CHARTERIN WOTECTION	
Some Man	
FLORIDA	

PERCHLOROETHYLENE DRY CLEANERS



COMPLIANCE INSPECTION CHECKLIST

INSPECTION TYPE: ANNUAL (INS1, INS2) RE-INSPECTION (FUI)	COMPLAINT/DISCOVER	Y (CI)
AIRS ID#: 0571063 DATE: <u>5-7-2012</u>	ARRIVE: <u>9:45am</u>	DEPART: <u>10:15am</u>
FACILITY NAME: BAYSIDE CLEANERSFACILITY LOCATION:5625 Memorial HwyTAMPA 33615		
OWNER/AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE: SHAF Email: CONTACT NAME: Email: ENTITLEMENT PERIOD: 9/24/2007 / 9/24/2012 (effective date) (end date)	FKAT ALI PHONE: Mobile: PHONE: Mobile:	(813)249-7377
l <u></u>		
PART I: INSPECTION COMPLIANCE STATUS (che IN COMPLIANCE MINOR Non-COMPL	•	T Non-COMPLIANCE
PART II:FACILITY CLASSIFICATION (check \square only one box in A)- Rule 62-2A. 1.Existing small area source dry-to-dry only, x < 140 gal/yr transfer only, x < 200 gal/yr both types, x < 140 gal/yr (constructed before 12/9/91)-3.Existing large area source dry-to-dry only, 140 \le x \le 2,100 gal/yr transfer only, 200 \le x \le 1,800 gal/yr both types, 140 \le x \le 1,800 gal/yr both types, 140 \le x \le 1,800 gal/yr (constructed before 12/9/91)5.Ineligible for General Permit d rop store/out of business/petroleum / facility exceeds above limits	 213.300 FAC 2. New small area source dry-to-dry only, x < 140 transfer only, x < 200 ga both types, x < 140 gal/y (constructed on or after 1 4. New large area source dry-to-dry only, 140 ≤ transfer only, 200 ≤ x ≤ both types, 140 ≤ x ≤ (constructed on or after 1 	l/yr 12/9/91) x ≤ 2,100 gal/yr ≤ 1,800 gal/yr 1,800 gal/yr

B. The sum of the volume of all perchloroethylene (perc) purchases made in each of the previous 12 months by this dry cleaning facility was 92.00 gallons.

PART III: <u>GENERAL CONTROL REQUIREMENTS</u> – Rule 62-213.300 FAC	-		check ☑ x for each q	only one [uestion]	
1. Is all perc, and wastes containing perc, in tightly sealed & impervious containers?	\square	Yes	🗌 No	N/A	
2. Are all perc. containers leak free ?	\boxtimes	Yes	🗌 No	N/A	
3. Are all machine doors kept closed and secured except during loading/unloading?	\boxtimes	Yes	🗌 No		
 Are cartridge filters d rained in their housing or in sealed containers for at least 24 hours prior to disposal? 	\boxtimes	Yes	🗌 No	N/A	
5. Has each dry cleaning system installed after December 21, 2005 at an area source, routed the air-PCE gas-vapor stream contained within each dry cleaning machine through a refrigerated condenser and passed the air-PCE gas-vapor stream from inside the dry cleaning machine drum through a non-vented carbon adsorber or equivalent control device immediately before the door of the dry cleaning machine is opened? The carbon adsorber must be desorbed in accordance with					
manufacturer's instructions.		Yes	L No	N/A	
6. Is solvent-to-carbon ratios and steam pressure for carbon adsorber beds maintain according to the manufacturer's specifications?		Yes	🗌 No	N/A	
]	
 (Refer to Part II-A.14. Classification: page <u>1</u> of <u>4</u>, this form) 1. If the facility classification is an <u>existing small area source</u>, no controls are required. Proceed to Part V. 2. If the facility classification is a <u>new small area source</u>, the machine should be equipped with a refrigerated condenser. Complete section A. below. 3. If the facility classification is an <u>existing large area source</u>, the machine should be equipped with either a refrigerated condenser or a carbon adsorber. Complete both sections A and B below. <i>Carbon adsorber must have been installed prior to September 22, 1993</i> 4. If the facility classification is a <u>new large area source</u>, the machine should be equipped with a refrigerated condenser. Complete both sections A and B below. 					
A. Has the responsible official of all <u>existing large area & new sources</u> :			check ⊠ x for each q	only one [uestion]	
1. Equipped all machines with the appropriate vent controls?	\boxtimes	Yes	🗌 No		
2. Equipped dry-to-dry machines with a closed-loop vapor venting system?	\boxtimes	Yes	🗌 No	N/A	
3. Equipped the condenser with a diverter valve so airflow will be directed away from the condenser upon opening the door?	\boxtimes	Yes	🗌 No	N/A	
4. Measured and recorded the temperature of the outlet exhaust stream of a refrigerated condenser on a weekly basis?	\boxtimes	Yes	🗌 No	N/A	
5. Repaired or adjusted the equipment within 24 hours if the exhaust temperature of the condenser exceeded 45° F?		Yes	🗌 No	N/A	

6.	Conducted all temperature monitoring after an appropriate cool-down period and		
	after verifying that the coolant had been completely charged?	Yes	No

PA	PART IV: PROCESS VENT CONTROLS – Rule 62-213.300 FAC (continued)					
B. 1.	For all existing large or new large area sources: Is the exhaust temperature on the outlet side of the condenser located on dry-to-dry, reclaimer, and dryer machines measured and recorded on a weekly basis?		Yes	🗌 No		
2.	Is the washer exhaus t temperature at the condenser inlet and outlet measured and recorded weekly? a) Is the temperature differential equal to, or greater than 20° F?		Yes Yes	D No	N/A	
3.	Is the perc concentration in the exhaust stream inlet and outlet measured weekly at the end of the final drying cycle while the machine is venting to the adsorber, if machines are equipped exclusively with a carbon adsorber?		Yes	🗌 No	N/A	
	a) Is the perc concentration equal to, or less than 100 ppm?		Yes	🗌 No	N/A	
4.	Is the sampling port on the carbon adsorber exhaust for measuring perc concentrations at least 8 duct diameters downstream of any bend, contraction, or expansion; is at least 2 duct diameters upstream from any bend, contraction, or expansion; and downstream from no other inlet?		Yes	🗌 No	□ N/A	
5.	Are transfer machines equipped (dryers, reclaimers, and washers) with individual condenser coils?		Yes	🗌 No	N/A	
6.	Is airflow routed to the carbon adsorber (if used) at all times?		Yes	🗌 No	N/A	

PA	ART V: <u>RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS</u> – Rule 62-213.300(3) FAC		`	check 🗹 ox for each c	only one question)
1.	Are receipts maintained for all perc purchased?	\boxtimes	Yes	🗌 No	
2.	Are rolling monthly total s of yearly perc consumption maintained ?	\boxtimes	Yes	🗌 No	
3.	Are leak detection inspection and repair reports maintained for the following:				
	a) Of any leaks repaired w/in 24 hrs? or;		Yes	🗌 No	N/A
	b) Of any parts ordered to repair leak and leak repaired w/in 2 days and parts installed w/in 5 days of receipt?		Yes	🗌 No	□ N/A
4.	Is calibration data maintained for applicable direct reading instruments?		Yes	🗌 No	N/A
5.	Is exhaust duct monitoring data on perc concentrations maintained?		Yes	🗌 No	N/A
6.	Is a startup/shutdown/malfunction plan maintained for each machine?	\boxtimes	Yes	🗌 No	
7.	Are deviation reports maintained?		Yes	🗌 No	N/A
	a) Problem corrected?		Yes	🗌 No	N/A
8.	Is a compliance plan maintained , if applicable?		Yes	🗌 No	N/A

PA	ART VI: LEAK DETECTION AND REPAIRS – Rule 62-213.300 FAC	(check 🗹 only one
1.	What type of leak detection equipment is used to detect leaks?	box for each question)
	Halogenated hydrocarbon detector PCE gas analyzer None used	
2.	Is the halogenated hydrocarbon detector or PCE gas analyzer operated according to	
	the manufacturer's instructions (manual was available and RO could demonstrate	
	procedure) ?	Yes 🗌 No
3.	For major sources is the halogenated hydrocarbon detector or PCE gas analyzer	
	operated according to EPA Method 21 ?	Yes No N/A
4.	Is the vapor leak inspection conducted by placing the probe inlet at the surface of	
	each component interface where leakage could occur and moving it slowly along	
	the interface periphery?	Yes 🗌 No
5.	Is the PCE gas analyzer a flame ionization detector, photo ionization detector, or	
	infrared analyzer capable of detecting vapor concentrations of PCE of 25 parts per	
	million by volume (based on documented specifications) ?	Yes No N/A
6.	Is the halogenated hydrocarbon detector capable of detecting vapor concentrations	
	of PCE of 25 parts per million by volume (based on documented specifications) and	
	indicating a concentration of 25 parts per million by volume or greater by emitting	
	an audible or visual signal that varies as the concentration changes?	Yes No N/A
7.	Are the following dry cleaning system components inspected weekly for perceptible leaks (sight, sn	nell or touch) while the
	system is in operation (§63.322(k))?	
	(Inspection with a halogenated hydrocarbon detector or PCE gas analyzer also fulfills the requirement for insp	vection of perceptible leaks)
	b) Door gaskets and seating 🖾 Yes 🔲 No 🗍 N/A h) Stills 🖾 Y	
8.	Are the following dry cleaning system components inspected monthly for vapor leaks using a halog	enated hydrocarbon detector
	or PCE gas analyzer while the system is in operation? (Any inspection conducted according to this parag	raph shall satisfy the
	requirements to conduct an inspection for perceptible leaks under $(3.322(k) \text{ or } (l))$	
	b) Door gaskets and seating Yes No N/A h) Stills To the seating c) Filter gaskets and seating Yes No N/A i) Exhaust dampers To the seating d) Pumps Yes No N/A j) Diverter valves Yes	Yes No N/A Yes No N/A

PART VI: LEAK DETECTION AND REPAIRS – Rule	62-213.300 FAC (continued)	
 9. What evidence suggests that leak checks are performed a □ Leak log documentation		
Jessica Lopez	5/7/2012	
Inspector's Name (Please Print)	Date of Inspection	
Inspector's Signature	Approximate Date of Next Inspection	
COMMENTS: The perc machine was not running during temperature meter has been ordered and will be replaced and	this visit. However, RO states that the door seal was replated a leak detector has also been ordered. While he is repair	

temperature meter has been ordered and will be replaced, and a leak detector has also been ordered. While he is repairing the temperature meter, RO is not able to check and record the temperature during the cool down cycle. Paper work showing this work was requested. also, his calendar shows that he has not been recording the temperature during the cool down cycle. His calendar also shows that he has not been doing leak detections in April and May 2012.