NUMERICAL PROTECTION	
Star Veran	
FLORIDA	

PERCHLOROETHYLENE DRY CLEANERS



COMPLIANCE INSPECTION CHECKLIST

INSPECTION TYPE: ANNUAL (INS1, INS2) RE-INSPECTION (FUI)	COMPLAINT/DISCOVER	Y (CI)					
AIRS ID#: 0330228 DATE: <u>5/3/2012</u>	ARRIVE: <u>11:07 AM</u>	DEPART: <u>11:32 AM</u>					
FACILITY NAME: NINE MILE CLEANERS FACILITY LOCATION: 176 E NINE MILE RD PENSACOLA 32534-31	144						
OWNER/AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE: MAR Email: pcc@zebra.net CONTACT NAME: BRUTIES LINDSEY Email: ENTITLEMENT PERIOD: 1/27/2012 / 1/27/2017 (effective date) (end date)	Mobile:	(251)476-2557 (850)479-2293 (251)476-2557					
PART I: INSPECTION COMPLIANCE STATUS (check I only one box) □ IN COMPLIANCE □ MINOR Non-COMPLIANCE □ SIGNIFICANT Non-COMPLIANCE							
PART II:FACILITY CLASSIFICATION (check \Box only one box in A)- Rule 62-2A. 1.Existing small area source dry-to-dry only, x < 140 gal/yr transfer only, x < 200 gal/yr both types, x < 140 gal/yr (constructed before 12/9/91)-3.Existing large area source dry-to-dry only, 140 $\leq x \leq 2,100$ gal/yr transfer only, 200 $\leq x \leq 1,800$ gal/yr both types, 140 $\leq x \leq 1,800$ gal/yr (constructed before 12/9/91)5.Ineligible for General Permit d rop store/out of business/petroleum / facility exceeds above limits	 213.300 FAC 2. New small area source dry-to-dry only, x < 140 transfer only, x < 200 gal both types, x < 140 gal/y (constructed on or after 1 4. New large area source dry-to-dry only, 140 ≤ transfer only, 200 ≤ x ≤ both types, 140 ≤ x ≤ (constructed on or after 1 	l/yr /r 12/9/91) x ≤ 2,100 gal/yr ≤ 1,800 gal/yr 1,800 gal/yr					

B. The sum of the volume of all perchloroethylene (perc) purchases made in each of the previous 12 months by this dry cleaning facility was 141.00 gallons.

PART III: <u>GENERAL CONTROL REQUIREMENTS</u> – Rule 62-213.300 FAC		````	check ☑ x for each d	only one question)
1. Is all perc, and wastes containing perc, in tightly sealed & impervious containers?	\boxtimes	Yes	🗌 No	N/A
2. Are all perc. containers leak free ?		Yes	🗌 No	N/A
3. Are all machine doors kept closed and secured except during loading/unloading?	\boxtimes	Yes	🗌 No	
 Are cartridge filters d rained in their housing or in sealed containers for at least 24 hours prior to disposal? 	\boxtimes	Yes	🗌 No	N/A
5. Has each dry cleaning system installed after December 21, 2005 at an area source, routed the air-PCE gas-vapor stream contained within each dry cleaning machine through a refrigerated condenser and passed the air-PCE gas-vapor stream from inside the dry cleaning machine drum through a non-vented carbon adsorber or equivalent control device immediately before the door of the dry cleaning machine is opened? The carbon adsorber must be desorbed in accordance with prove fort and integration.		V		
manufacturer's instructions.	\bowtie	Yes	∐ No	∐ N/A
6. Is solvent-to-carbon ratios and steam pressure for carbon adsorber beds maintain according to the manufacturer's specifications?		Yes	🗌 No	N/A

PART IV:	<u>PROCESS VENT CONTROLS</u> – Rule 62-213.300 FAC	
(Refer to P	Part II-A.14. Classification: page <u>1</u> of <u>4</u> , this form)	

1. If the f acility classification is an existing small area source, no controls are required. Proceed to Part V.

2. If the facility classification is a <u>new small area source</u>, the machine should be equipped with a refrigerated condenser. Complete section A. below.

3. If the fa cility classification is an **existing large area source**, the machine should be equipped with either a refrigerated condenser or a carbon adsorber. **Complete both sections A and B below.** *Carbon adsorber must have been installed prior to September 22, 1993*

4. If the facility classification is a <u>new large area source</u>, the machine should be equipped with a refrigerated condenser. Complete both sections A and B below.

A.	. Has the responsible official of all existing large area & new sources:		`	check ☑ x for each c	only one question)
1.	Equipped all machines with the appropriate vent controls?	\square	Yes	🗌 No	
2.	Equipped dry-to-dry machines with a closed-loop vapor venting system?	\square	Yes	🗌 No	N/A
3.	Equipped the condenser with a diverter valve so airflow will be directed away from the condenser upon opening the door?	\boxtimes	Yes	🗌 No	N/A
4.	Measured and recorded the temperature of the outlet exhaust stream of a refrigerated condenser on a weekly basis?	\boxtimes	Yes	🗌 No	N/A
5.	Repaired or adjusted the equipment within 24 hours if the exhaust temperature of the condenser exceeded 45° F?		Yes	🗌 No	N/A
6.	Conducted all temperature monitoring after an appropriate cool-down period and after verifying that the coolant had been completely charged?	\square	Yes	🗌 No	

PA	PART IV: PROCESS VENT CONTROLS – Rule 62-213.300 FAC (continued)					
B. 1.	For all existing large or new large area sources: Is the exhaust temperature on the outlet side of the condenser located on dry-to-dry, reclaimer, and dryer machines measured and recorded on a weekly basis?		Yes	🗌 No		
2.	Is the washer exhaus t temperature at the condenser inlet and outlet measured and recorded weekly?		Yes Yes	□ No □ No	N/A N/A	
3.	Is the perc concentration in the exhaust stream inlet and outlet measured weekly at the end of the final drying cycle while the machine is venting to the adsorber, if machines are equipped exclusively with a carbon adsorber?		Yes	□ No	N/A	
	a) Is the perc concentration equal to, or less than 100 ppm?		Yes	🗌 No	N/A	
4.	Is the sampling port on the carbon adsorber exhaust for measuring perc concentrations at least 8 duct diameters downstream of any bend, contraction, or expansion; is at least 2 duct diameters upstream from any bend, contraction, or expansion; and downstream from no other inlet?		Yes	🗌 No	N/A	
5.	Are transfer machines equipped (dryers, reclaimers, and washers) with individual condenser coils?		Yes	🗌 No	N/A	
6.	Is airflow routed to the carbon adsorber (if used) at all times?		Yes	🗌 No	N/A	

PA	ART V: <u>RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS</u> – Rule 62-213.300(3) FAC		```	check 🗹 ox for each c	only one question)
1.	Are receipts maintained for all perc purchased?	\boxtimes	Yes	🗌 No	
2.	Are rolling monthly total s of yearly perc consumption maintained ?	\boxtimes	Yes	🗌 No	
3.	Are leak detection inspection and repair reports maintained for the following:				
	a) Of any leaks repaired w/in 24 hrs? or;		Yes	🗌 No	N/A
	b) Of any parts ordered to repair leak and leak repaired w/in 2 days and parts installed w/in 5 days of receipt?		Yes	🗌 No	N/A
4.	Is calibration data maintained for applicable direct reading instruments?		Yes	🗌 No	N/A
5.	Is exhaust duct monitoring data on perc concentrations maintained?		Yes	🗌 No	N/A
6.	Is a startup/shutdown/malfunction plan maintained for each machine?	\boxtimes	Yes	🗌 No	
7.	Are deviation reports maintained?		Yes	🗌 No	N/A
	a) Problem corrected?		Yes	🗌 No	N/A
8.	Is a compliance plan maintained, if applicable?		Yes	🗌 No	N/A

PA	ART VI: LEAK DETECTION AND REPAIRS – Rule 62-213.300 FAC	(ch	eck 🗹	only one
1.	What type of leak detection equipment is used to detect leaks?			question)
	Halogenated hydrocarbon detector PCE gas analyzer None used			
2.	Is the halogenated hydrocarbon detector or PCE gas analyzer operated according to			
	the manufacturer's instructions (manual was available and RO could demonstrate			
	<i>procedure)</i> ? 🖂	Yes	No	
3.	For major sources is the halogenated hydrocarbon detector or PCE gas analyzer			
	operated according to EPA Method 21 ?	Yes [] No	N/A
4.	Is the vapor leak inspection conducted by placing the probe inlet at the surface of			
	each component interface where leakage could occur and moving it slowly along			
	the interface periphery? 🖂	Yes [No	
5.	Is the PCE gas analyzer a flame ionization detector, photo ionization detector, or			
	infrared analyzer capable of detecting vapor concentrations of PCE of 25 parts per			
	million by volume (based on documented specifications) ?	Yes	No	N/A
6.	Is the halogenated hydrocarbon detector capable of detecting vapor concentrations			
	of PCE of 25 parts per million by volume (based on documented specifications) and			
	indicating a concentration of 25 parts per million by volume or greater by emitting			
	an audible or visual signal that varies as the concentration changes? \square	Yes] No	N/A
7.	Are the following dry cleaning system components inspected weekly for perceptible leaks (sight, sr	mell or tou	ch) whi	le the
	system is in operation (§63.322(k))?			
	(Inspection with a halogenated hydrocarbon detector or PCE gas analyzer also fulfills the requirement for ins	spection of p	verceptib	le leaks)
	b) Door gaskets and seating 🖾 Yes 🔲 No 🗍 N/A h) Stills 🖾] No] No] No] No] No	 □ N/A □ N/A □ N/A □ N/A □ N/A
8.	Are the following dry cleaning system components inspected monthly for vapor leaks using a halog	genated hy	drocarbo	on detector
	or PCE gas analyzer while the system is in operation? (Any inspection conducted according to this parage	graph shall	satisfy th	he
	requirements to conduct an inspection for perceptible leaks under $63.322(k)$ or (l)			
	b) Door gaskets and seating Yes No N/A h) Stills c) Filter gaskets and seating Yes No N/A i) Exhaust dampers	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes] No] No] No] No] No	 N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A

PART VI: LEAK DETECTION AND REPAIRS – Rule 62-213.300 FAC (continued)						
 9. What evidence suggests that leak checks are performed as required? 						
Chris Stoll	May 3, 2012					
Inspector's Name (Please Print)	Date of Inspection					
	May 2013					
	Approximate Date of Next Inspection					

COMMENTS: An unannounced inspection was conducted on May 3, 2012 of Nine Mile Cleaners located at 176 E. Nine Mile Road. During the inspection, a review of facility records was conducted, as well as a site walk-through. Records are being maintained for the operation and maintenance of the perchloroethylene dry cleaning machine. The PERC machine appeared to be well maintained. Secondary containment is provided for all units of the machine and related containers.