OWERTAL WOTECTION
San Martin
FLORIDA

PERCHLOROETHYLENE DRY CLEANERS



COMPLIANCE INSPECTION CHECKLIST

INSPECTION TYPE: ANNUAL (INS1, INS2) RE-INSPECTION (FUI)] COMPLAINT/D] ARMS COMPLA	ISCOVERY (CI)
AIRS ID#: 0190072 DATE: <u>1-31-11</u>	ARRIVE: <u>115</u>	DEPART: <u>135</u>
FACILITY NAME: FICLEANERS		
FACILITY LOCATION: SUITE 130, 1581 CR 2	220	
ORANGE PARK 320	003	
OWNER/AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE: IN Email: CONTACT NAME: Email: ENTITLEMENT PERIOD: 9/26/2008 / 9/26/201 (effective date) (end date)		PHONE: (904)264-0526 Mobile: PHONE: Mobile:
PART I: INSPECTION COMPLIANCE STATUS (C	check 🗹 only one box)
IN COMPLIANCE IMINOR Non-COM	IPLIANCE SIG	NIFICANT Non-COMPLIANCE
PART II: FACILITY CLASSIFICATION (check I only one box in A) - Rule 62	2-213.300 FAC	
A. 1. Existing small area source dry-to-dry only, $x < 140$ gal/yr transfer only, $x < 200$ gal/yr both types, $x < 140$ gal/yr (constructed before 12/9/91)3. Existing large area source \Box dry-to-dry only, $140 \le x \le 2,100$ gal/yr transfer only, $200 \le x \le 1,800$ gal/yr both types, $140 \le x \le 1,800$ gal/yr (constructed before 12/9/91)5. Ineligible for General Permit \Box d rop store/out of business/petroleum / facility exceeds above limits	transfer only, both types, x - (constructed of 4. New large ar dry-to-dry on transfer only, both types, 14	ly, x < 140 gal/yr x < 200 gal/yr < 140 gal/yr on or after 12/9/91)

B. The sum of the volume of all perchloroethylene (perc) purchases made in each of the previous 12 months by this dry cleaning facility was 90.00 gallons.

PART III: <u>GENERAL CONTROL REQUIREMENTS</u> – Rule 62-213.300 FAC			(check ox for e		only o questio		
1. Is all perc, and wastes containing perc, in tightly sealed & impervious containers?	\boxtimes	Yes		No		N/A	
2. Are all perc. containers leak free ?	\boxtimes	Yes		No		N/A	
3. Are all machine doors kept closed and secured except during loading/unloading?	\boxtimes	Yes		No		ļ	
 Are cartridge filters d rained in their housing or in sealed containers for at least 24 hours prior to disposal? 	\boxtimes	Yes		No		N/A	
5. Has each dry cleaning system installed after December 21, 2005 at an area source, routed the air-PCE gas-vapor stream contained within each dry cleaning machine through a refrigerated condenser and passed the air-PCE gas-vapor stream from inside the dry cleaning machine drum through a non-vented carbon adsorber or equivalent control device immediately before the door of the dry cleaning machine is opened? The carbon adsorber must be desorbed in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.	\boxtimes	Yes		No		N/A	
6. Is solvent-to-carbon ratios and steam pressure for carbon adsorber beds		¥7		ът.,		NT/ A	
maintain according to the manufacturer's specifications?		Yes		No	X	N/A	
PART IV: <u>PROCESS VENT CONTROLS</u> – Rule 62-213.300 FAC						\neg	
(Refer to Part II-A.14. Classification: page <u>1</u> of <u>4</u> , this form)						ļ	
1. If the f acility classification is an existing small area source , no controls are required. P	rocee	ed to P	'art V.	,			
2. If the facility classification is a <u>new small area source</u> , the machine should be equipped with a refrigerated condenser. Complete section A. below.							
3. If the facility classification is an <u>existing large area source</u> , the machine should be equipped with either a refrigerated condenser or a carbon adsorber. Complete both sections A and B below. Carbon adsorber must have been installed prior to September 22, 1993							
4. If the facility classification is a <u>new large area source</u> , the machine should be equipped condenser. Complete both sections A and B below.	with	a refrig	gerated	ł			
A. Has the responsible official of all <u>existing large area & new sources</u> :	. Has the responsible official of all existing large area & new sources: (check 🗹 only one box for each question)						
1. Equipped all machines with the appropriate vent controls?	\boxtimes	Yes		No			
2. Equipped dry-to-dry machines with a closed-loop vapor venting system?	\boxtimes	Yes		No		N/A	
3. Equipped the condenser with a diverter valve so airflow will be directed away from the condenser upon opening the door?	\boxtimes	Yes		No		N/A	
4. Measured and recorded the temperature of the outlet exhaust stream of a refrigerated condenser on a weekly basis?	\boxtimes	Yes		No		N/A	
5. Repaired or adjusted the equipment within 24 hours if the exhaust temperature of the condenser exceeded 45° F?		Yes		No	\boxtimes	N/A	
6. Conducted all temperature monitoring after an appropriate cool-down period and after verifying that the coolant had been completely charged?	\boxtimes	Yes		No			

PA	PART IV: PROCESS VENT CONTROLS – Rule 62-213.300 FAC (continued)					
B. 1.	For all existing large or new large area sources: Is the exhaust temperature on the outlet side of the condenser located on dry-to-dry, reclaimer, and dryer machines measured and recorded on a weekly basis?		Yes	🗌 No		
2.	Is the washer exhaus t temperature at the condenser inlet and outlet measured and recorded weekly?		Yes Yes	D No	□ N/A □ N/A	
3.	Is the perc concentration in the exhaust stream inlet and outlet measured weekly at the end of the final drying cycle while the machine is venting to the adsorber, if machines are equipped exclusively with a carbon adsorber?		Yes	🗌 No	N/A	
	a) Is the perc concentration equal to, or less than 100 ppm?		Yes	🗌 No	N/A	
4.	Is the sampling port on the carbon adsorber exhaust for measuring perc concentrations at least 8 duct diameters downstream of any bend, contraction, or expansion; is at least 2 duct diameters upstream from any bend, contraction, or expansion; and downstream from no other inlet?		Yes	🗌 No	N/A	
5.	Are transfer machines equipped (dryers, reclaimers, and washers) with individual condenser coils?		Yes	🗌 No	N/A	
6.	Is airflow routed to the carbon adsorber (if used) at all times?		Yes	🗌 No	N/A	

PART V: <u>RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS</u> – Rule 62-213.300(3) FAC		(check box for		only one question)
1. Are receipts maintained for all perc purchased?] Y	es 🗌	No	
2. Are rolling monthly total s of yearly perc consumption maintained ?	Y	es 🗌	No	
3. Are leak detection inspection and repair reports maintained for the following:				
a) Of any leaks repaired w/in 24 hrs? or;] Y	es 🗌	No	N/A
 b) Of any parts ordered to repair leak and leak repaired w/in 2 days and parts installed w/in 5 days of receipt?] Y	es 🗌	No	N/A
4. Is calibration data maintained for applicable direct reading instruments?] Y	es 🗌	No	N/A
5. Is exhaust duct monitoring data on perc concentrations maintained?] Y	es 🗌	No	N/A
6. Is a startup/shutdown/malfunction plan maintained for each machine?	Y	es 🗌	No	
7. Are deviation reports maintained?] Y	es 🗌	No	N/A
a) Problem corrected?] Y	es 🗌	No	N/A
8. Is a compliance plan maintained, if applicable?] Y	es 🗌	No	N/A

P	ART VI: <u>LEAK DETECTION AND REPAIRS</u> – Rule 62-213.300 FAC	(check 🗹 only one						
1.	What type of leak detection equipment is used to detect leaks?	box for each question)						
	Halogenated hydrocarbon detector PCE gas analyzer None used							
2.	Is the halogenated hydrocarbon detector or PCE gas analyzer operated according to							
	the manufacturer's instructions (manual was available and RO could demonstrate							
	procedure) ?	Yes 🗌 No						
3.	For major sources is the halogenated hydrocarbon detector or PCE gas analyzer							
	operated according to EPA Method 21 ?	Yes D No N/A						
4.	Is the vapor leak inspection conducted by placing the probe inlet at the surface of							
	each component interface where leakage could occur and moving it slowly along							
	the interface periphery?	Yes 🗌 No						
5.	Is the PCE gas analyzer a flame ionization detector, photo ionization detector, or							
	infrared analyzer capable of detecting vapor concentrations of PCE of 25 parts per							
	million by volume (based on documented specifications) ?	Yes Do No A						
6.	Is the halogenated hydrocarbon detector capable of detecting vapor concentrations							
	of PCE of 25 parts per million by volume (based on documented specifications) and							
	indicating a concentration of 25 parts per million by volume or greater by emitting							
	an audible or visual signal that varies as the concentration changes? $\hfill \hfill $	Yes No N/A						
7.	Are the following dry cleaning system components inspected weekly for perceptible leaks (sight, sn	nell or touch) while the						
	system is in operation (§63.322(k))?							
	(Inspection with a halogenated hydrocarbon detector or PCE gas analyzer also fulfills the requirement for inspection of perceptible leaks)							
	b) Door gaskets and seating Xes No N/A h) Stills Xes No							
8.	Are the following dry cleaning system components inspected monthly for vapor leaks using a halog	enated hydrocarbon detector						
	or PCE gas analyzer while the system is in operation? (Any inspection conducted according to this parage	graph shall satisfy the						
	requirements to conduct an inspection for perceptible leaks under $63.322(k)$ or (l)							
	b) Door gaskets and seating Xes No N/A h) Stills Xes Construction Stills	Yes No N/A Yes No N/A						

PART VI: LEAK DETECTION AND REPAIRS – Rule 6	62-213.300 FAC (continued)				
 9. What evidence suggests that leak checks are performed as required? ☑ Leak log documentation ☑ RO Assurances ☑ On-site observation □ other Explain other : 					
Marc Lovallo	1-31-11				
Inspector's Name (Please Print)	Date of Inspection				
	Jan 2012				
Inspector's Signature	Approximate Date of Next Inspection				
COMMENTS: needs new layer of epoxy coating					