

RECEIVED

October 27, 1998

OCT 3 0 1998

BUREAU OF AIR REGULATION

Mr. Scott Sheplak, P.E.
Division of Air Resource Management
Florida Department of Environmental Protection
2600 Blair Stone Rd.
Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400

Dear Mr. Sheplak:

Re:

FPC Crystal River Facility, Notice of Intent to Issue Title V Air Operation Permit •

Revised Draft Title V Permit No. 0170004-004-AV

Enclosed please find the notarized proof of publication received from the Citrus County Chronicle for the Florida Department of Environmental Protection *Notice of Intent to Issue Title V Air Operation Permit* referenced to the above request. The notice was published on October 12, 1998.

If you should have any questions concerning this correspondence, please do not hesitate to contact me at (727) 826-4258.

Sincerely,

Scott H. Osbourn

11/4/98 cc: Ed Svec

Senior Environmental Engineer

CC:

Bill Thomas, DEP SW District (w/attach)

Attachment

# **Proof Of Publication**

from the

### CITRUS COUNTY CHRONICLE

Crystal River, Citrus County, Florida **PUBLISHED DAILY** 

STATE OF FLORIDA COLINITY OF CITILIE

COUNTY OF CIROS
Before the undersigned authority personally appeared FELICIA H.SATCHELL
of the Citrus County Chronicle, a newspaper published daily at Crystal River, in Citrus County, Florida, that the attached copy of advertisement being a public notice in the matter of the
PERMIT NO.0170004-004-AV/CITRUS COUNTY
Court, was published in said newspaper in the issues of
OCTOBER 12,1998

Affiant further says that the Citrus County Chronicle is a newspaper published at Crystal River in said Citrus County, Florida, and that the said newspaper has heretofore been continuously published in Citrus County, Florida, each week and has been entered as second class mail matter at the post office in Inverness in said Citrus County, Florida, for a period of one year next preceding the first publication of the attached copy of advertisement; and affiant further says that he/she has neither paid nor promised any person, firm or corporation any discount, rebate, commission or refund for the purpose of securing this advertisement for publication in the said newspaper.

The forgoing instrument was acknowledged before 12th day of OCT me this \_\_\_\_

by FELICIA H.SATCHELL

who is personally known to me and who did take an oath.

利otary Public)。

Notary Public, State of Florida Commission No. CC 669909
For no My Commission Exp. 08/16/2001

1409-3-POTARY - Fig. Notary Service & Bonding Co. 2

A401012 MCBN
A401012 MCBN
PRINC NOTICE
OF INTENT TO SISUE TITLE V AIR OPERATION PERMIT
DEPARTMENT OF PRINCIPAL HARD PRINCIPAL PROTECTION
TITLE V Revised DRAFT Permit No.: 0170004-004-AV

Ciyakii Biver Plant

Chus County

The Department of Environmental Protection (permitting outhority) dives notice of its Intent to Issue a Title V of operation (permitting outhority) dives notice of its Intent to Issue a Title V of operation (permit to Seminole Beckin) Cooperative, Inc. for fine Crystal River point to Coded west 199 U.S. Hajwiroy 199 (notif but Crystal River point of the Crystal River authority of River authorit

Need DRAFT Permit the permitting outhority shall issue another Revised DRAFT Permit and require. If applicable, another Public Notice Indiana with the permitting authority shall save another Public Notice Indiana with the properties of the proper

cre none, the petition must so stone.

(e) A conclete stotement of the uffirmate facts alleged, as well as the rules and statutes which entitle petitioner to reflect well as the rules and statutes which entitle petitioner to reflect

in A demand for relef. It is a part of the material facts upon which the permitting outhority's action is based that state that no such facts are in depute and otherwise shall contain the state have a property of the permitting outhority's action is based that state that the permitting outhority and otherwise shall contain the state in the permitting of the permitten of the permitting of

no such facts are in dispute and otherwise shall contain the same information as set forth above, as required by Rule 21 (16.30), FAC.

Because the administrative hearing process is designed in the permitting authority's final action may be different from the permitting authority's final action may be different from the permitting authority's final action may be different from the permitting authority in the notice of intent. Persons whose suit to stand token by it in this notice of intent. Persons whose suit to standard interests will be affected by any such final decision of the permitting authority on the application have the right to permit into the became a party to the proceeding. In accordance with the requirements set forth above.

Medication is not available for this proceeding.

In addition to the above, pusuant to 42 United States Code (U.S.C.) Section 7661 of (b) (2), any person may petition the Administrator's 45 (tothy-five) day review period as exist shed of 42 U.S.C. Section 7661 of (b) (1), to object to issuince of any permit may be peritable only on objection as the permit that were raised with reasonable specificity durin the 30 (thinky) day public comment period provided in this in the permit that were raised with reasonable specificity durin the 30 (thinky) day public comment period provided in this in the permit that were imposed or unless the grounds for such objection are after the comment period. Hing of a petition with the Administrator of the EPA does not stoy the effective date of any permit requirements of 42 U.S.C. Section 7661 of (b) (2) and must be equirements of 42 U.S.C. Section 7661 of (b) (2) and must be equirements of 42 U.S.C. Section 7661 of (b) (2) and must be such as the permitted of the EPA does not stoy the effective date of any permit properly issued pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 6221; F.A.C. Petitions fleed with the Administrator of EPA must meet the equirements of 42 U.S.C. Section 7661 of (b) (2) and must be such as the permitted of the EPA does not stoy th

Permitting Authority: Affected District/Local Program Department of Brytonmental Protection

Crystat River



## RECEIVED

OCT 15 1998

BUREAU OF AIR REGULATION

October 12, 1998

Mr. Scott Sheplak, P.E. Bureau of Air Regulation Florida Department of Environmental Protection 2600 Blair Stone Rd. Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400

Dear Mr. Sheplaks

Re: Status of Title V Permits

As you know, a meeting was held on August 28, 1998 between the Department and Mr. Scott Osbourn of my staff. The purpose of the meeting was to resolve several pending Title V issues in order to advance these permits to the "proposed" stage as expeditiously as possible. Based upon the meeting, the following is a brief summary of FPC's understanding and position regarding the status of several of FPC's Title V permits.

### 1. Bartow facility (DRAFT Title V Permit No. 1030011-002-AV)

FPC received the Intent to Issue Title V Air Operation Permit and draft Title V permit for the Bartow facility on October 6, 1997. Following several extensions of time and discussions with the Department, FPC filed a Petition for Administrative Hearing on April 30, 1998 (Petition). The primary issue involved in this Petition is whether FPC is required to retain an electrostatic precipitator (ESP) associated with Unit 1, although there are numerous other less contentious permit issues that also require resolution.

As detailed in FPC's November 11, 1997 comment letter and FPC's Petition filed April 30, 1998, FPC maintains that there is no factual or legal basis to require FPC to retain and operate the electrostatic precipitator (ESP) associated with Bartow Unit 1. However, in an effort to move the Title V permitting process forward, FPC is willing to accept a permit that requires that the ESP be retained and used. In exchange for accepting such a requirement, FPC requests the inclusion of additional permit language to clarify this unique situation. Specifically, the ESP utilized at the Bartow facility was not designed to be operated during fuel oil firing (i.e., the ESP was designed based on the use of a coal/oil mixture (COM) fuel). The ESP is also reaching the end of its anticipated design life. Therefore, significant capital investment will be required to continue its operation. Also, because this unit is oil-fired, the ESP is not needed to assure compliance with the applicable particulate matter limits. FPC requests that the statement of basis for the Bartow Title V

permit recognize these facts, in order to ensure that the Credible Evidence rule and the Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) rule, to the extent they may be triggered for Unit 1, are appropriately implemented. Specifically, the final CAM rule (40 CFR Part 64.2(b)(ii), Control Devices Criterion) applies only to pollutant-specific emissions units that rely on a control device to achieve compliance. In this regard, FPC requests that the description/statement of basis for Unit 1 be revised as follows:

Unit 1 is a . . . . Particulate matter emissions are controlled by a General Electric Services, Inc. Model 1-BAB1.2X37(9)36.0-434-4.3P electrostatic precipitator (ESP) consisting of five fields in depth. This ESP was designed to operate when utilizing a coal/oil mixture, which is no longer burned by FPC. Moreover, because Unit 1 is oil-fired, this unit is capable of meeting the applicable particulate matter and opacity limits in Conditions A.7 and A.8 without the use of the ESP and, therefore, the provisions of 40 CFR Part 64 do not apply..

In addition, FPC submitted an application to the Department requesting a permit amendment for modification of the fly ash collection system associated with the ESP. The Department has responded that this request is acceptable and that operating permits AO52-233149 and -232464 (for Unit 1 and the fly ash system, respectively) will be amended. Therefore, several Title V conditions relating to operation of the fly ash system will need to be revised. The current request for an extension of time in which to file a petition for an administrative hearing expires on October 15, 1998. In order to properly address the above issues, FPC has requested a further extension until November 15, 1998.

### 2. Anclote facility (Draft Title V Permit No. 1010017-003-AV)

Although there are several issues involved with this permit, the provision regarding used oil appears to be the primary issue. This permit is under Petition for Administrative Hearing with DOAH, to which we currently have an extension of time until December 1, 1998. In order to withdraw its Petition for Administrative Hearing, FPC needs to receive a document from DEP reflecting revised language to which both parties agree.

In this regard, FPC has provided DEP with additional data regarding how other states have authorized facilities to utilize on-specification used oil. None of the examples found thus far have expressed any concern regarding lead emissions; in fact, the lead criteria for "on-specification" used oil was established at a level expressly designed to protect the National Ambient Air Quality Standard for lead.

### 3. **DeBary facility** (Draft Title V permit No. 1270028-001-AV)

FPC understands that the issues involved with this permit were resolved at our August 28, 1998 meeting. As requested by the Department during our meeting, attached is a summary of combustion turbine operating hours for 1997 and 1998. We appreciate the Department's efforts to reach this agreement and look forward to withdrawing our Petition for Administrative Hearing after receiving a document from the Department reflecting the revised conditions.

### 4. **Crystal River facility** (Draft TitleV Permit No. 1270020-001-AV)

FPC received a revised draft permit from the Department on October 5, 1998, and the issues involved with this permit have largely been resolved. The *Notice of Intent to Issue Title V Permit* was published on October 12, 1998. In order to properly review the revised draft permit, FPC has requested an extension of time in which to file a petition for an administrative hearing until November 12, 1998.

### 5. Periodic Monitoring

By letter dated August 27, 1998 (attached), FPC requested specific language to be added to FPC's permits regarding heat input. FPC specifically reiterates this request for the four permits discussed above. FPC has still not finalized its position on other periodic monitoring issues.

Thank you for your attention and cooperation in issuing Title V permits to FPC's facilities. If the above information is not consistent with your understanding, or we need to discuss any of these issues or deadlines further, please contact either Mr. Scott Osbourn at (727) 826-4258 or me at (727) 826-4301 at your earliest convenience. Again, it is FPC's desire to advance these Title V permits to the "final" stage as expeditiously as possible.

Sincerely,

W. Jeffrey Pardue, C.E.P.

Director, Environmental Services

FPC Responsible Official

Attachments

cc: Clair Fancy, DEP BAR

Robert Manning, Esq., HGS&S Ken Kosky, P.E., Golder Assosiates **DeBary Operating Hours** 

Author: Wilson B. Hicks Jr. at east/o=FLORIDA POWER/c=US/a=MCI/p=FLPROG

Date: 8/31/98 12:08 PM

Priority: Normal Receipt Requested

TO: Scott H. Osbourn at goc, openmail

Subject: DEBARY P7-P10 1997 AND 1998 OPERATING HOURS
----- Message Contents ------

SCOTT:

PER YOUR REQUEST, HERE ARE THE HOURS:

YEAR	1997	1998
P-7	1817	1453
P-8	870	673
P-9	1722	1393
P-10	822	676

IF YOU NEED ANY ADDITIONAL INFORMATION, PLEASE, LET ME KNOW.

WILSON

Heat Input Correspondence

bcc: J. M. Kennedy J. L. Tillman

File: Title V Periodic Monitorin k:\user\sosbourn\1998\heatinpu.doc
927-616000-AIR



August 27, 1998

Mr. Clair Fancy, P.E. Chief, Bureau of Air Regulation Florida Department of Environmental Protection 2600 Blair Stone Rd. Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400

Dear Mr. Fancy:

Re: Periodic Monitoring in Title V Permits: Heat Input Limits

As you know, a meeting was held between the EPA, the Department and utility representatives at the Florida Electric Power Coordinating Group (FCG) offices on July 14, 1998. The purpose of the meeting was to discuss the periodic monitoring requirements of 40 CFR 70.6(a)(3)(i) as applied to Title V permits. The meeting presented an opportunity for all parties to represent their views, and it was clear that there remains considerable disagreement as to the proper application of the periodic monitoring guidance.

In addition to the July 14, 1998 meeting, FPC has also reviewed DEP's March 10, 1998 letter to EPA (Re: Proposed Changes to FPL Proposed Title V Permits to Satisfy EPA Objections). FPC has still not formalized its position on periodic monitoring, including all of the issues raised in the March 10, 1998 letter. However, the resolution outlined in the March 10th letter regarding heat input limitations appears to be reasonable and one that FPC is willing to accept. This resolution required adding a note to the "permitted capacity" condition for each Title V permit, and an explanation that regular record keeping is not required for heat input. Specifically, the Department stated that they would add the following language to the statement of basis:

The heat input limitations have been placed in each permit to identify the capacity of each unit for the purposes of confirming that emissions testing is conducted within 90 to 100 percent of the unit's rated capacity (or to limit future operation to 110 percent of the test load), to establish appropriate emissions limits and to aid in determining future rule applicability. A note below the permitted capacity condition clarifies this. Regular record keeping is not required for heat input. Instead, the owner or operator is expected to determine heat input whenever emission testing is required, to demonstrate at what percentage of the rated capacity that the unit was tested. Rule 62-297.310(5), F.A.C., included in the permit, requires measurement of process variables for emissions tests. Such heat input determination may be based on measurements of fuel consumption by various methods including but not limited to fuel flow metering or tank drop

Mr. Fancy August 27, 1998 Page 2

measurements, using the heat value of the fuel determined by the fuel vendor or the owner or operator, to calculate average hourly heat input during the test.

Also, the Department added the following language to each permit condition titled Permitted Capacity:

(Permitting note: The heat input limitations have been placed in each permit to identify the capacity of each unit for the purposes of confirming that emissions testing is conducted within 90 to 100 percent of the unit's rated capacity (or to limit future operation to 110 percent of the test load), to establish appropriate emission limits and to aid in determining future rule applicability.)

Accordingly, FPC requests that this language regarding heat input be added to all of FPC's Title V permits currently being processed by the Department. FPC intends to notify the Department as soon as possible after formalizing its position on the remainder of periodic monitoring issues. If you should have any questions concerning the above, please do not hesitate to contact me at (727) 826-4258.

Sincerely,

Scott H. Osbourn

Senior Environmental Engineer

cc: Robert Manning, HGS&S

P.3



## RECEIVED

OCT 02 1998 September 30, 1998

> BUREAU OF AIR REGULATION

Ms. Kathy Carter, Clerk Office of General Counsel Florida Department of Environmental Protection Room 638 3900 Commonwealth Blvd. Tallahassee, FL 32399-3000

Dear Ms. Carter:

Florida Power Corporation, Crystal River Plant

REQUEST FOR EXTENSION OF TIME on the Intent to Issue Title V Air Operation Permit,

Draft Permit No. 0170004-004-AV

On October 9, 1997, Florida Power Corporation (FPC) received the above-referenced Intent to Issue Title V Air Operation Permit. A review of the permit conditions has revealed that several issues remain to be resolved. Accordingly, FPC requests an extension of time, pursuant to Florida Administrative Code Rule 62-110.106(4), to and including November 1, 1998, in which to file a Petition for Administrative Proceedings in the above-styled matter. Granting of this request will not prejudice either party, but will further both parties' mutual interest by hopefully avoiding the need to actually file a Petition for Administrative Proceeding in this matter. If the Department denies this request. FPC requests the opportunity to file a Petition for Administrative Proceeding within 10 days of such denial

If you should have any questions, please contact Mr. Scott Osbourn of FPC at (727) 826-4258.

Sincerely.

W. Jeffrey Pardue, C.E.P.

Director, Environmental Services Department

Title V Responsible Official

Robert A. Manning, Esq.

Hopping Green Sams & Smith

CC:

Scott Sheplak, DEP

Jeffrey Brown, DEP OGC

## INTEROFFICE MEMORANDUM

Sensitivity: COMPANY CONFIDENTIAL Date:

Date: 01-Oct-1998 10:08am From: Mary Fillingim TAL

FILLINGIM M

Dept: Air Resources Management

**Tel No:** 850/488-0114

To: See Below

Subject: New Posting #0170004

There is a new posting on Florida's website.

0170004004AV

CRYSTAL RIVER POWER PLANT

Draft

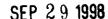
The notification letter is encoded and attached. If you have any questions, please feel free to contact me.

Thanks, Mary

#### Distribution:

To:	adams yolanda	(	adams.yolanda@epamail.epa.gov@in )
To:	pierce carla	(	<pre>pierce.carla@epamail.epa.gov@in )</pre>
To:	Barbara Boutwell TAL	(	BOUTWELL B )
To:	Scott Sheplak TAL	(	SHEPLAK S )
To:	Terry Knowles TAL	(	KNOWLES T )
To:	danois gracy	(	danois.gracy@epamail.epa.gov@in )
To:	Elizabeth Walker TAL	(	WALKER E )
To:	Ed Svec TAL	{	SVEC_E <sup>-</sup> )

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BUREAU OF AIR REGULATION



September 28, 1998

Mr. Clair Fancy, P.E. Bureau of Air Regulation Florida Department of Environmental Protection 2600 Blair Stone Rd. Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400

Dear Mr. Fancy:

Re: Coal "Briquettes" Fuel

As you discussed with Mike Kennedy last week, Florida Power Corporation (FPC) has been approached by its fuel supplier, Electric Fuels Corporation, concerning the possibility of burning "coal briquettes" at its Crystal River plant. The briquettes are produced from coal fines at the mines that currently supply the coal for Crystal River Units 1, 2, 4, and 5. Coal fines are combined under heat and pressure with a small amount of oil (maximum of 5% Bunker C oil) at the mine. The oil is the binding agent for the coal fines. Subjecting the coal fines to heat and pressure removes moisture and produces the coal briquettes, which are small chunks of coal that can be handled and burned with the regular coal supply.

Attachment 1 contains laboratory analyses of the coal supply for Units 1 and 2 and of an 80%/20% blend of coal and coal briquettes. The coal analysis represents the average coal delivered in 1997. Attachment 2 contains the same comparison for the low-sulfur fuel that is burned in Units 4 and 5. Note that since the briquettes are produced from the same coal supply as that being burned in the Crystal River units, the analyses are virtually identical. Therefore, burning the coal briquettes in Crystal River Units 1, 2, 4, and 5 will not result in an increase in air pollutant emissions.

As discussed in your meeting with Mr. Kennedy, since the Crystal River units are currently permitted to burn coal, oil, and used oil, and the coal briquettes are produced from coal fines at the mine from the same coal supply, FPC requests that the DEP add "coal briquettes" to the list of fuels authorized to be burned in units 1, 2, 4, and 5. Please contact Mike Kennedy at (727) 826-4334 if you have any questions.

Sincerely,

W. Jeffrey Pardue, C.E.P.

Director, Environmental Services

**FPC Responsible Official** 

# Attachment 1 Units 1 and 2 Fuel Supply Analysis



# Coal Analysis Report - Steam Coal

## Electric Fuels Corporation

September 1998

Typical FPC "A" Quality (Based on 1997 Deliveries)

Proximate Anal	<u>ysis</u>	•	Mineral Ash Analysis				
	As Received	Dry Basis		`	<u>Ignite</u>	d Basis	ì
Moisture, %	6.56	***	SiO2			52.70	
Ash, %	8.49	9.09	AI2O3			29.00	
Volatile Matter, %	35.43	37.92	Fe2O3			9.20	
Fixed Carbon, %	49.52	52.99	MgO			1.10	
Sulfur, %	1.09	1.17	CaO			1.80	
Btu/ib.	12691	13582	K2O			2.10	
			Na2O			0.45	
MAF Btu	149		TiO2			1:30	
SO2/MBtu	. 1	.72	P2O5			0.30	
			SO3			1.30	
			Undetermined			0.75	
Ultimate Analys	sis		Base/Acid Ratio			0.18	
,	_		Slagging Index			0.21	
	As Received	Dry Basis	Fouling Index			0.08	
	<del></del>		Silica Value			81.33	
Carbon, %	71.11	76.10	T250 Temperature			2875	
Hydrogen, %	4.72	5.05					
Nitrogen, %	1 35	1.45					
Oxygen, %	6.68	7.14					
			Ash Fusion Temperatures				
Chlorine, %	0.11	0.12	Degrees Fahrenheit				
			Reducing		<u>Ox</u>	<u>idizing</u>	
Sulfur Forms	•	•	Initial Deformation	2610		2700	+
			Softening	2690		2700	
	As Received	Dry Basis	Hernispherical	2700		2700	
	_,···		Fluid	2700	+	2700	+
Sulfate	0.01	0.01					
Pyritic	0.41	0.45					
Organic	0.67	0.71	Hardgrove Grindability Inde	×		43	

TO:813 826 4355



Electric Fuels Corporation

# Coal Analysis Report - Steam Coal

## **Electric Fuels Corporation**

September 1998

Proprosed "A" Quality

(Based on 1997 Quality blended including 200,000 of coal briquettes)

Proximate Analy	<u>ysis</u>	,	Mineral Ash Analysis	• •	• •
	As Received	Dry Basis		<u>lan</u>	ited Basis
Moisture, %	6.55	, ***	SiO2	. `	52.71
Ash, %	8.48	· ` 9.07	AI2O3		29.01
Volatile Matter, %	35.48	37.97	Fe2O3		9.20
Fixed Carbon, %	49,49	52.96	MgO	•	1.10
Sulfur, %	1.09	1,17	CaO	,	1.80
Btu/lb.	12696	13586	K2O		2.10
•	•		N820	•	0.45
MAF Btu	14941		TiO2		1.30
SO2/MBtu	1.72	<u>.</u>	P2O5		0.30
			SO3	•	1.30
		•	Undetermined .		0.73
Ultimate Analys	sis		Base/Acid Ratio		0.18
			Slagging Index		. 0.21
	As Received	Dry Basis	Fouling Index	,	0.08
•			Silica Value		81.33
Carbon, %	71.12	76.11	T250 Temperature		2876
Hydrogen, %	4.72	5.06			_
Nitrogen, %	1.35	1.45	` <u>`</u> .	•	•
Oxygen, %	6.69	7.14		•	
			Ash Fusion Temperatures		•
Chlorine, %	0.11	0.12	Degrees Fehrenheit	•	
· · .		,	Reducing	<u>9</u>	Oxidizing ,
Sulfur Forms	·		Initial Deformation	2610	2700 +
Outline 1 Office			Softening	2690	2700 +
	As Received	Dry Basis		2700 +	2700 +
	, 10 110001100		Fluid	2700 +	2700 +
Sulfate	0,01	0.01	<b>1</b>	•	
Pyritic	0.41	0.45		•	
Organic	0.67	0.71	Hardgrove Grindability Inde	x	43

# Attachment 2 Units 4 and 5 Fuel Supply Analysis



Electric
Fuels
Corporation

# Coal Analysis Report - Steam Coal

## **Electric Fuels Corporation**

September 1998

Typical FPC "D" Quality (Based on 1997 Deliveries)

Proximate Analy	ysis	: •	Mineral Ash Analysis	,		
· · · · ·	As Received	Dry Basis		19	nited Basi	<u>s</u>
Moisture, %	7.78	***	SiO2	•	56.5Ó	
Ash, %	9.17	9.94	AI2O3		28.60	
Volatile Matter, %	33.09	35.88	Fe2O3		5,40	
Fixed Carbon, %	49.96	54.18	MgO		1.20	
Sulfur, %	0.68	` 0.74	CaO		1.80	
Btu/lb.	12430	13479	K2O		2.20	
			Na20		0.45	
MAF Btu	14966		T1O2		1.40	
SO2/MBtu	1.09	•	P2O5		0.30	
. "			<b>SO3</b>		1.40	
·	,	•	Undetermined		0.75	. ' .
Ultimate Analys	Sis		Base/Acid Ratio	•	0.13	
		•	Slagging Index		0.09	
•	As Received	Dry Basis	Fouling Index	,	0.06	
<i>i</i> * .		ī	Silica Value		87.06	
Carbon, %	69.90	75.80	T250 Temperature		2950	
Hydrogen, %	4.61	5.00				
Nitrogen, %	1.34	1.45			,	
Oxygen, %	6.52	7.07	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,	,	
enjgon, n		٠	Ash Fusion Temperatures			
Chlorine, %	0.11	0.12	Dagrees Fahrenheit	-		
•		•	Reducing		Oxidizing	l
Sulfur Forms		·	Initial Deformation	2690	2700	+
Cuital 1 Ottilla	•	•	Softening	2700		
	As Received	Dry Basis	_ ;	2700 ·		
	Wa IZOCOIAOA	<u> </u>	Fluid	2700		
Sulfate	0.01	0.01			•	
Pyritic :	0.11	0.12		-		
Organic	0.56	0.61	Hardgrove Grindability Inde	x	42	•



Electric Fuels Corporation

# Coal Analysis Report - Steam Coal

## **Electric Fuels Corporation**

September 1998

Proposed FPC "D" Quality

(Based on 1997 Deliveries including 400,000 tons of coal briquettes)

	·	<u>-</u>				
Proximate Ana	<u>lysis</u>		Mineral Ash Analysis			
. •	As Received	Dry Basis		į	onited Bas	<u>s</u>
Moisture, %	<b>7</b> .77	. ***	SiO2		56.51	•
Ash, %	9.16	9.93	AI2O3		28.60	
Volatile Matter, %	33.14	35,93	Fe2O3		5.40	
Fixed Carbon, %		54.14	MgO		1.20	
Sulfur, %	0.68	0.74	CaO		1.80	
Btu/lb.	12435	13483	K2O .		2.20	
•			Na2O	•	0.45	
MAF Btu	14969		TiO2		. 1.40	
SO2/MBtu	1.09	•	P2O5 <sup>-</sup>		0.30	
	1		SO3		1.40	
• •			Undetermined	ı	0.74	
Ultimate Analys	sis		Base/Acid Ratio	•	0.13	
		. •	Slagging Index		0.09	
	As Received	Dry Basis	Fouling Index	,	0.06	
•	•	• •	Silica Value		87.06	
Carbon, %	69.92	75.81	T250 Temperature		2950	
Hydrogen, %	4.62	5.01				
Nitrogen, %	1.34	1.45				
Oxygen, %	6.51	7.06			•	
#11 <b>,6</b> =11, 12			Ash Fusion Temperatures	•		•
Chlorine, %	0.11	0.12	Degress Fahrenheit	•		•
			Reducing .	•	Oxidizing	1
Sulfur Forms			Initial Deformation	2690	. 2700	+
Salidi i VIIII	•	•	Softening	2700	+ 2700	+
	As Received	Dry Basis	<b>.</b>	2700	+ 2700	+
•			Fluid	2700		+.
Sulfate	ີ 0.01	0.01	'	•	1	
Pyritic	0.11	0.12				
Organic	0.56	0.61	Hardgrove Grindability Inde	X	42	: