WHERTUL PROTECTION	
Street Valence	
FLORIDA	

PERCHLOROETHYLENE DRY CLEANERS



COMPLIANCE INSPECTION CHECKLIST

INSPECTION TYPE: ANNUAL (INS1, INS2) RE-INSPECTION (FUI)	COMPLAINT/DISCOVERY ARMS COMPLAINT NO:	(CI)
AIRS ID#: 0970047 DATE: <u>11/13/13</u>	ARRIVE: <u>10:00am</u>	DEPART: <u>10:15am</u>
FACILITY NAME: BVL DRYCLEANERS & MORE		
FACILITY LOCATION: 2545 Boggy Creek Rd		
KISSIMMEE 34744-3806	5	
OWNER/AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE: KENN Email: bvlcleaners@gmail.com CONTACT NAME: JASON BUNDY Email: bvlcleaners@gmail.com ENTITLEMENT PERIOD: 9/27/2009 / 9/27/2014 (effective date) (end date)	Mobile:	IONE: (407)348-7888 (407)348-7888
PART I: INSPECTION COMPLIANCE STATUS (chec IN COMPLIANCE IN COMPLIANCE		Non-COMPLIANCE
PART II:FACILITY CLASSIFICATION (check \square only one box in A)- Rule 62-21A. 1.Existing small area source dry-to-dry only, x < 140 gal/yr transfer only, x < 200 gal/yr both types, x < 140 gal/yr (constructed before 12/9/91)-3.Existing large area source dry-to-dry only, 140 $\leq x \leq 2,100$ gal/yr transfer only, 200 $\leq x \leq 1,800$ gal/yr both types, 140 $\leq x \leq 1,800$ gal/yr (constructed before 12/9/91)5.Ineligible for General Permit d rop store/out of business/petroleum / facility exceeds above limitsB.The sum of the volume of all perchloroethylene (petroleum definition)	 2. <u>New small area source</u> dry-to-dry only, x < 140 ga transfer only, x < 200 gal/y both types, x < 140 gal/yr (constructed on or after 12/ 4. New large area source dry-to-dry only, 140 ≤ x ≤ transfer only, 200 ≤ x ≤ both types, 140 ≤ x ≤ 1 (constructed on or after 12/ 	yr /9/91) ⊆ ≤ 2,100 gal/yr 1,800 gal/yr 1,800 gal/yr /9/91)

cleaning facility was 0.00 gallons.

PART III: <u>GENERAL CONTROL REQUIREMENTS</u> – Rule 62-213.300 FAC			check ☑ x for each c	only one uestion)
1. Is all perc, and wastes containing perc, in tightly sealed & impervious containers?		Yes	🗌 No	N/A
2. Are all perc. containers leak free ?		Yes	🗌 No	N/A
3. Are all machine doors kept closed and secured except during loading/unloading?		Yes	🗌 No	
 Are cartridge filters d rained in their housing or in sealed containers for at least 24 hours prior to disposal? 		Yes	🗌 No	N/A
5. Has each dry cleaning system installed after December 21, 2005 at an area source, routed the air-PCE gas-vapor stream contained within each dry cleaning machine through a refrigerated condenser and passed the air-PCE gas-vapor stream from inside the dry cleaning machine drum through a non-vented carbon adsorber or equivalent control device immediately before the door of the dry cleaning machine is opened? The carbon adsorber must be desorbed in accordance with	_			
 manufacturer's instructions 6. Is solvent-to-carbon ratios and steam pressure for carbon adsorber beds maintain according to the manufacturer's specifications? 		Yes Yes	∐ No	 N/A N/A
PART IV: PROCESS VENT CONTROLS – Rule 62-213.300 FAC (Refer to Part II-A.14. Classification: page <u>1</u> of <u>4</u> , this form)				

1. If the f acility classification is an existing small area source, no controls are required. Proceed to Part V.

2. If the facility classification is a <u>new small area source</u>, the machine should be equipped with a refrigerated condenser. Complete section A. below.

3. If the fa cility classification is an **existing large area source**, the machine should be equipped with either a refrigerated condenser or a carbon adsorber . **Complete both sections A and B below.** *Carbon adsorber must have been installed prior to September 22, 1993*

4. If the facility classification is a <u>new large area source</u>, the machine should be equipped with a refrigerated condenser. Complete both sections A and B below.

A.	Has the responsible official of all <u>existing large area & new sources</u> :	`	check 🗹 x for each c	only one Juestion)
1.	Equipped all machines with the appropriate vent controls?	Yes	🗌 No	
2.	Equipped dry-to-dry machines with a closed-loop vapor venting system?	Yes	🗌 No	N/A
3.	Equipped the condenser with a diverter valve so airflow will be directed away from the condenser upon opening the door?	Yes	🗌 No	N/A
4.	Measured and recorded the temperature of the outlet exhaust stream of a refrigerated condenser on a weekly basis?	Yes	🗌 No	N/A
5.	Repaired or adjusted the equipment within 24 hours if the exhaust temperature of the condenser exceeded 45° F?	Yes	🗌 No	N/A
6.	Conducted all temperature monitoring after an appropriate cool-down period and after verifying that the coolant had been completely charged?	Yes	🗌 No	

PA	PART IV: PROCESS VENT CONTROLS – Rule 62-213.300 FAC (continued)					
B. 1.	For all existing large or new large area sources: Is the exhaust temperature on the outlet side of the condenser located on dry-to-dry, reclaimer, and dryer machines measured and recorded on a weekly basis?		Yes	🗌 No		
2.	Is the washer exhaus t temperature at the condenser inlet and outlet measured and recorded weekly? a) Is the temperature differential equal to, or greater than 20° F?		Yes Yes	D No	□ N/A □ N/A	
3.	Is the perc concentration in the exhaust stream inlet and outlet measured weekly at the end of the final drying cycle while the machine is venting to the adsorber, if machines are equipped exclusively with a carbon adsorber?		Yes	🗌 No	N/A	
	a) Is the perc concentration equal to, or less than 100 ppm?		Yes	🗌 No	N/A	
4.	Is the sampling port on the carbon adsorber exhaust for measuring perc concentrations at least 8 duct diameters downstream of any bend, contraction, or expansion; is at least 2 duct diameters upstream from any bend, contraction, or expansion; and downstream from no other inlet?		Yes	🗌 No	□ N/A	
5.	Are transfer machines equipped (dryers, reclaimers, and washers) with individual condenser coils?		Yes	🗌 No	N/A	
6.	Is airflow routed to the carbon adsorber (if used) at all times?		Yes	🗌 No	N/A	

PA	ART V: <u>RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS</u> – Rule 62-213.300(3) FAC		check ☑ x for each c	only one uestion)
1.	Are receipts maintained for all perc purchased?	Yes	🗌 No	
2.	Are rolling monthly total s of yearly perc consumption maintained ?	Yes	🗌 No	
3.	Are leak detection inspection and repair reports maintained for the following:			
	a) Of any leaks repaired w/in 24 hrs? or;	Yes	🗌 No	N/A
	b) Of any parts ordered to repair leak and leak repaired w/in 2 days and parts installed w/in 5 days of receipt?	Yes	🗌 No	□ N/A
4.	Is calibration data maintained for applicable direct reading instruments?	Yes	🗌 No	N/A
5.	Is exhaust duct monitoring data on perc concentrations maintained?	Yes	🗌 No	N/A
6.	Is a startup/shutdown/malfunction plan maintained for each machine?	Yes	🗌 No	
7.	Are deviation reports maintained?	Yes	🗌 No	N/A
	a) Problem corrected?	Yes	🗌 No	N/A
8.	Is a compliance plan maintained , if applicable?	Yes	🗌 No	N/A

P	ART VI: LEAK DETECTION AND REPAIRS – Rule 62-213.300 FAC	(check 🗹 only one
1.	What type of leak detection equipment is used to detect leaks?	box for each question)
	Halogenated hydrocarbon detector PCE gas analyzer None used	
2.	Is the halogenated hydrocarbon detector or PCE gas analyzer operated according to	
	the manufacturer's instructions (manual was available and RO could demonstrate	
	procedure) ?	Yes 🗌 No
3.	For major sources is the halogenated hydrocarbon detector or PCE gas analyzer	
	operated according to EPA Method 21 ?	Yes No N/A
4.	Is the vapor leak inspection conducted by placing the probe inlet at the surface of	
	each component interface where leakage could occur and moving it slowly along	
	the interface periphery?	Yes 🗌 No
5.	Is the PCE gas analyzer a flame ionization detector, photo ionization detector, or	
	infrared analyzer capable of detecting vapor concentrations of PCE of 25 parts per	
	million by volume (based on documented specifications) ?	Yes No N/A
6.	Is the halogenated hydrocarbon detector capable of detecting vapor concentrations	
	of PCE of 25 parts per million by volume (based on documented specifications) and	
	indicating a concentration of 25 parts per million by volume or greater by emitting	
	an audible or visual signal that varies as the concentration changes?	Yes No N/A
7.	Are the following dry cleaning system components inspected weekly for perceptible leaks (sight, sn	nell or touch) while the
	system is in operation (§63.322(k))?	
	(Inspection with a halogenated hydrocarbon detector or PCE gas analyzer also fulfills the requirement for insp	pection of perceptible leaks)
	b) Door gaskets and seating Yes No N/A h) Stills C) c) Filter gaskets and seating Yes No N/A i) Exhaust dampers C) d) Pumps Yes No N/A j) Diverter valves Yes	Yes No N/A Yes No N/A
8.	Are the following dry cleaning system components inspected monthly for vapor leaks using a halog	enated hydrocarbon detector
	or PCE gas analyzer while the system is in operation? (Any inspection conducted according to this parage	graph shall satisfy the
	requirements to conduct an inspection for perceptible leaks under $(3.322(k) \text{ or } (l))$	
	b) Door gaskets and seating Yes No N/A h) Stills C) c) Filter gaskets and seating Yes No N/A i) Exhaust dampers C) d) Pumps Yes No N/A j) Diverter valves Yes	Yes No N/A

PART VI: LEAK DETECTION AND REPAIRS – Rule 62-213.300 FAC (continued)						
 9. What evidence suggests that leak checks are performed as required? Leak log documentation RO Assurances On-site observation other Explain other : 						
Danielle D. Owens	November 13, 2013					
Inspector's Name (Please Print)	Date of Inspection					
Dan D. O						

Inspector's Signature

Approximate Date of Next Inspection

COMMENTS: On November 13, 2013, Danielle Owens, Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP), inspected BVL Dry Cleaners & More (BVL) compliance with air resource management state and federal regulations. The inspector was assisted by Wilson and Iris Rodriguez, Managers, during the inspection.

Currently, only wet cleaning is conducted on-site. All laundry in need of dry cleaning are taken to Ventura Cleaners for laundering. At the time of the inspection BVL housed a Union Victory-E drycleaning machine that was purchased approximately one year ago. The Union Victory -E replaces the AMA Universal Fluormatic dry cleaning machine previously on-site. As with the Fluormatic, the Union is not in service and there was no perchloroethylene (perc) in the machine or on the premises. The Managers were advised that as long as the facility maintains a perc machine on the premises it is subject to the requirements of the air general permit and in the event the machine is returned to operation all requirements pertaining to general controls, process vent controls, record keeping, and leak detection and repair will be enforced .

The facility will not be required to register as a drycleaning facility at this time due to the facility not currently operating as a drycleaning facility; however, should the facility decide to put the drycleaning machine- into operation the facility shall register with the Department as a drycleaning facility and properly display the valid certificate of registration.