53980	1	27	75.0	340.0	28	300.91440	1	27	50.0	350.0
4	579.77260	1	27	75.0	350.0	29	299.77340C	1	60	250.0	260.0
5	484.18450C	1	60	75.0	320.0	30	299.24730	1	99	140.0	300.0
6	475.39780C	1	60	100.0	320.0	31	292.44160C	1	60	100.0	300.0
7	414.07040	1	8	100.0	320.0	32	287.59700	1	27	50.0	10.0
8	411.58290C	1	26	100.0	320.0	33	284.83440C	1	60	50.0	330.0
9	406.72430	1	58	159.0	310.0	34	283.49330	1	8	350.0	270.0
10	406.68850	1	27	250.0	270.0	35	265.59050	1	27	75.0	10.0
11	401.11890	1	27	140.0	300.0	36	265.23160	1	27	50.0	340.0
12	393.99100C	1	60	50.0	360.0	37	262.61790	1	27	100.0	300.0
13	390.83680C	1	5	100.0	310.0	38	260.43310	1	27	250.0	280.0
14	380.16930	1	27	75.0	320.0	39	259.55630	1	80	140.0	300.0
15	371.91820	1	11	200.0	290.0	40	248.95130C	1	60	25.0	330.0
16	368.66380	1	27	100.0	330.0	41	243.86340	1	27	150.0	290.0
17	362.21400C	1	60	50.0	350.0	42	242.14650	1	99	100.0	330.0
18	358.91170C	1	60	150.0	290.0	43	240.87530	1	80	100.0	310.0
19	355.70880C	1	26	75.0	340.0	44	239.61200	1	80	75.0	330.0
20	350.27840C	1	60	140.0	300.0	45	235.14450	1	27	75.0	310.0
21	339.88430	1	8	100.0	310.0	46	231.38270	1	27	50.0	20.0
22	337.32210C	1	60	250.0	270.0	47	230.65120	1	8	100.0	300.0
23	337.11670C	1	5	75.0	330.0	48	228.86400C	1	26	75.0	350.0
24	334.67270	1	27	50.0	360.0	49	225.57580C	1	60	25.0	340.0
25	332.65210	1	27	75.0	330.0	50	225.03970	1	27	50.0	330.0

APPENDIX C

MATERIAL USE RECORDS
5/88 - 4/90

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PO HISTORY JMC FRO-LINE BOATS, INC. Page 1
 21:21:37 12 OCT 1988

Screen for 'PO HISTORY' (Last Purchase History for a Part)

Part Number 400119 Desc RESIN UM

Accounting Value 0.570
 Last Actual Cost 0.570
 Avg Actual Cost 0.609

Vendor PO Nbr Unit Cost Quantity PO Date First Last

#815 REICHOLD 902708 0.530/ 1000 06-24-90 06-26-90
 #805 ALPHA RESINS 902622 0.530/ 40000 07-05-90 07-13-90
 #805 ALPHA RESINS 902335 0.530/ 40000 06-29-90 07-09-90
 #805 ALPHA RESINS 902304 0.530/ 40000 06-13-90 06-22-90
 #805 ALPHA RESINS 902234 0.530/ 40000 06-04-90 06-11-90
 #805 ALPHA RESINS 901724 0.530/ 40000 05-29-90 06-01-90
 #815 REICHOLD 901927 0.530/ 40000 05-22-90 06-04-90
 #815 REICHOLD 901943 0.540/ 40000 05-10-90 05-18-90
 #815 REICHOLD 901992 0.540/ 40000 05-02-90 06-07-90
 #542 SHEREX CHEMICAL CO 900092 0.530/ 500 06-20-90 06-20-90

pounds

4-90

Part Number 400119 Desc RESIN UM LB

Accounting Value 0.570
 Last Actual Cost 0.570
 Avg Actual Cost 0.609

Deliveries

Vendor PO Nbr Unit Cost Quantity PO Date First Last

#815 REICHOLD 901931 0.540/ 40000 04-23-90 04-30-90
 #815 REICHOLD 901347 0.540/ 40000 04-12-90 04-20-90
 #815 REICHOLD 901301 0.540/ 40000 04-05-90 04-11-90
 #815 REICHOLD 901143 0.540/ 40000 03-29-90 04-06-90
 #542 SHEREX CHEMICAL CO 900250 0.540/ 2500 03-21-90 03-23-90
 #815 REICHOLD 900771 0.540/ 40000 03-17-90 03-17-90
 #815 REICHOLD 900714 0.540/ 40000 02-24-90 03-07-90
 #815 REICHOLD 900582 0.540/ 40000 02-04-90 03-01-90

Part Number 400119 Desc RESIN UM LB

Accounting Value 0.570
 Last Actual Cost 0.570
 Avg Actual Cost 0.609

Deliveries

Vendor PO Nbr Unit Cost Quantity PO Date First Last

#542 SHEREX CHEMICAL CO 900229 0.540/ 2500 01-14-89 02-12-89
 #815 REICHOLD 900335 0.540/ 40000 01-05-89 02-05-89
 #815 REICHOLD 900090 0.540/ 40000 01-14-89 01-25-89
 #542 SHEREX CHEMICAL CO 900010 0.540/ 2500 01-13-89 01-23-89
 #815 REICHOLD 900054 0.540/ 40000 01-11-89 01-16-89
 #815 REICHOLD 890067 0.540/ 40000 12-31-89 01-03-89
 #815 REICHOLD 878052 0.540/ 40000 11-30-89 12-07-89
 #815 REICHOLD 873028 0.540/ 40000 11-23-89 11-30-89
 #999 MISCELLANEOUS 872643 0.540/ 0 11-13-89 12-03-89
 #999 MISCELLANEOUS 872642 0.540/ 40000 11-09-89 11-20-89

Part Number 400119 Desc RESIN UM LB

Accounting Value 0.570
 Last Actual Cost 0.570
 Avg Actual Cost 0.609

Deliveries

Vendor PO Nbr Unit Cost Quantity PO Date First Last

#542 SHEREX CHEMICAL CO 872637 0.540/ 10000 11-10-89 11-14-89
 #805 ALPHA RESINS 872939 0.530/ 40000 11-06-89 11-10-89
 #805 ALPHA RESINS 898700 0.590/ 10000 09-20-89 09-27-89
 #999 MISCELLANEOUS 872631 0.540/ 10000 11-04-89 11-20-89
 #542 SHEREX CHEMICAL CO 872799 0.540/ 40000 10-30-89 11-03-89
 #542 SHEREX CHEMICAL CO 872736 0.540/ 35000 10-20-89 10-25-89
 #542 SHEREX CHEMICAL CO 872372 0.540/ 2000 10-11-89 10-13-89
 #805 ALPHA RESINS 872485 0.540/ 40000 10-13-89 10-20-89
 #999 MISCELLANEOUS 878630 0.540/ 5000 10-04-89 10-23-89
 #999 MISCELLANEOUS 872423 0.540/ 35000 09-27-89 10-11-89

Accounting Value 0.570

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Vendor	PO Nbr	Unit Cost	Quantity	PO Date	Deliveries	
					First	Last
SHEREX CHEMICAL CO	892192	1	0.560/	80000	09-23-89	09-26-89
SHEREX CHEMICAL CO	895576		0.590/	0	09-23-89	09-27-89
SHEREX CHEMICAL CO	892193		0.560/	2200	09-21-89	09-27-89
SHEREX CHEMICAL CO	892193		0.560/	35000	09-13-89	09-19-89
SHEREX CHEMICAL CO	892193		0.560/	35000	09-09-89	09-12-89
ALPHA RESINS SUPPL	896433		0.570/	2500	08-21-89	08-22-89
SHEREX CHEMICAL CO	892043		0.560/	35000	09-21-89	09-24-89
MISCELLANEOUS	895375		0.530/	2500	09-14-89	09-21-89
SHEREX CHEMICAL CO	891995		0.580/	40000	09-07-89	09-15-89

Part Number 400119 Desc: RESIN UN LB

Accounting Value 0.570
Last Actual Cost 0.570
Avg Actual Cost 0.609

Vendor	PO Nbr	Unit Cost	Quantity	PO Date	Deliveries	
					First	Last
SHEREX CHEMICAL CO	891995		0.530/	40000	09-04-89	09-09-89
SHEREX CHEMICAL CO	891907		0.530/	40000	07-21-89	07-23-89
SHEREX CHEMICAL CO	891633		0.530/	40000	07-14-89	07-23-89
SHEREX CHEMICAL CO	891643		0.530/	40000	06-20-89	07-10-89
SHEREX CHEMICAL CO	89777		0.530/	31300	06-11-89	06-11-89
SHEREX CHEMICAL CO	89778		0.570/	43800	06-11-89	12-01-89
AZS CORPORATION	65721		0.570/	80000	11-07-88	11-11-88
AZS CORPORATION	65720		0.570/	42650	11-07-88	11-07-88
AZS CORPORATION	65719		0.570/	41880	11-05-88	11-21-88
AZS CORPORATION	65718		0.570/	40000	11-04-88	11-10-88

5-89
4-89
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Part Number 400119 Desc: RESIN UN LB

Accounting Value 0.570
Last Actual Cost 0.570
Avg Actual Cost 0.609

Vendor	PO Nbr	Unit Cost	Quantity	PO Date	Deliveries	
					First	Last
AZS CORPORATION	65374A		0.570/	49000	10-01-88	11-02-88
AZS CORPORATION	65373A		0.590/	40000	10-01-88	10-26-88
AZS CORPORATION	65367		0.570/	40000	10-14-88	10-19-88
AZS CORPORATION	65259		0.590/	40000	10-05-88	10-10-88
AZS CORPORATION	65252		0.570/	40000	09-29-88	10-03-88
AZS CORPORATION	65181		0.570/	40000	09-16-88	09-26-88
AZS CORPORATION	65161		0.570/	40000	09-14-88	09-19-88
AZS CORPORATION	64992		0.590/	40000	09-30-88	09-06-88
AZS CORPORATION	64972		0.570/	40000	08-19-88	08-25-88
SHEREX CHEMICAL CO	64819		0.590/	40000	09-05-88	09-11-88

Part Number 400119 Desc: RESIN UN LB

Accounting Value 0.570
Last Actual Cost 0.570
Avg Actual Cost 0.609

Vendor	PO Nbr	Unit Cost	Quantity	PO Date	Deliveries	
					First	Last
AZS CORPORATION	64903		0.590/	40000	07-29-88	09-04-88
AZS CORPORATION	64729		0.590/	40000	07-09-88	07-14-88
SHEREX CHEMICAL CO	64659		0.590/	40000	05-23-88	07-06-88
AZS CORPORATION	64641		0.540/	40000	06-22-88	06-27-88
SHEREX CHEMICAL CO	64494		0.540/	40000	06-10-88	06-16-88
SHEREX CHEMICAL CO	64493		0.540/	40000	06-01-88	06-03-88
SHEREX CHEMICAL CO	64277		0.540/	44000	05-19-88	05-24-88
SHEREX CHEMICAL CO	64277		0.540/	42000	05-19-88	05-19-88

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5-88

3,108,000 (6/27/89)
x 1/2
x 1/2000
= 777.0 try

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PD.HISTORY.LMC
21:54:47 12 OCT 1998

PRO-LINE BOATS, INC.

Page 1

Acct MNE: Part 0

Screen For PD.HISTORY.LMC History

*
*
* Part Number 400135 Desc RESIN, TOOLING UM LB *
*
* Accounting Value 0.910 *
* Last Actual Cost 0.910 *
* Avg Actual Cost 0.894 *
* -- Deliveries -- *
* Vendor PO Nbr Unit Cost Quantity PO Date First Last *
*
*350 GLS CHEMICAL FIBER 904226 0.910/ 1000 11-09-90 11-12-90 *
*350 GLS CHEMICAL FIBER 904994 0.910/ 500 11-01-90 11-02-90 *
*350 GLS CHEMICAL FIBER 904905 0.910/ 1500 10-12-90 10-15-90 *
*350 GLS CHEMICAL FIBER 903769 0.930/ 500 10-09-90 10-09-90 *
*126 ALPHA RESINS SUPPL 903220 0.830/ 1000 08-23-90 08-23-90 *
*126 ALPHA RESINS SUPPL 903354 0.950/ 1000 03-03-90 03-07-90 *
*126 ALPHA RESINS SUPPL 903351 0.850/ 500 06-22-90 07-03-90 *
*126 ALPHA RESINS SUPPL 901355 0.910/ 1000 05-11-90 05-14-90 *
*350 GLS CHEMICAL FIBER 901824 0.850/ 475 05-08-90 05-10-90 *
*126 ALPHA RESINS SUPPL 901575 0.950/ 1000 04-27-90 04-30-90 *

4-90
↓

*
* Part Number 400135 Desc RESIN, TOOLING UM LB *
*
* Accounting Value 0.910 *
* Last Actual Cost 0.910 *
* Avg Actual Cost 0.894 *
* -- Deliveries -- *
* Vendor PO Nbr Unit Cost Quantity PO Date First Last *
*
*126 ALPHA RESINS SUPPL 900926 0.830/ 1000 03-07-90 03-08-90 *
*126 ALPHA RESINS SUPPL 900053 0.830/ 1500 01-12-90 01-15-90 *
*126 ALPHA RESINS SUPPL 900011 0.930/ 500 01-05-90 01-08-90 *
*126 ALPHA RESINS SUPPL 893063 0.830/ 1000 12-01-89 12-04-89 *
*126 ALPHA RESINS SUPPL 892185 0.830/ 1000 09-22-89 09-25-89 *
*126 ALPHA RESINS SUPPL 891623 0.830/ 2500 06-27-89 07-05-89 *
*126 ALPHA RESINS SUPPL 891422 0.830/ 500 06-09-89 06-12-89 *
*126 ALPHA RESINS SUPPL 891339 0.830/ 1000 06-02-89 06-05-89 *
*126 ALPHA RESINS SUPPL 891264 0.830/ 1500 05-13-89 05-21-89 *
*126 ALPHA RESINS SUPPL 891116 0.830/ 1000 05-04-89 05-08-89 *

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5-89

* Part Number 400135 Desc RESIN, TOOLING UM LB *
*
* Accounting Value 0.910 *
* Last Actual Cost 0.910 *
* Avg Actual Cost 0.894 *
* -- Deliveries -- *
* Vendor PO Nbr Unit Cost Quantity PO Date First Last *
*
*126 ALPHA RESINS SUPPL 890953 0.930/ 1000 07-07-89 07-10-89 *
*126 ALPHA RESINS SUPPL 890952 0.830/ 500 07-07-89 07-10-89 *
*126 ALPHA RESINS SUPPL 890644 0.830/ 1000 03-17-89 03-20-89 *
*126 ALPHA RESINS SUPPL 890521 0.850/ 1000 03-04-89 03-10-89 *
*126 ALPHA RESINS SUPPL 65774 0.850/ 500 12-09-88 12-12-88 *
*126 ALPHA RESINS SUPPL 65695 0.950/ 1500 11-21-88 11-22-88 *
*126 ALPHA RESINS SUPPL 64787 0.840/ 2500 07-26-88 08-01-88 *
*126 ALPHA RESINS SUPPL 64541 0.900/ 2500 05-15-88 06-20-88 *
*126 ALPHA RESINS SUPPL 64454 0.760/ 1000 05-03-88 06-07-88 *
*126 ALPHA RESINS SUPPL 64393 0.760/ 2000 05-20-88 05-20-88 *

4-89
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5-89

20,000 15/27
x 1/2
x 1/200
= 6.549

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Screen For PO.HISTORY Show Purchase History for a Part

* Part Number 400102 Desc GEL-COAT WHIMBLETON WHITE UN LB *

* Accounting Value 1.040 *

* Last Actual Cost 1.040 *

* Avg Actual Cost 1.045 *

* -- Deliveries -- *

Vendor	PO Nbr	Unit Cost	Quantity	PO Date	First	Last
*246	CO-FLAS, INC. 902919	0.930/	5000	07-20-90	07-20-90	
*246	CO-FLAS, INC. 902667	0.930/	5000	07-20-90	07-23-90	
*246	CO-FLAS, INC. 902350 4	0.930/	5000	06-22-90	07-09-90	
*246	CO-FLAS, INC. 902221	0.930/	5000	06-04-90	06-19-90	
*246	CO-FLAS, INC. 901958	0.930/	5000	05-29-90	05-29-90	
*246	CO-FLAS, INC. 901864	0.930/	5000	05-11-90	05-21-90	
*246	CO-FLAS, INC. 901573	0.930/	5000	04-27-90	05-07-90	
*246	CO-FLAS, INC. 901533	0.930/	10000	04-23-90	04-27-90	
*246	CO-FLAS, INC. 901114	0.930/	10000	04-23-90	04-27-90	
*246	CO-FLAS, INC. 901114	0.930/	5000	04-12-90	04-20-90	

pounds

4-90



* Part Number 400102 Desc GEL-COAT WHIMBLETON WHITE UN LB *

* Accounting Value 1.040 *

* Last Actual Cost 1.040 *

* Avg Actual Cost 1.035 *

* -- Deliveries -- *

Vendor	PO Nbr	Unit Cost	Quantity	PO Date	First	Last
*246	CO-FLAS, INC. 901303	0.930/	5000	04-05-90	04-10-90	
*246	CO-FLAS, INC. 901163	0.930/	5000	03-29-90	04-03-90	
*246	CO-FLAS, INC. 900937	0.930/	10000	03-09-90	03-19-90	
*246	CO-FLAS, INC. 900795	0.930/	5000	03-12-90	03-12-90	
*246	CO-FLAS, INC. 900765	0.930/	5000	02-27-90	03-01-90	
*246	CO-FLAS, INC. 900587	0.930/	5000	02-16-90	02-21-90	
*246	CO-FLAS, INC. 900522	0.930/	5000	02-09-90	02-12-90	
*246	CO-FLAS, INC. 900329	0.930/	5000	01-25-90	01-31-90	
*246	CO-FLAS, INC. 900063	0.930/	5000	01-16-90	01-19-90	
*246	CO-FLAS, INC. 893034 1	0.930/	10000	11-22-89	12-11-89	

* Part Number 400102 Desc GEL-COAT WHIMBLETON WHITE UN LB *

* Accounting Value 1.040 *

* Last Actual Cost 1.040 *

* Avg Actual Cost 1.045 *

* -- Deliveries -- *

Vendor	PO Nbr	Unit Cost	Quantity	PO Date	First	Last
*246	CO-FLAS, INC. 893034	0.930/	10000	11-22-89	12-05-89	
*246	CO-FLAS, INC. 892974 2	0.930/	10000	11-13-89	11-23-89	
*246	CO-FLAS, INC. 892973	1.000/	2131	10-15-89	10-15-89	
*246	CO-FLAS, INC. 892904	1.000/	10000	10-31-89	11-10-89	
*246	CO-FLAS, INC. 892735	1.000/	10000	10-20-89	11-01-89	
*246	CO-FLAS, INC. 892421	1.000/	10000	09-27-89	10-12-89	
*246	CO-FLAS, INC. 892193	1.000/	10000	09-22-89	09-29-89	
*246	CO-FLAS, INC. 892161	1.000/	10000	09-14-89	09-19-89	
*246	CO-FLAS, INC. 892071	1.000/	10000	09-25-89	09-29-89	
*246	CO-FLAS, INC. 892008	1.000/	10000	09-11-89	09-15-89	

* Part Number 400102 Desc GEL-COAT WHIMBLETON WHITE UN LB *

* Accounting Value 1.040 *

* Last Actual Cost 1.040 *

* Avg Actual Cost 1.045 *

* -- Deliveries -- *

Vendor	PO Nbr	Unit Cost	Quantity	PO Date	First	Last
*246	CO-FLAS, INC. 891958	1.000/	11000	09-04-89	08-07-89	
*246	CO-FLAS, INC. 891637	1.030/	10000	07-14-89	07-19-89	
*246	CO-FLAS, INC. 891570	1.050/	10000	06-23-89	05-27-89	
*246	CO-FLAS, INC. 891542	1.050/	10000	06-09-89	06-13-89	
*246	CO-FLAS, INC. 891502	1.050/	10000	05-19-89	05-23-89	
*246	CO-FLAS, INC. 890948	1.030/	10000	04-29-89	05-04-89	
*246	CO-FLAS, INC. 890950	1.050/	8000	04-24-89	04-28-89	
*246	CO-FLAS, INC. 890902	1.050/	13579	04-14-89	04-18-89	
*246	CO-FLAS, INC. 890775	1.050/	10000	03-31-89	04-03-89	
*246	CO-FLAS, INC. 890641	1.050/	10000	03-17-89	03-22-89	

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5-89

4-89



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PRO-LINE BOATS, INC.

Page 1

Acct #08 Port 0

Screen For PO.HISTORY should show Purchase History for a Part

Acetone

jallons

UM GL

Accounting Value 2.395
Last Actual Cost 2.138
Avg Actual Cost 2.138
-- Deliveries --

*Vendor	PO Nbr	Unit Cost	Quantity	PO Date	First	Last
*801	WHITAKER 901616	2.057/	1000	05-04-90	05-07-90	
*801	WHITAKER 901276	2.057/	1000	04-11-90	04-16-90	
*801	WHITAKER 901049	2.057/	1000	03-21-90	03-26-90	4-90
*801	WHITAKER 900931	2.057/	1000	02-23-90	03-02-90	↓
*801	WHITAKER 900448	1.930/	1100	02-02-90	02-05-90	
*801	WHITAKER 900126	1.930/	1000	01-10-90	01-15-90	
*801	WHITAKER 893141	1.930/	1000	12-01-89	12-05-89	
*801	WHITAKER 892844	1.930/	1000	11-11-89	11-18-89	
*801	WHITAKER 892826	1.930/	1347	11-01-89	11-21-89	
*801	WHITAKER 892800	1.930/	1100	09-14-89	09-27-89	

Part Number 400111 Desc ACETONE UM GL

Accounting Value 2.395
Last Actual Cost 2.138
Avg Actual Cost 2.138
-- Deliveries --

*Vendor	PO Nbr	Unit Cost	Quantity	PO Date	First	Last
*999	MISCELLANEOUS 892073	1.930/	1000	04-11-89	04-16-89	
*190	MATRIX RECOVERY SY 890284	1.650/	850	04-11-89	04-25-89	
*190	MATRIX RECOVERY SY 891853	2.000/	850	03-11-89	03-16-89	
*190	MATRIX RECOVERY SY 891792	2.000/	800	07-23-89	08-01-89	
*190	MATRIX RECOVERY SY 891490	2.000/	800	07-14-89	07-17-89	
*190	MATRIX RECOVERY SY 891463	1.650/	613	05-30-89	07-05-89	
*190	MATRIX RECOVERY SY 891439	1.650/	800	06-16-89	06-19-89	
*190	MATRIX RECOVERY SY 891370	1.650/	400	05-02-89	05-05-89	↑
*190	MATRIX RECOVERY SY 891261	1.650/	800	05-19-89	05-22-89	
*190	MATRIX RECOVERY SY 891120	1.650/	800	05-05-89	05-09-89	5-89

Part Number 400111 Desc ACETONE UM GL

Accounting Value 2.395
Last Actual Cost 2.395
Avg Actual Cost 2.138
-- Deliveries --

*Vendor	PO Nbr	Unit Cost	Quantity	PO Date	First	Last
*190	MATRIX RECOVERY SY 890961	1.650/	850	04-21-89	04-25-89	
*190	MATRIX RECOVERY SY 890825	1.650/	850	04-07-89	04-10-89	
*190	MATRIX RECOVERY SY 890778	1.650/	800	03-31-89	04-03-89	
*190	MATRIX RECOVERY SY 890654	1.650/	1500	03-20-89	03-20-89	
*190	MATRIX RECOVERY SY 890449	1.650/	800	02-24-89	02-28-89	
*190	MATRIX RECOVERY SY 890313	1.650/	800	02-09-89	02-13-89	
*190	MATRIX RECOVERY SY 890162	1.650/	900	01-20-89	01-23-89	
*190	MATRIX RECOVERY SY 890040	1.650/	800	01-06-89	01-09-89	
*190	MATRIX RECOVERY SY 890032	1.650/	600	12-12-88	12-12-88	
*190	MATRIX RECOVERY SY 890022	1.650/	800	11-09-88	11-09-88	

* Part Number 400102

Desc GEL-COAT WHIMELETON WHITE UM LB

BEST AVAILABLE COPY

Accounting Value 1.040

Last Actual Cost 1.040

Avg Actual Cost 1.045

-- Deliveries --

#Vendor	PO Nbr	Unit Cost	Quantity	PO Date	First	Last
*246	CO-FLAS, INC.	890439	1.050/	10000	02-21-89	02-21-89
*246	CO-FLAS, INC.	890377	1.050/	10000	02-17-89	02-20-89
*246	CO-FLAS, INC.	890334	1.020/	6595	02-10-89	02-14-89
*246	CO-FLAS, INC.	890213	1.020/	6500	01-27-89	02-01-89
*246	CO-FLAS, INC.	890159	1.020/	4400	01-20-89	01-25-89
*246	CO-FLAS, INC.	890096	1.020/	6476	01-13-89	01-17-89
*246	CO-FLAS, INC.	85787	1.020/	4000	12-19-88	12-21-88
*246	CO-FLAS, INC.	85307	1.020/	10000	12-09-88	01-03-89
*246	CO-FLAS, INC.	85731	1.020/	10000	12-02-88	12-07-88
*246	CO-FLAS, INC.	65445	1.020/	11762	11-17-88	11-22-88

* Part Number 400102

Desc GEL-COAT WHIMELETON WHITE UM LB

Accounting Value 1.040

Last Actual Cost 1.040

Avg Actual Cost 1.045

-- Deliveries --

#Vendor	PO Nbr	Unit Cost	Quantity	PO Date	First	Last
*246	CO-FLAS, INC.	65414	1.020/	10000	11-04-88	11-08-88
*246	CO-FLAS, INC.	65477	1.020/	2786	10-01-88	10-10-88
*246	CO-FLAS, INC.	65379	1.020/	11660	10-24-88	10-27-88
*246	CO-FLAS, INC.	65265	1.020/	10000	10-01-88	10-10-88
*246	CO-FLAS, INC.	65233	1.020/	11040	09-21-88	09-27-88
*246	CO-FLAS, INC.	65135	1.020/	7500	09-01-88	09-10-88
*246	CO-FLAS, INC.	64930	1.020/	10000	08-15-88	08-24-88
*246	CO-FLAS, INC.	64954	1.020/	1200	08-07-88	08-10-88
*246	CO-FLAS, INC.	64707	0.960/	11000	07-15-88	07-19-88
*246	CO-FLAS, INC.	64651	0.960/	11000	06-24-88	06-29-88

* Part Number 400102

Desc GEL-COAT WHIMELETON WHITE UM LB

Accounting Value 1.040

Last Actual Cost 1.040

Avg Actual Cost 1.045

-- Deliveries --

#Vendor	PO Nbr	Unit Cost	Quantity	PO Date	First	Last
*246	CO-FLAS, INC.	64463	0.960/	1000	05-05-88	05-07-88
*246	CO-FLAS, INC.	64390	0.960/	10000	05-19-88	05-23-88

↑
5-88

460,749 ^{lb} / 28ms
 x 1/2
~~870-3167~~
 x 1/2000
 = 115.2 ty

17-10

BEST AVAILABLE COPY

* Vendor	PO Nbr	Unit Cost	Quantity	PO Date	First	Last
*190	MATRIX RECOVERY SY 65601	1.650/	800	11-11-83	11-14-83	
*190	MATRIX RECOVERY SY 65395	1.650/	1150	10-29-83	10-31-83	
*190	MATRIX RECOVERY SY 65375A	1.650/	800	10-21-83	10-24-83	
*190	MATRIX RECOVERY SY 65276	1.650/	1000	10-13-83	10-14-83	
*190	MATRIX RECOVERY SY 65250	1.650/	800	09-28-83	09-28-83	
*190	MATRIX RECOVERY SY 65167	1.650/	800	09-14-83	09-19-83	
*190	MATRIX RECOVERY SY 64993	1.650/	900	09-02-83	09-06-83	
*190	MATRIX RECOVERY SY 64971	1.750/	800	03-19-83	03-19-83	
*190	MATRIX RECOVERY SY 64821	1.750/	500	04-05-83	04-09-83	
*190	MATRIX RECOVERY SY 64762	1.750/	600	07-03-83	07-26-83	

* Vendor	PO Nbr	Unit Cost	Quantity	PO Date	First	Last
*190	MATRIX RECOVERY SY 64723	1.750/	500	04-03-83	04-11-83	
*190	MATRIX RECOVERY SY 64652	1.750/	600	06-24-83	06-27-83	
*190	MATRIX RECOVERY SY 64496	1.750/	307	06-16-83	06-17-83	
*190	MATRIX RECOVERY SY 64487	1.750/	800	06-13-83	06-13-83	
*190	MATRIX RECOVERY SY 64330A	1.750/	500	07-13-83	07-13-83	

Accounting Value 2.335
 Last Actual Cost 2.335
 Avg Actual Cost 2.133

-- Deliveries --

↑
5-88

↑
6900
 36 717 gal/2yr
 x 1/2
 x 6.5 lb/gal
 x 1/2000
 = 59.7 toy